PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol 4, No 186 — PLAINFIELD, N. J. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED—A second-hand Rockaway. Address Rockaway, this office. 1-2

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework at 7 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN on bond and mortgage at 5 per cent. Apply box office Snyder and Stillman, Stillman Block. 1-2

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, in small family. Apply at 11 W. Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A fifty-one inch nickel-plated Star Bicycle, cost $125, will be sold at a bargain. Enquire of A. Underhill, 135 Madison avenue.

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very reasonable rent. Centrally located. Address Furnished, care Evening News. 12-2-tf

TO LET—On half of house, corner of Central avenue and Fourth street. Rent low, possession immediately. For particulars inquire on premises.

LOST—A diamond stud with price tag on. The finder will receive a liberal reward by returning the same to William Prior 70, West Front street. 30-2

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain large handsome rooms in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes' station. Address P. O. Box 70. 12-2-tf

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply to 34 Central avenue. 28-tf

TO LET—Rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-sept

Special Notices.

A CARD.
To the Public—Owing to a misunderstanding the Sociable that was advertised to be given in St. Mary's Hall, on Thursday evening, Dec. 3, will not be held there. The other arrangements have not been imparted in any way, and the sociable will be given in Potter's Hall the same date. Music by Cahill is among the attractions. JOLLY TWO.

W. H. LUDLOW,
Cor. Front street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds retrimmed and trimmings repaired. Orders by postmaster, Mr. Bethold at depot of Railway, in whose employ he was for ten years, the same to be left with Mr. McL. M. Freach, on and after Jan. 1st, 1885, painting will be added in all its branches. Entrance given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1456.

WANTED
A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a Standard Musical Instrument. We require no capital or previous experience, but letter is satisfactory. Permanent references as to honesty and ability. For particulars, address, stating age, occupation, etc., Piano, Box G. Newark, N. J. 11-15-3p

CALL AND GET PRICES
Of the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Collars, cuffs, etc., 2 cents. YUEY LOU.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Peace street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All kinds of plants are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles. Call at Mrs. Alfred E. Lincoln's, Park avenue opposite North. 10-29-1y

A. J. SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Brackets, Iron Gardens, Book Safes, Doors, Shutters, Glass Transoms, Sash Weights, Wire Work, Iron Fronts, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing done promptly attended to. 20 Mott street, Jersey City, Newark, N. J. 9-15-6m

MUSIC.
J. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director. Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Receptions, etc. Studio, 27 Seventh avenue, New York City. 12-6m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL,
Is now ready for engagements. Seating capacity for eight hundred, with scenic qualities and housed by steam, offers special inducements to parties wishing to hire a hall for lectures or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office 32 West Front street, P. O. Box 1044, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates and general Engineering work. Superintending corps sent to any part of the country. 11-13-tf

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,
No. 44 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Sermons, Lectures, Addresses, Court and Legal work at reasonable rates. Typewriter transcripts furnished. Instruction given in Phonography. Shorthand books for sale. Pattern for hand and other pet. desired. 10-9-3m

F. A. TURNER,
No. 2 Park avenue, Cossard's Building,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years' experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-6-3m

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,
18 West Front street. Cocaine used as a local anæsthetic. Good fitting a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal testimony and lectures a specialty. Personal lessons in Shorthand given. Dictation taken. Typewriting done in a superior manner. Agent for the Remington typewriter. Office, corner Park avenue and Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property, make searches procured if desired without extra charge

D. R. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 1 Peace street, corner Front. Office hours until 9; at 1 and 7 to 9 p. m. 8-30-6m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN
Homeopathist and Electrician, corner Second and Washington streets. Office hours 12 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 and 6 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor-at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block, Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J.
Geo. P. Suydam. W. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
13 East Front street, over Geddes's Hardware. Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 5.

Educational.

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 1 East Front street. M. E. MOORE. 10-1-3m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and violin. 36 Door street, North Plainfield. 10-10-3m

PIANO LESSONS.
Miss Isabel Matthews is now prepared to give piano instruction either at her own or at the pupil's residence. Apply to Mr. S. V. Woodruff, Parlors of Hotel Netherwood, or to others. P. O. Box 1585.

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Terms reasonable. Residence, 16 West Second street, corner Elm. 10-1-2m

MRS. HANN'S STUDIO,
Room 4, Stillman Block. Pupils in oil, water colors or crayon.

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1086.

ELOCUTION.
Miss Ella Hazelton, class or private lessons. Residence, Cedrom Mont. Albert, P. O. Box 1086.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.35 and 11.45 a. m. and 3.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.44 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Mail for Boonton at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of box holders.
SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Close open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 1.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for each day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
8 a. m.	37	8 a. m.	33
12 m.	42	12 m.	45
3 p. m.	40	3 p. m.	41

Miniature Almanac.

1885 1884
Sunrise.....7.5 a.m. | Sunrise.....7.5 a.m.
Sun Sets.....4.34 p.m. | Sun Sets.....4.34 p.m.
Moon Rises 1.53 p. m. | Moon Rises.....p.m.

Chronological Events.

John Brown hung 1859.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be generally fair, with stationary, followed by higher temperature.

COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR ORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

O'Lary, the pedestrian, at the Casino tonight.

—The Union County Freeholders will meet on next Thursday, at Elizabeth.

—The U. S. Supreme Court has dismissed the driven well cases from Westfield by agreement of parties interested.

—Services will be held in St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church every Friday evening during the month of December.

—The annual meeting for the election of officers for the Children's Home will be held at Association Hall on Thursday, Dec. 3, at 10 o'clock a. m.

—The Borough Council will hold their regular December meeting in the parlor of Warren Engine Company at eight o'clock next Friday evening.

—While walking across Somerset street, near Front, Saturday evening, Peter Rickert tripped over the hose and fell, his head striking the curb and cutting a terrible gash over the left eye.

—Saturday morning, Judge McCormick of Elizabeth, sentenced Michael Brown, colored, to pay a fine of $50, and James J. Casey, ex-Sergeant-at-arms, invited for selling liquor on Sunday, $50 and costs.

—The striker to be used by the District Telegraph and Fire Alarm Company for the bell arrived in this city Saturday afternoon and will be placed in position as soon as possible. The striking apparatus for 2,500 circuit indicators are expected to arrive this week.

—The case of Ann Hogan vs. John B. Holmes, an action for debt, came up for trial before Justice Nash yesterday afternoon. After hearing the testimony the Justice rendered a decision in favor of plaintiff by giving her the amount claimed, together with costs of prosecution.

—Last evening Reform Hall was filled to its utmost capacity by the advocates of temperance; even camp chairs had to be called into requisition. The galleries were reserved for ladies. The Rev. Dr. Ketcham presided over the meeting. Addresses were made by Hon. Thos. V. Cator of Jersey City, Joseph English, Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis and Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes. The Bound Brook band was present, and rendered some very good music.

—We notice that a couple of Trenton merchants named Bannister & Russell are in trouble for offering the dresses and other prizes to customers in order to increase their business. They were arrested at the instance of the New York Dry Goods Merchants' Association, but it is believed the prosecution was instigated by local rivals. The charge is for violating the law with regard to lotteries, and the detective having the case in charge informed the accused that if they would cease this feature of their business the prosecution would not be pushed. By advice of their counsel Messrs. Bannister & Russell have done so. Mr. Lee Prince, This is a warning that other dealers may take into consideration.

—On Thursday evening "Wa, Us & Co." will perform in Music Hall. The Chicago News then speaks of the company: "The large and audience of the season turned out last night to see Mr. Lee Prince's Mountain and his funny party. It would not be too much to say that no company of the kind has ever given more general satisfaction in this city. It is an exceedingly difficult matter to make fun during an entire performance. Even Pickwick, one standard budget of fun, makes an occasional flag. But the Mountaineer party manage by a constant change of situation, interspersed with good singing, to keep up the fun throughout. The situations are exceedingly ludicrous and novel, and the characters all well sustained. The singing was in many instances remarkable, notably the rendition of "Soft and Low," by the quartette. Miss Vaughn has a rich contralto voice which would not be out of place in opera or concert. "I, Willo" is immense, in physique and talent, and indeed it would be hard to find fault with the actors, the play or the company."

"Ireland, Her Threefold Destiny."

A large audience was present in St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church, North Plainfield, last evening, to hear the Rev. Mr. Moore deliver his lecture on "Ireland, Her Threefold Destiny." At a few minutes past eight Rev. T. J. O'Hanlon, the pastor of St. Joseph's church, Rev. P. E. Smyth, the pastor of St. Mary's church, this city, and the speaker of the evening came in from the sacristy and took seats at the right of the altar. The Rev. T. J. O'Hanlon in a few appropriate remarks introduced the speaker, Rev. Mr. Moore. In the course of his remarks said: "I, for one, like to uphold the character of a nation that has been the most oppressed and downtrodden of any other nation in the world. It is a nation held under the heel of oppression. In all this there is a destiny, a threefold destiny. In this, the eve of the nineteenth century, its zeal and spirit remains unchanged. Her liberty seems crushed, but it only smolders. All people accord to Ireland that she has been the martyred nation of the world. Unity has been Ireland's strength. In unity she has built up nations out of herself. When Christianity was introduced, peace and happiness followed. The three hundred years of religious life we look back to as the golden age of that country. The darkest cloud that ever hung over a nation it was their destiny to see. It was the fate of Ireland, when the Saxon invaders came upon her soil. Ireland fell under the yoke of England, but she has not been conquered. In the middle of the sixteenth century, Henry the VIII. sat upon the throne, and under his rule monasteries were destroyed, robbed and plundered. The church property was confiscated and handed over to the English people, who became the possessors. According to the statistics, recently taken, Ireland is the best educated nation in the world. In 1776, America was proclaimed a free and independent country, and America has always been a friend to Ireland. The memory of George Washington should last for all ages. Ireland has never suffered until the period of famine came along. Although there was plenty and to spare in Great Britian, thousands died from starvation. Who can deny that the power and greatness of England is not tottering. The Christianity of Ireland has saved her, and her destiny must be accomplished. I believe in a very brief space of time the Irish nation will have their independence restored. Ireland's three-fold destiny must succeed. Ireland for the Irish, a glorious, free and prosperous country, that is what I hope to see, before many years." The speaker read extracts from letters and papers and was at times vigorously applauded. Rev. T. J. O'Hanlon took up the collection and the audience dispersed.

Sewing School.

There is to be a grand reformation made in the Warren Mission Industrial School, Saturday, December 19. It is a step which has long been anticipated, and the only question of difficulty has been how to do it. The efficient and thoughtful Superintendent has at last worked out the problem, and the school, numbering about 240 scholars, is to be graded on the above mentioned date.

In classifying the children heretofore there has been little regard paid to their age or sewing. Young and older advanced pupils and beginners have been placed together, and while the little ones pulled their work a great undertaking, yet when accomplished it will be a vast improvement upon the old system.

The scholars on overhanding strips, hemming, basketstitching, felling and overcasting strips will be placed in classes where their work is a specialty, and those working on garments will be in classes by themselves. Then the scholars will be promoted as they are fitted for the next higher grade. After the classes in plain sewing come the advanced classes for button holes, darning, fancy stitches and garment cutting.

It is hoped that every teacher and scholar as far as possible will be present at every session in December, especially December 19, as it will help the officers greatly in this important change.

A New Railroad.

A certificate of incorporation of the Roselle and South Plainfield Railway Company was filed to-day in the Secretary of State's office, and there is some suspicion that the enterprise is meant to thwart the Baltimore and Ohio projects. Counsellor McCarter of Newark, counsel for the Lehigh Valley road, who is interested in the new company, denied the truth of this suspicion. He added that there was nothing about the new company which did not show itself on the face of the certificate. The incorporators of the new company are John Hood, of Camden; David Baird and Beverly Bevery; James R. English of Elizabeth; John T. Leigh, jr. of Hunterdon County; Patrick Convery of Perth Amboy; Calvin E. Brodhead of Flemington, and J. Frank Schaparkotter of Philadelphia. The capital stock is $300,000, divided into 1,000 shares, of which Mr. Baird has 2,995. The other gentlemen named have each three shares. The incorporators are also direc ors. The road, which will be nine miles and seven-tenths long, is to begin at a point on the Eastern and Amboy road near South Plainfield and run to Roselle.

The Election To-day.

The polls in the various wards throughout Plainfield opened this morning at 7 o'clock, for the selection of candidates for city offices for the ensuing year. The voting up to noon was very light, but the indications are that a heavy vote will be polled before the polls close this evening. Many are holding back. There are three tickets in the field, the regular Democratic, the regular Republican and the Citizens' ticket. The people, according to most indications, seem to be well contented in favor of the act passed by the legislature, entitled "An Act concerning cities," and it will in all probability be carried by a large majority. The number of votes polled in the various wards up to twelve o'clock to-day is as follows: First ward, 191; second ward, 146; third ward, 210; fourth ward, 194.

Number of Inhabitants to Each Saloon.

At a Third Party meeting in the Court House at Somerville lately, Hon. Chauncey Schoder of this city in a speech stated that New Jersey had more saloons in proportion to its population than any other State in the Union. The Somerset Unionist-Gazette has investigated the matter, with the following result, the figures being for 1882:

	No. Saloons, 1882.	Inhabitants to each saloon.
Montana	324	47
Arizona	328	48
Idaho	319	64
Colorado	2,089	73
Nevada	628	73
Wyoming	227	88
California	9,028	92
New Mexico	1,107	93
Dakota	964	140
Oregon	1,042	168
Washington	447	169
New Jersey	6,644	170
New York	27,497	186
Maryland	4,971	195
Rhode Island	1,423	196
Louisiana	4,700	196
Connecticut	3,369	243
Wisconsin	5,415	243
Ohio	13,049	245
Pennsylvania	17,015	293
Massachusetts	7,433	353
Delaware	509	356
Nebraska	2,000	365
Minnesota	2,964	372
Illinois	11,390	398
Missouri	7,116	398
Michigan	5,374	367
Iowa	4,425	371
Kansas	3,284	373
Kentucky	4,305	377
Utah	309	441
Nebraska	1,026	566
Texas	2,812	569
Mississippi	1,918	589
Indiana	4,854	699
Kansas	1,512	674
Virginia	2,943	679
Georgia	3,176	764
West Virginia	809	764
Tennessee	1,906	774
Alabama	1,513	826
North Carolina	1,579	887
Arkansas	893	939
South Carolina	827	1,199

Proclamation by the Governor.

The Vice-President of the United States, Thomas A. Hendricks, died suddenly at his residence in Indiana, during the afternoon of November twenty-fifth. No citizen has been more prominently before the people of his State, and of the entire country. He was a statesman of pronounced and positive convictions, and of great ability. His official and personal life was pure, and his courteous manner won the good will of all his associates and friends.

Immediately, upon receiving news of his decease, I telegraphed a letter of condolence to his bereaved wife, and directed that the flags upon the public buildings be placed at half-mast, and the usual badge of mourning be displayed thereon.

The people have lost a true friend, and the country one of its brightest intellects. We mourn his loss, and desire to testify our respect to his memory.

Now, therefore, I, Leon Abbett, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby direct, in honor to the memory of the distinguished dead, that until after the day of the funeral the flags upon the capitol and public buildings be placed at half mast, and the usual badge of mourning be displayed thereon, and upon the day designated for the obsequies, all the public offices be closed. And I do recommend, that on that day the people of the State give such expressions to the general grief as may be appropriate.

Given under my hand and the privy seal at the Executive Chamber, in the city of Trenton, this twenty-seventh day of [L. S.] November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five. LEON ABBETT.

Attest: WILLARD C. FISK,
Secretary of State.

—Friday morning Thomas Belknap of Roselle, was arrested for advising Milton Jackson, the colored man recently arrested in Linden township for illegal voting at the late election, to vote. Jackson was sent to State prison and served his term, and, by reason of so doing, lost his citizenship and had no right to cast his ballot. Last night Noah S. Noe, Judge of election, and William B. Mead, Inspector were also arrested and taken before Justice Hamilton of Rahway, charged with receiving this illegal vote of Jackson's. After a hearing the justice placed them under $500 bail each. When they demanded a trial the justice refused to grant it, and remanded them to Justice Mulford of Roselle, who, after hearing, placed the prisoners under $50 bail each. The affair has created quite an excitement, and rumors are rife that more arrests will be made in connection with this illegal voting at the recent election.

—The ninth anniversary of the Children's Home will be held in the First Baptist church on Thursday, December 3, at 7.45 p. m. The reports of the year will be given. Rev. A. H. Bradford of Montclair will deliver an address on "Some Charities of London." The music will be under the direction of Mr. C. W. McCutchen. A class of little girls from the Home will sing one or two songs.

—In the case of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield vs. Tunis J. Carey, Mayor VanWinkle has rendered his decision and sustains the validity of the ordinance for the licensing and regulation of cartmen, truckmen, etc. The decision is an important one, and will appear in a future issue, giving in a press of matter it is crowded out to day.

—The police have thoroughly investigated the reported attempted robbery on East Front street and find it was only a lark on the part of three parties under the influence of liquor. The parties concerned are all known, and if they do not stay away from this city when in a drunken condition, Scotch Plains will be minus three of its residents.

—Notwithstanding the newspaper reports floating around the country about Mr. J. K. Emmet, that gentleman will positively appear in his most successful and famulent character as Fritz in Ireland, in the Music Hall here on Saturday evening of this week. The company is one of the strongest on the road and carries its own orchestra. "Fritz in Ireland" will be presented with new songs and new music, and will make up one of the most entertaining performances that the citizens of Plainfield have had the pleasure of enjoying for some time.

—"Dan O'Leary at the Casino Rink to-night" is the legend which appeared on the sides of a wagon parading the streets to-day. It is understood that Mr. O'Leary has arranged a series of walking matches with his former pedestrian rivals, Fred Moore.

—The prayer meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the basement of the Methodist Church on Thursday, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Mr. F. E. Kinsman on Poor Plumbing.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—As you well know there are many questions of vital importance before the people of Plainfield to decide upon, which it is not only their privilege but their duty to pass upon intelligently, and while a large and increasing number of those who reside here have been dwarfed by greed or startled by the exposure to the piercing growth of sin, are doing what seems to them their duty to their fellow men by devising means for promoting their welfare and protection, that they may walk in the light now, not that their families may live in peace and purity, and become a whole-some part of a prosperous people. While they are doing this I say there is another crying evil of which little is thought, but which is as surely bred fatal diseases and death as the pestilence that dispensed to the satisfaction of the runmeller, and that while the mother and children in their homes are entirely unprotected by law or sentiment, for the landlord's purse is long and his greed as great as his neighbor, the "liquor merchant." God knows that Plainfield needs temperance laws enforced, but Plainfield needs other laws enforced, to wit:—a plumbers' "license" law, one which will drive out of business those who do work and material can not bear the light of day, and which, while it costs little costs much, costs the health of those whose right it is to have protection under the laws of an enlightened community. I believe that there should be a law that would put the landlord and plumber putting in and maintaining work connected with the same, under the supervision of the Board of Health, and two intelligent practical men in the employ of our Government, instances of which now exist in this city, one of which at least will soon come before the public through the medium of the courts, but what this case may be remains to be seen. A measure there are others who have not the time nor the means for, and it is for such I ask you to bring the matter to the public attention and invite further comment from well informed citizens on the subject.

Patents to Jerseymen.

List of patentees residing in New Jersey to whom patents were granted November 28: John F. Barker, jr., Elizabeth, hammer; J. F. Barker, jr., Rahway, folding table; B. F. Burkett, Burlington, combined cultivator and land marker; W. Dennis, Newark, stair carpet covering; C. C. Drake, Trenton, telephone and telegraph protector; W. C. Edge, Newark, steam engine; Wm. Von Frankel, Newark, trunk; D. W. Garrigues, Woodbury, rail file; E. C. Hazard, Shrewsbury, fishing reel; emery mill; W. Ryall, Newark, combining propylline and its solvents with manufacturing solid compounds; J. W. Hyatt, Newark, combining propyline and its solvents with manufacturing solid compounds; W. Kelly, New Brunswick, grate; J. M. Riley Newark, hook; Walter Scott, Plainfield, mechanism for vaporizing and feeding gasoline; M. Shipherd, Newark, suspended pan; H. S. Squier, Newark, rubber covered ball; D. S. Wanamaker, Ramapo, wagon jack.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

The failure to appear of our paper, the "Independent," last Saturday, made quite a stir in Westfield.

The entertainment of the Good Will Mission Band will take place to-morrow evening at the lecture room of the Presbyterian church.

N. B. Day, Road Overseer of District No. 5, is cleaning out the ditches along the roads, where leaves have accumulated and getting everything in order for spring freshets.

"Business and Pleasure" is a new publication which made its appearance in town on Saturday morning. Baumgarten is the publisher, and he expects to issue it weekly.

PERSONAL.

Miss Minnie Craft of New York city, is visiting her aunt on West Second street for a few weeks.

STATE NOTES

A party of boys pointed out of their number through a $150 plate glass window of Marshall & Bell's clothing store, Jersey City, the other evening.

The Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals complain that business is delayed by the tardiness of lawyers in coming forward with their arguments.

The body of George W. Irwin, a tug boat fireman who fell from his boat several days ago, was found floating in the water off the Communipaw shore, Jersey City.

Thomas Woods, the soldier in the United States Army who was beaten by Thomas Kelly in Jersey City on Sunday morning because he refused to treat, is likely to die of the injuries he received.

John F. Dolan of Elizabeth, and P. L. Rokiel of Jersey City, have received a contract from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to construct a branch road from Beach Haven to Manahawkin, a distance of eighteen miles.

Edward McGonnell, a longshoreman, living at 163 Steuben street, Jersey City, broke his leg a few days ago by falling down the hold of a steamer. Recently his wife, while drunk, belabored him and jumped on his fractured leg, which was nicely knitting. Two officers carried her to the police station.

On Thursday of last week the asylum at Morris Plains contained 824 patients, the largest number, not excepting that of last year, on record. The average has been about 800, while it costs little more than $200 per capita to maintain them for a year. The increase is due largely to the fact that the asylum is now receiving the chronic insane from the poor houses throughout the State.

A company has been organized to build a watch factory at Trenton. It is said that a temporary factory is in successful operation in New York island, and the works will be removed to Trenton as soon as the plans are completed. The names of George R. Whitaker, John Moore, Alexander Brewer, and Edward J. Dents of Trenton, are mentioned in connection with the company.

Miss Mary C. Kinney, daughter of Thomas Kinney, proprietor of the Jersey City Daily Advertiser, and William Campbell Clark, both of Newark, were united in marriage Thursday evening at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. Dr. Hall officiating. Among those present were Governor Phelps, George W. Childs and Samuel Sloan.

MUSIC HALL.
ONE NIGHT ONLY
SPECIAL
"I AIN'T SAYING
WE, US
and CO.
W. A. MENTAYER
The Only original
THE IDEAL
and the strongest
and cleanest in
110 nights Fifth
60 nights Globe
48 Nights Chicago
40 Nights Arch
Sale of Seats on Tuesday
Prices, 35, 50, 75, cents and $1.

Music Hall, Saturday Evening, Dec. 5,
"OUR FRITZ"
The Founder of Dashing German Comedy.
Mr. J. K. Emmet
In his most successful, his funniest and ever welcome Drama
Fritz in Ireland
Or, The Bell Ringer of the Rhine, and the love of the Shamrock. His songs are sung in the parlors of the rich and the garrets of the poor. Our own Orchestra of select musicians travel with this company to support Mr. Emmet in his original songs and dances. Under the management of Plimmer & Lehsen. Sale of seats begins to-morrow morning.

Casino Rink,
Heels vs Wheels
Daniel O'Leary
The Famous Long Distance Pedestrian. The Champion of Champions. Winner of the Sir John Astley Belt.
AND
Mr. Fred Moore,
Plainfield's Well-Known Fast Skater.
M. O'Leary will walk one and one-eighth Miles, (fair (heel and toe) while Mr. Moore Skates Two Miles.
Tuesday Night, Dec. 1.

The Prince Royal.
3.50

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with patent vamp and quarter. Of the best Country Calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.
SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

LARGE STOCK
OF
Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,
AT
U. B. Crane's,
12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.
PLAINFIELD
Steam Laundry
ESTABLISHED 1877
EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Custom or Glossy Finish.
Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Lough's, 9 Park avenue. Goods called for at residence. P. O. Box 976.

Grand FAIR
BENEFIT OF
Muhlenberg Hospital
AT
REFORM HALL,
WEDNESDAY EVENING AND
Thursday Afternoon & Evening,
DEC. 2 and 3.
Special attractions for Children Thursday afternoon. Admission 10 cents. Children under 12 years 10 cents.

A VOLCANO!
IN
DRY GOODS
AT
Bachman Bros.
Our entire stock of goods must be sold regardless of sacrifice before going out of the business in this city.
The times are hard, and business all over the country is dull, and people are watching opportunities to buy goods cheap, and now is your chance and time, to get them from us.
Look at these low astonishing prices, and you certainly will be convinced that it is a true and decided fact.
VELVETEENS.
Closing out our colored velveteens at 75¢t. a yard, reduced from $1.25.
Our $1.25 velveteer cloak we are selling at 75¢t. a yard.
We are closing out our $1 velveteens at the low figure of 65¢t. a yard.
Only a few more left of the Ladies, Misses, and Boys rubber gossamers at $1 each.
Best fall lengths, and all colors in skirt braid at 5¢t. a piece.
Closing out our entire line 36 inch cashmeres in all colors at 32¢t. a yard, former price 50cts.
BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.
GRAND DISPLAY
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Clothing,
MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS
All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed,
ALSO
A SPENDID LINE OF
Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,
MADE TO ORDER
Our Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT
Replete with every variety.
Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.
JOHN H. FRENCH
29 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.
Thorn, the Artist,
gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.
The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.43, 6.53, 7.07, 7.24, 7.40, 8.07, 8.43, 9.30, 10.22, 11.08 a. m.; 12.54, 1.21, 2.23, 2.57, 3.54, 5.53, 6.38, 8.01, 9.32, 9.43, 9.43, 11.36 p. m. Sunday, 3.27 [illegible] 10.58, 11.37 a. m.; 4.57, 9.32, 9.43 p. m.

Leave New York, Pier 1, Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 a. m.; 12.00, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 6.53, 7.07, 7.32, 7.50, 8.25, 9.25, 10.45 a. m.; 12.32, 2.57, 3.57, 5.53, 6.38, 8.01, 9.32, 9.43, 11.36 p. m. Sunday at 10.58, 11.37 a. m.; 4.57, 9.32, 9.43 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.25, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.25, 10.45, 11.15 a. m.; 1.00, 1.25, 2.40, 3.45, 4.00, 4.35, 5.35, 5.45, 6.05, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 12.10, 1.30 4.10, 5.35, 7.10, 9.15 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.53, 7.14, 7.50, 9.37, 11.45, 11.50 a. m.; 2.16, 3.43, 4.34, 5.04, 5.31, 6.06, 6.23, 7.03, 7.25, 9.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.01 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.23, 10.00 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.55, 7.05, 7.32, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.45 a. m.; 12.55, 2.05, 3.00, 5.10, 6.05, 8.15, 8.45 p. m. Sundays at 8.15 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 5.05, 8.55 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 7.07, 9.37 a. m.; 1.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.04, 6.23, 8.08, 8.17 p. m. Sundays at 5.17 a. m., 6.43 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.00, 8.00 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 4.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Music Creek.

7.58 a. m.—For Pottsville, High Bridge Branch, Schuylkill & Mahanoy, Lehighton, Delton Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Pottsville, High Bridge Branch, Schuylkill & Mahanoy, Lehighton, Delton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Hazel, Cornwall, Millersport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, etc.

2.08 p. m.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, West Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, White Haven, Delton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

5.04 p. m.—For Pottsville, High Bridge Branch, Schuylkill & Mahanoy, Lehighton, Delton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Hazel, Cornwall, Millersport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, etc.

6.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 7.07, 11.08 a. m. 3.51, 5.55 p. m. Sundays at 9.03 a. m. 3.27 5.42 p. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia at [illegible] Trenton, 1.45, 3.43, 4.47, 7.15 a. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 2.16, 7.03 p. m. Sundays at 7.25 p. m.; 1.24, 5.10 p. m. Sundays at 6.30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at [illegible] 7.00 a. m.; 1.15, 4.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton at 8.20, 9.25, 10.30 a. m.; 2.20, 6.40, 7.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.30 a. m.; 7.22 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at [illegible] 8.25, 9.30, 10.35 a. m.; 2.25, 6.45, 7.50 p. m. Sunday at 9.35 a. m.; 7.27 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] 8.40, 9.45, 10.50 a. m.; 2.40, 7.00, 8.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.50 a. m.; 7.42 p. m.

Tickets for sale and baggage checked through to destination.

C. G. HANCOCK,
General Passenger Agent.

J. E. WOOD, Gen. Ticket Agent.

W. W. SICKELS, Supt.

J. E. WOOD, Gen. Manager.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1885.

Eggs from Ancona, Italy.

[Rail Mail Gazette.]

The report just published in a blue book from Vice Consul Tomasini on the trade of Ancona, Italy, affords a striking example of what such a document ought to be. It is entirely devoted to eggs, the exportation of which to England commenced but two years since, and has now assumed such large proportions that 520 railway trucks, of ten tons each, are required for their transport. This export, for the present year, can be a matter for about 70,000,000 eggs per annum. Of these, 50,000,000 are forwarded by rail to England, and the remainder to Switzerland, Germany, Belgium, and Holland.

They are packed in straw in long boxes of dry white wood, weighing about 270 pounds each and containing 1,440 eggs. The boxes are divided in half by a board, and when each through form two boxes, 720 each, without breaking the contents. For the conveyance of the eggs by carriage to the port, no containers are used, but the eggs are simply packed in the straw, which is burnt through them so as to pour a wicked quantity of ashes, which retain nothing in the shape of bottles or packages of tobacco. These eggs are collected in the district around Ancona and the neighboring towns.

Stuck on a Little Problem.

[Chicago Herald.]

Some fellow seems to think that there is a great deal of wit in joking the barber about his alleged propensity to talk. I have been shaving for seven years, and I think that a case of middle-aged wit in getting quite tiresome in my shop. The last time a customer made a silly in that direction at me—and it was only yesterday—I says to him, says I:

"You are very witty to-day, but I can see from the shape of your forehead that you have a sharp, quick brain."

"No, you don't see that," says he.

"Yes," I mentioned, "and I want you to do me a favor. Up at the other end of the shop you see those two men playing chess. They have sat at it for two days in here. They're stuck on a little problem, and I want you to go and help 'em out—I can tell by looking at you that you have a great head for solving."

"Certainly," says he, "but what kind of a problem is it?"

"Archie and" says I.

"The Disaster of the South."

[Nashville American.]

The southern intellectual labor—that is, the negro—a letter contested with his lot than the farm hand of the north. Moreover he has a better prospect for independent material advancement. His freedom, with its accompanying responsibility, has made him graver and steadier than he was all slave times. He clings better to work with a more determined and energetic guided motive power. The negro is the free peasant of the south, although he has all the faults of the peasant and is ground interest in its product, has a better home before him than the vagrant "farm hand" of the north.

INDIANAPOLIS FULL.

DISTINGUISHED PEOPLE FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY THERE.

Meeting of the Bar—Speeches and Resolutions—Actions of the United States Supreme Court—Other Marks of Respect.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 1.—The bar meeting in the United States Court room was largely attended by the leading attorneys of the state. Speeches were made by Judges David Turpie, James S. Fraser, William Mack, T. F. Davidson and H. K. Elliott. Hon. John R. Coe, Benjamin Harrison, Senator Mc-Donald, John R. Coffroth and D. R. Williamson. A lengthy memorial and a series of complimentary resolutions were adopted.

Among the prominent people here are ex-President Hayes, ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson, Senator Voorhees, ex-Senator Graham N. Fitch, of this state, Edna B. Washburne, a delegation of twenty from Tammany Hall, New York, the mayors and committees from the cities of Boston, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Baltimore, Chicago, Peoria, Ills., Evansville and Topeka; Senator Jones, of Florida; ex-Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate R. J. Bright, Gen. Schofield, Governor Hoadly and state officers of Ohio and party from Cleveland; Postmaster Judd, of Chicago; Senator Palmer, of Michigan; Gen. Denver, of Ohio; a large number of the Democratic clubs, of Chicago, the Iroquois club, of Chicago, and Governor Oglesby and staff, of Illinois.

THE SUPREME COURT ADJOURNS

As a Mark of Respect to the Late Vice-President.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—When the United States supreme court met at noon all the members were present except Justices Blatchford and Matthews, who left Washington to attend Mr. Hendricks's funeral. On the opening of the court Attorney General Garland made a formal announcement of the death of Mr. Hendricks, saying:

"Since the adjournment of this court on last Wednesday the heart of the nation has been sorely touched by the death of the vice-president, Thomas A. Hendricks. This is not a proper occasion to pronounce a eulogy upon the useful life and splendid character of Mr. Hendricks. The part he has taken in the long contest in the public service has filled thoroughly and admirably so many places of high trust, including the second in rank in the gift of the people, that his fame is the common heritage of this bar for so many years. I deem it befitting to request the court to lay aside the docket, and direct that in the event that now overshadows the whole country and out of respect for the memory of this 'good and faithful servant' to cause its tribunals after the hour of 12 o'clock to-day to be formed, and I therefore suggest the court do now adjourn until Thursday next."

Chief Justice Waite responded, expressing concurrence in the remarks and further mark of respect to the memory of the dead, and adjourned the court until Thursday.

Postoffices Closed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—First Assistant Postmaster General Stevens on issued a general order to all postmasters directing them that, on receipt of the official notice of the late Vice-President Hendricks, to close their offices between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p. m.

A Mark of Respect in London.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Lord Mayor's station in London is closed on account of the funeral of the late Vice-President Hendricks.

Morrison On the New House Rules.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Congressman Morrison will explain in full the principles involving the whole appropriations committee. He thinks it simply impossible for the committee properly to perform the duties now assigned to that committee, in addition to those which the chairmanship. He favors a proposal also to distribute some of the work of the committee, but when Mr. Randall had been defeated for speaker in the forty-eighth congress, and the committee on appropriations was created, and the opposition to Mr. Morrison opposed it, and failed in leaving the appropriations committee all the power and importance it ever had, on matters of appropriation. Mr. Morrison says: Since that time Mr. Morrison says he has learned not to allow a desire to act counter-only to an opponent to prevent his doing what he believes to be right. Mr. Morrison thinks the appropriation bills are more than any one committee can manage, and he will favor the distribution of a part of them among the committees to which they properly belong.

Young Yates' Death.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 1.—People at Stony Creek and on the Thimble Islands are very indignant over the stories telegraphed from here to the effect that old and experienced seamen pronounced Yates, the Yale student, to be to his death, when a little extra care and promptness on their part would have saved the young man's life. Capt. Henry Page, of the Thimble Islands, and Capt. Hinds say that there were twenty-five men in Stony Creek ready and willing to go and save Yates, and there were enough steamers and sailing craft to have done the work. Only one on shore knew of the affair, the only man who knew of it was on the island. Had Mr. Caldwell, Yates' companion, came ashore he could have got a boat in a few minutes, but the seamen were not notified by him until after 6 o'clock. Another gentleman places the blame on Landlord Killam, of the Money Island House, whose wife threw the young men were, who, he said, had a sailboat afloat and ready for use.

Why Farmer Merkel Committed Suicide.

READING, Pa., Dec. 1.—William Merkel, a wealthy farmer, of Longswamp township, committed suicide by hanging himself to a joist in his barn. When found he evidently had his feet touched the ground, and his body was leaning forward so that his head was resting on the floor. He was 70 years of age, and married. He had a number of children with such wife.

Gen. Shaler Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Brigadier General Alexander Shaler, president of the board of health, was arrested at his residence, No. 147 West Forty-eighth street, by Inspector Byrnes on an attachment issued by Recorder Smyth, which charges him with malfeasance in office and bribery. He was locked up at police headquarters, and refused to see any one. The charges which the grand jury, in the Fire Marshal Conkling, National Guard, was a member of the [illegible] commission, and it is alleged, the whole holding that position he committed the offenses for which he was arrested. Charges of bribery were served upon Gen. Shaler by Mayor Grace some time ago, but no action was taken in the matter. It is expected that other arrests will follow.

GOV. SQUIRE'S ANNUAL REPORT.

Prosperity of Washington Territory—The Chinese Not Wanted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The annual report of Governor Squire, of Washington territory, has been received by the secretary of the interior.

He states that the wheat crop was unparalleled, and the timber, coal mining, railroad, stock raising and other interests have been successfully developed. The population is 129,438, showing an increase in ten years of 36,300. The total taxable values of the property is $50,408,437. The cash in the treasury is $79,967, while ten years ago the territory had a deficit of $25,000. The assessments is more than 20,000,000 acres of the public land unsurveyed, and of this 10,000,000 acres are good agricultural and timber lands.

The governor states that by the territorial census of 1883 there were 3,276 Chinese residents in the territory, and during the business depression a strong popular agitation was developed against the presence of the large number of Chinese in the state. The hostile feeling against Chinese has been greatly increased during the past year by the failure of the government to adequately enforce the restriction act, large numbers of Chinese having stolen into the state from Canada and Mexico in violation of the law. It is difficult to identify them, and the custom force in this district is evidently too small and too prone to the wholesale smuggling of both goods and Chinamen. The governor suggests the necessity of increasing the custom force, and in view of the feeling among the people, and especially the labor organizations, the governor recommends the necessity of protective legislation, such as the revision of the restriction act, and also advises the revising or repeal of the Burlingame note.

GEN. LOGAN RETICENT.

A Matter of Speculation as to Who Will Fill the Vacancy.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—Gen. Logan did not attend the funeral of Mr. Hendricks, because he has a severe cold and a hacking cough. "All I can say is that the death of Mr. Hendricks is regretted by everyone," said he when asked concerning the situation relative to the death of the vice-president. "It is a matter of mere speculation," resumed he, "as to who will fill the vacancy."

"Your name has been prominently mentioned for position," he was suggested.

"Yes, but that was newspaper talk. I have not asked nor have I made any effort to obtain the position."

"But, general, if it should be offered to you, would you accept?"

"There will probably be nothing done until after the holidays," said the general. We have had enough of politics for the present and will be left alone. Then will be the time to talk over. That is all I can say."

At a meeting of the judges of the appellate, circuit, superior, county and probate courts, held here to-day upon the motion of all the courts out of respect to Vice President Hendricks. The city offices and the United States custom house will remain closed the day of the funeral. The banks will be closed in accordance with the postmaster general's order, and the board of trade will adjourn at 1 p. m. The city council, at a special meeting, adopted appropriate resolutions and decided to attend Mr. Hendricks's funeral in a body.

A New Hampshire Monument.

CONCORD, N. H. Dec. 1.—Money has been subscribed for a monument to the late Hon. John Durkee, one of the founders of the Republican party, and for over forty years one of the most prominent Republicans of the state. The monument will be located at Franklin. It is to be of polished Scotch marble with a Concord granite base. Its height will be about forty-two inches. The width is to be [illegible] inscriptions written by Hon. William E. Chandler. "A lifelong advocate of human freedom; a patriotic citizen and a public servant; devoted husband and faithful friend of three generations who has erected this monument to his memory." Among the associates are Senator Chandler, ex-Governors Cheney, Goodell, Governors Smith and Cheney, Hon. E. H. Rollins, Congressmen Gallinger and Haynes, ex-Senator Patterson, ex-Chief Justice Smith and others.

The Apaches Fighting Among Themselves.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Adjt. Gen. Drum has received the following telegram from Gen. Crook:

Success brought into Fort Apache the head of one of the hostiles named Ogare Quolah. He also reports that the hostiles are killing all the White Mountain Indians they can find—about 30 in number. Indications promise probable that up to this time they have killed eleven women, four children and five men and boys. The White Mountains threaten to retaliate on the Chiricahuas remaining on the reservation, but these are close to Fort Apache and carefully guarded. *The Indians on the reservation are extremely* peaceable and friendly and the citizens and troops are hunting the hostiles. All the Indian camps have been notified. There is reason to hope that more of the hostiles will be killed."

Emmet's Costly Spree.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Dec. 1.—The spree which Joe Emmett, the actor, is now on will cost him nearly $10,000, independent of what he does on the road. Last night Joe Emmet would not have been allowed to play here but that he grew obstinate and insisted on it. His tour through Pennsylvania for the season is ruined for the present, but the seasons were not notified by him until after 6 o'clock. Another gentleman places the blame on Landlord Killam, of the Money Island House, whose wife threw the young men were, who, he said, had a sailboat afloat and ready for use.

A Mugwump Regrets His Vote.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—A letter was received at the White House to-day from a man who had written in regard to a package belonging to him which had found its way there. He expressed himself as not being a Democrat, but a Republican, and that he sent directly to him, and observed that at the last general election he had joined the mugwumps, and had voted for Cleveland. Hinc illa lachrymæ instances of the incompetency of the Democratic administration had been brought to his attention; he regretted that he had so voted, and asked for aided in bringing that party into power.

Tariff Reformers in Conference.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Mr. J. Schoenhof, who has been appointed consul to Dundalk, England, has been here to receive his instructions, and has had conferences with prominent free traders. Mr. Schoenhof, in speaking this morning of his interviews with Mr. Morrison, when they subjected of a new tariff bill, which Mr. Morrison has in contemplation, was considered.

Congressman Rankin Fatally Ill.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 1.—Congressman Joe Rankin is in the city on his way to Washington. He is so ill he had to be carried to the hotel. He is so low that he cannot be moved from his bed. Dr. Recorder Smyth, which charge him with malfeasance in office and bribery. He was locked up at police headquarters, and refused to see any one. The charges which the grand jury, in the Fire Marshal Conkling, National Guard, was a member of the [illegible] commission, and it is alleged, the whole holding that position he committed the offenses for which he was arrested. Charges of bribery were served upon Gen. Shaler by Mayor Grace some time ago, but no action was taken in the matter. It is expected that other arrests will follow.

OF GREAT IMPORTANCE.

A PROBLEM FOR CONGRESS TO TURN ITS ATTENTION TO.

The Presidential Succession to Demand Early Consideration—A Bill Likely to be Introduced—Precautions Taken for the President's Safety.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The Hour succession bill, or something closely resembling it, will certainly be brought forward to the Forty-ninth congress, and the chances are considerable that the Republicans in the senate will offer united opposition to it, if they oppose it at all. Two efforts made in the senate—once when the Democrats were in majority — have prevailed in securing the adoption of the plan to make the cabinet officers the successors of the president and vice president in case of the death, removal or disability of both. The last attempt was rendered inoperative by the effective management of Representative W. W. Rice, Senator Pugh, of Alabama, in talking about the importance of passing the bill, said that he trusted the house would not contain among its members any men of his party who only desired to use the chance of interfering with proper legislation to gain a reputation for peculiar patriotism. He had no doubt that Mr. Rice would not been a member of the Forty-eighth congress the succession would now be provided for, and that, in case of the death of the president, the vice president, Mr. Hoar, would be the best satisfied to see it, into Democratic hands rather than into the control, even temporarily, of the conservative Republican party.

The president very reluctantly decided not to go to Indianapolis to attend the late president's funeral. Even yesterday morning when he left the house to attend Col. Lamont, he was disposed to adhere to his first decision to go, and nothing but the fact that the advice of prominent men and of the cabinet that he should remain with them to conclude to stay at home and to write out his reasons for staying, prevented him from sending word to the cabinet officials who were to accompany him to attend them. The Baltimore and Ohio railroad officers had made admirably complete arrangements for securing the president's safety. They had a private car and a special train, starting at 1 o'clock, was to have the right of way. An hour later a pilot engine was to start, and twenty minutes after that the train bearing the president was to follow. All trains along the road were to haul out of the way on the approach of the special leaving here at 1 o'clock and were to be kept out of the way for twenty minutes after the pilot had passed. After the passage of the pilot the track walkers all along the road were to *be on duty to see that all rails, switches and* crossings were clear. The train was not to stop at stations arrangements having been made for changes of engines between stations. As the train was to have a dining car on it, it was expected that it would run right through except to change engines, between Washington and Indianapolis. Leaving here also at 1 it was expected that Indianapolis would be reached at 10 p. m. Special arrangements made for the benefit of the president were carried out to the letter by the convenience of three members of the cabinet who left here at 1 o'clock and by Mr. Morgan, general passenger agent of the road, made all the arrangements for the trip, which were also faithfully served until the departure of the train.

A Defeat for the Western Union.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 1.—The supreme court of Louisiana affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the cases of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company, the Morgan, Louisiana and Texas Railroad company and the Western Union Telegraph company. The suit was originally brought to enable the latter company to grant privileges to the former in the line of right of way of the railroad company between New Orleans and Lafayette, La., 134 miles. The right was awarded, but the decision was appealed from by the state and the case appealed in the interest of the Western Union Telegraph company, which claimed an exclusive right of way under its contract with the Texas Pacific railway. The decision of the Western Union company to remove the case to the federal court was denied.

The Subsidized Pacific Roads.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Gen. Johnston, the commissioner of railroads, has, with the approval of Secretary Lamar, prescribed a system of weekly reports to be rendered to him by the subsidized Pacific Railroad companies. Beginning with 1886, these roads are required to furnish the commissioner monthly, semi-annual and annual reports of their gross and net earnings, also reports several days in advance of the meetings of stockholders, directors or executive committees of boards of directors, together with a full statement of the business to be submitted and considered at these meetings. The commissioner also calls for quarterly reports of rates charged for passengers and freight carried; also special reports of all rebates and special contracts made with other railroads.

Still Hunting for Keeler.

BUFFALO, Dec. 1.—It is not believed that the man arrested in Cleveland on suspicion of being Keeler, the murderer of James Devine, is the criminal. Keeler is said to have been seen several times in this city since the murder, but no one has dared to try to arrest him. He is known to be very dangerous man, and it is believed he would make more blood to avoid arrest. A number of officers in citizens' clothes are engaged in tracking the murderer, but have met with no success.

Mr. Baker Gets a Verdict.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Mary Boyle, of Salem, Washington county, is a rich widow. Some since Daniel Baker, a railroad man, made her acquaintance. He made her several presents. The shape of a watch and other jewelry. About a week ago the couple went to Montreal to get married. On reaching there Mrs. Boyle backed out of the marriage and refused to fulfill. Baker sued to recover the presents and has secured a verdict.

Parnell's Parliamentary Fund.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Parnell Parliamentary fund, held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, Kelly presiding, it was stated that arrangements were nearly completed for holding a mass meeting. Additional subscriptions of $5,000 to the fund were announced, making a total of about $15,000. Resolutions of regret for the death of Vice-President Hendricks and of sympathy with his widow were adopted.

Seven Lives and a Fortune.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Dec. 1.—Full returns from the gill-netting fleet show that the loss by last week's storm was a serious one. Twelve boats with their crews are known to be lost, and others are missing. One hundred and [illegible] men were lost, leaving about 100 recovered in a damaged condition. The loss will not fall short of $3,700. The loss of the nets will seriously interfere with the pollock catch.

EXCITEMENT IN SALT LAKE CITY.

Deputy Marshal Collins Protected by the Militia.

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 1.—Joseph McMurrin, who was shot by Deputy Marshal Collins, on Saturday night, is still alive. Collins was turned over to the military authorities at Fort Douglas, fears being entertained by the local officials that he would be lynched if kept here. *The feeling at* present existing between the Mormons and Gentiles is intense. The latter proclaim the shooting of McMurrin as a cold blooded murder, directly resulting from Judge Jones' ruling punishing Burt for assaulting Collins in forcible language, and that Collins was only in his duty as an officer of the court. This view is not shared by reasonable people, in view of the facts that McMurrin admitted that he had assaulted Collins, and was bearing him at the time of the shooting.

It is maintained by the persons who understand the fact that McMurrin was one of the four men to be sent to jail in small to-day and perhaps murder Collins, that the deputy marshal did what any one would do under like circumstances.

It is said that the roads leading to the penitentiary were guarded by armed Mormons, who had planned to murder Collins on his way in, it being expected that he would be brought here on the conviction. It was also rumored that McMurrin's friends would storm the penitentiary. Groups of men are talking excitedly on the streets, and it is believed that a spark will precipitate trouble.

ON THE RAGGED EDGE.

Blood May Flow at any Time in the Mining District.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.—All reports from Monongahela river mining districts state that quiet reigns, but that the feeling is such that the next few days is hourly becoming intensified. The great excitement at Coal valley was occasioned by some half drunken miners, who had been celebrating Thanksgivers, and made use of boisterous language. Two mines are at work, via Those of Stone & Co., who are paying the new prices, and Lynn & Co., where there are a few non-unionists. There are no indications of violence. There are but few, if any, men working in the fourth pool.

Word reached here to-day to the effect that the raiders would be on hand, and this deterred the non-unionists from going to the mines. A few strangers made their appearance near the mines, but in no way to justify fears of trouble.

Sheriff Chambers and his deputies have made several arrests at Lucyville. Twenty-five of the striking miners and citizens who had congregated there have been held to be charged with conspiracy and riot. The excitement is intense. Word of the arrests has been sent throughout the pool, and large squads of men on the way to Lucyville to learn the bearings, at which time a serious conflict is probable.

The Remnants Locked Up.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—Agnes McCarthy is 14 years old, as plump as a quail and as pretty as an Easter lily. Her father has been dead four years old, three feet two inches high, takes the tickets at a Randolph street museum, and could make a living as a freak. His smile fascinated the man who went to the museum, and he proposed that they marry, clinching the proposition with some Chesapeake bay mollusks, discribed on the bill of fare as Blue Points. Agnes accepted with the proposition, ate the mollusks, and they went to the county clerk for a license. They got that and then Detective Morrane got Agnes and Agnes' mother got the lover. By and by the lover wished the mountains would fall on him, or that Mrs. McCarthy would be struck dead on the spot. When the lady of fickle fame left the lover, Agnes' mother locked up, and will be charged with abduction.

A Note Written in Blood.

NEWARK, N. J. Dec. 1.—In the reeds below the pond in which the body of Peter Bruce was found on November 20, a random look was discovered which in a manner solves the question of foul play, which was at first suggested, as only two pieces of the $300 he was known to have with him were found. A note was stuck to the book written in brown blood, containing the words: "Peter Bruce is dead." Peter Bruce had boarded at No. 191 High street, in this city, since he arrived in this country three weeks ago, with a man named James Scroggie, with whom he worked at Orange. day last to go to Castle Garden. Since that time Bruce has not been seen. Scroggie stated that he left Bruce in New York intoxicated. The affair is creating considerable excitement, and there will probably be an inquest.

The Blue and Gray Together.

ZANESVILLE, O., Dec. 1.—The twenty first anniversary of the battle of Franklin, Tennessee, was celebrated here by a reunion of about 250 remaining soldiers of the Ninety-seventh regiment, Ohio veterans, volunteer infantry, and the Twenty-fourth South Carolina regiment, C. S. A. The object of the meeting to return the captured colors of the Ninety-seventh Ohio, which have been on exhibition. In the morning was spent in receiving and quartering the visiting companies and their friends, numbering in all about 1,000. At a meeting in the afternoon in Gold hall addresses were delivered by Mayor Gillespie and others, and arrangements made for a Confederate memorial service.

A Little Child Murdered.

ADA, O., Dec. 1.—While Frank Garlonge, a well-to-do farmer near here, was returning home from singing school, carrying his child, a shot was fired from the woods, the ball entering the child's head, inflicting a fatal wound. There is intense excitement in the neighborhood. It is supposed that Sim Garlonge, a brother of Frank, cousin of *Frank*, is the murderer, as there has been a feud existing between the two families for some time.

They Didn't Scuttle the Brig.

RALEIGH, Dec. 1.—The charge of having scuttled the brig Lamartine, off the Atlantic ocean, between Charleston, S. C., and Jamaica, in September, 1884, which was made against Capt. Alfred Brotherton and Mate George N. Brown, was investigated by the grand jury of the United States court. No indictment was found against them and their discharge will be asked for. They have been in prison here since Sept. 14 last.

A Maniac's Awful Work.

FAW PAW, Mich., Dec. 1.—Elijah Ballard, who, about four years ago in a fit of insanity, attempted to kill his wife and daughter, again on Saturday night tried to cut their throats with a piece of a table knife. The blade broke in the wife's throat, but not fatally, but inflicted terrible wounds on each. Their recovery is doubtful. It was thought he had recovered from the insanity. He will be taken to the asylum.

Rousing Cure With a Soda Solution.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—A somewhat novel experiment is to be tried in a definite manner on some of the west side cars next week. Instead of horse power a chemical solution of soda giving heat without vapor, and said to be so free from explosive gas that it is safe to be tried on a number of cars. The result of the experiment is awaited with great interest.

BURMAH CONQUERED.

KING THEEBAW'S KINGDOM IN POSSESSION OF THE BRITISH.

Furies Jubilant at the Termination of the "War"—The Spanish Throne—A Marriage that May Stop all Further Trouble.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Tories are jubilant over the submission of King Theebaw and the practical conquest of the whole kingdom of Burmah by the small expeditionary forces sent to Mandalay. Lord Randolph Churchill to have taken Mandalay last Tuesday, in time for the very beginning of the British elections, but he has been only four days behind his original programme and his success is still in time to be effective in swelling the Tory vote in the remaining counties. Already the Tory orators are utilizing the Burmese victory to the prestige, and his election looks to me as pretty certain. I do not think Lord Randolph Churchill can be now in any way will elect a successor to the deceased vice-president. I hope Mr. Edmunds will be the successor. He has qualities that eminently fit him for the place. Should he fail of election, I should like to see my friend Senator Hawley given the place. I think Senator Edmunds has the prestige, and his election looks to me as pretty certain. I do not think Senator Logan has any chance of getting the place. The fact that he was a defeated candidate for the place will work against him."

GEN. SPARKS' POSITION.

He Denies that Friction Exists Between Him and the Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.— Commissioner Sparks, of the general land office, states that the various newspaper articles, which have recently appeared in regard to friction existing through some ulterior design, alleging a coolness between himself and the head of the department, and that he is being unpleasantly annoyed thereby, are false. Mr. Sparks states his official actions, are falsehoods manufactured from whole cloth. Gen. Sparks states emphatically that no such causes exist, or otherwise have been promulgated by him that have not been approved by the secretary, and that the attempt to produce the impression that there is discord in the department between the secretary, who is the head, and the commissioner who has charge of one of the most important branches, has no other foundation than the desire of rings, whose operations have been broken up by his efforts, and in the interest of honesty and against a wholesale spoliation of public lands.

The administration, says the commissioner, means reform in abuses and return to honest and just methods of government. No man is more devotedly enlisted in this movement than the secretary of the interior, and I am quite sure he has full confidence that his commissioner of the general land office will do all in his power to this end."

Father McWilliams on Riel's Sentence.

KINGSTON, Ont., Dec. 1.—The Rev. Father McWilliams, Riel's spiritual confessor, publishes a letter that sentence of his leader to be hanged on the 18th inst. is in reference to Riel's execution, which in effect charges his excellency and ministers with murdering an innocent man. Father McWilliams finishes the letter hurriedly and while carried away by natural sympathy for the condemned man, and gives testimony to the justice and impartiality of the judge who passed the sentence government in enforcing the death sentence.

THE SPANISH THRONE.

A Proposed Marriage Which Will Settle the Carlist Conflict.

MADRID, Dec. 1.—The new cabinet has been approved throughout Spain. The only fear in regard to Senor Zorilla, the Republican chief, is that he will engage in some attempts a revolt. If he is captured, the sentence of death already passed upon him by the military court martial would be executed immediately. The manifestoes of Don Carlos promising to confirm to the Spaniards all the present civil and religious liberties, and to withdraw his claim to the throne, and is also interpreted as a prelude to a proposal of marriage of Don Carlos' son, Prince Jaime, and the princess Mercedes, daughter of the late King Alfonso, in the interest of no heir to the throne being born. Both the Carlists and monarchists would welcome such a settlement with a view to ending the seven years' civil wars conflict and enable Spain to assume as appropriate position among the powers of Europe. Prince Jaime was born June 27, 1870, and the princess of the Asturias on Sept. 12, 1880.

ROME, Dec. 1.—It is announced that the pope will offer mass at a requiem mass at the Church of the Santi Apostoli for the repose of the soul of King Alfonso.

Was the Colonel Drunk?

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Gen. Brisac-Hale, who was recalled from the command of the French forces in Tonquin, intercepted the communications which conducted the conduct of the war that Col. Berlanger was drunk when he ordered the retreat of the French from Langson. Col. Berlanger has already been put on the retired list of the army on the charges of insobriety in that occasion.

Osman Digna's Latest Atrocities.

ROME, Dec. 1.—A letter received in this city from the Italian expedition at Massowah states that Osman Digna is still active and that, in revenge for the hanging of Arab prisoners captured by the Abyssinian general Ras Alegulie he has massacred all the inhabitants of Kassala, including the European officials, and reduced the town to a heap of ruins.

Sarah Bernhardt Faints.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Sarah Bernhardt fainted twice at the Porte St. Martin theatre during her performance of "Theodore." She is now confined to her bed in consequence of the shock to her nervous system.

The Liberals Still Ahead.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The total number of Liberal members thus far elected is 182, and of Tories 159.

Troops Sent Against Strikers.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—Col. Meier, of the State National guard, received a telegram from Governor Marmaduke to get his regiment together at once and proceed to Bevier, Mo., at a moment's notice. The militia men are now being gathered at the armory, and will be ready to leave at a time for the calling camp if so ordered. About 400 men will go and take with them 10,000 rounds of ammunition, borrowed from the police department. Another telegram is expected from the governor. Col. Meier's call for the militia to assemble immediately at Armory hall was read out at Sam Jones' revival meeting, and in response several young men left hurriedly left the hall. It created a sensation in church.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Shoe Workers on Strike.

GARDINER, Me., Dec. 1.—The 300 employes of Kimball Brothers strike owing to the refusal of the firm to pay the scheduled wages upon Oct. 9 and their threat to remove from the city if the lower rates were not accepted by the men. One hundred and twenty-five of the girls employed in their factory in Lynn, Mass., also struck to await the settlement of the difficulty here.

Ex-Congressman Dwight Buried.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 1.—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of ex-Congressman Dwight at Dryden. Among those present were delegations from Owego, Auburn, Ithaca and other neighboring cities to be present. Dr. Charles Mr. Tyler delivered the funeral address.

Pastor Downs Expelled.

BOSTON, Dec. 1.—The Baptist ministers' conference, at its weekly meeting, adopted a report censuring and condemning Pastor W. W. Downs had disgraced his profession and damaged the cause of Christ and expelling him from membership in the conference.

Fighting Near Lima.

LIMA, via Galveston, Dec. 1.—Gen. Caceres is three miles from Lima. A fight is now going on between the government forces and the forces under his command. Trade has it at a standstill, many business houses being closed.

Smallpox Inspection Discontinued.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 1.—The railroad smallpox inspection has been discontinued. For several months under the direction of the state board of health, has been discontinued.

Blaine Heads the List.

AUGUSTA, Me., Dec. 1.—An informal ballot was taken at the republican meeting for the nomination for orator next June. It resulted as follows: James G. Blaine, 18; James Rollins, 3; B. F. Butler, 3.

Fearing the Spread of Smallpox.

ADAMS, Mass., Dec. 1.

SMOKING IN GERMANY.

GERMAN RAILROAD COMPANY YIELDS TO THE NON-SMOKERS.

The Practice of Distinguished Germans—A Growing Inclination to Break Off the Smoking Habit—A New Movement.

(Chicago Times.)

A decree of some significance to the citizens of Germany was reached some days ago by the Berlin & Potsdam Railroad company, relative to the occupancy of four-fifths of the compartments of each passenger car by smoking travelers. The war was raised by the suburban patrons of the road for the continuance of all privileges heretofore enjoyed, the company having determined on account of the great rush of women and children for the one compartment reserved to non-smokers, which during the season, the rental of this space formerly allowed to travelers using the weed. The company, therefore, ordered that indeed four of the compartments of a car for the use of ladies and one for the non-smoker, the emblem should be reversed, and, hereafter the compartment must do for smoking while two must be kept sallubrious for the ethereal public.

A MOVEMENT ON FOOT.

This incident is worthy of notice, as it goes to show that a movement is on foot to ignore the old fashion, a habit which had grown to be almost universal among the men of Germany. Reports of travelers years ago in Europe, however much they differed upon other points, all agreed upon this, that in Germany the pleasures of dark space, and other entertainments were greatly diminished by the ever present blinding and nauseating smoke of the cigar and pipe. In fine, it was averred that all Germany was in the habit of going to bed at night and retiring in the morning with a cigar in the mouth. They smoked at restaurants, at concert, in every apartment of the house, on the street, in society, in the cars, in the cars of fair-all cars, and every other conveyance, it never seeming to occur to the average German that the amount of smoker was diminished by his seldom indulgence, and an over-stuffed stomach was the result.

But things have changed of late with the smokers in Germany. The man who would puff his smoke to-day into the face of a lady without her consent would be called a boor. In restaurants the cigar is only lighted on leaving the room, and in the court halls no one is wholly prohibited or only permitted after the intermission.

ABUSE AND INDULGENCE.

There is a growing inclination, especially among young men, to break off the habit of smoking, or to resist the temptation to form it. It is there agreed to be no diminution of cigar manufactories or stores. The Berlin directory shows 1,600 cigar shops, or a shop for every 781 inhabitants. A great many more, however, are needed.

As the view which is held by some of the most distinguished Germans on this subject, many of us will be interested to know that the emperor does not smoke. Prince Bismarck smoking a short pipe with moderation is the limit of all his indulgence. Prince Hohenlohe smokes cigars of paper from his ancestral home in a small estate, sometimes indulges in a smoke. It is said he smokes Holland tobacco of 62 per pound. Count Moltke smokes a Prince Bismarck, Count Von Roon smokes Caroline, who recently died, was a great smoker; that, like Bismarck, was the limit in the indulgence of the habit. Bismarck pays but small for his tobacco. The emperor was a moderate smoker of cigars. Count Moltke's grumbles bitterly of poor tobacco, saying that a decent cigar can not be had for money. The reason, probably, is found in the fact that the best tobacco is exported, while in America cigars are smoked when green. At 7 pfennig cigar in Germany is considered a luxury, the average price being 5 pfennig, which the mechanic laborer can smoke a very good cigar for 2 cents.

Josh Billings' Maxims and Proverbs.

[All Axe in Atlanta Constitution.]

Josh Billings is dead, and the world will now know. He was a curiosity in his way, and he was to be lamented. He did no harm. He did much good, for he gave a passing pleasure and gave it frequently, and left the odor of good sense that lingered with us. He was Æsop and Ben Franklin, condensed and abridged. His quaint phonetic spelling spoke in maxims and proverbs, and made them attractive. Even those who are not attracted by the wise pithy sayings of an unlettered man. It is the contrast between his mind and his culture.

We like comparisons, and we like metaphors and string comparisons. The more they are according to nature and everyday life, the better they please us as a rule. The unlettered man will try to impress us by saying "facilis descensus averni," but Billings brings the same idea nearer home when he says, "When a man starts down hill, it looks like everything is greased for the occasion." We can almost see the fellow sliding down. It is an old thought that has been dressed up for centuries, and suddenly appears in everyday clothes.

Who does not tell us that the people do not think for themselves, but follow their leaders in politics and religion. That is true, and it is tame and old. But when I asked original Bill Arp how he was going to vote he said he would be governed by what Col. Johnson, and Col. Johnson wouldn't know until he talked to Judge Underwood, and Judge Underwood wouldn't know until he heard from Alex Stephens, and then tells Alex Stephens how to vote I'll be dogged if I know." Well, that was the same old truth, but it was undressed, and therefore more forcible. The philosophic theory has come down to a homely fact.

Bow-wows of the Briny Deep.

[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Some seasons ago I was on a fishing trip on the New England coast, and some one hooked up a fine fish, a small shark about two feet long. It slid under the box upon which I was sitting, and very soon there came a bark so exactly like that of a young dog that not knowing of the dog-fish, I asked the skipper why he did not bring the dog on deck. He informed me that I was killing over it, and, on hauling it out, it gave unmistakable signs of barking as well as would have done credit to the best of shore barkers. The sounds were made seemingly by the teeth, as if two teeth were being ground together, or two hard substances. Now it would be a single bark. Then several would follow in quick succession, and then being a dozen or more, and all apparently on deck, quite a choral tribute. The skipper of this craft told me that there was no doubt that blackfish in extremely interested when he had hooked them on more than one occasion.

Many kindergarten teachers agree that the first choice among colors of all children under 7 years of age is yellow. This solution of fancy blends

Too choose never be made fit a fit, you The tannin works on the tin and makes a poison.

ROBINSON CRUSOE'S STATUE.

In the Fishing Village of Largo, the Birth Place of Alexander Selkirk.

[Edinburgh Scotchman.]

It is now generally known that the fishing village of Largo in Fife—made famous in the popular song of "The Bonnie Rows"—lays claim to the honor of being the birthplace of Alexander Selkirk, the prototype of Defoe's "Robinson Crusoe." The story goes that he was born in the village of Largo in 1676, and that he left his native shores in disgust at the interference of the session of the parish in a squabble which he had with his brother. From this residence on Juan Fernandez Selkirk is said to have returned to his native village, and brought with him his gun, sea chest and cap which he had with him when "monarch of all he surveyed" on the desolate island.

The inhabitants of Largo are proud of their connection with this most popular hero of fictional literature, and are still able to show the veritable cottage situated in the square near to the sea, where Selkirk passed his early days. The gun and sea chest used also to be exhibited. Some time ago a public movement was set on foot to raise subscriptions for the purpose of erecting a monument to "Crusoe" in Largo. The money, however, came in so slowly that one of the local magnates, Mr. David Gillies, net manufacturer, came forward and offered to bear the whole expense of the scheme. As the result of this public-spirited action, there has just been completed by Mr. T. Stuart Burnett, A. R. S. A., a life-like statue in bronze of Robinson Crusoe, which will shortly be placed in a niche in Crusoe's cottage in the principal street of the village. The statue, which stands six feet in height, is spiritedly designed and creditably executed, and, while retaining the merit of telling its own story. There is no mistaking who the figure is intended to represent, to all who have read the romance and who has not—it looks like an old friend.

Crusoe is clad in his rough coat of goat-skins, with short, ragged breeches of the same material. His muscular legs are bare from the knee downward, and his feet are incased in skin sandals laced with leather thongs. The left hand slightly advanced, grasps a rifle, while the right shades from the eyes, which are raised expectantly to the sea in the hope of catching a glimpse of a rescuing sail. An old Scottish short clay-more, slung from the right shoulder hangs by the left side; in the belt is a large flint-lock pistol, and by the right side hangs a short axe. The head is covered with a low skin cap. The face, with shaggy whiskers and mustache, is satisfactorily modeled and wears upon it an appropriate expression. The statue will form an interesting addition to the attractions of the village. It may be mentioned that the casting was made from the clay in the foundry of Sir John Steell.

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A MADRIGAL.

[Arthur Dobson.]

Before me careless lying,
Young Love his wares comes crying;
Full soon the elf unreasoning
His pack of pains and pleasures—
With ruthful eye
He bids me buy
From out his pack of treasures.

His wallets stuffed with blisses,
With true-love knots and kisses,
With wings and empty fetters,
And engraved vows and letters;
He holds them out
With hopeful flout,
And bids me try the fetters.

Nay, child (I cry), I know them;
There's little need to show them;
Too well for now believing
I know their past deceiving.
I am too old
(I say) and cold,
To-day for new believing!

But still the wanton presses
With honey-sweet caresses,
And still to say undoing
And wins me without wooing
To buy his ware,
With all its care,
Its sorrow and undoing.

HOW FAME IS ACHIEVED.

Something New in the Theatrical Fainting Line—Fame from a Fall.

[Blakely Hall in the Argonaut.]

Some years ago Sara Bernhardt, a woman of genius, created an original fall when she fainted in "Fedora." From the year 1600 down to Sara Bernhardt's time, emotional actresses had invariably fainted by staggering up to the middle of the stage, sobbing fiercely, "My child, my child!" and then turning half way round, and falling with the palms of their hands flat on the floor. In "Fedora," Bernhardt gasped, fell half way against a sofa, and tumbled headlong to the floor. The audience caught its breath, sprang to its feet, and shouted its applause. Something new had been accomplished on the stage.

Mrs. Bernard-Beere, a woman of enterprise, went over to Paris, saw Bernhardt fall, returned to London, played "Fedora," fell on the sofa at *full length*, and rolled over with her head toward the audience and flopped flat on her back on the floor.

"Fell," she said, in answer to the following morning. "Fedora' is a great play. You ought to see Bernard-Beere fall. 'Pon my soul, it's great!"

Fanny Davenport, a woman of avoirdupois, went to Paris, returned to America via London, played "Fedora" in America fell across the sofa, rolled over, and made $61,000 the first year. All American talked of Davenport's fainting woman in "Fedora."

Mr. Langtry, a woman of beauty, fainted away in "A Wife's Peril" by falling sideways on a sofa, hanging there for a moment, and then falling to the stage. Her corsage was low. Her bust superb. A "Wife's Peril" was a success.

Margaret Mather, a woman of persistence, appeared in Salt Lake City, in Standard theater, fainted away in the balcony scene, and rolled down three steps like an acrobat, and fell on the stage with a resounding thump. Her bust was superb. A loud cries of "bravo," modest cries of "bravaw," a waving of handkerchiefs, and then the first-nighters rushed out into an adjoining cafe, slapped each other on the shoulders, and said: "She's the most wonderful Juliet since Adelaide Neilson."

But a long pause with a red nose, who stood by, said that the next woman who came forward would achieve fame and fortune at a single plunge by falling off a step-ladder.

A Dog Revelation.

[New York Sun.]

One of the clerks at the Windsor hotel remarked as he stood at the main entrance carelessly toying with his mustache, that the fashion in dogs had changed.

"I usually stand here between 11 and 12 every morning," he said, calmly, "so as to enable the people to see that I am still about, and that I have an eye on the welfare of Fifth avenue. And I have observed that the solemn young man with the red Irish setter, who *generally* is such a large extent last spring, has become a thing of the lifeless, unemotional, and unfashionable past. He was wont a few months ago to drift by here in shoals, wearing a shovel-tail coat, and being led by a big, bronze-eyed Irish setter. His face wore no other expression than that which comes from the consciousness of doing precisely the correct thing. He walked solemnly and slowly. This fall a radical change has come about. The proper thing in young men and dogs now is comfortable and fox terriers. The young man no longer looks sad, but he passes the Irish setter coldly by. He wears a snug sack suit, and he bowls along briskly with a pipe or cigarette in his mouth and two or three fox terriers at his heels. Taken all in all, and balancing the question carefully and thoroughly, I have come to the conclusion that the present fashion is an improvement on the old one."

Skin Diseases from Cats.

[Globe-Democrat.]

The cat was evidently domesticated at a much later period in human history than the dog, but it also is active in spreading diseases, if it does not originate any of them. Several forms of skin disease affect the cat, generally derived from children with which it associates. Ringworm and favus (scald-head) have been conveyed from the cat to those who have become ill, and diphtheria has been spread by the same means. No doubt the fur of the cat or dog conveys the virus of small-pox, a variation and measles as well, although in justice it must be said, the evidence is not so clear in relation to these diseases as it is relative to diphtheria and ringworm.

His Tongue in Alcohol.

[The Argonaut.]

A society has recently been started in London for the suppression of mendicancy. It has already succeeded in capturing 200,000 begging letters written by professional beggars, of which 60,000 of the meanest order were run down by the police. One of these fellows had been making quite a large income by carrying around with him a tongue in a bottle of alcohol, which he called on the hostile stealed to be his own tongue, lost by a surgical operation. An examination showed it to be a sheep's tongue.

May Have Forgotten.

[The Patrol.]

Even our fathers may forget the number of loads of hay they put down when they were young; the cords of wood they cut per day that had a knot in every length. The good old days were doubtless mighty convenient things to be a theme pleasant for memory to remember but the pleasant and forget the painful.

Liquor Selling in Russia.

The Russian government has decided that liquor shall be retailed only in hotels and eating houses. As a result of this edict 20,000 vodka shops will be closed on Jan. 1, 1886.

Night Hours a Day.

In the schools of Cuzco there twenty-four hours out of every day suffer from headaches. They study too much—eight hours a day—and do not romp enough.

A POULTRY ABATTOIR.

HOW FOWLS ARE TO BE SLAUGHTERED HEREAFTER IN NEW YORK.

Unhealthiness of the Districts Where the Butchers Ply Their Trade—A Change for the Better — Cleanliness and Ventilation.

[New York Sun.]

The latest improvement of the sanitary department of the New York board of health is the establishment of an abattoir for slaughtering all kinds of fowl. For many years the department has endeavored to establish such an institution, but its success was considered almost impossible, in view of the determined action of those butchers who persist in killing fowl on their premises, in direct violation of the law. The main purpose of an abattoir is to banish these nuisances to one small spot, where the health of the many thousands would not be imperiled.

The filth and unhealthiness of the lower *tenement house districts*, where the butchers ply their unhealthy trade, has become almost proverbial. The mere mention of the words "Ludlow street," brings up before our imagination a narrow, dingy street, bordered by low, tottering tenements, in the basements and cellars of which are butchers and fruiterers, whose rotting merchandise has given such just cause for the sanitary raids of Dr. Edson and his able staff. Refuse and garbage adorn the street from one end to the other. In the houses the fowls are slaughtered in bedrooms and kitchens, where the health officers are not liable to look for traces of the violation of the law. Every other house contains a petty slaughter-house, whose large issuance having two or three butchers and other nuisances.

A HORRIBLE PLACE.

The uncleanliness which must be created by this horrible practice can well be imagined. What with the blood and offal floors covered with feathers and dirt are every-day sights. The streets, likewise, give abundant evidence of the filthy slaughter. Feathers, heads and feet can be found at every step. Before the recent Jewish holidays the sanitary officials gave ample notice that these violations must cease. They advised the butchers to establish a poultry market, where the trade could be carried on in accordance with the requirements of the law. Their efforts seemed to be in vain, however, and it was finally decided to enlist the sympathy of some charitable Israelite in the cause, who would invest sufficient money to test the practicability of the enterprise.

Mr. Jacob Worthalter, a wealthy retired butcher, was consulted, and the chief of one of the sanitary divisions, formally requested him to undertake the task, which the health of many thousand inhabitants of that neighborhood demanded. At the suggestion of the health department, Mr. Fleischhauer decided to locate the abattoir in front of the river front, as far as possible from the crowded districts, yet convenient or near the river front, situated for the butchers. Mr. Fleischhauer set to work upon the new enterprise, and a building was leased and fitted up at a cost of $30 000. It is a large four-story house with a deep basement. The floors throughout the entire building have been asphalted, so that all refuse matter can be easily washed off and carried away.

THE CLEANLY ABATTOIR.

It is the intention to concentrate the business of keeping and slaughtering fowls in this place. The four large lofts are provided with large galvanized iron coops, which will be let out on the storage plan for the use of butchers. These coops have been constructed on the most improved style, and will add greatly to the cleanliness of the abattoir. A wide elevator shaft in front of the building is the means of lowering the fowls from the coops on the upper floors to the basement, where they are slaughtered. It is here where all the slaughtering takes place, and the arrangements have been so far perfected that within almost five minutes after a batch of chickens are slain no trace of the operation can be seen.

The sewage and ventilation are perfect, the abattoir having been fitted up under the supervision of the board of health. The large coops have a holding capacity of 25, 000 fowls weekly, and all accommodations are afforded to the butchers, who, had it not been for Mr. Fleischhauer, would have been virtually driven out of the business. The sanitary police have now determined to abolish all "home slaughtering," and offenders will be dismally watched and heavily fined when detected. It is estimated that the new abattoir will save the butchers considerable time and money. The coops will be hired out on the storage plan, so that instead of keeping the fowls in filthy cellars where stench is almost intolerable, they can be cared for at every place of slaughtering until they are required for the trade. The butchers bring with them their Shochtim, and they are charged a fraction of a cent per caput for the privilege of slaughtering.

She Defied Competition.

[Chicago News.]

Moses Everbaum's store stands on the corner, and has an entrance on each street. The other day an elderly lady from Sugar Grove went into Moses' store to buy a suit of clothes for her grandson. She found what she wanted and asked the price.

"Dwelf dollars, mom," said Moses.

"Oh, gracious me! I can buy clo'es just as good as them for $5. Can't you sell them any cheaper?"

"Vell, mom, I sell cheaper, mom. Dis ish a strictly von-brice house."

The old lady was about to depart when Moses said:

"Dar ish vron of dose cheap clothing-houses right around der corner. Mebby you git vat you want in dhere."

The old lady stopped around the corner and into the other store. Moses' oldest son met her and offered her the same suit for $8.

"Oh, my," said she, "$8 for that suit! Why at the store around the corner I was just offered a suit like this for $6."

"Let her haf it vor six tollar, Levi," yelled Moses from the other end of the store, "I guess she dasn't all competition."

A Good Idea.

[London Letter.]

Preparations are in progress in London for holding a great inventions exhibition next year aboard one or two huge vessels anchored in the Thames. The advantage supposed to be derived from this novel idea lies in the fact that without great expense the exhibits can be taken to all the principal ports of Europe and so placed before the eyes of millions instead of hundreds of thousands.

Disrespectful Dogs.

A lady living on the Blue ridge, in Rappahannock county, Virginia, and twelve miles south of Washington, was bitten by a mad dog. A distillery was started in the neighborhood. Since it started the dogs fly over there and get very drunk, and are now of very little profit.

THE GREEN CORN AND THE GOLD.

Between the green corn and the gold,
Between the dawning and the noon,
Lies that all first year that is cold.
Waxal ruddy with the summer's moon,
And hearts beat high and lips grow bold
Between the green corn and the gold.

The primrose, populous key of spring,
Unlocked the chapel of the year,
The flowers flew forth on rainbow wing
O'er hill, and dale, and mead, and mere,
To woo the new year like the old
Between the green corn and the gold.

Between the gold corn and the green,
Between the midday and the dawn,
The summer woods have lost their sheen,
The flowers have withered on the lawn,
And love lies dead where love lath been
Between the gold corn and the green.

Love is not dead; he can not die,
Although his eyes be veiled with pain;
The woods shall wake on by and by,
The flowers shall blossom once again;
And we—shall we not wake by Queen,
Between the gold corn and the green?

THE TRADE IN WHITE SLAVES.

One Who Knows Tells How Padrones Buy Children in Italy.

[New York World.]

Apropos of the recent cable dispatch announcing the arrest of seven members of the Italian Padrone society plying its trade in the provinces of southern Italy, the editor of Il Progresso Italo-Americano said in a reporter: "The cable dispatch regarding the operations of the agents of the padrones in Rome, Naples and Spoleto may be more or less true in its particulars, but that the human traffic is carried on without let or hindrance there can be no doubt. Americans, however, must not ascribe the crime and shame of a few debased individuals to an entire people, or judge of Italian morals by the standard of the padrone agents. The story of this white slave trade has been a subject of shame and humiliation to Italians for many years.

"The people have, as a rule, large families. It is not unusual to see families of ten and twelve children. Often they are in a state of chronic starvation. The ground is blank, and there is not even a gleam of hope for the future. Just then a sleek and oily agent for the padrone comes among them, and, after ingratiating himself into the confidence of these simple people, he pictures to the father and mother the sure fortune that awaits their handsome little boy and that comely little girl if they would only get a chance to develop their gifts and travel in foreign countries. The parents listen greedily as the sleek villain paints their child. The next move is made by the agent offering to take the child under his 'protection,' and see that its future will be assured; and in a spirit of pure Christian charity he offers the father or mother $8 or $10 in jingling coin. Well, everybody is not a hero, particularly if he has rags, hunger and fever as constant companions.

"Do not think these people sell their children like cattle or chattles, much less for immoral purposes. Poor and ignorant as they are, they would see their children die of hunger rather than sell them for such purposes or hand them over to what they know would be slavery. True, this, in many instances, is what awaits these victims, but the parents do not suspect it. I wish to make this point clear, so that Americans may know where the fault lies! Just now the fault lies with the Italian government."

When Maggie Mitchell Was Surprised.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

One night while Maggie Mitchell was impersonating Fanchon to a crowded house in a Chicago theatre she went through the "shadow dance" with such vim that, as she was giving a final kick, one of her shoes flew up in the flies. For a moment she hardly knew what to do or say. Then, recovering herself, she continued that delightful conversation which Fanchon carries on with her shadow. She asked, with an assumed air of surprise, "Did you see that shoe fly?" She was astonished by the roar of delight with which this remark was received. She could not account for the shout of laughter that greeted it. When she had expected to receive a gentle murmur of public approval she heard one huge burst of applause, and noticed one great smile light up the faces of the whole audience.

She afterward had her anxiety on the subject gratified. It appears that Dan Bryant just about that time had made a great hit in the play of "Shoo Fly." When Maggie Mitchell repeated, although not meaning to do so, this then popular phrase, the audience caught it at once and gave her the credit for it. She has gone on kicking off that shoe ever since, and no doubt some of our readers will remember that during her engagement last year she again kicked it clear into the balcony, amid the laughter of the audience.

Electric Motive Power.

[Paris Cor. Chicago Journal.]

M. Deprez, in 1882, exhibited the results of his experiments to transmit electricity as a motive power for industrial purposes. Rothschild has backed him up with the cash, the outlay to the present being 800,000 francs. In the 1882 experiments, Deprez produced a current of electricity and sent it along an ordinary telegraphic wire a distance of six miles, into a recipient which accumulated 45 per cent. of the volume of electricity generated and that represented a stored force of eight horse-power. Like water, gas or other fluids, conveyed through pipes, electricity, too, loses by leakage along its pipe, which is a wire.

Now the problem for solution is, not to produce, but to transmit the electric current over a great distance with so little leakage as to enable it to be practically utilized as a motive power. M. Deprez can now transmit an electric force a distance of thirty-six miles, representing in the receiver forty horse-power, and only a loss of 50 per cent. through leakage on the way.

Newspapers of Rio Janeiro.

[Cor. New York Sun.]

The newspapers are more enterprising and very much larger than those of other South American countries, having pretty full cable reports, and there are plenty of them. Shockmailing sheets are numerous, as there is no law or libel in the country, and blackmailing is on a sound almost but profitable business. The only recourse of a man who is slandered is to club or shoot the editor, and such punishment is frequent.

Filled with Righteous Wrath.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

At a fashionable wedding in Exeter, England, the other day, the officiating clergyman, filled with righteous wrath, stood up in the pulpit and solemnly rebuked a great part of the congregation which had flocked to the church "only to see what could be purloined by the manufacturers of art and the dressmaker's skill."

From One to Another.

By long precedent Mr. George W. Childs has formed the habit of sending a Christmas present each year to his friend Anthony J. Drexel. Mr. Drexel, in his new writing desk, found a check for $100,000. Through a rapid writing he failed to notice the figures, and thought it was for $1,000. He sent a check for $1,000 to Mr. Childs, and the latter thought it was for $100,000.

CALL AND EXAMINE
A. M. Griffen's
Stock of
Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces
Ranges & Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.
13 EAST FRONT ST.
Telephone Call 6.

Edsall Has just opened a new line of linen table napkins from 75c. to 3.50 per dozen.

Our departments are replenished every few days with
NEW GOODS
of the best quality and latest fashions, and we guarantee the price to be
LOW.
We show a larger variety of Dry and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Plushes, Velvets, Velveteens, Merino Underwear, etc., etc., than ever before. You can save time and money by a visit to
EDSALL'S.

Go To **F. C. GREEN,**
(Successor to GREEN & CO.)
FOR BARGAINS!
A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50
Seven Piece,
SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26
Eight Pieces,
OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6
A GOOD Lounge for - $7

Comptons
PURE Philadelphia ICE CREAM
Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.
COMPTON'S
CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,
36 West Front St.

JOSEPH T. VAIL
REAL ESTATE
AND
FIRE INSURANCE
LOANS NEGOTIATED
Office Opposite Railroad Station.
RESIDENCE NO. 62 E. SIXTH ST.
Dealer in
BLUE STONE FLAGGING,
P. O. Box 222.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

D. Bochm & Bro.

John H. Allen,
23 EAST FRONT ST.
Has the sole Agency for John B. Aldens valuable elegant and low priced publications. A full line constantly on hand. We have at all times a full line of
Fine STATIONERY
and Fancy Papetries. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves, others are daily arriving. Call often and early at
John H. Allen,
23 EAST FRONT ST.

DON A. GAYLORD
Dealer in
LUMBER!
MASONS' MATERIALS
And
COAL.
Also keeps in stock choice quality of
Cannel Coal.
Madison Avenue,
And
C. R. R
Yard, house Call 89

Electric Fire Alarm
Electric Burglar Alarm, improved and very Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas Electric Door Bells, Electric Fixtures and Call Bells.
Electric Thermostat, so connected with battery (see above) as to prevent too low or high a temperature in your office, living apartment or conservatory, will give alarm of fire a going out, etc.
REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS.
F. E. KINSMAN,
Successor to F. E. KINSMAN & CO.,
145 Broadway, 41 Liberty Street, New York, and P. O. Box 1368, Plainfield, N. J.

FANS
NEATLY REPAIRED
AT
COLLIER'S
No. 3 Park Avenue.
N. B.—NO BOTCHING.

To the Public!
EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after order is given.
A. D. Cook & Bro.

Right Self Removed, Cesspools Cleaned, 25 per Cent Cheaper than by any
(By the use of)
Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.
The only one of the kind in the city
Which is so constructed that it is used in any room and or cellar of a dwelling house, factory or public building, without removing the floors, as is required by all others. Apply at once to P. O. Box 1368, Plainfield, N. J., or leave address at
JOHN BROWN

Le Boutillier Bros.,
BROADWAY and 14th STREET, N. Y.
500 ENGLISH
Walking Jackets
$6.95
They are made from Rough Boucle Cloth and cut in the latest shape, and are worth $12 each. Also 300 rough cloth and
JERSEY JACKETS
$5, 6, 6.95. 7 50, 10, 12.
Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.
Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,
Boot and Shoe Dealer,
6 PARK AVE.
Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

A. SWALM,
Wall Paper,
No. 6 North Avenue.
CLARE'S JEWELRY STORE
9 Park Avenue,
WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE & Optical Goods.
Repairing equal to New York houses, at Reduced Rates.
An old established store Long practical experience.

CAREY'S
Furniture Express,
LARGE
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

We are now offering the largest stock of
Dress Goods,
Blankets, Comfortables, and Underwear,
Ladies Cloaks & Jerseys
At Prices lower than ever before known to the trade.
POPE BROS.

B. T. BARNES,
4 East Front Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
PURE Candies,
[Manufactured on the Premises.]
Old Fashioned Molasses Candy
a specialty

FORD & STILES
Funeral Directors
and
PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.
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S. W. Wakefield,
ENGINEER,
PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.
Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Self-Feeding Boiler.
Send for illustrated catalogue.
Repairing promptly furnished. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
OFFICE, 20 SOMERSET STREET.
My Reference is my Work.

Elliotts, Elliotts!
Great Bargains this Week!
Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $2.50 up; Waterproof Cloth $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.
Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.
Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Waiting Coats, Plaid Hose, Mittens very low.
Hats, Hats, Hats!
Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 39c up.
Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 69c up.
Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet or plush cloth, some for 15
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors
Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 6c each.
A big bargain, elegant tinsel pom-poms or tips, latest style price 20 cents.
Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.
Look at our elegant Satin Ribbon for 40 cents a yard.
Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.
A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, trimmings and flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.60; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $2.
Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.
Children's lace collars 5c up.
We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.
ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,
18 East Front street, Plainfield.

FISHER and MONFORT
Photographers
15 EAST FRONT ST.
are making their last
CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
FOR
$3.50 Per Dozen
Specimens at the Door.

OVERCOATS
Men's Serviceable Overcoats
$4.00
MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.
All woolnedlested red Underwear at $1.00.
Schwed Bros.
Leading Plainfield Clothiers,
No. 7 E. Front St.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,
26 North Avenue,
Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.
Raised Floats, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Linerusta Waltons.
And all the New Novelties in Decorations
PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.
Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painters' Supplies.
WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.
L. B. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE
P. O. Box 1074.

LAING'S HOTEL
J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.
Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,
Plainfield, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

FRANK DAY,
(Successor to E. & J. Cochran.)
LIVERY STABLE
North Avenue
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N.J.
Carriages to Meet all Trains.
Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol 4, No 187 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1886 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence, 5 Church st. Possession immediately. Apply to E. C. Maillard, Real Estate Broker, Somerset Block.

TO LET—A furnished front room and bedroom, for gentlemen and wife, or for a lady. Terms reasonable. Address 31, Central avenue. 11-2-4

WANTED—Boarders at 7 Third-st, Rockaway. Rooms lowest cost price P. O. 1111 1-4

MONEY TO LOAN on bond and mortgage at 5 per cent. Apply law office Seydam and Stillman, Netcong Block.

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very reasonable rent. Centrally located. Address Thousands, Box 1111. 12-1-tf

TO LET—On half of house, corner of Central avenue and Fourth street. Rent low, possession immediately. For particulars inquire on premises.

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain large handsome rooms in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes to station. Address P. O. Box 655. 11-30-1f

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply 30 Central avenue. 11-22

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-sept

Special Notices.

W. H. LUDLOW.
Commercial street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages painted, repaired, trimmed and trimmings repaired. Refers by permission to Hetfield & Jackson of Rahway, for whom the work in her two years, the last ten with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Jan 1st, 1886, painting will be added to all the branches of business given. Four weeks a specialty. Box 1418. 12-1-3m

WANTED
A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a 4 Standard musical instrument. No experience required. Will pay good salary to right party. Must be satisfactory, will have references as to honesty and ability. Box parties, address, stating age, occupation, etc. Piano Co. Newark, N. J. 11-18-2m

CALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of Second street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Collars, 2 cents per pair. Cuffs, 2 cents. 11-22-1m

YORK LOW.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Opposite North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with flowers at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the best styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North. 10-26-1y

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Wrought Iron Beds, Sofas, Chairs, Settees, Lawn Settees, Coal Hods, Safes, Doors, Shutters, Iron Gratings, Coatings for Roofs, Bolts, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 73 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 10-2-3m

PROF. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 9 Fourth avenue. 9-26m New York City.

THE REFORM CLUB HALL
with seating capacity for eight hundred, with exterior comforts and heated by steam, offers special inducements to societies wishing to hire a hall for entertainments or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Architect, No. 5 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 12-4-1y

EARL & JACQUES
Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 24 West Front street, P. O. Box 1111, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates and general Engineering work. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,
No. 44 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Serves depositions, legal papers, carefully typewritten at reasonable rates. Typewriter transcribing furnished. Instruction in Phonography. Shorthand books for sale. Refers to the Mayor and other prominent citizens. P. O. Box 1111. 9-29-1y

F. A. DUNHAM,
Box 7, Park avenue, Council's Building,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Having had extensive yearly experience in surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-29-1y

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,
at West Front street. Cocaine used as a local anæsthetic. Gold filling a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal arguments and sermons a specialty. Practical lessons in Shorthand given. Dictation by the hour. Typewriting done in a superior manner. Agent for the Caligraph typewriter. Office, corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, find and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired without extra charge.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 5 East Second street, corner Front. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 8-30-3m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,
Homœopathist and Electrician, corner Second and Washington streets. Office hours till 9 a. m., 1 and 4 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters-in-Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

ISAAC A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SEYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Seidman's Block, Rooms 2 and 4, Plainfield, N. J.
GEORGE P. Seydam, W. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
Has removed to his new office, Spalding's Building, (formerly at 104 East Second street.) Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 5. 12-11-1y

Educational.

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Blowout Drawing, Painting of Interiors a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 3 Rose Front street. M. E. Moore. 12-1-6m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing, Sight reading a specialty. Rear Dorr street, North Plainfield. 10-19-3m

PIANO LESSONS.
Miss Mattie Mattison is now prepared to give piano instruction either at her own or at the pupil's residence. Address 30 Mc. W. Second street, or Hotel Netherwood and to others. P. O. Box, 1585.

MISS ALICE SMITH
Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for beginners. Highest references. Residence, 46 West Second street, corner Dayton. 10-1y

MRS. HANN'S STUDIO.
Room 20 Stillman Block. Pupils in oil, water colors or crayon.

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1080.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, for terms, address Miss. Alberta, P. O. Box 1111.

Marriages.

SNYDER—GIDDE—At Holy Cross Rectory, on Monday, Nov. 29, by Rev. Father T. Hughes, Peter Snyder and Mary Elizabeth Gidde, both of Plainfield, N. J.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 8.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.45 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office open at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.
SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of the past year at Sadler's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1886.		1884.	
6 a. m.	34	6 a. m.	23
9 a. m.	35	9 a. m.	35
12 m	40	12 m	41
3 p. m.	41	3 p. m	40

Miniature Almanac.

1886.		1884	
Sunrise	7. 5 a.m.	Sunrise	7. 5 a. m.
Sun Sets	4.34 p.m.	Sun Sets	4.34 p.m.
Moon Rises	1.35 a. m.	Moon Rises	p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be generally from partly cloudy to fair and warmer.

IF COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY IT MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR OTHER FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—Look out for great change in Boehm's advertisement to-morrow.

—The Common Council will hold their regular December meeting in the Council Chamber at eight o'clock Monday evening.

—"Our Fritz"—Mr. J. K. Emmet, will render his world renowned success, "Fritz in Ireland," at Music Hall, Saturday evening, Dec. 5th. Seats are now on sale for the eminent actor's performance, at the usual places. See adv.

—The fair in aid of the Muhlenberg Hospital is being held to-day and will continue to-morrow in Reform Hall, and the object is worthy of your trade. There are many attractions to be found there. The Japanese pavilion is a thing of beauty, and tea served by Chinese women in costume is something rare.

—About one o'clock this morning as John Burns was going from Laing's Hall, where the votes were being counted, he slipped from the sheep and fell striking his head on the side-walk. A number of persons ran to his assistance and picked him up. Tho fall stunned him for a few moments, but otherwise he escaped uninjured.

—Jacob A. Fritts, one of the oldest residents of Somerville, died on Sunday at apoplexy at the age of eighty-two. Fritts was one of the oldest hotel-keepers in New Jersey. He was a native of Hunterdon County, but for over half a century has been in the hotel business in Somerville. He purchased Torbert's Hotel in 1847 and had kept the house ever since. The hotel was also famous as the headquarters of the leading jurists and politicians of the State.

—The proposition to erect a foot and wagon bridge over Newark Bay from Elizabeth to Bergen Point is talked of. The scheme is not generally accepted as feasible, but some of the projectors seem sanguine and assert they will apply to the Legislature this Winter for a charter. The cost of the structure as estimated would be $500,000. It is claimed that the bridge would be advantageous as opening a short route to New York for teamsters.

—The Morning Journal speaks as follows in regard to Murray's grand comedy sensation "We, Us & Co.," which will be the attraction at Music Hall to-morrow night: The piece was an immense hit. People roared until they had bonrse voices, wondered why they roared, and before the self-reproof had fairly possessed them, roared again. "We, Us & Co." as will be inferred from this passage, is highly absurd, completely disconnected and completely funny. To criticise it would be useless. To condemn it would be totally at variance with the taste of the people who saw it. To analyze it would be to bring solemn order out of hilarious chaos. Best is now on sale.

—The taxpayers of Elizabeth are indignant over the delay of the Board of Education in opening a large new school house in the Sixth Ward which cost $65,000. The cause of the delay is due to the fact that at each meeting of the Board a difference of opinion arises among the members as to what make of desks, etc., the new school shall be furnished with. The Board politically stands: Democrats 7, Republicans 6. There was a good deal of discussion and lively meetings, but no actual business transacted. In the meantime 600 school children have been without school accommodation since September 1, when the school should have been opened.

—Messrs. O'Leary and George Cook contested at the Casino rink last night, O'Leary walking into and defeating Cook after they skated two miles. The victory lay with O'Leary in consequence probably of an accident to Mr. Cook, but even under these disadvantages Cook lost by only three-quarters of a lap. O'Leary showed all his old-time vigor and splendid, upright, long and easy stroke. His astonishingly rapid sports drew from an audience of nearly a thousand, uproarious rounds of applause. The entertainment was shared by all. Few imagined that Mr. O'Leary could show on a slippery skating surface the wonderful speed he used to display on the "cast back." The Casino certainly offers attractions that attract.

CHARTER ELECTION.

"MONEY" WINS BY 26.

The Temperance Vote Defeats the Republicans and Make the Council Democratic 6 to 5.

Temperance Comes Within 11 Votes of Electing their Entire Ticket on Councilmen-at-Large.

The election for city and county officers, held yesterday, probably exceeded any preceding city election, in the suspense it caused to both the saloon keepers and the Temperance people. Eight Councilmen had to be elected to succeed those whose terms expired with the close of the present year, and to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Councilman West, the successor Marvin Dunham, a Temperance man who fills the unexpired term of one year and one month, beginning his duties at the next regular meeting. Councilmen Beguelin, and Gallup, Democrats, and Goddard, Republican, are those held over, so that in order to secure a temperance Council, the Prohibitionists had to elect six of the eight new members. They elected three, the Democrats electing four license men and the Republicans but one, Mr. Dumont, whose excellent work in the improvement of the streets, and the practical zeal he has manifested in promoting the interests of Plainfield, gained for him a larger majority even than he was elected previously by, although in the present instance he had so strong a man against him as the Temperance ticket as Sealy Elsall, who ran ahead of his Democratic competitor twenty-four votes.

THE GENERAL RESULT IN DETAIL.

Councilmen-at-Large.

	1st ward	2d ward	3d ward	4th ward	Total
Democratic Ticket	143	83	42	216	484
Rowland Cox	145	89	54	216	504
Jos. O. Bowers	143	88	39	212	482
J. Marc Martin	137	73	38	173	421
Republican Ticket	81	121	93	87	380
W. Rockhill Potts	75	117	96	79	367
Orville T. Waring	76	115	91	80	362
B. Frank Cornell	81	87	78	123	369
Temperance Ticket	85	105	123	141	454
William R. Ostrom	89	117	125	144	475
John H. Cuthbert	88	129	136	146	499
John Rose	90	108	115	139	452

For City Judge.

John Ulrich, R-T	134	341	225	231	881

For Assessor.

J. A. Hubbard, R-T	187	239	226	234	886

For Collector.

John Johnson, R-T	186	242	225	237	890

For Treasurer.

J. VanWinkle, R-T	186	237	226	232	881

For Chosen Freeholders.

J. F. Hubbard, R-T	170	221	221	228	840
A. Vanderbeek, R-T	154	218	230	214	806
J. G. Cadmus, D	147	90	41	217	495
John B. Brown, D	141	88	41	219	489

For Commissioners of Appeal.

R. MacDonald, R-T	167	223	225	224	839
M. Vermeule, R-T	162	221	215	224	823
Jere. Manning, D	143	85	43	217	487
J. G. Cadmus, D	141	87	42	217	487
Wm. H. Voorhees, D	141	84	41	213	478

For School Trustee.

J. W. Murray, R-T	140	190	215	217	762
James Clark, D	162	112	45	223	542

Common Councilmen.

FIRST WARD.

John Simpson, D	167
Geo. W. T. Randolph, R-T	121
Simpson's maj	34

SECOND WARD.

John B. Dumont, R	130
Seely Elsall, T	100
Gilford Mayer, D	76
Dumont's maj	30

THIRD WARD.

Francis E. Marsh, (full term), R-T	392
Clark W. Evans, D	49
Marsh's maj	153
Marvin M. Dunham, to fill vacancy	119
John M. Whiton, R	96
W. E. Lowe, D	43
Dunham's maj	23

FOURTH WARD.

Wm. H. Voorhees, D	251
Jacob Voehl, R-T	179
Voorhees' maj	81

Justices of the Peace.

FIRST WARD.

John Johnson, R-T	165
Daniel L. Allen, R	76
Joseph F. Shepherd, D	148
Johnson's maj	23
Shepherd's maj	66

SECOND WARD.

Vincent W. Nash, R	120
Ural B. Crane, R-T	223
Chas. S. A. Davis, D	81
Crane's maj	143
Nash's maj	39

THIRD WARD

J. Oakley Nodine, R-T	213
Edward Stillman, R-T	215
William J. Nelson, D	43
Stillman's maj	174
Nobyns's maj	172

FOURTH WARD.

Lyvi Hetfield, D	215

For Constables.

FIRST WARD.

Runyon J. Walker, R-T	161
John Finley, D	141
Walker's maj	20

SECOND WARD.

Charles W. Dodd, R-T	220
William Callahan, D	76
Dodd's maj	154

	THIRD WARD.	
Amos Moffett, R		97
William R. Ayers R-T		118
James Whalen D		48
Ayer's maj		21

FOURTH WARD.

Garret P. Smith, D	222
Charles Giese, R-T	215
Michael Conway, D	209
Smith's maj	9

Judges of Election.

FIRST WARD.

John J. Kenney, D	156
Charles W. Fisher, R-T	148
Kenney's maj	8

SECOND WARD.

F. Adsibert Dunham, R-T	221
Richard Merritt, D	85
Dunham's maj	136

THIRD WARD.

Amos Moffett, R	96
Lebbens Manning, D-T	158
Manning's maj	62

FOURTH WARD.

Elmore D. Moffett, D	240
Theodore J. Gillies, R T	201
Moffett's maj	39

Inspector of Election.

FIRST WARD.

William Addis, R	119
Louis F. Wagner, D	111
Henry S. Barnes, T	77
Addis' maj	8

SECOND WARD.

John H. Doane, R-T	225
Louis M. Sipver, D	83

THIRD WARD.

Thaddeus O. Doane, R	108
M. M. Thorn, T	105
August Hellerman, D	43
Doane's maj	3

FOURTH WARD.

Andrew Jennings, T	196
Peter Flynn, T	118
Michael Fields, D	88
Albro Lyons, R	7
Jennings' maj	77

Clerk of Election.

FIRST WARD.

Amos P. Gray, R-T	157
Walter Hetfield, D	140
Gray's maj	8

SECOND WARD.

Bernhardt B. Gray, R-T	224
Charles E. Ronk, D	83
Gray's maj	141

THIRD WARD.

Oliver B. Leonard, R-T	2 6
Theodore S. Miller, D	40
Leonard's maj	176

FOURTH WARD.

Andrew Love, jr., D	236
John Linbarger, T	187
Love's maj	99

The Vote on Money.

The vote on the approval or rejection of an act of the Legislature, entitled "An Act Concerning Cities," approved April 20, 1886, page 369, was deemed of greatest interest by the advocates of the act, who held its adoption to be of the first importance as a means for advancing the city's interest. Separate tickets were issued, and the act was voted upon at the municipal election to save the expense of a special election. The vote was as follows:

	For the act.	Against
First Ward	98	172
Second Ward	180	106
Third Ward	157	81
Fourth Ward	168	219
Totals	604	578
Maj. for the act		26

The New Council.

Democratic.	Republican.	Temperance.
Beguelin,	Dumont,	Cuthbert,
Bowers,	Goddard.	Dunham.
Cox,		Marsh.
Gallup,		
Livingston,		
Voorhees.		

Six Democrats, three Temperance men, and two Republicans. The Temperance men, however, are all Republicans on all questions but that of license. The vote on that question stands 8 to 8, as follows:

For License.	Against License.
Beguelin, D	Cuthbert, R.
Bowers, D.	Dunham, R.
Cox, D.	Marsh, R.
Dumont, R.	
Gallup, D.	
Goddard, R.	
Simpson, D.	
Voorhees, D.	
Whiton, R.	

In reviewing the tickets it will be seen that the Temperance people polled cost-third of the entire vote, and that it was the Republicans who suffered. This will appear the more clear hereinafter.

Placing the candidates for Councilmen-at-Large side by side, the strength of each ticket is the more manifest.

Democrat.	Temperance.	Republican.
Cox....504	Cuthbert.490	Cornell..369
Bowers.482	Ostrom..475	Potts....367
Martin..421	Ross.....452	Waring..363

Mr. Cuthbert, the most popular man on the Temperance Ticket came within five votes of Mr. Cox the most popular man on the Democratic Ticket, and Capt. Ostrom, the next most popular man on the Temperance Ticket, came within seven votes of the next most popular Democrat, while Mr. Ross, the less popular by the votes of the three Temperance candidates, outstripped by 31 votes the less popular of the three Democrats. If the foregoing vote can be taken as any indication the Republicans with the Temperance vote of the city could have elected a Republican Council by a majority nearly half as large as the entire Democratic vote, provided their claim that seventy-five per cent. of the temperance is Repub lican.

The Vote Compared.

The vote of last year compared with that of yesterday will prove very instructive as showing which party suffered most in votes by the temperance movement.

	Whole number of votes.			
	1884	1885	Inc	Dec
First Ward	363	309	—	54
Second Ward	3[illegible]	309	—	1
Third Ward	391	257	—	134
Fourth Ward	474	444	—	30
Totals	1528	1[illegible]	—	219

Republican Ticket.

	1884	1885	Inc.	Dec.
First Ward	114	81	—	33
Second Ward	148	121	—	27
Third Ward	213	92	—	121
Fourth Ward	163	141	—	22
Totals	638	435	—	203

Democratic Ticket.

	1884	1885	Inc.	Dec.
First Ward	198	143	—	55
Second Ward	109	83	—	17
Third Ward	78	42	—	36
Fourth Ward	230	216	—	14
Totals	606	484	—	122

Temperance Ticket.

	1884	1885	Inc	Dec.
First Ward	51	85	34	—
Second Ward	69	105	45	—
Third Ward	—	123	123	—
Fourth Ward	79	141	62	—
Totals	199	454	264	—

The Republicans feel that the Temperance people have defeated their best friends in their independent action. The Temperance people reply that they propose to defeat them until they combine with them to destroy the license system, which the Republicans insist is impossible. The Democrats meanwhile slip in and get the chestnuts.

The city, however, can congratulate itself on having such an excell nt body of men to represent them, and they will no doubt strive to make as good a record as the Council for 1885.

Death of Asa Dunn from Lockjaw.

Asa Dunn of New Market, who was stabbed by a pitchfork by a Swede named Grongquest on November 9th, died Monday morning, after suffering terribly from lockjaw for three days. Official information of the fact was communicated to Prosecuting Attorney Rice of New Brunswick at noon Monday by Dr. Wilson, the physician who attended the deceased, and a formal complaint was entered by Constable Pierce of New Market before Justice Daly charging Grongquest with murder.

About the middle of October young Dunn sprained an ankle and could walk only with the help of crutches. On the evening of November 9 last, he went into the barnyard, where Grongquest was working, and told the Swede to bring him a box. The man moved slowly and Dunn called out, "Hurry up there, or I'll discharge you."

The Swede lost his temper and there was a quarrel which ended in his running blows with a heavy pitchfork upon Dunn's head. Dunn was insensible when rescued, and it was at first thought that he was dead, but he had regained consciousness and had begun to make some progress toward recovery when on Saturday, the 21st ult., he was suddenly attacked with tetanus. From that time he was able to take only such liquid nourishment as could be forced between his teeth, and he finally died in convulsions.

After the assault Grongquest fled into the swamps in the lower part of the township, but was captured the next day by Constable Robert Pierce and lodged in the New Brunswick Jail, charged with an attempt to kill. He is about fifty years of age. He has a letter of recommendation showing that he worked six years for R. R. Cousen of Newark, and bore a good character. Dunn had been married only a few months.

Attacked by a Foot-pad.

About half-past eight o'clock Monday evening, Mr. E. P. Bowers was wending his way toward home on East Front street, when opposite the residence of John Taylor Johnston, a colored man stepped him and asked him to direct him to the residence of Charles Hyde, as he had obtained employment there as a waiter and could not find the house. Mr. Bowers directed him as near as he could to the place he asked for, but began to grow suspicious of the man and kept watching him. He asked Mr. Bowers several further questions, and while he was answering them aimed a blow with a billy. The aim was not accurate and the billy hit him on the right shoulder and knocked him down. He shouted for help two or three times, when the fellow became frightened and ran away. A coachman in the employ of Councilman Beguelin came to his assistance and gave chase, but the foot-pad soon disappeared in the darkness and all trace of him was lost. Mrs. Beguelin heard the noise and telegraphed over the district telegraph wire two or three times for a policeman, but none came. Mr. Bowers was badly hurt about the shoulders and will not be able to use his arm for eight or ten days. He thinks he can identify his assailant.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

Clark Perine has been appointed janitor of the Lyceum building.

Dr. J. Morris has left us for the winter, and has gone to Florida.

The school trustees of District No. 10 have been obliged to purchase more settees on account of the increased number of scholars.

I. O. O. F. Lodge will change their quarters on January 1st. They have leased the lodge room of Fireside Council R. A. in the Lyceum building.

Chas. E. Taylor, formerly of our town, but now of Denver, Col., arrived on Tuesday evening. He is visiting Lester B. Berry on Westfield avenue, and expects to remain with us at least ten days.

The Bucket and Engine Co. at their meeting last night gave up the idea of a steamer, finding that they will not be able to raise enough money for the purpose, and concluded to get a village hand engine.

PERSONAL.

Warden Phillip Brem of Elizabeth was in this city last evening.

Frank Webster, formerly of this city, but now of Rahway, was in town last evening.

MUSIC HALL.
ONE NIGHT ONLY
SPECIAL
"I AINT SAYING
WE, US and CO.
W. A. HESTAYER
The only original
THE IDEAL
and the strongest and vocalists in 110 nights Fifth 60 nights Globe 48 Nights Chicago 40 Nights Arch
Sale of Seats on Tuesday Prices, 35, 50, 75.
Music Hall, Saturday Evening, Dec. 5,
"OUR FRITZ"
The Founder of Dialect German Comedy.
Mr. J. K. Emmet
In his most successful, his funniest and ever welcome Drama
Fritz in Ireland
Or, The Bell Ringer of the Rhine, and the love of the Shamrock. His songs are sung in the parlors of the Rich and the garrets of the Poor. Our own Orchestra of select musicians travel with this company to support Mr. Emmet in his original songs and dances. Under the management of Phillip H. Lehrer. Sale of seats begins to-morrow morning.

Casino Rink,
General
SKATING
TO-NIGHT.

The Prince Royal.

3.50
Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made of fine kid and calf with genuine glove calf tops of the best variety cut. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, most wearing and best shape shoe in the market.
SHERWIN, Sole Agent,
23 W. Front.
LARGE STOCK
OF
Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,
AT
U. B. Crane's,
12 PARK AVENUE.
Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

PLAINFIELD
Steam Laundry
ESTABLISHED 1877
EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Custom or Gloss Finish.
Central Branch Laundry, office of R. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box. 970.

HALL.
THURSDAY, DEC. 3,
ENGAGEMENT
A WORD AM I?"
and CO.
THERESA VAUGHN,
The Great Contralto,
QUARTETTE
Co. of Comedians,
America,
ave. Theatre, New York.
Theatre, Bl s on
Opera House, Chicago.
SC. Theatre, Philadelphia,
at usual places.
75, cents and $1.

Grand FAIR
BENEFIT OF
Muhlenberg Hospital
AT
REFORM HALL,
WEDNESDAY EVENING AND
Thursday Afternoon & Evening,
DEC. 2 and 3.
Special attractions for Children Thursday afternoon. Admission 25 cts. Children under 12 years 10 cents.

A VOLCANO!
IN
DRY GOODS
AT
Bachman Bros.
Our entire stock of goods must be sold regardless of sacrifice before going out of the business in this city.
The times are hard, and business all over the country is dull, and people are watching opportunities to buy goods cheap, and now is your chance and time, to get them from us.
Look at these low astonishing prices, and you certainly will be convinced that it is a true and decided fact.
VELVETEENS,
Closing out our colored velveteens at 25ct. a yard, reduced from $1.25.
Our $1.25 velveteen we are selling at 75ct. a yard.
We are closing out our $1 velveteens at the low figure of 65ct. a yard.
Only a few more left of the Ladies, Misses, and Boys rubber gossamers at $1 each.
Best full lengths, and all colors in skirt braid at 5ct. a piece.
Closing out our entire line 36 inch cashmeres in all colors at 32ct. a yard, former price 50cts.
BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Clothing,
MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS
All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed.
ALSO
A SPENDID LINE OF
Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,
MADE TO ORDER
Our Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT
Replete with every variety.
Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.
JOHN H. FRENCH
20 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

Thorn, the Artist,
gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.
The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, Publisher.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 11, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.42, 6.32, 7.02, 7.32, 7.58, 8.01, 8.40, 9.50, 10.37, 11.08 a. m.; 12.38, 1.23, 2.05, 2.57, 3.32, 4.31, 5.31, 6.04, 6.32, 7.01, 7.32, 8.44, 9.44, 11.36 p. m. Sunday, 3.27, 4.01, 8.44, 10.32, 11.52 a. m.; 1.37, 3.31, 5.31, 7.06, 7.50, 9.32 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.01, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.45, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, 9.15, 11.30 a. m.; 4.30, 5.30, 8.30 p. m.; 12.00, 1.30 4.30, 8.35, 7.10, 8.15 p. m.

Passengers for New York change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.58, 9.37, 11.45, 11.50 a. m.; 2.06, 4.15, 5.44, 6.34, 8.04, 8.35, 9.55, 11.09 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 5.45, 6.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.33, 7.05, 7.32, 7.39, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15 a. m.; 12.55, 3.05, 5.05, 5.00, 5.53, 6.05, 8.15, 8.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 11.30 a. m.; 7.30, 8.40 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 2.06, 4.15, 4.34, 5.04, 6.26, 8.08, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 5.45 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.57 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 4.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.58 a. m.—For Lehighton, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Philadelphia, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Hackettstown, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Scranton, etc.

11.50 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

2.06 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.04 p. m.—For Philadelphia, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

6.26 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 5.51, 7.32 p. m. Sunday at Ocean Grove 3.27 8.45 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield, Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.29, 10.19, 11.59 a. m.; 2.16, 5.04, 7.07, 9.30 p. m. Sunday at 1.34, 5.10, 8.30 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at 8.10, 9.05, 11.00 a. m.; 2.45, 5.45, 6.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 m.

Third and Market streets at 8.30, 9.25, 10.30, 12.00, 1.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 9.30, 11.00 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 4.30, 6.00, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Broad and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 6.21, 9.04, 10.08, 11.55 a. m.; 1.54, 4.32, 6.24, 7.28, 9.55 p. m. Sunday at 12.08, 5.15, 7.28, 9.55 p. m.

Plainfield passengers will change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.

J. E. WOOTEN, Gen. Manager.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1885.

Paper in Tonkin.

(Gutenberg Journal.)

The principal material used in the manufacture of paper in Tonkin is the ka-pok or paper tree, which grows in abundance on the mountains in the environs of Somay. The dried inner bark of the young shoots is taken upon the backs of oxen or buffaloes from the mountains, where it is gathered for the consumers, to whom preparing and paper is in the vicinity of Hanoi. It is worth about 2 cents a pound. This bark is macerated and rubbed up in mortars, so as to reduce it to a pulp, which is then put in a tub mended with a certain quantity of water in order to form a clear paste, which is sized with an in'usion made from the shavings of the plant of a kind of bamboo which is abundance on the Black river mountains.

The paper is manufactured exactly as that by women in search of delicate leaves strewn that they alternately dip into the paste and take out therewith a thin sheet of paper, which they deposit upon a board. At the end of the day these sheets are put into a press in order to extract the moisture from them and are then dried by placing them one by one on a hot masonry wall. Finally they are sized, so as to be glossy and trimmed. Each woman makes 1,000 sheets a day. The thickness of the paper depends upon the consistency of the paste.

The Silver Dollar in 1794.

[The Argonaut.]

In this congress of 1794 the subject of the emblem device for the new silver dollar to be coined at the Philadelphia mint came before the house. A southern member bitterly opposed the adoption of the eagle for the emblem on the reverse of the coin, on the ground that "the eagle is the king of birds, and hence neither suitable nor proper to represent the sovereignty of a people whose interests were wholly inimical to monarchical forms of government." "Perhaps a goose might suit the gentleman," replied Judge Peter, of South Carolina, "and as the real Republican bird, and moreover, the guilty would answer to place on the coin." The latter gentleman took the playful rebuke as a personal affront and sent a challenge to the judge, who promptly refused to fight on so slight a ground. "Will you be branded as a coward?" asked the mortified friend. "Sir, I am above the fear of the opinion," replied Thunder; "I always was one and he knew it, or he would not have challenged me."

New and Rapid Development.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

"Corea, well, we are civilizing," says The Boston Herald, "and we are the author of civil, a new and rapid development to the world in political life of Japan." Yes, the Japanese will be shooting Chinamen before long.

Dairy Schools for New York.

There is talk of establishing dairy schools in some parts of New York to teach dairymaids and others how to make butter and cheese. They are to be modeled after those in England and Ireland.

SOLEMN CEREMONIES.

BURIAL OF THE FIFTH VICE-PRESIDENT TO DIE IN OFFICE.

A Photograph Taken of Mrs. Hendricks at the Side of the Casket—A Notable Assemblage — Scenes on the Streets.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—The ceremony of conveying the body of Thomas A. Hendricks, the fifth vice-president of the United States to the dusty tomb at Crown Hill, was an event memorable in many respects by the presence of a tremendous concourse of people from all parts of the nation to witness the simple rites.

The early morning trains on all railways brought delegations from the national capital and all the leading cities of the Union, together with an influx of people from all the villages, towns and towns of central Indiana and Illinois.

The cabinet was represented by Secretary of State Bayard, Secretary Lamar, Secretary Whitney, Secretary Endicott and Postmaster General Vilas. The supreme bench of the United States was represented by Associate Justices Matthews and Blatchford. The United States senate was represented by Senators Edmunds, Allison, Pugh, Harris, Conger, Blair, Dolph, Vest, Beck, Camden, Vance, Jones, Voorhees, Payne, Palmer and Harrison. The house of representatives of the house of representatives was composed of W. R. Morrison, J. Blount, W. S. Holman, William Springer, W. D. Kelgaru, R. B. Hayes, Belford, J. J. Davis, Thomas Ryan, P. Dunn and W. A. Herbert. The number of active and ex-members of the lower house present in addition to those named was very large, representing all Indiana. Ohio, Illinois and Kentucky were present, attended by their staffs and numerous state officers. Maj. Gen. Sheridan was the chief representative of the United States army present. Ex-President Hayes and Gen. William T. Sherman were distinguished guests, the latter accompanying a delegation from St. Louis.

One of the central points of attraction for the visiting multitude was the modest home of the late vice-president, on Tennessee street, a plain two-story brick structure, facing the state capitol building, now in process of construction. On the front door of the house was a black rosette, from which was pendant a strip of black crape which constituted the only emblem of mourning. On the street in front of the house gathered a large but respectable crowd, which grew in numbers as the forenoon advanced. A detail of the police force and soldiery was also, however, to keep the street clear in front of the house. At the rear door of the structure, facing the state capitol building, now in process of construction. On the front door of the house was a black rosette, from which was pendant a strip of black crape which constituted the only emblem of mourning. On the street in front of the house gathered a large but respectable crowd, which grew in numbers as the forenoon advanced. A detail of the police force and soldiery was also, however, to keep the street clear in front of the house. At the rear door of the structure, facing the state capitol building, now in process of construction, on the front door of the house was a black rosette, from which was pendant a strip of black crape which constituted the only emblem of mourning. On the street in front of the house gathered a large but respectable crowd, which grew in numbers as the forenoon advanced. A detail of the police force and soldiery was also, however, to keep the street clear in front of the house. At the rear door of the structure, facing the state capitol building, now in process of construction. On

BONAPARTE PARK.

DUST AND DECAY NOW SUPREME WHERE REGAL SPLENDOR SHONE.

The Old Estate at Bordentown, N. J.—The Mansion in the Park — Historic Family Memories — Prince Bonaparte's Only Dread.

[New York Herald.]

A correspondent in a description of the present condition of Point Breeze, the estate of Joseph Bonaparte at Bordentown, N. J., says:

Born of an obscure family in Corsica, he rose with his immortal brother, defended him with energy and talent as a member of the Council of Five Hundred, became a senator, invaded and conquered the kingdom of Naples, became its ruler and was made the king—though never master—of Spain. As such he was the peer of such marshals of France as Soult, Ney, Massena, Jordan, Bessieres, Lannes, Murtier, Victor, Marmont and, with France, "fought all the world of Europe." The wearing of the crowns had not worn him out. While at Madrid he studied the landscape gardening about that sepulchral pile of Philip II, the Escurial, about thirty miles to the northwest of the capital, and he called the Bonaparte Chateau "Point Breeze" out to reproduce at Point Breeze after the sun of Napoleon went down forever amid the defeat and discourage of Waterloo. Well, part one he did. He declined the crown of Mexico. He was visited at this very place by a commission from our neighborly republic and tendered it. The memorable words of his declination are heavy to every lover of this country. Here they are: "Every day I pass in this hospitable land proves more clearly to me the excellence of the republican institutions for America. Keep them as a precious gift from heaven. Settle your internal commotions; follow the example of the United States and rank among your fellow citizens a man more capable than I am of acting the great part of Washington."

THE MANSION IN THE PARK.

This is a day of all the days of the year to visit this turf, strewn with acorns and ripened chestnut burrs. Amid the woodland its falling leaves blow as to another sea as the Cambyses by the sands of Africa. Long rows of stately sentry pines keep solemn choir guard along the southern side of the broad lawn. In this green glen are cedars of enemy acres, and on the northwestern site (not in its center) stands the modern manor house, built by Henry Beckett, son of Sir John Beckett, of Somersby park, Lincolnshire, England. It is a fine Italian villa of three stories and contains twenty-five spacious apartments, besides many corridors and passageways. It has been untenanted for many years. Its massive door frames and really imposing stairway and rotunda stamp it as an architectural effort of considerable merit and skill.

RELICS OF ROYAL SPLENDOR.

The main drawing-room, consisting of two large parlors, contains the famous alabaster slab of carved wood brought to Bordentown by Cardinal Fesch, his uncle. It is one of the most exquisite bits of sculpture in this country. Its two figures that gracefully support the marble slab over the two statues that stand in the charmed treasure-room of the Alhambra, at Granada, pointing toward a crescent of gold that shadow has yet been able to find. That mantel should adorn some public gallery. In the dining room is another mantel, also sent by his warden, the cardinal. Over the dining grate at each other across the tablet that crosses the front of the fireplace. The lacework on the pilaters is as delicate as the fabric of Valenciennes. It is clearly an example of the best Italian stone cutters, but differs not one to the level of a work of real art as does the mantel piece first mentioned. A fine glass chandelier hangs in one of the largest rooms that was a gift to Bonaparte from his sister Hortense.

UP HILL AND DOWN DALE.

The climb to the cupola is made by a neat stairway, and the view from the top is quite extensive. The broad Delaware is seen beyond the narrow strip of lowland that parallels Crosswick's creek from the larger stream, and at the base of the bluff, which call the plateau so abruptly, is the steamboat landing whence the small vessels ply to Philadelphia. A realization of the vast extent of the park is gained from this lookout. In the days of its grandeur Bonaparte park contained twelve miles of graded graveled drives. Scope for cross country riding was vast. "Up hill and down dale" was an experience that any rider who had the sweet privilege of hunting there might enjoy. Even the walks laid out at this avenue that swings gracefully round the rear of the house constantly paired with fading autumn suits and scarves, it was easy to imagine the presence of the tall, fine figure of Joseph Bonaparte striding through these glades, with his trusty pruning hatchet in his hand and upon the shoulder of Marshal and his hammer—seeking for small boys, who, despite his utmost vigilance, persisted in setting traps for his hares.

THE EDUCATION OF SMALL BOYS.

Prince Bonaparte had only one cross besides the downfall of his family to bear. That was the persistency of the American small boy. The two intelligences could not, never could, understand each other. The small boy of Bordentown was the Bisaher of Joseph Bonaparte. His whole invade his domain between two days, and set traps that nobody but the prince could find. Many a cold, raw morning, in the fall or winter would the prince rise early, swallow a cup of coffee so hot that it made his valet tremble to see him bolt it, seize his last seal ugly coat into the damp woodlands in search of the small boy's traps. It is not recorded that he ever threatened ill to the small boy himself, but he could demolish a rabbit-trap at sixty yards by a well-directed cast of his cane. He hated the rabbits better than the boys. The urchins were industrious, and during his long seeking he found many a one. Though the pastime of an ex-king of Spain seeking poachers is not splendid, no doubt it would have gratified Mr. Henry Bergh to have seen him break a rabbit-trap and release its prey. Whether the prince with Canada Prince Murat smiled during his visits to his snares. This son of a waiter in a Paris cafe, who rose to be a marshal of France, was a tough lad, and spent his time and money with equal prodigality.

Somebody Will Be Found.

[Courier-Journal.]

The Hanscom, Persian and Corean ministers are vacant, and aspiring persons must of a literary turn of mind will find no richer fields than these in which to dig for hidden treasures. The politicians do not want these offices; and they can be had for the asking by gentlemen of ability and good standing.

In Georgia Factories.

The working people of Columbus, Ga., begin the seventh from the settling-days of the factories in that valley it is described as the settlings old the coming cutting." Rushing day comes once a fortnight.

Chauncey M. Depew is the nephew of Roscoe Conkling.

THE "KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD."

Methods of Reckless "Road Agents"—Crosses at the Roadside.

[Pauline B. Ward in New York Sun.]

In former times this region was a favorite resort for highwaymen, for "knights of the road," and no stranger coming to from New York could expect to escape an overhauling. The gentlemen robbers, rallying out in solid bands numbering from three to all their modest demands, were in the habit of treating passengers with all the courtesy consistent with the profession. Assisting them to alight with the most delicate politeness, the knights requested male travelers to stretch themselves prone upon their faces on the ground. Few were so foolhardy as to disobey, when an overpowering number of carbines were pointed at their craniums, for the least sign of resistance was the signal for one's instant execution. If any priests were present they were given the first attention—out of respect for their sacred calling—the salesadores kneeling before them in most humility and requesting "alms" (mean crosses, rosaries, or whatever valuables the fathers might be having), and afterward craving a parting benediction.

Next the ladies were relieved of their purses, earrings, and other trinkets—not without many gallant expressions of regret that beauty should thus be subjected to annoyance. Then the men were searched, their pistols, ammunition, money, watches, etc., secured. The trunks and the treasure box of the coach were by no means neglected, and occasionally even worse things occurred when the knights chanced to be in need of new apparel. In such cases the passengers were required to shout in the salutation of the first occupants of Eden before fig leaves became fashionable, sometimes a single garment being kindly left to each out of deference to the ladies!

But such enlivening incidents of travel are mostly in the past, and to-day we may journey anywhere in Mexico with comparative safety, for formerly the salteadores always divided their plunder religiously with the Virgin Mary, hoping thereby to secure Heaven's indulgence. But in these degenerate days, when most of the poor knights are reduced to ignoble labor, even churches are sometimes sacked, and the Virgin herself is frequently robbed.

All the highways and byways of Mexico are strewn with rude crosses, each with its surrounding heap of stones, marking wayside murders. But the traveler may consider himself with the assurance that if assassinated here his murderers will see not the symbol of their faith above him, and terry long enough to muster prayers for his unshriven soul. And through all the coming years each passer-by will pause to say an Ave Maria, and to him a pebble upon his grave in token that the ghost duty has been performed, till such a mighty mausoleum is collected that Gabriel will be puzzled how to get him out from under it!

Isaac Brokaw

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A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, located throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. Rooms located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 300 feet. Groundswell shaded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.

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Confectionery of all Kinds.

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NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

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[New York Times.]

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EXPERTS IN ENGLAND.

"Are professional accountants more plentiful in England than on this side of the water?"

"Oh, yes. In England accountants are chartered by the government. They have an association or institute, which has made wonderfully rapid growth within ten years, and a weekly journal finds ample support in publishing matters confined exclusively to their trade. Scotland, too, has a prosperous association, older than the English one. Apprentices are articled to the profession, the same as in any other line of business, and during the whole service for five years they are required to pay a premium of between $00 and 500 pounds sterling, according to the standing of the firm they go with. During his apprenticeship a young man has to pass three examinations successfully before he can become a member of the chartered association. In order to pass his examination he must have fair knowledge of Latin and the classics, thoroughly understand not only the rules but the underlying principles of decimals and fractions, know all about book keeping by double entry, partnership and companies' accounts, chancery and bankruptcy accounts, bills of exchange and bills of sale accounts. He must also know the law of partnership, chancery, receivers, trustees, and other accounting officers appointed by a court. A general knowledge of all branches of commercial industry comes to him in the course of his daily work, and it can be acquired in no other way. So great it is largely experience that tells after all.

AUDITING ACCOUNTS.

"A competent accountant in England," continued the chief, "finds plenty to do. The law compels the railroad companies to have their accounts audited by public accountants and published in a form specified. A great many corporations and municipal boroughs also are required to have their books for inspection by public accountants. Great care is taken to select men of good reports and integrity, and when looking into corporations or private firms they must be wholly free from pecuniary interest in the business. When a balance sheet is drawn up and signed by a professional accountant the stockholders feel sure that it is correct, and that the dividend half been honestly earned. It is a great protection to the stockholder. I large take the London & North western Railroad company, for example, with a limited capital of $57,000,000. It carries 50,000,000 passengers every year and gives employment to 50,000 men. The stockholders of that great corporation would not tolerate such a one-sided report as is yearly sent out by all the leading American railroads if the law did not prescribed it. Here is a copy of one of the London & North western's reports prepared by a chartered accountant, and you may see that a review of the entire business of the road is summed up in six pages and not a word to be added to or corrected."

"Have you any idea what it costs the London & North western company to have its accounts audited as required by law?"

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

"Yes, I understand that one firm in London keeps a force of men specially for the work, and that it is worth to them about $30,000 a year."

"What is to prevent a chartered accountant destroying a statement to suit the purposes of a corporation, the same as a private bookkeeper may be induced to do?"

"Nothing at all, if he is disposed to sell himself, but let me inform you that a man who does that is almost certain—I might say nineteen cases out of twenty—to be found out by his employers. And when he is found out he might as well turn at once to some other means of getting a living, even if he escapes prosecution."

"Are there any chartered public accountants in America?"

"Yes, quite a number have come over here from England, and I believe they are doing very well in the larger cities. There are more of them in Boston than in New York. There is no association, though, and at present I am afraid that the members are scattered about too much to establish one. Yet, if the system of public auditing is to obtain in America, as I firmly believe it will, it must be through the instrumentality of such an association as they have in England. The field is an inviting one for competent young men, but as I have said before, they must have a special training to enable them to climb over the fences. Once there, work is plenty, even in New York."

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

"How far would the knowledge of arithmetic that a boy gains in the public schools avail him in your business?"

"I have in my office now the son of a friend whom I took from the topmost class in a city grammar school. He was a bright scholar, and when he came here he had all the principles of simple arithmetic thoroughly digested. This knowledge was a service to him, but aside from that I had to undo a great deal of utterly impracticable stuff that he had been taught in the higher grades. I think it is the general experience, even in commercial houses, that the public schools a boy gets really useful knowledge crammed out of sight by a lot of arithmetical rot that won't stand the wear of a counting-room."

"What qualifications must a young man possess to make a first-class accountant?"

"Well, though I believe that a aptitude for figures is born in some men, the same as a talent for music or painting, any bright fellow that has his mind to it can become a good accountant. The qualifications in a professional designing to be an accountant are carefulness and accuracy, even in the smallest details. He must have the power of concentrating his mind on his work and keeping it there, good quick judgment, memory and neat, free penmanship are also essential. If a young man is near-sighted or nervous an accountant's desk is a good place for him to keep away from."

Three Times a Day.

The Lancet states that a Liverpool observer has found that cows milked three times a day give much more milk than when milked twice only, and that the proportion of fat is the same in both cases.

A CLAM-BAKE INCIDENT.

The Horrible Experience of an Intoxicated Thin Man.

[Syracuse Standard.]

"No, I didn't go to the clam-bake at South Norwalk," said a prominent politician, who takes up a whole cab when he goes riding, "though I must say I am fond of clams and other such delicacies. It has been a long time since I attended one of those parties. The last one I remember was in Rhode Island many years ago. I was livelier then than I am now, and took more interest in my weight, and I entered into the spirit of the occasion with all my soul and about 350 pounds of solid flesh. It appears that the thin men of that particular locality, envious of the enjoyment which was unusually bad, organized a thin man's club, from which all persons who weighed 160 pounds or more were carefully excluded. They appointed the same day for their clam-bake that we had chosen and the same place, although they selected another hotel. We met there at noon and were just settling down to our meeting when the door opened and in came the thinnest man I ever saw. He were an overcoat—not so much for comfort, for the mercury was up in the eighties, as for effect. It gave him an outline so that one could see where he left off and space began. He staggered into the room and resied into a chair beside me. Gracious! How drunk he was! Lordy drunk! Gloriously full! He was totally oblivious to everything except the supremely happy time he was having. He didn't even know where he was.

"As soon as we discovered him we knew at once all about him. He had intended to visit the thin men's baks and wandered into our hotel by mistake. He didn't know the difference, however, and before we could take measures to eject him he settled himself in the chair and fell asleep.

"Then the other members began to trickle in. They accused him of being a tool of mine whom I had brought into the meeting, so that by contrast I might show up to a greater advantage and effect the election of myself as president. We always elected the largest man to fill that important office. Finally, however, the matter was dropped, and we were all soon absorbed in the discussion of the dinner to pay attention to anything else.

"The dinner was long, the speeches lengthy, and it was 5 o'clock before my attenuated friend awoke. I had just risen to make a few remarks when he opened his eyes. He was certainly sobered then, for he was my form lower above him his face assumed an expression of surprise that approached horror. Then he glanced around the table, and his eyes fell upon my mammoth companions his hair began to start from his head. He had set out to attend the clam-bake and he had got there, but he couldn't understand how his fellow-skeletons had expanded. He looked at his bony hands and then at mine. Then he felt his ribs. Everybody else had grown but himself. I leaned over to him to explain matters, when without waiting for me to speak he rose to his feet, gave a wild yell of dismay and horror mingled as one and fled. Although we looked for him all around the premises we couldn't find him. He had escaped. I was always sorry I didn't detain him, for I would be to be very pleasant little man, and a fat man, you know, can afford to be generous."

"Not Worth a Cent."

[San Francisco Post.]

They are telling a good story on James Flood around the club. Some time ago a globe-trotter from Wales, with an eye to business, sought admission to the Selby refinery, at Vallejo Junction, that he might look at a pound of bullion rolling. He was politely told by the superintendent that he could not come in.

"Can't come in, eh!" said the visitor. "I'll see about that. I'll get a writ of habeas corpus."

"That won't make any difference; you couldn't even get in on a writ of habeas corpus."

A few days later the searcher after knowledge presented himself at the works and asked to see Jim Flood. He was shown around. The superintendent looked at the order and handed it back, remarking: "That signature is worth millions on some kinds of paper, but it ain't worth a cent here."

"I'll have you discharged for this," said the visitor, and patiently the superintendent waited for his discharge. It came not, but a few weeks afterward Flood and Mackay came up together to inspect the works, and the superintendent had to show them around. As they walked along Mackay and Flood, bitterly of the number of orders Flood gave to visitors to see the mines, saying that they interfered with the work and were a nuisance.

"Can't be stopped," replied Flood. "I can't refuse permits to gentlemen who do business with us."

"Well, it's got to be stopped," said Mackay.

"If you don't want 'em down the mine," said Flood, with a smile, "why don't you do as our friend, the superintendent, here! Tell 'em that Flood's order ain't worth a cent."

"Did he do that?" said Mackay, and for ten minutes the great millionaire and the blue-shirted hero, who had declined to receive his partner's paper

They Love Grog, but Can Fight Well.

[New York Herald.]

"Scaling the fences!" said an officer in the Brooklyn navy yard to a reporter. "I should my so! We have men here who can not be kept in the yard at night. That fifteen-foot fence looks pretty high, doesn't it? But it were fifty feet, in head of fifteen feet some of our scalers would get over it. Yes, they make us lots of trouble, but very often they are our best sailors and soldiers.

"Only the night before the First battalion started for Coney one of the men marked for extra duty went over the wall. He came back hulling drunk. When I told him he could not go he cried like a baby and begged so hard that I told him to brace up and we'd give him a chance.

"'Hain't I bracing?' he asked, as limp as a rag. But he struggled hard to stiffen up, and two of us helped him march to the head of the column. I put him in front with my sword and threaten to send him back in order to keep him going. When we finally got off on board the boat I never saw a man collapse so quickly and thoroughly. But he was one of the best men we had on the isthmus, and never drank a drop there.

"We have another sealer an Irishman. I'm willing to lay a wager he'll be over the fence to-night. Yet he is a splendid soldier, has some lots of service, and in Alexandria he did the work of three men. But he can't help scaling."

Economy in Wealth.

[New York Sun.]

Lady (to grocer)—I notice you keep cigars.

Grocer—Yes, mum. Only $1.50 a box, mum.

Lady—Is it possible! Why, my husband sometimes pays as high as 15 cents apiece for cigars. He can send a couple of boxes. It's the height of folly for him to buy cigars at retail when they can be had for so much less by the box.

THE JEWSHARP.

A FEW FACTS OF INTEREST TO THE AVERAGE SMALL BOY.

A Man Who Works Exclusively at the Manufacture of the Youngsters' Delight—How Really Fine Instruments Are Made.

[New York Mail and Express.]

"I suppose that the majority of people do not consider a jewsharp as worthy of being classified as a musical instrument. But then their experience has probably been limited, and the only jewsharps they have ever heard are the penny jewsharps that the boys on the street corners twang for their amusement."

The speaker was a gentleman who has a little shop over on the west side, and is engaged exclusively in the manufacture of jewsharps.

"I only make harps of the best quality," he continued, "and have been engaged in the business for over forty years, thirty-five of which I have spent in this country. My father and brother were in the business before me, and are now at work at the old trade in Belfast, Ireland. I make every one of my instruments by hand, and never have an assistant, because the art is one of which only a very few possess the secret. As I know of only one other manufacturer in this city who makes the same kind of harps, you will see that the demand for them is not enormous. I do most of my work on orders from music and toy stores down town, and these keep me busy most of the time.

PRICE AND QUALITY.

"How many do I make a year? Well, that's rather a hard question to answer, for I never keep any count of them, but I work along till I get an order finished and then tackle the next one. I suppose I could finish on an average about one hundred instruments in a day, and sometimes twice or three times as many of the less expensive ones. The lowest price which I charge for a harp is 15 cents and the highest $2. The latter are made with German silver frames, and the tongue is of finer steel. The frame, however, does not have anything to do with the musical tone of the instrument, and it is usually made of iron, which is afterward 'tinned.' I have all my frames cast and 'tinned' at a foundry and then finish them by hand.

"Then is not so easy to make a fine-toned jewsharp?"

"Certainly not. It requires a great deal of experience to be able to make a harp that will produce a true musical tone. The making and fitting of the tongue are the hardest work. I have my little portable forge here, and manufacture the steel tongues myself. The size of the tongue must be made perfectly straight and filed in a particular manner, so as to produce the smoothest vibration. Then the inner edge of the frame must be made to correspond with the edges of the tongue. The closer the frame is made to fit the tongue without coming in contact with it the better will be the quality of tone that can be produced. With one of the best harps any melody can be played, not only easily by the performers, and a skillful player can get more music out of one of these little instruments than you would imagine. I can not play well myself, or I would show you some of the effects which might be produced."

TONE AND VOLUME.

"Are the harps used with any particular pitch, so as to be used with other instruments?"

"No, I do not take the trouble to pitch them unless they are ordered that way. It is easy enough, however, to do this by shortening or lengthening the stem at the end of the tongue until the tone corresponds with the note required. Some people can play two harps at the same time, and when a pair is ordered for that purpose I always have to give them the same pitch. Most of my instruments are made to suit the taste to order, and of course I have to make them to suit my customers. A very fine instrument is made with a polished iron frame, a little heavier than the ordinary grade, which are usually only sold for toys. The additional weight of the frames gives more solidity to the tones. The penny harps are made by unskilled workmen, and are of very little value as musical instruments."

Most of the harps are made for out-of-town trade and a large number are sent west every year. For the last two years business has been very dull, and it seems as if jewsharp playing was waning in popularity. In Europe the instrument is very popular, especially among the Scotch, who take about two-thirds of all the jewsharps made in Belfast. The finer class of goods are usually put up with a silver-tipped stem, but this does not make any difference in the tone, the richness and volume of which depended entirely on the workmanship and the delicacy with which the tongue is adjusted to the frame. The only trouble about a jewsharp is that it is not a very durable instrument. After a few years' use the tone usually becomes dull and loses the clearness of its vibrations. It can easily be retained, however, by refitting the tongue, and a large number of instruments are received every year to be repaired.

According to the Talmud.

[Chicago Herald.]

A bath has been established at Albany, N. Y., where orthodox Jews may baths in accordance with the requirements of the Talmud. The custom is still observed throughout the Old World, and in some places in this country. Before the establishment of the bath in Albany many Jewish women went from Albany to New York for the purpose of performing the rite. There are only two other bath, of the kind in the United States.

The Lookout Mountain Railroad.

[Exchange.]

Eight hundred feet of the Lookout Mountain railroad have been graded and made ready for the rails. The track is to be laid and will open for business on the 10th of May, it is expected, people will be transported by rail to the place where the clouds where Hooker fought his famous battle.

Calico for China.

[Chicago Journal.]

The British manufacturers have been accustomed to make a poor quality of cotton cloth and stiffen it with sizing for the Chinese market. It is now learned that the Celestials have become disgusted at the stuff and are buying good American cottons at a little higher price.

Use of Roman Letters.

[Chicago Journal.]

The Japanese are to adopt Roman letters in their official publications. This is followed by all Christian nations, except the Germans, Danes and Russians. The types are expensive than the more complicated Chinese ones, and easier to read.

Men seldom, or rather never for a couple of times and deliberately, rebel against anything that does not deserve rebelling against.

John Lovering, of New York, is said to be the oldest living graduate of Yale College. He was graduated in the year 1811.

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

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Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

Edsall has just opened a new line of linen table napkins from 75c. to 3.50 per dozen.

Our departments are replenished every few days with

NEW GOODS

of the best quality and latest fashions, and we guarantee the price to be

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We show a larger variety of Dry and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Plushes, Velvets, Velveteens, Merino Underwear, etc., etc., than ever before. You can save time and money by a visit to

EDSALL'S.

Go To **F. G. GREEN,**

(Successor to GREEN & CO.)

FOR BARGAINS!

A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50

Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26

Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

Comptons

NEATLY REPAIRED

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COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

N. B.—NO BOTCHING.

To the Public!

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after order is given.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

Night Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned. 25 per cent Cheaper than by any other process.

By the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.

The only one of the kind in the city

Which is so constructed that it is used in any hatchway and so small a quantity of water during the operation. Orders left at 20 Grand St., Jersey City, or Plainfield Post Office, addressed to P. O. Box 778, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention. Telephone Call 66, Jersey City.

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Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

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John H. Allen,

23 EAST FRONT ST.

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Fine STATIONERY

and Fancy Paperies. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves, others are daily arriving. Call often and early at

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Electric Thermostat so connected with battery (not shown) as to prevent too low or high a temperature in your office, living apartment or conservatory, will notify when the fire is going out, etc.

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Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

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Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

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WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE & Optical Goods.

Repairing equal to New York Houses, at Reduced Rates.

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Ladies Cloaks & Jerseys

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Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.

Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.

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Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the *latest shapes from 20c up.*

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 69c up.

Childrens and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, &c *each.*

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or tips, latest style price 20 cents.

Hats, *scarfs*, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful bone silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, trieot or Sammets with waist lining and bottom all complete for the dress maker at $4.60; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.

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Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c *counter* which will contain some beautiful and useful articles,

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Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

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MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12

All wool undyed red Underwear at $1 each

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol 4, No 188 | PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1885 | Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Ninth street near Second Place. Handsomely finished hard wood floors and mantels. Heated by steam. Combines many conveniences. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 12-3-6f

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon, Rockaway, Extension Top Phaetons, etc. The above are very cheap to make room for sleighs, at I. S. French's, 18 S. Somerset street. 10-6-6f

A GOOD paying business for sale or exchange for a small place in the country, where there is running water preferred. Good reasons given for selling. For further particulars address P. O. Box 56.

LOST—Two keys, No. 12195 and 845. Finder will please leave care Evening News office, and obtain reward.

MONEY TO LOAN on bond and mortgage at 5 per cent. Apply law office Suydam and Stillman, 108 East Front.

GREAT BARGAIN—The John K. Everett residence 143 East Front st. Possession immediately. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent and 17, opposite station, Plainfield. 12-2-6f

WANTED—A second-hand Rockaway. Address lowest cost price P. O. 1511. 12-4

TO LET—A handsomely furnished home at a very reasonable rent, centrally located. Address Furnished, care Evening News. 12-1-6f

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter can obtain large handsome rooms in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes to station. Address P. O. Box 1511. 11-30-6f

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply to 32 Central avenue. 28-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 W. 2d Front St. 8-6f

Special Notices.

A CARD.
To the Public—Owing to a misunderstanding the Social that was advertised to be given in St. Mary's Hall, on Thursday evening, Dec. 3d, will not be held there. The other arrangements have been imparted in any way, and the socials will be given in Cutler's Hall on the same date. Music by Cahill is among the attractions. JOLLY TWO.

ELECTION—REFORM CLUB.
The regular annual election of officers of the Plainfield Reform Club will take place at the Howell Works, on the corner of Somerset and Stelle Roads, at eight o'clock this evening. JOHN H. FRENCH.

A CARD.
In referring to the last fire, on Nov. 25, I cannot but express my thanks to the firemen and citizens of the extra exertion they made in saving the goods from the fire and assisting in removing them from adjoining buildings, and I am but thankfully acknowledge the alacrity with which the Newark Fire Insurance Company responded in adjusting my loss, and the prompt and fair manner in which they settled, their agent, and would recommend insuring with the said company. D. W. LITTELL.

Plainfield, Dec. 2, 1885.

W. H. LUDLOW,
Somerset street, Carriage Trimming Carpenter, of all kinds retrimmed and trimmings repaired. Rubbers by permission to Hedges & Jackson, of Rahway, whose carriages supply he was for ten years, the last ten with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Jan. 1st, 1886, a front store will be added to the above business. Entrance given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1408. 12-1-3m

WANTED—
A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a new and useful household instrument. We require no capital or previous experience, but if letter be from a person of good character, habits and ability. For particulars, address, stating age, occupation, etc. Please, time is money. 12-1-3t

HALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of Front and West Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Cuffs, 4 cents per pair, Collars, 2 cents. YUEY LOY.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Floral designs, 107 Park avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All orders left with me or sent to the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the most stylish of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue opposite Church. 10-29-1y

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Wrought Iron Gorders, Book Safes, Doors, Shutters, Iron Gratings, Crestings for R. R. Sheds, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Black smithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 79 New Market, E. Kearney, Newark, N. J. 9-7-3m

MUSIC.
C. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director. Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 11-6m

Professional Cards.

J. A. OAKLEY, JR.,
Architect, No. 12 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11-4y

CARL A. JACQUES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office 24 West Front street, P. O. Box 221, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates and general Engineering work executed. Reported corps sent to any part of the country.

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,
No. 4 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Sermons, lectures, legal cases, etc. carefully reported at reasonable rates. Typewriter transcripts furnished. Instruction given in Phonography. Shorthand books for sale. Refers to the Mayor and other professional gentlemen. 11-9-3m

F. A. DUNHAM,
No. 2 Park avenue, Coward's Building.
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years' experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-19-1y

DR. CHAS. E. THIERS, DENTIST,
Of Expert Steel Operator, Columbia used as a local anesthetic. Gold filling a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal arguments and sermons a specialty. Practical lessons in Shorthand given. Typewriting taken. Typewriter for hire. Typewriter manufacturer. Agent for the Caligraph typewriter. Office, corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired. Business exists charges.

D. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 1 Pearl street, corner Front. Office hours until 10 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 8-29-6m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,
Physician and Electrician, corner Second and Washington street. Office hours till 9 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Special women's practice.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

ISAAC A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor in Chancery, Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block. Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J.
W. Stillman.
George F. Suydam.

DR. ROBERT W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
No. 111 Somerset street, over Grinnell's Hardware store, formerly at 104 East Second street.) Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 3. 12-11-6m

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

☞THE NEWS is delivered in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, New Market and Dunellen, at ten cents per week, payable to carrier collector every two weeks. Carrier, F. W. Wilbur's, corner of Elm and Broad streets, Westfield, is the headquarters for THE NEWS in that locality, and he will receive subscriptions and orders for and answers to advertisements.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.44 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5.15 p. m.

Post Office opens at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open with evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open evening until 9.00 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding dates of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

	1885.	1884.
6 a. m.	35	6 a. m. 25
9 a. m.	40	9 a. m. 39
12 m.	40	12 m. 39
3 p. m.	40	3 p. m. 43

Almanac.

DECEMBER, 1885.

Sunrise.....7.5 a.m | Sunrise.....7.5 a.m.
Sun Sets ...4.34 p.m. | Sun Sets.....4.34 p.m.
Moon Rises 1.55 p. m. | Moon Rises.....p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be generally from partly cloudy to fair and warmer.

☞COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—"We, Us & Co." at Music Hall to-night.

—Wood and West, the latest European novelties, are to be at the Casino rink to-night.

—At Bachman Bros. can be found special low prices in ladies', gent's and children's underwear.

—There will be an entertainment by the Berean Class at the Warren Mission Chapel this evening.

—The attraction at the Hospital Fair in Reform Hall this afternoon will be a Punch and Judy show.

—J. K. Emmet will appear in his world-renowned play, "Fritz in Ireland," at Music Hall Saturday evening, December 5. See adv.

—At the Howell Division S. of T. rooms this evening the annual election of officers of the Reform Club will take place. See special notice.

—The members of the Congregational Church and Sunday school will hold a sociable in the parlors of the church this evening. A pleasant time is anticipated.

—The ninth anniversary of the Children's Home will be held in the First Baptist church this evening at 7.45. The Rev. A. D. Bradford of Montclair will deliver an address.

—Joseph Blatz, the well-known proprietor of Blatz's hotel on Somerset street, North Plainfield, is having his building on the corner of Front and Somerset streets repaired.

—Comrade Charles R. Stephens of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, has made application for the position of janitor of the new public school building. He served in the late war and w s disabled.

—The surgeon in attendance on William Alberti, who is still in a disabled condition at Alfred Center from the late railroad accident, has hopes of his final recovery, notwithstanding his prolonged illness.

—The Board of Managers of the Plainfield Fire Department will hold their regular December meeting in the city court room at eight o'clock Tuesday evening. All members are requested to be present as business of importance is to be transacted.

—At a recent meeting of No. 1 Circle of the C. L. S. C., Mr. Hurlut offered an original conundrum. He said: "What proof have we that Cæsar married an Irish girl?" "When marching at the head of his army to to the Rhine, he proposed to Bridge-it." was the answer.

—The several Posts of the New Jersey Department of the Grand Army of the Republic are ordered by Commander H. M. Nevins to elect their officers on their first meeting in December. The several Posts are to elect delegates to the department in the first meeting night this month.

—John Johnson, the New Jersey Central Railroad conductor who died at St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, on Monday, was buried from his late home, No. 289 Communipaw avenue, Jersey City, yesterday afternoon. Amity Chapter, No. 51, R. A. M., conducted the service. Deceased was forty-one years old and leaves a widow, but no children.

—After the battle, it is usual to gather up the wounded. So it was that D. Frank Cornell, President of the Common Council, who in the recent contest ran ahead of such men on the same ticket as Messrs. Potts and Warling, but had to share in the general hard luck of the Republicans, is among the wounded, and the North avenue den glooms over his discomfiture. The jackals gloat over the fall of the lion.

—A peremptory writ of mandamus was served on the Mayor and Common Council of Rahway on Tuesday night, issued by the Supreme Court on behalf of Patrick Sheridan, County Collector, that all money on hand and to be received shall be paid to the Collector until the county tax for 1879, amounting to $11,000, is satisfied. The Common Council after much discussion voted 9 to 2 to reconsider the resolution in reference to further issue of adjustment bonds after January 1, and it was referred back to the Finance Board.

The Muhlenberg Fair at Reform Hall.

"There is a Reaper, whose name is Death,
And with his sickle keen
He cuts the bearded grain at a breath
And the flowers that grow between."

But by deeds of loving-kindness
In rich enlightened lands,
Noble Christian women try
To stay the Reaper's hand.

Among the noblest means in Plainfield to such an end is Muhlenberg Hospital, sustained by the efforts of noble Christian men and women.

A fair is now in progress at Reform Hall, under the auspices of the women of the various churches. The object of this fair, which is held annually, is to help the Muhlenberg treasury, whereby the sick may be healed, and the fallen raised and sent on their way rejoicing.

"The good we may be doing as the days are rolling by" is shown at the fair by the fairest of the fair, the loveliest and noblest, for women are never so lovely as when engaged in noble deeds, and what could be more ennobling than deeds having for their object, relief of the suffering. It is the highest of Christian virtues, and is most beautifully exemplified at the Muhlenberg fair, which continues this evening, awaiting the outpouring of material blessings from all the people, all of whom are more or less benefited by the institution, to help which, as stated, the fair is given. The various stalls are presided over by committees of women from the various churches, Catholic and Protestant alike, all combining in this great work, and it is the general wish to have the success of the present fair fully equal, if not exceed the Muhlenberg fairs of previous years.

At the "Crescent" table, Mrs. Ostrom and Mrs. Edgerton preside, Miss Millie Ayres at the well, Mrs. Talmadge, Mrs. Livingston and Miss Schepperd at the candy counter; Mrs. Errickson at the apron counter; Mrs. Tomlinson and Mrs. VanDyke at the children's table; Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Huntington, and the Misses Tweedy at "Greco" table.

Councilman-elect Rowland Cox, the most popular of Democrats, according to the vote at the recent election, exhibits an afghan which he declares was made by a Prohibitionist and blessed by a Jeffersonian Democrat.

Miss Medina, Miss Tiffany and Miss Tyler preside at the flower bower, and make the flowers seem even more fresh and beautiful in such congenial company.

The Japanese booth is of exceptional "get up," presided over as it is by four fair females, in costumes of Japanese "high" rank, who call themselves Yum Yum, Hardgery, "Pitti-sing" Riera, Miss "Peep Bo" Taggart and Miss "Katisha" Depew grotesquely and picturesquely adorn, notwithstanding that Miss Depew is a rather young, grizzly-elderly "Katisha," Petite Miss Helen Warren is also said to be there. They are not "Mikado" Scott, who appears in costume a veritable lineal descendant of the Prince of Satsuma himself. Next to the Japanese booth is a country store with pretty saleswomen in country attire, but through the disguise, they strikingly resemble Miss Maria Smith and Miss Laura Rushmore.

But when the attractions offered at each of these stands are seen, and availed of, the stairs at the back of the speaker's platform lead the way to the refreshment room down stairs, which is a part of the fair, which one should not miss. There is a Miss at every table, or the cordial company will make you think so before you have finished Mrs. Wm. B. Maxson's creamed oysters, Mrs. E. P. Williams' coffee, and the biscuits of the Misses Bass.

Mrs. Stover is the "Chef du Cuisine," assisted by the others named, and by Mrs. Craft and Mrs. Bowers, the latter the wife of the Councilman-elect who received at the recent election next to the highest number of votes for Councilman-at-Large, and whose charming daughters, Maud and Ethel, and the no less charming Mrs. Craig A. Marsh, Miss Florence Potter, Miss Streuli, Miss Fehrman and Miss L. Dejew are the waitresses, Mrs. J. D. Titsworth being commander-in-chief.

If after partaking of all the good things offered, you do not conclude that there is a miss at every table, you may say we were amiss in our calculations, but you must go there to-night to prove it by ocular and gastronomical demonstration. "We've been there."

Don't go and see it yourself. You will enjoy it and confer great pleasure on the good ladies who have taken so much pains to make the fair a success.

We, Us & Co. To-night.

The numerous and excellent cast of the "We, Us & Co." combination, which is to appear in the love play at Music Hall to-night, is spoken of by the New York critics in terms of warm praise. And as for Miss Vaughn, the celebrated contralto, the Kansas City Journal says: "It is impossible to expatiate too fully on the beauty of Miss Theresa Vaughn, or to overpraise the delicious quality of her pure contralto voice. One is reminded of the days of Annie Louise Carey. When Miss Vaughn sings, melody flows from her parted lips. There is no effort, no reaching after effects. She sings as the bird sings. The gift is divine." See adv.

Knights of Pythias in Session at Trenton.

The nineteenth annual convention of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, opened at Trenton yesterday morning in Masonic Hall. The morning was devoted to the initiation of Past Chancellors. In the afternoon the reports of officers were read. The delegates from the Lodges in this city were Eugene V. Lorton, John Carney, Alexander Gee and John Wakefield.

PERSONAL.

Daniel Nolan of New York is spending a few days with his father on Manning avenue, North Plainfield.

Marcus L. Clawson, a young man of this place, started on Tuesday for Florida, where he expects to find employment at orange raising. A number of his friends tendered him an agreeable surprise at his home on West Second street, previous to his departure.

State Teachers' Institute.

On Saturday a meeting of the persons interested in the organization of a State Teachers' Reading Circle will be held in the High School at Newark. The committee appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws will then make its report, and an election for officers will be held.

The course of readings extends through three years. At the end of the half year, meetings are held when the members talk over and discuss the subject that they have read.

The course prescribed will be a professional one, more particularly for the teachers. It will include the history, principles and methods of education. The course will also include English literature and history. At the end of each year certificates will be issued showing that the course has been completed for the year. At the end of the three years course a diploma is granted to those members who complete it. These diplomas will influence the appointment of teachers, and those holding them will be preferred when positions are to be filled in the schools of the State. There will be a State Board of Control consisting of one member from each Congressional district and the four officers of the circle, making eleven members in all. There will also be a committee to decide upon and arrange the course of readings to be taken up by the members of the circle. Great enthusiasm is already being shown by the educators throughout the State, and there is now every indication that the circle will be a great success. The plan will include a systematic and thorough course of reading.

Post-office Statistics.

From the report of A. D. Hazen, Third Assistant Postmaster General, upon the business of his office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, it appears that the total postal revenue during the year was $42,566,843, while the expenditures were $45,042,415, leaving the excess of estimated total cost of service over gross receipts $8,381,571. The gross receipts were $765,114 less than those of the preceding year. A part of the decrease, says the Third Assistant, may be attributed to the increase of the limit of weight on second-class matter from two ounces to four ounces without a change in the rate of postage, but a more potent factor was the stagnation of business throughout the country.

In speaking of the special delivery system, the report shows that during October last the number of letters of that class received for delivery at all special delivery offices was 140,820; and the gross income from the business during the same month was $14,082, while the net revenue was $3,926.

At the larger post-offices the system has been reasonably successful, and with proper management the business is likely to increase. At the smaller offices, say at all other than the letter-carrier offices, or at places having a population of less than 30,000, the present system has been, and probably will continue to be of no great practical value.

Big Earnings of the Jersey Central.

The statement of the reorganization trustees of the Reading Railroad Company, that the Jersey Central Railroad Company has earned $5,000,000 in the past year confirms the suspicion of the officers of the latter that they were not given what was due them. The Reading has allowed dividends and interest to go by default repeatedly, and yet the statement is made that the property has earned $5,000,000 this year. This will strengthen the petition of the directors for the restoration of their property to them.

—Mr. Frohman, the author of "May Blossom," which was so acceptably rendered at Stillman Music Hall, Monday evening, was formerly a reporter on The New York Tribune, and while in that capacity was sent one Saturday in 1878 to write up Plainfield. He missed the train at Elizabeth, and remained there until Sunday, then driving out here got posted from some of our old residents. He has made a great success and some money as a play writer, and among his best good sayings stands "May Blossom," about which, as the audience were dispersing Monday evening, such expressions as "Wasn't it splendid!" and others similar, testified to the great pleasures derived in witnessing its production by the excellent company he brought here.

—At the adjourned meeting of the Bound Brook Improvement Society Monday night a permanent organization was perfected as follows: O. B. Reynolds, President; George LaMonte, William H. Ayres and Judge J. M. Thompson, Vice-Presidents; Henry C. Snyder, Secretary; James N. Brown, Treasurer, with an Executive Committee consisting of Ransom Lamb, R. H. Swayze, L. D. Cook, M. O'Connor, A. Codington, W. H. Alpaugh, A. S. Corfell, William Hagan and S. F. Littell. This organization is made up of representative men of the village.

—The members of Lafayette Co., No. 3, will hold a fair at Cutter's Hall on December 16, 17, 18 and 19, and it is needless to say that the boys are very desirous of making it a financial success. The ladies of Plainfield can and should help them by contributions of fancy articles, or articles of any kind that can be used at the fair. Donations may be left at Brewer's shoe store, 32 West Front street.

—The bitter political struggle over the Police Tenure of Office Law was ended on Tuesday night by the Democratic members of the New Brunswick City Council abandoning their intention to appeal to the Court of Errors. The old police force will be reorganized on Monday night with seven Republican and five Democratic members.

—The next attraction offered at Music Hall by the Music Hall Association is "Fritz in Ireland," by J. K. Emmett and Company, on Saturday night. To-night the Hall is rented to Schuyler & Co., who will appear in "We, Us & Co."

—Councilman-elect Voorhees, by reason of his having been formerly in Council, and receiving the largest majority at the recent election, is favorably spoken of for the Presidency of that body.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

(Contributed.)

Prof. Miller's class in reading, writing, and arithmetic, met in the hall last evening.

Rev. Mr. Love of this city will preach at Washingtonville school house on Sunday evening next at 7.30 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors will be held in the parlor this evening at 8 o'clock.

The subject for the Young Men's social religious meeting on Saturday evening next is "Opportunities Unused, Lost."

A meeting of the Devotional Committee has been called and will be held in the parlor on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock immediately at the close of the young men's meeting.

All the members of the Junior Society, Boys' Branch, are requested to be present at the meeting on Friday afternoon at four o'clock. There was much interest in the drill at the last meeting, and the boys did well.

The attention of Sunday School teachers, scholars, and all others interested in the study of the International lessons is called to Prof. Holmes' class, held in the hall every Thursday afternoon from 4.30 to 5.30 o'clock for the study of the lessons. Many have taken advantage of this class and have been greatly benefited thereby. There is still room for more. All are invited.

At the request of some of the members of the Association a class in mechanical drawing has been arranged for, and will be started (provided a sufficient number go into it to make it successful). The class will meet once in two weeks, taking up about twenty lessons, and will be free to members of the Association. Any young man who is not a member of the Y. M. C. A. and wants to go into the class may do so either by joining the Association or by paying a small sum

Resolutions of Respect.

Plainfield, N. J., Dec 1, 1885.

At the last regular encampment of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, Dept. of N. J. G. A. R., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In view of the loss we have sustained by the death of our friend and comrade, Darius Martin, and of the still greater loss sustained by those who were near and dearest to him; therefore be it

Resolved, By Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, Dept. of N. J. G. A. R., that while we bow with humble submission to the will of the most High, we do not the less mourn for our comrade, who has answered the final roll call.

Resolved, That it is but a just tribute to the memory of our deceased comrade to say that in regretting his removal from our ranks we mourn for one who was in every way worthy of respect and regard.

Resolved, That we tenderly condole with the wife of our deceased comrade in their hour of trial and affliction, and devoutly commend them to the keeping of Him who looks with pitying eye upon the widowed and fatherless.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the Post and a copy thereof be transmitted to the family of our deceased comrade and to each of the newspapers of Plainfield.

NEW MARKET NOTES.

(Contributed.)

Mrs. Burdick's art class is doing fine work in oil painting.

Rev. Mr. Miller of the Presbyterian church of Dunellen, preached for Mr. Burdick last Sabbath.

Mr. Abraham Dunham is repairing his house. Mr. Harry Dunham is the artist who wields the brush.

The funeral of Asa Dunn, who died of lockjaw on Monday, took place from his late residence at 2 o'clock to-day.

A card from Dr. Williams of Alfred Center states that he had two ribs broken in the runaway which occurred in New Market on Sunday, November 22. Mr. Tice has been out every day, but is still quite sore. Mr. Burdick went out for the first time last Friday. The buggy is a sight to behold.

STATE NOTES

The deer shooting season closed Monday.

The diphtheria epidemic at Salem is abating.

Four boys escaped from the Jamesburg Reform School Sunday afternoon. They were captured the following day in the salt meadows near Matawan.

Mount Holly has 1,226 children of school age, with accommodations for only 800.

Work on the addition to the State Capitol has been discontinued for the season.

The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias will meet in annual session at Trenton to-day.

A new life-saving station is to be erected in close proximity to the new light house at Sea Isle City.

Dr. Samuel S. Clark, one of the managers of the Home for Aged Persons, died at his home in Belvidere, on Monday, aged 60 years.

Henry A. Cuttenden, a well-known citizen of Monmouth, offers $500 to any one who will prove beyond a doubt that the earth moves or ever has moved upon its axis.

The body of Emil F. Spahn, the New Brunswick engineer, who disappeared mysteriously on the morning of November 6, was found floating in the Kill von Kull, on Sunday.

The Town Council of West Hoboken are a choleric body. They passed a vote of thanks to a poor resident of the town with a turkey at Christmas. Officers were directed to obtain the name of the deserving poor.

The "Distinguished Row" in the State prison has been broken up. Messrs. Jarrard, Bunch and others who were found in South Hall, and were accorded some privileges. Keeper Laverty last week, it is stated, ordered the removal of the prisoners to the different parts of the institution, where they are confined in less commodious cells and all special privileges they have enjoyed are cut off.

Educational.

ART SCHOOL—
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 7 East Front street. M. E. MOODY 12-1-6m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and Counterpoint. Door street, North Plainfield. 10-10-7

PIANO LESSONS.
Miss Nettie Mattison is now prepared to give piano instruction either at her own or at the pupil's residence. Refers to Mr. and Mrs. Mattison, parents of Revel Mattison and to others. P. O. Box 1581.

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Graduate and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 56 West Second street, corner Dudley. 11-20-1y

MISS M. A. BARIGHT,
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. Please address Box 1086.

ELOCUTION.
Mr. Dunbar, the Elocutionist, class or private lessons. Residence, 10 Grove street. Mon. Albert, P. O. Box 1086.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

TO-NIGHT

AT

MUSIC HALL.

WE, US and CO.

Music Hall, Saturday Evening, Dec. 5.

"OUR FRITZ"

The Founder of Dialect German Comedy,

Mr. J. K. Emmet

In his most successful, his funniest and ever welcome Drama

Fritz in Ireland

Or, The Bell Ringer of the Rhine, and the Lass of the Shamrock! His songs are sung in the parlors of the Rich and the garrets of the Poor. Our own Orchestra of select musicians travel with this company to support Mr. Emmet in his original songs and dances. Under the management of Philip H. Lehnen. Sale of seats begins to-morrow morning.

Wood & West

AT THE

CASINO RINK

TO-NIGHT.

Friday and Saturday Evening,

AND

Saturday Matinee.

December 3, 4 and 5.

General Evening Admission 15 cents. Afternoon Admission 10c.

FAIR

OF

ENGINE CO. NO. 2,

AT

Cutter's Hall,

DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.

Season Tickets 25 cents. Tickets for one night only 10c.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets, Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.

1,500 Pounds of Western Geese Feathers, former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.

4 4 Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Skirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at

Boehm's

7 W. FRONT ST.

Photography

No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Old

Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest

Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

F. C. LANGHORNE, Proprietor.

A VOLCANO!

IN

DRY GOODS

AT

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold regardless of sacrifice before going out of the business in this city.

The times are hard, and business all over the country is dull, and people are watching opportunities to buy goods cheap, and now is your chance and time, to get them from us.

Look at these low astonishing prices, and you certainly will be convinced that it is a true and decided fact.

Sweeping reductions in Ladies' Scarlet Underwear.

We are offering to the public Ladies' Scarlet all wool medicated Vests at the low figure of $1, reduced from $1.75.

Ladies' White Vests we are selling at 50c, reduced from 85c.

We are offering all our White and Opera Shades in Kid Gloves at the redneed price of 25c.

Agents for the Moschowitz Model Waist Linings.

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

L. M. FRENCH Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs

FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St. *PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

A. SWALM,

Wall Paper,

No 6 North Avenue,

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3 37, 5 43, 6 52, 7 03, 7 30, 8 15, 9 45, 10 57, 11 38 a. m.; 12 33, 1 31, 2 25, 3 57, 5 01, 5 53, 6 32, 7 01, 7 32, 8 40, 9 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 42, 10 32, 11 37, a. m.; 1 37, 5 30, 7 00, 9 07 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6 26, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 55, 10 45, 11 15 a. m.; 1 05, 1 35, 2 40, 3 35, 4 00, 4 35, 5 45, 6 30, 6 55, 7 30, 8 15, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, at 8 30 a. m.; 12 10, 1 30 4 30, 5 35, 7 10, 9 15 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 7 14, 7 55, 9 27, 11 45, 11 55 a. m.; 2 45, 4 25, 5 05, 6 04, 8 02, 9 06, 9 35, 11 04 p. m. Sunday at 5 10 a. m.; 6 43 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6 19, 8 37 a. m.; 12 40, 4 20, 4 55, 7 00 p. m. Sunday at 7 00 a. m.; 7 00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5 10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk.

7 38 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Driftton, Upper Lehigh and Wilkesbarre.

8 37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Boonton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Ashland.

9 05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Local Trains to Somerville, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3 27, 8 02, 11 08 a. m. 2 51, 5 53 p. m. Saturdays (except Ocean Grove) 2 27 8 45 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 3 27, 8 02, 10 19, 11 50 a. m.; 2 16, 5 04, 8 06 * 8 17 p. m. Sunday at 1 32, 5 10, * 9 15 p. m. 6 30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Pulaski Skating Rink and Green Streets, at 8 30, * 9 31, 11 00 a. m.; 1 15, 3 45, 5 40, 6 45 * 12 01 p. m. Sunday at 8 30 and 10 30 a. m.; 1 30 p. m.

Third and Tatt Streets at 5 10, 8 21, * 9 00, 10 30 a. m.; 1 40, 3 30, 5 25, 6 30, * 10 25, 11 25 a. m. Sunday at 9 30, 11 30 a. m.; 1 35, 9 15, 9 40 * a. m.; 6 15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.
J. E. WOOTTEN, Gen. Manager.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1885.

THE TIGER OF SINGAPORE.

How the Ferocious Beast Attacks a Man —A Famous Tiger Hunter.

[Washington Post Interview.]

"Are the tiger and other wild animals as destructive and dangerous as they used to be?"

"Perhaps not quite as much, but it is almost an every day occurrence for some of the natives to be carried off by one of the ferocious beasts. Numbers are killed whose deaths are never reported to the police. Sometimes bodies are found lying out in the jungle with the neck broken and half eaten. The tiger kills by breaking the neck of his victim. A full-grown tiger's paw will leave a mark in soft soil which could scarcely be covered by large saucer. In killing a man or beast the tiger springs upon him from behind, and, springing on the back of a victim, breaks the latter's neck with a stroke of its powerful paw. Then the tiger sucks the slaughter vein, and sometimes the nail of the leg of the victim.

"According to the state of his tigership's appetite, he will devour the entire body and fleshy parts of the dead carcass or leave it until he is hungry, when he returns and finishes it. They have terrible teeth, and one stroke of the paw will tear away almost as much ease as a dog could a chicken's. The tigers are so bold when hungry that they will carry off a woman or a child from a group of natives during a night, and, dashing with a rush like as a cat does a mouse."

"Are there no measures taken to exterminate the tiger?"

"There is a reward of $25 for every tiger killed. It used to be $50, but they became so plentiful that the price for their death had to be reduced. In the Straits Settlements tiger hunters Singapore ever hunted was a man named Carroll, an overseer of a sugar plantation. He was a South Carolinian, and always carried a rifle and revolver. He was a dead shot, and sometimes killed two man-eaters a day. When a carcass was found in the woods he would go over it, and either dig a hole in the ground, in which to conceal himself, or climb a tree, from which he could get a good shot at the tiger when he came to the body of the remains of his victim. From this origin of vantage he used to fetch them every time. He was never one hurt by the beasts, and at last died of jungle fever."

The Secret-Marriage System in Georgia.

In the name of the young people of Summerville at present against any more secret marriages. We applaud last Sunday a debate held in the church by the pastor on young men getting married. We suppose it must be very much because they feared that if they waited they might find out. Afterwards what they and long waiting, all they great-

Spring Pearl Shoes.

At 91 and 93 Broadway, New York, will be found a full assortment of spring pearl shoes for ladies, misses, children and gents, and selling them at from $1 to $5 cents.

A NEW INDIAN POLICY.

COMMISSIONER ATKINS' PLAN TO MAKE THEM CIVILIZED BEINGS.

He Thinks if They Become Tillers of the Soil the Problem is Solved. A New Marshal of the District Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The annual report of the commissioners of Indian affairs has been made public. Gen. Atkins devotes nearly one-quarter of his report to an explanation of the general policy which he thinks should be adopted by the government in the management of the Indians. He proposes at the outset to make agriculturists of them. It requires no seer, he says, to foresee the civilization of the Indian races as a result naturally deducible from a knowledge and practice upon their part of the art of agriculture, for the history of agriculture among all people and in all countries intimately connects the Indian. The highest intellectual and moral development of man. The Indian, he says, constitutes no exception to this political maxim. He sees hopeful signs of Indian progress and development in the increased interest manifested in agriculture on several reservations during the past few years.

In outlining the practical policy which he believes should be adopted by congress and the government in the management of the Indians, he advocates the dissolution of tribal relations and the allotment of lands in severalty to the Indians, and it should be industriously impressed upon them that they must abandon their tribal relations and take lands in severalty as the cornerstone upon their complete success in agriculture, which means self-support, personal independence and thrift. The lands must be taken in their lands in severalty in sufficient quantities and the remaining lands of their reservations should be purchased by the government and opened to homestead entry as fifty or one-hundred-and-sixty acres, and the money paid by the government for their lands held in trust, and invested for the education, civilization and material advancement of the red men, reserving for each tribe its own annuities. He thinks they can easily be made self-sustaining by agriculture, and then when the farm and the necessary agricultural and other institutions among them, they will be prepared to take the higher and more responsible duties and privileges which appertain to American citizenship.

For the education of Indians next year the commissioner asks for an increase of more than $100,000 above the appropriation for the current year. He urges the repeal of the passage of laws prohibiting the sale of firearms to Indians off of reservations, and to put a stop to aggressions on Indian lands.

The Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The debt statement shows an increase in the public debt during the month of November, with exception to $4,787,198. The net cash balance reported in the treasury is $61,320,593, a decrease since November 1 of $4,987,097, and the total debt on which interest ceases is $1,452,544,760. The gold coin, bullion and gold certificate balance in the treasury is now $146,391,466, or about $4,000,000 more than a month ago, and the silver dollar, silver bullion, silver and silver certificate balance is $76,440,333, or about $3,000,000 more than on November 1. The amount of fractional silver and minor coins in the treasury to be applied and available for the reduction of the receipts, from all sources show an increase of about $1,000,000, and amount to $111,017,248, while the outstanding legal tender notes on the 1st of this year are but $115,315,016, or more than $7,000,000 less than for the corresponding months of 1884.

A New Marshal of the District.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The president has appointed Henry L. Wilson, of Washington, to be United States marshal for the District of Columbia. Mr. Wilson is president of an insurance company, vice-president of a railway company and a bank director in this city. The president being convinced that the people of the District of Columbia are entitled to the entire time and attention of this officer in the performance of the legitimate duties pertaining to the marshalship, has determined to relieve the office of the unofficial and social functions that have in late years attended it, and for this reason will not be called upon to perform the latter service.

The Revision of the House Rules.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Evening Star reports that one of the more conservative members of both parties has written to him on the question of changing the rules of the house, and will favor a different plan from that proposed by Mr. Springer, being opposed to the dis ribution of the appropriation bills among committees, they will direct their attention to the prevention of riders being carried through the house on the appropriation bills. Their idea is to give the committee control of all appropriations, but to take from it the power to legislate or recommend legislation in appropriation bills. There are now 130 representatives in Washington.

Comme ce on the Great Lakes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Representative Carleton, of Michigan, will prepare for introduction in the house at the next session an opportunity some bills of important bearing upon the commerce on the great lakes and on passenger travel. He proposes to introduce a bill requiring passenger steamers to leave a correct passenger list at every port at which they stop. The object of this is to provide accurate information in case of disaster. Then the tiger exists the inspector even, and sometimes the nail of the leg of the victim.

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RIEL'S CASE.

Why He Deserved No Mercy—He Incited the Indians.

MONTREAL, Dec. 3.—The Star publishes the defense of the Dominion government in the execution of Riel. The document, which covers five columns, is in the shape of a report to the privy council by the minister of justice, Sir Alexander Campbell, and reviews the whole subject in an exhaustive manner, showing that owing to the authority of the Roman Catholic church in the northwest Riel was not entitled to any sympathy. His conviction was just, and he should be hanged willing at any moment to sell out the Metis for a few thousand dollars. The question of his sanity is satisfactorily settled.

The report concludes as follows: "Guilty of high treason for a second time, he had no more claim to the indulgence which it has been the habit to accord to political offenders than has one of the common prowling part of his crime. No one denies that it was he who raised the Indian tribes of the northwest and that he had been the direct cause of the frightful massacres of a number of persons, among whom two Catholic priests, missionaries, have perished, victims to savage barbarity. And all this because he could not brook the northwest who is the murderer of Fathers Faford and Lamarchand and they will all reply 'Riel.' He alone had been able to persuade the Indians that he was to regenerate their race firstly and chiefly for the murders which the rising has caused. Now, to raise the Indians is regarded by every government in the world under the control as a crime which deserves death, for it is a crime against all the laws of humanity. Indian warfare being a war of extermination without quarter, without mercy, and without respect for women and children. It is the greatest possible outrage on civilization, and a crime which falls outside the class of political offenses."

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The children of Charles Deake present this newly discovered will for probate, claiming they are entitled to the estate, and the statues prohibit the probate of a will after twenty years from the decease of the testator, but the attorneys for the Deakes contended that this statute does not apply when a will has been suppressed, and that this will must be presented for probate and a decision obtained before other proceedings can be instituted in the courts. Judge Peabody denied the will, and the case will now be brought before an equity court.

ARMS FOR THE SUBLIME PORTE.

Forty Thousand Stands Shipped From New York to Constantinople.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—It was learned yesterday the Turko-Russian war the Sultan contracted for a large quantity of rifles to be delivered by the Providence Tool company. Part of the order has been taken from and delivered, but never paid for, and owing to the failure to get their money the company went into bankruptcy. The remaining 40,000 stands were stored in Brooklyn warehouses. On them the company borrowed $175,000 of Drexel, Morgan & Co. That firm rehypothecated the arms to secure themselves, and there have been quadrangular suits over the property ever since, in which the sublime porte, the Providence Tool company, Drexel & Morgan and the Ordnance Bureau have been parties. The sultan lately demanded the delivery of the 40,000 stands of arms at contract price. The tool company refused and appealed to the courts. The courts ordered them for their losses by reason of the non-fulfillment of the contract. Satisfactory arrangements in this respect have now been made, and the arms are taken from their warehouses and shipped to Constantinople Monday night.

A Volunteer Crew's Bravery.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—The captain of the Anita Owen states that the vessel left Perth Amboy a week ago last Wednesday and had good weather for the first two days, but then encountered a northeaster off Cape Cod. At 4 a. m. on Monday a heavy sea struck her and shifted her cargo, so that she labored heavily. The sea was mountains high, and she but drifted steadily to leeward, and finally fetched into Harding's ledge, where she passed stays. The anchors were dropped, but one of the cables parted, and the vessel was left at the storm's mercy. A tug came to her assistance, but the towline parting abandoned her. She grounded at 11 o'clock. The sea was high and continually broke over her. A signal light of distress was burned, in response to which a volunteer crew manned the Massachusetts Humane Society's lifeboat, and at 3 o'clock this morning brought off the crew. The captain's wife was with him, and sustained the ordeal bravely.

The Modern Claude Duval.

TOLEDO, Dec. 3.—George A. Ellwood, the modern Claude Duval, whose midnight visitations in aristocratic mansions has gained for him a widespread notoriety, is on trial here for a burglary committed here on the night of May 1st. Mrs. Bangs, wife of the gentleman robbed, swore she recognized Ellwood's voice as that of the burglar. She was positive he was the robber. Baumgartner, a pal of Ellwood, stood for cross examination. He positively identified a ring found on Ellwood and other articles stolen. The case is attracting great interest. Detectives from Milwaukee, Chicago and other large western cities, whose residences were robbed, have visited the city for the purpose of identifying stolen plunder. Ellwood and his pal Wilson were arrested in New York city.

A Well-Known Musician Dying.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3.—Professor H. Hammer, the leader of the Germania musical club and other German singing societies in Baltimore, was suddenly stricken with paralysis while passing Germania hall. His death is momentarily expected. Professor Hammer is known to German people all over the country. He was the conductor of the musical festival recently held at Brooklyn, being the leader of the victorious singing society.

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CHARGED WITH UXOCIDE.

An Old Man Held For the Killing of His Wife.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 3.—A brutal murder of a woman occurred in the village of Medina, about forty miles west of here, and the inquest has resulted in the arrest of her husband, charged with the crime. The first dispatches from Medina stated that when John Miles returned from his house at 12:30 o'clock he found his wife Amelia, aged 58, lying on the floor dead. The story told by Miles to the police reporters was to the effect that at about 10:30 he left home, returning at the time above mentioned. According to custom he went to the back door, but found it locked. He put his hand to a button holding the latch down and preventing its opening. He came around to the front door and talked to a couple of neighbors, and then went home. He found the bottom of the latch and, opening the door, entered. He found the body of his wife lying on the threshold between the kitchen and the pantry with a terrible gash in the face and the throat cut from ear to ear. In a nearby room a dipper of water was heavily tinged with blood, where the murderer had evidently washed his hands. He then went to and aroused the neighbors, telling them his wife had been murdered, and he had been robbed of $107.

A coroner was speedily summoned and an investigation begun. It was shown that Miles himself was the only person seen around the premises, and his answers to certain questions were so vague that suspicion was aroused. A jury was ordered to be sworn. On his person was found the sum of $900. In the house a silver watch, a purse with some money and a revolver were found untouched. The case against Miles is regarded as strong. The character of the man is fair, there never having been any quarrels between him and his wife, so far as the neighbors are aware. It is reported that he had a word between them of any angry nature. Miles is a Frenchman, about 67 years old.

BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.

It Runs Amuck Through the Streets of Newark.

NEWARK, Dec. 3.—A large black dog ran through the streets in the Fifth ward, Newark, foaming at the mouth. At the corner of Ferry and Union streets it bit Austin Pitzgerald, a ragpicker living at 59 Union street, on the thigh, on the arm and through the right hand. A woman escaped from its fangs by springing into a milk wagon. It then ran to the Bull's Head street, fell in trying to avoid the brute, and was bitten through the left arm. The dog then ran down Elm street, passing through a group of Catholic school children without touching any.

In McWhorter street it bit the arm of a little girl who was on her way to school. It was following her when it met Patrick Boyle. At Congress street a large Newfoundland dog which attacked it was bitten. A cur which got in the way was attacked and savagely bitten. Another Newfoundland sprang upon the front stoop of Mrs. Lee's house and gnashed at the door, stripping a molding from a large panel and grinding the wood to splinters.

Here Robert McKelvey came upon the scene with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. The dog sprang toward him. He fired and wounded it in the head. Another dog then came up and killed it with an axe. The children bitten were taken to the office of Dr. E. A. Osborne as quickly as possible and their wounds cauterized. Many of the dogs that were bitten were killed by their owners, but it is feared that several others are running at large with wounds made by the mad dog's teeth.

SECRETARY BAYARD'S SUCCESSOR.

A Bitter Fight Anticipated in Delaware. Factional Differences.

WILMINGTON, Dec. 3.—The leading Republicans of the state held a meeting at Dover pursuant to the call of the Republican state central committee. After some discussion a resolution was adopted by a vote declaring that the party was in no condition to conduct a campaign next fall, and therefore no ticket would be put in the field. This action was the result of factional election. The factional differences in the Republican party have so severed the organization that the leaders have refused to contribute funds, as their wont, to pay the taxes of the negro voters for the present year, which, if unpaid, under the statutes disfranchises them for two years. The coming election in the fall of 1886 will be the most important to the Democrats that has been held here for a number of years, inasmuch as a United States senator to fill Mr. Bayard's place will be voted for by the legislature elected at that time. The fight will be the bitterest ever known in the history of Delaware Democracy, and will be the more interested by the presence of all Republican influences from the campaign.

Fatal Collision of Trains.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 3.—Two freight trains on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad collided about 9 o'clock, near Washington, Pa. Two of the trainmen were instantly killed and three severely injured. William Reynolds, one of the injured, was brought to the West Penn hospital, in this city, where his feet will be amputated. Both engines and a number of cars were completely wrecked.

Quiet in the Monongahela Valley.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 3.—Everything quiet, is the latest report from the scenes of the recent mining troubles in the Monogahela valley. Great excitement has been caused, however, by the fact that the men have made to blow dam No. 4 out of the river with dynamite and thus effectually remove the cause of all the miners' troubles in this district.

Mutual Protection in Leather.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—The leather and shoe manufacturers had a meeting here, at the instigation of forty-two manufacturers of Brockton, to form an independent order for mutual benefit and protection. The meeting, which was secret, organized, "The New England Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' association," and adjourned subject to call.

Governor Abbett Recovering.

NEWARK, Dec. 3.—Governor Abbett is recovering satisfactorily from the severe effects of a surgical operation on an old wound in the eye at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. The governor suffers from an affection of the cerebral tone at the base of the brain. He visits the infirmary everyday for treatment.

John Kelly Rapidly Recovering.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Mrs. John Kelly declared to a reporter that Mr. Kelly had been assured by Dr. Keyes, his physician, that his recovery was now certain, and that it would not even be necessary for him to take a business trip for the winter, as had been contemplated.

Guarding the President's Message.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—A Washington special to The Mail and Express says: "The president's message is being guarded with extraordinary care, as it contains suggestions which, if anticipated, would *not* only affect business interests."

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After Thirty-Two Years a Suppressed Document is Found.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 3.—A novel case came in the supreme court, which will probably be the basis of a protracted law suit. The will of Benjamin Deake, Cape Elizabeth, was presented for probate. Deake died in 1853, leaving his wife Sarah and son George. No will was brought forward, and the estate was divided between the two sons. Both Charles and George are now dead, and among their papers the will was found, with thirty-two years old. The will leaves the estate in trust to Miles Standish, of Boston, the income to be paid to his sons during their lives, and that also to their lawful descendants. The witnesses to the will are now dead, but their handwriting has been identified beyond doubt. The present contest over the estate is as follows: Charles Deake, of Portland, left a will leaving his property in trust for the benefit of his children, Charles B. Deake, of Portland, and Mrs. Edith Brown, of Boston. Charles Deake's son died in Boston, leaving no children. He left a will giving the use of his property to his widow during her lifetime, and at her decease dividing it among charitable institutions.

The children of Charles Deake present this newly discovered will for probate, claiming they are entitled to the estate, and the statues prohibit the probate of a will after twenty years from the decease of the testator, but the attorneys for the Deakes contended that this statute does not apply when a will has been suppressed, and that this will must be presented for probate and a decision obtained before other proceedings can be instituted in the courts. Judge Peabody denied the will, and the case will now be brought before an equity court.

ARMS FOR THE SUBLIME PORTE.

Forty Thousand Stands Shipped From New York to Constantinople.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—It was learned yesterday the Turko-Russian war the Sultan contracted for a large quantity of rifles to be delivered by the Providence Tool company. Part of the order has been taken from and delivered, but never paid for, and owing to the failure to get their money the company went into bankruptcy. The remaining 40,000 stands were stored in Brooklyn warehouses. On them the company borrowed $175,000 of Drexel, Morgan & Co. That firm rehypothecated the arms to secure themselves, and there have been quadrangular suits over the property ever since, in which the sublime porte, the Providence Tool company, Drexel & Morgan and the Ordnance Bureau have been parties. The sultan lately demanded the delivery of the 40,000 stands of arms at contract price. The tool company refused and appealed to the courts. The courts ordered them for their losses by reason of the non-fulfillment of the contract. Satisfactory arrangements in this respect have now been made, and the arms are taken from their warehouses and shipped to Constantinople Monday night.

A Volunteer Crew's Bravery.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—The captain of the Anita Owen states that the vessel left Perth Amboy a week ago last Wednesday and had good weather for the first two days, but then encountered a northeaster off Cape Cod. At 4 a. m. on Monday a heavy sea struck her and shifted her cargo, so that she labored heavily. The sea was mountains high, and she but drifted steadily to leeward, and finally fetched into Harding's ledge, where she passed stays. The anchors were dropped, but one of the cables parted, and the vessel was left at the storm's mercy. A tug came to her assistance, but the towline parting abandoned her. She grounded at 11 o'clock. The sea was high and continually broke over her. A signal light of distress was burned, in response to which a volunteer crew manned the Massachusetts Humane Society's lifeboat, and at 3 o'clock this morning brought off the crew. The captain's wife was with him, and sustained the ordeal bravely.

The Modern Claude Duval.

TOLEDO, Dec. 3.—George A. Ellwood, the modern Claude Duval, whose midnight visitations in aristocratic mansions has gained for him a widespread notoriety, is on trial here for a burglary committed here on the night of May 1st. Mrs. Bangs, wife of the gentleman robbed, swore she recognized Ellwood's voice as that of the burglar. She was positive he was the robber. Baumgartner, a pal of Ellwood, stood for cross examination. He positively identified a ring found on Ellwood and other articles stolen. The case is attracting great interest. Detectives from Milwaukee, Chicago and other large western cities, whose residences were robbed, have visited the city for the purpose of identifying stolen plunder. Ellwood and his pal Wilson were arrested in New York city.

A Well-Known Musician Dying.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3.—Professor H. Hammer, the leader of the Germania musical club and other German singing societies in Baltimore, was suddenly stricken with paralysis while passing Germania hall. His death is momentarily expected. Professor Hammer is known to German people all over the country. He was the conductor of the musical festival recently held at Brooklyn, being the leader of the victorious singing society.

Massachusetts' Population.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—Hon. Carroll D. Wright reports the population of Massachusetts for this year's census as 1,846,167; legal voters, 541,612.

RENEWING THE FIGHT.

ANOTHER DISGRACEFUL SCENE IN THE DETROIT POLISH CHURCH.

The Women Refuse to Accept the New Priests—The Celebrant Greeted With Jeers and Hisses—A Dramatic Scene.

DETROIT, Dec. 3.—The violent disturbances in St. Albertus' Polish Catholic church broke out afresh this morning, the attempt of the newly appointed priests to celebrate mass. At daylight a squad of seven policemen escorted one of the offending priests to the church. They were met in the vestibule and at the door by a crowd of women who attempted to prevent their entrance into the church. The women, now rapidly increasing in numbers, flocked into the church, and their lamentations and denunciations filled the air. When the priest appeared upon the altar, dressed in priestly robes, the throng of women began to surge forward with renewed tremendous. The mass, celebrated by a strange priest, had no sacredness in their eyes. He was greeted with hisses and jeers whenever he appeared. The police endeavored to quiet the women, but their interference only made them more furious. The first violence occurred when the officers began hustling the more boisterous disturbers, women clinging to each other and to the pews. In nearly every case the woman proved the stronger, and it required the strength of a man to take her out. A few contented themselves by falling upon the floor and screaming. In the midst of this uproar the services were concluded, and the priests left the church. There were twenty-five additional policemen present. The church was quickly filled with an excited crowd. Several attempts were made during the crowd to get up to the altar, but this was prevented by policemen, who had been stationed at the ends of the aisles. A woman then jumped over the seats, and, reaching the altar, was leaning over the communion rail, yelling and brandishing their fists. The priest came forward and attempted to speak, but his voice could not be heard. Mike Miles, a ragpicker living at 59 Union street, on the thigh, on the arm and through the right hand. A woman escaped from its fangs by springing into a milk wagon. It then ran to the Bull's Head street, fell in trying to avoid the brute, and was bitten through the left arm. The dog then ran down Elm street, passing through a group of Catholic school children without touching any.

In McWhorter street it bit the arm of a little girl who was on her way to school. It was following her when it met Patrick Boyle. At Congress street a large Newfoundland dog which attacked it was bitten. A cur which got in the way was attacked and savagely bitten. Another Newfoundland sprang upon the front stoop of Mrs. Lee's house and gnashed at the door, stripping a molding from a large panel and grinding the wood to splinters.

Here Robert McKelvey came upon the scene with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. The dog sprang toward him. He fired and wounded it in the head. Another dog then came up and killed it with an axe. The children bitten were taken to the office of Dr. E. A. Osborne as quickly as possible and their wounds cauterized. Many of the dogs that were bitten were killed by their owners, but it is feared that several others are running at large with wounds made by the mad dog's teeth.

SECRETARY BAYARD'S SUCCESSOR.

A Bitter Fight Anticipated in Delaware. Factional Differences.

WILMINGTON, Dec. 3.—The leading Republicans of the state held a meeting at Dover pursuant to the call of the Republican state central committee. After some discussion a resolution was adopted by a vote declaring that the party was in no condition to conduct a campaign next fall, and therefore no ticket would be put in the field. This action was the result of factional election. The factional differences in the Republican party have so severed the organization that the leaders have refused to contribute funds, as their wont, to pay the taxes of the negro voters for the present year, which, if unpaid, under the statutes disfranchises them for two years. The coming election in the fall of 1886 will be the most important to the Democrats that has been held here for a number of years, inasmuch as a United States senator to fill Mr. Bayard's place will be voted for by the legislature elected at that time. The fight will be the bitterest ever known in the history of Delaware Democracy, and will be the more interested by the presence of all Republican influences from the campaign.

Fatal Collision of Trains.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 3.—Two freight trains on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad collided about 9 o'clock, near Washington, Pa. Two of the trainmen were instantly killed and three severely injured. William Reynolds, one of the injured, was brought to the West Penn hospital, in this city, where his feet will be amputated. Both engines and a number of cars were completely wrecked.

Quiet in the Monongahela Valley.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 3.—Everything quiet, is the latest report from the sc

HE MADE A SALE.

CLOTHING DEALER AND HIS RIDING SCALE OF PRICES.

Eager Willing to Help an Honest Young Man Along—A Bid of Two Dollars—A Brother's Dying Wishes—A Discovery.

[New York Sun.]

The efforts a Baxter street clothing dealer will make to effect a sale, and his sliding scale of prices, may be inferred from the appearance of a somewhat shabby individual who entered that thoroughfare lately on business intent. He was a medium-sized man, who looked like a mechanic or a laborer, and he turned into the street from Franklin about 10 o'clock in the morning. He was at once seized by the puller-in of a neighboring clothing house, who had him at the door-knob before he knew what was happening to him. Here Mr. Solomon seized him by the coat lapel and assisted him gently, where he grasped him by the hand and regretted him with much fervor.

"Good morning, my frent, good morning," he said, shaking the stranger's hand with his own right, while with the left he pulled down trousers, waistcoats, and coats from the shelves and spread them before him. "You are looking for a suit, I'm sure, and you you think of does pants! Does cost me $3. I sell 'em to you for only four dollars and a half. Here, Isaac! Wrap dose pants up for dis gentleman."

"I don't want to buy no pants," said the stranger.

"I sell you a coat," cried Mr. Solomon, sending them by the sleeve as he turned around the door. "Here! I sell you a coat. You vant a nice Britsh Albert, hey? You vould look a lot for a Britsh Albert! That's a bargain! Dose pants and dis coat! Dat's a bargain strike my partner if dot cost vas not made for Grover Cleveland! Vhy, I say gracious, I pay four dollars and a half for dot coat. I let you haf it for $3. I am always willing to help a honest young man along. You vant to try it on first? Smile, but why do you smile so sad? Look at

THE DEVIL.

[Denver Tribune-Republican.]

Many don't believe in a devil now, as their influence is said to do;
They've forced the door of the broadest creed to bolt his Majesty through.
They: Put a print of his cloven foot, or a fiery dart from his bow,
And the devil is here, and never was! Won't somebody rise and tell!

Who dogs the steps of the toiling saint, and digs the pits for his feet?
Who sows the tares in the field of Time wherever God sows His wheat?
The devil is voted not to be, and of course the thing is true,
And he is doing the kind of work the devil alone should do!

We are told he does not go about as a roaring lion now,
But whom shall we hold responsible for the everlasting row
To be heard in home, in Church, in State, to the earth's remotest bound,
If the devil, by a unanimous vote, is nowhere to be found!

Won't somebody step to the front forthwith, and make his bow and show
His frauds and base swindles of the day spring up, for surely we want to know.
The devil was fairly voted out, and of course the devil's gone;
But simple people would like to know who is doing his business on.

TOO GOOD FOR THIS WORLD.

William Ferguson's Arrest, Illustrated by a Special War-Map—A Sad Song.

["His Honor and Bijah."]

The following war-map has been engraved to illustrate the situation of William Ferguson, when arrested:

There was no feather bed—no mahogany furniture—no velvet carpet in William's cell, and he passed the long hours away sitting on a hard bench and singing old songs. One of his sad songs was taken down by Bijah, to be sung on the next rainy Sunday to his twelve grandchildren. The words are as follows:

Oh! it seems to me, as the days go by,
That this is a world of sorrow;
And that groans and sighs and tearful eyes
Continue my feelings to harrow.

Oh! it seems to me that love is a farce,
And money the height of bliss;
And every man's long suit is that of a crook,
While the women are all on the grab."

When William was brought out for trial he had tears in his eyes.

"Silver Cash" gravely queried his honor.

"Silver! Can't a man feel sad without sustainin' allin' his liver!" snarled the prisoner.

"May be you sat down on a carpet tack or kicked a stone under an old hat!"

"May be I didn't."

"Then you feel bad in a general way! You are not good for this sinful world."

"That's it, sir."

"Oh, if that's the case I'll help your plans along. I shall send you up for sixty days, and I'll telephone the superintendent to send you a tomb alone, with a life-sized flash out on the top."

William dried his tears and wanted to live a little longer, but his honor wouldn't go in contempt society, and refused to change the sentence.

A Confederate Agent's Mistake.

[Washington Cor. New York Times.]

"While I was in England," said Mr. Lamar, "I did not meet Lord Palmerston to talk with him on the subject of recognition of the Confederacy. Dickens, Thackeray, Carlisle, were all with us. Of that I am fairly certain. Disraeli might have been with us if it had not been for an unlucky mistake made by Mr. Mason, who was then with me. We were both invited to dinner at the same house, the house of Col. Greville, where many southern men gathered, and we were to meet a number of prominent men of the time, among them Mr. Disraeli, as he was called then. Mr. Mason was a good deal of a Virginian in his notions about social etiquette, it appears, did not know that it was enough for two gentlemen to be invited to dinner by an Englishman to remove all bars to conversation between them. An introduction was unnecessary under such circumstances.

"When dinner was served it so happened that as the ladies and gentlemen paired off and passed into the dining-room Mr. Disraeli and Mr. Mason were thrown together for the first time. Mr. Disraeli was all grace and suavity. He bowed to Mr. Mason.

"Have you heard form Vicksburg recently?" he asked. Mr. Mason drew back and fixed his great black eyes wonderingly on Mr. Disraeli. An American and a Virginian could not under land how so great a lib-erty could be taken by one gentleman with another gentleman when there had been no introduction. They got along very badly, never speaking in fact, and it was impossible after that to attempt to approach Disraeli on a "conversation."

The Gypsies' National Dance.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

The national dance of the gypsies when seen by night in an encampment of squalid tents, has a wild and startling effect. The group is seated around the fire which has dwindled to a bed of coals, upon whose flickering rays reveal the picturesque features of those simple children of nature. They listen intently to the music which is their personal property. Presently a wild female form darts forward to commence the dance. She is scantily dressed and the rags drawn around her bosom obviously infest a tender age. Placing her hand upon her lips she moves quickly right and left, advancing and retiring in a striking direction.

The music becomes quicker, her movements increase in rapidity and the clapping of hands and cries of her dusky companions rouse her form frenzy of excitement. Her eyes flash fire, her eyes flery and the hair flies about upon her head. She utters strange words of an unknown tongue to a tune still more strange and unspeakable. The tawny infant seems to be impressed with the same fiend and cries and foams at the mouth like the mother. The dapper gentleman of the party, her bonnet, allows it in the air and allows the creature to fall into her outstretched arms. Her voice falters, her movements become less energetic and convulsive, her emotion and excitement this unearthly song and dance terminate amid the frantic shouts of her companions.

The Book of Life.

[Wisconsin.]

Childhood is the nursery rhyme, youth the love ballads, middle age the prose, and old age the blank verse in man's book of life.

THE DEAD VICE-PRESIDENT.

A Busy Life, and the Manner of Death He Desired.

Dwellers in cities were startled in their homes at 10 o'clock the night before Thanksgiving to hear the shrill cry of the newsboys in the streets announcing an extra. What was it all about at that time of night?

VICE-PRESIDENT HENDRICKS.

It was the death of the vice-president of the United States. He had died suddenly at his home in Indianapolis at 5 o'clock p. m. The year 1885 will be remarkable in the annals of necrology for the death of distinguished persons. It was characteristic of human nature that the announcement of Mr. Hendricks' death in the journals next morning was accompanied by the beginning of that dispute about who was to be his successor. Nobody is so important that his place cannot be filled three hours after his death. That, above all, is the lesson of this sudden demise to us who survive.

Thomas Andrews Hendricks was a native of Ohio. He was born near Zanesville, on a farm, Sept. 7, 1819. His parents, however, removed to Indiana when T. A. was only six months old. They finally settled near Shelbyville, where the vice-president's youth was spent.

When Mr. Hendricks' death was announced, the town of Shelbyville sent this dispatch of condolence to Mrs. Hendricks:

"The appalling information of your husband's untimely death has just shocked and stricken with grief his many devoted friends in Shelby county. We offer our heartfelt condolence in this, the saddest calamity of your life."

The Hendricksons were Pennsylvanians. From the rich wheat fields and richer underlying coal mines of Westmoreland county, John Hendricks, father of Thomas A., migrated westward. Thomas was educated at South Hanover college, Madison, Ind. He graduated when 21 years old. He went to the home of his ancestors, Pennsylvania, however, to learn the law. He studied with his mother's brother, Alexander Thompson, at Chambersburg. After being admitted to the bar he went back to Shelby ville to practice his profession.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S BIRTHPLACE.

The log cabin in the illustration belongs to a type of house both comfortable and picturesque which has now vanished from the older parts of the Union. Rich people are now, however, going back to the log cabin as the latest fancy for their country lodges.

Mr. Hendricks' uncle William was the second governor of Indiana. It was to him that Hon. William English, of Indianapolis, alluded in his speech on the death of the vice-president:

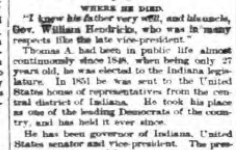
WHERE HE DIED.

"I knew his father very well, and his uncle, Gov. William Hendricks, who was in many respects like the late vice-president."

Thomas A. had been in public life almost continuously since 1848, when being only 27 years old, he was elected to the Indiana legislature. In 1851 he was sent to the United States house of representatives from the central district of Indiana. He took his place as one of the leading Democrats of the country, and has held it ever since.

He has been governor of Indiana, United States senator and vice-president. The presidency has been of late years the object of his ambition. He reached at length the second place to it, and died.

He had for some years a slight paralysis of the left hand. He had talked about it to his doctor, and at times seemed apprehensive that it might extend and cause his death. He wished that he might die of paralysis, he said, going unexpectedly and painlessly. And that was his wish. He was removed from life by paralysis of the heart. Coming events sometimes cast their shadows before.



MRS. ELIZA C. HENDRICKS.

The sympathy of the nation is bestowed on the lady who is left alone. She was Miss Eliza C. Morgan, of Ohio. The couple were married in 1845. Their only child was a son, who died in 1851, aged 3. The father never entirely recovered from the loss of this boy. He is buried in Mr. Hendricks' lot in Crown Hill cemetery at Indianapolis. The simplicity of

There were present at the funeral services on Tuesday Secretaries Bayard, Whitney and Lamar and Postmaster General Vilas.

Mrs. Hendricks is left with property worth $100,000. It represents the husband's earnings in law practice. It was constantly and honorably won. Mr. Hendricks said that his wife had done more to take care of this and invest it in a business-like way than he had. She is a woman of uncommon strength of mind and character. During the last day or two of his life her husband would not permit her out of his sight. He had taken a severe cold, but was thought to be better. He had been to a reception the evening before his death. There was no thought that he was dangerously ill. He had had pain in his chest during the day. At 5 o'clock, however, he said, suddenly, "I am free at last."

He meant and his devoted wife understood, that he was free from pain.

But he was free in a larger, grander sense than that. These were his last words. Mrs. Hendricks went down stairs and left him alone, resting comfortably. When she returned he was no more. He had died in an instant, without pain, all alone.

He was indeed "free at last."

RECENT EVENTS IN SPAIN.

Portraits of the Queen Regent and the Late King and Marshal Serrano.

King Alfonso XII of Spain was born Nov. 28, 1857. He was a Bourbon of the Bourbons, being the ninth prince in lineal descent from Louis XIII of France.

At the time of his mother's dethronement in

ALFONSO XII.

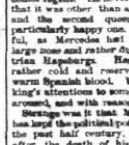
1868 he was only 11 years of age. Taken with her in exile, he was educated partly in Vienna and chiefly in England, being a cadet of the Sandhurst military college. In 1870 his mother renounced her claims to the Spanish throne in his favor, and in 1874, at the age of 17, he was proclaimed king. His pretensions were opposed by his cousin, the eldest son of the Duke of Montpensier, and his aunt, the Infanta Louise; but the claim of Louis Philippe's grandson was ultimately sustained by the will of the young king. After he was proclaimed king by Gen. Campos, early in 1875, he went to Madrid and was most enthusiastically received. In 1878 he subdued the Carlists in their last refuge. He was married, his first wife being Mercedes, daughter of the Duke de Montpensier. She lived only five months after their marriage, dying in June, 1878, when only 18 years old. In November, 1879, Alfonso married Christina, the daughter of the Archduke Charles Ferdinand of Austria. He has two daughters, respectively 3 and 5 years. Alfonso's health was always feeble, and some dissipations in which he indulged did not tend to strengthen his constitution. On the whole, he has been of advantage to Spain, owing to the preceding dissensions. Alfonso has shown some of the courage and physical and moral, as his conduct during the cholera epidemic proved, and he has also displayed military ability. His eldest daughter will succeed him, but as she is only 5 years old, a contest may arise as to which of the throne is probably Vanish and the republic of Castelar once more make its appearance.

QUEEN REGENT.

Queen Christina, the widow of Alfonso, has been appointed queen regent. Whether she is popular or not may have to be determined by war. This change in the head of the Spanish throne occurred at the time of year when persons' passions are less liable to lead them astray. Had it happened during the summer, it would have been undoubtedly the occasion of a revolution.

Alfonso's first marriage, to his cousin Mercedes, was a love match. He mourned her loss so profoundly that for some time he refused to take a second wife. His countrymen desired it, however, and his ministers urged it for reasons of state. Finally he consented, and wedded Maria Christina. She bore him cones regent. He never pretended, however, that it was other than a marriage of policy, and the second queen's life was not a particularly happy one. She was not beautiful, as Mercedes had been. She had the large nose and rather dull face of the Austrian Hapsburgs. Her manners, too, was rather cold and reserved, ill suited to the warm Spanish blood. Worst of all, too, the king's attentions to some of the court ladies aroused, and with reason, her jealousy.

Strange was it that Marshal Serrano, who has kept the political pot boiling in Spain for the past half century, should die the day after the king. Had he survived his son, King Alfonso, Serrano was a born schemer and revolutionist. His ambition was to rule, and as events proved he would sacrifice three-fourths of his country provided it secured him the right to lord it over the remaining quarter. He did concoct plans on several occasions by which he was enabled to govern for a time, but his paying Democrats of the country, and has held it ever since.



MARSHAL SERRANO.

countrymen. They cheered whenever he was decreed that he be banished from Spain forever. And, less than a year later, the fickle people would have him return to Madrid. The old conspirator was pleased to see Alfonso on the throne, but he appeared since take his satisfaction. By Alfonso's death Serrano's hopes, of course, lose the little remaining influence he possessed, and it may be that that thought hastened his death. In the opinion of many of his countrymen it would have been a fortunate thing for Spain had he never been born. He was a brilliant statesman, but of the kind that tear down instead of building up. Because he was in the majority, but that Christian Hill cemetery at Indianapolis.

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Boot and Shoe Dealer,
6 PARK AVE.
Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, for hard wear, and warranted, and confident that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

PLAINFIELD
Steam Laundry
ESTABLISHED 1877
EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Custom or Gloss Finish.
Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box, 970.

CAREY'S
Furniture
Express,
LARGE
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

We are now offering the largest stock of
Dress Goods,
Blankets, Comfortables, and Underwear,
Ladies Cloaks & Jerseys
At Prices lower than ever before known to the trade.
POPE BROS.

B. T. BARNES,
4 East Front Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
PURE Candies,
[Manufactured on the Premises]
Old Fashioned Molasses Candy
a specialty

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors
and
PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.
Office, warerooms and residence No. 24 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 22.

S. W. Wakefield,
ENGINEER
PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings on low pressure steam.
Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Self-Feeding Boilers.
Send for illustrated catalogue.
Repairing promptly attended to. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
OFFICE, 80 SOMERSET STREET.
My Reference is my Work!

Elliotts, Elliotts!
Great Bargains this Week!
Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $5.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.
Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.
Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.
Hats, Hats, Hats!
Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 30c up.
Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 60c up.
Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.
Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 6c each.
A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or tips, latest style price 50 cents.
Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.
Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.
Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.
A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.60; also dress pattern of gray poplin all completa for $3.
Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.
Children's hose collars 5c up.
We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.
ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,
18 East Front street, Plainfield.

FISHER and MONFORT
Photographers
15 EAST FRONT ST.
are making their best
CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
FOR
$3.50 Per Dozen
Specimens at the Door.

OVERCOATS
Men's Serviceable Overcoats,
$4.00
MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.
All wool medicated red Underwear at $1 each
Schwed Bros.
Leading Plainfield Clothiers,
No. 7 E. Front St.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,
25 North Avenue,
Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.
Raised Flock, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Lincrusta Waltons,
And all the New Novelties in Decorations
PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,
Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.
WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.
L. B. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE
P. O. Box 1074.

LAING'S HOTEL,
J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.
Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,
Plainfield, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

FRANK DAY,
(Successor to E. & J. Coleman.)
LIVERY STABLE
North Avenue
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.
Carriages to Meet all Trains.
Family Riding a Specialty.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol 4, No 189 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED—By a young man, situation in a store, or as errand or assistant to some one. Address W. B., city. 1*

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, with or without board. Address H. R., Post Office. 1*

HORSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Leased on March street for a year. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Leonard, corner of Sherry and Heated throughout by steam. Continue 14 Apple to J. Z. Vail, Sandy Hook, Conn. 1-2-3-4*

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon. Inquire at Extension Top Pharmacy, etc. The above will sold cheap to make room for sleighs, at L. M. French's, 15 Somerset street. 1-2-3-4*

A GOOD paying business for sale or exchange for small place in the country, where there is running water. Address or call on Lock Box 1, city. For further particulars address P. O. Box 1-2-3-4*

LOST—Two keys, No. 1090 and 8419. Finder will please leave care Evening News office, and obtain reward. 1-2*

FOR BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence 145 East Front st. Possession immediate. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, 5 Park place, Plainfield, N. J. 1-2-3-4*

WANTED—A second-hand Rockaway. Address lowest cost price P. O. 1111. 1-4

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very reasonable rent. Centrally located. Address Plainfield Evening News office. 12-3-4*

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the Winter, can obtain large handsome rooms in a private residence, with board. Five minutes walk of station. Address P. O. Box 655. 12-30-1f

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply at 26 Somerset street. 28-1f

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 10 West Front St. 8-1f

Special Notices.

W. H. LUDLOW,
33 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carpenter and all kinds of repairing done. Orders by postmaster to Hatfield & Jackson's Livery, will receive prompt attention. Shop in the last one with Mr. L. M. French. On and after 1st, 1886, painting will be added to all the Kindergarten opens Tuesday. First week a spec. Box 1426. 12-1-3*

WANTED.
Smart, energetic man or woman to open an office in this place for the sale of a a Standard Family Sewing Machine. We require no capital or previous experience, but if letter be satisfactory, will want references as to honesty and ability. For particulars address, stating age, occupation, etc., The Singer Mfg. Co. Newark, N. J. 11-18-30

CLEAN AND GET PRICES
Your Clothes. Our laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Call and count per pair, Collars, 1 cents. Very Low 11-23-30 m

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Park street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Funerals, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with fine flowers at short notice. All my goods are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every morning for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the most stylish of ard. Miss A E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite depot. 10-30-1f

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railing, Columns, Settees, Crestings, Iron Sofas, Chairs, Shutters, Iron Awnings, Crestings for Roofs, Boats, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, All kinds of Blacksmithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 73 New York R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 6-13-6m

MUSIC.
W. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director. Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office, No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York. 11-6m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL,
With seating capacity for right hundred, with all modern qualities and heated by steam, offers special inducements to those wishing to hire a hall for lectures or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

J. ADAKLEY, Jr.
Architect, No. 10 East Front street, Plainfield. 1-2 1f

CARL A. JACQUES
Civil Engineer and Surveyors, office 31 West Front street, P. O. Box 1021, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Blue Prints, Estimates and general information about work. Inspectors and corps sent to any part of the country. 1-2-3-4*

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,
Notary Public for State of New Jersey, Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Leases, etc., carefully reported at reasonable rates. Typewriter transcripts furnished at short notice. Office at the Northwest Building, Rooms 1 and 2, for sale. Refers to the Mayor and other prominent citizens. P. O. Box 1004. 11-25-3m

F. A. DUNHAM,
Park avenue, Council's Building,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twenty years experience in city surveying in Plainfield, is well prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and promptness. 9-29-3m

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,
No. 2 West Front street. Cocaine used as a local anæsthetic. 6-1-6m

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal matters and sermons a specialty. Prompt work guaranteed and prices reasonable. Typewriting done in a superior manner. Agent for the Caligraph type-writer. Office, corner Park avenue and Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and collect rents, money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired without extra charge. 6-1-6m

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 1 Peace street, corner Front. Office hours 10:30 a. m. to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m. 8-30-6m

DR. F. F. GRIFFEN,
Magnetic and Electrician, corner Second and Washington street. Office hours till 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty. 7-1-6m

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor-at-Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, etc. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DURHAM & STILLMAN,
Rooms 2 and 3, Stiles's Block, Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J. W. Stillman. W. Snyden.

DR. W. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
Office, Grand Opera House Building, Plainfield, (formerly at 104 East Second street.) Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 3. 12-21-6m

Educational.

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Pencil Drawing. Classes forming. Apply for terms call at Studio, No. 3 East Front street. M. E. MOODY. 11-6m

T. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and violin. 36 Dover street, North Plainfield. 10-10-7

PLAIN LESSONS.
Miss Minnie Maclean is now prepared to give plain instruction either at her room or at the pupil's residence in Music, Vocal or Instrumental, at Hopkins's Music and Art Store, 5 Somerset street. 9-30-1m

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Piano forte and vocal teacher of instrumental and vocal terms for classes. Highest references. 66 West Second street, corner Madison. 10-10-7

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1026.

ELOCUTION.
Miss Ida Elsinghine, class or private lessons. Studio, Parlors, Putnam Mus. Albants, P. O. Box 1026.

SUCH IS THE KINGDOM.

Celebration of the Ninth Anniversary of the Children's Home—Interesting Exercises—Reading of Reports and an Address by Rev. A. H. Bradford of Montclair.

The ninth anniversary of the Children's Home took place last evening at the First Baptist church. There was but a small attendance, owing to the fact that several entertainments were in progress at the same time in various parts of the city. The floral display about the platform lent a charm to the surroundings.

The exercises were opened by the Rev. K. P. Ketcham, D.D., with a few appropriate remarks, after which the children of the Home sang a selection entitled "Song of the melodeon." Pastor Yerkes followed with Scripture reading and prayer, at the conclusion of which the choir, under the lead of Mr. C. W. McCutchen, rendered an anthem.

The reports of the year were then read. That of the Secretary, which was very encouraging, was by Rev. W. R. Richards, and that of the Treasurer by Rev. Dr. Ketcham, which is as follows:

Elias J. Serrell, Dr., Treasurer, in account with the Children's Home Association.

Receipts.

1884. Dec.	To balance in treasury as per annual report	$609 13
1885.	To cash received from sustaining fund	300 00
	To cash received from annual subscribers	100 60
	To cash received from Sunday collections of the children	200 00
	To cash received from sundry donations, including the special contributions for paying off judgment of Wood & Hall.	1 736 08
Total receipts		$2 949 81
	Expenditures	Cr.
1885.	By cash for furniture	$130 30
	By cash for fuel	4 85
	By cash for provisions	666 06
	By cash for wages of Matron and help	624 89
	By cash for clothing	97 56
	By cash for stationery, printing and postage	45 75
	By cash for expenses	230 61
	By cash paid judgment of Wood & Hall	1 000 84
	By cash interest on temporary loans	23 35
Total expenditures		$ 2 737 43
Balance on hand		$ 212 38

$165 00 of this balance is a special contribution for fencing.

$47 38 of this is cash available for current expenses.

$212 38
$37 35 cash on deposit in City National Bank.

$175 13 cash in hands of Treasurer.

This is to certify that the book account and vouchers for the year have been examined and found correct and corresponding with the foregoing report.

Plainfield, Dec. 2, 1885.

CHAS. PLACE,
LEMUEL W. SERRELL, } Aud. Com.

The children again sang a song, which was so well given that the audience manifested their approval by frequent smiles.

The Chairman then introduced the Rev. A. H. Bradford of the Montclair Congregational church, who gave a very interesting and instructive address on "Some charities of London," which was listened to with rapt attention during its delivery. He began by saying that when Americans go abroad their attention is invariably occupied in visiting places of amusement, art galleries, admiring the works of nature, etc., but seldom looking into the dark avenues of life and witnessing the wretchedness to be found in the great, busy, teeming cities. A stay of six months in England brought him into contact with the dark side of life there, and he had gathered impressions and facts which he would present to them to-night. Outside of London, Birmingham was the most prosperous city in England. In it were to be found clubs, debating societies, and other reports for the advancement of the working classes. Noticeable was the mission for the healing of the sick and the preaching of the gospel to the poor, under the guiding hand of the good and zealous Dr. Barnardo, who believed in the healing of the body as well as the soul. The speaker thought that twice as much misery came from the liver we lead as came from intemperance. When people were confined from day to day something must be given them in place of it, to wean them away from their former course of life. Here there were coffee houses—equal to the finest bar-rooms, and fitted up alike, all the daily papers were supplied, and no Scripture texts or mottoes met the eyes of those who resorted there, as people of this class must be studied from their own standpoint. All of these institutions had proved a success and were now self-sustaining and paid a dividend of 10 per cent. The Chief of Police stated that these coffee houses had diminished crime one-half since their inception. They open at five o'clock in the morning and close at 11 o'clock at night. It was a pleasure to see the little children carrying home pails of steaming coffee instead of beer. There are over 1,000 of these coffee houses in England to-day. As a temperance man through and through he thought this method the most effectual means for the promotion of temperance.

The speaker next touched on the London Medical Mission and Industrial Home, where the boys reclaimed are taught to be useful members of society and learned trades so thoroughly in all their branches that they graduate perfect workmen, and not as in this country with only a certain branch at their command. The Girl's Home at Guilford, about ten miles from London, was a model institution, where girls were taught laundry work, cooking and other things to fit them for the battle of life, and make them pure and accomplished women.

Mr. Jules's Mission in the slums of East London was doing a good work, under the supervision of the Vicar of the parish and his estimable wife, who spared neither money nor time in their endeavors to lift up those outcasts of society. These noble people were a blessing to others. They had everything beautiful before the eyes of these people—hung pictures on the walls of the mission, place statues on the mantels and tables and scatter elegantly bound volumes around, in order that the idea of refinement may be caught up and carried by the poor into their homes and so have an elevating influence there. The wife of the Vicar of St. Jude's, Rev. Mr. Burnet, is reputed to be one of the wealthiest ladies in England.

The modal dwelling houses in this parish are something to be proud of. Here a good home can be had for a nominal sum, the rents being collected by ladies of high standing, who interest themselves in the amelioration of the poor.

Here was also a University Settlement, where well-meaning graduates of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge hounded for the purposes of giving these poor people some idea of what education can accomplish and of Christian manhood, as an incentive to rise in the scale of life. Lectures are given by some of the most eminent doctors of Oxford, the small sum of one penny being the rate of admission to them.

One of the most indefatigable workers among the London poor was the Rev. Andrew Mears, a Scotchman, of the London Congregational Union, who was the means of causing great stir in political circles by a work sent out by him bearing the title of the "Bitter Cry," which brought together a Royal Commission, of which the Prince of Wales was chairman, to inquire into the condition of these poor wretches, which would be good reading.

Houses of Refuge were established to gather in the vicious vagabonds of the district, and put them to work. They were supplied with plenty of good food, and noble looking men and beautiful looking ladies did not think it beneath them to walk on these waifs and make them useful citizens.

The Sunday morning breakfast was a good thing in its way and was established for the poor and tramps who infest the city. These were sought out and given tickets for breakfast, and by helping them taught to help themselves. Those engaged in this charitable work were modern apostles adapting themselves to modern heathenism.

The results of these crusades and charities are evidenced in the decline of crime in the great metropolis. Within the last ten years the metropolitan police courts go to show a steady decrease of crime for the past twenty years. One-half of the police force of London are total abstainers, and one-quarter of the members are identified with the Y. M. C. A.

The speaker concluded by asserting a firm belief in the possibility of raising up all men, and in the recognition of human brotherhood. If we make the kingdom of God within, we must also make it without.

Mr. Bradford's address, "for that labor," was affectively rendered by Mrs. Davis.

A few remarks were made by the Chairman, Dr. Ketcham, the Doxology sung, and the benediction by the Chairman dismissed the assemblage.

The Reform Club Election.

The Reform Club held their annual meeting for the election of officers in the rooms of Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, at eight o'clock last evening. President French presided. The meeting was opened by singing the hymn, "Yeans, Lover and My Soul." Rev. W. E. Honeyman led in prayer. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Ex-Mayor Maxson took the chair and Mr. J. H. French was elected President for another year. Mr. Maxson congratulated the Club on having secured Mr. French again as President. Mr. French then took the chair and made a few appropriate remarks. Mrs. Rev. W. E. Honeyman, in behalf of the W. C. T. U., congratulated Mr. French on being re-elected as President of the Reform Club. The Club then proceeded to elect the other officers which resulted as follows: First Vice-President—Isaac Brokaw; Second Vice-President—Francis C. Harder; Third Vice-President—Dr. Charles R. Thiers; Secretary—James Q. Miles; Financial Secretary—F. H. Martin; Treasurer—Ethan Lanphear; First Marshal—W. C. Smith; Second Marshal—Capt. Willian Hand; Sergeant-at-Arms—J. W. Busenachs.

Some Queer Swearing.

On complaint of Annis Tracey, Sarah Kelleher was arraigned before City Judge Ulrich this morning charged with violating the second section of the Peace and Moral Act, in using indecent and profane language. The complaint also charges that she assaulted Mr. and Mrs. Tracey. When arrested she made alleged insulting remarks to the officer. The trial four witnesses testified that Mrs. Kelleher had assaulted Mrs. Tracy without provocation and had also been in the habit of using indecent and profane language to her.

Notwithstanding the above testimony Mrs. Kelleher was very positive that she never assaulted the complainant nor used any indecent language toward her. Judge Ulrich lectured the defendant and gave her the choice between paying a fine of five dollars or spending thirty days at the county's expense in the Elizabeth Jail. She paid the fine and departed.

PERSONAL.

Augustus S. Case, formerly of this city, was buried at at Flemington to-day.

Frank Wort of Clinton, N. J., was the guest of James Field of Force's Hotel, during last night.

Mrs. Margaret Blackwell, formerly of this city and now of Easton, Md., is visiting relatives in North Plainfield.

Miss Mary Winckler, daughter of Mr. J. Winckler, is lying dangerously ill at her home in Park Place, North Plainfield, with typhoid fever.

The Mrs. Bowers referred to as assisting at the Muhlenberg Hospital fair is the widow of Mr. C. W. Bowers of Boston, and daughter of Major George Boyd of West Front street. Our report of the Muhlenberg fair made her some one else.

Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut and Mr. R. S. Holmes have been in Washington, D. C., during the past week, attending to business connected with the C. B. & Q. R. R., which institution they are both prominent members. While preparing to return to this city on Wednesday evening, Mr. Holmes received the sad intelligence of the death of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Olmsted, from consumption. The deceased had been a sufferer from that dreaded disease for a long time, and her death was momentarily expected. Mr. Holmes left early yesterday morning to attend the funeral services, which take place from her late residence in Auburn, N. Y.

Boards of Trade.

The business men of Asbury Park have formed a Board of Trade for the purpose of protecting themselves against strangers who lease hotels and boarding houses for the season, run in debt and leave merchants who will trust them, pocket all the money they can and go away the last week in August. Lock Haven, Penn., has also resolved to form a Board of Trade, with the following objects in view;

To bring together capital and skilled labor to manage it.

To secure from property owners sites for building from of capital.

To secure offers of capital at home to be supplemented by outside capital, or vice versa, and both to be protected here.

To secure offers of practical mechanics, here or elsewhere, to take charge of and manage manufacturing establishments.

To ascertain what wares can be manufactured cheaper here than elsewhere.

To advertise all of above.

To look after live conventions and have them held here next year, thus advertising the town and aiding our local trade.

To secure honoration of taxes for a term of years on manufacturing establishments.

To meet and look after strangers who come here looking for investment.

To see that no city is not discriminated against in the matter of freights.

To watch legislation to the intent that it be favorable and not against the city.

To look after the interests of the city generally in any way that will make it a more desirable place in which to live and locate industries.

Interesting to Firemen.

In the Supreme Court Judge Magie has delivered an opinion in the case of Thomas Wyley, a Paterson fireman who sued that city for damages sustained by his being run over by a fire engine, the brake of which the city had neglected to keep in repair. The Judge takes the ground that the fire department being established and maintained by the city of Paterson of which the complainant is a citizen and a part owner in its property, the neglect to keep the engine in order for his own neglect and that he is not entitled to damages from the corporation of which he is a part. The duty of keeping the apparatus in order is of a public character and on grounds of public policy its neglect will not give a right of action to any individual in the absence of a statute. If there are any reasons for a modification of this rule with respect to employes of such corporations employed in hazardous service, they cannot be considered by the courts. The rule can only be modified by the Legislature. In the absence of such statute, the plaintiff is within the rule and plainly without a right of action. For this reason the city is entitled to judgment on the demand.

In view of this decision firemen must be careful and not get hurt.

Emmet Will Appear To-morrow Night.

Mr. J. K. Emmet, the founder of dialect German comedy, in his most successful, his funniest and ever welcome drama "Fritz in Ireland," or The Bell Ringer of the Rhine and the Love of the Shamrock, will be the great attraction to-morrow night at Music Hall. His songs are sung in the parlors of the rich and the garrets of the poor. Mr. Emmet's own orchestra support him in his original songs and dances, and his original star company of seven actors support him in the drama. The company's manager last night telephoned that Mr. Emmet will positively appear.

The Mission Entertainment.

About six hundred persons were present at the entertainment of the Berean Class in the West Second Mission Chapel last evening. The entertainment consisted of music, singing, recitations, etc. The various parts in the entertainment were admirably rendered by the members of the class, and the large audience present seemed very much pleased.

—In the winter of 1883 Miss Mary Weiler of New Brunswick was injured by the limb of a tree falling on her in front of Bart McCormick's hotel during a hurricane. Through her attorney, C. T. Cowenhoven, she sued McCormick for $10,000 damages in the Middlesex County Court, where the jury gave a verdict for $775 damages. Mr. McCormick, through his attorney, Robt. Adrain, appealed to the Supreme Court, which has set aside the verdict of the Court below, and now Miss Weiler gets nothing.

—The New York World makes the following remark about the Prohibitionists: "The stronger the Prohibitionists become, the more easily they will be weaned from their old political associations. Those who have left their old parties to embark in the Prohibition movement on such a principle will not be likely to return. Hence the movement is certain to gather additional strength rather than go back, and it cannot fail to become a most important element in future elections." The World views the matter from a Democratic standpoint.

—In the Court at Elizabeth on Tuesday morning Frank Brown, alias Frank Brower, who plead guilty to breaking into the Police headquarters in this city and stealing therefrom an overcoat, was sentenced to five years in the County Jail. Judge McCormick in imposing sentence said that the fact that he broke in a police station excited the Court's wonder and led the Judge to believe that he did not intend to commit a burgarly.

—Lord A. P. Cecil, brother of the Marquis of Exeter, lectured last evening in the Ark of Safety, New Brunswick. Lord Cecil, who is a bachelor, is identified with a religious body known as the Plymouth Brethren, which are represented in this city, and hold services in a hall on East Front street, opposite the post office.

STATE NOTES.

An unknown man, well-dressed, and supposed to be a passenger on one of the trains, was found with both legs crushed in the New Jersey Southern Railroad yards at Long Branch yesterday morning. He died at the Long Branch Hospital. He died at the City Hospital.

A party of Pennsylvania Railroad officials tried to float Long on Saturday, but without success. While near the lighthouse on their return, the eleven-year-old son of H. Fowse, fell overboard. Fireman W. O. Bennett sprang into the water and rescued him.

To the Public.

The Casino is a popular resort and a metropolitan place of amusement. The entire public patronizes the Casino. We make no distinction, except that people be of good character. The result is, that you will find at the Casino the mechanic and his family, the merchant with his family, the banker with his family and, in fact, the entire community, who vie with each other in the innocent amusement and health-giving recreation, roller skating.

We give our patrons the very best and most expensive attractions obtainable.

Consequently the Casino is frequently packed to the doors. Thanks to the Plainfield public for their liberal patronage. The Casino still rides gracefully on the wave of success. The mans sensat acknowledges the able assistance and co-operation of the following gentlemen:

H. R. Conklin, Treasurer; C. R. Frese, Business Manager; W. W. Voorhees, Superintendent; G. M. Herman, Musical Director.

Music Hall, Saturday Evening, Dec. 5,

"OUR FRITZ"

The Founder of Dialect German Comedy.

Mr. J. K. Emmet

In his most successful, his funniest and ever welcome Drama

Fritz in Ireland

Or, The Bell Ringer of the Rhine, and the Love of the Shamrock. His songs are sung in the parlors of the rich and the garrets of the poor. The orchestra of select musicians travel with this company to support Mr. Emmet in his original songs and dances. Under the management of Phillip H. Lehnee.

Wood & West

AT THE

CASINO RINK

TO-NIGHT.

Friday and Saturday Evening,

AND

Saturday Matinee.

December 3, 4 and 5.

General Evening Admission 15 cents. Afternoon Admission 10c.

FAIR

OF

ENGINE CO. NO. 2.

AT

Cutter's Hall,

DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.

Season Tickets 25 cents. Tickets for one night only 10c.

The Bee Hive,

(4 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

We have just closed out a manufacturer's stock of Scarlet Underwear and can now offer a Gents Full Regular made Garment for

ONE DOLLAR

These Seamless Shirts and Drawers are warranted All Wool, fast dye and unshrunk and have never sold for less than one dollar and seventy-five cents

No Seams, All Wool, $1.00.

Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, all wool, ast dye, and very fine 75c and 85c.

Children's Scarlet Vests and Pants, all sizes, 16 inch 25 cents.

Worsted Caps, Children's Worsted Caps 35c up.

Mitts and Gloves.

Ladies' and Gent's Cardigan Jackets.

CLOAKS

Children's Havelocks $2.25 up.

Misses Newmarkets $5.

Ladies' Newmarkets at Bottom Prices.

Ladies' Wraps in many grades. At

"BEE HIVE"

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

A VOLCANO!

IN

DRY GOODS

AT

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold regardless of sacrifice before going out of the business in this city.

The times are hard, and business all over the country is dull, and people are watching opportunities to buy goods cheap, and now is your chance and time, to get them from us.

Look at these low astonishing prices, and you certainly will be convinced that it is a true and decided fact.

Sweeping reductions in Ladies' Scarlet Underwear.

We are offering to the public Ladies' Scarlet all wool medicated Vests at the low figure of 87c, reduced from $1.75.

Ladies' White Vests we are selling at 50c, reduced from 85c.

We are offering all our White and Opera Shades in Kid Gloves at the reduced price of 25c.

Agents for the Moschowitz Model Waist Linings.

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

J. P. Laire & Co.

OFFER

HOLIDAY GOODS

VERY LOW.

Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets. Call and Examine.

L. M. FRENCH

Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs

FINE CARRIAGES

ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DIXON'S

Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

20 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

36 W. Front Street,

Crockery,

Glassware,

China.

Hanging Lamps

Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E FRONT ST.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Corner Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty Street.
Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3 27, 5 43, 6 02, 7 08, 7 57, 8 02, 8 35, 8 40, 9 32, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 02, 1 01, 1 29, 2 32, 3 37, 3 58, 4 30, 5 08, 5 13, 6 10, 6 40, 7 30, 8 45, 9 30, 11 59 p. m. Sunday, 3 27, 5 43, 8 02, 8 35, 8 40, 9 32, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 02, 1 01, 1 29, 2 32, 3 37, 3 58, 4 30, 5 08, 5 13, 6 10, 6 40, 7 30, 8 45, 9 30, 11 59 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 6 00, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 30, 10 34, 11 15 a. m.; 12 30, 1 30, 2 15, 3 30, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 6 00, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 5 42, 10 33, 11 57, a. m.; 1 37, 3 30, 7 30, 9 22 p. m.

Leave South Plainfield at 6 00, 7 03, 7 43, 8 43, 9 28, 10 32, 11 13 a. m.; 12 26, 1 25, 1 35, 2 42, 3 53, 4 06, 4 34, 5 05, 5 30, 5 50, 6 05, 7 05, 7 33, 8 15, 9 50, 11 55 p. m. Sunday, 5 42, 10 33, 11 57, a. m.; 12 10, 1 37, 3 30, 7 30, 9 22 p. m.

Leave Dunellen at 6 04, 7 07, 7 47, 8 47, 9 32, 10 36, 11 17 a. m.; 12 30, 1 29, 1 39, 2 46, 3 57, 4 10, 4 38, 5 09, 5 34, 5 54, 6 09, 7 09, 7 37, 8 19, 9 54, 11 59 p. m. Sunday, 5 46, 10 37, 12 01, a. m.; 1 41, 3 34, 7 34, 9 26 p. m.

Arrive Elizabeth at 6 30, 7 33, 8 13, 9 13, 9 58, 11 02, 11 43 a. m.; 12 56, 1 55, 2 05, 3 12, 4 23, 4 36, 5 04, 5 30, 5 50, 6 35, 6 40, 7 35, 8 03, 8 45, 9 20, 10 25, 12 25 a. m. Sunday, 6 30, 11 03, 12 27, a. m.; 2 07, 4 00, 7 00, 9 52 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 7 14, 7 56, 9 37, 11 45, 11 59 a. m.; 2 06, 2 16, 3 43, 4 34, 5 04, 6 07, 6 56, 8 05, 9 15, 10 40 p. m. Sunday at 5 10, 9 14 a. m.; 2 45, 6 40, 10 45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 05, 6 33, 7 05, 7 33, 8 05, 9 33, 10 15 a. m.; 12 55, 2 00, 3 35, 4 25, 5 35, 6 05, 8 15, 8 45 p. m. Sunday at 6 17, 11 30 a. m.; 1 00, 5 05, 6 50 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 7 56, 9 37 a. m.; 2 06, 2 16, 4 34, 5 04, 6 08, 8 08, 8 17 p. m. Sunday at 5 10 a. m.; 6 40 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6 10, 8 57 a. m.; 12 40, 4 40, 7 00 p. m. Sunday at 7 00 a. m., 7 00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5 30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

9 28 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, West End, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9 37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Bryden, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Summit Hill, Nanticoke, Scranton, etc.

5 04 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6 08 p. m.—For Flemington, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

8 17 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Bryden, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Summit Hill, Nanticoke, Scranton, etc.

Eastward Connections.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield as 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 12.02 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 3.27, 8.02 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.29, 5.10,* 8.20, 10.19, 11.50 a. m.; 3.36, 6.04,* 6.05,* 8.17 p. m. Sunday, at 8.20,* 8.50 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 8.30,* 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 4.30, 6.30, 10.50 p. m. Sundays, 8.30,* 9.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 5.10, 8.30,* 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 3.30, 6.00,* p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Market and Tucker Streets, at 1.05, 2.29, 9.10, 10.08, 11.35 a. m., 1.45, 4.22, 6.24, 7.32* p. m. Sunday at 9.10, 10.08 a. m., 7.32 p. m.

Palatial passenger for train, marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.

J. E. WOOTTEN, Gen. Manager.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1885.

Disbandment of a Battalion Unwelcome—The "Double."

[Lewiston Journal.]

Capt. F. Jasmine of my company (Company C) was elected to take command of the battalion. He did not like the job, and accordingly took the best of the column. We passed through the center with. They pressed calmly about our flank and in our rear. Chunks of coal as large as your fist were thrown in a perfect rain on us. In one square they almost broke out our ranks. Pretty soon we heard of bullets, which I think, I shall get us the first order given that day in my experience to fire.

We a man in a fourth-story window, laughing at us as a private soldier. I was ready to throw it at the column. I gave the order to a man near me to fire. He swung his musket, aiming, lugging over and pressed over on that window, down four stories, sans ding him his jelly on the pavement of the street. They swarmed around still as a hive of bees, and had myself a Confederate flag on a pole. We had a policeman to lead the way to the depot, for we didn't know it. I never see a face in any time in the streets as we passed off and the crowds gather, without I recall the throng that surrounded us—230 men with the exception of myself.

When have ever been in Baltimore you will remember a swift running stream rushing like a barrying brook through the city. The bridges on the streets had removed from the bridge. On the opposite side we saw a bandy, which the crowds were manning and loading with all the speed that they could. Behind it a white flag of truce, hoisted. The success of their work. Another mob had begun to tear off the planking of the bridge which we were to pass over for our return, and had piled it upon the end in a barricade. It was a scene never to be forgotten by us rare recruits. Brickbats fell around us, coal was used for ammunition, and there not twenty to a hundred of us the bayonets and the industrial mob at work pulling off planking from the bridge. Then we which our company in the field was almost on the pointing passing.

One captain roared for silence behind. "What do you want to fight for?"

"Shoot quick," was the reply.

The order was given by Capt. Fullerton down the line, "Forward, double quick, march!" and the mob broke into a rattling double quick, and we passed over without an injured into the crowd on the bridge. Already very other plank had been torn up. The mob helped them, pushing and pulling the bridge and the battery safely, calling out words, mostly oaths of bullet-and brickbat defiance. Some fifteen minutes later, that battery by their order, the mob, have temporarily to mow over the bridge. The head of the State Encampment which "never have crossed the bridge into Washington. At that point it is most imminent. Our soldiers descended to the water's edge on planks and floated on rafts to the Virginia bridge, the structure had been rendered impassable.

BLOWN TO SPLINTERS.

A TUGBOAT BURSTS HER BOILER IN THE EAST RIVER.

Her Crew of Five Men Carried Down and Not a Trace to be Found of Them—The Accident Unexpected by.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The tug Dorie Emory, 70 feet long and 17½ tons burden, Capt. Morris, was steaming down the East river at about 5:3, with an empty brick barge from Harlem to Long Island for Newburg. When opp ite Fifty-fifth street the Dorie Emory blew up and instantly disappeared. A large hole was made in the side of the barge she had in tow, but it was kept floating.

At the time of the explosion the tug was upon the starboard bow of the barge, and though different reports was made by a number of men on the wharves and vessels, with the exception of an old blue coat found by a watchman, of No. 437 East Fifty-ninth street, not a vestige of the crew has been found. The crew consisted of five men.

The board of health steamboat Franklin Edson was at that time proceeding down the river, and the engineer of that vessel, Horace A. Grimes, made the following statement to a reporter:

"I was in the engine room at about 5:30, when Henry Reik, the captain of our craft, sang out down that I thought I saw a tug with a boat blown up off our starboard bow." We were in about the middle of the stream, going down, off Sixty-second street. I glanced out of the starboard window in time to see there was a cloud of steam and spray not far from a barge, nearly opposite Fifty-fifth street. The captain then told me that he had been mistaken, and that it was not a tug. I kept part and all was comparatively still. We immediately headed for the spot, as did the W. H. Wickham, but though we spent considerable time afterward in the vicinity where the explosion had taken place, nothing could we find but a few splintered planks. I'm an old engineer and have witnessed a few explosions, but never such a single instance where there has been such a complete demolishment—pulverization would be the correct word. How do I account for it? She was a new boat, and I suppose the strain against a strong flood tide, with a heavy barge in tow, and her boilers may not have been equal to the pressure put upon them.

"When they were ready to adjust her hawsers before reaching the more crowded parts of the river, for I understand that she was bound around the Battery. Previous to this the engineer of the barge and her father in order to generate the utmost quantity of steam. When she slackened up, the water, previously up in her boiler by reason of the pressure of steam, flowed back, and the tons of her boilers to become exposed and, consequently, overheated. When she again started from the rush of water upon the heated iron caused an instantaneous generation of steam, and the result was an explosion. The tug Vosberg steamed up with others and took the barge in tow."

Hugh Wilson, a deck hand on the tug Vosberg, the vessel which took the disabled and drifting barge in tow, said: "We had just landed two grain barges at the Sixty-third street docks and started down 5:30 as we were preparing to leave the dock the Dorie Emory passed down the river towing a brick barge. When near Fifty-fifth street she disappeared. I was not on deck at the time of the explosion, but heard a terrific crash, and on looking around saw the pieces of planking, it seemed to me, and on top of the whole I distinguished, for a second, the body of a man. Then there was a splashing of water and all was still again. We steamed up and took the barge in tow and got her alongside Pullman & Brown's dock at Jersey City."

The force of the explosion was such that a number of windows in Fairview Terrace, opposite the scene of the disaster, were shattered and the whole neighborhood was alarmed, but in spite of the efforts made to find the crew, no bodies were recovered.

A Shooting Affair Among Prominent Citizens.

MACON, Ga., Dec. 4.—An affray occurred in Benner's restaurant which terminated in the death of one of the principals, and the probable death of the other. Colonel Strobecker entered the restaurant, and approached within three feet of Samuel Jemison, who was conversing with several gentlemen. Without a word of warning he pointed it at Jemison and began to fire. Jemison instantly drew his pistol and returned the fire. Four shots were exchanged, Strobecker falling from the table, fell, expire almost: "I am dead." Strobecker had also been shot, and fell to the floor breathing his last. The origin of the difficulty seems to be that Strobecker had loaned a sum of money from Jemison and was refused. Jemison is one of Macon's most prominent lawyers, and Strobecker is well connected. Jemison's condition is critical, but little hope is entertained for him.

Vice-President Hendricks' Will.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 4.—The will of the late Vice-President Hendricks has been probated. It is in Mr. Hendricks' hand writing, and the paper is dated July 26, 1884. It is as follows: "I, Thomas A. Hendricks, of Marion county, Ind., do make this my last will and testament, hereby revoking say and all wills by me at any time heretofore made. I give the interest of and the crowds gather, without I recall the throng that surrounded us—230 men with the exception of myself.

When have ever been in Baltimore you will remember a swift running stream rushing like a barrying brook through the city. The bridges on the streets had removed from the bridge. On the opposite side we saw a bandy, which the crowds were manning and loading with all the speed that they could. Behind it a white flag of truce, hoisted. The success of their work. Another mob had begun to tear off the planking of the bridge which we were to pass over for our return, and had piled it upon the end in a barricade. It was a scene never to be forgotten by us rare recruits. Brickbats fell around us, coal was used for ammunition, and there not twenty to a hundred of us the bayonets and the industrial mob at work pulling off planking from the bridge. Then we which our company in the field was almost on the pointing passing.

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MEXICO'S LATEST REVOLUTION.

The Independent Party Rapidly Gaining in Strength in Leon.

MONTEREY, Dec. 4.—The independent party in Nuevo Leon is rapidly gaining strength. They have established a newspaper here to oppose the present state government. It is in the hands of eminent men, who are unquestionably co-operating with Manuel Rodriguez and his 600 followers in the war on Governor Espalon. The revolutionist leader has advanced within eight miles of the state capital, and is hourly adding to his force. He has a number of squadrons around the Villa Garcia leading to Republicanism. The latter has fallen back northward, rallied his scattered forces and has the promise of support at Rustemisto, Villa Dumas and Guadalupe.

Great precautions are being made at the latter point to receive him. Col. Juan Zuzua, chief of staff to Gen. Naranjo, will join Sespiveda with 300 men, but before they can reach Rodrigues, the latter will have gathered enough men to attack and capture Monterey.

Federal forces remain active. It is believed that the general government intended to permit the disorder to increase until it would be clearly its duty to interfere because of impotency of the state governors and the socialist machine, so as to get the state under immediate control.

Late advices, however, indicate that an understanding has been reached between Governors Garza Gens, Trevino and Naranjo and others, and President Diaz, but the exact arrangements have not been made public.

DETROIT'S AMAZONS.

The Polish Church Closed—Shooting at the Priests.

DETROIT, Dec. 4.—Mass was not celebrated at the St. Albertus Polish Catholic church. About 500 women assembled at the church doors, but were unable to gain admittance. Father Pezynski, in the chapel of St. Francis' convent, low mass was said by Fathers Dombrowski and Lasinski. The crowd hooted and yelled in an effort to disturb it. Finally they quietly kneeled upon the stone steps of the church in prayer. In an instant the whole throng kneeled, and while some chanted the mass others called upon their patron St. Albertus to restore the bishop and restore their deposed Father Kolasinski to the parish. The assemblage remained kneeling for fifteen minutes, when the cry of "Kolasinski" rent the air.

The favorite priest had come out of his parsonage to bless the crowd, and no demonstration took place during his presence, but as soon as he departed the women rushed through the churchyard toward the Polish church, which is located on the north side of Clement street opposite the church. They entered the school and called upon the children to go home. There were 300 pupils in the building, and they were hurried out without ceremony. The three sisters in charge of the school were told to go over to the convent, which they did.

HER DEATH WAS PREDICTED.

Effect on a Young Woman of Receiving Anonymous Letters.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Last week ago Dr. Steadman, of Jamaica Plains, was called to attend a young woman who was seriously ill. The patient told the doctor that for several days previous to her illness she had received a number of anonymous letters containing language unfit for publication.

Finally, a few days before she was taken ill, she received one which stated that on the same hand writing, which stated that she would die on a certain day. This threat, or prophecy, had such an effect upon the unfortunate girl that she was taken ill on the day mentioned in the letter as the time she would die. She remained very ill for several days, while laboring under the hallucination that she would be insane, but under medical treatment she finally rallied and is now almost recovered.

Dr. Steadman took possession of the anonymous letters, which are in a feminine hand, so the writer is, and the matter was given to Capt. Vinal, of police station No. 13, who put a detective on the case. It is known to the police that the writer is not one time moved in good society and had a comfortable home, but that her course of life was altered by the death of her parents, and she was forced to live out as a domestic.

The Northern Cheyennes Starving.

MILES CITY, Dec. 4.—A courier has returned from the Northern Cheyenne agency in Montana. He reports that the condition of the Indians is truly deplorable. Owing to the Indian bureau having taken it for granted that the Indians are willingly supporting, they have cut down the supplies or rations of beef and flour. Maj. Walton, the newly appointed agent, and Gen. Armstrong, special agent, have been in council with the Indians, and after carefully investigating the matter the former became convinced that under existing circumstances he could not feed the people of the tribe, and when Armstrong proposed to the Indians that they go to the reservation on Tongue river, and which he became an expert.

A Judge Sued for Slander.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 4.—The property of Lorins F. Deming, presiding judge of the police court, was attached at one time yesterday for damages in the amount of $10,000. The suit was brought at the instance of Louis C. Richards, an Italian law student, who was before the police court on the charge of larceny, and who was acquitted by Judge Deming, who then said that it had come to his knowledge that Richards received four from prisoners that he had been employed by them for their benefit. On this allegation the suit for damages is based.

Two Children Saved by a Miracle.

MT. CARMEL, Pa., Dec. 4.—A Polish woman living in the northern part of this borough attempted to kill her children and went calling on her neighbors. Shortly afterward a large stove in the basement of the building exploded, setting fire to the house. The children were rescued through the attention of some neighbors, who hastened to their relief, and by forcing in the doors succeeded in rescuing the children from their perilous position before the flames had reached them.

Still Hunting for a Murderer.

BUFFALO, Dec. 4.—The police force as yet unable to find any trace of John Keeler, the murderer of James Devine, who disappeared immediately after committing the crime last Saturday night. Every conceivable private source is to the effect that Keeler, in company with his brother Martin, ate supper last evening in a hotel at Clarendon, a small village in this county, and left for Buffalo on the N. Shore road. The police, to whom this information was given, are quietly availing themselves of it.

Consul Whelan Has Not Resigned.

BUFFALO, Dec. 4.—A Washington dispatch on Wednesday last states that James Whelan, U. S. consul at Foochow, in charge of Fort Erie, had tendered his resignation in consequence of disrespect shown him by the Canadians. Consul Whelan said to a reporter: "I have not resigned, but I will if I can take. I have sent in no resignation, nor have I made any complaint about my treatment here by the Canadians, which has been of uniform kindness and courtesy."

A Peculiar Divorce Case.

RACINE, Mo., Dec. 4.—The supreme court has just passed upon the joint petition for divorce of W. Blaisdell, for some time a prominent business man in Philadelphia, and his wife, nee Miss Eldridge, formerly of Racine, Mo., on the ground that Blaisdell was insane when he married. The wife is now cousin to her husband, and was housekeeper for him three years before the marriage.

THE COMING CONGRESS.

NEW MEMBERS, AND THERE ARE MANY, IN A DIFFICULT POSITION.

Called Upon to Alter Rules With Which They are Unfamiliar—Refraining From Expressing Their Views.

The Senatorial Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Nearly all the members of the Forty-ninth congress, which opens four days hence, are in town, and yet the lights are burning in the capitol, indicating the opening of a new congress is observable here. Members generally manifest wonderful uncertainty concerning their still hale on important questions which will come up for settlement during the winter. There are 130 new members elected to the house. Many of them are without experience. They are studying out on every line of policy, and don't know just what attitude to assume. They will be called upon the first thing to discuss and amend rules they have never heard of in operation, and to act upon matters they have no experience with. They refrain from expressing their opinions upon any of the leading subjects, but with bold faces they say they will do just the thing to guide them as to their course of action. The two things that they seem to have some definite idea about are that the rules should be changed in some way, and that there should be a cautious and conservative revision of the tariff. There is a general hesitancy among the members about touching the financial question, but it is understood among the Democrats, it is believed, will naturally be inclined to follow the recommendations of the president and keep in with the administration. There are almost as many different theories among the silver men as there are individuals.

The most ultra bi-metallists generally express the opinion that the Bland law is bad; that it is a very poor compromise measure, and never was thought much of by any one except its author. There is a proposition to reduce the silver dollar to 350 grains so that it will not conform to party lines, and that the new members would not like to be forced to commit themselves hurriedly in caucus, will probably be agreed upon by the bishop.

Several conservative Republican senators are authority for the statement that Senator Edmunds will, at the caucus of Republican senators, urge the election of Gen. Logan as president of the senate. This determination on the part of Mr. Edmunds is based upon the fact that the Republican party has manifested its desire to see Gen. Logan at the presiding officer of the senate, and, of course, settles the question of the presidency pro tempore. After Mr. Edmunds has nominated Gen. Logan it may be decided in caucus that Senator Edmunds be first called to the chair with the understanding that he will promptly vacate, and a second ballot for president pro tempore be had in the parlance of electing Logan. It may be decided to elect Gen. Logan at once upon the assembling of the senate, or it may be that Senator Edmunds will not continue president pro tempore in the event of his election to the chair, but will at once peacefully relinquish the honor to Gen. Logan.

The Democratic senators will also hold a caucus this evening for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the presidency, and will, from present indications, probably nominate Senator Harris. The Democratic members of the house will also meet this evening and will probably nominate Carlisle for speaker and candidates for the other house offices. The Republican members will hold caucus on Saturday evening, when it is expected Reed will be nominated for speaker, the open rivalry between Messrs. Hiscock, Long and Reed.

An Expert Burglar Captured.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—James Hennessey, alias Pat Caters, alias "Chicago Eddie," alias "Cutting the Lights Out," was held to the criminal court by Justice Woodman, in bonds of $26,000, on twenty-seven charges of burglary, the victims being principally in the city, and who have escaped from Detective Hanley, was captured in a cellar saloon at Pittsburg, and Detective Hanley left to take him in charge and bring him back to Chicago. Hennessey was formerly an actor, played all his money in at faro and took to burglary, at which he became an expert.

Two Lumber Statistics.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Dec. 4.—The lumber receipts at the Oswego canal have amounted to 18,903,040 feet, an increase of 6,000,000 feet over the same month of last year. Since the opening of navigation 170,000,000 feet have been received, which is an increase of 30,000,000 feet. The total grain receipts since navigation opened were 5,500,000 bushels. Last year, 9,300,000. Receipt of barley since the opening of navigation, 3,000,000; last year, 3,000,000.

The Pennsylvania Hands Off the B. & O.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 4. — The Pennsylvania railroad company has bought the Philadelphia Midland railroad, extending from this city to West Chester, and it is said will run a line of cars from Fifty-second to Market, though the real object of the transaction is doubtless to keep the road out of the possession of the Baltimore and Ohio company. Deeds were signed to-day to nearly completed negotiations for its purchase.

To Extend the Signal Service.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 4.—The farmers congress passed resolutions favoring the extension of the signal service stations wherever telegraph lines penetrate, for the benefit of agriculturists, and asking for an appropriate $3,000,000 to stamp out pleuro-pneumonia and contagious diseases wherever they exist, also urging the state officers to take all necessary steps to prevent the spread of this disease.

Five People Poisoned by Arsenic.

BELAIRE, Md., Dec. 4.—Mr. Noble L. Mitchell, county school examiner, his mother and his three brothers, were poisoned by arsenic. Mr. Mitchell put some Rough on Rats into their coffee at breakfast. Mrs. Mitchell had put arsenic in an extract box lid on the cupboard shelf for mice, and forgetting all about it, she used the lid to put the cream in, mixing the poison with the extract. All are recovering.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The following fourth-class postmasters have been appointed in New York: Howard Beadle, Bracher Iron Works; John W. Butts, Colden; Edward S. Nott, Hamburg; Marvin S. Granger, Joy; Byron A. Whitney, Lewisboro'; Alfred W. Dutton, Rockville; Henry R. Terrill, North Lawrence; Virgil Smith, Reed's Corners; Joseph Graves, Waddington.

Suing The World's Editor.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of The World, who was sued for criminal libel by Mayor Grace, was arrested and taken to the sheriff's office, where he furnished bail in the amount of $5,000 and was released. His bondsmen are Col. John A. Cockerill, managing editor of The World, and Mr. Austin Corbin, president of the Long Island Railroad company.

Determined to Make a Good Job of It.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Simon I. Ingmar, seaman of the schooner Abbie S. Hart, brandished a revolver at two men on the dock here this evening, then turned it upon himself in the side and jumped into the water. The men rescued him and he was taken to station B, where he died before a physician arrived.

TORIES DISHEARTENED.

NOW THEY ADMIT THE LIBERALS HAVE BEATEN THEM.

They Ascribe It to Parnell—Irish Leaders Deny that the Vote Was Given to the Liberals—Chamberlain and the Five Ps.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The results of the parliamentary elections, in additional forty-eight electoral divisions, have been ascertained. They show the election of twenty-four Liberals, sixteen Tories and eight Parnellites, the Liberal seats exactly balancing those of the Tories and Parnellites combined. The Tories are disheartened. They have given up all idea of ever again controlling the parliamentary House. It declares that the result is a triumph of village ignorance over the vote of the more intelligently trained constituencies all over the country.

The Carlton club has sent forth a circular advising Tories to explain their defeat as follows: The victories of the Liberals in the earlier county divisions disturbed Parnell's plans. He feared that, despite his aid to the Tories, the Liberals would obtain a majority which would make them independent of him. Therefore he ordered his forces to go and vote for the Liberals standing for the remaining county divisions offering to bring the Irish vote over to them if they would give pledges to grant Home Rule to Home rule for Ireland. The candidates, flushed with the victories thus far achieved by Liberals, declined the bait. The Irish electors were then ordered so as to hand they should vote, and they did not vote at all. Thus, the Carlton club claims, Mr. Parnell avenged himself on the Tory party for the alleged bad faith of which the Tories displayed toward him at Liverpool.

This circular was shown by a Cable News reporter to the few Parnellite leaders who can be found in London, and they declared that the statement was another Tory lie, and they declared that it did not have even the merit of ingenuity.

THE FIVE PS.

Chamberlain Says They are Responsible for the Liberals Losing Ground.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain voted at Leicester, and he made a very significant speech. He said that the Liberal defeats in the south were due to five Ps—priests, publicans, parsons, Parnellites and protectionists. Such an iniquitous combination was not likely ever to occur again in British politics. Parnell, he said, bounded that he had throttled the Liberal party, but he would probably live to regret that boast. If it were true that Parnell had throttled the Liberal party he could not with all the daily great machinery by which Ireland could exert hope to obtain justice. Mr. Chamberlain said he did not believe there would be any permanent alliance of the Irish vote from the Liberal party. If the Tories win in the present election he thought there would probably be a weak Tory government for a short time, during which they would be free to do as they pleased. If it did no mischief it might be allowed to live. If it brought harm to the nation or the empire the Liberals would speedily end its career.

British Troops Attacked in Burmah.

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To Allow Don Carlos to Return.

MADRID, Dec. 3.—Premier Sagasta has recommended to the cortes the passage of an act granting amnesty to political offenders who are now undergoing sentence of death or banishment. This measure would allow Don Carlos, Senor Zarilla and hundreds of minor plotters to return to Spain.

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ST PETERSBURG, Dec. 4.—It is stated in court circles that two or three Russian army corps are being moved to the southern frontier, and that their ultimate destination is Bulgaria. Dispatches from Vienna state that Austria is preparing to put 50,000 men into the field in Servia.

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PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Dec. 4.—A new code of rules has been issued for the Erie railway on Jan. 1, 1886. The order 55 that signal has been issued and the printed code given to employes to study. The signal now ordered to stop a train is a proper condition of both a red and vice versa. Changes are made in all signals. The present code has been in use on the road for thirty years.

Killed by a "Respectable Farmer."

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TO SOLVE AN ENIGMA.

The Wilson-Moen Case at Last Being Tried.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—The Wilson-Moen enigma, which for five years has puzzled the people of this commonwealth, bids fair to be solved at last. At 10 a. m. the case of Levi Wilson, of Providence, against P. L. Moen, of Worcester, for the $120,000 claimed, was called in the United States court, before Judge Nelson. Both Wilson and Moen were present.

The plaintiff, Levi Wilson, was the first witness. His story, told on direct examination, was that he was sued for $50,000, in Providence, in 1882, on two actions for damages for alleged breach of promise. Moen's name appeared in the newspapers connected with Wilson's, and Moen, desiring that witness should compromise the cases in order to avoid further publicity, offered him $100,000 and what he might expend in settlement if he would secure a compromise. He says he closed the bargain on that basis, and sued after he received $50,000 from Moen. Suit is to recover the balance of $80,000 and interest, amounting in all to $114,000, which Wilson says he never received. On cross-examination he was closely questioned by counsel for the defendant, but his story remained unshaken. It declares that the result is a triumph of village ignorance over the vote of the more intelligently trained constituencies all over the country.

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LOGAN'S SUPPOSED PREFERENCE.

He is Said to Have Suggested the Election of a Democrat.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—It is learned here that prominent politicians have been in this city, but in New York and Washington, are being communicated with for the purpose of boosting Senator Allison, of Iowa, for the presidency. Senator Allison, it is learned, is said, especially favor Senator Allison against Logan, because Allison is the antithesis of that bitter partisan spirit which Gen. Logan fosters.

A prominent Democrat, who has just returned from Indianapolis, said that the subject of electing a president of the senate was talked over to a considerable extent, and that it was the general sentiment among Democrats there

RAISIN-MAKING.

THE OPERATION AS CONDUCTED BY THE CALIFORNIA PACKERS.

The Grapes Picked by Crews of Chinamen—A Drying-Ground Sixty Acres in Extent—Packing the Raisins Into Sweat-Boxes.

[Orange (Cal.) Tribune.]

The grapes are purchased on the vines, some by actual weight, others by estimating the crop from weighing the product of every tenth vine. Good judges can make a pretty close guess at the number of tons on acre of vines, and years of practice enable the buyer to tell very nearly not only the amount but the quality of the raisins to be made from the vines which grow in different soils. While the lower and damper lands bring the largest crops, and perhaps the largest berries, the dry lands give a much larger percentage of sugar, and consequently a finer raisin.

DRYING IN THE SUN.

The grapes are picked by crews of most under-sized Chinamen, and are placed in trays or wooden frames, which are piled on top of each other in wagons and taken to the drying-grounds. These consist of about sixty acres of land, carefully leveled and cleaned like a brickyard, and the grapes are spread out in long rows to dry in the sun. Ten days or two weeks from the "laying down" is enough for the fruit to be prepared to dry them, and then those thoroughly cured are taken up and put into the sweat-boxes. Probably nine-third are not yet cured, and these are turned over and left in narrow rows until the action of Old Sol has made them ready.

The enormous quantity of grapes handled by one firm can be estimated when it is known that at one time this sixty-acre plot was covered, and a portion of it has been covered a second time. Teams are going unusually coming and going, and a small army of men are employed to take care of the grapes and keep the teams on the move. About sixty men and boys are employed in picking up the raisins which have fallen from the stems. The trays are of a number and capacity to hold 200 tons of grapes. Another thing which enables the firm to handle the drying grounds is the preparation made for rainy weather. In the shape of rolls of oiled paper sheeting in the world has been used. This paper is in sheets about four feet in width and strongly fine enough to withstand rain by dipping it in boiled oil. Several tons of paper and hundreds of oil barrels were used this season, but as yet it has not been found necessary to use the paper.

PUT INTO SWEAT-BOXES.

When properly dried the grapes are taken and put into sweat-boxes, probably ninety-five or 100 pounds to the box, and hauled to the packing-house, where they are piled three high in the shade in the large packing room. They are left here some ten days and passed through a sweating process, the object being to equalize the moisture contained in them. When packed in boxes some are much drier than others, but when ready for the packer the intention is to make them as nearly as possible moist and uniform in that regard. Four layers are placed in a box and each layer is weighed by the packer, and the whole must make exactly the twenty-four pounds. When a box is filled the packer takes it to the scales near the door, presided over by an expert in the business, who carefully weighs and examines it, and if it is carried to the next room, where it is nailed up and the corners smoothed off, and it is ready for shipment. Packing-house is confined in grading and weighing. About 125 men are employed in and about the packing-house, and "a steady stream of boxes" is kept piling around the scales. We were informed that about 1,500 boxes a day were being turned out, or three car loads every two days.

The most of the packers are Chinamen, and as usual they soon become very expert at the business, putting up from ten to twelve boxes a day. While the men fill all the responsible stations, it evidently being considered necessary to keep a vigilant watch over the "heathen" to keep him from resorting to ways that are dark." Occasionally a box goes back to the packer and is spat on his table as a gentle reminder that first-class work must be done all the time. The box then is handed by a powerful grinder press run by horse-power, and it is rather appalling to a printer to watch the motion of this machine. Checks are used in every department, a packer receiving a check for each box delivered at the scales. The whole business seems to be systematized thoroughly and moves along like clock work.

"Fat" or "Lean" for the Arctics.

[Charles Schwatka.]

While our medical board would have ruled me out as physically unfit for arctic duty, I have been generally greeted by people with the remark that I looked like a person who could endure it quite well enough, and most of these opinions are based on conversations would show, no idea that I had successfully supplied with a natural covering for my skeleton but ought to keep it warm, and I think this idea is good. A fat person can with stand the cold much better than a "lean" one.

The idea originates in the fact that the former carries large quantities of fatty food to keep them warm, and are generally quite rotund in outline. Yet one of my white party was as thin and lean as a bean pole, and he was able to stand the very coldest weather as well as the others, and in fact alittle better than the average man. I think the power to digest and assimilate fat is a better one than the mere carrying it on one's bones, or, to make a comparison, I think a person can produce a warmer fire by throwing the fat in the fire and burning it by that they can by wrapping it around the furnace on the outside. I think this distinction can be made, that the "lean" qualities can exist independently of each other. I have known men from the Fat Man's club to suffer as many as cold weather, and the ones I have in mind were not corpulent. Although not endowed with a great deal of adipose tissue on the outside the amount my thin friend had inside was fully equal to that of the fattest absorbent of the Esquimaux.

Testing the Granites.

[New York Sun.]

Comparative tests of the granites of New England and Minnesota, instituted by Prof. Thurston, with a view to determining their crushing strength, exhibit some surprising differences. The pieces employed for the purpose were cubes of two inches, and crushed between wooden blocks, the average strength of twenty pieces of Minnesota granite was found to be 30,272 pounds, or 15,136 pounds to the square inch; crushed between steel plates, the average strength was 104,800 pounds, or 52,400 pounds to the square inch of surface. The average obtained for the same number of pieces of New England granite was 36,000 pounds, or 18,000 pounds per square inch. The mean of Minnesota granite is 30,272 pounds, or 15,136 pounds per square inch; that of New England granite is

FARM AND GARDEN

A Clydesdale Horse.

From time to time we have given illustrations of the improved breeds of horses that have been introduced into this country. The Percheron, and the Cleveland bay have had their share of attention and we come at length to the Scottish Clydesdale.

If, in breeding is one of the most profitable side occupations a farmer can add to his general labors. It cannot be too often urged on agriculturists that American horses, except the trotter, are inferior to those of Europe. They are smaller, lighter and weaker, and in various ways show that they belong to the scrub order.

Moreover, stock-breeding farmers grow rich. Some of the palace homes of the country are owned by men who have made a fortune through the importation, breeding and sale of blooded horses, cattle and sheep. It proves there is no lack of appreciation of fine animals in America.

In the book, "How the Farm Pays," Mr. William Crozier says the Highland Clydesdale is the best horse for farm purposes, in his judgment. The French draft horse appears to be rather the fashionable one in the United States just now. There is no particular reason for it. Mr. Crozier says:

"It has been objected to the Clydesdale that he is slow, but after a trial of different breeds I find that the Clyde horse can plow more acres in a week than any other breed I have used."

In two plowing matches Mr. Crozier's Clydes came out first, though in the second one thirty pairs of horses were entered for competition.

LOCHFERGUS—CLYDESDALE STALLION.

The picture shows a fine type of Highland Clyde, owned by McKay Bros., Fort Wayne, Ind. The leg hair with the characteristic white pos and kind feet. It is to be remembered that there are two breeds of Clydesdales—the Highland and the Lowland. The Lowland animal is the enormous draft horse seen at the British docks and wharves drawing trucks. It is too heavy and large for general farm work. Mr. Crozier thinks the Highland Clyde or the Canadian horse the best adapted for all purposes on the farm. He says:

They are clean in the bone, easy keepers and good feeders. * * * Nothing is such a market of this country — — No blemish to spoil sale on want of size. No matter how perfectly the horse may be built, with strong body or short limbs, if he is small he brings only a low price. I think that the Clyde horse, weighing 1,500 or 1,600 pounds, crossed on our native light mares, weighing 1,100 or 1,200 pounds, makes one of the most valuable breeds for farm work."

The same writer says a horse should not be less than 6 or 7 years old to do steady farm work. Americans are apt to stunt their horses by putting them at heavy work too young.

A Cabbage Fourteen Feet High.

Jacksonville, Fla., has a vegetable wonder. It is a cabbage which is fourteen feet high and still growing. Vick's Magazine gave the first sketch of it.

A TALL CABBAGE.

It grows in the yard of an old colored woman. She told a newspaper man: "I planted dat cabbig six yeahs ago; I thinks I leaves dat cabbig go to theed second yeah, but it nebah goat to theed yeah, and the Lawd only knows when dat cabbig gwine to theed."

Three feet from the ground a branch sprouted out and bore another head.

The Farmer's Library.

We have been threatening for some time to make out a short list of books that will be valuable to the agriculturist. Farmers have not much money to spend. They cannot afford to waste any on trash. We therefore state the list short and sweet. By buying and making use of the volumes herein mentioned the farmer and his family will grow richer and happier, if not healthier and handsomer.

The books can probably be obtained or ordered by every farmer in or near his home. We could name their names, with the publishers, but we don't do. It is the publishers' place to advertise them and their wares.

We do not mention the books for the benefit of publishers, but of farmers—our constituents. We may add that every one of them is of tried and approved value.

For general crops, Allen's "New American Farm Book." For vegetable and fruit gardening, Peter Henderson's "Gardening for Profit" and "Gardening for Pleasure." These are in separate volumes. The first treats only of vegetable gardening; the second of fruit, flowers and vegetables. If one can afford to have both, however, the first named, "Gardening for Profit," will be most strictly useful to the farmer.

Peter Henderson's books are among the ablest and most practical ever written. Next we have "American Grape Growing and Wine Making," by Professor George Husmann. Barry's "Fruit Garden" is another good one. All the above-named books are published by the Orange Judd company, New York.

Finally there is a new work, called, "How the Farm Pays," by William Crozier and Peter Henderson. If you must confine your purchase this Christmas to one book alone, get this one. It is published by Peter Henderson & Co., New York. It seems to be the model farm book. William Crozier is a wealthy and successful man, who made his money by farming. Henderson is the equally wealthy and successful market gardener. The volume treats of soils, crops, live stock, farm machinery and tools, dairying, vegetable and fruit culture. It is abundantly illustrated. The information is in the form of plain, practical talks which go right to the understanding of the farmers. The actual experiences of the authors are set down in plain English. It is probably not too much to say that a city man could take this book and by feeling his way cautiously and following its directions closely make a successful farmer.

All the books in this list are illustrated, except Allen's "New Farm Book." It is rather odd, there is no picture in Allen's book. There are some passable veterinary works. But the publications on horse breeding and management, all three are, go back to the other end of nowhere in the history, and have scarcely three sentences of live, practical value. Somebody ought to write a good horse book.

To recapitulate the list:

Allen's "New American Farm Book."

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Peter Henderson's "Gardening for Pleasure."

George Husmann's "American Grape Growing and Wine Making."

Barry's "Fruit Garden."

(Above books published by Orange Judd company, New York.)

"How the Farm Pays," by Peter Henderson and William Crozier.

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To Bring Up Worn Out Land.

There is much discussion once more on the subject of bringing up the worn out fields and farms of the older states, where bad tillage has rendered them poor. We have given suggestions on this subject. They cannot be repeated too often, however, as long as there are so many scarred and ruined farms in the country. Now can it be too strongly emphasized that red clover is the exhausted land's best friend. The method below given can be improved on every time. It is a voice right out from the farm:

Have the grubbing done and all washes filled. Plow as soon in the spring as the ground will do, and sow plenty of oats and enough clover to make a good stand. Let it rest eighteen months or two years. By this time the ground will bring anything that may be planted on it. We never pasture land we cultivate. I think there is more land ruined by pasturing it than any other way; indeed, it is so. I have been living and working on a farm more than thirty years and that is my experience.

J. W. A.

Which was the Smart One, the Lawyer or His Wife?

[American Dairyman.]

We listened to the story the other day of a man who was educated to be a lawyer. He tried to practice his profession, but as the proportion of cases to babies was all against him, he decided that he could put that smart little wife of his to some use in the dairy; so he gave up his profession, hired a small farm a dozen miles from New York city, bought ten be fifteen cows, and went to butter making. His first wise movement was to find private customers for his butter, which, thanks to a smart wife, was of the finest quality. He soon had it engaged at 80 cents a pound, delivered twice a week. The demand for this butter at such a price soon outgrew his dairy's capacity, so he is now buying fresh cream from his neighbors, while his wife makes it into 80-cent butter. He has now added to this butter trade the sale of fresh eggs at five cents a piece, each egg stamped with the date it was laid, and thus guaranteed to be perfectly fresh. This man says he intends sticking to an honest course of action, and build up a trade that will stay by him, while he is making far more money than he would have been making if he had stuck to the law.

Swine Fever.

Dr. L. Thomas, in a paper read before the National Swine Breeders' association, contradicts the belief that the swine disease is contagious. He says it is caused by overloading the animals' stomachs, also by bad and irregular feeding and watering. He likewise regulates the term "hog cholera" as incorrect. He says it should be "swine fever." He thinks he observes that those farmers who feed and water swine irregularly, and permit them to gorge themselves on foul or decaying food and impure water have most disease among their herds. He says, "The two chief causes of swine fever are want of information and carelessness among hog raisers." He thinks hogs should have more attention paid to their dietetics.

Butter, Cheese and Eggs.

[New York Sun.]

The statistics laid before the National Butter, Cheese and Egg association at its late meeting in Chicago must have made its members feel that they were something more important than flies on the country's coach-wheel. It was asserted in those statistics that the annual value of dairy products in this country was $100,000,000 greater than that of the entire wheat crop, and $120,000,000 greater than that of the cotton crop, while the amount of capital interested in cows was said to be greater by $40,000,000 than that invested in bank stocks.

Things to Do and to Know.

For a good stock cow in Colorado prices have ranged about as follows: 1865, $150; 1870, $125; 1880, $75; 1885, $50.

Farmers in the Connecticut valley are ceasing to raise the famous tobacco of that region because it no longer pays.

The governor of Indiana has issued a proclamation against cattle from states having pleuro-pneumonia in their borders.

Make grape cuttings now. They are more vigorous than they will be after the winter's freezing. Keep them over till spring in a box of light, sandy earth in the cellar.

The National Norman Horse Breeders' association has resolved to drop the word Norman from its name and be known hereafter as the National Association of French Horse Breeders.

At this season of the year bran is a most excellent food for cows. The tendency at this stage in gestation is to the making of fat and the shrinkage of milk. Bran is a flesh former but not a fat former, and is a valuable corrective against the above-mentioned tendency. Milk at this season is the most valuable with all spring calving cows, and with a little care and foresight the shrinkage in the coming season of can be avoided and a larger profit realized.

W. H. C.

A Hoosier Poet.

[Special Correspondence.]

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—James Whitcomb Riley is a Hoosier poet, and is known as a writer of Hoosier dialect verse, as well as a reader of that peculiar literature. His own home at Greenfield, Ind., brought up there, and, according to his own story, is still tied to the apron strings of that motherly little town. Just when he was born I know not, but guess at his age by saying somewhere between 30 and 40, possibly a little younger, not by any possibility older, and he is still unmarried. I have never seen him, but, like the boy who didn't dog, ought had a cousin who played on the flute, I have known persons who have seen him.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

He is described as slight, and not very tall, with long, thin hands, a pale complexion large and brilliant gray eyes, a prominent nose, thin lips and blonde hair. He isn't particularly conventional in manner or anything else, nor has he any aversion to a man because he is rich. He is a fluent and interesting talker, and likes queer people. Was taught sign painting as a trade, but didn't encourage his yearning by special proficiency in the art or great devotion to it. He was thinking about poetry and writing poetry even when hanging in his basket painting lions and unicorns on signboard signs. He draws with some skill, and is "no slouch of a fiddler."

Poetry, however, is his special talent, and she came early brought to book with no uncertain hand when he gets after them. His poetry is always extremely rythmic, and often dramatic. He dashes humor into touching. He has been charged with being imitative rather than original—he is not seriously so, but in this way: What he talks in is reflected back in something not similar, exactly, but suggestive, like the echo of a song, embellished by new refrains and sweeter notes.

He belongs to a class of dialect poets who are well-nigh peculiar to America, those who draw their inspiration from the good, old-fashioned common soil. They belong to the western United States rather than to the eastern. Bret Harte, Will Carleton and Mr. Riley himself are the best specimens of the type.

This imitative faculty stands him in good stead on the platform, where he depicts the queer characters of his poems with extraordinary art. "The Deacon" is one of his best known productions and recitations, and "Old-Fashioned Roses" another. I quote two stanzas from the "Roses:"

"They ain't no style about 'em,
And they're sort o' pale and faded;
Yit the doorway here without 'em
Of the open and the shaded
With a good deal bleaker shadder
Than the morning-glories makes,
And the sunshine would look sadder
For their good, old-fashioned sakes.

"I like 'em, cause they kind o'
Sort o' makes a feller like 'em!
And I tell you when I find a
Bunch out where the sun can strike 'em,
It allus sets me thinkin'
Of the days when I used to grow
And pook in through the chinkin'
Of the cabin, don't you know!"

Most of Mr. Riley's poems have been published in The Indianapolis Journal of late years. He makes his home in the Hoosier capital.

Indiana is wealthy in poets. Maurice Thompson, Benj. S. Parker, Mary H. Krout, Margaret Holmes, Ben D. House and several others have made their mark. Mr. Riley can hold his own with any of them. In dialect poetry he is ahead of them all. There is reason to believe that Mr. Riley will favor readers' renown in the future than in the past.

L. T. O'Connell.

Fifty-Six Years in the State Department.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—William Hunter, the second assistant secretary of state, will have passed the greatest authority on international law and the laws of nations. Fifty-six years he entered the state department as a clerk under Martin Van Buren. He has been secretary of state, and has held positions of still increased importance in that department since. He served under seven presidents, and twenty secretaries of state, and on three occasions acting secretary. The correspondence he has had with consuls, ministers of the United States and foreign diplomats would fill a good sized room. He was considerable of a linguist and could embellish his correspondence with all the politeness of a Frenchman and grace of a Spaniard. As an indefatigable worker his deep researches into the precedents established by the comity of nations aided in no small measure to enable us to retain our pleasant relations with the world.

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Mr. Hunter was a descendant of the sturdy race that prevailed in Rhode Island at the beginning of this century. He was born in Washington, not apparently strong. Though he entered West Point he was compelled to resign after three years, on account of ill health. He went to New Orleans, the health resort of those days, and settled down to the study of law and languages. After being admitted to the bar he was driven out of the city by yellow fever, and located in Washington, where his health improved, so that his finely built figure became a conspicuous one in Washington. Though eighty years old he has retained his hair and baldness is not apparent, when he was taken down with the illness that incapacitated him for further duty.

W. H. C.

CALL AND EXAMINE
A. M. Griffen's
Stock of
Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces
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We show a larger variety of Dry and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Plushes, Velvets, Velveteens, Merino Underwear, etc., etc., than ever before. You can save time and money by a visit to

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FOR BARGAINS!
A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50
Seven Pieces.
SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26
Eight Pieces.
OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6
A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

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PURE Philadelphia
ICE CREAM
Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.
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REAL ESTATE
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LOANS NEGOTIATED
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Clothing,
MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS
All made by us and the workman ship is guaranteed.
ALSO
A SPENDID LINE OF
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Replete with every variety.
Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.
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Has the sole Agency for John B. Aldens valuable elegant and low priced publications. A full line constantly on hand. We have at all times a full line of
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and Fancy Papetries. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves. Others are daily arriving. Call often and early at
John H. Allen,
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CON A. GAYLORD
Dealer in
LUMBER
MASONS' MATERIALS
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Also keep in stock choice quality of
Cannel Coal.
Madison Avenue,
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The Prince Royal.
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Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.
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NEATLY REPAIRED
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No. 3 Park Avenue.
N. B.—No Botching.

To the Public!
We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after order is given.
A. D. Cook & Bro.

Electric Fire Alarm
Electric Burglar Alarms, Improved and neat Electric Call Bells, Electric Lighting.
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Electric Thermostats so connected with battery that when temperature goes low as high a point as desired, a bell will ring, notifying of necessary, with great accuracy. Call and see it going, or send for circular.
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BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.
500 ENGLISH
Walking Jackets
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They are made from Rough Boucle Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $13 each. Also 500 rough cloth and
JERSEY JACKETS
$5, 6, 6.95, 7.50, 10, 12.
Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.
Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,
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Has just received from one of the best factory manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

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Steam Laundry
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EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty
Custom or Gloss Finish.
Central Branch Laundry office at E. B. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box, 970.

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Furniture
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LARGE
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

We are now offering the largest stock of
Dress Goods,
Blankets, Comfortables, and Underwear,
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At Prices lower than ever before known to the trade.
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Repairing promptly done. Satisfactorily furnished.
OFFICE, SOMERSET STREET.
My Reference is my Work!

Elliotts, Elliotts!
Great Bargains this Week!
Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.
Misses' Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.
Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.
Hats, Hats, Hats!
Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 20c up.
Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 50c up.
Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.
Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 6c each.
A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, latest style price 30 cents.
Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.
Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.
Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.
A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.00; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.
Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.
Children's lace collars 5c up.
We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles,
ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,
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Photographers
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Men's Serviceable Overcoats,
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MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.
All wool medicated red Underwear at $1 each
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LIVERY STABLE
North Avenue
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.
Carriages to Meet all Trains.
Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD NEWS

Vol 4, No 160 PLAINFIELD, N. J. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1885 Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

ANYONE finding a Yale key will please leave it at the Post Office.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 33 La Grande avenue. 2-2

CHRISTMAS WREATHS, Rogers, Starr, Cornwall & Christmas Green, Laurel and Arbor Vitæ, Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at Dendron Nurseries, Ryder farm.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, with or without board. Address D. E., care Evening News. 2-2

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Ninth street near Second Place. Conveniently finished hard wood floors and open wood mantels. Contains all modern improvements. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 12-2-tf

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon, Rockaway, Extension Top Phaeton, etc. The above must be sold cheap to make room for sleighs, at J. M. Freeman's, 21 Somerset street. 12-2-tf

LOST—Two keys, No. 1899 and 8422. Finder will be rewarded by leaving over Evening News office, and obliging. 4-2

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence, 17 Watchung avenue. Possession immediate. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, opposite station, Plainfield. 12-2-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rent. Centrally located. Address Parsonage, care Evening News. 12-1-tf

TREES AND PLANTS—Pear, cherry and quince trees, grape vines, maples, elms, etc. Hyacinths, tulips and winter-blooming plants for sale at Nursery. 12-1-tf

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain large handsome rooms in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes walk to station. Address "Board," Box 696. 12-1-tf

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply at the Central avenue. 12-1-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. T. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-sept

Special Notices.

W. H. LUDLOW, 120 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carpets of all kinds recimmed and trimmings repaired. Formerly with Messrs. Winfield & Jacobus, Rahway, in whose employ he was for ten years, and with Mr. L. D. Freach, for the past year, still, painting will be added in all its branches. Entrance given. Fine work a specialty. Prices low. 12-1-3m

WANTED—Canvassers, energetic men or women to open an office in this city and solicit trade. A Standard Company, of the highest character. We require no capital or previous experience, but will require satisfactory references as to honesty and ability. For particulars address, stating age, occupation, etc., Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co., Newark, N. J. 12-1-3m

CALL AND GET PRICES on all kinds of New Furniture, Tuesday just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing Coffee—also agent for Coffee Cups, Saucers, etc. 12-1-3m Yost Low.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST, 21 Park street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS, Floral designs, Bouquets for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the most tasteful manner. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North. 10-30-tf

ALBERT SMITH, Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Brackets, Iron Gardens, Book Safes, Doors, Shutters, Fronts, Iron Chairs, Settees, Tables, Vases, Fountains, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing promptly executed to order. Shop 1 and 3 Avenue, Newark, N. J. 7-5-6m

MUSIC! Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director. Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue. New Dover. 12-1-6m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL, the best dancing academy for eight hundred, with spacious ante-rooms and heated by steam, offers special inducements to parties wanting to hire a hall for dancing exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr. Architect, No. 21 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11-14-y

EARL & JACQUES, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 24 West Front street, P. O. Box 1011, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates and Specifications. Typewriting and stenographic work to any part of the country.

W. J. MASON, STENOGRAPHER, 144 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Sermons, Lectures, Addresses, Speeches carefully reported on reasonable terms. Typewriter transcripts furnished. Instruction given in Phonography, Shorthand and Typewriting. Refers to the Mayor and other prominent gentlemen. P. O. Box 1104 10-9-3m

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had many years experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in the line with accuracy and promptness. 9-23-3m

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST, 28 West Front street. Cocaine used as a local anæsthetic. Good filling a specialty

GEORGE C. CARPENTER, Stenographer. The reporting of legal arguments and sermons a specialty. Practical instruction in Shorthand given. Dictation, Typewriting and Penmanship. Agent for the Densmore typewriter. Office, corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON, Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages. Will invest and collect moneys at lowest rates. Official searches procured if desired without extra charge

DR. A. W. ANDERSON, Office 28 West Front. Office hours until 9 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 8-30-6m

DR. J. E. GRIFFEN, Accoucheur and Gynecologist, corner Second and Watchung avenues. Office hours till 9 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CUDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office corner of Park avenue and Second street

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor-at-Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, Second Floor, Somerset street.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN, Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block. Rooms 9 and 10, Plainfield, N. J. W. Stillman. H. Suydam.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST, 28 West Front street, over Geddes's Hardware Store. Entrance on Park avenue. Office hours from 9 till 5. 12-11-tf

Educational.

ART SCHOOL. Classes in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. Terms call or address 7 East Front street. M. E. MOODY. 12-1-6m

T. E. HAZELL, Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction at my residence. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and voice. 36 Duer street. North Plainfield. 12-1-6m

PIANO LESSONS. Miss Bertie Maclaren is now prepared to give Piano lessons at her residence, 10 Park place, Plainfield. Refers to Mr. S. V. Woodford, Superintendent Public Schools, and to others. P. O. Box, 1382.

MISS ALICE SMITH, Graduate and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 46 West Second street, corner Dudley. 12-1-3m

MISS M. A. BARIGHT, Teacher of Drawing and Painting, Private or Class Instruction. For terms address Box 1080.

EDUCATION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Terms reasonable. Address Mr. Alberti, P. O. Box 1080.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

The Borough Council held their December meeting in the parlor of Warren engine house at eight o'clock last evening.

In the absence of Mayor Van Winkle, the clerk, William E. Mattison, called the meeting to order, and Councilman Thickstun was elected Chairman pro tem.

Present—Councilmen Arnold, Bronson, Ludlow, Weaver and Thickstun. Absent—Mayor Van Winkle and Councilman Slater.

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved as read.

A communication from William H. Van Winkle and others asking the Council to take some action in regard to having a sidewalk placed on Somerset street, near the school, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health.

A communication from William B. Remsen and others asking the Council to compel the property owners on Somerset Place to put down sidewalks was read. Councilman Arnold stated that he did not think the Council had any authority to act in this communication as the street was private property, it never having been transferred to the Borough. The above was referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health to ascertain whether the street was a private thoroughfare or not.

Also a petition from Councilman Arnold and others petitioning the Council to have a sidewalk placed around the property of Peter E. See, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health.

The following claims were presented and referred to the Auditing Committee: H. M. Spencer, $8; W. L. Force and Brother, $80.25; R. B. Raiford, $19; Peter Wooden, $20; Peter V. Weaver, $1.30, and James Q. Miles, $2.50.

The Corporation Counsel reported that he had notified Messrs. Peter Hoagland and John Benner that the using of any truck or other wagon to carry express or peddlers' goods, without the license number being conspicuously displayed thereon, was a violation of the Borough ordinance, and if they did not stop doing so they would be prosecuted.

The same officer also reported that he had executed a lease for the lock-up with Peter Wooden.

The counsel then read his opinion in regard to Mr. Spencer's bill for services rendered at the Borough election. The opinion set forth that there was no question about Mr. Spencer having performed said duties at the election aforesaid, and thought the bill should be paid.

It also presented the agreement between the Borough and Charles Wann in reference to the two electric lights on Grove street. All the above was received and ordered filed.

Corporation Counsel Jackson further stated that in his opinion a Board of Health should be appointed by the Borough, and would examine the matter in detail and report at the next meeting of the Council.

The Clerk then read his monthly statement of the Borough finances. It showed the following amounts: Total amount received $285; total amount ordered $119.17; balance remaining in his hands $169.13.

The following persons made application for licenses: Engine Co., No. 2, truck license; S. C. Voorhees, peddler's license; Warren Engine Co., No. 3, truck license; Mrs. John Brown, express license; John A. Benner, peddler's license; L. C. Backer, peddler's license; R. W. Manaffee, express license; Frank Van Alken, peddler's license; Jacob Belon, peddler's license; Isaac Apgar, peddler's license; Samuel Solomski, peddler's license. All the above applications were granted.

All the bills referred to the Auditing Committee, with the exception of that of Peter Wood-n's bill, was referred back to him for correction.

Mr. Arnold moved that the Corporation Counsel be instructed to confer with the Marshal in regard to prosecuting the hackmen and truckmen who violate the ordinance governing them. The motion was carried.

Mr. Weaver reported that Freeholder Jones had put down a culvert at the intersection of Grove street and Craig Place and also one at the intersection of Washington street and Prospect Place. Report received and ordered filed.

The Committee on Supplies were instructed to procure a ballot-box, registration list, and to have on hand at the coming Borough elections.

Adjourned.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. W. E. Honeyman of North Plainfield, will officiate in the Presbyterian Church at North Amboy to-morrow.

Mr. M. Daly and family, who have been living at the Park House for some time past, have removed to Church street.

Constable Amos Moffett, who has been confined to his home on West Sixth street for some time past, is slowly recovering.

The other night Miss Ellen Kelly, an impulsive Tipperary girl, plugged a Plainfield burglar with her little revolver, and now the whole country sings out: "Mora power to your shillelah, Kelly." A crying need of this country is more Ellen Kellys.—New Brunswick Home News.

Services To-morrow.

The Rev. Dr. Lewis will preach before the Reform Club in Reform Hall in the evening.

At the Congregational church in the evening the pastor will preach on "The Boy Daniel." It will be the first of a short series of Sunday evening sermons on Daniel.

Justice Nash's Court.

Justice Nash rendered a decision in the case of Clark vs. Botier for $32 debt and $2.90 costs.

Justice Nash rendered judgment in the case of Peterson vs. Turner, for $30.68 debt and $2.55 costs.

The appeal case of Sweeny vs. Holmes, an action to obtain wages due, has been settled by Holmes paying the amount claimed with costs.

The case of Grozier vs. O'Donnell has been settled by the payment of ten dollars, the amount claimed, to Justice Nash. The amount paid goes to the poor fund of the city.

On complaint of Mary Shay, Justice Nash has issued a warrant for the arrest of Nancy Adams, charging her with assault and battery. The accused has not as yet been apprehended.

The case of Hogan vs. Holmes, an action to obtain wages due, which came up before Justice Nash last week, and in which he gave his decision in favor of the plaintiff, has been appealed.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

Our newly-organized brass band expect to receive their instruments next week and then we shall have some music, no doubt.

Mr. Eckson is about to build a brick house on the plot of ground he lately purchased from James M. French, on Clark street.

And now we have a regularly organized Bicycle Club, with a membership of 14, and the following officers: President, Dr. F. A. Risch; Secretary and Treasurer, Frank Miller; Captain, Arthur Miller.

Lyceum Hall was well filled on Thursday evening to listen to Miss Carrie Louise Bay, the eccentric violinist, and Miss Hollenback, soprano; Mr. Wm. Courtney, tenor, and Stanley Joice, the humorist, kept the audience in a continuous roar of laughter.

George Schutt, another of our old citizens, died last Sunday at Scranton, Pa., where he had been stopping for some months past. It was attacked with hemorrhage and sailing his sister, at whose house he was staying, suddenly expired. His was buried at Scranton.

Mr. Wm. G. Young, a well-known resident of our town for many years, died on Wednesday last, after a long illness, in the 71st year of his age. The funeral services were held at the house yesterday afternoon, and the interment took place at Fairview cemetery.

The "Pink Sociable," given by the Good Will Mission Band," at the lecture rooms of the Presbyterian Church, proved a great success. Everyone who were present, pink greeted it; the young ladies in pink caps, pink aprons and some dressed in pink; the gentlemen with pink roses in their lappels, the tables, lamps and all were draped in pink; even some of the cake and ice cream was pink. The young and old alike enjoyed the evening, and the singing and recitations were good, and especially well received was the "Pink Family," represented by seven young ladies, all dressed in large peaked hats.

Kate Claxton.

Among the important dramatic events of the winter season in Music Hall will be the appearance of the celebrated actress, Miss Kate Claxton, on next Thursday evening in the "Two Orphans." Every newspaper notice of Kate Claxton's performance contains unqualified praise of her supporting company. It is the intention of the management to give public entertainments for this star actress, and there is every reason to expect a crowded house on the above date. Sale of seats begin Monday morning, Dec 7th.

City Court.

On complaint of Mrs. Anna Tracey, Mrs. Charles Rothenhausen who lives on East Front street, appeared before City Judge Ulrich this morning charged with violating the second section of the peace and moral act, in using profane and indecent language. After the Judge had heard the testimony pro and con in the case, and the complainant to thoroughly investigate other charges, he reserved his decision until Monday morning at ten o'clock.

Emmet is Sick.

The following telegram was received this morning from the agent of J. K. Emmet: "Mr. Emmet sick; impossible to appear in Plainfield Saturday night."

Purchasers of tickets may have their money refunded at the drug store.

—In making your holiday purchases remember our advertisers. They want your trade, will appreciate your favors, and do all they can to please you. You will save money by dealing with them, as well as enlarge the circle of your local friends. The present prosperous condition of the people of Plainfield is very largely due to the public spirit of its citizens and pride in every thing local and worthy. It is a good spirit. The money you spend with them helps build up the locality, for they are led to improve not only their stores but their dwellings. Each improvement of this kind is of public benefit, and whatever benefits the public generally benefits the individuals forming it. Most Plainfielders take as much pride in being known as a citizen of Plainfield as the old Roman took in being known as a citizen of Rome.

—Photographs of the Kaufman combination and of their different acts, are now on exhibition at Stella's drug store, Park avenue, and Schwed's clothing store, Front street. They appear at the Casino Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 7th and 8th. The following is from the Buffalo Daily News; "Mr. Kaufman who strutted so much altogether by riding his unicycle in the parade of the American League of Wheelmen, gave his wonderful exhibitions before large crowds at the Main street rink. The Wheelmen were all interested in the contest, claiming for him nearly over all other riders."

—Mr. F. P. Van Arsdale, who has quite a local reputation as a repairer and tuner of pianos, has removed from No. 24 East Front street to the corner of East Front street and Elm Place, (formerly Waterstreet,) as noted in his advertisement. He has purchased the property and fitted it up very comfy, including in his arrangements an attractive studio for his wife, who is a well known artist and instructor in painting.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Waste the Earth.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—Our eagle soars high. Those whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad.

For the first time in the history of the City of Plainfield we have a Democratic Mayor and a majority of the Common Council. We look upon it as a great victory for our noble party. Last year that noble patriot, St. John, gave us a President for the first time in over twenty years, and now to "crap the climax" we, with the aid of that noble band that have joined hands with us, and helped, have buried that pestilentious Republican party forever. Jimmy has said so, and we know he means business. We love a he will continue to pack the Republican penitentiaries, and that our old friend will continue to pitch into those "Rum Republicans," by so doing we have some of their support. What a yeddi g we will have for the next twenty years. We know plenty of Republicans that don't want the offices, and don't care so long as we put up good men, and all of us are good and don't get abused by our friends and allies. Of course there will be a few Republicans that have had the paying offices who will revel and to lose them, although we do know of an instance where the Clerk of a Common Council, we have found he could not be elected put on the record Mr. So-and-so of the 1st ward name of the party elected. By this noble act on the part of the Clerk made a true record and at the next meeting elected a Democrat, showing that virtue has its reward. We don't expect a man in the history of the party giving away any offices to those bad Republicans, all things being equal, and we having a man that would fill it. I want to say a few words about the m ny quests n—some of our leaders whose names were published in your paper as in favor—I went back on it. We don't know why, but suspect that a dollar or two in-reases in taxes was more than some of them could stand. We went in and worked all the harder because they could license money was good money, and we ought so too. We have been "that" to the tune of from three to five hundred dollars a year for licenses, and if those men have lost Republican Council, thereby taking so much of our hard earnings to support those rascals, I say let them be turned out, and blood money no longer the issue, we expect to be able to get from three to four last fifty dollars per year, with the privilege of adding any numb r of saloons. It is a burning shame that we have not more than one saloon to each one thousand of its inhabitants, while other cities have one to each two hundred. Let us stand by our friends.

A TRUE DEMOCRAT.

Costs of Various Fire Department Systems.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—Much comment having been lately made as to the expenditures, etc., of the Volunteer Fire Department of our city, and that a paid department could be maintained at about the same cost, I have examined carefully the reports of the Chief Engineers of many paid departments in vari us cities with the following result as to the cost of placing our city under a similar management.

1st. A paid department, such as New York and Brooklyn. Exhibit A.

2d. A paid department with call men, as Newark, N. J., marked Exhibit B.

3d. The Volunteer Department of the City of Plainfield, marked Exhibit C.

EXHIBIT A. Per Annum

1 Chief engineer, salary	$1,200
1 Assistant engineer	1,000
32 Steamer men, $600 each	19,200
12 H. & L.	7,200
7 Hose	4,200
11 H. & L. and 3 engine teams $900	9,900
4 Hose teams $150	600
2 Chief and Ass't teams $150	300
Repairs and supplies as based on Plainfield Departmen	4,500
Chief's office	150
Driver for chief	900
2 Bell ringers, 1 day and 1 night, $0 0	1,200
Total	$40,150

EXHIBIT B. Per Annum

1 Chief Engineer, salary	$1,000
9 engine men, $600 each	5,400
2 H. and L. men, $600	1,200
1 hose man, $600	600
1 H. and L. and 3 engine teams, $900	1,200
4 hose horses, $150	600
1 Chief's horse, $150	150
Repairs and supplies as based on Plainfield Department	4,500
2 bell ringers, $600	1,200
Driver for Chief, $600	600
27 call men, $100 per annum	2,700
Total	$20,350

In exhibit B, I have cut off every thing possible, and still left the department in an effective condition.

Exhibit C is now a permanent, consist of drivers, engineers and one wheelman for truck company, the thirty-seven men are call men and only on duty at or during an alarm of fire. The New York Department pay their men $1,300 per annum. Newark Fire Department $600 per annum, and I have put the rate $600, or 53 1-3 per cent. lower than Newark, which is probably the lowest figure at which good men of ex erience could be obtained.

EXHIBIT C.

Repairs on present department, consisting of three steam engines and tenders, one hook and ladder company and one hose company, with about 2500 feet hose	$1,500
The appropriation for fire purposes allows $7,000 per annum, and after deducting above $2,500, paid for interest on bonds and interest, leaves the small sum of $4,500 to cover all expenses, incidental to the running of the department, which is to include also the cost of maintaining the drivers and horses now in use. These expenses fall on the individual property, the figures given simply refer to the cost or actual running expenses, and would not leave any margin for the depreciation of the purchase of horses, harness, etc., as would have to be furnished in case of a paid department.	
It would be impossible to work the department under a paid system with any less men than mentioned in Exhibits A and B without crippling it, and that the same number as used in all good Departments.	
RECAPITULATION.	
Cost of running a paid fire department	$40,150
Cost of running a call fire department, with call men	20,350
Actual cost of running present Fire Department	4,500

BENJ. A. MUNSON,
Foreman H. & L. Co., No. 1.

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of Real Estate. The subscriber will sell at public sale on Monday, Dec. 7, at one o'clock p. m., at the Court House, Plainfield, N. J., the following real estate, near Park Avenue Church, Plainfield, Union County, N. J., and on the corner of North and the Middle roads, and Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield. Also on Grant avenue, bounded by Grant avenue, Lot No. 2, Block 4, Grant avenue, Plainfield, being the same premises that were conveyed to Mary Ann Hall by deed of Thomas Hall, dated April 1, 1885, and recorded in Book of Deeds for Union County, in Book 153 of Deeds, page 153, &c. Terms made known at time of sale. Title good. Terms cash. Deed at expense of purchaser.

W. E. CORNELISON, Assignee of I. S. Mallouse.

MUSIC HALL,
THURSDAY, DEC. 10TH.
An Important Dramatic Event.
Kate Claxton
AND A
CHARLES A. STEVENSON,
In a Grand Revival of the
TWO ORPHANS.
Kate Claxton ... As Louise.
—SPECIAL— SCENERY
POWERFUL COMPANY!!
Seats On Sale Monday Morning.
Drug Stores of Reynolds, Brown's and Voorhees.

Casino A VOLCANO!
IN
Monday & Tuesday Evenings,
DRY GOODS
AT
Bachman Bros.
Kaufman's Monarch Combination
The Largest! The Greatest. The most complete Rink attraction on Earth.
This Troupe is Headed by the
Great Kaufman
HIGGINS
The Human Knot.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold regardless of sacrifice before going out of the business in this city. The times are hard, and business all over the country is dull, and people are watching opportunities to buy goods cheap, and now is your chance and time, to get them from us.

Look at these low astonishing prices, and you certainly will be convinced that it is a true and decided fact.

Sweeping reductions in Ladies' Scarlet Underwear.

We are offering to the public Ladies' Scarlet all wool medicated Vests at the low figure of $1, reduced from $1.75.

Ladies' White Vests we are selling at 30c, reduced from 85c.

We are offering all our White and Opera Shades in Kid Gloves at the reduced price of 25c.

Agents for the Moschowitz Model Waist Linings.

BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

Lintner Twins,
DAVE and MORIE.
Peck's Bad Boys. Come and see us on our muscle. Do not miss the
4 Bicycle Monarchs.

FAIR
OF
ENGINE CO. NO. 2,
AT
Cutter's Hall,
DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.
VERY LOW.
Season Tickets 25 cents. Ticket for one night only 10c.

J. P. Laire & Co.
OFFER
HOLIDAY GOODS
VERY LOW.
Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets. Call and Examine.

Elliotts, Elliotts!
Great Bargains this Week!
Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.
Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.
Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.
Hats, Hats, Hats!
Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 20c up.
Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 60c up.
Children and Boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors,
Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, &c
A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, latest style price 25 cents.
Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.
Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 60 cents a yard.
Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.
A full dress pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannel with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.00; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.
Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.
Children's lace collars 5c up.
We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.
ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,
18 East Front street, Plainfield.

L. M. FRENCH
Carriage Manufacturer.
Sleighs
FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.
CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.
REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE.
No. 18 Somerset St.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

WE ARE READY FOR CHRISTMAS
To accomodate those of our customers who wish to send cards abroad we will on MONDAY, NOV. 9, be ready to show a large line of Christmas Cards in all styles and prices.
A. W. RAND,
24 W. FRONT STREET,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

STATIONS in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.42, 6.32, 7.02, 7.51, 7.50, 8.04, 8.40, 9.20, 10.37, 11.08 a. m.; 12.30, 1.42, 2.27, 3.57, 4.34, 5.04, 5.55, 6.39 p. m. Sundays, 3.41, 9.44, 11.26 p. m. Sundays, 3.37 a. m. For Somerville, 6.40, 8.31, 11.15 a. m.; 1.27, 3.51, 5.04, 7.31, 9.33 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 12.01, 1.01, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 12.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.30, 4.00 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.42, 6.32, 7.02, 7.51, 7.50, 8.04, 8.40, 9.20, 10.37, 11.08 a. m.; 12.30, 1.42, 2.27, 3.57, 5.32, 6.39, 7.31, 9.33, 11.15 p. m. Sundays, 8.44, 10.35, 11.57, a. m.; 1.27, 3.51, 7.31, 9.23 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.25, 10.35, 11.15 a. m.; 1.05, 1.45, 2.40, 3.35, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.30, 6.05, 7.05, 7.35, 8.15, 9.50, 11.10 p. m. Sundays, at 9.00 a. m.; 12.10, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.10, 9.15 p. m.

Trains for North Plainfield change cars at Bloomfield.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.55, 9.37, 11.43, 11.59 a. m.; 2.08, 2.16, 3.45, 4.54, 5.04, 5.57, 6.06, 7.15, 8.13, 9.45 p. m. Sundays, 9.37, 11.41 a. m. Sunday at 4.10, 9.14 a. m.; 7.45, 8.43, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.53, 7.05, 7.58, 8.04, 9.13, 9.25, 10.15 a. m.; 12.55, 4.03, 5.22, 6.03, 6.35, 6.05, 8.13, 8.45 p. m. Sundays at 8.15, 11.30 a. m.; 4.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Bonnelle.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 1.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.04, 6.06, 8.05, 8.17 p. m. Sundays, 9.37, 11.41 a. m.; 4.34, 6.06, 8.17 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.57 a. m.; 12.40, 4.05, 4.06, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.05 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.14 a. m.—Daily except Sundays, for Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton, Silver Lake, Scranton, etc.

8.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Scranton, etc.

2.08 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 8.42, 11.08 a. m. 5.04 p. m. Sundays, Ocean Grove at 8.42 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.22, 3.10, 8.32, 10.19, 11.59 a. m.; 2.16, 5.04, 6.06, 8.17 p. m. Sunday, at 3.55, 5.10, 9.24 a. m., 6.17 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 6.30, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 4.45, 7.15, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 5.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Fourth Streets, at 5.10, 8.2, 9.00, 10.30, a. m., 12.30, 2.52, 4.21, 6.00,* p. m. Sundays, at 8.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, at 6.40, Wind Gap, Tucker Brooks, at 1.35, 6.21,* 9.03,* 10.38, 11.55 a. m.; 1.54, 4.22, 6.34, 7.52* p. m. Sunday at 8.38, 9.18, 9.24, 10.38 a. m., 6.17 p. m.

Plainfield passengers for Train marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, GEN. PASS. & TICKET AGENT.

W. W. STEARNS, SUPT. J. E. WOOTTEN, GEN. MANAGER.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1885.

FROM A FATHER TO A SON.

Letter Written to a Grown-Up Boy in Polka-Dot Necktie and Knee Panties.

[Mid Njs in Chicago Sun.]

I see by your picture that you have got your head plastered over with a bell-rope around it, and short pants. They make you look as you did when I used to spank you in years gone by, and I find in the same that the idea to do it with did not pall. Old and feeble as I am, it seems to me as though I could spank a boy that wears knickerbocker pants and has to undo a Garibaldy waist and a pleate jacket.

If it wasn't for them cute little camel's hair winkers of yours I would not believe that you had grown up to be a large, six-footer boy, with grown-up thoughts. Some of the thoughts you express in your letters are far beyond your years. Do you think that you are the only boy that is in the school that thinks all the thoughts for the fun?

Some of your letters are so deep that your mother and I can hardly grapple with them. One of them especially was so full of foreign stuff that you had got out of a book of travels that we had to send it over to some home before we can take it in. I'll can talk a little Chippewa, but that is all the foreign language I am familiar with. When I was a young man I had to do our foreign languages the best we could, so I studied Chippewa without a master. A Chippewa chief took me into his camp and I slept in his wigwam for about a week, and acquired his language. He became so much attached to me that I had great difficulty in coming away.

I wish you would write in United States dialect as much as possible, as I not try to paralyze your parents with imported expressions like "some" and "no poor person."

Remember that you are the only boy we've got, and we are only going through the most awful of living here for your sake. For so long as you remain with us I will be very along into the shank of the evening. All we ask of you is to improve on the old people. You can see where I fooled myself, and you can do better. Read and write and offer all pain and get a college, and try not to be ashamed of your unskilled parents.

When you get that chicken-pox little navel fluttering and that pain of knee pantes and that primer-bit necktie, and the curly-bird boys holler "FAT," when you pipe her out you can't get in their crowd, remember that, no matter how foolish you may seem to be, your parents will never sour on you.

Bismarck's Growl.

Bismarck is said to have given a growl of disapproval during Gen. Sickles' visit when one of the petty German princes proposed to sell the guns of the art gallery to an American millionaire.

A medical student at Lima had himself hypnotized with fever as an experiment, and died from the effects of it.

GEN. LOGAN DECLINES.

ACTION OF THE CAUCUS ON THE PRESIDENCY OF THE SENATE.

It is Unanimously Tendered to the Illinois Senator—He Thinks He Can Better Serve the Country On the Floor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The caucus of Republican senators met promptly at 12 o'clock, Senator Sherman in the chair, and proceeded to the election of a president pro tempore of the senate, made necessary by the death of the vice-president of the United States. Senator Hoar announced that when last summer the Republicans of the nation in their convention nominated Gen. Logan for vice-president, he (Mr. Edmunds) had thought it right to inform Gen. Logan, and the party, that he should retire from the presidency of the senate and that Gen. Logan should be chosen in his place, and as they all remembered, he very unwillingly assented to action and desire to the Republican senators in a formal way; but it was thought at that time that the change be not made, especially as no nomination for president had been made. At the election Gen. Logan had received, he believed, the votes of all the Republicans who had the opportunity to vote, and since they must bring their choice of the people for the office of vice-president, which would have made him ex-officio the president of the senate, and under the law charged with the duty of carrying on the government in case of any disability of the president of the United States until an election could be had. In this state of things he thought it right, and the Republican senators should renew their expression of confidence in Gen. Logan by nominating him for president of the senate, and he accordingly moved that Gen. Logan be so nominated by acclamation.

Several senators spoke briefly in favor of the nomination, and the question was put and agreed to unanimously. The chairman announced the unanimous nomination of John A. Logan as the Republican candidate for president pro tempore of the senate. Thereupon Gen. Logan spoke as follows:

"From the depths of my heart I thank the Republican senators for the confidence they repose in me, as expressed in the action already just rendered me by acclamation for the position of temporary presiding officer of the senate. I not alone thank them, but the people of the whole country for the desire they seem to feel that I should be given this very honorable position. I was, however, sir, the nominee of the Republican party for vice-president, and not for any of the lesser offices. I was not elected. For that nomination I then thanked the Republican party, and through the senators present I again return to the Republicans of the country my grateful acknowledgment. If I thought that I could better serve my constituents and my country by accepting this position, I would most gladly do so, and will now perform the duties to the best of my ability. I do not so think, and am sure that I can by work necessary to be performed, on committees and elsewhere, better serve the state I represent by remaining in my present position.

"In fact, Mr. Chairman, the position is not to my taste, and unless I thought that I could perform more valuable service in the Senate's manner than any other senator (which I do not), I cannot see a necessity for me to accept the chair in preference to any of my brother senators. Mr. Edmunds has all his time been presided over in a most satisfactory manner since I have had the honor to be one of its members, and doubtless will be so again by every one that presides hereafter. I am ready to assist in elevating any one who may be selected; and now, my brother senators, I want you to know that I fully appreciate your kindness, and I sincerely thank you for it, but you must allow me to say that, after carefully considering the matter, I feel that I ought to decline this nomination, and now most respectfully do so."

The caucus then adjourned.

WHO WILL IT BE?

Edmunds, Allison and Sherman Named for the Place.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Senators Edmunds, Allison and Sherman, in the order named, are spoken of for the position of president pro tempore of the senate. Friends of the former maintain that he will not accept the nomination, while others say that if selected unanimously he will not decline. Senator Allison's prominence is based upon the fact that he is supposed to be the strongest man to be selected, and now, my brother senators, I want you to know that I fully appreciate your kindness, and I sincerely thank you for it, but you must allow me to say that, after carefully considering the matter, I feel that I ought to decline this nomination, and now most respectfully do so.

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The caucus then adjourned.

TWO BOYS CONFESS MURDER.

He Shot Because He Felt Like Shooting Somebody.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Dec. 5.—Daniel and George Moore, aged 16 and 14 years, confessed that they were the murderers of George A. Gumbel. They said their father was dead and their mother was a widow living in Indianapolis. Four weeks ago they left home to visit an aunt in Dallas county, this state, while in Dallas county the one night last week they broke into a house and stole a 32-caliber revolver. They came here and visited several places, begging for something to eat, in a number of houses, and finally, Gumbel, and a few gave them small sums of money. They met Gumbel at the depot, and the three went east, following the railroad track.

The younger boy had the nerve to confess. He said they were walking some distance in the rear of the German, and his brother said to him, "I am going to shoot that man." He asked him why he did so, and his father replied, "Because I want to." Then the brother walked up to the man, placed the revolver within two or three feet of the back of his head and fired. The man only made the confession the boy cried bitterly. The elder boy denied the story at first, but when informed that his brother had told all about it he confessed. He said he was afraid that he denied riding the dead man's pockets. When asked why he killed the man, and if they had quarreled, he said there had been no difficulty of any kind, but he simply sent the man until that morning, and that he just felt like killing him, and so shot him.

THE RAY TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Ray Confesses That She Had "Wronged" Her Husband.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Ray, who was shot by her husband, Charles N. Ray, who afterward killed himself, said in her ante mortem statement to Coroner Messemer that she had been intimate with the notorious Daniel Wallace. Her husband's discovery of her adultery led to the tragedy. Mrs. Ray went out ostensibly to visit a married sister in Philadelphia, but instead of doing so she met Wallace and, as she says in her ante mortem statement, went with him to his room and afterward to the Brooklyn Navy Yard, who suspected his wife of improper conduct, had her watched by a detective, who telegraphed the husband afterward all that he had seen.

What followed between Ray and his wife after Ray reached home has not been learned, and nothing is known more than that Ray after some conversation with his wife drew a pistol and then shot himself. His own wound was immediately fatal. Mrs. Ray's condition gives little hope that she will recover.

TO MANUFACTURE HEAVY GUNS.

A Congressional Committee Says They Can Be Made in This Country.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The ordinance committee will report to congress that there are guns of the greatest power can be made in this country. They will ask for an appropriation of several hundred thousand dollars, and that authority be given to make contracts with manufacturers who are now prepared to begin the work. They will also report that the best armor plate can be made in the United States. One thing that will enter largely into the question is the use of the natural gas in Pennsylvania. By means of this gas, Harvey's process of armor plate can be worked much more cheaply and with better results than it can by the use of ordinary fuel. The uniformity of the heat makes a better product, and that cannot be had in any other way. The conditions under which several manufacturers are willing to do the work are that they shall be given a continuous contract for a few years, so that at which the work could be done in Europe.

Valuable Property in Dispute.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 5.—The case of William A. Bernie, of New York, vs. The Connecticut Granite company, of Branford, an action to recover $25,000 damages, returned to the superior court and will be tried at the January term. The case is a very important one and on its face would seem to be an attempt on the part of a corporation to defraud the plaintiff of a valuable granite quarry property in Branford. The Connecticut Granite company was recently formed by New York capitalists, who secured the control of many of the largest and most valuable sections of granite to be found in the Branford country. The stone is of fine and beautiful grain and it is claimed by experts to be "free from the clear." It appears that the money to work the quarry was furnished wholly by George Starr, James A. Booth, W. H. Godard and Charles Scranton, of New York, who advanced, or claim to have advanced, Nov. 15, 1885, the sum of $25,000 to the concern. Since then these men have made over and transferred the property to William A. Bernie, who brings this suit to recover. A warm legal contest is promised.

For the Protection of Pension Claimants.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The commissioner of pensions has issued an order that from and after Jan. 1 claimants shall be required before presentation of their claims to the bureau of the attorney's fee certified by the commissioner of pensions, to make an affidavit, stating with reasonable detail the time and manner of payment, and that where claimants are unable to make the affidavit in the form prescribed, and in the opinion of the pension agent a reasonable doubt exists as to the fact of such payment, he shall be required to transmit to the commissioner of pensions for his consideration and decision. It is hoped by the commissioner that this order will be a protection to claimants for pensions, to attorneys, and that the over-burdened appeal docket will be by it so relieved as to expedite the disposition of that great number of cases now pending on appeal, involving the material interest of pension claimants.

Body Snatchers Captured.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 5.—John Taylor and James Johnson, colored, were arrested by a county officer as they were driving a wagon out of Laurel Hill cemetery, on the south side of the city limits. In the wagon was found the body of a colored woman which had been buried three days ago. Officers have for some time suspected that graves in Laurel Hill were being despoiled, and a watch was set, which resulted in last night's capture. The prisoners implicate a prominent physician, the cemetery and several physicians connected with the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and at the hearing of the case Johnson's interests were looked after by counsel. The colored men accused men were committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury. The penalty for body snatching in this state is not less than five years in the penitentiary.

The Mysterious Wilson-Moore Suit.

BOSTON, Dec. 5.—The mysterious Wilson-Moore case was continued. Counsel on both sides agreed not to expose the secret which every one supposed would be brought to light, and the affair is as much a mystery as ever. Wilson's former life was given at great length, and the fact was brought out that two girls had each sued him for $50,000 for breach of promise, and the father of one had sued for a like amount for his daughter's seduction. The case is still on.

AFFAIRS IN EUROPE.

SPAIN LIKELY TO BE THE THEATRE OF ANOTHER REVOLUTION.

Zorilla and Don Carlos Both Watching Their Opportunity—The Royal Family Bickering Among Themselves. Gladstone's New Lease of Power.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—It is stated in Madrid that Senor Ruiz Zorilla, the Republican agitator over whom a sentence of death is pending, has left Paris for Bayonne within a few days from France, where he has recently taken refuge. Simultaneously with his arrival on other side of the frontier of Spain will arrive Don Carlos on a tour at Cadiz. It is known that Senor Zorilla has lately sent large sums of money from London and Paris to his adherents in Spain, and it is believed that considerable quantities of arms and ammunition have been smuggled across the Pyrenees. Don Carlos will probably not make any revolutionary movement until after the approaching election to congress. If the posthumous child of King Alfonso is a boy Don Carlos will have no pretense for seeking to overthrow the present dynasty. If the child is a girl he will then, precisely the same cause of quarrel as when he waged war against Queen Isabella. The friends of republicanism outside of Spain are urging Senor Zorilla to postpone action until Don Carlos makes his move. They believe that the Sagasta government would be powerless to put down the simultaneous risings, and that a plebiscite would be ordered, and would be overwhelmingly in favor of a republic.

The telegraphic press dispatches from Madrid, which are officially edited before transmission, give a rosette view of the situation. Private advices by mail tell a different story. They assert that the feeling in the country is one of foreboding, and that nobody believes order will be maintained for a fortnight. The royal family are already bickering. Ex-Queen Isabella wants to go to Madrid. She declares that she ought to be the regent because she knows that she could not be maintained in that position, but she wants to control Queen Christina during the latter's long minority. Christina, like many other daughters-in-law, is insubordinate, and she declares that reverence for her husband's memory demands that she shall maintain inviolate his children's rights.

GLADSTONE HOPEFUL.

He Believes He will Again be Returned to Power.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Lord Rosebery made some statements in an interview which are considered important, but the fact that *the young earl is the recognized mouthpiece* of Mr. Gladstone. Lord Rosebery declared that Mr. Gladstone had never wavered in his belief that the country is in favor of home rule, would give the bulk of their votes to the Liberal party. Even when the Tories were most jubilant over their successes in the elections the Gladstonians were confident that the counties would reverse the figures, and the result so far as it is known proves his political sagacity. The Earl of Rosebery holds, Lord Rosebery said, was the fact that Radical tests and teachings had been sown broadcast in the country constituencies, where they had long been dormant, and that the Liberal party can was the natural heart of the new voters thoughts. Lord Rosebery said that both he and Mr. Gladstone were hopeful of a small majority over the Tories and Parnellites combined.

In this forecast his lordship differs from the managing agents of the Liberal campaign, who believe that the Liberals will have an ample majority over the Tories, but will be slightly in the minority as against both Tories and Parnellites.

The consensus of opinion among trained observers in London is that there will be another general election within a year. The Tories will probably resign rather than risk the uncertainties of parliamentary defeat. Most of their efforts now are directed toward vilifying their opponents.

Austria Preparing to Show Her Hand.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—The movements of *Greek troops on the northern frontier seem* to give color to the report widely circulated that a tripartite alliance has been formed between Austria, Servia and Greece, and that the crossing of the frontier by Greek troops is to be the first open declaration of this alliance. The Austrian fleet now assembled in Bosnia will, according to the rumor, support the Greeks in case they should meet with any reverse.

Lady Churchill Specially Honored.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Queen Victoria personally invited Lady Randolph Churchill to Windsor castle with the insignia of the imperial order of the crown of India. This signal mark of favor is looked upon by the political world as a special approval of Lady Randolph's electioneering efforts in the Tory cause.

Parnell Probably Not to Visit Us.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—The Post says that in view of possible political complications which may occur when the new parliament meets, Mr. Parnell will probably decide to forego his contemplated visit to America.

The Latest Returns.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Latest returns show the election of 283 Liberals, 258 Tories and 86 Parnellites, a Liberal majority of 2 over all opposition.

The President's Reception.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The attorney general and secretary of war called upon the president after 1 o'clock, so that the president did not make his appearance in the east room until 2 o'clock, when seventy-five visitors were awaiting him. Ten minutes of time had been patiently waiting since noon. As soon as the president's approach was announced by the usher, "Attention, about the center of the room to be in readiness." Secretary Endicott came down stairs with the president and took his stand behind the president, and Secretary Lamar spectator of the proceeding during the first part of the reception, but brought up the rear of the line with some personal friends, whom he introduced to the president. There were few interruptions in the steady procession, and the president had soon shaken hands with all who were present.

The Manufacturers are Surprised.

LYNN, Mass., Dec. 5.—A reply has been sent by the Knights of Labor to the communication from Rhoades and Gardner association, which complained that the Knights, in ordering out Kimball's workmen here, because of shut down of his out of town factory, had violated the agreement adopted at the recent conference of manufacturers and workmen, that pending a settlement of any difficulty there should be no strike. The reply asserts that the rules referred to were not yet operative because the joint board of arbitration, for whose governance the rules were adopted, has not yet been properly created. The fact is a complaint against many of the manufacturers, who have supposed that the existing conference committee constituted the board provided for in the rules. The outcome is problematical.

A BANK ROBBED.

Nine Thousand Dollars Secured by Blowing the Safe Open.

FREEDOM, Pa., Dec. 5.—At 3 a. m. the citizens of this place were startled by a loud explosion. Several rushed out on the streets to ascertain the cause. William Bashore, in passing F. Boutal's bank, saw some men running out of the back door. He shouted an alarm and started after them. The fleeing burglars turned and fired several shots at him, none of which took effect. Bashore, being unarmed, soon turned about and ran to his home. An investigation led to the discovery that the four doors to the business safe in the bank had been blown open. The robbers got away with between $7,000 and $8,000 in cash and $1,150 in government bonds were missing. A number of valuable papers and notes were partially destroyed by the explosion. The available money and a large package of bonds were left in the safe. An entrance to the building had been effected by forcing the front door. Detectives are in close pursuit of the burglars.

Several thousand dollars in money were burned in the fire following the explosion, but people say that they are in such condition that they can be redeemed. The depositors will not lose anything, as the members of the firm are individually liable.

AT HIS OLD TRICKS AGAIN.

Fritz Emmet Goes on Another Spree—A Disgusted Audience.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 5.—Joseph K. Emmet was to play "Fritz in Ireland" in the Opera house here. A dispatch received from his manager said Emmet was sober and all right, but he got on a big drunk, and at 8 o'clock he was unpresentable. The theatre was packed; hundreds were turned away. The orchestra played one piece. Miss Sadgar Harry Stone came out and said that Mr. Emmet was in his dressing room, but was not to appear, and the show could not proceed. The audience, as a rule, took it good-humoredly, and then went out. Some think that Emmet's son was at the door of the theatre.

Guests Poisoned at a Club Dinner.

MONTREAL, Dec. 5.—At a dinner at the Metropolitan club the diners partook of game soup, and all were seized with acute pains in the stomach and nausea. A physician was called, who prescribed for the sufferers, three of whom are now dangerously ill. An analysis of the soup proves that it contained sufficient arsenic to kill a hundred persons. The source from which the poison cannot be explained. An investigation is now being made by the club authorities. It is thought the cook had a grudge against two of the waiters, who were the only ones to partake of the soup. They are now seriously ill. The cook is now under surveillance.

An Important Decision.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Judge J. F. Daly, in the court of common pleas, rendered an important decision in the suit brought last summer by Jacob Sharp and others, as tax-payers representing $11,000,000 of New York city bonds and stocks, to restrain the sinking fund commissioners from issuing $2,000,000 of 6 per cent. redemption bonds. The plaintiffs claimed that recent legislation prohibits the issuing of bonds, in cities of 100,000 or over, to an amount not exceeding 10 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the real estate. Judge Daly continued an injunction which had previously been granted sustaining the plaintiffs' views.

The Doorkeepership of the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Democratic representatives from New York met this morning, held a caucus and appointed Messrs. Hewitt, Belmont and Spriggs a committee to wait upon members of the various congressional delegations and request them to support Mr. John Trainer for the position of doorkeeper. The Democratic members of the delegation, with one exception, were all represented either in person or by proxy. They demand the right, as the strongest Democratic delegation, to nominate the doorkeeper, and will put their appeal to other delegations in that form.

The Cincinnati Shoe Strike.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 5.—The shoemakers' strike continues without any change. All the employes of the various departments are quitting as their work runs out, and fully 2,500 women, boys and girls are idle. This is the result of the cutters' demand for an increase of wages being refused by the manufacturers. The latter state that they cannot and will not pay the increase, and the cutters' declare that the prices paid are not enough to enable them to support them selves and families.

What He Got for Interfering.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 5.—Daniel Malloy, who was stabbed on Wednesday last by Bernard Lynch, is a patient in the hospital, and is in a critical condition. His ante mortem statement was made, in which he states that he went into Lynch's apartments to stop Lynch from striking his wife. He met with a rough intrusion, and words coming to blows, Lynch stabbed Malloy in the side with a large knife. This is the first statement that Malloy has made in regard to the affair.

The Manufacture of Oleomargarine.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 5.—Judge Simonton handed down a lengthy opinion in the suit recently inaugurated by the state board of health to test the constitutionality of the act prohibiting the manufacture of oleomargarine. The court finds that the prohibition of the manufacture of this article is a police regulation, is constitutional and that the bill is in every way constitutional. The opinion was somewhat of a surprise, and the defendants will take the case to the supreme court.

Blood Poisoning from a Colored Stocking.

NEWTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Professor Charles Rehn, leader of the Rehn Family band, is a victim of blood poisoning from a colored stocking. About three months ago he remembers having scratched his leg to which he attributes the poison, and he has suffered in bed ever since. Both legs are affected, the left one being swollen to three times its natural size. It is broken out from the ankle to the knee. It was feared that the limb would have to be amputated.

Sinking of a Steam Tug.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 5.—The steaming Chatlie, of this port, Capt. Zebina Chase, came in collision with the schooner Rachael Seaman in Dighton, lower harbor. The tug sank in three minutes. The captain and crew were saved. A deck hand named Harris jumped into the water, and was rescued in an exhausted condition. The schooner was not injured. The tug was valued at $2,800, and was not insured. She will be raised as soon as possible.

DEADLY NATURAL GAS.

THREE HOUSES BADLY WRECKED IN PITTSBURG.

Two Women Fatally Hurt—Many Families Rescued With Great Difficulty From the Burning Buildings—A Lighted Lamp the Cause.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 5.—About 4 o'clock a natural gas explosion, with probable fatal results to several persons, occurred at No. 545 Grant street, in the cellar of a house occupied by Mrs. J. Meehan. Almost simultaneously similar explosions accompanied by tremendous reports, occurred in the adjoining cellars of Louis Favilla, a fruit dealer, and J. J. Flannery, livery stable and undertaking rooms. These is a six inch main running along Grant street, but there are no connections with the houses in that square. The gas probably escaped from the main and found its way to the adjoining cellars.

Shortly after 4 o'clock Katie Griffin, a domestic in the employ of Mrs. Meehan, started for the cellar for coal, taking with her a lighted lamp. At the cellar door she reopened Mrs. Phipps, who was in the room, to hold the lamp. No sooner had she opened the door than the gas rushed out and ignited from the lamp in the girl's hands. A terrific explosion ensued, followed in quick succession by explosions in the cellars of Flannery and Favilla. The noise was heard for miles away and created the utmost excitement. Sheets of flame burst from the windows, doors and sides of the wrecked houses. From within were heard the shrieks of terrified women and children. Several men forced their way through the fire into Mrs. Meehan's house, where a terrible sight met their gaze. Probe upon the floor, with very serious injuries resulting from her body was Katie Griffin, bleeding from a deep gash in her side. Near her was Mrs. Phipps, wrapped in flames. Both women were carried hastily from the burning building. It was found that Katie Griffin was burned beyond hope of recovery. She was removed to the Homeopathic hospital, where she is now lying unconscious. Mrs. Phipps was severely burned, but her injuries are not considered fatal.

On the upper floors of Mrs. Meehan's house there were eight women and children, and in Flannery's house there were twenty-four, two babies. In Favilla's there were Mrs. Favilla and her nephew, J. E. Case. The fire spread so rapidly that they were rescued with great difficulty. They were badly burned and almost suffocated, but only two were seriously hurt, the excitement gradually subsided and the throng melted away.

A short distance from the scene of the accident a fierce fire was in progress. The explosions shook the building and created a panic, but all reached the street without injury. The loss will reach $30,000.

Work of the Special Agents.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The report of the supervising agents of the revenue, Mr. Martin, to the secretary of the treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, shows that through the efforts of the special agents there have been paid into the treasury $218,000.

The annual examinations of the several customs collection districts show that the business in the main has been conducted in accordance with the laws and regulations, and that all moneys received have been properly accounted for. Special attention has been given to the subject of undervaluations, and the force of appraisers has been increased, the additional force so appointed having *already resulted, it is believed, in bringing* up the average of appraisements to the true values of the merchandise. The efforts of the special agents have stimulated the appraising officers to a more careful examination of goods under their charge, and have made considerable increase in the revenue therefrom.

Accidents in the Mines.

NANTICOKE, Pa., Dec. 5.—Hugo Mills, lately in the dairy business, went to work as laborer for the Susquehanna Coal company on Monday. While engaged with a gang of workmen in opening up a new plane at No. 1 shaft, work on which is done entirely at night, so not to interfere with the regular mining operations, a mass of roof rock fell upon him, causing internal injuries. His fellow workmen had narrow escapes. Mills leaves a wife and five children.

John Vanhorn, laborer at the Morgantown colliery, Monongalia county, West Virginia, was run over by a dirt car and badly mangled. He was removed to Wilkesbarre hospital. His recovery is doubtful.

Charged with Arson.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 5.—The examination of W. H. Beckman on the charge of arson is in progress. The prisoner is a large Swede, and arose in the block where the large fire was started. He was removed to Wilkesbarre hospital. His recovery is doubtful.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Hippolyte Taylor, an Englishman, succeeds the late M. Kuehn as chief of detectives of Paris.

A number of ladies have recently been knocked down and robbed in the streets of Chicago in broad daylight.

The German have again delayed their expulsion of the few American citizens who are now, it seems, disturbing the peace of the empire.

The United States mail coach was stopped and robbed by two young men near Comfort, Tex. They stole the horses, cut the telegraph wires and escaped.

Marshal Clements was hanged at Jacksonville, Fla., for the murder of his brother and the latter's wife. On the scaffold he said that he deserved death.

Narcisso Russ, one of the wealthiest business men of Key West, Fla., mysteriously disappeared. His wife's niece, who has been employed about the hotel, is also missing.

The tragic death of Thomas Chadek, postmaster of Deer Brook, Wis., who was found dead, has been further explained, and the opinion that he was killed by his wife is growing.

The Nassau, New Providence, orange crop is being gathered and shipped rapidly. Prices here range from $4.50 to $6 per 1,000. General business is very quiet and ready money very scarce.

Rev. Dr. C. D. Pershing, a Methodist divine and president of the Pittsburg Female college, is to be placed on trial for obtaining money under false representations and conduct unbecoming a minister.

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INEBRIETY OF MONEYED MEN.

Getting Drunk with Completeness and Satisfaction—A Convivialist's Luck.

["Night Riffs" New York Letter.]

There is no more instructing and amusing spectacle in the streets of New York than the rhetoric of a moneyed man at home when more useful members of society are engaged in business. It is an understanding among the fashionably bibulous that nobody can get drunk with completeness and entire satisfaction unless his wallet some of the hundred money in a certain notoriously payment of money or greenbacks. To see the way in which a moneyed man can get drunk is to learn lessons which ought to know better; the observer should wander into this resort in the afternoon and take a seat by a window commanding a view of the vestibule. I had barely done so before a hansom cab stopped suddenly that two well-dressed and decidedly happy fellows were all but thrown out over the dash-board. They raised feebly at each other, and climbed with some difficulty to the sidewalk. They were red-faced and fat-bellied. Their very fine clothes were slightly awry. One said to the driver, with dignity: "How much?"

"Two dollars, genls, please," was the affable reply of the rascal.

"Give you 50 cents," said the other, pulling a handful of tingling coin and rumpled notes out of a jacket.

"Oh, you'll better make it $1, sir. You know I had to help you genls into the hansom."

"Well, I'll match you whether it's $1 or nothing."

The proposition was accepted. The cabman won. The convivialist insisted on a second throw, and again lost. A third time his luck was bad. Then he threw $5 in the window, wound an arm around the waist of the coachman and gave a wildly earnest the bar room. His name would be recognized by every reader as connected with the distilling interests than whisky. The absinthe liquor is a favorite tipple in the financial world rolled up in another carriage. His usual weight of dignity was all there, but his latter completely control. He fumbled awhile for a penny, gave $1 for his fare, signalled into the house, and sank eagerly into a chair. Soon two cabs rattled noisily down the street in a horrific speed for that kind of vehicle, with two members of "first families," wildly waving their arms out through the windows, and the drivers seeming to be urging on their horses with the reins. The race ended at the rum-shop door, and the four men had a loud hubbub over the result.

The German and the Anglo-Saxon.

["Goth" in Cincinnati Enquirer.]

The conversation running upon the Anglo-Saxon and the German or Saxon race, I asked Mr. Book-waiter to define the distinction between them. He said: "The German race is the objective, and the English or Anglo-Saxon race is inductive. The German exercises a principle, and traces the facts out from it. The Anglo-Saxon gets the facts first, and makes the theory out of the principle. It is the difference between Bacon and Liebnitz. Though I am of German stock, and, I am told, have all the Teutonic about me which comes down through my blood, I am a believer in the Anglo-Saxon and his methods. The German besides has a metaphysical mind, and cannot wholly enter in whereon his science.

"For instance, Keppler, who was a most useful man in his perceptions, invents a mechanical theory of the universe by and stellar system that there was a sort of rhythmic harmony in nature, like poetry, and that the motion of the spheres went in certain metric language, and he thought he could one day be found out. Newton on the other hand, who was of the Anglo-Saxon school, formed no theory, but looked at the facts as they presented to him, and he got the truth. He saw that there was a law called gravity, and that law was shown to him by the fall of an apple. Then the sun and the earth pulled toward the sun. His imagination had nothing mystical or poetical about it, but went straight through the universe to a law. It is the same thing along in all any thing disobeyed that law. I have not studied out the origin of the Anglo-Saxons, but I should think it would make a remarkable study."

Hairdressing in Paris.

[New York Sun.]

But the curling of hair and the curling thereof, says Figaro, are but child's play compared with the education of the beard. If a young man neglects your hair locks you can hide the hideous disfigurement a good deal of the time by clapping your hat on the back of your head. But what will hide the monstrous tumefaction of the beard? Delicate instruments, with keen-edged blades, are what your Parisian hairdresser employs. He will not stoop to touch the chopping knife that lays grim familiar to Cockalanites who consult the German barbers.

"Do you think," the learned French barber exclaimed with a fine indignation, "that Messonier could produce his paintings with a hairbrushing brush? The clipping machine is a barbarous implement of facial disfigurement.

The dressing of women's hair is one of the chiefest labors of your knight of the curling iron. Upon it he bestows the most loving care, and his most poetic imagination. In Paris no barber is allowed to touch a woman's hair until he has been at least two years under training with a competent master of the art. And in Paris all the ladies' hairdressers are men. Once every year the professors meet to decide which shall be the prevailing style of headdress for the coming season, and once every year competitors for the honor of creating the style in vogue assemble at the Tuileries in the greenhouse. They work upon living models.

Newly-Discovered Terra Cottas.

[The Academy.]

Writing of the newly-discovered terra cottas in the catacombs of Marsalla, a correspondent notices the Asiatic type of the figure on broken vases, their obliquely set eyes and smiling expression. There are also many of the Greek type, a torso, and heads of Apollo, and a very fine torso of a nude dancing girl, with rings, bracelets, and other ornaments painted on.

The grotesque heads, however, are by far the most attractive objects of this epoch. Their variety is endless. Some old, some young, some in the last luxury, some thin and hollow-cheeked, some laughing, some sad, they bring before us, almost as vividly as negatives done by photography, the dead and gone people of this long-lost city. One square-jawed, good-humored burgher of Semitic type wears a turban; and this, I think, must be the earliest appearance of the turban in art. Roman beards are clad in Phrygian caps, and one man wears a curious pastoral hat. Of here we have beaked, for instance, a pert-eyed babe, corpulent fellow with a roll of fat across the nape of his neck, and another with flowing hair and fine features, curiously like Mr. Henry Irving.

Look to Your Health.

[Rod Lafugen.]

Look well to your health. The power of endurance is the inheritance of the perfect mind and body, and endurance generally flow out something to its benefit.

LATEST by WIRE and CABLE.

THIS AFTERNOON

Three Brooklyn Bridge Trains Crash Together on the Brooklyn Side While the Cars Are Jammed—Injured Men No Ones Killed—A Detective Grip Supposed to be the Cause.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Three trains on the Brooklyn Bridge on route to the New York side collided at forty-five minutes past eight o'clock this morning within a hundred yards of the Brooklyn station. Five persons were injured, two of them seriously, and two coaches were badly wrecked. That many lives were not lost considering the crowded condition of the trains and the terrific force in which they came together is regarded as wonderful.

The cause of the disaster is attributed to the failure of the grip of one of the trains to keep its place on the cable, which was slipping owing to the rain.

It was eleven o'clock before the officials of the Bridge Company concluded to give some kind of a statement to the press in explanation of the origin of the collision.

At that hour C. C. Martin, Chief Engineer, made the following statement:

"At a quarter to nine this morning a two-car train left the Brooklyn station and reached about the Brooklyn tower, when for some reason, to me at present unknown, this train came to a stop and the following train was signalled and also came to a stop and commenced to back towards the station. The train which had just left the station ran into the rear of the second train, and it was by this collision that the principal damage was done. Conductor Myers was in the rear of the second train and was injured and was taken home, and I have not yet received his statement. These are all the facts as far as I at present know them."

The Bee Hive,

(a door below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

We have just closed out a manufacturer's stock of Scarlet Underwear and can now offer 5 Cents Full Regular made Garment for

ONE DOLLAR

Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, all wool, sat dye, and very fine 75c and 85c.

Children's Scarlet Vests and Pants, all sizes. 16 inch 25 cents.

Worsted Caps, Children's Worsted Caps 25c up.

Mitts and Gloves.

Ladies' and Gent's Cardigan Jackets.

GLOAKS

Children's Havelocks $2.25 up.

Misses Newmarkets $5.

Ladies' Newmarkets at Bottom Prices.

Ladies' Wraps in many grades. At

"BEE HIVE"

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., *Opposite Madison Ave.*, Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

Blue Stone Flagging

CURBING & CROSSING

AT LOWEST PRICES.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

M. POWERS

15 YEARS EXPERIENCE.

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P. O. BOX 1307.

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This machine is a w in use on my yard. No 6 Park avenue. It thoroughly cleans the coal that passes through it. The coal comes down against the screen, so that the dirt goes straight through. It is safe to call and see it in use. I have the Honeybrook and other first-class coals always on hand. Also Kindling Wood, and A. Mitchell, Jr's. Fertilizers and lime.

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Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Warnock, and the attention of my patrons to my stock of al variation of first class Cake, Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

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R. A. Ross, Jersey Place, North Plainfield,

Manufacturer and builders that he has taken charge of the North Plainfield Moulding and Planing Mill, and can furnish

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Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turned Work at Reasonable Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

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dug and cleaned at reasonable prices.

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Hair Goods at New York Prices. Manicuring and Chiropody attended to here. 26 W. Front street, Plainfield.

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Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,

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would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

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Taken to Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for Hire. Open stable for the accommodation of the public. 11-1ly

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AND

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Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes,

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of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well-known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

December Bargains

We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

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in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest cost.

Orders Carefully Executed

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MANUFACTURERS,

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MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

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A good supply of stone in THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

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Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

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Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

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Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co

For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. Thorough and sanitary work guaranteed. Dead and injured animals removed in ambulances. Leave orders with D. W. Leigh, C. Rayhorn, Addis and Haskard, practical plumbers or address Jones and Co., P. O. Box 1410, Plainfield.

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream

& Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream

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For Wedding Parties, Germans, Parties, Excursions, Pic nics, etc., at short notice. Prices reasonable. Restaurant at

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9 PARK AVENUE.

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HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also a full line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses of various styles. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at reasonable

LOW PRICES.

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You are allowed a *free trial of thirty days* of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of vitality, and kindred troubles. Also for Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet in sealed envelope, with full particulars, mailed free.

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WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

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Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

Relief Stock, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Lincrusta Waltons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations.

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

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JEWELERS

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

Fronch and American Watches and Clocks repaired.

Holiday Presents.

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QUALITY Coal

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1427.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WHERE THE MEMBERS OF PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S CABINET LIVE.

Secretary Manning's House the Grandest. Newspaper Reporter Who Achieved Greatness. Attorney General Garland Lives in a Cheap House.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—"Cabinet calling days" will begin the first Wednesday in January and continue on Wednesdays through the winter. No city in the United States is governed by such rigid etiquette as Washington. The first thing a new presidential or cabinet lady does when she comes to the capital is to get somebody to instruct her in the social duties of her position. The wives of the president's counsel are not cabinet ladies themselves. They are merely in partnership and in a simple republic certainly do not deserve to have a great fuss made over them. Actually they are no more than the wives of any private citizen.

Yet our government borrows from foreign courts so much empire, which sit absurdly upon a democracy. There is with every new administration a tempest in a teapot about who goes in to dinner first among the cabinet women, and as much heart burning and rage as gentle breasts as there is said to be among the unforeseen children and children-in-law of bad blessed majesty, Queen Victoria. It is ridiculous, it is pitiable, but it is fact. Now that the vice-president is dead we shall have Washington convulsed again on whether the secretary of state's lady shall or shall not walk in front of the wife of the president of the senate, whatever that may be. It is a momentous question. Yet wars have broken out over things as trivial.

Anybody can call on the cabinet ladies who wishes, providing he or she is of respectable appearance. He or she should have a plain, neatly engraved visiting card to present on such occasions, on all formal calling occasions, indeed. It is well for all and a people who go to Washington to call on the president and the cabinet ladies on their regular receiving days.

Honest citizens of both sexes who don't go to Washington, however, will be interested to know what the homes of the president's cabinet are like. We therefore give pictures of them herewith. According to Washington etiquette, the list should begin with the residence of the secretary of state. But we shall not take them in that order. We begin with the most splendid and taper off to the plainest. We follow precedence of length instead of men.

HOME OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Secretary of the Treasury Daniel F. Manning of New York, lives in the stateliest mansion of all the cabinet. It is one of the largest houses in Washington, as well as most costly. In truth, it is so large and so expensive to keep up that it will not be long before a club house or a beer garden. That is the fate that overtakes the stately homes of America.

This imposing mansion is known here as the Otis-Bigelow house. It fronts on Massachusetts avenue, but is so large that it runs quite through to P street. Stained glass windows, turrets, arches and all manner of grand architectural cut-offs make the structure look like a cross between a cathedral and a fashionable city apartment house. It is one of the few town mansions that have stables attached. They face on P street. The residence is one block from the British legation.

Secretary Manning's heart is as large as his house, the great dwelling will be gay with entertainments and receptions this winter. The Washington season commences with the new year and continues till the beginning of Lent, about six weeks. It is fashionable to pretend to observe Lent in Washington.

Secretary Manning is one of the people. He clings to his own living when only 9 years old. "I have noticed," says John Bunyan, "that self-made men are apt to be quite proud of the job." But this chief officer of the treasury appears to be as modest as the average of men, which is not by saying much, but is good as far as it goes. Mr. Manning began his career as errand boy in the office of The Albany Argus newspaper. He was both talented and good-looking and was consequently made a full-fledged reporter before he was 15 years old. He said a frugal mind. Shortly he became city editor of The Argus, and then its manager and a leading stockholder. He amassed wealth, and now he is secretary of the United States treasury, and lives in about the finest house in Washington. He will do to go in a book about poor boys who became rich.

RESIDENCE OF SECRETARY WHITNEY.

Mrs. Whitney is from New York also. He was probably appointed secretary of the navy in the hope that he would please all upon the troubled waters. The two New York members of the cabinet live in the finest houses.

Secretary Whitney's house this season will be the old Prettyingham mansion on I street. It is of the build of the days when comfort and style meant the same. It is a three-story and basement house, with wide hall in the center. The rooms are large, with very high ceilings. The house has a little stable portico in front and is covered on one end with a beautiful growth of English ivy. This wide old house, too, suggests possibilities in the way of splendid hospitality. Mr. Whitney is rich enough to do anything he likes. He did not, however, make all his money. He married it. His wife is the daughter of Senator Payne, of Ohio.

Building lots in the fashionable locality of Washington have increased fabulously in value in ten years. On a corner of Sixteenth street, near Scott circle, Senator J. Donald Cameron built himself a house about five years ago, and paid for house and lot $45,000. He lived in it five years, and finally sold his house on it. He recently sold it to Mrs. D. P. Morgan, of New York, for $90,000.

SECRETARY ENDICOTT'S HOUSE.

You have heard of that gorgeous yet tawdry and tumble-down fallure called "Castle Stewart." It was built for a residence by a foolish man, who thought he was going to have the finest house in Washington. Purchase he had a wife and daughters who wanted to get into "society." I don't know. At any rate, he bankrupted himself somehow, and the house stands as a monument to Stewart's folly. That was many years ago. The great, unfinished structure was then "away out" in the northwest of the city. It is now in the heart of the most fashionable part of Washington. Mr. Blaine's fine new house is in this neighborhood, facing Dupont circle. When Castle Stewart was built, land in that neighborhood was bought for a song. Ten years ago it sold for twenty cents a foot. Now it is worth 84 to 85 a foot, and still going up.

The Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott has a pedigree without end. He is a direct descendant of Governor John Endicott, if not of a primordial protoplasmic organism, like the high lord in the "Mikado." *Old John Endicott* was governor of Massachusetts at intervals from 1628 up to 1665, and was a tremendous Puritan. He was so strictly religious that he had four Quakers hanged for heresy while he was governor of Massachusetts colony. His great-great-great, etc., grandson was appointed secretary of war to please the Mugwumps. Happily old Puritan John did not live to see it. He would have hated a Mugwump even as a Quaker, if not more.

There is another thing that would make old John turn over in his grave if he knew it. That is the house his great-great-great, etc., grandson is living in. It is the reddest of red Queen Anne mansions, so called. Even the window blinds are fiery red, instead of those sober and godly tints which become the descendant of the Puritans. Even the stone trimmings of this impious house are the color of the scarlet woman. The building belongs to Minister George Pendleton, and Secretary Endicott rented it furnished. Senator Pendleton was a rich man, and some of the handsomest entertainments of Washington society used to be given here. The Pendletons had as much taste and hospitality as money. They are of southern ancestry. The New England blood will be put to its mettle to keep up the reputation of the residence.

POSTMASTER VILAS' HOUSE.

President Cleveland's cabinet are mostly good-looking men. One of the handsomest is Postmaster General Col. W. F. Vilas, of Wisconsin. He is younger than the others, being only 45 years old. He is a lawyer, and made his first argument in the supreme court of Wisconsin the day he was 20 years old. Before that this lively youth had graduated at the State university of Wisconsin, and also finished a course in law at Albany, N. Y. He was a brave and dashing soldier *during the war. He has filled* many offices of trust and honor already. He was president of the Democratic convention that nominated President Cleveland. Consequently he deserved something good at the hands of this administration. He is a man of strong brain and broad ideas. He has gained much popularity on account of refusing to disarrange the postal railway service by turning out tried and faithful employes who did not belong to his political party.

Postmaster Vilas' house is not a handsome one to look at. It lacks that "air," you know, which is indispensable in well bred society. It was built just after the war, when everything was at once cheap and high-priced. It is a large double, sprawling sort of house on M street, just off Thomas circle. It is a light red brick, trimmed with white stone. Its general appearance suggests thin walls and unreliable plumbing. It is comfortable inside, however, with plenty of room for the large hearted western hospitality which Mr. Vilas is expected to extend.

Lucius Quintus Curtius Lamar, secretary of the interior, lives in an apartment of six rooms on the sixth floor of the Portland flat building on F street

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 168 | PLAINFIELD, N. J. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1885 | Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED—A cookery; also chamber, second floor work. Give wages paper and full particulars. P. O. Box 1,000.

LOST—A sealskin palm cap, yesterday afternoon, on or near Tice's pond. Finder will please return same to owner at this office and receive reward.

WANTED—Immediately, by the use of paper sewing. Must understand the use of paper sewing. Apply at 8 E. Second street, Scotch Plains.

LOST—A red Irish setter, with Brooklyn license on collar. She will be paid for by return to Richard Arnold, corner Westfield and Highland avenue.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished, on North avenue, near Second street. Also, handsomely finished hard wood floors and mantels. Inquire of owner, on premises, Cornelius Apply to J. E. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 10-5-tf

FOR SALE—Second-Hand dapot wagon. Inquire of Wm. Evenson, Two Plainfields, etc. The above for sale cheap to close out estate of Stephen Randolph, deceased. 10-5-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John S. Bonnett residence, 243 East Second street, Plainfield, with stable, etc., C. D. Neal, Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27, opposite station, Plainfield. 10-5-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rent. Possession immediately located. Address Plainfield, care Evening News. 10-5-tf

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain it with the highest reference at a private residence, very centrally located. Price moderate to suit the times. Address "Boarder," this office. 10-5-tf

TO LET—Two unfurnished furnished rooms. Apply at 24 Central avenue. 10-5-tf

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. T. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 10-5-tf

Special Notices.

TWO NEW HOUSES

For sale. One on Tenth street, near Franklin avenue, with all modern improvements, and one on Fifth street, near Grant avenue, with all modern improvements but furnace. Inquire of Walter Fitch and Liberty Reynolds. 10-5-3m

W. H. LUDLOW

Is opening fresh, seasonable and timely Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Linoleums and Oil Cloths. Rugs from 50 cents to $10. Mats from 25 cents to $3. Linoleums at 75 cents per yard. Oil Cloths, 2 yards wide, at 75 cents per yard. Carpets will be added to all in the above lines. Call early for good washing. Store open every evening. 10-5-tf

WANTED.

A person, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a Standard Musical Instrument. We require no bonds or premiums and will invest if necessary. Parties must have reference as to honesty and ability. For particulars address, publishing agent, Box 1,000, Rahway, N. J. 10-5-3m

CALL AND GET PRICES

At the store recently just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. Fine chamber sets, ready for good washing. Also, a queen for sale. Call on or address 10-5-3m TONY LOY.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,

Front street, opposite North avenue, near depot, will be found at the store on above notice. All my designs will receive my personal attention. 10-5-3m

FLOWERS.

For Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Special attention paid to cutting the latest styles of set. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North. 10-29-1y

ALBERT SMITH,

Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Chimney Tops, Wrought Iron Columns, Settees, Vases, Iron Stable Fittings for Horses, Bolts, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Shop, Watchung avenue, near E. R. R. crossing, Plainfield, N. J. 7-22-6m

MUSIC.

J. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, Manhattan, New York City. 10-4m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL

with seating capacity for eight hundred, with the exception of Sunday, is open to any social entertainments to parties wishing to hire a hall for the purpose. 10-4-tf

Professional Cards.

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.

Architect, P. O. 42 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 12-18-y

EARL & JACQUES

Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 24 West Front street, P. O. Box 221, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Plans, Profiles and Estimates of all kinds. Also Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,

44 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Reporting of legal and other matters a specialty. Typewriting done on reasonable terms. Typewriter manifolds furnished. Instruction given in Stenography. Phonetic shorthand books for sale. Refers by permission to the Mayor and other prominent men. P. O. Box 1,000. 10-5-3m

F. A. DURHAM.

Office 7 Park terrace, Consult's Building.

Civil Engineer and Surveyor.

Having had experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in the line with accuracy and promptness. 9-27-tf

DR. CHAS. E. THIERS, DENTIST,

No. 4 West Front street. Consults with a local physician every day. 9-27-tf

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor. The reporting of legal matters a specialty. Practice in the Supreme Court and in Chancery. Notary Public in the State of New York. Commissioner for the State of New Jersey. Agent for the Celebrated Hydraulic Cement. Office, 346 Broadway, New York. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,

Counselor at Law, will buy and sell real estate, collect rents, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired. Office, Westfield.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,

Office 7 Park terrace, Consult Front. Office hours until 10 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 6-30-tf

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN

Physician and Electrician, corner Second and Plainfield streets. Office hours till 9 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Equity, Notaries Public, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office Front street, opposite Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public. Office: Corner Front and Court streets, Plainfield.

GUIDAM & STILLMAN

Counselors at Law, Stillman's Block, Rooms 3 and 4, Plainfield, N. J.

W. M. GUILDAM.
A. P. STILLMAN.

DR. ROBT. A. ANDERSON, DENTIST,

Office 7 Park terrace, Consult Front. Office hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Dental office, 23 East Second street. Gas administered. 10-5-tf

Educational.

MISS NELLIE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Terms to classes, $1 per lesson; to private pupils, $2. P. O. Box 1,000.

ART SCHOOL.

Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Pencil Drawing. Studio, 5 Park terrace. Call or address for terms call at Studio, No. 3 Rod Front. M. E. MOORE. 12-1-3m

T. E. HAZELL,

Teacher of Music. Class or private lessons. Pupils in evening. Night meeting a specialty. Residence, 10 West Second street. Plainfield.

MISS M. A. BARNETT

Teacher of Music and Painting. Pupils at their residence. For terms address Box 1,000, Plainfield. Terms moderate. 10-5-tf

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, Class or private lessons. Terms reasonable. Miss Alcott, P. O. Box 1,000.

Personal.

MISS ALICE SMITH,

Graduate of the Conservatory of Instrumental Music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 62 West Second street, Plainfield.

Miscellaneous.

MISS ALICE SMITH,

Graduate of the Conservatory of Instrumental Music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 62 West Second street, Plainfield.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—2.50, 6.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS

CLOSE—11.45 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.45 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open Sundays from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Drop letters only.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Close at 4.30 p. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 1.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding day last year, kept by Chandler, druggist, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
6 a. m.	38	6 a. m.	20
9 a. m.	42	9 a. m.	40
12 m.	47	12 m.	50
3 p. m.	50	3 p. m.	41

Miniature Almanac.

1885.		1884.	
Sunrise	7.11 a.m.	Sunrise	7.11 a.m.
Sun Sets	4.34 p.m.	Sun Sets	4.34 p.m.
Moon Rises	7.36 p. m.	Moon Rises	7.36 p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be partly cloudy, preceded by light rain, with nearly stationary followed by lower temperature and clearing indications.

LP COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Somerset County Bengil of Freeholders held their December meeting in the Court House at Somerville at ten o'clock yesterday morning.

—The case of the chicken thieves arrested in North Plainfield some time ago by Chief Dodd is up for trial before Judge Bartine at Somerville this morning. A large number of witnesses from this city and North Plainfield were present and testified.

—The Casino was filled last night with an appreciative audience to see the first performance of the Kaufman Combination. That they were pleased was evinced by their hearty applause. Mr. Kaufman's are to be engaged for to-night only.

—John R. Morse, one of the oldest citizens of Rahway was stricken with paralysis on Monday night and is dying. His daughter, Mrs. Pratt, who lives in Milton avenue. He has held the offices of Water and School Commissioner and the nominee of his party several years ago.

—The first meeting of the W. C. T. U. of the Union County Convention will be held at Rahway, on Wednesday next, from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. Mrs. Dunnam and Mrs. Hosmer of Newark, with other prominent workers in the cause are expected. All are cordially invited.

—The Rev. Wm. Maxson, Secretary.

—One of the most popular women in Plainfield with all classes is particularly so on idol with our firemen, because of her uniform kindness to the boys. It may be prosperity which the "boys" do not forget, although she is quite unaware how they idolize her and speak her name only to praise her deeds of goodness to them.

—A young woman caused the arrest yesterday of a North Plainfielder, by Police-man Ed. Cooper, on a charge of bastardy. While the accused was being arraigned before Justice Nash marriage was proposed. The parties were married and the fine remitted at the ceremony, after which the couple parted, the bride going to New York, her husband remaining here.

—Councilman Beguelin received the complimentary vote for President of Common Council from the Democrats at the first meeting of the new Board, on Jan. 1, 1883, while the Republicans were in power. Under these circumstances justice requires, now that the Democrats are in power, that he be selected for the position of honor, which long and faithful service entitles him to.

—The majority of the Elizabeth Councilmen are in favor of compromising their $500 a year salaries for $250 a year, the half salary to be divided equally between the boards for 1886. For this year they want cash. A majority demand the full $500 for their services, but refuse to pay it. They want sufficient leniency to acknowledge $250 as fair pay, but rebels at paying the contract price.

—Pursuant to order of Borough Council, Borough Constable Wm. Fisher and Special Marshal Weaver to complain against all persons or corporations, or those who keep vehicles for hire, without the same first being ordered by the Borough House. The Borough authorities have secured a lot of numbers and each number will be placed in a conspicuous place on the wagon. Each licensed vender is also supplied with a badge.

—The advance sale of seats for Kate Claxton's performance in "The Two Orphans" at Rahway Town Hall to-morrow evening are going rapidly. The Rahway Record of this week says: "The oldest play-goers who witness the play, and its many beauties, take part in the applause which greets the actors and actresses. The Borough authorities have secured a lot of numbers and each number will be placed in a conspicuous place on the wagon. Each licensed vender is also supplied with a badge.

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THE MESSAGE.

President Cleveland's Review of National Affairs.

SUBJECTS TREATED.

What He Recommends and Finds Fault With.

HIS REFERENCE TO SILVER

Strongly Advocating the Suspension of the Dollar.

TENDENCY TO HOARD GOLD.

His Views on Civil Service Stated at Length—The Kelley Incident Discussed—A Reduction in Taxation Justified—The Chinese in the Western States—Our New Navy—Demonetization of Mexican Coin.

To the Congress of the United States:

Your assembling is clouded by a sense of public bereavement, caused by the recent and sudden death of Thomas A. Hendricks, vice-president of the United States. His distinguished career, his exemplary integrity and devotion to every duty, and his personal virtues will find honorable record in his country's history.

The many repeated proofs of the esteem and confidence in which he was held by his fellow-countrymen were manifested by his election to offices of the most important trust and highest dignity; and at length, full of years and honors, he has been laid at rest amid universal sorrow and benediction.

The constitution which requires these communications from the executive annually most in the discharge of their solemn trust, also requires the president to give to congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall deem necessary and expedient. At the threshold of a compliance with the constitution at directions, it is well for us to heed the admonition that our usefulness and the people's interests will be promoted by a consistent appreciation of the scope and character of the executive duties as they relate to federal legislation. While the executive may recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient, the responsibility for legislative action should rest where the people have located it, the people to make their laws.

Consideration of the grave and responsible functions assigned to the respective branches of the government, and a just appreciation of their relations to each other and to the people will disclose the partitions of power between our respective departments and their necessary independence, and also the need for the exercise of every power delegated to each in that spirit of comity and co-operation which is essential to the proper fulfillment of the patriotic obligations which rest upon us as faithful servants of a self-governed people.

The jealous watchfulness of our constituencies, great and small, supplements their loyalty to the constitution, and insures their wish every public servant should be judged.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The report of the civil service commission, which will be submitted, contains an account of the manner in which the civil service law has been executed during the last year, and much valuable information on this important subject.

I am inclined to think that there is no sentiment more general in the minds of the people of our country, than a conviction of the correctness of the principle upon which the law enforcing civil service reform is based. In its present condition the law regulates only a part of the subordinate public positions throughout the country. It applies the test of fitness to applicants for these places by means of a competitive examination, and gives large discretion to the commissioners as to the character of the examination and many other matters connected with its execution. Thus the rules and regulations adopted by the commission have much to do with the practical usefulness of the statute and with the results of its application.

The people may well trust the commission to execute the law with perfect fairness and with as little irritation as is possible. But, of course, no relaxation of the principle which underlies it, and no weakening of the safeguards which surround it, can be safely made. Experience in its administration will probably suggest amendments of the methods of its execution, but I venture to hope that we shall never be so unwise as to sweep away the whole structure and to scatter the offices which distribute public positions purely as rewards for partisan service. Doubts may well be entertained whether our government could maintain the spirit of a republic under this system, which, upon every change of administration, invites an immense army of claimants for office to lay siege to the patronage of the government, and upon the close of public officers with their importunities, spreading abroad the contagion of their disappointment, and filling the air with the discordant clamor of their demands.

The allurements of an immense number of offices and places, exhibited to the voters of the land, and the promise of their bestowal in recognition of partisan activity, would enlist the suffrage and rob political action of its patriotic and deliberative character. The evil would be none less with the multiplication of offices and the increase of their emoluments

bonds, $55,000,000; railway bonds, $80,000,000; New York Central stock, $5,000,000; Lake Shore stock, $15,000,000; Michigan Central stock, $7,500,000; and Northwestern stock, $7,000,000. He also had a large amount of real estate and cash, but nothing of moment otherwise in corporations not mentioned above. All of his estate has, according to good authority, been left in trust. The trustees are neither good to be his widow, and C. M. Depew, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Hamilton McK. Twombly and Elliott B. Lockwood. The story is current that Cornelius Vanderbilt held a power of attorney to act for the estate. This was probably due to the fact that Cornelius has for some time exercised such a power for his father.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW'S TRIBUTE.

The Life, Character and Death of Mr. Vanderbilt—Interred by His Confidential Friend and Adviser.

Mr. Vanderbilt arose yesterday morning at his usual hour, and at breakfast seemed to be more than usually cheerful. His family were present, to be in his usual health and in a manner that usually happy frame of mind. At 9:30 he had his customary morning consultation with his secretaries and his private secretary. At 11 o'clock he sent for Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central railroad system, but that gentleman was not found. It is supposed that business in connection with the West Shore railroad property, and could not respond at once to the summons. Mr. Vanderbilt therefore sent word to Mr. Depew to meet him at 1 o'clock, and then left the house. He went to the studio of the sculptor, J. Q. A. Ward, in the Bible house building, where he sat for a bronze bust of himself, which he had presented to have executed for the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, which institution he recently gave property valued at $600,000. About noon Mr. Vanderbilt returned home, and at 12:30 partook of luncheon with his family. During this meal he chatted cheerfully with those around him. After luncheon he had a call from President Robert Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Their conversation lasted about an hour. While they were talking Mr. Garrett, who was in the library with him, noticed a sudden twitching at the corners of Mr. Vanderbilt's lips. In a moment he faltered, and would have fallen, but Mr. Garnett caught him and supported him so that he reached a sofa, upon which he fell unconscious. The family physician was hastily sent for, and came at once, but when he arrived Mr. Vanderbilt was dead.

The physicians pronounced the cause of death to have been apoplexy, though it is probable that, to satisfy the natural desire of the family for more absolute information on this point, an autopsy will be held. The stroke was so sudden and unexpected that no member of the family, except his wife, was able to respond to Mr. Garrett's summons in time to be present when Mr. Vanderbilt breathed his last. His son George was the next to enter the room, quickly followed by the other sons and daughters who were in the house. The various clothes by marriage living in the city, were also summoned, and soon made their appearance at the stately mansion, now the abode of death. As the news of Mr. Vanderbilt's death spread, a crowd gathered on the sidewalk opposite the house, and passers-by stopped to learn the news and to gaze up at the windows. All those ventured to seek entrance for motives of curiosity or in the legitimate quest for news, were referred to Chauncey M. Depew for information, and admittance was denied to all save members of the family or Mr. Vanderbilt's most intimate associates.

Mr. Depew was besieged at his residence by reporters, to whom he really gave all the information in his possession. After confirming the foregoing account of Mr. Vanderbilt's death, Mr. Depew said: "It is safe to say that William H. Vanderbilt was the richest man in the world. He has made quite as much money since his father's death as was bequeathed to him." When asked to give the reporters Mr. Vanderbilt's personal views, Mr. Depew replied: "Nobody can do that, but it was many millions." Referring to the personal characteristics of the man with whom he was so intimate, Mr. Depew said:

"Mr. Vanderbilt never talked of death, and I am quite certain that he had no premonition that the close of his life was near. I have already heard it alleged that the recent conveyance of extensive properties on Staten Island to his son George was made by Mr. Vanderbilt because he felt that he was likely to die soon, but I know that no idea of that kind entered into the transaction. It was an act that had long been contemplated, and for which there were good family and prudential reasons. There was never any weakening of his mental faculties, and up to the very moment that he fell speechless in his office he was in full possession of all his mental and physical strength. If ever death came to any man wholly without warning it came so to him. There were no premonitions of it. There were no symptoms that were to be feared. I have already said that his affairs were left in such perfect shape that there will be no trouble or litigation about the estate. I can state absolutely that there will be no change in the management of the New York Central railroad system. The great bulk of Mr. Vanderbilt's wealth lies in the shape of railroad stocks. With the exception of his Fifth avenue mansion and the Staten Island farm he owned little real estate, and his personal property consisted in the stock of art, objects of remarkable pecuniary value, though of great worth from the artistic point of view. He possessed some of the grandest works of the modern schools of painting and sculpture, and frequently opened his gallery to the general public.

When Mr. Depew was asked to give some information as to Mr. Vanderbilt's habits of life, he said: "Mr. Vanderbilt was a hearty liver, and made it his habit. He was an early riser and was a hard worker, even up to the last days of his life. He could enjoy a glass of wine after dinner, and a cigar, as well as anyone, but he never indulged to excess in either drinking or smoking. His greatest pleasure was found in driving fast horses of fine blood, and he was an adept at this sport." In further conversation in this public way Depew said that he believed that although over sixty reaching manhood, Mr. Vanderbilt had lived in the public view, with all his business and social affairs carefully scanned, no man was more fully and truly a family man than he. He was devoted to his wife and children, and almost every moment that was not devoted to business was spent with them. Mrs. Vanderbilt was quite a lover of music, and often attended "first nights" at the opera with members of his household. Mr. Depew added that Mr. Vanderbilt's charities were many, numerous and expensive than the public were accustomed to credit him with. He gave frequently and liberally to the poor, and many institutions of this city and Brooklyn, of literature and education, for a considerable degree. His largest donations were the addition of $50,000 to the fund established by his father for the Vanderbilt university, and the gift of land, valued at $500,000, for the erection of a new building for the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons.

"For some years," continued Mr. Depew, "Mr. Vanderbilt has received many letters from unknown persons, threatening his life. He consulted me about them, and I always agreed with him that he should pay no attention to them. He regarded them as the productions of cranks, and not worthy of talking any fear of danger from that source. In every one of those missives there was a lay and asked me for Mr. Vanderbilt's answer. Mr. Vanderbilt always threw them to me and laugh at them, and somehow he always took pains to drive by the particular spot as the identical hour mentioned. I don't think it was done out of bravado, but from a more truly courageous feeling."

STORY OF HIS LIFE.

His Father at One Time Hated His Abilities Lightly—How He First Met His Wife.

William H. Vanderbilt, who was the third of thirteen children of the late Commodore Vanderbilt, was born in New Brunswick, N. J., on the 8th of May, 1821, and was, therefore a little over 64 years of age. His father was already rich at good fortune when it was time to send William to school, and was thought to be quite rich, having some $30,000 and having already built his first steamboat, the Charlotte, which finally went over Niagara falls. So William was sent to the Columbia college grammar school, and in 1839 he entered the office of Dean & Robinson, brokers in Wall street, and began to learn the art of making millions out of nothing. He worked hard, so hard that his health showed signs of breaking down, and finally, as it was becoming, at the age of twenty-one, a partner in the firm—a step which it is said had been seriously delayed, when he took possession of a part of his father's business. Then on Staten Island and tried to make a living by working such parts of it as his father considered useless. Even at that early day he was independent enough to push his own way without his father's aid, and to his independence he added no little boldness, for before leaving the Wall street business he ventured to marry on $16 a week, officiating at the wedding of Miss Kissam, the daughter of the Rev. Dr. Kissam, of Albany.

There was considerable of a romance attached to this marriage. On a bright moonlight night, at about 10 o'clock, Miss Kissam was walking through the quiet and deserted streets of Albany. Suddenly she was startled by the clatter of horses' hoofs. Soon she saw a carriage coming down the street, driven by a boy horse, on which was seated young Vanderbilt, handling his horse with ease and grace. When the horse and rider had reached the spot on which the young lady stood, and,

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

ARCHBISHOP PURCELL'S ASSIGNEE IS A DEFAULTER.

A Murderous Affray Between Sisters—Burglars Make a Rich Haul—A Sensation in the Ohio Election Cases.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 9.—The shortage in the accounts of John B. Manaix, assignee of Archbishop Purcell, has created a great deal of talk and speculation, but the only thing definitely known, so yet, is that Mr. Manaix invested some of the money in Southern railroad stocks; that the stock took a tumble; that he then attempted to repair this loss by investments in western railroad stocks, with the result that finally he found himself a loser to the amount of $200,000.

Mr. E. W. Ellsworth has been retained as counsel for the bondsmen, and he will proceed to make an investigation. This position makes him practically the assignee, and creditors will deal with him instead of Mr. Manaix. The latter denies that he ever said that the books of the probate court had advised him to invest in Southern railroad stocks.

Murderous Affray Between Sisters.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 9.—News comes from Sanders' Crossing, six miles west, of a shooting affray between two sisters, named Mary and Jane Reedy, belonging to a respectable family. Mary, the elder, had been courted by a man named Trout, who transferred his affections to Jane. Last Sunday evening, while Jane and Trout were sitting in the house, Mary fired a shotgun through the window at them. The discharge struck both, killing Jane and mortally wounding Trout. The murderess mounted a horse she had saddled and rode away, and has not since been heard from.

A Sensation in the Ohio Election Cases.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 9.—As the registration law has been declared void, the Republicans propose to bring up the question of throwing out the entire vote of Cincinnati and Cleveland on the ground that the election was illegal and void as the law itself. If such an action should be sustained, and the election be based on the returns of the county returns, the Republican ticket will be elected in both. This sensational turn of affairs may come close on the decision of the court in the present case.

A Rich Haul by Burglars.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—The jewelry store of E. P. Mack & Co., 228 Adams street, was entered by burglars, the vault drilled, the safe broken open and watches and diamonds stolen at $6,000 to $10,000 carried off. The job was neatly done. So far there is no clew to the thieves. Several detectives have been put to work on the case, and have examined the scene of the robbery, but seem to be thoroughly baffled.

Our Ability to Make Big Guns.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Commander Loring, chief of the steam engineering bureau, Chief Engineer Bulfor and Lieut. Jacques, of the navy, were before the special committee on ordnance, and gave information upon the subject of ability of our navy yards and private corporations to construct engines and general machinery for heavy men-of-war. Their testimony was favorable to American foundries and navy yards. They believed the work could be done here, but thought it would be advisable to put contine it to the navy yards and give a portion of the work to the private corporations, believing the rivalry it would create would be conducive to superior results.

Assaulted and Robbed.

CENTRAL, Dec. 9.—Nine years ago John Knox, of resident of this place, deserted his wife and departed for the United States. Shortly afterward his wife died of a broken heart, he raised, and his three brothers named Gelsen, vowed to kill Knox should he ever return to the neighborhood. Knox arrived in town and visited the house of the Gelsens hired man. While there the brothers learned of his presence and called at the house. They invited Knox outside. He left the house, whereupon the brothers attacked him, beating him into insensibility and robbing him, as Knox alleges, of $40,000, which he had made in speculation.

Hurled and Cleary to Fight.

DENVER, Dec. 9.—On account of the police stopping the fight between Jack Burke and Mike Cleary at San Francisco two weeks ago, Burke telegraphed Cleary challenging him to fight at a point at any place he might designate. Cleary accepted from San Francisco, naming the battle-ground [illegible] winner is to receive seventy-five per cent. of the [illegible]

Philadelphia and Reading Road.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 9.—It has been decided by Richard Wood, Esq., counsel for the general mortgage bondholders' committee of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, to ask the concurrence of a majority of the bondholders to the plan of reorganization. It is stated that the committee already has the support of sufficient general mortgage bondholders to control litigation. The New York representative on the committee is Mr. Drexel, of Drexel, Morgan & Co. New York bankers, including [illegible] a plaintiff in the Robinson suit.

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Arnold Gilman, one of the oldest leather merchants of this city, died Saturday at Gilman's Spa [illegible] was born in Stockbridge, Mass. He owned large [illegible] several states, was one of the [illegible] and Sheboygan [illegible] and leaves a fortune [illegible]

Commending the President's Message.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Morning Post says that some old statesmen might ponder with profit the message of President Cleveland. It [illegible] the United States and [illegible]

[illegible]

The jury in the [illegible] case has discharged [illegible]

[illegible]

A majority of the Republican senators will oppose a general agitation of the tariff question at present. [illegible] of appropriations for the [illegible] June 30, 1887, are $50,000,000 in excess of the appropriations for the present fiscal year.

Nothing is known at the state department regarding the report that Minister Pendleton is about to resign his German mission, and considerable surprise is felt.

President Egan, of the Irish National league, denies [illegible] in the various [illegible] and believes Parnell will be present at the Chicago convention.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

Senator Hoar Does Much—The Presidential Succession Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—In the senate, After the reading of the senate journal the president's message was followed by Mr. Pruden, the president's private secretary, and at 12:10 its reading was begun.

Mr. Hoar then introduced his bill heretofore published to provide for the performance of the duties of the office of president in case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president. He also introduced a bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States. Mr. Edmunds also introduced his electoral count bill. Numerous other bills of minor importance were introduced and appropriately referred.

In the House: Rev. Dr. W. H. Milburn delivered prayer, referring in an eloquent manner to the late vice-president, and invoking divine blessing upon all, so that when the last hour shall come "we, too, shall depart in peace, having a good conscience toward God and man." The journal was read, Maj. Pruden entered and submitted the president's message, which was laid before the house.

The reading of the message was concluded at 3:10 p. m., at which time the house adjourned out of respect to the memory of Reuben Elwood, late a representative from Illinois.

SECRET WORK.

A Mysterious Appointment by Secretary Lamar—What It Was For.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—A conflict of authority has arisen between officers of the treasury department and Secretary Lamar, of the interior department. Judge Chenowith, the first auditor of the treasury, has held a number of accounts forwarded from the interior department, and in several cases has asked explanations of certain items of expenditure. In one instance it is understood that Secretary Lamar appointed a man to do certain work of a secret character, and for doing the work he was paid, but he could be known as an employe of the department that his name was not put on the roll. The man in question was given verbal instructions not to report. When his account was presented for payment, Judge Chenowith called for his appointment and the instructions under which he was employed. Neither was forthcoming, and the account was held up.

Several cases of a similar character are said to be held up by the first auditor. The secretary of the interior, it is said, has complained to the secretary of the treasury about the matter.

ROBERT GARRETT'S DINNER.

Elaborate Preparations—Telegraph Wires, Stenographers and Type Writers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Elaborate preparations are making for the dinner to be given by Robert Garrett, the ex-president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company, to-morrow, by Erastus Wiman and his associates on Staten Island. Four wires are being carried into the Pavilion hotel, at New Brighton, and circuits will be worked east, west, north and south. Four stenographers are to relieve each other and to dictate to four type writers, who will make duplicate verbatim reports of the proceedings, and, by district messages sent to Wall street, send them over to the city to the local press and for distribution throughout the country by telegraph. Forty guests are expected from Baltimore and twenty from Philadelphia, and the contingent from New York and Staten Island will probably swell the total to 200 or more.

America Liberally Helping Parnell.

DUBLIN, Dec. 9.—Mr. T. Sullivan, member of parliament-elect for the northern division of Westmeath, in addressing a meeting of the National league in his city, expressed himself as elated with the Nationalists' victory, and declared that in Ireland they had perfectly annihilated the Tories, and that the Tory representation from the Emerald Isle now only amounted to a handful. He deplored the perfidy of F. Cahill, the Irish-native Australian candidate, who was defeated, by Col. Nolan, Mr. Parnell's candidate, in seething terms.

Donations to the parliamentary fund were received to-day as follows: Ireland, $678; America, $5,000; other places, $903.

Fatal Mill Explosion.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 9.—At about 7 a. m. a fire broke out in the Daily Roller mill. An explosion followed, wrecking the building and completely burning everything. One boy says that Andrew Ehrlich, of the Milling was totally destroyed. The fire spread to the Empire mill and completely destroyed both mills. It is estimated that the loss will be $250,000. Insurance, $150,000. Several employes were injured, but none fatally. Engineer [illegible] seriously hurt by the falling of one of the walls. The mills employed [illegible] and were valued at $300,000.

Claiming Additional Descent.

DES MOINES, Dec. 9.—A case of this city, has begun proceedings in the courts to establish [illegible] Cherokee blood. His plead- [illegible] Cherokee girl, that she married his grandfather [illegible] blood and [illegible] trial right to [illegible] W. Wilson, of this city [illegible] Cherokee [illegible] Wilson [illegible] Cherokee [illegible] Wilson [illegible] Cherokee [illegible] Wilson

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 161 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

COACHMAN—Situation wanted by a young man, can milk and take care of harness. Henry Haeman, box 1359, post office.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 313 Clarke avenue.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Ninth street near Second Place. Apply to Hazard Hand Wood Sawer and Splitter. Heated throughout by steam. Contains 14 rooms. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad avenue. 12-2-tf.

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon, Rockaway, Extension Top Phaeton, etc. The above will be sold cheap for delight. Apply at 12 E. French's, 13 S. market street. 12-2-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence (43 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.). Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, 2nd st., opposite station, Plainfield. 12-2-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rent. Centrally located. Address Barnabas, care Evening News. 12-2-tf

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter can obtain the same at reasonable rates in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes to railroad depots. P. O. Box 1315. 11-30-1f

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply to 34 Central avenue. 28-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen at 7 Somerset street. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-3-tf

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
Of Wood Mantels. The subscriber will sell at public sale on Monday, Dec. 7, at one o'clock p. m., at Lasing's Hall, Plainfield, 1 Parlor Mantel, 1 Hall Mantel, 1 Bedroom Mantel, near Park Avenue Church, Plainfield, Union County, N. J.; one lot on the North and side of the said road of said avenue, with garage that Also on George street, bounded by Grove-street and Park avenue, one lot on the North and side of said George street, with garage thereon, and outbuildings thereon all in good repair. Terms made known on day of sale.
W. E. CORNELIUS, assignee of I. S. Melhorn.

Special Notices.

W. H. LUDLOW,
No. 5 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds retrimmed and repainted on reasonable terms. Also agent for the Celebrated Bain Cart of Rahway, in whose employ he was for ten years, the last one with Mr. L. H. Frost, the builder [illegible]. Orders will be added in all its branches. Satisfaction given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1476. 12-1-1m

WANTED—
A smart, energetic man or woman to open and superintend an office in this city and a few hundred financial line required. We require no capital or previous experience, but the latter is beneficial, as we must have references as to honesty and ability. For particulars, address, stating age, occupation, etc., P. O. Box 1, Newark, N. J. 11-18-3m

CALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Cards, a count per hundred. 11-13-1m

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Greenhouses on Somerville North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Bouquets for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue opposite North. 10-26-1y

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Wrought Iron Girders, Book Safes, Doors, Shutters, Fire Escapes, Iron Bedsteads, Rocker Rods, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing done. Shop established 1865. 73 New street, E. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 9-5-6m

MUSIC.
Prof. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 11-2-6m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL
Is the best and most desirable for night hundred, with modern conveniences and heated by steam, offers special inducements to societies wishing to hire a hall for lectures or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Architect, 5 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11-18-1y

CARL & JACQUES
Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 14 West Front street, P. O. Box 1011, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Plans, Estimates and general Engineering work. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER,
No. 15 Park place, Newark. Depositions, Sermons, lectures, legal cases, etc., carefully reported at reasonable rates. Also, thorough and practical instruction given in Phonography. Shorthand books for sale. Refers to the Mayor and other prominent citizens. 11-9-3m

F. A. DUNHAM.
No. 1 Park avenue, Conrad's Building.
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years' experience in city and country, can lead be set or grade to any setting in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-23-6m

DR. CHAS. THIERS, DENTIST,
Of the 7th Regt. Cavalry, Captain and as a local town health officer. Gold filling a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, the reporting of legal documents and sections a specialty. Practical experience in laying out streets, roads, etc. Typewriting done in a superior manner. Agent for the Celebrated Wright Typewriter. Park avenue opposite Church street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON
Will buy, sell and rent real estate, negotiate loans and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired. Moderate charges.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 2 Peace street, corner Front. Office hours from 8 to 9 a. m. and 2 to 3 p. m. 8-28-6m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,
Homeopathist and Electrician, corner Second and Watchung avenue, Plainfield. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m. 2 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters-in-Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

QUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block. Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J. W. Stillman, Jr. Chester D. Quydam.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
No. 2 East Front street, over Griffen's Homeopathic Pharmacy. Gas administered. Gold and Rubber filling. Office hours from 9 till 5. 12-12-6m

Educational.

MISS NELLIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Music, Gives lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Her references. P. O. Box 1381.

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio No. 2 East Front street. MRS. E. MOODY. 12-1-6m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music, Class or private instruction in singing. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and violin. 36 Door street, North Plainfield. 10-10-7

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Terms moderate. Highest references. Residence, 66 West Second street, corner Dudley. 10-10-7y

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address this office.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1381.

Union County Freeholders.

The Election Bills—The County Attorney's Opinion—The Claims Paid—The County's Finance —Resolutions on Hendricks.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders was held Thursday afternoon at Elizabeth with a full attendance except Mr. Baker. The audience was largely routine. Several committees reported concerning bridge repairs, and a batch of sundried bills was found.

In the matter of the bills of the election officers of Elizabeth, County Attorney Marsh presented an opinion which was ordered published in the minutes. He quoted the law, and advised the payment of bills.

Under this opinion the claims for three days' pay were allowed.

At the last session of the Board the Rahway election bills were cut down one day. The election officers insist upon the full amount of the claim and had sworn. Freeholder Howard offered a resolution that the bills be passed as presented.

This gave rise to considerable discussion.

Mr. Howard said the election officers felt that the Board in reducing the claims placed them in a position of perjurers having made affidavits to services not rendered.

Freeholder Chapman strongly urged the payment of the full claims. He said that it was not the business of the Board without the facts to substantiate the action, to alter a bill sworn to by the officers who rendered service. He did not think there were so many disreputable men in Rahway who, for the sake of $5, would present claims for services not rendered.

Freeholder Doty and the representatives of Elizabeth and Rahway also favored the passage of the bills.

Freeholder Ross was of the opinion that the work could be done in the two days if justice was done to the county. Some boards, he said, after the polls are closed, sit around idle for two or three hours, while they could to count the ballots immediately.

Director Martine in explaining his vote against the bills said he was confident that the gentlemen could not have occupied more than two days in polling the votes. He made a comparison of the votes polled in other wards and townships. He did not question the honesty of the election officers. He thought they had followed a custom and were careless in making affidavits to the justice of their claims.

Freeholder Vanderbeek said that in the city of Plainfield some of the officers told him that they had made only two days, but had put in bills for three days because others had.

Freeholder Hubbard was opposed to paying the full amount. He thought the officers acted conscientiously, but had followed a custom in making an excessive claim. He did not want any discrimination in any part of the county he would grant the payment of three days where the services had not been rendered.

The resolution to pay the additional day was passed by a vote of 9 to 7.

THE COUNTY'S ISHARE.

Freeholder Oliver presented a resolution in disapproval of the commitment of insane persons to the County Jail previous to sending them to the Asylum. The resolution also stated that patients could be immediately sent to the Asylum when declared insane, the legal settlement of the patient established, and the proof that such person was likely to become a charge upon the county. This could be done in twenty-four hours.

Mr. Chapman seconded the resolution, although he contended that it was unwise to hasten patients to the Asylum. There were already many patients at Morris Plains for the county to support, and steps ought to be taken to reduce the number. Only frequently persons are sent hastily to the Asylum who are not insane, and this fact could be ascertained by committing them to the County Jail, where the expense would be less, for a few days. There are people in the Asylum who are sane and ought to be released.

Director Martine said that the introduction of the resolution was because of the fact that in the past two or three months several bad cases of lunacy had been committed to the County Jail. It was a disgrace to civilization to keep a crazy person in the County Jail twenty-four hours, to say nothing of an incarceration of from one week to ten days. It is barbarous to condemn persons to the County Jail for no crime, and it ought not to be tolerated. It requires only a few hours to determine insanity. If a dangerous case is found were doring about it would be proper to hold him in jail until his place of legal settlement is ascertained.

Mr. Chapman said he comprehended the meaning of the resolution, but it was unfortunate that there is no institution in the county where persons supposed to be insane can be placed until their insanity is unquestioned shown. A person might have the delirium tremens, and a confinement in the jail for a brief time might restore him to reason. This would be nothing like to the Asylum. It is easy enough to get patients into the Asylum, but it is hard to get them out. He thought upon a personal investigation that there are more fools and imbeciles in the Asylum than crazy people. The county has 146 patients out of 800 in the Asylum, and they cost about $25,000 a year. Some steps ought to be taken to reduce this expense.

Mr. Iseman said that it had been shown that a County Asylum would greatly lessen the expense.

Mr. Oliver's motion was carried.

Director Martine offered a batch of resolutions to the memory of the late Vice-President Hendricks, and on motion of Freeholder Chapman they were adopted by a standing vote, and ordered printed in the minutes.

Of Interest to the Townleys.

The Liverpool Weekly Post of recent date announces that by an act of Parliament passed August 4th the British Government has decided to pay over to all the legal heirs of the Lawrence Townley estate their proper portion of the money. This amounts to the enormous sum of $600,000,000 in money and $40,000 acres of land. The estate would have been divided thirty-four years ago, but through the false claim of one Tailing it was thrown into chancery, where it remained twenty-six years. A Mr. Steinb's grandmother or St. Louis prosecuted the claim in 1846, but died at the advanced age of 100 years, while it was still in Chancery. There are a number of the Townleys in this city who may be interested in the news.

He Frightens Girls.

Some men, with nothing better to do, has been in the habit for the past week of hanging around the railroad bridges on Madison avenue and terrifying young girls who happened to be passing that way. Complaints were made about girls who are compelled to go down these streets on their way home. Friday evening as two ladies were passing down Madison avenue, one of them became frightened so much by his remarks that she stopped in one of the houses on the street and asked a gentleman who was present to accompany her home.

A Boroughite in Search of an Office.

A North Plainfield tonsorial artist, who claims to have worked very energetically in the interest of the Democracy during the late campaign, thought he had some claim on the Chief Magistrate for his pains, and having in his mind one office which he felt assured that he could fill with acceptability—namely that of barber-extraordinary to his Excellency—rigged himself out in his best one day last week, purchased a ticket and started for Washington. Having duly arrived there, armed with a case of newly-printed visiting cards, he presented himself at the White House. Admission to the august presence was not as easily obtained as he had imagined, for scarcely had the huge door of the Executive Mansion swung open than a stalwart darkey, in all the glory of immaculate linen and brandcloth, demanded of the visitor in stentorian tones what he wanted. He replied in a rather subdued way that the President was the individual he sought and requested the ebony-colored gentleman to take up his card. After much palavering the card was taken to the President, who scanned it, and the man of the razor was ushered into the august presence. He told in his mother tongue his mission; the wide reputation he had achieved in North Plainfield for putting on the lather, and the excellent quality of bay rum he used on the palms of his numerous customers, and thought he was just the man the President needed, and that owing to his arduous efforts in the past to vote for him he was now filled, as the head of sixty millions of people. During all this time the President felt ill at ease, thinking that he was in the company of an escaped lunatic, and slipping out of the room called up the gentleman in color, and politely informed the knight of the razor that the audience was ended; that the President had more barbers than there were laves in Vallambrosa, and that when they died off he should be remembered, and opening the door bid him an revoir!

The barber is so highly elated over his call on the President, that every man that sits in his chair is so filled with the information imparted that he throws off a portion of it to the next man he meets, and so the story travels.

A Runaway Horse.

About two o'clock yesterday afternoon as James Farley was driving along Sixth street he noticed a horse and carriage going down the street at a lively pace. He left his horse and carriage standing one side and as the runaway was passing him he grabbed him by the bridle and threw the horse, thus stopping him. In falling the horse broke a shaft, but the rig was uninjured in any other respect. Mr. Farley took the horse to a stable near by and left him there until he was called for by the owner.

PERSONAL.

Martin L. Cooley and family of North Plainfield started for Florida on Saturday.

Miss Eva Atchison of Newark is stopping for a few days with friends on West Fifth street.

Moses K. Everitt of Flemington, the Democratic candidate for Senator in Hunterdon county at the late November election, was in this city yesterday.

—The New York Herald speaks as follows regarding Miss Kate Claxton and her company who appear at Music Hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 10th, in "The Two Orphans:" This melodrama, with its new scenery, stirring tableaux and picturesque costumes, was greeted with frequent applause that culminated in a veritable demonstration during the last act. The cast is a strong one. Of Miss Claxton it is needless to say more than that she was up to her usual standard in the pathetic part of the blind orphan. Miss Adela Waters was graceful and impressive in the part of Henriette. It was announced that Miss Claxton intended to have been assumed by Miss Maude Harrison, but it is understood that she declined the engagement. As Mother Frochard and her graceless son Jacques (Mrs. Bryton and Mr. Stevenson) were realistic in the extreme. Pierre, the cripple, was portrayed by Mr. Lee, who gained much applause. Mr. Hoey, as Picard, created a good deal of fun. Seats now on sale at Shaw's Reynolds' and Voorhees' drug store.

—The Kaufman combination will be at the Casino to-night. Among the many complimentary notices they have received is the following from The Daily, Binghampton, N. Y. "A numerous audience was attracted to the Pioneer rink to witness an exhibition by the famous Kaufman Combination, which consists of Kaufman and three Lintner brothers. It may be said at the very outset that the performance was the very best ever witnessed in this city. The Kaufman performed wonderful feats on the bicycle. He accomplished everything that seemingly could possibly be done in fancy riding and in tricks on the wheel. He was ably assisted by the Lintner Bros., agile little specimens of humanity, who posessed on the wheel, skating and tumbling to the delight of the audience. All the acts were vociferously applauded by the spectators." They appear this and to-morrow evenings only.

—The surveyors of the new railroad route for the R. & O. R. R. surveyed recently within the city limits of Plainfield crossing the streets at right angles. The crossings were so a blind to throw those watching them off their guard, while they got the real line some distance east established. The surveyed route passes through Rahway, and the work of driving the piles for the bridge across the Kill von Kull has begun. There are persons, however, who believe that the work is merely a manoeuvre to get satisfactory terms with the P. & R. R. to use its tracks. Time will tell.

—Owing to the great demand for Grant's Memoirs, it has been impossible for the publishers to supply the local agents. Mr. B. A. Thorn expects his books every day. The first edition of 250,000 has been sold and the publishers are now working on the second edition.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

The First of the Season.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—Josh Billings says said, that a man who had a wife and children proclaimed to the world that he would be a good citizen. But how men who drink, or favor drink, can become good citizens with or without a wife and children, is beyond all my comprehension. If I am right in saying they can't be, then we have very few good citizens in our city, notwithstanding their boast to the contrary.

It is so evident that men parley with wrong; a woman never does. Money has no arm long enough to reach a woman who is once determined to do the right thing. With some men, I fancy, it is different, from what I saw and heard near one of the polling-places in this city election day. I would only advise, however, that honest, true-hearted ones keep right on in the temperance work, and when voting time comes again, vote and win. A number of small defeats we expect in even so good a cause, but the battle will end in a glorious victory, and the fair women, who never tire in their work, or give up hope in the success of their cause, will help them and encourage them as they always have done. A WOMAN.

Why Not Here Also!

Rahway has succeeded in organizing a Board of Trade, and the following is a copy of the paper as signed by its citizens generally:

To All to Whom these Presents shall come. GREETING:

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, having associated ourselves as a board of trade, under and pursuant to the act of the legislature of the State of New Jersey, entitled "An act to incorporate boards of trade or chambers of commerce," approved April 4, 1875, do hereby certify:

1. That the corporate name by us chosen is "The Rahway Board of Trade," and by it we shall do its dealings, is "The Rahway Board of Trade."

2. That the City of Rahway, in the County of Union, and State of New Jersey, is the place where the purposes for which such association is formed, are to be carried on.

3. The purposes for which such association is formed and included, are "the encouragement of trade and commerce in the city of Rahway and its vicinity; the more frequent intercourse between business men; the improvement of facilities for transportation; the diffusion of information concerning the trade, manufactures and other interests of the City of Rahway; the connection of this with similar societies in other cities; and the promotion of the development of the material and local interests of our city.

4. The names and places of residence of the persons hereby associating themselves fully appear by the signature hereto.

In witness whereof, we have, on this third day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, hereto respectively set our hands, and specified our respective places of residence.

The Vote for Local Option.

When local option was first acted upon by the legislature in this State, the Republican senate passed the bill, and in the house it received twenty-five votes, twenty-four of which were Republican and but one Democratic vote. Subsequently the senate, with a Republican senate passed the bill to submit to the people the question of a Prohibition amendment to the constitution. Only two Democrats voted for it. Those were the senator from Gloucester and the senator from Ocean. In the house it received but twenty-nine votes, nineteen of which were Republican, and ten Democratic. And this, too, in face of the fact that the house was composed of thirty-five Democrats and twenty-five Republicans. A further analysis of this vote shows that of the ten counties from Essex, four Republicans voted for it, and the six Democratic votes all came against it, as did all the Democrats of Hudson, Hunterdon, and other northern Democratic counties, except one each from Warren, Morris and Bergen. During this whole period of temperance agitation these northern counties have only sent one or two Democratic members to vote for temperance. Those who have supported the cause have received no more credit than those who have opposed it. —Camden Courier.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

Major Berry has gone for a two weeks' visit to Lexington, N. Y.

The W. C. T. U. are going to have a Christmas tree, for the benefit of the poor children.

Mrs. Frazee & Mother have received the contract to build the new house for Mr. Eckman on Clark street.

Mrs. Frazee expects soon to begin building a brick store and dwelling on the corner of Broad and Elm streets.

Lyceum Hall is no more. The name has been changed, and hereafter it will be known only as "Arcanum Hall."

Invitations are out for a grand ball to be held to-morrow evening at Arcanum Hall. It is to be the forerunner of a number that will be held this season if this one proves a success.

Knights of Pythias.

The nineteenth annual session of the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias was recently concluded. The reports submitted show that the Order in this State is in a vigorous and healthy condition, and the increase, financially and numerically during the past year, has been very large. The newly elected officers are as follows:

Past Grand Chancellor, Henry Miller of Salem; Grand Chancellor, James E. Moon of Phillipsburg; Grand Vice Chancellor, Henry C. Ulmer of Newark; Grand Prelate, Rev. Charles Hall of Millville; Grand K. of R. and S., Eugene V. Lorton of Plainfield; Grand M. of E., Charles Fisher of Haddonfield; Grand M. at A., A. B. Race of Smith's Landing.

—The editor of the Emporia (Fla.) Gazette sends us some mistletoe for Christmas, and an explanation as follows; Mistletoe for kissing purposes.—No English lady considers her home decorations for Christmas complete with a bunch or sprig of Mistletoe, no matter how small, is hung over one of the doors on the inside of the house. Upon this day, "if a gentleman discovers a lady standing under the Mistletoe, he has a right to kiss her." If this ancient and honored custom becomes as popular in America as it has been for centuries in England, it will be largely due to the Emporia Gazette, which, by the way, is published in Volusia county, Florida, which is famous for its sanitary winters and orange groves; for this journal has prepared packages of Mistletoe (a parasite and a pest in California), which it will forward to any address upon receipt of five two-cent stamps to cover postage, etc.

MUSIC HALL. THURSDAY, DEC. 10TH.

Kate Claxton

AND CHAS. A. STEVENSON, IN ....TWO ORPHANS....
Seats Now on Sale at Shaw's Rey

A GRAND REVIVAL OF THE ....TWO ORPHANS....
nolds' and Voorhees' Drug Stores.

Casino

Monday & Tuesday Evenings,
Kaufman's Monarch Combination

The Largest! The Greatest! The most complete Rink attraction on Earth.

This Troupe is Headed by the

Great Kaufman

HIGGINS

The Human Knot.

Lintner Twins,
DAVE and MORIE.

Peck's Bad Boys. Come and see us on our muscle. Do not miss the

4 Bicycle Monarchs.

BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

JUST OPENED!
Retail Department
At 8 West Front St., of
CAMPBELL'S
Boot and Shoe Manufactory,
For the Sale of all kinds of
Foot Wear FOR Ladies, Misses and Children, FOR Men, Boys' and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past year and has superior facilities for making all his own goods both of French calf and kip stock, either hand or machine made. He also will make a specialty of repairing shoes without using any nails. The finest ladies' dressed kid boot can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

SANTA CLAUS
IS HERE,
COME 'AND TELL HIM
WHAT YOU WOULD LIKE
TO HAVE FOR
CHRISTMAS,
AT
A. W. RAND,
24 W. FRONT STREET,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.
Call for particulars on
STANTON CLARK,
17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER unequaled for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 8-29-3m

L. M. FRENCH
Carriage Manufacturer.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding
GIFTS
AT SWAIN'S
38 West Front Street.
The most complete and varied assortment that has ever been offered in Plainfield. Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Books. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

Blue Stone Flagging
CURBING & CROSSING
AT LOWEST PRICES.
FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
M. POWERS
15 YEARS EXPERIENCE.
Yard, 29 Manning Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1307.

Sleighs
FINE CARRIAGES
ALL STYLES.
CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
AT SHORT NOTICE.
No. 18 Somerset St.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York (D. L. & W. R. R.)

Leave Plainfield at 3 27, 5 45, 6 32, 7 03, 7 34, 7 53, 8 03, 8 26, 8 40, 9 32, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 03, 1 21, 2 25, 2 57, 3 51, 5 23, 5 56, 6 32, 7 34, 9 43, 9 44, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 3 27, 5 45, 8 42, 10 52, 11 57 a. m.; 1 27, 3 31, 5 31, 7 08, 7 34, 9 23 p. m.

Leave New York, Pier Liberty Street at 4 00, 4 30, 7 10, 7 45, 8 30, 10 30, 11 15 a. m.; 12 30, 1 30, 2 15, 3 30, 3 45, 4 04, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 45, 6 00, 7 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 10 30, 12 30 p. m. Monday 4 00, 8 00, 8 45 a. m.; 12 00 m.; 1 30, 4 00 5 30, 7 00, 9 30, 12 00, 2 00 a. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5 43, 6 32, 7 03, 7 34, 7 53, 8 03, 8 43, 9 32, 10 37, 11 08, a. m.; 12 33, 1 21, 2 25, 2 57, 3 51, 5 23, 5 56, 6 32, 7 34, 9 43, 9 44, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 5 43, 10 33, 11 57, a. m.; 1 27, 3 30, 7 34, 9 23 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6 20, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 25, 10 45, 11 30 a. m.; 12 30, 1 35, 2 40, 3 35, 4 00, 4 35, 5 05, 5 30, 5 54, 6 05, 7 05, 7 30, 8 15, 9 50, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, at 8 30 a. m.; 12 10, 2 30, 4 30, 5 30, 7 15, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 7 14, 7 56, 9 27, 11 45, 11 59 a. m.; 4 08, 5 16, 6 45, 8 34, 9 04, 11 00, 6 26, 7 28, 10 25, 11 59 a. m.; 12 55, 3 00, 5 25, 6 05, 8 15, 8 45 p. m. Sunday, 9 15, 11 30 a. m.; 7 40, 8 05, 8 50 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 05, 6 35, 7 05, 7 35, 7 55, 8 35, 8 45, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m.; 12 55, 3 00, 3 25, 4 00, 4 35, 6 05, 8 15, 8 45 p. m. Sunday, 8 15, 11 30 a. m.; 7 40, 8 05, 8 50 p. m.

Elizabeth and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 7 56, 9 27 a. m.; 1 06, 2 16, 4 34, 5 54, 6 26, 8 05, 9 17 p. m. Sunday at 9 15 a. m.; 4 34, 6 26 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 6 10, 8 57 a. m.; 12 40, 4 50, 7 40, 7 50 p. m. Sunday at 7 00 a. m.; 4 50 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.56 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.27 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Pittston, etc.

1.06 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

2.16 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6.26 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Mauch Chunk, etc.

8.05 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

9.17 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Sunday.

9.15 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Local Connections.

Leave Plainfield at 3 27, 8 02, 11 59 a. m.; 3 31, 5 31, 7 08 p. m. (Via Junction and Queen Street) 3 27 and 8 02 a. m.

Plainfield and Dolphin via Broad Street.

Leave Plainfield at 5 10, 8 29, 10 12, 11 59 a. m.; 3 31, 5 31, 8 15 p. m. Sunday, at 1 33, 5 10, 8 15 p. m. 6 30 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Front, Somerset, Ninth and Green Streets, 6 55, 8 30, 10 00 a. m.; 12 00, 3 45, 5 45, 8 45 p. m. Sunday at 8 30 a. m.; 5 30 p. m.

Leave Third and Market, 6 10, 8 30, 9 00, 10 30, a. m.; 12 30, 3 30, 6 00, p. m. Sunday at 8 15 a. m.; 5 00 p. m.

Leave Front, Somerset, and Tucker Streets, 6 30, 8 50, 9 00, 10 30, 11 35 a. m.; 12 35, 3 30, 7 20 p. m. Sunday at 1 35, 5 10, 8 15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers can obtain tickets at corner of Somerset Street.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.
J. E. WOOTEN, Gen'l Manager.

LONDON, DECEMBER 7, 1885.

THE CAPITAL CITY OF BRAZIL.

The Thoroughfares Abominable—Public Building Ugly and Unpretentious.

[Cor. New York Sun.]

A few years ago Rio Janeiro, which is not even a sewer in Rio Janeiro, and all the garbage and offal of the city was carried through the streets on the heads of men and dumped into the sea. Now there are drains under the principal streets; but they seem to be of little use, as the main thoroughfares are abominable, and one wonders what has been gained by the change. The pavements are of the roughest cobblestones, the streets are so narrow that not a breath of air can enter them, and the sun pours down with all the pain of fifth that steams and broils in the gutters, breeding plagues.

The city is in the shape of a narrow crescent, with the mountains and the sea on one side, the mountains and the bay, nowhere more than half a mile wide, and stretching for a distance of nine or ten miles. It can never be any wider, but probably will be longer. The finest business street runs along the edge of the water, but the principal part of the residential side is two squares off the bay, and, damp, gloomy and dismal, the streets being so narrow that carriages are forbidden to travel them during the busy hours of the day. A free wind blowing over the whole portion of the city would be a blessing, and might relieve Rio from some of its filth and ugliness.

The public buildings are quite as ugly and unpretentious as the commercial houses. The city palace of the emperor fronts the merchants' exchange, and the two structures are mid-aired badly, and where the fish-boats land. It is impregnated by the stench of decaying vegetation, and has an endless smell of fish about it. The public squares are more like workhouse than the shelter of the imperial family, and Dom Pedro will not live in it, but suddenly can blame him. So far as I can learn, the people of this country, in whatever residing, feel only reason to be proud of their architecture of public importance. The only presentable government building is the new one for the foreign office, and even this is a gloomy old pile, with no architectural features, and a disappointment to the Brazil capital to be ashamed to house the parliament in such a place.

An Old-Fashioned Banking House.

[Wall Street Cor.]

Wall Street Cor.], and want is called "a one-horse old-fashioned banking" recently. Once a country bank in Boston and New York; the two offices were joined by cross banking, the good it enjoyed by some able banker in here, and 25 bushels of corn handed.

A simple means of drying wet boots is to fill them with coal and set them outside near the fire over night. The coal absorbs the moisture and fits the boots nice and dry.

AGAINST THE MORMONS.

A CRITICAL STATE OF THINGS IN SALT LAKE CITY.

Great Fears Entertained of a Massacre of the Gentiles by the Saints.

United States Troops Moving to the Scene.

CHAMA, Dec. 7.—Late on Friday night it became known that confidential orders had been received at military headquarters here. Gen. Howard left on Saturday for the Sierra during tour, but was telegraphed for, and returned at 6 a. m. on Saturday. He refused to give definite information with regard to the orders. It is learned, however, that Battery B from Fort Omaha was ordered to Fort Douglas, Utah. They left at 9 p. m. on a special train. It is understood that the other troops in the department have been ordered to be held in readiness for movement at a moment's notice. From the fact that the troops are bound for Utah, the general impression prevails that Mormon troubles are expected, but exactly of what nature all efforts have failed to disclose. One theory is that an outbreak is imminent, and that the troops are to overawe the people on the occasion of the election. Another is that the president's message will contain expressions on Mormonism which may cause disturbance. Again, as there are no Indian troubles in the country to which the troops have been ordered, conjecture on Mormon trouble is the only thing advanced.

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 7.—All is quiet here, and there is no probability of trouble arising. The precautions for the preservation of life and property are ample.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—In reference to the sensational reports about a secret military expedition against Utah, Adjt. Gen. Drum says that it is true that the garrison at Fort Douglas, near the Salt Lake City, Utah. The secretary of the interior and the attorney general have received reports from the governor, United States marshal and other officials relative to the effect that the disaffection of the Mormons is quite offensive, that demonstrations are being made of a threatening character, and that the legislature assembled in Salt Lake a week in which the residences and offices of the United States judges, district attorney and other officials were fired into, and that other personal violence attempted. The police of the city are all Mormons, and a great part of the military garrison has been sent to Wyoming, where the Indians are reported out. It was thought best to take reasonable precautions, and so the troops at Omaha have been sent to Salt Lake, and will camp in the suburbs of the city, so as to be available in case of an outbreak.

The force now at Fort Douglas consists of a full regiment of infantry and battery of artillery, and the troops coming to it from Wyoming will make a full regiment of cavalry. The secretary of war has not been advised of the military garrison now

CANINE CRANIOLOGY.

CIVILIZED LIFE EXPANDS A DOG'S BRAIN AND NARROWS HIS JAW.

Skull of an Esquimaux Dog — Egyptian Mummied Dog—Pug and Bull Dog—Looking at the Craniums—The Newfoundland.

[Washington Star.]

"Alas, poor dog!" said Mr. Frederic A. Lucas, curator of zoölogy, as he gazed upon a skull which he had taken from a long coffin-like box that had just been opened in his work-room at the National museum.

"What is it?" asked the reporter, who had penetrated to the cavern of the omnipresent in search of news.

"It is the skull of an Esquimau dog—an Esquimau sledge dog," said Mr. Lucas, patting down the bleached and ghastly object. "This skull bears out the stories of the rough treatment which those dogs receive. See there," pointing to a spot over the eye where a portion of the bone had been broken off. "It took a heavy blow to do that; and look at this leg," said the bone man, taking several long bones from the box and placing the parts together. "You see that leg was broken and was never allowed to heal properly. The dog had to limp along very painfully after he was injured. See how this joint was deformed and how it must have ached, he sustained, working one of the bones against the other like a pump handle to show the defect in the joint.

"Talking of dogs," began the reporter, prospecting for a lead to something interesting—

"I will show you something I am doing with dogs," said Mr. Lucas, taking up the thread.

"It is hardly more than a beginning now, a mere sketch, but you can get the idea from it," and the philosopher led the way into a room and to the way to the end of the museum building given up to the department of comparative anatomy. The huge frames of great whales were suspended from the ceiling, and there seemed to be swimming in the air overhead; skeleton monkeys looked comically out of cases; the bony remains of antediluvian monsters stared their lofty foreheads high toward the roof; in fact, the whole vertebrate creation seemed to have stepped out of its skin to call a wrinkling halt. Before the reporter's large shadow fell the giant sloth. Mr. Lucas stopped in front of a case in which were displayed a series of skulls arranged in rows conveniently for comparison.

LOOKING AT THE SKULLS.

The label showed that the two skulls in the upper row beginning on the right were those of Indian dogs; next to them was that of an Egyptian mummied dog, and then in order the skulls of a Newfoundland, of a common dog, a hairless Chinese dog, a Lyncher setter, a Saint Bernard, a bulldog and an English pug. In another row below was a series of skulls of wild dogs, wolves, coyotes and foxes.

"This series will show," said Mr. Lucas "the effect of domestication—the development of the cranium under domestication. The skull of the Indian dog there, you see, differs very little from that of the wolf below it. You see it has very little forehead and a very long jaw. As you go along now," he continued, "down the line the angle increases, the forehead is developed at the expense of the jaw, which becomes shorter. This collection gives merely an outline. Dogs are many and various in form. They are classified into mastiffs, hounds, spaniels and wolf dogs. The wolf dogs, such as these," continued Mr. Lucas, pointing to the Indian dog, "are the same as the Egyptian, and have retained the original stock. In fact, it is very difficult sometimes to distinguish the skull of a wolf from that of an Indian dog. Yes, the teeth are the same, and you will notice all along the line there is a similarity in the teeth.

"When you reach the pug at the end, the teeth are crowded and the incisors lap over. Then the teeth of the pug are not so large and strong. It has been raised on soft food, and has not had to fight for its living. As you go up the scale the intelligence of the dogs increases, and as you go down, toward the wolf, the animals increase in brute ferocity. Yes, the bull dog has a high forehead," observed Mr. Lucas in reply to a remark of the reporter expressing surprise that an animal which was looked upon as a type of brute ferocity should stand so well in the scale of cranial development. "It has a high forehead and will become very much intelligent in time. It is remarkable for its courage and will fly at the head and hang on. Any dog may be taught to attack a man."

THE JAW AND EGYPTIAN DOGS.

"The Indians are said to cross their dogs with wolves," continued the bone man. "One peculiarity of Indian dogs is that they have small feet for dogs. When dogs become domesticated they become lop-eared. The dogs represented in Egyptian sculpture are lop-eared, which proves that the dog had been domesticated in ancient Egypt. The hairless breed," continued Mr. Lucas, referring to one of the labels, "don't seem surprising. In hot climates the tendency of dogs is to shed their hair. Some of them come to look like Latin rubber or perfectly smooth and naked. By breeding, of course, this peculiarity may be made more marked.

"Yes, that is a mummied dog," said the osteologist, referring to the dog-faced object the old Pagans still labeled "Egyptian Dog." "The ancient Egyptians used to mummy their dogs and cats. On Egyptian monuments we have the religious observances of dogs very much like those of to-day. It is an interesting point about the Newfoundland dog," he continued, coming to the skull of that breed, "to determine just when dogs were domesticated on the island or whether they were introduced there by the old Norsemen who visited the American coast before the discovery of Columbus. Those who hold the theory that the Norsemen brought the dogs from Europe refer to the fact that there is in Norway a breed of dogs that strongly resemble the Newfoundland."

Could go the same.

[Texas Siftings.]

"Artist's materials!" today. The painter fellow in the store that the father of a laughing child into that of a crying child by a couple of dashes with his brush," said an Austin lady to a professor of the University of Texas. "There is nothing wonderful about that, is there?" "Why, no, madam," replied the professor of the Texas kindergarten.

Drunken Fish.

[San Francisco Post.]

Near Marysville, Cal., there is a large gravel pit in which there are many fish, and into which flows the refuse matter of a brewery. Four months ago a number began fish. Four months ago a number began fish. Four of these fish have been afflicted with drunkenness and come to the surface of the water, or the Chinese take them in with rakes in great quantities.

Smallest Man in Congress.

The smallest man in the next Congress that is sure to assemble in Washington is Truman A. Merriman, of Boston. He is barely five feet high, and weighs about 100 pounds.

Evils of Adulterated Medicines.

[Philadelphia Times.]

At the present time, when virulent disease is stalking about in different sections of our country, indeed in some portions of our state, the thought is forced into the minds of many: What of medical remedies? Are those in use pure, active and capable of efficiency in checking, if not curing the diseases they are administered for?

To the student of the latest fanatical intelligence, as a people, it seems to be a certain conclusion that, in most instances, the remedy is worse than the disease. To establish this it is only necessary to read the following report of an examination, by experts, of some of the drugs often used in cases of illness; Eleven samples of tincture of analyzed varied in strength from from 8.68 per cent of morphia to 80 per cent. Two samples of chloride of gold contained respectively 2.5 per cent. and 1.8 per cent. of available chlorine when 50 per cent. should be the minimum. Of twenty-seven samples of tincture of iodine, four were found to be only about one-third of the required strength, and several about one-half strength."

It is apparent that there is greater physical necessity for medicines of the highest class and purest composition than there really is for like kinds of food, much as good pure food is the latter to be desired. To the legislator the laws that need to be made to protect the public from drug imposition and decayed materials in their physical properties, and an honest, correct analysis of all mineral waters are worthy of intelligent study and elaboration, both from the statesman's and the philanthropist's point of view. The time has come when the need for regular and thorough inspection, by state authority, of all drugs, mineral waters and medical compounds was never more necessary.

Free-running Matches.

[Detroit News.]

A new match, which bids fair to have as great a run as the spelling matches of a few years ago, has appeared in some sections of the country, and is gradually working its way in this direction. "It is the pronouncing match." No doubt the fashion will soon reach this city, and the young people of Detroit will be engaged in the careful study of Webster and Worcester. The contests are conducted according to the usual spelling matches. Sides are chosen and referees are appointed, who have before them copies of the dictionary designated. A misplaced accent, a misplaced letter, either authority is considered correct. The test words, which have previously been chosen, are spelled down from one to the other, and those selected for the fray pronounce them—or at least they try to. When any one fails he sits down, the word is pronounced correctly and the contest goes on. It gives out to the next person. When any dispute arises it is immediately referred to the referee. If the word is not understood it may be written down on a blackboard, and the contestant may ask to have it defined.

At a recent match in an Ohio town some thirty-five contestants above the average skill and ability in this regard were put down on a list of about 250 words, the most of them in every-day use. Among the words which were missed were dismay, anecdotal, equable, pneumo, courtesy, harass, amateur, suffice, voluminous, infantile, chocolate, gargoyle, bouquet, bonbon, brigade, Arab, bravado, exhibit, piquant, wan, almond, condolence, comely, exemplary, zouave, truths, effusive, bijou, etc.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.

Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Waiting Coats, Plaid Newmarkets very low.

Hats, Hats, Hats!

Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 98c up.

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 60c up.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15c in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, ornaments &c.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or tips, latest style price 25 cents.

Hats, scarfs, hoods, and trimmings of all kinds. Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful 3 inch silk and in all colors for 25 cents a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, trimmings and flannels with waist lining and buttons for underwear, all complete for you for $1.98, dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $1.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,
10 East Front street, Plainfield.

J. P. Laire & Co.

OFFER

HOLIDAY GOODS
VERY LOW.

Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Razors, Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets, Call and Examine.

Right Self Removed. Cesspools Cleaned. 25 per cent Cheaper than by any other method.

By the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.

The only one of the kind in the city

Which is so constructed that it is used in any one of Orders left at Corner Bros., No. 7 Somerset St., or addressed to P. O. Box 208, Plainfield, N. J., or sent to the residence of the undersigned, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN BROWN

H. S. BARNES

17 and 19 Front Street, East,

WALL PAPERS,

Philadelphia and New York Designs.

ATLAS MIXED PAINTS.

$1.75 Per Gallon, Warranted Satisfactory

BRAGDON'S LUSTRA PAINTS

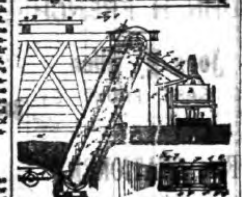
POOR MAN'S DYES.

Neat and Handy.

Artist's Materials, etc.

5 Per Cent Discount for Cash.

BIRD'S PATENT COAL ELEVATING.



This machine is a w in use in my yard. No. 61 Par. It elevates coal from the cellar to the kitchen over it. The coal comes down square against the screen, so that the dirt can straight through. It saves the rubbing of coal against the sides. Leaves the floor clean. Is called Bird's Patent Coal Elevator, and Ash Elevating Machine. Also agent for Phosphate and Ashes, Milled, Dry Bone, Fertilizers and Bone Meal.

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Park Avenue, Plainfield, N. J

Isaac Brokaw

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Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size bottles 50c., Especially recommended for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough. Sold by R. J. SHAW, 13 East Front street.

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OLD FRAMES REGILDED

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15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Wagner, I am the sole agent for the genuine Home Made Bread, a variety of first class Cake Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old standard all Summer biscuit, can be obtained at my store. Thanking for your patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.

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Successor to A. Wagner, No. 15 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

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H. N. Spencer, 61 Somerset street,
Grocer & Confectioner,
Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Also Canned Goods, Pickles, Sauces and Confectionery, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

M. Powers,
Kindling Wood,
12 Large Barrels for $00 dollars. Wood for open fires a specialty. Can supply you. Best wood in the city. 29 Madison avenue. P. O. Box 1307.

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Carpenters and Builders,
Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished.

Emmons Bros.,
Masons and Builders,
Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing promptly executed. P. O. Box 922.

P. P. VanArsdale,
Pianos and Organs
For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. 8 Front street and 11 Park place.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dressing, Underwear, Bonnets,
Hosiery, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. Plain stitching and Dressmaking. 216 East Front street.

J. Manning, Residence, Evans Place, P. O. Box 1307.
Carpenter & Builder,
Jobbing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Rooms at Opera House building, entrance between Smith's and Demarest's. Hours from 9 to 4. Miss Ella Hoffman, late instructor in Demarest's School of Fashion, has opened rooms as above for the purpose of teaching the art of dress cutting. Perfect Fitting Lining Cut and basted ready for sewing, 25 cents. Ladies can make their own dresses with my system. Terms $5 for system. Material furnished. Also paper patterns.

TenEyck's Meat Market.
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Third Street
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
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At Fair Rates. First-class rooms and meals attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Emily streets.

I. L. McVoy, Drives Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. Call or experience of fifteen years' fuel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. P. O. Box 1307. No. 1 Park avenue near Front street. Shop on East Front. 11-26-1-1

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Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

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Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,
thoroughly cleaned as per cost cheaper than anyone else. New ones built and old ones repaired. Leaking, plugging and connecting a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail to box 1482 promptly attended to. Elias Berry, 73 Chatham street, back of Arnold's grocery.

James Q. Miles, No. 21 North avenue, Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for
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For sale at Clark, Woods, Stores of Meads, Map Boards, Shields, Transparencies, Banners, etc., in any shape, made to the shop.

R. A. Ross, Somerset Place, North Plainfield.
Informs carpenters and builders that he has taken charge of the Excelsior Planing and Scroll Sawing Mill, and can furnish
Mouldings, Brackets, Sheet Work,
Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turning, Etc., at Reasonable Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.)

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Stocking & Pole Cutting
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Kindling Wood for One Dollar,
At George Denman's Kindling Wood Establishment. No. 12 Water street. 6-29-tf.

John Wolf, P. R. C. P. O. Box 302
Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults
Dug and cleaned at reasonable prices.

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Blatz's Hotel,
Somerset street, corner Somerset Place, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Good, comfortable, convenient and healthful. Choice accommodations.

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Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair Goods at New York Prices. Shampooing and Manicuring a specialty. Jules Boutes, Prop.

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Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,
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These Seamless Shirts and Drawers are warranted All Wool, fast dye and medicated and have never sold for less than one dollar and seventy-five cents.

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Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, all wool, seat dye, and very fine 25c and 35c.

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Ladies' and Gent's Cardigan Jackets.

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Misses Newmarkets $5.
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JOHN WILSON.

A good supply of stone it THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

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CAPS, GLOVES

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Call and Examine the Elegant Stock at

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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

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AND

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Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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A first-class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with varnish promenades of 200 feet. Grounds well shaded. Abundance first-class. Terms moderate.

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AT

Low Prices

Our Fall stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of

Ingrains, Three-Plys,
Tapestry, Brussels, Body
Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes,
Tourney and Royal Wiltons,

of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

December Bargains

We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths,
Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at the lowest cost.

Orders Carefully Executed

AT

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Tinners & Practical Plumbers

Heater Work A Specialty.

We employ in this department some of the best workmen, men of many years experience in some of the leading houses in the trade. If your Furnace or Range does not work satisfactory, give us a trial. We can give you satisfaction. Seventeen years practical experience.

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A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

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OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence at East Second street

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Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

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Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

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Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co

For cleaning and disinfecting Cesspools and privy vaults. Timbered and stoned wells dug. Sewers laid and basements excavated. Orders left with D. W. Lincoln, City Hayfeed, Addis and Haskell, practical plumbers, Addison Jones and Co., 10 Somerset street, Plainfield, will receive prompt attention.

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CELEBRATED

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream

& Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream Imitations

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

RAMONETTI'S

24 North Ave.,

Telephone, No. 30. 6-19-12

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Shall I buy my Winter Suit and Overcoat?

Before deciding this question call and examine my stock of

Domestic and Imported

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

SUITS - to order from		$20.00
TROUSERS	"	5.00
OVERCOATS	"	18.00

Samples and Rules for Self-Measurement sent on application.

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145, to 149 Bowery, and 771 Broadway

Opposite Stewart's.

New York

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here, again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

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DEALER IN

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Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

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Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.

Raised Flock, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Lincrusta Waltons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

I. B. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE.

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JEWELERS

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

French and American Watches and Clocks repaired.

Holiday Presents.

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Wall Paper,

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SCIENCE AND PROGRESS

Stationary Military Balloons.

During the war in Tonquin the French made valuable use of balloons to observe the movements of the enemy. The apparatus was fastened to the ground, and the bag and car ascended several hundred feet into the air. There, with field glass, the observer investigated the country. The balloon is held to the ground by a cable, which is paid out upon a windlass. The technical military name for the whole machine is a "captive balloon," meaning thereby not a balloon that has been carried, but one that is held captive by a cable that reaches from it to the earth.

CAR OF BALLOON.

England and Germany followed France in ordering aeronautic plants among military equipments, and now Italy and Russia have followed suit. Indeed, the inventor is at present at work trying to make a steerable balloon for the Czar's government. It does not appear quite when we are to have the practice attached to our army in the United States.

The builder of all the captive balloons is one man, a Frenchman, M. Stephen Yon. France is the native country of balloons. That in the picture is from a drawing of one recently constructed for Russia.

The apparatus consists of three main parts, the balloon, the generator for inflating it, and the cable and windlass. The bag is of Chinese silk, covered with balloon varnish. The netting is of Naples hemp. The car is very neatly suspended. The balloon can lean over at any angle without tipping the car out of the level. A dynamometer measures the ascensional power, and indicates at any moment how powerfully the balloon is dragging upon the cable. The most unique feature is perhaps the telephone, through which the observers in the car can talk down to those on the earth. Two insulated wires is wound around the cable. The car is freely balanced in the strong frame that appears below the netting. This is what prevents its tipping.

LIFTED VALVE.

Of admirable construction also are the upper and lower valves. The adaptations to make them fit tight are perfect. Metallic bars press upon lateral of india rubber, by means of springs. The four lines of coiled spring are shown in the illustration. A brake rope and pitcher are provided, in case of a free ascent.

The inflation is with hydrogen, generated by decomposing water with iron and sulphuric acid. The generator is mounted upon a four wheeled carriage, which is drawn by two horses. Pipes can be taken from place to place. The water and acid are distributed automatically by the aid of a small steam engine. The ascension windlass is worked by hand. On the whole, what would effectionately without steam! The windlass, too, is mounted upon a wagon. From 8,500 to 17,000 cubic feet of hydrogen are produced in all hours.

A third carriage holds the folded balloon and its belongings. A complete aeronautic plant weighs 10,000 pounds distributed between the carriages. Supplies of iron, coal and acid must be carried with the army baggage.

La Nature, a French scientific journal, publishes a somewhat description of the captive balloon, and felicitates itself that so perfect an invention is the work of a French man. Then, with the usual despairing howl, La Nature adds:

"How much service such balloons would have been able to render France during the war of 1870, while the enemy was so skillfully holding its investment!"

Frenchmen can never forget 1870.

The Megaphone.

The introduction of the megaphone on shipboard—a sort of telescope for the ear—machine for magnifying sound—is said to be a boon in prospect for mariners. Its design is to enable a person to hear or carry on a conversation with people at a distance, and it is constructed of two huge cone-shaped tubes, eight feet long and three in diameter at the large end, which diminish to an apex in the form of rubber tubing large enough to put in the ear. Between these tubes are two smaller ones, constructed in the same manner, but not more than half the diameter. By placing the rubber tubes in the ear and speaking through the smaller cones the person can hear and be heard at a long distance, and it also aids marvelously in hearing the sound of a whistle, or carrying on conversation with persons on shore or on other vessels at a distance.

Underground Telegraphs in Germany.

[Scientific American.]

The question of underground wires, which is now being agitated in American cities, has so far been answered abroad in the affirmative, that in several countries, and notably in Germany, the underground system has been adopted for communication between distant cities. It was in 1875 that Dr. Stephan, the director general of German posts and telegraphs, conceived the idea of that great underground network of telegraphic cables which now connects the principal cities of the empire. The favorable results which had been obtained from the cables of galvanized iron wire, insulated with gutta percha, which were manufactured by the well-known engineering firm of Felten & Guilleaume, of Mulheim, on the Rhine, encouraged the government to experiment with this cable, and, finally, in the following year, to adopt it in the construction of the underground line between Berlin and Halle. This was recognized as only experimental. The distance between the two cities is 120 miles, though the connecting cable had a length of 125 miles. There were seven conductors in this cable, and consequently a total mileage of 1,225 miles. The work of construction began in March, and was completed during the following July. This line was eminently successful, and demonstrated to the satisfaction of the administration that the rapidity of transmission was adequate, and that the inductive action of the parallel currents would cause no embarrassment. In consequence, this system was extended over the entire empire, and as finished in 1880 had a total length of cable of 4,000 miles, and of conductors of more than 28,000 miles. A portion of this network was constructed of cables composed of seven copper wires, 0.6 of a millimeter in diameter, and insulated with gutta percha and Chatterton compound. The size and number of the conductors varied in the different cables, but were usually greater in those of later construction. The joints in the cables occurred, as a rule, once in every kilometer (0.62 feet to 39 inches) and were protected by means of cast iron boxes. After the laying of each section electrical tests were made upon the whole of the cable in place, in order to prove the joints. Ditches to receive the cable were made about one meter deep, except in those places where masonry or rock interfered, and then a depth of three-quarters of a meter was deemed sufficient. A meter is about a yard and 3¼ inches. In transporting the cables they were wound on large wooden bobbins, and were protected by a covering of straw and sheet iron. The work of laying a cable is shown in our illustration. Since the establishment of the system, electrical tests have been made once every month, and show that in some cases the insulation has improved, while the oldest cable, laid about nine years ago, is in good condition when first laid. The cables of the entire system have been manufactured by the same firm, and have cost, in position, about $6,800,000. The example of Germany has since been followed by France, where underground cables are largely in use. They give, as a rule, the same rapidity of transmission as the aerial lines, but from their protection from the atmosphere, are much more durable. Since the introduction of the telephone and electric

LAYING THE CABLE.

light Messrs. Felten & Guilleaume have made enormous quantities of cables for these purposes. These surrounded with lead, and insulated with impregnated hemp, are well known in the electrical world. The wire cables used on the San Francisco cable roads are also of their manufacture.

E Pluribus Unum.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

The young man lingered near the managing editor's desk, waiting for an appointment on the regular staff.

"But you drink?" said the manager, wishing to let the candidate down easy.

"Yes," replied the young man, "so did Alexander the Great."

"You are a dude!" glancing at the youth's dandified dress.

"So was Disraeli."

"And you are a liar!"

"So was Napoleon Bonaparte."

"And you are head and ears in debt!"

"Like Alexander Dumas"

"And you are a glutton!"

"So was Peter the Great."

"And you swear occasionally!"

"So did George Washington."

"You are liable to get drunk!"

"Like Daniel Webster."

"You are not a single man!"

"Neither was Lincoln."

"And then you write a wretchedly illegible hand!"

"Like Horace Greeley."

"You can't make a speech!"

"Like Grant."

"Well," said the manager, plunging at a heap of manuscript, "anyhow we don't want you; you won't do. Good morning."

The young man turned away sneering somewhat, "I see no sort of use," he said, "a fellow combines in his own brain and person the traits of all the great men from Alexander to Grant, and can't even get a man on The Brooklyn Eagle. This world is growing too fast for genius."

The Photo-Gallery Lady's Lament.

[Chicago News.]

"I'd rather wait upon fifty men than one woman. The ladies are never satisfied. In the first place, there are not any samples that please them. They are all the time looking for some new attitude. They don't want anything that anybody else has ever had. They discuss all the little things, such as their hair, colors, ribbons, bangs, fricassees of the hands, and so on, and change their minds about fifty times. But the worst is when the proofs come in. A woman is never pleased with the first thing she sees. She has to point out this supposed defect or that, and find fault here and there, and talk an hour or two about nothing again.

"It is right the other way with men. They are easily pleased. If they have any convictions they are convictions, and they express them on potentiality. They only have their minds. The proofs generally suit them. There is no doubt in the world that, as a rule, men have better taste than women, although the latter may not think it is a fact. The average man will say, 'I don't know anything about such matters,' and will then only something sensible and pointed about the work. Not one man in twenty sits the second time. It seems to me that every other woman must sit twice, and every fourth one three times. Am so tired."

A Wonderful Discovery.

[New York Tribune.]

Only a few months ago the medical world was surprised and suffering humanity delighted over the announcement that a discovery of a new drug whose outward application deadened all pain, from the surgeon's knife. What would the practitioners who are to be benefited by this discovery in medical science say if it were announced that a surgeon of experience in this city had discovered a preparation of nothing easily obtained which would prevent every form of sensation? I have no particulars at this writing, and I am not certain that the surgeon I allude to is yet ready to announce his discovery; but I am acquainted with the fact that he has shown the possibility of producing anæsthetic effects without the use of any of the ordinary agents for inducing insensibility.

BOYS AND GIRLS

Snow Crystals.

Our young friends, when they trample the pure, white snow beneath their feet, probably do not realize how minute and beautiful the frost particles are which compose each flake and make up the mass.

The best way to examine the delicate crystals is to go out when the large flakes are gently falling, and allow them to light upon the surface of a piece of black cloth. The crystals will appear in many lovely forms, and it will not need a magnifying glass to see their wonderful formation. Many will be found in the shape of our illustration, and yet there will be seen other styles.

A SNOW FLAKE.

When the atmosphere is charged with vapor and becomes chilled, the vapor is condensed and becomes visible in the form of clouds. An accumulation of such vapor forms a dense cloud, and the union of particles become subject to the laws of gravitation and move downward. If the atmosphere below is not cold the vapor reaches the earth in the form of raindrops, but if the vapor is frozen before condensation takes place we get the fleecy white snow flakes. If the substance freezes after condensation we get hail.

A Good Puzzle.

Here is a very neat puzzle to study out. The words upon the envelope will appear to have no sense to them or connection.

LETTER PUZZLE.

But if you begin at the right letter, in the right word, and then take every third letter in the ones following, you will spell out a good old saying. It is a maxim by Poor Richard. It begins with the word "Industry." We won't tell you any more. It will be more fun to study the rest out your selves.

A Brooklyn School.

A teacher has just resigned his place in Brooklyn who had been at the head of the same school for many years. His boys and girls had a much pleasanter time than most school children do. Mr. Higgins was strict enough with them, and made them learn their lessons in school up to the mark every time. But after that was done he gave them many outside lessons that nobody but a very good and faithful teacher would have thought of. They gained thus knowledge that will be of use to them, and had good times that they will look back to with joy all their lives, no matter what troubles come after.

Of sunny Saturdays Mr. Higgins often took his boys and girls into the country. They had a jolly picnic. Besides that, the teacher taught them to look about them and see how plants grew, and they had lessons in botany and agriculture. The children have a grove of trees of their own in Prospect park, which is the public pleasure ground of Brooklyn. The pupils planted the trees themselves under the direction of their teacher, and to each tree was given the name of some great man. Thus there is some famous author. They committed to memory quotations from each author. Thus they learned literature and arboriculture at the same time. (Look in the dictionary for literature and arboriculture.) The children also sent memorials to the authors on their birthdays, and received from them pleasant letters in return, which are kept among the school treasures.

The pupils publish a bright little paper, all their own. They write most of what goes into it themselves. But the best thing perhaps that Mr. Higgins did was to start a school savings bank. The boys and girls thus learn to save money from the start, and get ideas of banking and business. In France it is quite common to have school savings banks. They do great good, and are besides a source of much satisfaction to the children. But this is probably the first such savings bank in America. The children put their spare change into it and a regular book account was kept. The boys and girls had sums in it ranging from one cent up to $20. That was the largest amount any one child had. Perhaps it will be the foundation of a fortune.

King of Candy Land.

I had such a lovely dream last night!
It was truly to fine and grand!
I thought I was king, all alone by myself,
Of a land called Candy Land!

I dwelt in the great lemon-cocoanut walls
Of a palace just to my taste;
With its furniture made out of all things nice,
From taffy to jujube paste!

With rarest of candies at every turn,
Obedient slaves would wait,
And my throne was studded with peppermint drops,
And carved out of chocolate!

And oh! 'twas such fun, as I wandered through
These beautiful rooms alone,
To bite off a morsel of sofa or chair,
Or nibble a bit of throne!

Omnibus Word.

The word "omnibus" has in it twelve other words. They are made by putting any or all of the letters together in different ways. Who can find them?

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Stock of
Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces
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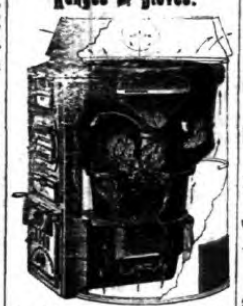

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18 EAST FRONT ST.
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GRAND DISPLAY
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FALL AND WINTER
Clothing,
MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS
All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed.
ALSO
A SPENDID LINE OF
Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,
MADE TO ORDER
Our Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT
Replete with every variety.
Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.
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23 EAST FRONT ST.
Has the sole Agency for John B. Aldens valuable elegant and low priced publications. A full line constantly on hand. We have at all times a full line of
Fine STATIONERY
and Fancy Papetries. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves, others are daily arriving. Call often and early at
John H. Allen,
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DON A. GAYLORD
Dealer In
LUMBER!
MASONS' MATERIALS
And
COAL.
Also keep in stock choice quality of
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The Prince Royal.
$3.50
Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, lead wearing and best shape shoe in the market.
SHERWIN, Sole Agent,
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NEATLY REPAIRED
AT
COLLIER'S
No. 3 Park Avenue.
N. B.—NO BOTCHING.

To the Public!
We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after order is given.
A. D. Cook & Bro.

Electric Fire Alarm
Electric Burglar Alarm, improved and used
Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas
Electric Door Bells, Electric
Electric Front Door Bells, Electric
Servants Call Bells
Electric Thermometer, in connection with battery [illegible] or gas burner, for use of night watchmen, or [illegible] to [illegible] in apartment of one [illegible] will notify when fire is going out, etc.
REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS.
F. E. KINSMAN,
Successor to F. E. KINSMAN & CO.,
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Le Boutillier Bros.,
BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.
500 ENGLISH
Walking Jackets
$6.95
They are made from Rough Boucle Cloth and cut to the latest shapes, and are worth $13 each. Also 500 rough cloth and
JERSEY JACKETS
$5, 6, 6.95, 7.50, 10, 12.
Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.
Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,
Boot and Shoe Dealer,
6 PARK AVE.
Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that in can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

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Steam Laundry
ESTABLISHED 1877
EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Custom or Gloss Finish.
Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box, 970.

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Furniture
Express,
LARGE
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give a 1st section. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

We are now offering the largest stock of
Dress Goods,
Blankets, Comfortables, and
Underwear,
Ladies Cloaks & Jerseys
At Prices lower than ever before known to the trade.
POPE BROS.

B. T. BARNES,
4 East Front Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
PURE Candies,
[Manufactured on the Premises
Old Fashioned Molasses Candy
a specialty]

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Funeral Directors
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PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.
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Send for illustrated catalogue.
Repairing promptly attended. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
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Presents for All!
The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.
Great Reductions in all Departments.
Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.
1,000 Pounds of Western Goose Feathers, former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.
4 4 Oil Cloth at 23c per yard.
Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.
Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Shirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at
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FISHER and MONFORT
Photographers
15 EAST FRONT ST.
are making their best
CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
FOR
$3.50 Per Dozen
Specimens at the Door.

OVERCOATS
Men's Serviceable Overcoats,
$4.00
MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.
All wool medicated red Underwear at 75c each.
Schwed Bros.
Leading Plainfield Clothiers,
No. 7 E. Front St.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S
Charlotte Russe
40c Per Dozen
20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.
Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS
40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.
Dixon's Ice Cream
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Glassware,
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Hanging Lamps
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LIVERY STABLE
North Avenue
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.
Carriages to Meet all Trains.
Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 162 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1885 — Price Two Cents

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TWO NEW HOUSES For sale or to let. On Tenth street, near Putnam avenue, with modern improvements. Also on Fifth street near Liberty street. Inquire of Charles H. Hand, corner Fifth and Liberty streets.

WANTED—A girl wants a situation to cook, wash and iron. Call for two days at No. 2 Cottage Place.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on North Avenue, near Second Place. Completely fitted with hard and soft coal stoves. Heated throughout by steam. Contains 14 rooms. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Plainfield station. 12-3-tf

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon. Rocker & Son, Carriage Top Painters, etc. The wagon will be sold cheap to make room for sleighs, at 1, E. Front st., Plainfield.

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence 149 East Front st. Possession immediately. Apply to E. C. Maltbie, Real Estate Broker, 22 and 23, opposite station, Plainfield. 12-2-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rent. Thoroughly furnished throughout. Apply Furnished, corner Evening News.

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain large handsome rooms in a private family, with steam heat, bath, &c., one minute to station. Address P. O. Box 634. 11-29-tf

TO LET—Two new dwelling furnished rooms, 1½ story in Central avenue. 26-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St, 8-tf

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
Of Real Estate.
The undersigned, the assignee will sell at public sale, on Monday, Dec. 7, at one o'clock p. m., at Laing's Hotel, Plainfield, a lot, situate on Front street, corner New York avenue, in the City of Plainfield, Union County, N. J., and lot on the North and the other on the south side of said avenue, each fronting 25 feet. Also on Grant street, bounded by Greenbrook, lands of C. Dudley, and lands of Brown, with all and considerable thereon all in good repair. Terms made known on day of sale.
W. R. Cochrane, assignee of I. S. Melbourn

Special Notices.

W. H. LUDLOW,
No. 13 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds repainted and trimmings repaired. Refers by permission to Hatfield & Jackson of Rahway; to any of the people I was for ten years, the last ten with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Jan. 1st, 1885, painting will be added to all the above. Estimates given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1498. 1272-3m

WANTED,
A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a Standard article. No capital or previous experience, but if better be satisfactory. Will want references as to character and ability. For full particulars, address, stating age, occupation, etc., Pease, Box G, Norwich, N. Y. 11-12-3m

CALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Cuffs, 4 cents per pair, Collars, 2 cents. Shirts, 10 cents. Yory Lov.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST.
Prince street, Madison avenue, near depot. Flowers for weddings, parties and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are fresh from the greenhouse. 10-30-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite Depot. 10-17-

HERRY SMITH.
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Coismer, Window Iron Gliders, Rock Safes, Doors, Shutters, Iron Gratings, Creetings for Roofs, Safes, Awning Frames, Iron Bedsteads, &c. All kinds of Repair building. Jobbing promptly attended to. 72 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J.

MUSIC.
Mr. J. P. Fisher, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, is now prepared for concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City.

THE REFORM CLUB HALL
with seating capacity for eight hundred, with all modern conveniences, rented by season, offers special inducements to parties wishing to hire a hall for lectures or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

J. A OAKLEY, Jr.
Architect, No. 40 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11 18 F

CARL & JACQUES
Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 34 West Front street, P. O. Box 1011, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates, and general Engineering work. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

W. L. MASON, STENOGRAPHER.
No. 15 East Sixth street, Plainfield. Sermons, lectures, addresses carefully reported at reasonable rates. Typewriter transcripts furnished. Instructions given in Phonography. Shorthand writers for sale. Refers to the Mayor and other prominent gentlemen. Box 1284. 11-9-3m

F. A. DUNHAM.
No. 7 Park avenue, Council's Building, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years' experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-23-tf

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,
28 West Front street. Conscientious work as a local dentist for 12 years a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer.
Reporting of all kinds. Reporting of legal proceedings a specialty. Precision and promptness in Shorthand given. Dictation taken. Typewriting done in a neater, more rapid manner, for the Shorthand reporter. Office, corner Park avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and collect rents. Will examine, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured. If desired without extra charge.

DR. J. W. ANDERSON,
No. 1 Front street, corner Front. Office hours until 10, 30 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M. 8-30-6m

DR. J. GRIFFEN,
Steam Gasfitter and Electrician, corner Second and Washington street. Office hours till 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M. Dynamos of vacuum a specialty.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MAGIE,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Second and Somerset streets.

QUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block, Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J.
W. Stillman.
George P. Saydam.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
No. 2 East Front street (Nichols' Block), Plainfield, N. J. Specialty in vita Enamel (enamel of nature). Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 3. 12-12-3m

Educational.

MISS NELLIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her home or at residences of pupils. Liberal terms to classes. Best references. P. O. Box 1383

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 3 East Front street. M. E. Moore. 12-5-3m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music, Class or private instruction in Guitar, Banjo, Mandolin, Zither, Violin, Cello and Violin. 36 Dunr street, North Plainfield. 10-12-3

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Organist, pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 25 West Second street, Plainfield. 10-17-

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Reading and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address box 1284.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Address Professor Mont. Albert, P. O. Box 1284.

The News is delivered in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, New Market and Dunellen, six cents per week, payable to regular collector every two weeks. Charles F. W. Wilbert, corner of Elm and Broad streets, Westfield, is the headquarters for The News in that locality, and he will receive subscriptions and orders for and answers to advertisements.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.
SOUTHERN MAILS, EASTON, ETC., MAILS
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.44 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays close at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to accommodate Night Key.
SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer at Sheller's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.	1884.
6 a. m. 16	6 a. m. 45
2 p. m. 30	12 m. 46
9 p. m. 30	12 m. 47
3 p. m.	2 p. m. 47

Miniature Almanac.

1885.	1884.
Sunrise.....7.30 a.m.	Sunrise.....7.30 a.m.
Sunset.....4.54 p.m.	Sunset.....4.56 p.m.
Moon Rises.....8.54 p.m.	Moon Rises..... p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be warmer and partly cloudy, followed by snow.

☞ COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THEIR OFFICES BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Fire Board will hold its regular December meeting in the Council Chamber at eight o'clock this evening.

—Judge Van Sickel will be at the Court House, Elizabeth, next Saturday, to try all cases to be tried without a jury.

—The stock of $30,000 worth of dry goods of D. Hoden and Bro., is to be sold regard less of cost before the taking of stock for the coming year.

—Among those who united with the First Baptist church of New Brunswick last Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Van Winkle, formerly of this city.

—Persons desiring New Years' cards can see samples at this office. We keep a large assortment of sample designs. Orders require a little extra time to fill, as we only furnish by sample.

—For once in 230 years the coming Easter will fall on the 25th of April. The last time was 152 years ago, and it will again happen in 1943. The latest date it can possibly fall on is April 28, as was the case March 23.

—The talk of starting another daily paper in New Brunswick. It is to advocate the principles of the Prohibitionists, and New Brunswick is said to be one of the best fields in the State for such an enterprise.—Perth Amboy Democrat.

—The Feast of the Immaculate Conception was celebrated in the Catholic churches to-day. In St. Mary's Church there were two masses celebrated at half-past five and half-past eight. To-morrow evening there will be a service at the church and also a lecture.

—It is reported that Justice Mulford of Linden, has given his opinion that there is no cause of action against the five men who were recently arrested for violation of the election law, but Mr. C. P. Dexter and others *interested in the prosecution intend to* press the matter before the Grand Jury.

—Gilbert Mollison has left Bound Brook for parts unknown to escape arrest for alleged forgery and crooked business transactions. Detectives are on his track. It is believed that he is staying somewhere in New York City. He has been engaged in business at Bound Brook for several years, but his credit at no time was ever rated as first-class. Numerous notes in New York, Trenton and Philadelphia claim that they have been victimized by Mollison's methods, and he is charged with having forged the names of some of Bound Brook's best citizens.—N. B. Home News.

—Already the spirit of Christmas is in the air. The stores have laid in large stocks of beautiful and useful goods suitable for gifts, and the store windows present a very gay and attractive appearance. The little ones are beginning to talk about Santa Claus. He is getting his sledge in order and will soon have it loaded up with a collection of toys and candies of every description. The dear have been well taken care of since last Christmas and are in good condition to go *on their yearly trip to all good little boys* and girls. This and much more is the theme of their childish prattle, and it makes older folks happy to listen to it and to watch them with the wish to do all in their power to make the day one of rejoicing. It is the great day of the year and we all look forward to it with pleasure.

—There are several North Plainfield barbers. One of them feels that he was the one referred to in the article yesterday relating to a trip to Washington, and would earnestly desires that we take the edge off of it. He assures us that he is not so ridiculous as he thinks the article makes him appear. If through any lapse tongue he has done, what every man does, at least once in his lifetime, which is fond of himself, he has what many have not, the good sense to see his folly and profit thereby, and in consequence deserves a better opinion from his neighbors. He is thoroughly cured. The satire of the article has fulfilled its evident mission, and this is heralded now to prevent the sting. There is some hope for a man who is not blind to his own folly, and much hope for the man who frankly "acknowledges the corn," to use a slang phrase, for it shows that his head is level, while the contrary course usually is characteristic of the dangerous crank.

COMMON COUNCIL.

December Meeting.—The Fire Board Petitions the Council to Purchase Steamer No. 2.—The Corporation Counsel Directed to Bring Suit for Sidewalks Laid on Central and La Grande Avenues, or Other Business.

The Common Council held their regular December meeting in the Council Chamber at eight o'clock last evening.

Present—President Corbett, and Councilmen Bagnell, Cutter, Dumont, Gallup, Goddard, Livingston, Marsh and Wadsworth. Absent—Councilmen Dunham and Simpson.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A communication from O. H. Sheppard and others asking the Council to lower the gutters on Berckmen street, between Second street and Cedar brook, to prevent the water from running on private property was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

A communication from the Board of Education asking the Council to pass an ordinances prohibiting the passing of circulars to scholars at the school house was read and referred to the committee on Laws and Ordinances.

A communication from the residents of Front street, west of Farragut street, stating that the water was allowed to accumulate on that street after every shower, and asking the Council, under the supervision of the Street Commissioner, to have the course changed so that it would empty into Greenbrook, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

A communication from A. D. Cook & Brother asking the Council for permission to erect a temporary shed, 200 feet long, to protect their goods from the weather, the same to be torn down by June 1, was read and referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps with power.

A communication from John A. Peebles asking permission to erect a frame awning with a corrugated iron roof in front of his store on Front street, was read and referred to Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

A communication from the Fire Board was received and stated that their funds were exhausted. This crisis is attributed to defective legislation and property was in danger of *being consumed in case of a con*flagration. They offered to sell steamer No. 2 to the Council for $1,500, reserving the right to purchase back same at any time their funds would permit at the same price plus all repairs. Communication was read and referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

The following bills were presented and referred to the proper committees:

Times Printing and Publishing Co.....	$48.55
C. W. Dodd.....	58.34
G. W. Grant.....	50.00
F. Lynch.....	50.00
Thos. McGee.....	30.65
John Hickey.....	1.75
Stephen Hope.....	4.50
I. Sperling.....	8.75
Joe. Nosi.....	8.25
Robert Mattox.....	8.75
John Heffrey.....	8.75
Jeremiah Van Winkle.....	58.35
John Ulrich.....	78.00
H. Fiehl.....	78.00
Francis McIntyre.....	12.00
John J. Kenny.....	15.00
V. A. Hall.....	40.00
V. W. Nash.....	30.00
J. H. Doane.....	27.00
E. B. Gray.....	18.00
Elmore Moffett.....	15.00
E. B. Gray.....	81.00
Monroe Field.....	27.00
A. D. Jennings.....	15.00
A. Love, Jr.....	39.00
William Addis.....	27.00
T. W. Morri on.....	27.00
Louis Wadsworth.....	27.00
Richard Marriti.....	61.00
Louis M. Stover.....	9.00
F. A. Dunham.....	15.00
M. M. Thorn.....	27.00
J. Oakley Nolyne.....	15.00
Plainfield Light Co.....	225.00
N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Co..	143.23
Plainfield Gas Light Co.....	15.75
N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Co..	139.20
S. B. Ryder.....	210.00
A. M. Griffen.....	19.15
F. A. Dunham.....	28.74
John Johnson.....	152.54
Relief Association.....	73.95
John Johnson.....	42.14
Geo. M. Angleman.....	150.00
John A. Thickstun.....	194.60
F. A. Dunham.....	78.35
John A. Thickstun.....	21.80
Geo. M. Angleman.....	506.50
W. C. Boone.....	62.33

The monthly statement of the Treasurer and Collector were presented and ordered filed.

The quarterly report of the Overseer of the Poor was read. It showed that $750.97 had been expended during the past quarter for the support of the poor. Report received and ordered filed.

Mr. Marsh moved that Rule 8 be suspended. Motion carried.

Mr. Marsh from Committee on Laws and Ordinances recommended the passage of an amendment to an ordinance entitled "An *Ordinance for the Prevention and Suppres*sion of Fires," and that the proposition of the Board be accepted in all things. The ordinance was placed on a second reading. The ordinance was afterward adopted on the second reading and ordered engrossed and duly advertised.

Mr. Marsh moved that the Corporation Counsel be instructed to give an opinion as to the legality of the above ordinance. Carried.

Mr. Dumont moved that the Corporation Counsel be directed to bring suit for the flagstone sidewalks laid on Central and La Grande avenues. Motion carried.

A communication from Job Male, in behalf of the Public Library, asking the Council to have a fence erected on the north side of the lot of the building, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Wadsworth, from the Finance Committee, moved that the Mayor and Treasurer be authorized to borrow $1,200 for sixty days in anticipation of taxes. Motion was carried.

Mr. Dumont moved that the Council hold a regular meeting on Monday, December 28. Motion carried.

The Council then took a recess for ten minutes to give the Auditing Committee an opportunity to sign the bills.

Upon being called to order Mr. Bagnell, from Auditing Committee, reported all bills referred to said committee correct and recommended the payment of the same, and that warrants be ordered drawn. The motion was carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

The City Hotel Case.

Our readers have been made familiar through these columns with the troubles caused William Moore in his efforts to recover possession of the City Hotel from tenant Maurice Daly, for non-payment of rent. Mr. Daly, has since started a place in New York. It will be remembered that the furniture in the City Hotel was attached for the unpaid rent, by ex-Mayor Maxson, as counsel for Mr. Moore. It will also be remembered that Corporation Counsel Marsh, as counsel for Ellen McCarthy, a boarder at the hotel, and friend of Mr. Daly, secured an injunction from the Chancellor forbidding the sale of the furniture under the attachment, also presenting a chattel mortgage for $6,500 on the furniture as a barrier. Mr. Marsh then filed for Ellen McCarthy a bill to foreclose her $6,500 chattel mortgage against William Moore, Maurice Daly, Dennis J. Daly and others. Ex-Mayor Maxson and R. V. Lindabury filed answers and a cross bill for defendant, Wm. Moore. To this answer, Mr. Marsh filed exceptions.

Borough Counsel Jackson, on behalf of the defendants, Maurice Daly and Dennis J. Daly, has filed an answer to the cross-bill.

Messrs. Lindabury and Maxson have given notice of motion to Mr. Marsh to strike out his exceptions as frivilous. This motion will be decided in a few days. Their testimony will be taken, and the case brought on at the February term. Meanwhile the furniture remains in the hotel, except a few hundred dollars' worth, which Ellen McCarthy claimed as her own and was permitted to remove.

The carriages claimed by Dennis J. Daly, Maurice Daly's son, were sold under direction of the Receiver, B. Frank Coriell, President of the Common Council, and the only property remaining in litigation is the furniture referred to.

PERSONAL.

George LaMont and family of Bound Brook, will spend the winter months in N. York.

George Ringlemann has returned to his home in Somerville after spending a few days with friends on Chatham street, North Plainfield.

Among the listeners to the Rev. W. Hay Aitken yesterday noon in Trinity church, New York, who is giving a course of Advent sermons to the business men of the Metropolis, was Rev. C. C. Rockrick, pastor of the Congregational church of this city.

Eugene V. Lorton of this city, is Grand Keeper of Records and Seals of the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias of New Jersey. He was born in New York city and is forty-five years of age. He has held the present office in the order in New Jersey for seven years, and is displayed unusual tact and ability. On entering upon his duties he applied thorough business methods to the office, and much of the improved condition of the Grand Lodge is due to his excellent business capacity. He devotes three or four hours each day to the business of the order.

—Tremendous applause greeted the Kauf man combination at the Casino last night, Kaufman's bicycle feats being a wonderful feature of the entertainment, but the funny acts of Peck's Bad Boys pleased the little folks most. Higgins, a contortionist, contorted himself into every conceivable shape and seemed devoid of bones. There was a large audience present, among them Mayor Rockfellow and Lee Daft, the latter the world-famed electrician, whose genius has given Baltimore, Md., a street railway, with cars run by his electric motor, which are being duplicated as rapidly as possible for the New York elevated railway. There were also present Walter Scott and George H. Babcock, the former the founder of the Scott Machine Works and inventor of many valuable printing press improvements, and the latter the president of the Babcock Boiler and Engine Company of New York, known from Maine to Oregon for their excellence.

—Mr. S. J. Neal, whose advertisement appears elsewhere, has more than a local reputation as a weaver of curtains and mats, many of his customers being from New York and points as far away as New York, Trenton and Philadelphia claim that they have been victimized by Mollison's methods, and he is charged with having forged the names of some of Bound Brook's best citizens.—N. B. Home News.

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To Annul the Central Lease.

Chancellor Runyon listened to arguments Friday in the case of Alfred Mills and John Ledgerwood, surviving executors of the late *Stephen Vail, against Henry S. Little and* Franklin B. Gowen, representing the Central and the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. The suit is to set aside the lease of the Central Railroad to the Philadelphia and Reading. The complainants claim that the lease of the Central Railroad to the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad is illegal and void, it having been assented to by the said complainants, only to 11 2,000 shares of stock in the Central Railroad, and which lease is now invalid and void under the charter of the Constitution and laws of the State of New Jersey. The bill was filed on August 28, 1885. The counsel for the complainants are Barker Gummere of Trenton, and H. C. Pitney of Morristown, and for the defendants ex Secretary George M. Robeson, ex-Chancellor Williamson and George R. Keesebe of Philadelphia, Mr. Pitney opened the case for the executors and George H. Keesebee followed on the other side, reading copious extracts from the evidence taken on a previous occasion.

A Woman's Narrow Escape.

As Theodore Bailey was driving down Somerset street this morning his team was struck by another team coming out of a cross street, which frightened his horses and caused them to spring to one side. A lady who was passing was knocked down and two wheels of Mr. Bailey's carriage passed over her, cutting her about the face and bruising her considerably. But for Mr. Bailey's presence of mind and his skill in controlling the horses, the lady would undoubtedly have been trampled to death. Mr. Bailey immediately summoned Dr. Mattison, and proffered any assistance in his power.

Patents to Jerseymen.

Patents granted to citizens of New Jersey for the week ending December 1, 1885:

Albert Angell, East Orange, combined circular cutter and purificator; G. F. Hall and O. M. Lane, Asbury Park, masking machine; *G. F. Hall and G. M. Lane, Asbury* Park, chair; John W. Hyatt, Newark, compounding pyroxyline with its solvents in the manufacture of solid compounds; C. G. Jacobs, Cedar Grove, refrigerator; M. C. O'Connor, Brooklyn, paw guard; C. S. Reggin and A. E. Gummerson, Newark, railway rail; L. E. Reed, Newark, electric railway chine; E. P. Thompson, Elizabeth, carbonizing filaments for incandescent electric lights.

Fire Board Meeting.

The Board of Managers of the Fire Department held a special meeting in the Council chamber at seven o'clock last evening.

Present—President Jones and Commissioners Brower, Cutter, Knowland and Livingston. Absent—Mr. Morris.

A petition to the Common Council asking them to purchase Steamer No. 2 for $1,500 was read as it passed and ordered to be presented to the Council. The meeting then adjourned.

STATE NOTES.

A co-operative society has been formed in Paterson, with the intention of opening a grocery store.

A new town, to be called Delare, has been surveyed on the Pennsylvania Railroad five miles from Somerville.

A man whose name is supposed to be Morris was instantly killed by a Central Railroad train at Bayonne, yesterday.

During this season literary sociables have become very popular at Woodbridge. The *Messenger-Democrat holds forthnightly recep*tions.

The Avon Inn, at Key East, one of the finest hotels on the New Jersey coast, is advertised for sale by Edward Batchelier the proprietor.

The system of block signals so long and *successfully used on the Pennsylvania Rail*road will go into effect on the Erie and its branches on January 1.

Milton Jaks of Setauket died recently from blood poisoning. Three months ago he lost a horse from glanders, and in doctoring the animal he absorbed the poison through a cut finger.

The residence of Pierre Lorillard, at Jobstown, was damaged to the extent of several hundred dollars a few nights ago by the upsetting of a lamp. Most of the parlor furniture was ruined.

The Princeton College Board of Trustees held a meeting Thursday to receive the report of the committee appointed to devise some plan for effectually stopping hazing in Princeton College.

A party of Elizabeth capitalists are engaged in the purchase of the Baltimore and Ohio bridge project that they have decided to build a street railway from the proposed Baltimore and Ohio station.

Painted on the fence of a field near Sparta, Somerset County, is the following warning: "Any person ketched on these grounds shootin with dogs and mares will be liesbie two fine himself in the bargain."

The Passaic County Board of Freeholders have resolved to purchase for county purposes, Cole's Hill situated in the heart of the city. The price is $115,000. The mansion on the grounds will be made into a commodious court house.

Congressman Hires of the First District, will introduce at the coming session of Congress an act providing for the filling of vacancies caused by the death of Vice-President or President elect. Presidential electors, who are to retain their authority until the next election.

Joseph Francis, the inventor of the corrugated life-car and other appliances for marine life saving, is now residing at Newport, and is eighty-five years of age. The New York Chamber of Commerce has recently adopted a resolution congratulating his great service in the cause of humanity.

Captain George I. Gordon, who two years ago abducted Addie Brennan, a young school girl, from her home in Hazlet, N. J., and eloped to a hotel in Jersey City, was recently taken to the State Prison to serve five years at hard labor. He was convicted eighteen months ago, but appealed, and the Court of Errors decided against him.

Edward F. Weston and Daniel O'Leary started on their walk of 1,000 miles yesterday at the Madison Square Garden, New York, The track measures thirteen laps to the mile. O'Leary walked with ease for two hours, when Weston began the fun of his foot. They will walk twelve hours each day until Saturday night, when the walk will be continued in some other city.

MUSIC HALL.
THURSDAY, DEC. 10TH.

Kate Claxton

AND CHAS. A. STEVENSON, IN
THE TWO ORPHANS.
Seats Now on Sale at Shaw's, Key

A GRAND REVIVAL OF THE TWO ORPHANS
olds' and Voorhees' Drug Stores.

Casino

TO-NIGHT.

Kaufman's Monarch Combination

The Largest! The Greatest. The most complete Rink attraction on Earth.

This Troupe is Headed by the

Great Kaufman

HIGGINS
The Human Knot.

Lintner Twins,
DAVE and MORIE.

Peck's Bad Boys. Come and see us on our muscle. Do not miss the

4 Bicycle Monarchs.

FAIR
OF
ENGINE CO. NO. 2,
AT
Cutter's Hall,
DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.

Season Tickets 25 cents. Tickets for one night only 10c.

Boehm's

Closing Out.

$30,000 Sale
OF
Dry Goods,
At Cost Prices.
TO CONTINUE
Until Dec. 31, '85

Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our immense stock of Cloths, Newmarkets Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.

1,500 Pounds of Western Down Feathers, former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.

4 4 Oil Cloth at 22c per yard.

Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Skirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at

Boehm's
7 W. FRONT ST.

Kate Claxton AT LAST.

The bottom has been knocked out of Dry Goods in this city and the only ones who have done it and is still continuing it is the firm of

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold out, so as to enable us to rent the store and building. In consequence thereof we do offer to the public great and Special Inducements from day to day.

Silks & Satins.

The stock of Silks and Satins consists of many colors, also several remnants and we are selling them off at half their real value.

Tarlatanes and Swisses

We have reduced these goods from 25c to 12c and 15c a yard and have them in all colors. Also a fine of Nun's Veilings. Ladies will find these goods very appropriate for making dolls dresses for the Holidays.

Laces in Cream and White we are selling out at a great sacrifice, (especially remnants.)

Calling out our entire 22 line plain and ribbed Jersey Buttons at 5 cents a dozen. Former price 10 cents.

Call in the morning to avoid the rush great rush in the afternoon.

BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

REMOVAL.
S. J. NEAL,
THE
CARPET WEAVER,
has removed to
38 WEST FRONT ST.
in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk portieres, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

SANTA CLAUS
IS HERE.
COME AND TELL HIM
WHAT YOU WOULD LIKE
FOR
CHRISTMAS,
AT
A. W. RAND'S,
24 W. FRONT STREET,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Night Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned.
25 per cent Cheaper than by any other one
By the use of
Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.
The only one of the kind in the city
Which is so constructed that it is used in dry time and when the cesspool is filled with water.
Orders left at Corner Front and Somerset sts. or addressed P. O. Box 718, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention. Telephone Call, No. 36.
JOHN BROWN

L. M. FRENCH
Carriage Manufacturer.
Sleighs
FINE CARRIAGES
ALL STYLES.
CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
AT SHORT NOTICE.
No. 18 Somerset St.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

[Leave Plainfield 5.41, 6.32, 7.02, 7.32, 7.50, 8.05, 8.40, 9.32, 10.07, 11.08 a. m.; 12.23, 1.31, 2.25, 3.37, 4.31, 5.33, 6.32, 7.07, 8.40, 9.40 p. m. Sunday 8.48 A. 10.33, 11.37, a. m.; 1.07, 3.30, 7.31, 9.23 p. m.

Leave Newark 5.50, 6.40, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.25, 10.45, 11.45, 12.55, 1.55, 3.15, 4.00, 4.55, 5.05, 5.30, 5.50, 6.05, 7.05, 7.35, 8.15, 9.50, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.50 a. m.; 12.10, 2.40, 5.15, 7.15, 9.45, 11.45 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.58, 9.37, 11.45, 11.59 a. m.; 2.16, 3.45, 4.54, 5.04, 6.21, 8.05, 6.20, 7.58, 9.30, 11.41 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.45 a. m.; 2.45, 4.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.52, 7.05, 7.32, 7.39, 8.15, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m.; 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 4.00, 5.35, 6.05, 8.15, 8.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 10.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 2.16, 3.45, 4.54, 5.04, 6.21, 8.05, 6.17 p. m. Sunday at 10.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.30, 8.57 a. m.; 12.40, 4.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Connections.

At 10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk, etc.

At 7.50 p. m.—For Belvidere, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

At 4.00 p. m.—For Belvidere, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Lake Hopatcong, Sussex, Scranton, etc.

At 6.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch & Sea Shore Connections.

Leave Plainfield at 7.27, 8.05, 11.08 a. m. 3.51, 5.05, 6.20 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove) 9.27 a. m.

Plainfield and Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.32, 5.55, 8.29, 10.59, 11.59 a. m., 2.54, 5.04, 7.15, 11.20 p. m. Sunday, at 1.32, 5.55, 9.45 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at 4.45, 7.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.40, 6.45, 7.20 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton at 5.25, 8.15, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Kensington and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 6.30, 9.00, 10.35 a. m., 1.54, 4.21, 6.34, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.15, 10.50 a. m., 5.50 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. ALLEN, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.

J. E. WOOSTEN, Gen. Manager.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1885.

MME. MODJESKA'S LUCKY GOWN.

The Lace Wrapper, That Brought Fame and Fortune—A Cherished Life.

Chicago Times.

It is the lace wrapper which she wears in the death scene of "Adrienne Lecouvreur." The importance she attaches to it is announced in a half a line in Bradstreet's, or rather did bring her luck, and therefore that it might be unlucky to part with it, or disregard it in any way. The history of this gown is simply that when in California, where she first made her appearance, she was the struggling English actress, and was not remembered that she had no dress for the last act. Her money was nearly exhausted, and she was a total stranger to every one in the city except Mr. Bret Harte and the young Jewish woman. Between them they scarred enough money to buy the main cloth, and Harte, whose taking ways made the dress, Modjeska had determined at this time if she were not successful this garment should be her shroud, for in case of a failure she could not bear to dress herself. On the night of her debut in English, appreciable success did not come until the last act wherein she wore the dress, and as she stepped in front of the foot lights to answer to calls of that San Francisco audience she determined never to part with that gown. Modjeska, like other stronger females, has believed in by chiromancy and fortune-telling by the lines on one's hands. Claude Warner, the English manager, contracted also for his debut in this country, and made a rent of Modjeska's hands last summer, and in his book of twenty-four famous pairs of hands he introduced her's with a drawing and descriptions of it. The latter described it as "Long rather nonsensus, thin, weak; a very prominent mole in connection with the other in the side of art and the sea of destiny." Those who have seen Modjeska's hands notice the history of her life can easily believe that the description is anything in chiromancy, and the mole in the Mons remarkably developed in her hands.

From a little girl selling Mr. Calderula among the poets and poor of the kitchen; through the days of her childhood; through the bloody scenes and among the burning buildings of Warsaw, amid all the horrors of the Russian occupation; and finally by the grave, in her first home the bodice of many of the countrywomen; marrying at 16, the guardian, much older than herself, and who died on the stage a year later starring in a part Count Bozzo's wife played, leaving her the reigning actress of Warsaw; then, after her first husband's death, to the care of Count Bozzo, and sharing his exile and poverty in this country; her mastery of the English language, her triumphs on the American stage, and her retirement into her own country—all tend to show that, whether there be anything in the lines of the human hand or not, art and courage and will have had a hand in shaping her life, and she can hardly be blamed for considering her Arlesienne gown as a robe de triomphe.

COMMENCING WORK.

THE CAPITOL ONCE MORE THRONGED WITH LAW MAKERS.

Senator Sherman and Representative Carlisle Take Their Seats as Presiding Officers—Drawing for Places. An Early Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—At noon the bars were called to order by J. B. Clark, its clerk. The clerk called the roll of members elect. There were no contests. There were 320 members present. Nominations for speaker were then in order. Tucker, of Virginia, presented the name of John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky. Cannon of Illinois, nominated Thomas B. Reed, of Maine. A vote was then taken and resulted: For Carlisle, 177; for Reed, 138. The clerk declared Mr. Carlisle elected, and appointed Messrs. Tucker and Reed a committee to escort him to the chair. Mr. Carlisle took his seat amid loud applause, and in a short speech acknowledged the honor which had been conferred upon him.

At the conclusion of Mr. Carlisle's speech, the officers nominated by the caucus on Saturday, were elected by a viva voce vote. A committee to wait upon the president was appointed, and the house proceeded to draw for seats.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, asked unanimous consent that Mr. Kelley, (Pa.) "the father of the house," be invited to choose his seat in advance, but Mr. Bennett, of North Carolina objected.

Mr. Reed thereupon suggested that Mr. Kelley leave his hat upon his desk, and assured him that his wish would be respected.

The members then retired behind the circle of desks and waited eagerly while a handfolded paper drawn from a box the numbered marbles which corresponded to the numbers attached to their names. The first marble drawn was No. 207, and Mr. Alexander, of New York, pro tem of the lucky man. He selected a seat on the Democratic side, a little to the left of the speaker's chair. Mr. Breckenridge, of Arkansas, drew the next lucky mark, and he took possession of his old desk. The next dozen names drawn were those of new members, and the favor of the order of their lengthened names in their chances of securing prominent seats lessening. On the Democratic side, however, Mr. Mayer, of Ohio, Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, Mr. Springer and Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, and Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, were able to secure good positions. Mr. Adams, of New York, located in the main aisle directly in the rear of Mr. Kelley's old position, some ten feet from town. Mr. Randall was fortunate enough to secure his old position, while Mr. Holman obtained a commanding position.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, was a shot at Mr. Kelley's neighborhood. Mr. Goff, of Wisconsin, Mr. Farquhar, of New York, and Mr. Wise, of New York, selected seats on the front row. Mr. Reed, of Maine, will be obliged to take part in debate from a rear seat. Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, was able to secure a front seat, but too far to the side to be desirable. Mr. Burnes, of North Carolina, of New York had only the last row of seats from which to select. Messrs. Tucker of Virginia, Hewitt, of New York, and Morrison were late in having their names drawn, but secured very good seats. Mr. Morrison secured a front seat near the center, while Mr. Tucker preferred a back seat on the main aisle. Among the last names called, was that of Mr. Kelley, and he took the post which his last and the courtesy of his fellow members had reserved for him.

Messrs. Long, of Massachusetts, and Phelps, of New Jersey, were obliged to take seats far to the left. Mr. Van Eaton, of Mississippi, was the first Democrat who was obliged to look for a seat on the Republican side, where he was soon joined by Messrs. Gibson, of West Virginia and Townshend, of Illinois. The last name called was that of Mr. Geddes, of Ohio.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, then rose and said: "Mr. speaker, the melancholy duty has devolved on me of announcing to the house that Thomas A. Hendricks, vice-president of the United States, at his home, in the city of Indianapolis, Ind., on the 25th day of last month, departed this life. The death of this eminent citizen, after a long period of public service, holding the second office in the gift of the public, with a reputation in public and private life of unsullied excellence, has occasioned a widespread expression of grief throughout the whole of the republic. Undoubtedly congress will, at an early moment, acting through the senate, take proper side an occasion for a proper expression touching the life, character and public services of the deceased. Out of respect to his memory, I move that the house do now adjourn."

The motion was agreed to unanimously, and accordingly, at 3.30 p. m., the house adjourned.

THE SENATE.

Senator Sherman's Brief Speech—No Business Transacted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Crowded galleries greeted the senate when it assembled in regular session to attend the opening of the Forty-ninth congress. Promptly at noon Gen. McCook, secretary of the senate, called the body to order, and prayer was offered by the chaplain, Rev. Dr. Huntley.

After prayer, Senator Edmunds nominated Hon. John Sherman for president of the senate. Senator Harris seconded the motion and also the name of Isham Harris. The yeas and nays were ordered. Senator Voorhees' name was presented for the first party vote, which resulted: Democrats, 37; Republicans, 37. Senator Sherman was declared without further debate.

Upon taking the chair Mr. Sherman remarked: "I am proud of the honor of presiding over the senate of the United States, and especially at this stirring period of its history. He expressed profound sorrow for the sudden death of the vice-president and said that in accepting the position he felt that there were many senators on either side of the house more apt for the discharge of the duties. He hoped to be able to afford the rules with fairness and impartiality, and appealed to each individual senator for his courtesy and forbearance.

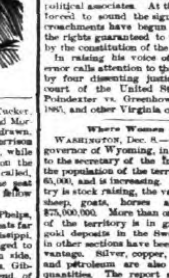
SENATOR SHERMAN.

Committees were appointed to notify the president and house of the organization of the senate. At 2.55 a formal announcement of the organization of the house was received, and the senate then on motion of Senator Voorhees, adjourned out of respect to the memory of the deceased vice-president.

CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

Peculiar Way In Which a Concern Does Its Business.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Dec. 8.—The Wampum Co-operative Wire company, at Wampum, twelve miles from this city, is under charges of fraudulent practices and its property has been seized by the sheriff. The company was organized about a year ago. It is alleged that the land on which its buildings are located is as if by its only owned consent of the owner, and that by putting up a cheap building on this land the citizens were induced to subscribe to the enterprise to the extent of several hundred dollars. It is also alleged that the company's employes were induced to accept scrip in lieu of money, to the amount of about $6,000, for their wages, which is not totally redeemable. Several bills for goods furnished the company are unpaid, and the total liabilities are estimated at $20,000. The assets are not over $5,000. The sheriff is in charge. Mr. Reid, of Maine, will be obliged to take part in debate from a rear seat. Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, was able to secure a front seat, but too far to the side to be desirable. Mr. Burnes, of North Carolina, of New York had only the last row of



JOHN G. CARLISLE.

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DICTATOR PARNELL.

HE IS VIRTUALLY THE MASTER OF THE SITUATION.

Neither Gladstone nor Salisbury can Hold Office without the Irish Votes—Who will Get Them? The Queen's Anxiety.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—Political experts believe Mr. Parnell's opinion that the Ulster Tories will prevent Lord Salisbury from seizing an alliance with the Parnellites, and would prevent Ireland from reaping any advantage from such an alliance if it were formed. There will be in the next house about twenty-one Ulster members representing Irish constituencies. They can be counted on to vote with their party on all ordinary questions, and, with the aid of the solid Parnellite vote, would be sufficient to support moderate Liberals, could perhaps maintain the present Tory government. But whenever it came to legislating for the benefit of Ireland, Lord Salisbury would be unable to fulfill his part of the bargain with Mr. Parnell, because he would not be able to deliver the votes. The proposed bargain is therefore very much like a dead letter, so far as the interests of Ireland. The Parnellite members will be a compact, indivisible body, and their eighty-six votes will be cast as a unit whenever it is necessary to turn the scale in favor of any ministry. But whenever it came to legislating for the benefit of Ireland, Lord Salisbury would be unable to fulfill his part of the bargain with Mr. Parnell, because he would not be able to deliver the votes. The proposed bargain is therefore very much like a dead letter, so far as the interests of Ireland. The Parnellite members will be a compact, indivisible body, and their eighty-six votes will be cast as a unit whenever it is necessary to turn the scale in favor of any ministry. The aid of such a phalanx would be invaluable to the Tories, and would pull many Tory chestnuts out of the fire. There is no such combination among the Irish members on questions the Ulster Tories would desert in a body. Mr. Parnell is much too shrewd not to see all this, and he has consulted his colleagues. He will issue a manifesto with them, which was attested by his ante-election manifesto, was a strictly limited partnership. His sole object was to keep the Irish vote totally free from the control of any party. That object has been accomplished and every one admits that it was accomplished by Parnell. But his maneuver to give the Irish vote to the highest bidder involved no pledge to support them for one moment after they are seated. On the contrary, having clipped the claws of the Liberals, he will be in perfect liberty to use them against the Tories.

There are many indications that the Tories realize this new phase of the situation and have abandoned hope of aid from Parnell. One of the strongest proofs of this is the persistence with which they are making advances for an alliance with the Whigs. The Tory party has barely a majority over the Liberals, and after the next election will be divided into four parties—Tories, Whigs, Radicals and Parnellites. The Tories will have an immense majority over the Liberals and Parnellites. Only a factitious coalition between the latter can overthrow the present government, and therefore, they argue, Lord Salisbury is justified in making every effort to win over the Whig party to an alliance between the Parnellites and the Liberals and Mr. Parnell expects to speedily win the long fight he has made for Home Rule. He says that the breakdown with the Tories a deadlock seems certain and Mr. Parnell has the only key by which it can be opened.

It is stated that Mr. Gladstone and Lord Granville have agreed not to take office under the new parliament. When the Tories are defeated, it is expected they will use the queen to dissolve the parliament in the hope that the Liberals, by going to the country again, will secure a better position.

The queen refuses to have the Balkan imbroglio settled before parliament meets, as she fears that Gladstone will exhibit the same incapacity as in the Afghan dispute and cause a general dissolution of British prestige. Her majesty gave an audience to Lord Salisbury at Windsor castle. It has leaked out that she is disgusted with Austria's policy in Bulgaria, and that she has written to the emperor of Germany a full expression of her views. The latter statement, however, is doubtful. Immediately after the queen's return to London she summoned Baron de Staal, Count von Hatzfeldt and Count Karolyi, the Russian, German and Austrian ministers, and conferred for some time with each of them.

Pasteur Loses a Patient.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—A young French girl was bitten by a mad dog last October. Recently her parents brought her to Dr. Pasteur for treatment with the object of preventing the disease. The patient was duly inoculated with attenuated virus, but she died soon after words in great agony, and with all the symptoms of hydrophobia plainly exhibited. Dr. Pasteur explains his failure by saying that the hydrophobia had been allowed to elapse after the girl was bitten before she was inoculated, and, therefore, the incubation period had expired. He claims that the virus will prevent hydrophobia in system, but shows only that the treatment was applied too late.

The Porte Will Have a Voice.

BELGRADE, Dec. 8.—The porte has sent an official letter to King Milan, warning him that any treaty of peace which he may conclude with Bulgaria without the porte's consent and void without the approval of its terms by the sultan of Turkey, in view of the latter's suzerainty over Bulgaria. King Milan failure to observe this condition will not be allowed to accept any terms of peace which would be in violation of the sultan's rights.

Parnell's Greatest Victory.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—Mr. Parnell considers that the election of William O'Brien, the fiery editor of United Ireland, over Cargill H. Maxwell, the Tory and Orange candidate, in South Tyrone, is the biggest personal victory of this campaign. Another element in the fight is shown by the fact that Mr. O'Brien's majority is only fifty-three in a total vote of nearly 7,000.

Europe Will Probably Decide It.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Times says: "It is generally believed there that Austria will summon a European conference to decide upon the terms of peace between Servia and Bulgaria.

Mr. Randall and the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Mr. Randall says he has not prepared a tariff bill, and will not do so. He has been informing himself upon the subject during the recess, so as to be prepared to act upon it when it is brought before the house. He expresses the opinion that the views of the administration will be very conservative, and says that the opinion of Secretary Manning will make recommendations having in view a reduction of probably 25,000,000, but the reduction will be so arranged as not to injure the labor interests or interfere with the business of the country. Congressman Mills, of Texas, has prepared a tariff bill, which he will introduce in the house at the first favorable opportunity. The bill contains a long free list. There is no horizontal feature in it.

The Next Scapegrace.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—The conference of delegates of the united German singing societies of eastern cities decided to hold the next songfest, in 1886, in Baltimore. The premium of giving prizes for the most approved choral effort, is to be continued.

QUIET IN SALT LAKE.

Gen. Howard Very Emphatic—He Believes in Being Prepared.

OMAHA, Dec. 8.—Gen. Howard still refuses to give any explanation of the military action he will say is contained in the following statement, which he made to inquiries by your correspondent:

"From advices received through various sources I believe there will be no outbreak among the Mormons. I am confident that the military authorities and the citizens of Utah will not clash. Gen. McCook and Governor Murray, believing that an ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure, have taken the proper precautionary measures, and in doing so I think they were wise. I do not feel anxious over the situation. Of course, there may be a big riot. There may be one in Omaha or anywhere else for that matter."

When asked concerning the disposition of the troops Gen. Howard refused to answer any further questions. "I cannot tell you," he said, "where the troops are going, when they are going, or how many are going; nor, whether they are going at all. But I don't believe there will be any trouble."

IN A PITIABLE CONDITION.

Striking Coal Miners Suffering for Want of Food and Fuel.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 8.—The river coal operators say that the strike cannot last longer than another week at the furthest. The cold weather of the past few days has caused a great deal of distress among the miners and their families. They have not enough clothes to keep them warm, and their cupboards are bare of provisions. They are suffering for food and fuel. Speculation is rife on what they could gather about the stock piles at the pits and along the tracks, but this supply has failed.

"Many operators yesterday and to-day," said an operator, "and they asked permission to go into the pits and dig some coal for their own use. I told them that they would have to do without, as the pits were closed. I tell you, times are hard in the coal fields."

It is said that the Black Diamond, Castburg and Old Eagle mines in the third pool are at work at the reduction. In the second pool the Allegheny Valley and Pine Run mines are working at the reduction.

A Mystery of 33 Years Cleared Up.

DOVER, N. H., Dec. 8.—The mystery of twenty-three years standing has been cleared up here. In 1862 Jack O'Brien, an "old salt," was paid off in Portsmouth, came here with $1,000, went into a saloon on Third street and was never seen again. A woman who lived over the saloon said she heard a great disturbance in the place and a voice exclaiming: "Don't, don't!" followed by groans, and later a body was put into a wagon and carried off toward Willand's pond. The pond was dragged, but nobody was found. The saloon was closed, and no arrests made. Several parties known to have been in the saloon at the time have been under suspicion for twenty-three years. Jack O'Brien turned up here and explains that he dropped out quietly to Canada, shipped on a long voyage and had never written to or heard from Dover since.

A Telephone Company Bound to Serve Its Patrons.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—In deciding the suit brought by the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company against the Bell Telephone company, of Philadelphia, Judge Arnold delivered an opinion, settling for the first time in this state several important principles. The telephone company refused the application of the telegraph company for a telephone in the office of the latter company, at Erie and Chestnut streets, on the ground that by the terms of its contract with the American Bell Telephone company it was prohibited from furnishing telephones to be used in connection with the transmission of telegrams to any company other than the Western Union Telegraph company. In passing upon the case the judge handed down a lengthy argument and awarded a writ of peremptory mandamus.

Must Not Injure Uncle Sam's Property.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—The application recently made by the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company restrained from constructing its road through the grounds of the United States arsenal at Gray's Ferry road and Pelts street, was called up for argument in his new United States circuit court. Counsel for the defense said that the company had no intention of building its road through the arsenal grounds until its right to do so had been fully established, and that it was willing to let the matter to stand over until such time as the railroad company might assume a different attitude.

Identifying the Murdered Woman.

SHARON, Mass., Dec. 8.—The body of the woman found on Saturday morning near Lake Massapoag, supposed to be that of Carrie Lee, or Carrie J. Loring. She was in Boston on Thursday evening, and was seen at Canton Junction on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, but no one has been found to identify her yet unknown. She had for some months showed signs of softening of the brain. She is believed to have belonged somewhere near Lewiston, Me., though but little more is learned of her history. The manner of her death still remains a mystery, aside from the apparently well established fact that she was murdered. A further autopsy will be held.

A Patriotic Movement.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Dec. 8.—Washington Camp, No. 1, of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, has taken preliminary steps looking to the liquidation of the debt resting on the Washington headquarters at Valley Forge. A committee has been appointed to co-operate with the state camp, with a view of having each camp in the state give an entertainment on Feb. 22, the proceeds to be devoted to the wiping out of the debt and to the memorial fund. The grand celebration of this step, should it prove successful, will be a state and national gathering of the order at Valley Forge on July 4.

Montreal Waking Up.

MONTREAL, Dec. 8.—The central board of health has appointed Dr. Hingston to visit travel on the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railroads to look after the proper enforcement of the board's resolution.

The officials at the custom house office show that the deaths from smallpox during the last two days were 8 in the city, at Mt. Royal hospital 11, in Cote St. Louis 3, in St. Jean Baptiste 3, in St. Cunegonde 3, and in St. Charles 1.

Secretary Manning's Alleged Silver Views.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Several of the silver men in the house, who claim to have seen the report of the secretary of the treasury, criticise his recommendations concerning the silver dollar. It is said that the secretary will advise a bill which is radically opposed to all the theories of the friends of silver.

Died From Exposure.

HARTFORD, Dec. 8.—Cornelius O'Callaghan, aged 28, an inmate of the hospital, escaped in his night clothes and was found dead in the woods. Exposure probably resulted from exposure. He leaves a widow

AN INSURANCE BUBBLE.

IT COLLAPSES, WITH LIABILITIES OF NEARLY A MILLION.

The Remarkable Scheme Developed in Texas—Thousands of People Deceived by Theories That Looked Very Glowing on Paper.

FORT WORTH, TEX., Dec. 8.—The failure to pay of the Mutual Self-Endowment and Benevolent Association of America, causes much discussion. The company owes nearly $1,000,000; $50,000 of this being due to legless of deceased policy holders. Since its organization, in July, 1883, it has paid out in benefits and loaned to members $875,000. The officers of the company acknowledge that the company is gone for good, but claim that they cannot stop business until some action is taken by the directors of the corporation. If a receiver is appointed, and no claims are considered preferred, the creditors will get one cent on the dollar. If death claims should be considered preferred claims, legatees will receive twenty-five cents on the dollar.

The more the plans of the Mutual Self-Endowment and Benevolent Association of America are investigated the more marvelous it appears that between 10,000 and 11,000 people could be so easily misled by the scheme. While those who have managed the company have made fair salaries out of it, there is no charge that they have profited by the failure, or that the company was wrecked. The truth is the officers themselves had faith in the scheme, and so deceptive were the figures applied in working out the success that one of Fort Worth's shrewdest financiers, a national banker, gave up the company and the plan his indorsement in the printed plans over his signature.

The plan which brought the company to ruin was known as the endowment scheme policies were issued for $5,000, but in no other amount. Under this form assessments amounted to from $16 to $26 per annum. One-quarter of this part of the assessment to pay the heirs of the insured $1,000 only in case of death before the endowment period had been reached, but from this one-quarter a full amount was brought into the treasury $5,000, was made. The $1,000 was paid to the legatee and the $4,000 was placed in the endowment fund. To win a man had to have a hundred policies of $50 until several endowment periods had been reached. If a policy holder of 50 years of age lived three years he reached the first endowment period. Then a coupon, which five were attached to every policy, calling for $1,000, was paid, and a second endowment period being reached a second $1,000 would be paid. A policy holder 50 years old paid in $108 in three years and drew $1,000, but a more remarkable and most generous provision was that at the end of a year one of the 50 years of age paid their dues but the coupons for the $1,000 came in too rapidly during the last two months, and the crash came. A young man 32 years old would pay each the assessments and at number borrowed the $300 which was to be deducted from the $1,000 when due. A number also reached the endowments period of three years and drew their $1,000,

PETTED PALATES.

WHAT PRIMA DONNAS AND ACTRESSES LIKE TO EAT AND DRINK.

How Who Do Not Appreciate a Good Dinner—Light Eaters and Devotees of Gourmandism—Oysters, Wines, Tea, Salads, Etc.

[Cor. The Cook.]

There are few actresses who do not appreciate a good dinner and know how to make one. Adelaide Neilson was a devotee of gourmandism ate often and late, was feted, lined and wined on every hand, loved nothing better than to be invited out socially, and actually died from feasting too much. Champagne was her favorite wine.

Patti is a light eater—all singers are—but good for gargantuan appetite Burgundy with a will. The stars of the vocal world are very capricious in fixing but rigid in adhering to some established rules about eating near the time of singing—like Patti, for instance.

The fact that Mme. Scalchi refused to sing last season and compelled a "change of bill" on the ground that she had eaten too late will not soon be forgotten by the chronicler of the capricious records of prima donnas.

Lillian Russell is very fond of salads and will not eat a dinner in which they do not occupy a prominent position.

Clara Louise Kellogg's fondness for pork and beans is thought by some to be her only fault.

As a general rule, histrionism caters to its inner cravings at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. For two or three hours' hard work on the boards is no better that the process of digestion should be well under way. Oysters are easily digested and good for colds. Most actresses, therefore, naturally acquire a great taste for them.

Mrs. Langtry is very fond of Blue Points on the half shell, and is very particular about the making of her salads. During her first visit to the United States Lord de Grey, special drawing-room car one of the best feed for of her attendants was an excellent French cook. The special attendant of the English beauty was a fondness for brandy and soda, with a distinct underlying tendency thereto.

Nellie Dobbs, like most English women of the stage, has fallen into the habit of taking her tea at 5 o'clock whether she has an engagement or not. She lives unostentatiously but comfortably in a flat, and does cook in a colored girl who has learned by experience just what will tickle her mistress' palate. Mme. Dobbs is an excellent tea biscuits for herself and likes them.

Marie Prescott keeps house in a flat has a German cook, knows how to prepare a dainty meal herself, and has a able assistant in her husband. She has no idea of sacrificing her gustatory enjoyment to the requirements of her profession so far as to relinquish her garlic, of which she is so fond as any oat-chewing.

Rose Coghlan doesn't like a heavy wine like sherry if she is going to play, and never sips red wine in champagne instead. She is a 6 o'clock diner, feeds well, and when chicken is on the board calls for the white meat.

Ellen Terry, get it as to the cut, always has her meals served in her room, as do Mrs. Langtry and Margaret Mather. The latter young lady does not dine out much. Mme. Modjeska is very fond of tea and made before going on in the balcony scene of "Romeo and Juliet."

Nothing that Mlle. Sarah Bernhardt has ever eaten has had a tendency to make her grow stouter. The great French tragedienne always takes a glass of old Cognac before going on the stage, dines in the afternoon, and takes a supper after the performance.

Mme. Desclee, the renowned French actress, lived for the last year of her existence, when consumption had got a deep hold on her grave, entirely upon grapes and milk.

Miss Joslin is said to be a very good feeder, and her embonpoint gives no denial of the statement.

Mlle. Aimee is highly appreciative of the pleasures of the table, but of late years, conscious of her increasing stoutness, tries to temper appetite with judgment. When in New York she always dines at a favorite table d'hote in Twenty-seventh street.

Mme. Rhea has also noted lately almost enough to undermine her constitution, but keeps up bravely.

Mme. Janish loves a good meal and never fails to get one when the selection of the dishes is left to herself, when she takes good care to remember the solidly good things of Saturland.

Dana's Penchant for Snake Stories.

[Chicago News Dramatic.]

"Charles A. Dana is generally quizzed away the head of a lot of Americans as voyagers," said an old journalist recently to me, "and yet to dote some remarkable things for the head of a paper like The Sun. His penchant for snake stories, for instance, is a strange fad of his. He will leave out good news any time to get in a big boa constrictor, of cobra manner about a monstrous snake discovered some where or other. Several times a week, and always on Sunday, he prints a batch of these yarns. I don't know whether he likes them himself, whether he thinks the people like them, or whether it is done to keep his reporters busy.

"His correspondents are instructed to be on the watch for stories of reptiles, and the general public, having caught on to the old man's craving, bring him in the most remarkable stories they can find. Those he gravely prints, and I have known him to tell editorial attention to them. He, however, likes wonderful stories of curious natural animals of all kinds. There is one man, I think he is employed on the Erie road in some capacity, who has the most ingenious fancy in inventing tales of this description that I ever encountered, and he doubles his salary by writing down those things and forwarding them to The Sun. He is always discovering skeletons of deers with their horns locked, sparrows who build their nests in locomotive whistle-stacks, and all that sort of thing, the reading of which is generally left to weekly papers and 'lady's repositories.' It is a very frosty day when he can not contrive a rabbit story that will make Mr. Dana indulge in a chuckle. Dana buys these eagerly, and I have known him to leave out live news to get this man's matter in."

France and Her Electricity.

"Unity" (in Cincinnati Enquirer.)

France to-day, while her territory is relatively small territory, is the most electric state on the continent of Europe. Science in its last to the eighteenth century in a manner to the nineteenth, because most of its people are landholders, because equality is more of a reality in France than in the United States. There are, however, two great forces subsisting, our politics, namely, the conquests of the slavery and schoolmaster, which, while in France there is not the same equipment on the ground of colonial publicity the most popular and decent branch of the present time is the son of a dictator, and the grandson of a negress, the younger Dumas.

Philadelphia sugar refiners have purchased several thousand tons of German beet sugar.

Connecticut has a plate where silk ribbons can be manufactured.

LATEST by WIRE and CABLE.

THIS AFTERNOON

TO-DAY'S ACCIDENT.

Two Men Killed in the Aqueduct—Rocks Fall on the Men in the Tunnel—Many Others were Injured — The Death Roll Has Reached Thirty-five Since May.

MERRITT'S CORNER, N. Y., Dec. 8.—Two more victims are added to the long list of unfortunates who have met their death at the new Croton aqueduct at this place. Both were instantly killed this morning while at work near the head of the tunnel. One of the unfortunates is Herbert F. Farrington, a young man living in Flushing, L. I., and the manner of his death was most horrible.

CRUSHED BY A MASS OF ROCK.

He had just descended Shaft No. 4 and was preparing to go to work, when a huge fragment of rock, becoming detached from the roof of the tunnel, fell upon his head, crushing him into a shapeless mass. The rock weighed fully 600 pounds, and when removed a ghastly and sickening spectacle presented itself.

The unfortunate man's head was crushed to a jelly and every bone in his body was broken.

The other victim met his death in the tunnel at a point known as "Zero," within a short distance of Croton Lake. His name has not been ascertained.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $5.50.

Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.

Hats, Hats, Hats!

Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 20c up.

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt Velvet from 60c up.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortmenteof plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 6c each.

Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.60; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $5.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles,

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR.

18 East Front street, Plainfield.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS AT SWAIN'S

22 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels, Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

J. P. Laire & Co.

OFFER

HOLIDAY GOODS

VERY LOW.

Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets. Call and Examine.

23 1-2 W. Front St.

MORALLER BROS.,

JEWELERS

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

French and American Watches and Clocks, Solid.

Holiday Presents.

A. SWALM, Wall Paper,

No. 6 North Avenue,

H. S. BARNES

17 and 19 Front Street, East,

WALL PAPERS,

Philadelphia and New York Designs

ATLAS MIXED PAINTS.

$1.75 Per Gallon, Warranted Satisfactory

BRAGDON'S LUSTRA PAINTS

POOR MAN'S DYES.

Neat and Handy.

Artist's Materials, etc.

5 Per Cent Discount for Cash.

BIRD'S PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.

This machine is a w in use in my yard, No. 61 Park avenue. It through'v chutes the coal that comes over it. The coal at once down square against the street, so that the dirt can straight through into the public in all weath. It work. I have the Honeyman and other fast-class make always on hand. Also Kindling Wood, and A. Mitchell, Jr's. Fertilizers and lawn dressing.

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Isaac Brokaw

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FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully, R. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

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Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.

15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Warner, I shall continue to manufacture a full line of all varieties of first class Cake Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at 98 Somerset street, will be in charge of my son. Thanking for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.

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Successor to A. Warner, No. 15 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey. 6-29-3m

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At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly filled 6m

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Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 11-5fy

A. I. Smalley North avenue,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 60 Somerset street,

Grocer & Goodman,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Good assortment, Rockingham Stone and Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

M. Powers,

Kindling Wood,

12 Large Barrels for two dollars. Wood for open fires a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city. 99 Manning avenue. P. O. Box 1307.

Naylor and Smalley,

Carpenters and Builders,

Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished

Emmons Bros.,

Masons and Builders,

Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing promptly executed. P. O. Box 926

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For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. E. Front street and John Place 1-1

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Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets,

Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Laces. Plain stitching and Dressmaking, 116 East Front street.

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Carpenter & Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Rooms 21 Opera House building, entrance between Smith's and Dunstan's. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Ladies may have their garments made and cut at home. 11-29-1m

Perfect Fitting Living Cut

and taught each pupil system, over which they can make their own dresses with entire success. Tailor fitting and basting a specialty. Also your patterns.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season, 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Mallison avenue and Third Street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,

Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

Somerset House,

Permanent & Transient Board,

at Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all hours. Coaches to all Jersey resorts. Corner of Somerset and Emily streets.

J. L. McVoy, Prices Mells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years feel confident of securing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Office No. 3 Park avenue near Front street. Shop 14 East Front 1-oct-1y

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Stabling for horses by day, week or month Terms moderate. Jacob Hilner, Prop.

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Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

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Somerset street, near Greenbrook Road, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Comfortable, convenient and healthful. Good accommodations.

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No Seams, All Wool, $1.00.

Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, all wool, not dye, and very fine 75c and 85c.

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Worsted Caps, Children's Worsted Caps 25c up.

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of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

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We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at the lowest cost.

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Heater Work A Specialty.

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Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

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U. B. Crane's,

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Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

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For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. Thoroughly and modern system. Contracts made and injured animals removed in sanitary manner. Leave orders with D. W. Mandeville, E. Rar bank, Addis and Hosford, practical plumbers, or at residence of Jones and Co., P. O. Box 1402, Plainfield.

Telephone Call 38.

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Ice Cream

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FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

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ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

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We have a full line of

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Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses in various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

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You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Pye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy cure and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality and Manhood, and kindred troubles. Also many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood guaranteed, no risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet, in sealed envelope, mailed free, by addressing

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WOMAN AND HOME.

A POINTED DISCUSSION BETWEEN HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Maxims for Young Housekeepers—The Latest Crazes—What Women are Doing—The Wife as a Manager—Stylish Notes, Items.

[Free Press in Detroit Free Press.]

Jack and I had been married about long enough to begin to argue; we never quarreled—we were too patient for that, though he was only a prominent architect and I an ex-school ma'am—but how we did argue! It all began about our different "bringing up" in the first place. You see, we weren't really well acquainted (are not yet) when we married. It all grew out of that dreadful bore—our romantic and selfish marriage—and I had actually my good Jack twice only before I promised all sorts of sentimental things! And the glamour, indeed, his face was still the head, somehow, like the sweetest, his nature the most chivalrous in the world until, as I have said, we began to argue. It was a thoroughly good-natured argument at first. How was it that we forgot the time to send a laugh along with a dexterous little dig into the weak points in the argument of the opposition, or sort of soften its edges? I don't know, I'm sure, but I grew to despise argument between Jack and me, and I meant when a good chance offered to put the whole ugly spirit of discord to flight.

It came—the chance. Jack came home from the office to supper with a paper in his hand, which, I noticed, had given him something to ponder over. I rang the little tea bell out of the low window as I used to ring the big bell out of the door little school house window in years gone by, and in toddled our wee daughter, Fatima, with a glad, hungry light in her baby eyes.

Baby Fatima knows exactly where mamma behind the tea things, pipa brandishing the knife and steel and then—it came.

"Deadie, I think women nowadays try to do too much—that they strive for too wide a sphere of action, don't you?"

"Women in general, or particular, Jack?" I asked, dropping the lump of sugar I had selected into his steaming cup.

"Well, general, I believe. In this case—though we could, I suppose, make a particular instance of it. For instance you——"

"I?"

"You received an education that is the contracted sphere of woman's life——"

Ha! There it was—there was my weapon of annihilation! I listened as he went on.

"That is the contracted sphere of a woman's life will, in a measure, only be thrown open to a few. And can none of it all! You, who sit here at home making a paradise for me, need know nothing of even simple interest——"

"But I do know of it, my liege lord! I can compute it to the penny on the small sum accruing from my professorship of the 'river bridge' since you kindly invested it for me in the Building association——"

"Well, let that pass; perhaps it is just as well to know a little of simple arithmetic; but for chemistry——"

"As my friend Helen says, it is my knowledge of algebra and the 'conic sections' that have made a 'bookish' man" I interrupted sharply.

"A 'bore'?"

"Oh, Monsieur! Now do you listen awhile to me—give Fatima that ripest peach, Jack, please. I insist upon it that no woman who lives the life of a 'housemother' can have too fine and too widely-spread set of maxims. In the first place she is 'mother'—has a million questions to answer before her little brood have spread their wings—questions upon all sort of subjects—art, history, music, literature, chemistry, astronomy, languages—on every kind of subject. But that is not all: she must put these sciences into daily use——"

"Daily use, Deadie?" very ironically this. "For instance?"

"Jack, if we put a lot of stearine and potash into a kettle with some boiling water what will be the result?"

"How do I know?"

"I have to—it results in soap; that's chemistry."

"Is it?"

"If you know all——"

"If it's 11 o'clock at this place, what is the time at the east of us?"

"I—I——"

"Why an hour and twenty minutes past 12, and I don't see why a school girl or stenard time with my eyes shut—that's astronomy."

"Well, Deadie——"

"Why is our little Fatima so sturdy—the darling! Because I know how to give her a sun-bath as well as a water-bath, and play 'chicken' with her every day in the yard until her lungs are filled with pure oxygen—blood making material—and her eyes shine with health and happiness—that's philosophy."

"Enough all that, Deadie——"

"Wait, Jack, I'll soon be through. Who asked me to write up our romantic little story, and who said it was clever to boot as effort at literature? What do you call the composing of that hymn for Pastor Pettigrew's infant class? How should I know that Fatima's pale blue silken hood looks better than any other color against the golden color of her curls if I had no artistic sense? How could I have said yesterday to the honest old Swede woman, imported from fatherland only last spring; 'Frau Mueller, ich habe diesen Morgen meine Briefmarke verloren—was soll geschehen?' and when she wept and showed me how she had found it in my calico dress pocket, if I hadn't dug German roots as well as Latin? How could I have learned my little Fatima's prayer in your behalf that 'wife shall not a voodoo as plus offrant at dernier' woebetider' if I hadn't had a hundred Frenchified verbs—and all the nouns that grow in France? If I wasn't apt at the needle, where would those awful rents at heel and toe land you? If I knew not the 'ins and outs' of the rail-road, well-named Soul—where would be your linen immaculate? If I ignored natural history I shouldn't have known where to look for a bird's nest in the top of the old cherry tree orchard. If I knew nothing of medicine I'd not know that just so many pellets of arnica—there was my weapon of annihilation! I listened as he went on.

"That is the contracted sphere of a woman's life will, in a measure, only be thrown open to a few. And can none of it all! You, who sit here at home making a paradise for me, need know nothing of even simple interest——"

"But I do know of it, my liege lord! I can compute it to the penny on the small sum accruing from my professorship of the 'river bridge' since you kindly invested it for me in the Building association——"

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"Why an hour and twenty minutes past 12, and I don't see why a school girl or stand

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Vol. 4, No. 164 — PLAINFIELD, N. J. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1885 — Price Two Cents

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WANTED—A small, complete team of wagons to canvass an agency in this place for the sale of a new and valuable article. Liberal terms will be offered to the right party. Call at once, or address, with reference, Box 1, Plainfield, N. J. 10-2-1m

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Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to receive mail. Lock box.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 8.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 1.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at the observatory, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885		1884	
6 a. m.	32	6 a. m.	32
9 a. m.	51	9 a. m.	36
12 m.	49	12 m.	40
3 p. m.	47	3 p. m.	40

Minimum Almanac.

1885		1884	
Sunrise	7.12 a. m.	Sunrise	7.19 a. m.
Sun Sets	4.34 p. m.	Sun Sets	4.34 p. m.
Moon Rises	8.31 a. m.	Moon Rises	7.36 p. m.

Signal Office Predictions.

To-morrow it promises to be colder and generally fair.

IF YOU FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

Jottings.

—Kate Claxton in "The Two Orphans" at Music Hall to-night.

—The second in the course of entertainments under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. will be given in Reform Hall on next Tuesday evening.

—Look out for the advertisement next Monday of the Grand Concert to be given at Music Hall, Cutler's corner, on next Saturday, by the Park Sisters of Boston.

—For Friday and Saturday, the Casino has engaged Messrs. Batchelor, Sewell and Burnell. P. T. Barnum claims that Batchelor is the champion leaper of the world.

—Men are engaged refrescoing the interior of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, of North Plainfield, and in other ways making necessary repairs prior to Christmas.

—John H. Sayers of this city will address the Reform Club of Lakewood, Ocean county, on the subject of temperance in the Baptist church of that place on Sunday next.

—Judge Wadsworth is prominently spoken of as the successor of City Clerk Leonard. He is a man eminently qualified, and deserving of reward from his party for party services.

—Bohm Bros., ask us to have our readers remember that the firm are selling out and that the sale is positive on account of dissolution of partnership which is to take place on Dec. 31.

—Henry Blum and John Frei, alias Dutch Louis, arrested in North Plainfield by Chief Dodd for chicken-thieving, were convicted yesterday at Somerville, and remanded for sentence Friday.

—John S. Bishop, Fish Warden of the county, has during the past few weeks been taking bass from the canal and river at Bound Brook, by order of the State Fish Commission, for the purpose of stocking the waters of Somerset and Morris counties.

—The house where in late William H. Vanderbilt was born in 1821 still stands on lower Burnet street, near the steamboat wharves, in New Brunswick. The grant for the grandson of Commodore Vanderbilt, the elder, was commenced in that old house.

—The morning mail from New York is thrown to the platform at New Brunswick, from a rapidly moving train. By mischance yesterday the large bag fell under it and was quickly cut to pieces. Some letters were found in a torn condition two miles from the station.

—Henry Hess vs. Isaac Bristow was tried before Justice Wadsworth, the result being a verdict in plaintiff's favor for $13. Appeal was taken by Mr. Bristow. The Court of Common Pleas has given judgment in favor of plaintiff for an increased amount, $17.26. Irving A. Marsh for plaintiff, F. C. Marsh and Arthur Miller for defendant.

—Great preparations are being made by the ladies of the Park Avenue Baptist church for their grand bazaar, which occurs next week, Tuesday evening and Wednesday afternoon and evening. Skilful hands have been at work for some months making up all sorts of fancy and useful articles, and a display in the grand booth is expected to be something unusually fine. The ladies are taking hold of the affair in down-right earnest and are bound to make a success of it. A number of attractive features are being planned and will add considerably to the interest of the event. Refreshments will be served as usual, and supper will be served each evening from six to nine o'clock.

—Another large audience, not withstanding the storm was at the Casino last evening, the third and last night of the Kendall-Bishop Combination. Miss Kendall and Miss Miller the oldest manager he has met in the country anywhere, and is endeavoring to induce them to become manager for him in his tour through Europe next spring, where he proposes to do as he has done in this country put up $1000 as a challenge he any one who will ride his feats on the bicycle and velocipede. He is confident that with such a manager as Mr. Miller, he can win cash and glory enough to justify the venture. Mr. Miller has engaged Weston and O'Leary to walk at the Casino, in their 5,500 mile walking race to Chicago.

The Borough Mayor's License Election.

The people of Plainfield and North Plainfield are so much interested in the recent election of Mayor Van Winkle respecting persons doing business in North Plainfield, that we give below his decision in full:

The Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield vs. Tunis J. Carey.

For the prosecution, Chancellor Runyon; Counsel John H. Jackson. For the defendant, Walter L. Redford.

The complaint in this case charges that the defendant, Tunis J. Carey, on the second day of November, A. D. 1885, at the Borough of North Plainfield, did violate the third section of the ordinances of said Borough, entitled "An Ordinance for the licensing and regulation of taverns, saloons, etc., approved August 26, 1885, as amended by ordinance approved October 5, 1885, by keeping, selling and giving for drink, strong wages a truck within the limits of said Borough, without being licensed therefor, according to the provisions of said ordinances.

The facts in the case as agreed upon by the respective counsel, are in substance as follows:

It is admitted that the ordinances which it is alleged the defendant violated was in force as a law in the Borough at the time mentioned in the complaint, at the time when said ordinances was so violated; that said ordinances were in force and still are in force as a law in said Borough, that the defendant never was licensed under said ordinances, that at the time mentioned in the complaint the defendant and two trucks then belonging to him, to carry for him goods consigned to him, were in the yard of Mr. Hartfort, who then resided on Door street in said Borough, and that for him the defendant at the time mentioned in the complaint came with his two trucks into the Borough, and then loaded said goods on said trucks, and there and carried said goods therein from Hartfort's residence in said Borough, through said Borough to the residence of Mr. Rafferty, and there unloaded and delivered said goods, that the defendant resides in the City of Plainfield, that he is licensed as a hawker and trackman, that he was hired in the City of Plainfield to do the work complained of, and was under the employ of Mr. Rafferty.

It is insisted by counsel for defendant that the 21 section of the ordinances in question should not be so construed as to be applicable to the case in question, that such a construction would be unreasonable, that the ordinances would be unconstitutional, that the ruling of the courts it is unreasonable. In Dunlap vs. the Chosen Freeholders of Essex County, 20 N. J. Law Rep., Chief Justice Hornblower says "When that which is directed to be done is within the sphere of legislation, and the terms and object of the statute are plain, all reasoning derived from the supposed inconvenience or even absurdity of the result is out of court. It is the province of the courts to supervise legislation and keep it within the limits of the constitution and common sense, so that even if it could be demonstrated that the regulation was inconvenient, or even hurtful, application for relief to the judicial power would be utterly vain."

It is also urged by the counsel of defendant that it was not the intention of the Legislature to confer upon the governing body of the Borough the power to pass an ordinance, such as the above, and cites the case of Commissioners, Plaintiffs, vs. Bordine, Defendant, in which Judge Dewey "denies the right of one city to pass an ordinance requiring the inhabitants of other cities to obtain a license to exercise a calling which is lawful by persons licensed before exercising that employment in carrying persons to and from the adjacent city unless the city authority to do so from the Legislature." From the language of the case cited it is believed it follows by necessary implication that where such authority is given by the Legislature, the right of the municipality to pass ordinances which persons to obtain a license is unobjectionable.

The field of inquiry is now brought within narrow limits, and is confined to the question of constitutionality of an act of the Legislature not being within the provision of this Court to determine. It remains for us to look to seek the intension of the Legislature in the words used in the first section of the act approved March 7, 1885, and whether the Borough authorities claim authorized the passing of the ordinance for the violation of which this complaint is made. It is there "that it shall be lawful for the Common Council, Board of Aldermen or other governing body of any city, incorporated Borough, etc., to make and establish ordinances for the following purposes, and regulating and licensing carters, porters, hacks, cars, omnibuses, milk wagons, stages, and all other carriages and vehicles used for the transportation of passengers, baggage, merchandise and goods and chattels of any kind, and the owners and drivers of vehicles, and means of transportation, etc., and to fix the rates of compensation to be paid therefor, and to prohibit all persons and vehicles not duly licensed from acting, using and being used in said capacities, and for such uses and purposes, and to fix and prescribe penalties for the violation of any such ordinance, and that the fees for such license may be imposed for revenue."

The third section of the ordinance, which provides for the license of hawkers, peddlers, etc., declares "that no person shall keep, drive or use for hire or wages, or employ others to keep, drive or use any cart, truck, express wagon, hack, omnibus, stage, or other vehicle for the transportation of passengers, baggage or merchandise, or goods or chandise, or act as messengers of any kind, wholly or in part, within the limits of said Borough of North Plainfield, without first according to the provisions of this ordinance, under penalty."

The chief inquiry in the interpretation of a statute is, what do the words used, in their most usual and well known sense, mean? and when there is no ambiguity in the words used, we need not avail ourselves of the other rules of construction, but look down to the books in the language of Chief Justice Marshall, in the case of the United States vs. Wiltberger, 5 Wheaton, p. 76: "The intention of the Legislature is to be collected from the words they employ. When there is no ambiguity in the words, there is no room for construction." Also cited in 6 Vroom, p. 381.

Again in the case of Bolderow, collector, versus the Passaic Rolling Mill Company, 6 Vroom, p. 515, the Court of Appeals declares "No principle is better settled or more implicitly followed than that which requires that the courts shall look to the words of a statute as the primary source from which to ascertain the intention of the Legislature which enacted it." See also Sutherland on Statutory Construction, in the case of the United States vs. Wiltberger, 5 Wheaton, p. 76;

The Evening News,

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Leave Somerville at 8.05, 8.53, 7.05, 7.32, 8.03, 8.30, 9.00, 9.24, 10.14, 10.50, 11.34 a. m.; 12.11, 1.25, 2.45, 3.15, 5.43 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 5.05, 8.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Boonton.

Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 8.43, 9.27 a. m.; 2.10, 4.04, 6.06, 8.09, 8.17 p. m. Sundays at 5 p. m. Leave Somerville at 8.27 a. m.; 12.40, 4.45, 6.46, 7.08 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 p. m.

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Leave Plainfield for Bonnie Brae, Woodland and Monk Glen, 7.30, 8.43, 9.27 a. m.; 2.10, 4.04, 6.06, 8.09, 8.17 p. m. Sundays, 5 p. m. Leave Dunellen for Upper Dunellen, Bound Brook, Dunellen, etc., 7.27, 8.40, 9.27 a. m.; 2.10, 4.04, 6.06, 8.09, 8.17 p. m. Sundays, 5 p. m. For Somerville, Bridgewater, Raritan, Flemington, Lambertville, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Pottsville, Ashland

PAPER CURRENCY.

PECULIARITIES AND THE NOTES OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.

Banks of England and Ireland—German, Austrian and Russian Currency—Banque de France Notes—A Collection of Curiosities.

[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

At the Max Schamberg Steamship agency this other afternoon, a reporter was shown specimens of currency of nearly every European country. The money is kept there for the purpose of supplying foreigners about to return to Europe who wish to exchange American money for that of their own country. Ordinarily the agency keeps up its supply by exchanging United States currency with the emigrants of various nationalities who reach here with money of their own country in their possession. But in the spring, when there is a rush of returning immigrants going home for a visit, etc., the supply sometimes runs short, and foreign bills have to be drawn upon.

The Bank of England notes is printed on Irish linen water-line paper, plain white, and with ragged edges. The paper lacks the smooth, silky feeling of our own currency, and the plainness of the lettering and the entire absence of any coloring except black and white gives the bill in appearance much like a check. The bills are five inches by eight in dimensions. They are never released from the bank, but issued as soon as taken in. In sending specie from any part of the country to any other the note is generally cut in two parts, and the pieces sent in separate envelopes. The Bank of Ireland note is in appearance and size made in exactly the same fashion, of more elaborate scroll-work in the engraving.

GERMAN AND AUSTRIAN.

German and Austrian currency bears upon each bill a warning against counterfeiters, threatening penitentiary confinement to any one who shall make, sell or have in their possession any counterfeit or fac-simile of any of the bills. The German bills are printed green and black upon paper lighter than our gold certificates, and about an inch wider. They are in denominations from 5 marks, or $1.25, to 1,000 marks, or $238. The currency of Austria is printed in two languages. A note on one side and Hungarian on the other in order to accommodate his majesty's French Joseph, Magyar subjects. The engraving is profuse with artistic angel heads and rather elaborate scroll-work. The bill is printed on a light-colored, thick paper, but with none of the silk-fiber seen in our greenback line used in our own currency as a protection against counterfeiting. Some of the more recently issued German bills, however, are printed upon paper very similar to that used for United States treasury notes.

The smallest denomination in Austrian currency is 1 florin, about 40 cents in our money. The denomination of the bill is florin to 11,000 florins. A noticeable peculiarity is the fact that in exchanging, Austrians or Hungarians prefer the paper money of their own country to gold, while German, Swiss or French people invariably want coin in preference to currency. The reason for this, it was known, was to be because the smallest bill in Austrian currency is much smaller than the smallest bill of any other country, and the common people become more used to handling currency there than in the others.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

Banque de France notes look like small show-bills, each done in blue and bordered with a white paper, ornamented with numerous mythological pictures. The lowest denomination is the 20-franc note and the largest is 5,000 francs. Indeed, currency is issued in a great variety of sizes and colors. The smaller bills, 5 and 10 lire notes, equivalent to $1 and $2 bills are about the same as our old "shinplasters" of fractional currency, and printed in pink, blue and carmine, on white paper. The latest issues are ornamented with a fine engraved vignette of King Humbert. The larger notes are elaborately engraged and of artistic design.

The most striking bills are those of Russia. The 100-ruble bill is an elaborate affair, four by ten inches in size, and barred from top to bottom with every color of the rainbow, ground so finely that the words show through a print. The border is ornamented with a large, finely-engraved vignette of Catherine II. The colors used in printing are dark and light green and blue. The engraving is not elaborate, and the whole thing looks like a clever poster. The 50 and 10 ruble notes are similar in size, but not so gorgeously colored. The smallest denomination in Russian currency is 5 rubles, about $3.50 in United States currency.

I. E. Hinds, the attache of the agency, has made a collection of a number of currency curiosities. Among these is one of the first bills ever issued by the United States. This is a $4 bill issued in 1779, with these words printed in four different kinds of type on one side: "The bearer is entitled to receive Spanish-milled dollars, or any equal amount in gold or silver, according to a resolution of congress of January, 1776." The reverse, in addition to some coarsely-engraved scroll-work, bears the inscription: "Printed by Hall & Sellers, Four Dollars, 1779. Four Dollars."

When Thad Stevens Got Mad.

[Washington Cor. Chicago Times.]

A gentleman in this city who held a high command in the first of the Pokonsas said the other day: "Directly after the battle of Antietam Gen. Pleasanton had a good force of cavalry under his command, and McClellan divided it and sent Averill off with about half the cavalry. Joe Stewart was watching his chance, and when our cavalry was divided he struck Averill. He waited until Averill was too far off to rejoin Pleasanton in time, and then he made a raid into Pennsylvania. He struck Chambersburg, and, while waiting for Averill, all other property, as most came to hers is known and factory belonging to Thad Stevens.

"Up to that time Stevens had not meddled much with military operations, he was rather disposed to let the president and the secretary of war run things to suit themselves. But when he got news of the raid and the destruction he got mad, and he went to Mr. Lincoln and said: 'Mr. President, I think if your generals can't protect the people of the north it is time for some one who has better get a general who can.' Two or three weeks after that McClellan was removed, and, while I don't suppose that that little piece of strategy from Thad Stevens was the only reason for it, I have always believed that it had a good deal to do with the matter. In the spring Stevens rebuilt Stevens' shops and factory for him."

Hard on the Dogs.

[Inter Ocean.]

The people of northern Michigan are giving fair notice to incoming hunters that they will not be allowed to chase deer with hounds. Several parties with packs of hounds have left the state in disgust with a flea. The papers speak of them as "dog-gone hunters." They promise to shoot every dog running in the woods, and they appear to be making good the threats

Boehm's Closing Out.

$30,000 Sale

OF

Dry Goods,

At Cost Prices.

TO CONTINUE

Until Dec. 31, '85

Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets, Children's Cloaks, Jackets, Shawls, etc., must be reduced.

1,200 Pounds of Western Goose Feathers, former prices $1, reduced to 60c per lb.

4-4 Oil Cloth at 33c per yard.

Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Skirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at

Boehm's

7 W. FRONT ST.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossing at Lowest Prices. First-Class Work Guaranteed.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD,

$2 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 29 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1327.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

24 North Avenue,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

Raised Flock, Bronze Velvets, Leather Papers, Linoleums Wellons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC..

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

L. B. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE.

P. O. Box 1074.

FISHER and MONFORT

Photographers

15 EAST FRONT ST.

are making their best

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

FOR

$3.50 Per Dozen

Specimens at the Door.

R. WALDRON,

No. 9 East Front Street,

First National Bank Building, Plainfield, N. J.

MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

PICTURE FRAMES.

Gold Frames for Paintings

a Specialty.

OLD FRAMES REGILDED

to equal New.

First-class Work. Low Price

JOHN JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

BEST

QUALITY **Coal**

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1467.

CARPETS!

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Low Prices

Our Full stock is the largest and finest assortment of cappetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of

Ingrains, Three-Plys, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, Tourney and Royal Wiltons.

of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above good are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

December Bargains

We are closing carpets at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest cost.

Orders Carefully Executed

AT

SHORTEST NOTICE

John & Jas. Dobson

MANUFACTURERS

40 and 42 West Fourteenth street, N. Y.

CARNEY BROS.,

7 & 9 SOMERSET ST.

Tinners & Practical Plumbers

Heater Work A Specialty.

We call to this department some of the best tinners in town, men of many years experience in some of the leading houses in the trade. If your Furnace or Range does not work satisfactory give us a trial. We will give you satisfaction. Seventeen years practical experience.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.

Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

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MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has bargains in

Real Estate.

OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front and Park avenue. Residence at East Second st.

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

OPPOSITION.

JONES & CO.,

Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co

For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. Terms and satisfactory references furnished. Dead and injured animals removed at a moderate charge. Orders left at Dr. W. Lenox's, Rev. Stuart Aitkin and Hardy's medical pharmacy, or at residence of Jones and Co., P. O. Box 1410, Plainfield.

Telephone Call 29.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $1.50.

Misses' Sergeant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Misses' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.

Hats, Hats, Hats!

Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 50c up.

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 50c up.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet for plaid, cloth, Havelocks 12c up.

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 5c each.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or dips, latest style price 20 cents.

Hats, felt, tinsel, trimmed of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin for all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful 5 inch silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full line, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the purchase of $4.50; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,

18 East Front street, Plainfield.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Late)

HOLIDAY GOODS

VERY LOW.

Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets. Call and Examine.

H. S. BARNES

17 and 19 Front Street, East,

WALL PAPERS,

Philadelphia and New York Designs.

ATLAS MIXED PAINTS.

$1.75 Per Gallon, Warranted Satisfactory

BRAGDON'S LUSTRA PAINTS

POOR MAN'S DYES.

Neat and Handy.

Artist's Materials, etc.

5 Per Cent Discount for Cash.

Headquarters for

VOEHL'S

Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc

15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought the the business of A. Warne, I call the attention of my patrons to my stock of all varieties of Bread, Cake, Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at 66 Somerset street, will be in charge of my son. Thanking for past patronage I solicit a continuance of the same.

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Successor to A. Warne's, No. 2 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken at Active and Children.

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

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HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

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Taken on Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open stalls for the accommodation of Farmers.

11-18-y

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GIFTS

AT SWAIN'S

20 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that has ever been offered in Plainfield. Best quality of Chromos, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

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Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Green Brook Road.

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

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Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 11-2-y

A. I. Smalley North avenue.

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 66 Somerset street,

Grocer & Goodman,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Cured Meats, Sauerkraut, Rockingham Stone and Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,

Carpenters and Builders,

Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished

Emmons Bros.,

Masons and Builders,

Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing promptly executed. P. O. Box 96.

P. P. VanArsdale,

Pianos and Organs

For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. E. Front street and Elm Place.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets,

Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. Plain stitching and Dressmaking. 324 East Front street.

J. Manning, Residence, Evans P. O. Box 330.

Carpenter & Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Room 10 Opera House (between Swein's and Depot). Hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Ladies can have their measures taken and a

Perfect Fitting Cloth Cut

and basted without trying on. Pupils can learn to make their own dresses in the shortest time. Taylor system. Materials furnished. Also paper patterns.

TenEyck's **Meat Market,**

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Third street

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,

Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

Somerset House,

Permanent & Transient Board,

at Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Manly streets.

J. L. McVoy, **Prince Mills,**

Cor. Fitter and Wall Driver. Old mills made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to me in a manner to satisfaction. Office, No. 5 Park avenue, near Front street. Shop 14 East Front.

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Housedecorator, Books, Stationery

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Rudolph Laurent, Somerset Street, Opposite Post Office.

Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Repairing of Watch and American Clocks, Gas Fixtures and Jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street near Front.

Boarding, Permanent or Transient

Stabling for horses by day, week or month Terms moderate. Jacob Blimm, Prop.

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Clear Spring Water Ice,

Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Coals.

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Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,

Thoroughly cleaned at per cent cheaper than anyone else. New ones built and old ones repaired. Soliciting a continuance of public patronage. Orders by mail to box 1446, promptly attended to. John Barry. 3 Chatham, branch, Scott to Arnold's grocery.

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Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for

Redmont Letters & Numerals,

For Signs on Glass, Wood, Stone or Metals, Sign Boards, Trucks, Transparencies, Banners, etc., in any shape, made in the shop.

R. A. Ross, North Plainfield,

Having bought out the business of Mr. Ackerman informs carpenters and builders that he has taken the premises on Main street, Plainfield Mending and Planing Mill, and can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turned Work at Lowest Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.)

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Shaving & Hair Cutting

Four first-class artists in attendance. Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting and shampooing a specialty. Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of

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At George Dunning's Kindling Wood Establishment. No. 11 Water street. 6-24-tf

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Cleaned and cleansed at reasonable prices.

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Blatz's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Grasshopper Road, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Choice liquors, convenient and healthful. Good accommodations.

Jules Boutes, (From Paris)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair Goods in New York Prices. Manufacturer and Theatrical costumer to hire. 16 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Milk Dairy,

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Address D. S. Coles, P. O. Box 300, Plainfield.

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Agent for the following first-class companies: Hartford, Aetna, Home, of New York; Orient, of Jersey City; Jersey City. Loans effected on all kinds of property, for private parties or Building Associations. Money to loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Passage Tickets. Also agent for North Western Life Insurance Company

The Bee Hive,

(3 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

We have just closed out a manufacturer's stock of Scarlet Underwear and can now offer a Grade Full Regular made Garment for

ONE DOLLAR

These Seamless Shirts and Drawers are warranted All Wool, fast dye and unshrinkable and have never sold for less than one dollar and seventy-five cents

No Seams, All Wool, $1.00.

Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, all wool, sat dye, and very fine 75c and 85c.

Children's Scarlet Vests and Pants, all sizes. 16 inch 25 cents.

Worsted Caps, Children's Worsted Caps 25c up.

Mitts and Gloves.

Ladies' and Gent's Cardigan Jackets.

CLOAKS

Children's Havelocks $2.25 up.

Misses Newmarkets $3.50 up.

Ladies Newmarkets at Bottom Prices.

Ladies' Wraps in many grades. At

"BEE HIVE"

E. C MULFORD

Real Estate Broker and Fire Insurance.

Office 35 and 37. Opp. R. R. Station,

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REPRESENTING

The North America Insurance Co. of Phila., Phenix Assurance Co., of London.

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RESIDENCE, NO. 60 EAST FIFTH STREET,

Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m

CRUSHED STONE

Is Now Furnished by

JOHN WILSON.

A good supply of stone in THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave

F. A. Pope's,

(Successor to M. VERMEULE.)

For Fall Hats,

CAPS, GLOVES.

TRUNKS and VALISES,

Call and Examine the Elegant Stock at

NO 5 WEST FRONT ST

FOR BARGAINS

IN NEW AND

SECOND-HAND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

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First Class Cabinet Work

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CALL AT THE STORE OF

J. S. Powlison

42 West Front Street.

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

THEODORE GRAY,

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Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

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PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 200 feet. Ground well shaded. Also bandstand first-class. Terms moderate.

J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN Ice Cream

& Water Ices,

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FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream Imitations

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

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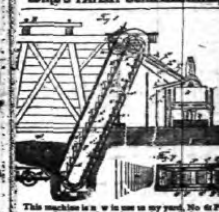

This machine is a w in one as my word. No 6 Par avenue. It thoroughly cleans the coal that passes over it. The coal comes down against the fire and is not dumped on the grate. I invite the public to call and see it work. I have the right to sell and erect these machines in this town and vicinity. Also Kindling Wood, and A. Mitchell, 24's Fertilizers and lime, dressed and A.

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Park Avenue, Plainfield N. J

FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully.

R. J. SHAW, 5 East Front street.

NERVOUS DEBILITATED MEN.

You are allowed a free trial of Cherry Cure of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances for thirty days, for nervous and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality, Impotency, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet in sealed envelope, mailed free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

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Shall I buy my

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Before deciding this question call and examine my stock of

Domestic and Imported

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

SUITS	to order from	$20.00
TROUSERS	" "	5.00
OVERCOATS	" "	18.00

Samples and Rules for Self-Measurement sent on application.

Nicoll the Tailor,

145, to 149 Bowery, and 771 Broadway

Opposite Stewart's. New York

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

A. SWALM,

Wall Paper,

No. 6 North Avenue.

THE FASHIONS

Winter Fashions in Flowers.

Roses will continue to be popular for corsage bouquets, hand bouquets, table decorations, and, in fact, everywhere in fashionable circles. But while the rose is solid in the affections of society people, they are looking about for a change in the style of rose that will wear. All the very beautiful roses, such as the Jacqueminot, have no odor. The demand now is for a showy rose with a sweet perfume. Two varieties are going to be favorites, all well-informed florists agree. One is the William Francis Bennett rose, raised in England by William Francis Bennett, a cultivator of hybrid roses near London. It is the color of the Jacqueminot rose, bright fragrant, and is a fine rose. A florist of Philadelphia paid Mr. Bennett $5,750 for the stock of the hybrid, so he alone can propagate it and sell slips and cuttings. It is an exceedingly prolific plant, and the buds will not compare with those of the Jacqueminot did when introduced. Next to the Bennett in popular favor will be the American Beauty, also a crimson rose, but more like a hybrid perpetual than the Bennett rose. It is very fragrant.

How to Laugh.

Hand in hand with refined speech goes the refined laugh. The principal of a large boarding school once told me that close observation of her people had shown her that a loud vein of coarseness was sometimes revealed by a laugh, when the words and tones were carefully guarded; and I have heard the same of a clergyman's wife, that she had taught every one of her children to laugh.

"Oh!" says some one, "do not ask us to talk and laugh by rule! All freshness and spontaneity of joy would be lost, and nothing but affectation would remain."

Does a painter look his spontaneity when years of study have trained his fingers to fly over the keys? The go artist has in his imagination when his skilled brush paints on the canvas the pictures in his heart and brain?

We reach the truest liberty when our lives are so ordered by rules that we are unconscious of them, and do things in the right way because it has become easier than the wrong.

What Colors to Wear.

The French chemist Chevreul from the Academy of Science, has made harmony of colors an especial study and directed his theories to ladies' toilets. He has given the following opinion regarding hats and bonnets. A fair, rosy face, with light hair and fair skin, is especially becoming to a fair complexion. Brunettes ought to choose black, yellow or orange feathers. A completely white hat demands a very bright complexion, all the same whether for fair or dark wearers. A fair lady should always wear a pink or blue feather in a white hat. Pure dead red brunettes blue is decidedly unbecoming; they ought to preference to wear red or orange. Light blue bonnets are particularly becoming to very fair faces. If dark ladies venture to wear such bonnets, they should at least have them trimmed with yellow. A green bonnet makes it delicate, and complexion look even more beautiful; white or pale pink flowers are the proper trimming for this. A red hat or bonnet ought never to come close to the face, but must be relieved by a green or a white lining or trimming. White flowers with full foliage have a good effect on red. A dark red hat can only be worn by ladies possessing a very bright color. Violet hats and bonnets are never to be recommended; if worn they should have a yellow lining. Yellow hats should, in reverse to this, have a violet or other colored lining.

And yet, with all his learning, M. Chevreul has given very little in all this wisdom that will be of use to average American women. Most of them are neither light nor dark, but of that undecided stage which is half way between. Moreover, at least half of them beyond the age of 25 have become sallow and pale in our trying climate. Some of the seventeen of Bodie are afflicted in this way. Malaria plays the fiend with womens' complexions. What, therefore, shall the great army of saffron-tinged complexions bring to themselves that will be becoming? Well, after a barrel of ink has been shed on the subject sallow women must finally fall back upon black as the safest thing to wear. It should always be lightened with something white next the skin; creamy white is best. Then red roses or brilliant orange-colored flowers and feathers may be worn effectively.

Sallow women may also venture on dresses of navy blue, or of a deep, rich dark red without any tinge of purple in it. They can sometimes wear a mixed brown, however, but as a rule brown should be avoided. Gray make colorless women look still more colorless, while brown gives them the tint of a failing leaf. Gray is a very severe color. Look at that portrait of Martha Washington, the mother of her country, in a gray kerchief! Some shades of strong yellow make becoming evening dresses for women with poor complexions.

Collar and Cuff Buttons.

[Jewelers' Circular.]

So long as tailor-made suits remain fashionable the demand for collar buttons and cuff buttons will remain unabated, for linen collars and cuffs must perforce be worn, as fuzz of face or table being [illegible] to record. Since the fateful [illegible] collar buttons, either close of buttons. Those for the latter are small in size. While gentlemen are patronizing largely the link buttons, ladies find the single stone best suited to their purpose. The embossed or chased finish is taking the place of the nugget on many of these buttons. One is confused, however, to see special finish, but has the choice of an infinite variety, including bright, plain, Roman, oxidized and other surfaces.

Bidders' Cards.

When a new baby comes into the world in fashionable circles it is the style to announce its arrival on the day that he is named as it gets its name the name is printed upon a tiny card. The card is tied by a pink ribbon in the corner to the mamma's card, and the two together are sent to friends of the family. Especially is this done with a first new baby. When there come to be four or six of them the arrival of another one more or less is no such great matter any more.

FASHIONLETS.

Cashmere and velvet dress fronts have a rich fur correspond.

Adjustable trains are added again to toilets designed for the promenade daily.

Napkin-ties have come in fashion again with the low-necked evening dresses.

Irish tweeds, cheviots and negro-head cloths are all one and the same thing.

Mohair-colored satin trimmed with gold is a favorite combination for full dress.

The Milanese has popularized Japanese ornamentation in small fancy articles again.

Several new rolling suits are shown, among others a fish silk fabric, so worn that it looks like a succession of tiny stars.

It would seem that there is not much that is new to say in the colorings. They have found gold stripes, and blue and gold are favorite dress stripes, in general, blue, gold, red.

The Latest Winter Costumes.

At her first reception of the season this winter, Miss Cleveland, the president's sister, wears a peculiar dress. Her only ornament was a Marechal Niel rose at the throat. Her gown was tailor-made, dark brown, with an Arabian cloth trimmings of the same color. Among fashionables, that is quickly said the last touch of popularity to the woolen gown for dress occasions.

RUSSIAN GOWN OF FUR AND WOOL.

Satins, velvets and brocades still appear at full dress evening receptions, dancing parties and grand dinners and suppers, like a man's dress suit, but for all other occasions the woolen gown is the fashionable garment.

Miss Cleveland's dress was somewhat like the one in the illustration. This, however, is trimmed with real fur. It is a brown dress trimmed with seal fur. The style is quite new. Beneath is the fur also passes around the bottom of the skirt. Muff and hat to match.

Fig 2 shows a Redfern combination suit of plain and striped wool goods.

REDFERN COMBINATION SUIT.

It is better adapted for a tall, slender woman than a short one. The stripes pass around the skirt, and there are gathers in the waist. There is a full skirt of the striped goods over the lower, descending just below the waist line, where it is draped to form scant cross folds in front. A slight vest flap of the striped goods shows just below the cut-away basque. Striped cuff.

COMING!

THE

3 Rink Meteors

AT THE

Casino

FRIDAY,

Saturday and Monday Evenings,

Dec. 11, 12 and 14,

and

Saturday Matinee,

BATCHELOR,

Sewell and Burnell

The Greatest of all Rink Attractions. Champions on the Bicycle. Introducing backward and forward Somersaults from the machine. Mr. Fred C. Sewell is the only rider who has accomplished the difficult feat of turning a Back Somersault standing erect on the saddle while the machine is in motion.

Mr. George Hürnell, the original Roller Skate Contortionist.

John F. Batchelor, the Greatest Leaper on Earth, turning a Double Somersault over a number of different objects. Mr. Batchelor has filled the position of principal Leaper against the world, with F. F. Burnham's Greatest Show on earth for the past three years.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING A book of 160 pages. The best and cheapest medium for advertising to contract for it in any newspaper published. Everything that advertisers want to spend one dollar. Made to fit the requirements of those who want to spend one million dollars. Sent to advertisers only. Inclosed 10 cents. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO. NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, (10 Spruce St. Printing House Sq.), New York.

FOR

HOLIDAY GOODS

GO TO

MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,

23 1-2 W. Front St.

AT LAST.

The bottom has been knocked out of Dry Goods in this city and the only ones who have done it and is still continuing it is the firm of

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold out, so as to enable us to rent the store and building. In consequence thereof we do offer to the public great and Special Inducements from day to day.

Silks & Satins.

The stock of Silks and Satins consists of many colors, also several remnants and we are selling them off at half their real value.

Tarlatanes and Swisses

We have reduced these goods from 25c to 12c and 14c a yard and have them in all colors. Also a line of Num's Vellings. Ladies will find these goods very appropriate for making dolls dresses for the Holidays.

Laces in Cream and White we are selling out at a great sacrifice, (especially remnants.)

Closing out our entire 22 line plain and ribbed Jersey Buttons at 5 cents a dozen. Former price 10 cents.

Call in the morning to avoid the rush great rush in the afternoon.

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

REMOVAL.

S. J. NEAL,

THE

CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

38 WEST FRONT ST.

in the basement next to the Music Hall where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtains, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

and

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, residence and residence No. 4, Second street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 22.

LEATHER GOODS.

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books.
Letter Cases, Card Cases,
Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases,
Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

WINDOW SHADES

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

881 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

L. M. FRENCH

Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs

FINE CARRIAGES

ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces

Ranges & Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

Edsall has just opened a new line of linen table napkins from 75c. to 3.00 per dozen.

Our department is replenished every few days with

NEW GOODS

of the best quality and latest fashions, and we guarantee the price to be

LOW.

We follow a larger variety of Dry and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Flannels, Velvets, Velveteens, Merino Underwear, etc., etc., than ever before. You can save time and money by a visit to

EDSALL'S.

Go To F. G. GREEN,

Successor to GREEN & SCOTT

FOR BARGAINS!

A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50

Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26

Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

Comptons

PURE Philadelphia

ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

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CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

JOSEPH T. VAIL

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE

LOANS NEGOTIATED

Office Opposite Railroad Station.

RESIDENCE No. 42 N. SIXTH ST.

Dealer in

BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

P. O. Box 325.

GRAND DISPLAY

OF

FALL AND WINTER

Clothing,

MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS

All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed.

ALSO

A SPLENDID LINE OF

Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,

MADE TO ORDER

Our Merchant Tailoring

DEPARTMENT

Replete with every variety.

Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.

JOHN H. FRENCH

39 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

John H. Allen,

23 EAST FRONT ST.

Has the sole Agency for John B. Alden's valuable elegant and low priced publications. A full line constantly on hand. We have at all times a full line of

Fine STATIONERY

and Fancy Papetries. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves, others are daily arriving. Call often and early at

John H. Allen,

23 EAST FRONTI ST.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer In

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 59

The Prince Royal.

$3.50

Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best imperry calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best bearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent,

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FANS

NEATLY REPAIRED

AT

COLLIER'S.

No. 3 Park Avenue.

N. B.—NO BOTCHING.

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after orders given.

L. D. Cook & Bro.

Electric Fire Alarm

Manufacturers of Electric Alarm, Gamble and Hotel Annunciators, Electric Bells, Electric Door Openers, Burglar Alarms, Electric Gas Lighters, Electric Time Locks, Electric Call Bells, Electric Speaking Tubes, Electric Watchman's Time Detectors, Electric Private Telephones, Electric Gas Lighters

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 168 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED—A neat, tidy, young colored girl as nurse. Apply Mrs. F. M. Mason, Newark Ave. near Rockview.

WANTED—A girl wants a situation for general house work in a small family. References. Address Lock Box 822.

LARGE PARLOR AND BEDROOM for married couple. Two single rooms. First-class table, Fifteenth avenue, near North street. Box 1505. 10-2

A PRIVATE FAMILY have pleasant rooms to let with first class board for the winter. Box 336 Plainfield. 10-2

WANTED—A cockerel; also pheasten, ground and full particulars, price and bait particulars, 1511 P. O. Box. 9-4

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or not furnished. Located on North street near Second Place. Modern improvements. Hot and cold water throughout by steam. Contains 14 rooms. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 10-2-d-f

FOR SALE—Second-Hand depot wagon. Rockaway, Phaeton and Buggy Harness. The above will be sold cheap to make room for sleighs, at L. M. French's, 21 Somerset street. 10-2-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence, corner Second and Madison avenues. Apply to E. C. Mather, Real Estate Broker, 9 and 11 Spruce street, Newark, N. J. 10-2-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very reasonable rent. Centrally located. Address Furnished, care Evening News. 10-2

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the Winter, can obtain large handsome room to a private residence, with or without board. Terms reasonable. Address P. O. Box 629. 10-2-tf

TO LET—Two comfortably furnished rooms, for light housekeeping. Inquire at 17 Central avenue. 10-2-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-2-tf

Special Notices.

TWO NEW HOUSES
For sale or to let. One on Tenth street, near Watchung avenue, with all modern improvements, and one on Madison avenue, near Fifth street. Inquire of Charles H. Hand, corner Fifth and Liberty streets. 10-2-tf

W. H. LUDLOW,
No 13 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds repaired and painted. Orders by postal. Orders by permission to Randall & Jackson, Plainfield, N. J. Trimming was 1st top that the last time with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Jan. 1st, 1885, prices will be 10 per cent. less. Reference given. Free work a spot. Box 1458. 12-1-y-p

WANTED.
Any person having enough rags of woolen to spare, to exchange for Rugs, can do so at 5 cents per pound, by calling at the store of the undersigned, 10 Somerset street, Plainfield. Any one wishing further information, can if living in Plainfield, call at the above store, or address a postal card, stating name, age, occupation, etc. Peter Van Dyke, Jr. 10-2-tf

FALL AND GET PRICES
Of the 20th Century Laundry, just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. Shirts, collars and cuffs done for one month for Clubs, a dozen per pair, Collars, a cents.

Yours Truly. 10-2-tf

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Flower street, opposite North avenue, near depot, Plainfield, N. J., has a large stock of plants, which will sell cheap at short notice. All my flowers are warranted to grow. 10-2-3m

GEORGE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals, at short notice. Also a fine assortment of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, near Second street. 10-2-tf

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Cabinets, Wrought Iron Work for Stores, Fences, Wrought Iron Gratings, Coatings for Roofs, Sinks, Mineral Wool, Etc. Shop on Somerset street, near Second. Jobbing promptly attended to. 72 New Church st. avenue, Newark, N. J. 9-2-tf

MUSIC.
J. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, will receive pupils for Violin, Piano, Zither, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 27-6m

Professional Cards.

DR. ANDREW MANNING,
71 Park avenue, corner of 5th street. Office hours from 9 to 10 a. m. and from one to three and after six p. m. 12-21-3p

I. A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Office 12 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 12 18 y

EARL & JACQUES
Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 32 West Front street, P. O. Box 1011, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Plans and Estimates furnished promptly. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer, Consult's Building.
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had many years experience in surveying in Plainfield he will be prepared to do anything in his line with promptness. 9-23-tf

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,
32 West Front street. Consular seal as a local anesthetic. Good fitting a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal documents and sermons a specialty. Practical experience in Shorthand given. Dictation taught. Typewriting done in a superior manner. Agent for the Remington Standard Typewriter. Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MASSON,
Real Estate Agent, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, lend money, rent and take charge of property. Plainfield securities preferred if desired. Office 3 Somerset street.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
No. 1 Penn street, corner Front. Office hours from 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. 9-26-tf

DR. J. F. GRIPPEN,
Homœopathist and Electrician, corner Second and Washington streets. Office hours 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block. Rooms 3 and 4, Plainfield, N. J.
George T. Suydam. W. M. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
73 East Front street, over Gelbert's Hardware Store, formerly at 204 East Second street. Operations informed. Office hours from 8 till 5. 10-2-tf

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Music. Gives lessons either at her room or at people's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best references. P. O. Box 1381

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 5 East Front street. M. E. Moody. 12-7-6m

T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private lessons given in the city. Night reading a specialty. Hour: 9 to 10 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m. 36 Duer street, North Plainfield. 10-10-tf

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Teacher of Piano and Organ. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 20 West Second street, corner Dudley. 10-9-tf

MISS M. A. BARIGHT,
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class lessons. For terms address Box 1026.

ELOCUTION.
Miss Lizzie M. Ellerslie, class or private lessons, terms reasonable. West Albion, P. O. Box 1

Deaths.

VAIL—In this city, 10th month, 10th day, 1885, Maria Vail, aged 74 years.
Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday afternoon at half past 2 o'clock, from the day residence at half past 2 o'clock.

BY THE NEWS is delivered in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, New Market and Dunellen, at ten cents per week, payable to regular collector every two weeks. Charles F. Wheeler, corner of Elm and Broad streets, Westfield, is the headquarters for THE NEWS in that locality, and he will receive subscriptions and orders for and an swers to advertisements.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.20, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.45 a. m. and 5.00 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Mail for Dunellen at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to accommodate the public.
SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 5.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Sheller's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.	1884.
8 a. m.....31	8 a. m.....40
12 m.....32	2 p. m.....42
10 p. m.....27	10 p. m.....40
3 p. m.....27	3 p. m.....40

Miniature Almanac.

1885.	1884.
Sunrise.....7.13 a.m.	Sunrise.....7.12 a.m
Sun Sets.....4.36 p.m.	Sun Sets.....4.34 p.m.
Moon Rises 9.35 a.m.	Moon Rises 7.16 p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be fair, with slowly rising temperature.

BY COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR IN THE SAME DAY'S ISSUE OF THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—There is a large assortment of dolls in the Bee Hive toy department.

—St. Mary's T. A. B. Society will hold their regular business meeting for December in St. Mary's Hall at 7.30 o'clock Monday evening.

—French Bros. are having a new wheel placed in their mill on Somerset street, and in other ways are making necessary repairs in their machinery.

—The City of Moscow by moonlight and the slaughter of the Jews by the Russian mob in "Siberia," is a vivid realization of the newspaper reports of the state of that far land.

—The next regular meeting of the Junior Society of the Y. M. C. A. is postponed one week. On meeting a mock trial will be held, and all the members are urgently requested to be present.

—Collier, the jeweler, wants the people of Plainfield to know that he is able and confident that he can please them with his stock of French clocks, diamonds and fine gold jewelery, for the holidays.

—Messrs. T. J. Lynese, Michael Sweeny and John Morton are the contestants for the baby carriage which is to be voted for at the coming fair of Engine Co., No. 2, which is to commence in Cutter's Hall next week.

—One of the most realistic struggles on the stage takes place in the third act of "Siberia" between Sura and Jarakoff, the abductor of her sister and the murderer of her father. The audience is held spellbound.

—Charles Baverel, a young man 21 years of age, died at his home in New Brooklyn on Tuesday afternoon, from consumption. The funeral took place from St. Mary's Church to this city yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

—At the regular December meeting of the Board of Education, held in the chapel of the Fourth street school at eight o'clock Monday evening, John W. Murray was re-elected President for the ensuing year and Nathan Harper was re-elected Secretary.

—The young man who was arrested Wednesday night for petit larceny has been fully identified by several ladies as the man who stole their satchels and then ran away. He had a hearing before Judge Roder Wednesday evening and was committed for trial. He claims to be Prof. Loudon, of London, N. J., a teacher of music. —New York Journal.

—Tuesday morning, John O'Keefe, who has been a sufferer from consumption for a long time, died at his home on West Sixth street. Solemn high mass for the repose of his soul was celebrated in St. Mary's Church yesterday afternoon, from which place his remains were taken to the Catholic cemetery on Hillside avenue. Deceased leaves a wife and six small children.

—New Brunswick detectives were in Trenton Tuesday looking for a tramp who is supposed to have been the traveling companion of Joseph Morgan, the Hungarian found hanging to a tree near Monmouth Junction on Monday. The contents of the stomach of Morgan was chloroformed, killed by the tramp and hanged in the tree to cover up the crime. The last seen of the unknown tramp he was making for Trenton.

—In Masonic Hall, in the Van Deventer building on East Front street, Wednesday evening, a large gathering of the Masonic fraternity was present to witness the conferring of the R. A. degree on three candidates of Jerusalem Chapter. The degrees were conferred by officers of Lafayette Chapter of Rahway, by invitation of Jerusalem Chapter. At the conclusion of the ceremonies all present sat down to a bountiful collation in the banquet room.

—"The Two Orphans" performance last night at Music Hall was greeted with a large audience. Miss Claxton and her support were excellent and the costumes were elegant. Kate Claxton as Louise, Chas. A. Stevenson as Jaques Frocard and Fred. Darcie as Count de Vaudrey, are deserving of special praise for the acceptable manner in which they rendered their respective parts. The scenic effects were not as good as usually accompanies the play, but the audience followed the seven acts through with apparent satisfaction.

A Fireman Almost Beheaded.

George Batche, the driver of Engine Co., No. 2, met with an accident last evening while driving from making a shed located on the Barry estate, near the Music Hall. He was carting a load of scenery from the theatre to the depot, and supposing he had passed clear under the shed, where it was quite dark, he raised his head in time to get caught between one of the cross beams in front and the scenery behind him, terribly fracturing his nose, tearing his right eye, lacerating his face and throat, and wrenching his neck, so that the latter is all discolored and swollen. His head would have been torn from his body but that other firemen near the heads of the horses, heard his blows and instantly caught the horses by the head and stopped them. The animals are very gentle, and remained still while the firemen proceeded to extricate Mr. Batche, who was unconscious. They got him on the ground, and, after a while he recovered consciousness, and was removed to the office of Dr. Propson, who dressed his wounds and had him taken to his home, where he is under the care of his wife, and is likely to be laid up for some time.

Mr. Batche has been a Plainfield fireman for about twenty years. He formerly belonged to Harmony Hand Engine Company, the headquarters of which was in an old shed then in the rear of President Vanderbilt's on Park avenue. The company afterwards became Granite Engine Company, and he still retained his active membership with it, until a split occurred, he joining with the holters and forming Plainfield Engine Co., No. 2, with which he has since remained, a faithful and always reliable man and fireman and watchful. He resides in the little old-fashioned house, beside the engine company's headquarters. He is well thought of by the firemen and the community generally who know him, and having the reputation of being a most careful driver, many were all the more surprised at the accident occurring to him.

The scenery was damaged somewhat, but the firemen got the wreck to the depot in time and had it loaded on the train.

Indigenant Tramps.

Over one-half of the prisoners in the County Jail at Trenton belong to the tramp fraternity. The authorities propose introducing the treadmill in order to keep these wanderers from growing too corpulent this winter, owing to a lack of hard work and plenty to eat and a warm place to sleep. On Monday the benevolent and somewhat most brilliant of their number conceived the idea of holding an indignation meeting and denouncing the Freeholders for their cruelty, when the following resolutions were adopted by a rising vote:

WHEREAS, It having come to the notice of certain gentlemen confined in the County Jale that the Board of Freeholders intend working us on the treadle of a mill to be erected therfor, bee it

Resolved, That the Freholders ain't givin' us a square deal nohow. They think cause we're por and ain't got no beans we're bums, which we don't, as money and we are intelekshuls as was taken for work when pulled in by the cops.

Resolved, That if the treadmille be started in this jale, we Amereken athletes do protest after we get out of jale in vost and with a agin enny Freholder what vants to put em in.

Resolved, That a kopie of these resolu shons be sent to Trenton and sum sent to the Bord wen the mete is morrer.

A Married Man and a Widow Disappear.

Last Sunday a married man residing on West Front street and at about the same time a widow residing on Central avenue, with whom he is accused of having been intimate, disappeared and have not been seen nor heard of since. They are believed to have gone off together. The widow is said to have been about to become a mother, and the wife is very anxious to have the widow come across her path.

Annual Election.

The Firemen's Relief Association held their annual meeting in the parlor of Engine Co., No. 3, at eight o'clock Wednesday evening, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President — Thaddeus O. Doane; Vice President—William R. Cock; Secretary — Edward Mosher; Treasurer — Joseph A. Hubbard. After transacting some further business the meeting adjourned.

Casino.

To-night John F. Batchelor, P. T. Barnum's principal leaper, will turn three consecutive somersaults in mid-air. Sewell and Burnell, acrobatic bicycle riders and contortionist skaters, will also appear at the same performance, which will begin promptly at nine o'clock.

PERSONAL.

William Kenny is confined to his home on Madison avenue with rheumatism.

Miss Mary Sanderson of High Bridge is visiting friends on Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Miss Emma W. Sanders and Charles W. Naylor were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the bride's residence on Duer street by the Rev. A. H. Tuttle, pastor of the Methodist church. The groom resides in Brooklyn.

In our Professional Cards there is a new comer in the person of Dr. Manning, who has come to locate in Plainfield, professionally. He has served as a House Surgeon in the Charity Hospital, New York, for the past eighteen months, and also in other large hospitals.

A postal received this morning by Guillerme Thorn, the photographer, from ex-Judge Peter F. Good of Seattle, Washington Territory, formerly of this city says, "The people East have an entirely wrong idea about the Chinese question. The papers are full of stories about Chinese cruelty. I can state the truth. The Chinese are a worthless set of heathen. They are lepers." As stated yesterday, Judge Good has been enlisted for conspiring against the Government of the United States, in inciting animosity against John Chinaman.

On the Wargath.

Early yesterday morning a married woman who resides on East Fourth street, near the Grand trunk, proceeded with a general demolition of everything about her home. She threw looking glasses, crockery and many other things from the windows. The articles were smashed by the fall. The woman was finally pacified and the damaged furniture put back in the house where peace once more reigned. About half-past three o'clock in the afternoon she had another spell of this same nature and began operations again by throwing a new sewing machine from the window; other articles of furniture followed in quick succession and for a time a general fracas was in progress, much to the amusement of the large crowd who witnessed it. A messenger was dispatched for her husband, who is employed in Schapiro's, and who is credited with being a sober and industrious man, after a while he recovered consciousness and was removed to the office of Dr. Propson, who dressed his wounds and had him taken to his home, where he is under the care of his wife, and is likely to be laid up for some time.

Mr. Batche has been a Plainfield fireman for about twenty years. He formerly belonged to Harmony Hand Engine Company, the headquarters of which was in an old shed then in the rear of Presidnet Vanderbilt's on Park avenue. The company afterwards became Granite Engine Company, and he still retained his active membership with it, until a split occurred, he joining with the holters and forming Plainfield Engine Co., No. 2, with which he has since remained, a faithful and always reliable man and fireman and watchful. He resides in the little old-fashioned house, beside the engine company's headquarters. He is well thought of by the firemen and the community generally who know him, and having the reputation of being a most careful driver, many were all the more surprised at the accident occurring to him.

The scenery was damaged somewhat, but the firemen got the wreck to the depot in time and had it loaded on the train.

Indigenant Tramps.

Over one-half of the prisoners in the County Jail at Trenton belong to the tramp fraternity. The authorities propose introducing the treadmill in order to keep these wanderers from growing too corpulent this winter, owing to a lack of hard work and plenty to eat and a warm place to sleep. On Monday the benevolent and somewhat most brilliant of their number conceived the idea of holding an indignation meeting and denouncing the Freeholders for their cruelty, when the following resolutions were adopted by a rising vote:

WHEREAS, It having come to the notice of certain gentlemen confined in the County Jale that the Bord of Freholders intend working us on the treadle of a mill to be erected therfor, bee it

Resolved, That the Freholders ain't givin' us a square deal nohow. They think cause we're por and ain't got no beans we're bums, which we don't, as money and we are intelekshuls as was taken for work when pulled in by the kops.

Resolved, That if the treadmille be started in this jale, we Amereken athletes do protest after we get out of jale in vost and with a agin enny Freholder what vants to put em in.

Resolved, That a kopie of these resolu shons be sent to Trenton and sum sent to the Bord wen the mete is morrer.

A Married Man and a Widow Disappear.

Last Sunday a married man residing on West Front street and at about the same time a widow residing on Central avenue, with whom he is accused of having been intimate, disappeared and have not been seen nor heard of since. They are believed to have gone off together. The widow is said to have been about to become a mother, and the wife is very anxious to have the widow come across her path.

Annual Election.

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New Jersey's Vote.

The official returns of the vote for Assemblyman in this State last month, as compiled in the office of the Secretary of State, show that there were 167,785 votes cast, of which Democratic candidates received 91,226; Republicans, 68,291; Prohibitionists, 6913; Independent Democrats, 2,989; and Greenbackers, 716. The Democratic plurality over the Republicans was 8,935, and the Democratic minority on the total vote was 4,195.

The Independent Democratic vote was nine-tenths Republican, being cast by protests where the Republicans put up no candidate, but supported Democratic holders.

In 1884, for President, 181,125 votes in the State were cast: Democratic, 127,779; Republican, 123,088; Prohibitionist, 6,136; Greenback, 2,456; Democratic plurality, 4,691; Democratic minority, 5,197; total vote 260,753.

In 1883, for Governor, 170,196 votes were cast: Democratic, 103,865; Republican, 97,047; Prohibition 4,132; Greenback, 2,960; Democratic plurality, 6,800; Democratic minority, 3804; total vote, 208,016.

The large increase of the Prohibition vote last month, as compared with the three previous years, is chiefly accounted for by the fact that the Prohibition vote for Assemblymen is always much larger than that for State and national officers. In 1884 they ran candidates in forty-four districts and cast 5,504 votes. This year they ran candidates in nearly all the sixty districts. The large increase has been noticeably largest in Democratic districts, showing that the temperance issue is drawing more nearly evenly from each of the great parties.

"The Deserted Village."

There is activity once more at Feltville, more commonly known as the "Deserted Village," a short distance from Scotch Plains, and beautiful for situation. The sound of the carpenters' hammer and the masons' trowel is heard there just now. The owner of the place, Warren Ackerman, is having a number of the cottages improved, the idea being to make the place an attractive summer resort. A stone crusher is also set up near the old factory for crushing stone to improve the roads within his own private grounds.

STATE NOTES.

Judge Henry of Newark, is presiding this week at the Trenton District Court, Judge Woodruff being ill.

Chamberlain has decided to apply to the Legislature for authority to add $90,000 to the State Street improvements.

Senator Sewell introduced a bill in the United State Senate yesterday to authorize the erection of a $100,000 public building at Camden.

A number of the churches are holding a convention in Jersey City to urge the passage by the next Legislature of a local option law.

The regular monthly meeting of the New Jersey Eight-Hour League was held in the Washington Market building, Jersey City last night.

The house of Constable John J. Zoeller, who constitutes the police department of Guttenberg, was robbed by burglars on Sunday night. Zoeller thinks that he was chloroformed.

The Trenton Medical Society have elected Dr. W. R. Van Duyn President for the coming year, Dr. Wm. H. Pancoast, Vice-President, Dr. David Warman, Secretary, and Dr. Elmer H. Rogers, Treasurer.

The resumption of work at the Gloucester Ginghams Mills, which was stopped last week on account of the small number of men who applied for employment, was effected on Monday. Officers protected the new men from the strikers.

Supt. Crawford, accompanied by Louis Stockstone, the supervisor of the New Brunswick section of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made an inspection of the road between Rahway and Monmouth Junction yesterday morning. There were no serious repairs reported as needed.

It is expected that the Passaic and New York road will be in operation before Christmas. Five trains will be run each way daily at first. The road runs from Passaic to New Berlin, three miles distant, where it comes to with the New York, Susquehanna and Western. It has been built within a period of two weeks.

City Physician Hellmer of Hoboken has instituted libel proceedings against The Staats Zeitung, laying his damages at $10,000. He says that that paper has misrepresented him in the remarks which he has recently had with P. W. Lambert, who charged him with neglect of duty.

The Rev. George F. Hubbard, who was recently tendered a call to the pastorate of Holy Trinity Episcopal church on Hoboken avenue, Jersey City Heights, has declined the call and entered upon his duties. For the past six years Mr. Hubbard has labored in Portland, Oregon.

Senator Brinkerhoff of Jersey City, Tuesday, argued in the Federal Court at Trenton, on behalf of the Jersey City Cigar Manufacturers, who had been arraigned for offering prizes to tobacconists selling the largest amount of the Havana brands of tobacco. Decision was reserved by Judge Nixon, but in any event the case is to be taken to the United States Supreme Court.

On Monday two burglaries were added to the Paterson list, which has averaged three or four a week for some time past. The store of Henry Wilkins, at 238 Ellison street, was robbed of a gold watch and diamond ring, and four spoons and forks, a bank book and a suit of clothes. The stationery store of Joseph Williamson, at 13 Willis street, was plundered of pocket-books, razors, gold pens and pencils, meerschaum pipes and cigars.

An old house on the farm of Valentine Young, near New Village, occupied by Joseph Hollis's family, is said to be infested with rats that have voracious appetites. A few nights ago one climbed in the bed where Hollis and his wife were sleeping and bit his toe until it bled profusely. His eight year old daughter, sleeping in an adjoining room, was also bitten in the same night entirely through her upper lip.

Peter McMahon, a baiter, was fatally injured in Crosby's last factory, Newark, yesterday. He entered the forming mill and began a conversation with the operator, when a sudden jerk caused his right arm to be caught in the machine. It was necessary to amputate a portion of the arm above the elbow. The unfortunate man was taken to his home in Belleville, where he died last night.

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MUSIC HALL
THURSDAY, DEC. 17 TH.

SIBERIA!

A Remarkable Play in Six Acts and Seven Tableaux
BY BARTLEY CAMPBELL!!!

Sale of Seats begin To-morrow morning at Shaw's, Reynolds' and Voorhees' drug stores.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time, ordered engrossed and read the third time, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

JOHN E. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 7, 1885.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide Means for the Prevention and Suppression of Fires.

Whereas, It is reported by the Board of Managers of the Plainfield Fire Department, in annual and quarterly reports to the Common Council, December 8th, 1885, that by reason of insufficient and impaired apparatus for prevention and suppression of fires in the business portion of the city, the Department is powerless to take measures to meet the crisis; and

Whereas, The City Charter provides that in case of fire the Common Council may call a meeting of such ordinances or by-laws as to them shall seem meet and necessary for the preventing and extinguishing of fires; and

Whereas, The sense of the Common Council is that in the present emergency it is the public necessity that action should be taken by the City Council to provide for the protection of property; therefore

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, in Common Council, do enact as follows:

Section 1. That the proposition of the Plainfield Fire Department, as submitted by the Board of Managers in memorial dated and presented to the Common Council on the second day of December, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, be and the same is hereby in all things accepted; that Seymour No. 2 be purchased for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars on the conditions named in said proposition;

A GRAND BAZAAR
In the Chapel of the Park Avenue BAPTIST CHURCH, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society
Tuesday and Wednesday Ev'ngs, and Wednesday afternoon, December 15 and 16.
A large and varied assortment of Useful and Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., will be offered for sale. REFRESHMENTS will be served on the European Plan both Evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock. Admission 10 cts.

TO-NIGHT
THE 3 Rink Meteors
AT THE Casino
FRIDAY,
Saturday and Monday Evenings, Dec. 11, 12 and 14, and Saturday Matinee
BATCHELOR, Sewell and Burnell
The Greatest of all Rink Attractions. Champions on the Bicycle. Introducing backward, fall and wall Somersaults from the machine. Mr. Fred C. Sewell is the only rider who has accomplished the difficult feat of turning a Back Somersault standing alone on the saddle while the machine is in motion.
Mr. George Burnell, the original Roller Skate Contortionist.
John F. Batchelor, the Greatest Leaper on Earth, performing Double Somersault over a number of different objects. Mr. Batchelor has filled the position of principal Leaper with Barnum's Greatest Show on earth for the past three years.

FAIR OF ENGINE CO. NO. 2, AT Cutter's Hall, DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.
Season Tickets 25 cents. Tickets for one night only 10c.

L. M. FRENCH
Carriage Manufacturer.
Sleighs
FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.
CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.
REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE.
No. 18 Somerset St.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Boehm's
Closing Out.
$30,000 Sale
OF
Dry Goods,
At Cost Prices.
TO CONTINUE
Until Dec. 31. '85
Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!
The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.
Great Reductions in all Departments.
Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets, Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.
1,500 Pounds of Western Cloth Twilbow, former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.
4 4 Oil Cloth at 22c per yard.
Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard—50 pieces.
Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Black Skirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at
Boehm's
7 W. FRONT ST.
LEATHER GOODS.
We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,
Pocket Books, Bill Books, Letter Cases, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases, Dressing Cases and
PURSES.
Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.
A. W. RAND'S,
24 W. FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Bee Hive,
(a Store below Music Hall)
38 West Front St.
Holiday Goods!
WRITING DESKS,
WORK BASKETS,
TOILET SETS,
Smokers' Sets
Brass and Plush Ornaments,
PAPIETARIE
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls.
Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs. Silk and Silk Muffliers.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

C. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and West End.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.43, 6.33, 7.02, 7.36, 7.57, 8.02, 8.26, 8.50, 9.02, 10.27, 11.08 a. m., 12.35, 1.34, 3.25, 4.57, 5.51, 5.59, 6.58, 6.39, 7.26, 7.55, 8.45, 9.43, 11.38 p. m. on Sunday, 3.27, 8.45, 9.42, 10.53, 11.57 a. m.; 1.37, 3.34, 5.31, 7.06, 7.30, 9.25 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.05, 7.45, 8.40, 9.30, 10.33, 11.15 a. m.; 1.05, 1.30, 2.50, 3.30, 3.45, 4.04, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 6.50, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.45, 11.59 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, a. m.; 12.00 m.; 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 6.33, 7.02, 7.32, 7.56, 8.01, 8.40, 9.31, 10.27, 11.08, a. m., 12.35, 1.34, 3.25, 4.57, 5.51, 6.40, 7.26, 7.55, 8.45, 9.43, 11.38 p. m. Sunday, 8.42, 10.53, 11.57, a. m.; 1.37, 3.34, 5.31, 9.25 p. m.

Leave Newark and Broad St. at 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.25, 10.30, 11.30, 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.35, 4.00, 4.45, 5.05, 5.30, 5.51, 6.05, 7.05, 7.35, 8.15, 9.50, 12.30 a. m. Sunday, 9.30 a. m.; 12.10, 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 9.15 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Roselle.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.58, 9.37, 11.45, 11.59 a. m.; 2.06, 3.16, 3.43, 4.34, 5.04, 6.08, 6.40, 9.10, 9.57, 11.10 p. m. Sunday at 9.10, 9.16 a. m.; 2.45, 4.40, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.33, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15 a. m.; 12.55, 2.00, 3.30, 4.35, 5.05, 8.15, 8.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45 a. m.; 4.00, 10.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 2.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 3.16, 4.34, 5.04, 6.08, 8.08, 8.17 p. m. and by 1st 11.45 a. m. Sunday at 9.16 a. m.

Leave Boston at 6.10, 8.57 a. m.; 12.40, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 4.00 p. m.

Western Connections.

8.50 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg.

10.30 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamanend, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

12.35 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Chester, Wilmington, Baltimore, Tamanend, Kutztown, Scranton, etc.

5.08 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

8.34 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, etc.

10.30 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamanend, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

8.50 a. m. and 5.08 p. m.—For Bethlehem, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Boston, etc.

8.50 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 3.34, 5.31 p. m. Sundays Express Ocean Grove 3.27 8.45 a. m.

Plainfield & Phil delphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.22, 4.10 * 8.20, 10.15, 11.59 a. m., 2.45 * 6.05 * 8.08, 10.08 p. m. Sunday at 2.25, 5.10, * 9.08 p. m. * Express.

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets Ferries, at 3.45, 8.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.40, 6.45, * 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 3.30, 10.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton at 5.00, 7.00, 10.15 a. m., 1.15, 4.15, * 9.00, 10.30, a. m., 1.01, 5.31, 7.31, 6.05, * p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Tickets and Baggage checked through. Ticket Offices, 514 Chestnut, 1.25 Market, and Depot Broad St.

Plainfield passengers by train marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Agent.

GEN. PASS. & TICKET AGENT.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.

J. E. WOOTTEN, GEN. MANAGER.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1885.

Tinsel in Chili.

[Cor. Kansas City Journal.]

We enter Lake Vegas an immense hacienda, containing 16,000 acres of land, one-half of which is under cultivation and much of it will be in wine. The grape is cultivated here after the French and Spanish style—low short stump kept back by pruning and the young shoots and grapes trained to the body of the vine. The yield is very heavy. This vineyard belongs to an Englishman with a Chilian wife, with whom he received the estate, and it turns out annually many thousand gallons of the white and red wine—the common drink of the country—though a cruder and more strong drink is made from the refuse and poor grapes and mixed with some spirits of wine. A glass of this costs, including as much as four ordinary numbers. It is said that the wine-growers of Chili are rich men, and on this the poorer classes become dreadfully and frequently intoxicated.

There was more drunkenness in Chili than in all my travels through Central and South America the first. A single glass of wine would set persons into excitement. In fact it resembles the Mexican pulque in the great hour and is in our young days by which name it is known.

On this great estate is every modern appliance for farming—it is divided by road and well-fenced with tile, trees grow along each drive-way, the sample fields of alfalfa and barley excited, those of English importation improve the nation's stock.

Yellow Fever Gone Mosquitoes.

[New York Sun.]

Dr. Carlos Finlay, of Havana, has been experimenting on the inoculability of yellow fever. The disease was found to be inoculable only from the third to the ninth day. Two successful inoculations at once succeeded, one doubtful, and four negative. The inoculations were brought about by the use of mosquitoes, which were first allowed to bite persons suffering from yellow fever, and after several elapsed during the growing which it was intended to inoculate. Whatever may be the result of Dr. Finlay's inoculations, it is apparent that the germ of yellow fever, the germ with which a disease may be inoculated by the mere sting of a small insect is not impossible, from to the history of how prevalent diseases are spread.

A Smiley Manager.

[New York Letter.]

Mr. Daly has long been a great stickler for the proprieties, and men and women with loose reputations do not appear on his stage. He admits very frankly that this is not an account of moral reasons, but that he believes that gentlemen should be entertained by players whose characters are painted by conceal. Mr. Daly himself is one of the most engaging men to the professions. He is courteous, ingenious, looks as if he might be in ill-health, seldom wishes nor displays a tendency to wear his hair long. Personally he is not liked and I don't wonder at it. His professionally he is the heaviest manager in New York.

VANDERBILTS FUNERAL.

THE BODY OF THE RAILROAD KING LAID IN THE TOMB.

Mrs. Vanderbilt Too Ill to Attend the Burial of Her Husband—Many Distinguished Persons Present—Detectives to Guard the Body.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—William K. Vanderbilt and his brother Cornelius met up at Wednesday night beside the body of their father, William H. Vanderbilt, who died from a stroke of apoplexy on Tuesday. Mrs. Vanderbilt remained quietly prostrated, although no serious results are expected. She could not sleep on Tuesday night, and she did not leave her bed on Wednesday. Some one of the family is always with her. Her sister, Mrs. Brumley, of Brooklyn, was with her, while the rest of the family went to the funeral in the church and to the burial ground at Staten Island. Mrs. Vanderbilt herself was not well enough to go. At 8:45 o'clock the Rev. Dr. Samuel Cooke, pastor of St. Bartholomew's church, Madison avenue and Forty-fourth street, offered prayers in the bedroom where the body lay. This was done by request of Mrs. Vanderbilt, and only she and her children were present.

Flags were at half mast from several Fifth avenue hotels, and the curtains were pulled down at the Vanderbilt residence, on the Fifty-seventh street, H. McK. Twombly's house at Fifty-fourth street, and W. K. Vanderbilt's, Elliott F. Shepard's and W. H. Sloane's houses on Fifty-second street. They, with Mr. Vanderbilt's own residence. At the last house servants in mourning livery received the many visitors who called to leave their cards. Mr. E. C. Benedict, Mr. Depew, Mr. Iselin's private secretary, and Francis F. Prentiss, his confidential broker, were in and out attending to the details of the funeral. A telegram was received from Mr. Astor, who is at Hot Springs, Va.

The funeral was of the simplest nature, and after the private services at the house the coffin was closed and carried to St. Bartholomew's church. It was not opened in the church. The service there was begun at 10 o'clock, and lasted about three-quarters of an hour. It was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Cooke, the Rev. Frederick W. Clapp, of Grace church, and the Rev. Frederick Cunningham, the assistant rector. Mr. Carl Walter presided at the organ, and played Chopin's funeral march as the casket was borne up the aisle. The pall-bearers followed. The quartet choir, Miss Ella Earle, soprano; Mrs. Annie Buckley Hills, contralto; Theodore Toedt, tenor, and Franz Remmertz, bass, sang in order:

The coffin rat on a low, draped bier at the foot of the altar, and two wreaths of white flowers rested on the cover. These were the only flowers in the church. The casket was not hung with black, but the Vanderbilt pews were closed and covered with crape. Mr. Vanderbilt himself had seldom sat there of late, but his wife and his sons, Cornelius and George, were almost constant attendants.

The pall bearers—Samuel F. Barger, Chauncey M. Depew, Augustus D. Juilliard, C. C. Clarke, Charles A. Rapallo, John R. Brady, William Turnbull, William L. Scott, William Bliss, D. O. Mills, George F. Magoun and Stephen V. Cadwalader—wore black and white scarfs, and sat in the front pews.

Messrs. Toucey, Chamber and Roseiter, of the New York Central railroad, stood at the church door and received the floral offerings as they came in. After the coffin had been carried in personal friends were admitted to the church by the ushers.

The route was from the home down Fifth avenue to Forty-fourth street to Madison avenue, and after service down Madison avenue to Forty-fourth street, then to the pier stood to the North river. At the foot of the street the Staten Island ferryboat Southfield and another ferryboat were in waiting to take the carriages to Staten Island.

Sixty coaches were hired, but many more private carriages were in the line. All of the family except Mrs. Vanderbilt went to the funeral, and the pall bearers and many intimate friends.

On the arrival of the cortege at New Dorp it entered the cemetery by the western gate, and halted before the receiving vault in the receiving tomb near the gate. The coffin rested before the open doors of the tomb, and the Rev. W. J. Vogler, pastor of the Moravian church, offered prayer, and the Rev. Dr. Cooke, of New York, made a short prayer as the body was committed to the vault. The vault now containing the remains of Commodore Vanderbilt is about 100 yards to the northward of the receiving tomb. Mr. Vanderbilt's body was not laid there because of the steep descent which would make the grade from difficulty of removing the body afterward. Yesterday the masons were busy altering the lower tier of the catacombs in the receiving tomb, so as to make room for another body into one, and bricking up the side walls, in order to give room for the large cedar coffin and its outer case. The compartment in which the coffin was placed is on the ground tier, about four feet within the iron doors. From the front of the receiving tomb, looking toward the church, the massive granite shaft rising over the tomb of Commodore Vanderbilt is seen on the crest of the rising ground. Further to the northeast, and eastward of Moll Hill lighthouse on the summit of a hill about a quarter of a mile away can be seen the granite "lantern" or tower, rising from the new and yet incomplete Vanderbilt mausoleum. It is said that detectives have been engaged to watch the vault.

Dr. Justin Herold, who is a deputy coroner and assistant to Coroner Messemer, visited at the house at 11 o'clock and made an examination of Mr. Vanderbilt's body with the view of determining if an autopsy was necessary. On returning to the coroner's office he wrote the report:

Face suggested a scarlet red, due to the hemorrhage taking place in the labial vessels of the face. Blood was found in the fourth ventricle, causing a stoppage of respiration. The heart continuing to pump the blood into the vessels of head, face and body, producing the scarlet color of face, and thus furnishing evidence of death due to cerebral apoplexy.

Dr. Herold decided that death was due to apoplexy and that no autopsy was necessary.

In the Interest of Tobacco.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 11.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the New England Tobacco Growers' association in this city, a resolution was passed in favor of asking congress to establish $1.50 per pound duty on all tobacco imported into any part of the United States. It is also probable that the association will ask the Connecticut legislature to memorialize congress in regard to the matter.

Mr. Miller Weeps.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The condition of Congressman Nicholas Muller is very much worse, and his physicians entertain little hope of his recovery.

A ROMANCE OF THE REBELLION.

Sam Smock's Terrible Vengeance and His Enemies.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 11.—About two weeks ago the fact that Frank Sanders had been shot down in the mountain wilds of Whiteley county was learned here from civilians coming from that county. A man who has been living unmolested in the wilds of Whiteley county, and he brings news of the massacre of which that killing was the sequel. He says that the tradition in Whiteley county is that Sam Smock, a scout of the war, Sanders and two other men, all of whom were members of a guerilla band, took a Sam Smock in the eastern part of Whiteley county to the woods, and put a pistol between his eyes and fired. Smock fell, and they left him for dead. Fortunately for Sam, the ball ranged downward, making its exit and came out at the base of his neck. He was found and cared for by friends, and after long nursing recovered. The men who attempted the murder did not try to conceal their identity from Smock. They wanted him to know them.

After Smock's recovery he registered a terrible oath that he would devote his life to hunting down and killing these three men. A few weeks ago he passed through Wayne county, and in conversation with one of his old friends said:

"I have killed two of the men who attempted to murder me years ago. I found one of them in Missouri and the other in this county. Ky. I did my work silently and well, and have never been even arrested. I am now on the track of the last man. His name is Sanders, and I will have him in less than ten days. I will make myself known to him before shooting him."

One week later the body of Frank Sanders was found in the wilds of Whiteley county, with the following note, scribbled in pencil, pinned to his coat:

"This is the last act of a tragedy begun years ago."

No one doubts that Smock did the killing. He has not been seen since, and no one is taking any pains to find him.

FAILURE OF A SILVER MINE.

Eastern Investors the Heaviest Losers—Distress Feared.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 11.—News has been received here from Silvertown, Col., that the Lampson silver mine near that place has failed to pay. This mine is very largely interest held in this mine in this vicinity. Great secrecy has been maintained among those who were cognizant of the stoppage, but the news has leaked out in placing the large blocks of stock that were purchased here in Meriden and wherever a dollar could be obtained for it, and from a cable dispatch to a business man. The failure of this mine will probably lead to widespread distress in this neighborhood, as many paid all the money they had into it. About $60,000 worth of the stock is distributed among parties in this city, Wallingford, Hartford, Meriden and Yalesville.

Mr. Lampson is known to be the only eastern director in the board. The stock was placed here by F. E. Miller, of Cleveland, O., who sold it at the rate of 81 a share on the capitalization value of $10 per share.

Germany to Make a Great Canal.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—The Bundesrath has unanimously approved the bill for the construction of a canal to connect a ship canal between the Baltic, the Elbe and the North sea. The canal will cost Germany about 156,000,000 marks. The bill was very fortified and will have a great military as well as commercial value. In the year 1873 Count von Moltke opposed the project, on the ground that it would be difficult to invest the money required for the construction of the canal in increasing the imperial fleet, but now that the plan for founding a navy has been approved and the canal has become around to the views expressed in that plan:

"The defenses of the coasts of Germany must always remain a divided task so long as a canal does not unite the Baltic with the German ocean and enable German war vessels to pass from one sea to the other by a route which does not expose them to the danger of falling into foreign hands."

Riel's Remains in Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, Man., Dec. 11.—Riel's remains were brought here from Regina in charge of two Catholic priests in a private car. The movement was secret. The car was run south and halted in the C. P. R. freight yards. Louis Riel's brother Alexander and a number of half-breeds were in waiting. They placed the body on a sleigh and drove to his mother's home, where a large crowd of friends was assembled. The box was opened, disclosing the face somewhat blackened and slightly disfigured. The body was draped in black. The funeral will take place on Saturday, when the body will be brought to St. Boniface cathedral, where, after requiem mass, it will be placed in the vault in the Catholic cemetery. Archbishop Tache has issued a manifesto in which he lays the blame of the half breed uprising on the government officials and holds the Metis blameless.

A Freight Train Wrecked.

WATERBURY, Conn., Dec. 11.—The freight train on the New York and New England road due here at 4 a. m., from the west, was running in a heavy fog when it struck a landslide near Towantic. The engine, tender and four cars were derailed, and the engineer and fireman narrowly escaped with their lives. They walked to this city, there being no telegraph station near, to a crossing three miles from the wreck and notified under direction of Superintendent Platt. The engine is badly wrecked and the track torn up for a long distance. The wreck will not be cleared away before Saturday. Trains suspended till 12:30, when trains were run, transferring passengers around the wreck.

A Shower of Fish.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 11.—There was a shower of fish at Cumberland. For a radius of a mile or so small fish were found in abundance. They were frozen solid and were mixed with them, and passengers on the train procured handfuls of specimens. Some of them have been brought to this city and placed in the museum of the Natural History Society, about an inch long, and have the appearance of young smelts. It is supposed they were taken from the bay in a whirlwind or waterspout, as the wind was very high.

Death by Morphine.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 11.—Veterinary Surgeon H. F. McHugh was found dead in his lodging quarters and said that he had just swallowed ten grains of morphine. He said that he took the dose with suicidal intent. He was removed to the hospital where he died at 6 o'clock. McHugh came to this city about four years ago and built up a lucrative practice. Two years ago he became addicted to drinking, and since that time his practice fell off, little attention to business. He was a native of Middleton, Vermont.

John R. Owens Ill.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11.—Mr. John R. Owens, the celebrated comedian, is again lying very ill at his country seat, near Towson. He was stricken down on Sunday last with typhoid pneumonia.

DISCRIMINATION IN RATES

THE OHIO SUPREME COURT DECIDES AGAINST IT.

A Railroad Company is a Common Carrier of Freights, and is Bound to Transport Them at a Reasonable Rate.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 11.—The question of railroads discriminating against certain shippers has been definitely and positively fixed in Ohio by a decision rendered in the supreme court. Following is the syllabus in the case of Scofield, Shipper, vs. Toledo, Ann Arbor and Michigan Southern Railroad company:

First—A railroad company charter-d under the statutes of this state is a common carrier of freights, intrusted to it for transportation, and is vested by its charter with the right of eminent domain and other franchises of a public nature, and exercises public duties and those of a quasi public officer, and is subject to judicial control to prevent an abuse of the privileges and powers so granted.

Second—Whether a common carrier, at common law, in the ordinary case, where no facts exist making a discrimination among shippers, is bound to transport freight at a reasonable rate, and not necessarily at a rate equal to all, or not, yet when the lower rate is given to one shipper, and the necessary effect of giving an exclusive monopoly affecting the business and destroying the trade of other shippers, the latter have the right to demand an equal rate for all under like circumstances.

Third—Where such a corporation as a common carrier of freights, in consideration of the large traffic to be furnished, a greater quantity of freight than other shippers during a given time, agrees to make a rebate on the published tariff of such freight, to the benefit of the large shipper of like freight under the same circumstances, such a contract is an unlawful discrimination in favor of the larger shipper, leading to unjust and unlawful monopolistic tendencies, injurious, if not destroy, the business of smaller operators, contrary to public policy, and will be declared void at the instance of parties injured thereby.

Fourth—Such a contract of discrimination cannot be upheld simply because the favored shippers may furnish for shipment during the year a larger quantity of freight than other shippers during a given time, agrees to make a rebate on the published tariff of such freight, to the benefit of the large shipper of like freight under the same circumstances, such a contract is an unlawful discrimination in favor of the larger shipper, leading to unjust and unlawful monopolistic tendencies, injurious, if not destroy, the business of smaller operators, contrary to public policy, and will be declared void at the instance of parties injured thereby.

Fifth—Although a court will ordinarily look to the interest of a common carrier as an element in the case, the validity of such a contract for a larger quantity of freight than other shippers is not to be measured by the court's supposed profitable to him.

Sixth—Where it appears that the plaintiff is entitled to relief to make him a frequent shipper and a continuous series of shipments is necessary in conducting his business so as to become a remedy would lend to a multiplicity of suits, the court will proceed to give a multiplicity of suits and to do full and adequate justice to the injured party, will intervene by injunction to prevent the threatened injury, and it is not a prerequisite on such a state of facts that plaintiffs first establish their rights by an action at law.

Seventh—That a railroad company is a corporation consolidated under the statutes of several states, and its road reaches into several states, in illegal acts and injurious discrimination committed or threatened in this state to the business of others, either here or along the line of said railroad in this state or elsewhere, may be ignored by the courts of this state.

Gen. Pease was removed by Judge Baxter, of the United States court, for discriminating against the shipper in favor of the Standard Oil company. Judge Baxter was very severe in his remarks on this kind of railroad management, and regretted that Gen. Pease's conduct in the matter could be so construed, and at the same time characterized it as "robbing the poor and giving to the rich, who did not need it."

Sad Results of a Wash-Out.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 11.—Kittie Meyers, a handsome young lady residing at Mansfield, Ohio, came to this city last night in order to quite him fled to this city and entered a house of ill repute. This so shocked her mother that she dropped dead on hearing the news of her daughter's flight. This evening her betrothed came to the city, and with the assistance of detectives discovered the girl. She refused to return, and was then informed of her mother's death. She fell in a faint upon receiving the news, and after recovering consciousness signified a willingness to return with her lover.

Afraid She Has Met With Foul Play.

NEWARK, Dec. 10.—On last Saturday night, Mollie Higgins, a handsome girl of 18 years of Dr. J. C. Hanks, of this city, left the house and has not since been seen or heard from. All her clothing and money were found in her room on the 4th inst. She had been in the employ for nine months and was always steady and was never known to be out nights. The doctor has notified the police and is using every effort to discover her whereabouts, but expresses the opinion that she has been foully dealt with.

More Smallpox in Canada.

QUEBEC, Dec. 11.—There are forty cases of smallpox at St. Anne de la Pocatiere, Que., where there are 200 students and a population of 4,000. Great excitement prevails and many families are leaving the place.

There were six cases of smallpox at Cap Chatte, Gaspe, at the last fourth. The disease was caught from a pillow which had undergone the ordinary process of disinfectation at Montreal.

Convention of Freight Agents.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 11.—About thirty-five delegates to the annual convention of the Western Freight Association are in this city, and more are arriving from all parts of the country. The classification committee held a secret meeting discussing a change in the classification of articles, which have been recently shipped as fourth class. The duties of the association are simply to make classifications they having no power over rates.

For the Irish Parliamentary Fund.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 11.—Four thousand persons attended an Irish home meeting at the Academy of Music this afternoon. Speeches were made by Rev. Father Thorpe, Rev. Father Thorpe, Among the distinguished persons present were Bishop Gilmour, Governor Foster, Judge Dickman, Judge Leggett, Gen. Payne and Mayor Gardner. A number of eloquent addresses were made. Over $5,000 was collected for the fund.

Killed by a Bridge.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 11.—R. C. Johnson, engine inspector of the Western and Atlantic railroad, while going at full speed on a freight train climbed to the top of a car and was struck by an overhead bridge. He was instantly killed.

AN OLD MAN'S FURY.

He Attempts to Wreak Vengeance on His Son's Slayer.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 11.—In the criminal court an old man, Thomas Smith, looking at Frank Weaver, just acquitted of the charge of murder, rushed at him, caught him by the throat, at the same time crying out: "Wretch! you killed my son, but you shall not escape punishment, Frank Weaver, in court, but I will punish you." The old man seemed to make a motion as if about to strike, but at that instant the deputy sheriff, who had viewed the proceeding from his office, rushed forward and grasped the old man's arm. Another man came to his help, and, while the old man quivering with passion hurled threats and imprecations at him, the object of his attack stood quietly downcast and passed out of the building. Considerable excitement was the sequel to a transaction which has just occurred in court, illustrating the danger of delays in criminal prosecutions. On Dec. 17, 1883, within a week of three years ago, a young man named Dennis H. Hennessey was murdered on Fifth street, near Wash. Three men, named Frank Weaver, Matt Gaskin and Richard Smith were arrested and indicted for murder. All the witnesses disappeared except the principals, and two of these promised to turn state's evidence against Weaver. They failed to do so, however, and the case was dismissed for want of prosecution. It was the father of Weaver's wife who obtained the release of counsel and it was the defendant's brother who assisted the deputy sheriff in protecting him from outraged justice in the shape of an infuriated father. Weaver's acquittal yesterday had been whetted rather than sated by three years of the law's delays.

ATTACKED BY A CONVICT.

A Counterfeiter Throws Pepper in a Guard's Eyes.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 11.—A 5 o'clock a fatal shooting scrape occurred in Covington. Ed. O'Neil, a notorious counterfeiter, was being guarded by W. S. Day, a bailiff of the United States court, who had in charge a number of prisoners. As Day looked up O'Neil threw a handful of pepper in his guard's eyes and snatching Day's pistol fired at him. In the struggle that ensued O'Neil's bullet missed the mark, and before a second shot could be fired Day knocked his assailant down, at the same time grasping his revolver. After a struggle Day succeeded in getting possession of the weapon, which he discharged at O'Neil, the bullet taking effect in the prisoner's side, inflicting a wound which caused death in a short time.

The affair created a great sensation and the place where the shooting occurred was soon surrounded by hundreds of people.

Shot Through the Brain.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Dec. 11.—W. C. Walker, a stalwart and highly esteemed citizen of this city, shot himself dead in his room in the college building. He came from Brooklyn to attend college, was a fine looking specimen young manhood. His inability to keep up with his class is said to be the cause of the act. While at breakfast a pistol shot was heard, and, upon going to his room, his death is ascertained to have been through his brain. He left a note to his mother and sister asking forgiveness and saying God would also forgive him. The body will probably be taken to his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lake Steamers Sale.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—The welcome news was heralded along the docks that the schooner Barbarian, whose safety had been in doubt for several days, arrived in the harbor the night, off the mouth of the river. The schooner Otter, which has been anxiously looked for, also arrived safely. The W. O. Goodman and the Nashua, reported overdue, arrived in the river in good shape. Vessel men are confident of the safety of the Orphan Boy. It is their unanimous opinion that she is sheltered in harbored at the Manitous of Beaver island.

An Anti-Monopoly Decision.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 11.—The supreme court has decided the case of Scofield, Schnurer & Tengle against the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway in favor of the plaintiffs. They are independent oil refiners of Cleveland, and sought to enjoin the railroad company from granting the Standard Oil company lower rates on oil to and from Cleveland and west than it granted to them. They claimed that lower rates were given the Standard Oil company by giving them a rebate on the regular tariff.

Suicide of a Noted Horseman.

WATERBURY, Conn., Dec. 11.—John F. Moore, aged 38, a well-known driver of horses on every track in the state, committed suicide by taking laudanum at his residence on Grand street. Domestic infelicity had led him into intemperate habits. He had attempted suicide before, but his wife had stopped him. He gave no intimation of his intention. His body was found dead in his room with the empty vial and a farewell note to his family beside him. He leaves a wife and two children.

They Want a Frenchman.

FALL RIVER, Dec. 11.—The parishioners of Notre Dame de Lourdes church adopted resolutions yesterday against the appointment of Father Ferris as pastor, refusing to recognize him, questioning the authority of Bishop Hendricken to appoint him, and reserving the ground for a French Canadian priest. A delegation of Catholics have requested Father Ferris to leave, saying that they would not be responsible for anything that might happen to him.

Acknowledged His Guilt.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 11.—J. B. Manaix appeared before Judge Goebel, of the probate court, charged with embezzling about one of the funds of the estate of Archbishop Purcell. He acknowledged the charge to be true, and tendered his resignation as assignee, and turned over all the money in his hands. W. W. Kittredge what is remaining of the Purcell estate, including some of his private property. The whole amounts to $48,000.

For the Repose of His Soul.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The Church of St. John the Baptist, of which James Lynch, of Lexington avenue, was crowded with French Canadians this morning who followed to the requiem mass which was celebrated for Louis Bibil, the Canadian poet. Father Tetu conducted the services. A meeting of French Canadians will be held at the church next Sunday to take action regarding Riel's death.

Iron Men Resume Work.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 11.—The Lochiel Iron works, in this city, resumed operations this morning, after being idle over a year. One hundred men were put to work in the manufacture of shelp iron. In time, 400 men will be employed.

Justice After a Decade.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Dec. 11.—Adams, the Tennessee tramp, who was found guilty of murdering Officer Sheldon, of Hatfield, in 1875, has been sentenced to be hanged March 25, 1886.

SERVIANS AGAIN ADVANCE

BUT THE BULGARIANS REPULSE THEM WITH GREAT SLAUGHTER.

Prince Alexander in Command of His Army—He will Parley no More. Mr. Gladstone not Loyal to the Radicals.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The extension of forty-eight hours which Prince Alexander gave to King Milan in which to reply to the former's counter-proposal of peace expired at noon. The Servian king sent no reply to the Bulgarian terms, but defied all hands to the truce by renewing hostilities. Three bodies of Servian troops made simultaneous attacks upon the Bulgarian outposts at Izvor, St. Nicholas and Kirtcher. In each case the attacking party was repulsed with considerable slaughter.

The Servian army is now reckoned between 50,000 and the Timok river facing the Bulgarian army, which occupies a strongly entrenched position, stretching from Pirot to a point about ten miles to the northwest, with the left resting on Pirot. The conditions are favorable for a general engagement, and it is not improbable that fighting on a large scale will begin at day break.

Prince Alexander has ordered his troops in person, but King Milan has turned over the chief command of his army to Col. Horvatovitch. The Bulgarian prince says he will have no more parleying with the Servians until he has captured Nisch, when he will dictate terms of peace in that metropolis of southern Servia.

Gladstone and Chamberlain.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Home politics continue to furnish the chief speculation as to probable results and very little ground for definite prediction. One of the most significant developments of the situation, and one which promises to be the growing certainty that Mr. Gladstone did not feel himself bound in the elections just past to be loyal in all cases to his Radical adherents. In at least two instances he declared that he sincerely threw his influence on the side of Whig candidates as against Radicals urgently supported by Mr. Chamberlain. An instance of this is his letter to Morley, as a friend, complaining of Mr. Gladstone's action in this respect, is being handed around at the Reform club, and seems to presage internal dissensions in the Liberal ranks at no distant day. Mr. Gladstone's version of the matter is understood to be that, having honestly striven to secure the withdrawal of duplicate candidatures in more than one or two cases where in nomination, and having failed to secure such withdrawal, his duty was finished, and he was justified in supporting whichever one of the candidates was designated by him, to be most in accord with the Liberal party's principles.

Crazed by Religion.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 11.—A special to The Morning Herald from Seneca Falls, N. Y., says: Mrs. Catherine Murphy, studied a few miles south of Seneca Falls, was thrown into great excitement by the announcement of the death of Lott Schaw, aged about 28 years. Mrs. Murphy is distributed to religious excitement produced at a revival meeting held at the Methodist church at Canoga, on Sunday, Nov. 29. The projector of the meeting stated that he had a vision after midnight to accept religion, and the youth was finally carried home a raving maniac. Since then he has had spasms, in which he jumped into the air, shouting that he saw God and the angels. In one of these paroxysms he died. His parents are said to have been weak minded and the son inherited their defect. By unusual excitement produced at the meeting turned his already unbalanced brain and to that his death was probably due."

A Library for Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—Mrs. Julia Newberry, the widow of the late John L. Newberry, of this city, has given $2,500,000 to found and will Mr. Newberry provided that in case his daughters died without issue, as they did, at the death of his wife, his estate should be in Mrs. Julia Newberry's hands, and that the descendents of his own brothers and sisters and one-half to be applied to found a public library in the north division of Chicago. Mrs. Newberry has given $1,000,000, and $2,500,000 will now be available for the library. The other half of the estate to be distributed will enrich some forty heirs. Prominent among whom is Congressman John Newberry, of Detroit, Mich.

Was She Scuttled off Hatteras?

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—H. G. & F. B. Thurber & Co. have begun suit in the United States circuit court, Judge Cox, against the insurance company of North America, to recover $50,000 on account of the bark L. E. Cann, abandoned off Hatteras in April, 1882. Thurber & Co. want $55,000. This is what they think the cargo, consisting of Sisal hemp, would have realized to them from Mexico, is worth. The insurance company maintains that the bark was unseaworthy and was purposely wrecked. They argue that the bark was in bad condition, her boilers were found in the bow of the floating bulk of the bark four weeks after she had been abandoned. The case is still on.

Sullivan a Disciple of Bergh.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 11.—A special to The Morning Herald from Olean says: John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, has appeared before Justice Bergh, of Hinsdale, in connection with Lester & Allen's minstrels. During the afternoon a valuable pet dog belonging to Muldoon was severely maltreated by Sullivan and making complaint to Bergh, Sullivan and Muldoon captured the men, and held them until they were arrested by the officers. The men then caused the arrest of Sullivan and Muldoon, who were arraigned before Bergh. The latter were bailed in $600 to appear in court.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Crete has petitioned the powers for union with Greece.

Joseph Dion, the billiard player, who is confined in an insane asylum, is said to be improving.

Letters testamentary on the will of the late President Barrios, of the republic of Guatemala, have been granted in New York, where he died.

The crew of the Norwegian bark Nora, which became waterlogged at sea and was then abandoned and burned, have arrived in New York on board the British ship Corringa, which rescued them.

Baron de Montfort, better known as the man from Peru, has been released from the Tombs prison, New York, N. Y., prison for placing an infernal machine on the Salmon river bridge, on the Delaware and Hudson railroad, and fled.

Signor Tobia Bottini has brought suit in New York against Opera Manager Madison Col. Madison engaged him last year for the entire season, but discharged him after he had sung but once. Col. Madison claims he was incompetent.

The man named Kelly who recently gave himself up to the Dublin police, stating that he had burned a large amount of corn and other stuff, turns out to be Jos Smith, one of the Invincibles implicated in the Phoenix park murders, and who turned informer.

A BUTCHER'S TERRIBLE CRIME.

The Blood of the Murdered Victim Made Into Puddings and Sold.

ROME, Dec. 11.—The trial commenced here of a butcher named Tozzi, his wife, son and daughter, who are charged with the murder of one Poggi, also a butcher. The motive for the crime was trade jealousy and family disputes. Poggi was entrapped into Tozzi's cellar, the murder was committed. The body of Poggi was then cut into pieces and the remains were scattered in a suburban wood. The blood was boiled into black puddings, which were sold in Tozzi's shop. The son and daughter have confessed the story in connection with cold-blooded cynicism, which provoked a howl of fury, the audience yelling "Away with him to the scaffold!" In reply the murderer tauntingly exclaimed: "Here I am. What are to please." The terrible story has created intense excitement throughout the city.

WAS IT HIS FAULT?

Capt. O'Connell Charged With Criminal Carelessness.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—Capt. David O'Connell, of Hook and Ladder company No. 10, rests under indictment, the finding of a coroner's jury that the death of Edward Cudmore, the fireman killed at the Cribben, Sexton & Co. fire, was due to the captain's carelessness in ordering the men to the roof. Assistant Chief Murphy and Capt. O'Connell testified that they had received orders from Chief Swenie to keep the men back from the walls, which were in danger of falling, and that O'Connell swore that he gave the orders to the men. Capt. Greenhalgh, of Engine company No. 11, added that Capt. O'Connell did not communicate any such order to him. Lieut. Lloyd, of No. 11, testified that he heard no such order, and Lieut. Haberle, of No. 32, who was at a pipe, was sure of the same thing

MY LITTLE WIFE.

[Henry Austin.]

She isn't very pretty
No say her lady friends;
She's neither wise nor witty
With verbal odds and ends.

No dashing frenzies of fashion
Across her fancy rush;
She's never in a passion—
Except a brooder coos.

Her voice is low and cooing;
She listens more than speaks;
While others talk of doing,
The duty near she seeks.

It may be but to burnish
The silver'd friend's scanty plate,
Or but with bread to furnish
The beggar at the gate.

So I, who see what grosses
She sheds on lowly life,
To fashion's falsest fame
Prefer my little wife.

And, though at her with pity
The city dames may smile,
Who deem her badly pretty
And sadly out of style,

To me she seems a creature
So musically sweet,
I would not change one feature—
One curve from crown to feet.

And if I could be never
Her lover and her mate,
I think I'd be forever
The beggar at the gate.

PAULINE AND THE KING.

A Devout Missionary Who Was Willing to Make a Sacrifice.

[Arkansaw, Traveler.]

Some time ago the Rev. Mr. Crutchley, an American missionary, went, poor, unknown and lonely, went to the island of Krinkaloo. He soon had learned the simple language of the people, and was delighted with the attention he received from the natives. One day the good missionary said to his wife:

"Honey, we can not do too much for the people for the more we do for them the more they will prosper. And you know I am greatly desirous of making a good record over here. In view of this I have been thinking of something which, if accomplished, will please me very much, in spite of its failure."

"What is it, my dear?" his wife asked.

"It is with regard to our daughter, Pauline. At home, you know, she was far from being a belle—in fact, she never had an offer. Well, I want her to marry the king."

"But she has not the natural advantages."

"I know that, but our daughter would soon rule the palace."

"Have you spoke to Pauline?"

"Yes, and she consented."

"Well, I give my consent, but don't you think that I had better make the arrangements?"

"No, no. You may know how to manage an American affair, but it takes me to manage a king."

Several days after this the old king and his visiting, in the garden, the missionary joined him and said:

"You must be a happy man. But there is one thing you lack."

"What?"

"An American wife."

"Where can I get her."

"You must have my daughter Pauline."

"Humph!"

"I am in earnest."

"Well, bring her."

Pauline and the king were married. Two days later the missionary and his wife called on the king.

"By the way," said the missionary, "how do you like your new wife?"

"Good."

"Glad to hear it."

"But her jewelry,"

The missionary groaned, and his wife, fearful of displeasure, explained:

"I told you to let me manage that affair. But you did have me to do it." Then, with the kind old king, seeing the missionary's troubled state, sought to relieve him by remarking:

"Me still hungry. Me eat your wife, too."

The missionary hesitated a moment and then replied:

"No, thank you; not to-day, though I don't know how soon I may call upon you."

The missionary has been recalled.

THE STEWARDS OF GREAT WEALTH.

Daily Obituary and Daily Bequest—What Stanford Would Have Done.

[Chicago Interocean Reporter.]

Science was never pursued with more energy than at present. In this land, every other land is ransacked, plundered, that they may contribute to the encyclopedia, for the daily bequest. The Cornell University, founded twenty years ago, having cost to have been the wards of wealth which the million would have wanted. Here is Mr. Mord, the president of the Central Pacific railroad. He was a war governor of California in dark and perilous days. He seems to have had immense power, but it is commended that he was an unpopular man among his fellow-citizens. Criticism on his railroad and its management had subject of the form of immense bonding to himself and friends. He moved to New York. The death of his only son showed him the vanity of possessions. He has just given about $1,000,000, it is said, to found a university in California. Instanter the public spirit which had criticised him responded by commending not, and he was sent to the United States senate.

I was talking to a friend of Mr. Stanford the other day. He said: "If he had asked his son, he would probably have built the railroad from Constantinople to the Persian gulf, and left a fame of a promoter in the old continent greater than Napoleon's. It is said that he has spent until vines of old Europe. He had intended to take up this railroad with his experience as a financier and builder and create it for his son.

The road would have been about 1,500 miles long, passing through a country which has contained in the past as great cities as any in the world. It would have a great circuit for England, Denmark and Russia. Such a railroad would have made Europe one country, and very much like a state. A letter in old days before the rail canal was opened."

Ans 1: "Why has not Europe public spirit enough to build them railroads with rail-roads? It is only 1,500 miles from 3,000 miles distant, and out of a comparatively new country?"

"Say," said my friend, "it is not built because nobody can do any thing in Europe of a public nature that does not awaken the jealousy of half a dozen powers, each determined that no other shall get the start of it. And the first thing would be, Here they are waiting for a war between Russia and Austria many enough to start the railroad from Constantinople up to the other end of the nineteenth century. The whole nation over there is one of dynasties. The dynasties have intermarried with each other, and governors and governors on their heads, and the built of the people, both in Asia and in Europe, are brought into the service of a few. Look at the people living in their huts in their heads and straw hats, in rags of browns, on their heads and be digging away with the rest of the majesties."

The Birth of an Iceberg.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

The birth of a huge iceberg, a phenomenon that has been seen only once or twice by a European, and to a certain extent has remained a matter of theory, was observed by the Danish explorers on the east coast of Greenland last summer. The bergs are formed by breaking off from the out of glaciers stretching from the perpetual ice of the unexplored interior to the coast and into the sea. The water buoys up the sea end of the glacier until it breaks by its own weight with a noise that sounds like loud thunder miles away. The commotion of the water, as the iceberg turns over and over in the effort to attain its balance, is felt to a great distance along the coast.

The natives regard it as the work of evil spirits, and believe that to look upon the glacier in its throes is death. The Danish officers, when observing the breaking off of the end of the great glacier Puisortok through their telescopes, were roughly ordered by their Esquimaux escort, usually submissive enough, to follow their example and turn their backs on the interesting scene. They had happily completed their observations, and avoided an embarrassing conflict with their crew by a seeming compliance with the order.

AT LAST.

The bottom has been knocked out of Dry Goods in this city and the only ones who have done it and is still continuing it is the firm of

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold out, so as to enable us to rent the store and building. In consequence thereof we do offer to the public great and Special Inducements from day to day.

Silks & Satins.

The stock of Silks and Satins consists chiefly of odds and ends, also several remnants and we are selling them off at half their real value.

Tartlatanes and Swisses

We have reduced these goods from 25c to 12c and 14c a yard and have them in all colors. Also a line of **Nun's Vellings**. Ladies will find these goods very appropriate for making dolls dresses for the Holidays.

Laces in Cream and White we are selling out at a great sacrifice, (especially remnants.)

Closing out our entire 22 line plain and ribbed **Jersey Buttons** at 5 cents a dozen. Former price 10 cents.

Call in the morning to avoid the rush great rush in the afternoon.

BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

FOR
HOLIDAY GOODS
GO TO
MORALLER'S
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,
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GIFTS
AT SWAIN'S
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FREE OF COST,

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully R. J. BLAIR, 3 East Front street.

Clare's Jewelry Store
9 PARK AVENUE.
The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents
We have a full line of
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.
Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at reasonable

LOW PRICES.

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KINDLING WOOD.
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P. O. BOX 1327.

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THE
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Great Bargains this Week!
Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.98, Jersey Jackets, $2.50.
Mens Reefer Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.
Mens' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.
Hats, Hats, Hats!
Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 20c up.
Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in fur felt velvet from 47c up.
Children and boys' elegant caps, at velvet for plush cloth, some for 25
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.
Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, aigrets tips, 6c each.
A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or tips, latest style price 10 cents.
Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.
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Beautiful Surah silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.
A fine dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with wadd lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.50; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.
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Children's lace collars 5c up.
We open large counter with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles,
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of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above good are
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We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.
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in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest cost.
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CELEBRATED
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Ice Cream
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A. SWALM,
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No. 6 North Avenue.

THEATRICAL FAVORITES.

Interesting Personal Sketches of the Popular Actors of the Metropolis.

Special Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—There seems to be an almost morbid interest in the public mind concerning the private life and history of actors and actresses. While the average citizen receives with supreme indifference the information that this prominent lawyer is ill, or that that leading merchant has lost his wife, or that the other eminent painter has broken his arm, he gobbles up with avidity any particulars concerning Miss Charlotter or Mr. Sogers, who in their humble way contribuering to the successful scene reigning attraction at the theatres. Nor is it altogether unnatural. These people of the footlights and painted scenes, "these our actors"—are more than the lawyer, the clergyman or the artist contributors to the average citizen's enjoyment, and as a consequence the objects of his unabating interest and attention.

I am often amused, at the theatre, by remarks made and assertions hazarded concerning the people on the stage by my neighbors in the stalls who see in the actor or actress the magic circle of Bohemia, where actor and journalist meet and ask comrades. Some of the wildest tales are told and accepted as truth and become as to age and parentage which would surprise the innocent subjects upon the stage. There is a young woman now playing at the Lyceum theatre, that latest fashion of unfortunates, Miss Rehan, who is the subject of about as much gossip without doubt as any one in the country. Private

HELEN DAUVRAY.

Miss Helen Dauvray, besides being an actress of above the average ability, is a beautiful woman whose rich woman always attracts attention, much more so if she is young, pretty and clever. Miss Dauvray is all three. However, but few people seem to know much about her, and the lack of facts positive is filled in and made up by an abundance of fiction. She played last season at the Star theatre, and while she did not make a hit, she was not an absolute success. But she has money and pluck enough to persevere, and soon her return from Europe this fall she joined Lotta's company, and appeared in Bronson Howard's "One of Our Girls." I refrain from expressing an opinion upon the quality of the play. Miss Dauvray plays the leading role in it, and makes as much of it that is possible out of a not altogether sympathetic part.

Helen Dauvray is a child of the stage. She was born in Cincinnati in 1858 and when but two went to California by her parents, when a little over a year old. There she was only 7 she made her appearance as a child actress, and dancing, as Lotta had done before her, in the mining towns along the Sacramento valley. She won the hearts of the miners, and soon became a lovingly famous little child of the California Diamond. She made considerable money in this way, and before she went to Australia, about eleven years ago, she invested her money in stocks of the Comstock lode. She returned to find herself a rich woman, worth nearly half a million, and she determined to star. She came east and put herself under the management of Mr. Edgar Selby, and is adding to her fortune day by day.

Miss Dauvray is a bright and clever talker upon almost any subject, and is a great admirer of art in every channel through which it can be expressed. Her house on Park avenue is filled with beautiful pictures and rare and costly bric-a-brac.

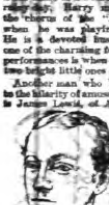
Pretty nearly everybody knows that Henry E. Dixey, the famous Adonis, began his career of amusing the public as the hind legs of the heifer in "Evangeline." Dixey knew equally well that he had made with "Adonis" the longest run ever seen on the New York stage. Dixey is a natural born mimic. There never lived a man or woman that he could not imitate and do it better than the original. His imitation of Irving is probably the most wonderful thing of the kind ever seen on the stage. I remember one evening sitting in front of a young woman at the Star theatre when Irving was playing Hamlet, and

HENRY E. DIXEY.

When the great English actor made his first entrance she turned to her escort and gasped in surprise: "Am I the Queen's Head?"

That was the best double-barreled criticism I ever heard. Dixey is a better Irving than Irving himself, because he is more graceful. He can be as weird if he tries. He is as handsome as a young Apollo and as sunny as a summer day, one of the best story tellers, the freshest companions and most charming gentlemen who honors the footlights by his presence. A book could be made of Harry Dixey's stories. I have heard it said that he has "the big head," in other words, that he is infected by his success, but after a pretty intimate personal acquaintance I have failed to discover it. It would be remarkable if a young man who is drawing a thousand dollars a week were not a little elated by it, but Dixey never shows it. He has lately had his life insured for $50,000, and is putting away a fair share of his earnings for his proverbial rainy day. Harry married a young lady in the chorus of the "Evangeline" company, when he was playing the famous heifer. He is a devoted husband and father, and one of the charming features of his matinee performances is when he introduces his own two bright little ones on the stage.

Another favorite who has contributed much to the hilarity of amusement-loving New York is James Lewis, of Augustine Daly's company of comedians.



JAMES LEWIS.

Nobody knows how old Mr. Lewis is. He says he was born in 1920, in Troy, N. Y., which would make him 47 years old, but when he plays the Apothecary in "The Passing Regiment" we are all willing to swear that he is not over 30, while in "The Magistrate" we all know that he is over 50. In private life he is a funny little gentleman, with always a kind word or a good story on the tip of his tongue. He is a favorite with all of Mr. Daly's company as probably the most unassuming and accomplished comedian

NOTICE
Is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of Mary Ann Hall, late of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are required to exhibit the same under oath or affirmation within nine months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are required to make payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 11th day of December, A. D. 1885.
ELIZABETH HALL,
Executor.
Peter Wilson, Proctor.
6-12-6w

"I don't want to go. I know the English will never like me. They won't stand my slang."

They did stand his slang, and London followed the example of New York, and went into convulsions of laughter over the humor of one of modern male comedians.

Lotta, which has given many good things to America, was the mother country of Ada Rehan. She was born in Limerick in 1859, and came to America in 1861. Her real name

ADA REHAN.

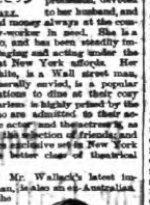
is Crehan, which however is more familiar to the lovers of good acting both in England and America, was taken through a mistake on the part of a program printed in Philadelphia. The first time I saw Miss Rehan was in Augustin Daly's opera house, in Albany, in 1877. Booth was playing Hamlet, and a tall, not over graceful young woman was the Ophelia. The moment she spoke she was fascinated, and I firmly believe that it is to her rare voice that a great measure of her success is due. It is rich, clear and with a certain caressing quality in it which one can hardly describe but which can be felt. In appearance Miss Rehan is tall, graceful and attractive. She has a magnetic smile and the most charming method of acknowledging applause. Joined a young girls, which Mr. Daly delights in making the central figures of his plays. She has had many offers to star, but prefers the solid reputation of being the leading lady of the comedy company in the world to the worry and risks of stellar ventures.

Miss Pauline Hall is another star in the Castle Garden galaxy. She is a beautiful woman, and the object of adoration of the men who loafest the front rows. She is plump, graceful and fashion in figure with a pair of big brown eyes which would make an anchorite forswear his vows. Pauline, or "Polly" as her friends call her, has worked her way up from the chorus. Nice appearing. If I am not mistaken, in "Adonis," under the management of Mr. E. E. Rice, a man who has discovered more pretty women than any other man connected with theatrical work. Polly was given the part of Chloe,

PAULINE HALL.

with her time and money always at the command of a fellow who was in need. She is a hard worker, too, and has been steadily improving in her singing and acting under the best masters that New York affords. Her husband, Mr. Wm. H. Wilt, is a well-known man, and, though generally envied, is a popular man, and invitations to dine at their cozy little home in Harlem is highly prized by the favored few who are admitted to their acquaintance. The actor and the actress is, as a rule, careful in his selection of friends, and there is no more desirable one in New York society than the better class of theatrical people.

Kyrle Bellew, Mr. Wallack's latest imported leading man, is also an old Australian. He is the son of the late Rev. Mr. Bellew, who made a name for himself as a pulpit orator in the United States, giving a series of recitations and readings. Kyrle was a clerk in a gentleman's furnishing goods store in Melbourne when he was taken with the fever to go on the stage. He joined an amateur dramatic society. But his genius demanded a wider field. He scanned notices and sneaked and pestered for the look and humble. He got it. He joined a traveling troupe there. After various vicissitudes he obtained a firm foothold in London and remained there a favorite until he came to this country with Mr. Wallack. Mr. Bellew is an actor of more than ordinary ability and conceit and rather good looking, too, barring a certain eccentricity in his legs, which compel him to jump like a frog when he gets out with a circular saw and makes him resemble a pair of calipers. He has put Mr. Wallack on unpleasantly overshadowed. Miss Sophie Eyre was engaged for leading parts this season and Mr. Bellew absolutely refuses to play with her on the ground that she is too large and overpowering in appearance on the stage. So much for having a petted actor in a company.



KYRLE BELLEW.

It is somewhat difficult to determine whether Miss Fanny Davenport or Mr. E. H. Sothern is the real star of "Prince." It is said that Miss Davenport stopped giving

E. H. SOTHERN.

Wednesday matinees because her self-sacrificing husband was receiving more than what she considered his due. Perhaps Mr. Sothern finds the too susceptible young ladies who so largely form our matinee audiences, which fall off considerably when he is not announced, as of course

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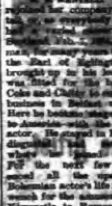

FANNY DAVENPORT.

[illegible] Mr. Sothern's [illegible] Mr. Sothern [illegible] Mr. Sothern [illegible] Mr. Sothern

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No. 166 PLAINFIELD, N. J. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1885 Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

A COUPLE or small family can obtain a cool room with a lady at a very moderate rate. Address Box 1197. 12-3

A NURSE by an experienced elderly woman. Can take entire charge of an infant; personal references. Address Emma Gosney, Post office.

BOY WANTED at the Store.

WANTED—To purchase, small house and lot in or near Plainfield; must be cheap for cash. Address, with particulars, price and terms N. U. Box 2, New York.

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale on account of illness of proprietor; formerly the Shady Tree Inn, Bound Brook; doing a good business. Apply to Wm. C. Hosford, real estate broker, 31 and 32 up Standard Building.

LOST—A valuable scarf pin, on Park avenue or Somerset street yesterday. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same. Address J. A. M., care of Evening News. 12-3

WANTED—An active man to travel in this and adjoining States; salary $75 per month and expenses. Address H. W. S., Evening News. 12-4

WANTED—A stationary, also chamber girl. Apply at 12-4

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on North avenue near Second Plainfield. Inquire of Mrs. Hannah Stevens, Plainfield. Heated throughout by steam. Contains 14 rooms. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station.

FOR SALE—Second-hand depot wagon, Rockaway, Kimball Top Buggy, etc. The above are in first-class order and for sale cheap for cash. W. H. French & Co. 12-3

GREAT BARGAIN—The John E. Everett 10-room house, corner Park avenue and Somerset street. Apply to F. C. Mayhew, Real Estate Broker, Plainfield, or opposite premises. 12-3

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rate. Centrally located. Address Plainfield, care Evening News. 12-3

WANTED—Gentlemen and ladies to board for the winter; one choice room for gentleman; room to a private gentleman, very desirable location. Five minutes walk to depot. Address P. O. Box 1197. 12-3

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms. Apply to Mrs. F. Dunn, 24 West Front St. 12-3

TO LET—Furnished rooms, for gentleman only. Apply to Mrs. F. Dunn, 24 West Front St. 12-3

Special Notices.

TWO NEW HOUSES for sale or to let. One South street, near Putnam avenue, with all modern improvements; one on 19th street, near Liberty avenue. Inquire of Charles H. Hand, corner Fifth and Liberty streets, or at J. T. Vail's real estate office. 12-5-10

W. H. LUDLOW, No. 13 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds taken to be repaired or painted. Refers by permission to Enfield & Jackson, Somerset street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices low. Orders left at Mr. L. M. French's, 24 and 26 East Front street, will be added to all the above. Estimates given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1498. 12-3-3m

WANTED.

A responsible man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a $5 Standard Chemical Incandescent Lamp. We require no previous experience, but if letter be satisfactory, will send sample lamp on receipt of $1.00. For further information, address, stating age, occupation, etc., Patent, Box G, Bound Brook, N. J. 12-12-3m

CALL AND GET PRICES

At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Cards, 4 cents per pair, Collars, 2 cents. 12-7-1m

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,

Peace street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises. 10-7-3m

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals at short notice at the lowest styles of art. Near A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue entrance. Tony Lory.

LIBERTY SMITH,

Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Settees, Cemetery Work, Boat Rods, Divers, Starters, Glass Coatings, Coatings for Rust, Rain, Awning Frames, Tool Sharpener, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 73 New street, E. C. avenue, Monarch, N. J. 9-23-6m

MUSIC.

J. P. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, will furnish Concerts, Receptions, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 11-26

Professional Cards.

DR. ANDREW MANNING,

Office hours before 9 a. m. and from one to three and after 6 p. m. 12-11-3p

J. A. BARLEY, P. E. & L. S.,

Architect, Box 49 East Front street, Plainfield. 12-28 F.

EARL & JACQUES

Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 31 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Plans, Specifications, Estimates and general Engineering work. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

F. D. ARMSTRONG,

Park avenue, Council's Building, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twenty years' experience in city surveying in Plainfield he is prepared to do anything in his line with promptness. 9-29-6m

DR. CHAS. S. THIERS, DENTIST,

No. 21 West Front street. Crown work as a specialty. Gas administered. Good fitting a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,

Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal matters and conventions a specialty. Dictation given to Stenotyped given; Dictation taken. Typewriting done in a thorough manner. Agent for the Celebrated Remington Typewriter. Office, Council's Building, Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MASON,

Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property; has choice lots for sale in different parts of the city.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,

Office and residence Front. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 5-30-6m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,

Physician and Electrician, corner Second and Washington street. Office hours till 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. Specialty of women's complaints.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public, Commissioners Charles Public, Office corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Money to loan. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,

Counsellors at Law, Solicitors, Notaries, Bonnell's Block, Boonton, N. J. Office, Somerville, N. J. W. M. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,

No. 19 East Front street, over Gilbert's Market, Plainfield, N. J. Residence 104 East Second street. Gas administered. Office hours from 9 till 5.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,

Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.50 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.35, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 8.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS

CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9.45 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Mail for Dunellen closes at 3.00 p. m. and closes at 7.15 p. m. Saturdays closes at 5 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to accommodate lock boxes.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Close at 4.30 p. m. Open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding day of last year, as kept at the drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
8 a. m.	27	8 a. m.	35
2 p. m.	31	2 p. m.	35
10 p. m.	31	10 p. m.	34
5 p. m.	32	5 p. m.	36

Miniature Almanac.

1885	1884
Sunrise.....7.16 a.m.	Sunrise.....7.14 a. m.
Sun Sets.....4.32 p. m.	Sun Sets.....4.34 p. m.
Moon Rises 10.25 p. m.	Moon Rises..7.36 p. m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be warmer and generally fair.

COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

JOTTINGS.

—Buchanan Brothers' bargains bring buyers to-day, beautiful, bewildered by Buchanan Brothers' bargains.

—As a sign of prosperity Schwed Brothers' new sign by Miles takes attention, and one must go to Miles to see one as handsome.

—Now is the time to show your local love. Patronize local merchants generally, our advertisers particularly, and encourage dealers.

—About two weeks ago Levi Sutton of East Front, ran a nail into his foot. He has been unable to do any work since, but expects to be able to be around again by Monday.

—"Try Dobbin's Cigars" is the symbolic words of an advertisement among our local locals from an old Plainfielder to the smoker, and he says they who try once, try again.

—The friends of Rev. W. C. Wilson, pastor of the Mount Horeb Methodist church, will give a donation visit to that gentleman's next Wednesday evening in the social rooms of the church.

—Dodd yesterday levied on the goods and chattels of R. Young Butler to satisfy a judgment rendered by Justice Nash for $21 debt and $2.90 costs, in the case of Clark vs. Butler.

—One young lady is reported to have returned by contribution five barrels of flour to be disposed of at the grand bazaar in the *Park Avenue Baptist Church* next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

—Lawyer Richard Merritt's friends are urging him to be a candidate for City Clerk. Other aspirants for the office are appearing. "The old man eloquent," however, has the inside track. Judge Wadsworth is the probable man.

—Ritell is on deck again. Shingle the sailor carried the old man of the sea on his back, but Ritell carries a large stock of Christmas presents in his store, for people to carry to their homes, upon payment of a small trifle.

—On Thursday evening a West Second street man got drunk and then went home and shamed himself by ill-treating his wife. The screams of his children aroused the neighbors. The woman refused to make a complaint against him.

—When a play runs through six acts, consuming over three hours of time, and the curtain drops upon an unfired audience, visibly anxious for more, and capable of sitting till midnight, the value of that play is apparent. Siberia makes just such a claim upon public interest.

—Some person or persons with nothing better to do, on Thursday evening plastered the front door of Mr. Lloyd's house on West Second street with mud. The girl employed in the house washed the mud from the door, but it was not destined to be clean long. Yesterday morning the door was found plastered again.

—Take some rope when you go to Pope's; Pope's, Pope's Brothers. For you'll need it to tie up the bundles you'll have to buy, for presents for kindred and others. The second stanza of this beautiful "poem," taken by a special artist on the spot, is contained in Pope Brothers's advertisement, the third stanza in their store, now filled with useful and ornamental articles.

—Fireman Batcher is reported to-day to be improving. It appears that his head was caught between the seat of the truck he was driving and cross beam of the shed on the Berry property on West Front street, at the rear and adjoining the Music Hall. Further investigation showed that the scenery the fireman was wending his way through escaped damage through their promptness.

—The marriage of Edward Mandeville of Rahway, a well-known traveling printer to Miss Mary Costello, is announced by the Elizabeth papers as having taken place in that city on Saturday night, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Father Pena. It is hoped that Ed. will now settle down and cease his wandering and unsteady life. Ed. was a frequent visitor to this city. His brother is foreman of the Elizabeth Journal.

BOLOGNA HALL.

The Birthplace of Wm. H. Vanderbilt.

[From the New Brunswick Home News.]

On the lower end of the east side of Burnet street, near the Steamboat Dock, stands a very large three-story frame house, looking like many of ago, but still in very fair condition. This is the house in which the late Wm. H. Vanderbilt was born in 1821, while the family resided there. Waterfield, as there a tavern known as "Bologna Hall." It is now occupied by Miles T. Bennett as a dwelling, and has undergone repairs, but is somewhat reduced in size, although it still contains between 20 and 30 rooms.

Many of the present and older citizens who have a vivid recollection of Commodore Vanderbilt's numerous wives, but only one as the mother of Wm. H., Cornelius, Jr., and other well remembers Jane Crien, or distinctly the date of his birth, though of these facts all, of course, are aware of the Commodore's children were born here.

Mr. Martin A. Bennett, who has a lively recollection of the old Commodore and his family here, when he was a young and struggling man, says:

"Mr. H. Vanderbilt's father, Cornelius, came here about 1815 or 1816, peddling shad from a thirty ton periagua in which he brought them up the river. He sold them for $5 per hundred, and he would send word out to the farmers of all the country around what day he would be here, and they would lay in their supply to salt down, for shad then held the same place in the domestic economy that the smoked ham does now.

"Then he brought his family here and lived in the house he built after Mr. Bennett resided now, and his wife kept a tavern known as 'Bologna Hall,' while he ran the little steamboat 'Bologna,' carrying the passengers to and from New York in connection with the Union Line Stages, which made the trip from Philadelphia to New York in a day and a half.

"Mrs. Vanderbilt, the mother of William H., managed the tavern, and did so ably that she got up and organized the boat. She made more money with her hotel than he did with his boat, for it was in the days that still lives and that he got his first great start toward wealth. The Union Stage line and the steamboat 'Bologna' were competitors for the great mail in the United States Court by which the monopoly over the waters of the Hudson was kept valid by the Livingstons, was broken up.

"Cornelius Vanderbilt was a man of great energy, and pushed his enterprises with commendable persistence. Some years ago I met the old Commodore in New York and he said to me:

"'Why, Mr. Howell, you are getting round shoulders!'

"'Yes, I suppose I am,' I replied; but do you know what caused my shoulders to stoop?'

"'I can't say that I do,' said the old man.

"'Tell you what it was Commodore. It was your trying to better and keep on my shoulders to your wife, when she kept Bologna Hall, that made me round shouldered.'

"When he came here Cornelius Vanderbilt was a young man, not more than 21 or 22 years of age, and he lived here about 20 years, or perhaps a little more. He left here, but I don't recollect him as growing up here. I think he was sent away to school. There were several other children born here.

Mr. Joseph Fisher, Sr., distinctly recollects the residence of the Vanderbilts here. He says:

"Wm. H. and, I think, all the Commodore's children were born here. I do not recollect Wm. H., but I can recollect his eldest sister, who took a fancy to Catherine Bennett street in her cloak and rubber boots, on her way up town to school. She was grown to womanhood while living at the keyboard at 'Bologna Hall.' She was a very lively, energetic woman, and did a good business.

"Upon great occasions, I have seen fifty or 100 stages come down Livingston avenue, which they would unharness, and which they would deposit at 'Bologna Hall' for supper and lodging, for which they paid it. I don't think that Cornelius ever owned the Bologna Hall building, where Mr. H. V. Bennett now lives. After he left the hotel his brother-in-law Capt. Van Pelt kept tavern there. I think that Wm. H. Vanderbilt and all his brothers and sisters were born in that house.

Mr. H. M. Price—"I recollect well when Mrs. Vanderbilt lived here, and I went to school with Wm. H. and the other children. I think that Wm. H. was born in 1821. The family when they came here first lived in the old brick house on Burnet street at the foot of New, the first house above Robb's lumber yard. They moved from there to 'Bologna Hall.' Wm. H. Vanderbilt was about 12 years old when he left this city. The Commodore moved away from here in 1833 or 1834, about the time the Camden and Amboy Railroad was opened."

Arrested for Selling Liquor on Sunday.

On complaint of Chief Dodd, Officer Lynch yesterday afternoon arrested Hugh Conway and locked him up over the corner of Third and Liberty streets, for violating Section 13 of an ordinance, entitled, "An ordinance to license inns and taverns and regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors," O'Donnell's brother was also arrested on the same charge. The complaint alleges that O'Donnell sold spirituous and fermented liquor on Sunday, Dec. 6, to a number of young men, who are to appear as witnesses against him if necessary. O'Donnell and his brother were arraigned before City Judge Urich yesterday afternoon and pleaded not guilty. The Judge held them each in $100 bail to appear for trial in the city court room Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. They furnished the necessary bail.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. V. W. Nash is slowly recovering from her illness and her friends expect to see her convalescent in a short time.

William Mumford, son of Foreman Mumford of Zephyr Hook and Ladder Co., has so far recovered from his serious illness as to able to be around again.

"Coo coo, papa," is what John Carney thinks his sixteen-pounder born Thursday is trying to say. John wishes to beckon the happiest of dads, and Carney Brothers are sure of an heir.

Many friends regret to learn that Mrs. H. M. French, V. P. of the W. C. T. U., has been confined to her room for over a week by a severe attack of rheumatism. She is improving slowly and hopes soon to be out of doors again.

Services To-morrow.

Rev. Mr. Cleaver, ex-Mayor Mason and Captain Ostrom will address the Reform Club meeting to-morrow evening.

Rev. Asa B. Dills, pastor, will preach in the Park Avenue Baptist church in the morning at 10.45 and in the evening at 7.45.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

(Continued.)

Rev. Mr. Love will preach at Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening at 7.30.

There will be a meeting of the managers of the Ladies' Auxiliary in the parlor on Monday next at 3.30 p. m. All the ladies are urged to be present.

Messrs. J. A. Robinson and H. J. Runyon will have charge of Washingtonville during December, while Mr. E. L. Sutton will conduct the work at Mt. Pleasant.

All young men desiring to join a class in vocal music, who have not spoken to the Musical Director, are requested to hand their names to him as soon as possible.

All men are cordially invited to attend the Young Men's Social Religious Meeting which on Saturday evening from eight to nine o'clock, will be conducted for this evening's meeting a Bible Study.

Next Friday afternoon the Junior Society will give a reception to their friends in the hall of the Association. The interesting program has been arranged by the boys, and all interested in the good work are invited to be present.

The attention of Sunday School teachers and all others interested in the international lessons is again called to the class for the study of the lessons, held every Thursday afternoon from 4.30 to 5.30 o'clock in the Association Hall. Although the attendance has been good there is still room for many more and it is hoped others will avail themselves of this opportunity.

The Library Committee at a recent meeting added to the list of the Herald and Sunday School Times to the reading room; also the following new books were added to the library: "Life of Christ in Old and New Testament," by Wm. Smith, LL.D.; "Study of the Bible," by Samuel Green; "The Law of the Spiritual World," by Henry Drummond; "In His Name," by E. E. Hale; "Boots and Shoes," by Mrs. Whitney; "Sunshine Jake," by Wm. Black; Gen Grant's book, G. G. Blaine's, a number of R. P. Hoe's and others will be here soon as possible.

The following are the statistics for the month ending Nov. 30:

	No. of Meetings.	Average Attendance.	Total.
Directors'	1	11	11
Young Men's Devotional	6	24	146
Bible Training Class	3	10	30
Thurs. Aft. Bible Class	4	76	304
Mt. Pleasant Service	2	52	104
Washingtonville "	1	26	26
" S. S.	5	34	171
Boys' Tech Study Soc.,	4	62	248
" Gym.	4	49	197
Visitors at Reading and game rooms,			2,049
			3,290
Books drawn			300
Class in reading, writing, etc.,	4	8	32

As will be seen from the above statistics, the work of the Association is increasing. The religious services have been well attended, while the number of readers, etc., is larger than ever before. The game room is a favorite with checkers, etc., and has also been in demand.

The Tickets Were Gone.

William Snell, a young man who stops at a boarding house on West Front street, purchased two reserved seats tickets for the entertainment given at Music Hall, Thursday evening, and put them in the pocket of a vest which he left hanging in his room. On Thursday evening he went to get the tickets, but they were missing, and he thereupon notified Special Officer Dodd of the fact, and asked him to see who occupied the seats. The officer watched, but in vain, as the seats remained unoccupied all the evening.

—The holidays are rapidly approaching and the question: "Where shall I buy my Christmas presents," is being asked by a great many persons. A good place to buy them is at the fair in the auditorium part of the Park Avenue Baptist Church next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. A large display of all kinds of useful and fancy articles will be offered for sale. There will be no lotteries or games of chance of any kind, but everything will be conducted in a full, legitimate and unquestionable manner. Supper on the European plan will be served both evenings from six to nine o'clock and refreshments may be obtained at any time.

—Oliot Granjouest, the murderer of Ann Dunn at Piscataway, in November, was photographed at the county jail in New Brunswick yesterday by Alderman Frank Dunn. To the photographer he remarked that he had never had a chance to send his counterpart to his Swedish relatives before and would avail himself of that opportunity at once. He is to be tried on Monday and his counsel, Howard McSherry, will set up a plea of irresponsibility, laying claim that Granjouest is insane and was so at the time of the murder.

—John C. Garretson, one of the most honored and respected citizens of Somerville, died at his residence in the southern part of the town on Tuesday night. He was nearly eighty years of age, and was familiarly known as Judge Garretson, having served a term on the Somerset Bench some years ago. The funeral took place this afternoon at three o'clock, at his late residence.

—Michael Hall, trustman on the Philadelphia and Reading freight train, had his right hand crushed early Thursday morning while coupling cars in the Bound Brook yard. Dr. Fisher dressed the wound, and it is feared that one finger will have to be taken off. Hall lives at Jersey City, and he went to St. Michael's Hospital, at Newark.—*Corvinite.*

—The "Three Black Crows," as they call themselves, appeared at the Casino last night for the first time. Mr. Burnell as a contortion skater was a success, while Batcheler as a leaper fully sustained the high reputation he acquired with P. T. Barnum's circus. They will appear again to-night.

—The Annual Convention of the New Jersey Black W. C. T. U. will be held next Fall in Plainfield, in Reform Hall, and some 300 delegates are expected to be present to plan and devise measures for the good of the organization. Mrs. S. J. C. Downs of Asbury Park will preside.

The Best Portrait of Frelinghuysen.

The best portrait of the late Secretary Frelinghuysen extant is a photograph taken by one of his secretaries while Mr. Frelinghuysen was at his country house in Somerset county, on the banks of the Raritan river. The subject is seated on the broad veranda of his house. He is leaning back in a broad wicker chair, with a wide-brimmed farm-hat upon his knee.

The countenance is open and cordial, and has that peculiar quizzical look which was natural to it when his mind was free from worries and he had a power for some of the propagators about him. Mr. Frelinghuysen's affection for the Raritan farm was exceedingly strong, and he spent most of his *last days there.* Although he was, of course, unable to give it much personal attention, the farm was successful and even profitable. His horses were usually raised there, and he made his stables a source of pleasure and profit as well. For these were more liberal in expenditure, but he was *the last to waste.*

New Jersey Brothers Elect Officers.

Gottfried Kruger presided at the annual meeting of the New Jersey Beer Bottler's Protective Association at the Academy of Music, Newark, *Thursday night.* The officers elected for the coming year were: Gottfried Kruger, President; Jacob Ranzling, Secretary; William C. Patterson, Vice President; Otto Brandt, Treasurer. During the past year the following new members were admitted: Theron S. Burke, H. F. Simon, *Michael Rosky* and J. A. Conckwright, Jersey City; Messrs. John Maberer, George W. Weidenmayer and Otto Pott, Newark; Frederick Block, Carlstadt; Charles Weber, Collinsville; High O'Donnell, Plainfield; Peter Breish, Elizabeth; Margaret Donnelly, Rahway; Charles Jolly, Camden. William A. Benson was retained as chief detective agent of the association.

Articles For No. 2's Fair.

A number of handsome articles, among them a gold and silver watch, a perambulator, *two hand-paintings,* a counterpane and numerous other articles are displayed in the window of Bourne's shoe store for Engine Co. No. 2's fair. The fair will open in Cutter's Hall next Wednesday evening and continue throughout the week.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

Joseph R. Connely has been confined to his house for the three weeks, but is able once more to be out.

The Town Committee have issued their proclamation against dogs running at large after January next. Dogs properly muzzled, to take effect immediately.

Wilkie, our news man, is the first to make a display of holiday goods. The children crowd around the window and look with admiration on his large stock of goods.

S. B. Day and his brother, Erastus, started yesterday for a trip to Virginia. They also go to Washington next March, at least for the purpose of trapping and hunting.

The oldest folks held a ball and cake walk on Friday evening last week, which, for the benefit and under the control of our popular townsman, John W. Nelson. His colored friends came well prepared to aid him, and John is happy.

STATE NOTES.

Burlington County will appeal from the decision of the supreme court in favor of Atlantic county, on the disputed question of boundary between the two counties.

On February 1 a dividend of ten per cent. on the notes, and two and one-half per cent. on the old account, will be paid by Receiver Wilkinson of the Newark Savings Institution.

John MacLean of New Jersey, was Wednesday appointed a member of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institute and National Museum in Washington, by the Senate.

John Boyd, age nine, son of a prominent Democratic politician in Jersey City, stole $50 from his mother on Tuesday. He was captured late that night after he had spent $35. His mother claimed to make a charge against him and he was discharged.

Commissions were issued Wednesday to the following named Justices of the Peace: Stephen T. Coleman, at Ocean View, Cape May County; James H. Peterson, at South River, Middlesex county, and Charles H. M. Angel, at Stillwater, Sussex county.

State School Superintendent Chapman and the trustees of the State Institute for deaf mutes at Trenton, after a tour of inspection in Philadelphia last week, have decided that industrial education should be introduced into the school, and will endeavor to secure action from the Legislature to carry out their views.

The Passaic Reform Club, having declared that the only liquor selling in that city was due to the action of the Catholic saloonkeepers, Father Sheppard called twenty-three such liquor dealers before after service on Sunday, and got them to sign an agreement to close on Sundays, if the nineteen saloon-keepers of other denominations would.

The following it is stated are some of the prices paid per acre for farms within a few hours' run on the Jersey shore: Hamburg Mountain Co., $50,667; North American Land Co., $54,000; Hamburg Township Co., $53,333; Pennsylvania Railroad for land at the foot of First and Morris streets, Jersey City, $50,000; the same, Newark, $40,000; The Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad, for the foot of 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th streets, Jersey City, $50,000 per acre, or nearly $1,000,000 for the plot.

At Hackensack, Wednesday, Chapman Degrauf recovered from the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad $3,700 for the loss of his right leg. The testimony showed that in December, 1884, Degrauf left a train on the above road at Paterson, and while crossing the railroad track he was struck by a train going south and thrown down so that the left leg of the latter passed over his right leg. William M. Johnson and Garrison Cortelyou, Jr., appeared for DeGrauf; Garrabrandt and Bedle, Jr., for the company on behalf of the railroad. The jury were only out fifteen minutes.

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Terms moderate. Address P. O. Box 1287.

ART SCHOOL,

Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Decorative Work. Also, Painting on Porcelain and Tiles. For terms call at Studio, No. 5 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Miss E. Moore. 12-4-6m

MUSIC HALL

THURSDAY, DEC. 17 TH.

SIBERIA!

A Monumatic Play in six Acts and Seven Tableaux BY HARTLEY CAMPBELL!!!

Tickets now on sale

T. F. HAZELL,

Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Night reading a specialty. Home and visiting. 37 Door street, North Plainfield. 12-10-6m

MISS ALICE SMITH,

Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 56 West Second street, corner New.

MISS M. A. BARIGHT

Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1284.

ELOCUTION

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1284.

NOTICE.

The finest and most desirable line of fancy goods that have probably ever been offered in this city, is that now displayed for the demands of *Holiday trade,* at Elsall's. Christmas presents for all ages and both sexes are set forth in great variety at prices as low as possible.—Constitutionalist.

EDSALL'S.

A GRAND

BAZAAR

In the Chapel of the

Park Avenue BAPTIST CHURCH,

under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society

Tuesday and Wednesday Ev'ngs,

and Wednesday afternoon,

December 15 and 16.

A large and varied assortment of Useful and Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., will be offered for sale. SUPPER will be served on the European Plan to-b Evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

TO-NIGHT

THE

3 Rink Meteors

AT THE

Casino

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS

AT SWAIN'S

20 West Front Street.

The most commodious and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photogravures, Artists' Materials and Studies, Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

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HOLIDAY GOODS

GO TO

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WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

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FINE CARRIAGES

ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

LEATHER GOODS,

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books, Letter Cases, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases, Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

First Grand Concert of the Plainfield Conservatory of Music.

To be held in the Park Avenue Baptist Church, Monday evening, Dec. 21, 1885, at 8 o'clock.

PROGRAM.

PART I.

1. Piano Solo, "The Last Idea of Weber,"...Cramer
Miss Tessie Dowling.
2. Vocal Solo (Oh nita sara tardo)....Mozart
Miss Matilda Kohler.
3. Reading.....H. Edgar Mason, Esq.
4. Tenor Solo, "If with all Your Hearts" Elijah
Mr. Henry Thompson.
5. Piano Solo { Mendelssohn
Waltz } Schubert
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
6. Soprano Solo, "Margarita"....Bischoff
Miss Martha D. Jones.
7. Reading, "Toby a Monument"....
Mr. H. Edgar Mason.
8. Contralto Solo, "I'se Predestin"....Campana
Miss C. Joyce.

PART II.

1. Piano Solo, "The Harp That Once, etc."....Pape
Miss Carrie E. Joyce.
2. Vocal Solo, Selected.....
Miss Matilda Kohler.
3. Reading, "Listener Nightmare"....Twain
Mr. H. Edgar Mason.
4. Tenor Solo, "Cavatina"....Tosti
Mr. Charles E. Joyce.
5. Piano Solo, "The Dew"....Weber
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
6. Tenor Solo, "Sleepers Awake"....Mozart
Mr. Henry Thompson.
7. Soprano Solo, "Cavatina"....Meyerbeer
Miss Maria B. Jones.
8. Reading.....H. Edgar Mason, Esq.
9. Duette.....Misses Jones and Joyce.

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER. Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.42, 6.52, 7.02, 7.32, 7.50, 8.01, 8.40, 9.03, 9.30, 10.03, 10.37, 11.08 a. m.; 12.03, 1.21, 3.25, 3.57, 5.51, 5.53, 6.56, 6.58, 7.01, 7.32, 8.41, 9.43, 11.26 p. m. Sunday, 3.27, 5.42, 6.52, 7.32, 8.40, 9.03, 9.30 a. m.; 1.57, 3.31, 5.53, 7.01, 7.30, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty Street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.35, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.30 p. m. Sunday at 4.00, 6.00, 8.45 a. m.; 12.00 m.; 2.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 9.30, 12.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 12.10, 4.40 p. m.; 5.30, 7.10, 8.15 p. m.

Through cars for the west. Change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.56, 9.37, 11.45, 1.44, 3.54, 5.04, 6.05, 7.05, 8.04, 9.31, 11.06 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 8.46 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.32, 8.10, 8.25, 10.15 a. m.; 12.55, 2.00, 3.00, 4.25, 5.25, 6.25, 7.25, 9.05, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 11.30 a. m.; 1.55, 5.05, 8.50 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 2.05, 3.30, 5.04, 6.05, 7.05, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m.; 6.48 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.17 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 5.45, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

7.58 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton Pine Grove, Shamokin, etc.

9.27 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Andover, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton, etc.

1.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

5.04 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Driftion, Pittsburgh, Scranton, etc.

8.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Andover, etc.

9.30 p. m.—For Easton, All towns, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Local Trains, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 3.31, 5.53 p. m. 8 m. (except 4 Ocean Grove) 2.27 8.42 a. m.

Plainfield & Phi delphia via Round Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 7.58, 10.10, 11.58 a. m.; 2.11, 5.04, 6.05, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 10.22, 5.15, 8.46 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Branch, at 8.30, 9.25, 11.00 a. m.; 1.15, 3.45, 5.45, 6.40, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 4.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Trains and Branch at 5.10, 8.24, 9.00, 11.45 a. m.; 1.44, 3.30, 5.04, 6.40, 9 m. and Branch at 6.40 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, for Plainfield at 10.05, 11.35 a. m.; 1.51, 4.22, 6.21, 7.32 p. m. Sunday at 5.33, 9.15, 9.40 a. m.; 5.15 p. m.

Leave Trenton, foot of Green market for Round Brook, Somerville and Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK,
Gen'l Pass'r Agent & Ticket Agent

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.
J. R. WOOTTEN, Gen. Manager.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1885.

Entry Statement of Greenland.

New York Sun.]

The old controversy as to whether or not the east coast of Greenland was settled by the Northmen in the Middle Ages, or whether on the west coast is the early middle ages, has been decided by a Danish government expedition, sent out in the spring of 1883 to explore the long lost Eastern Settlement. The early Norwegian records speak of thirteen parishes and nearly 200 villages on Greenland 800 or 900 years ago. Since it had been supposed that these were all on the west coast, and that Davis penetrated along the west coast to the straight that bears his name in 1585.

The fact that an "eastern" and a "western" settlement was spoken of in the records led to the belief that both coasts had been occupied in the early days, and modern explorations have made progress only along the west coast. Nordenskjold, who visited these regions in 1883, believed that he had found traces of the Eastern Settlement on the east side similar to those found along the west coast. The Danish explorers have proved it beyond doubt. They spent two seasons on the east coast, and found ruins of 100 miles farther north than the point 65 degrees 13 minutes reached by Graah in 1828. Stopping only the third and calling it "King Christian's Island," Nichi's Land," but they found many traces of previous occupation. Here they built their winter quarters, and remained absent for two years, believing it to be somehow connected with the river of the inland glacier, which they fear so still further.

The explorers were unable to account for the presence of the bottle, that had the look of a well-known Norwegian brew, blown by the current from the west coast, for the Danish explorers had found there.

Philosophy of the Law.

New York Sun.]

Husband—The doctor tells me that he died of the effects of the poison he took. He demanded the act of each of the family, and I was obliged to give him yours. He died a very painful death.

Wife (enraged)—Law! What do I care for law! John Smith, did you tell that man of law?

Husband (shrinking)—Yes, I told him your name.

Wife (indifferent)—Well, I suppose the law has got to be respected.

Artist are interested in a revival of the seven-stint work.

THE MONTREAL POISONING

TWO SERVANTS OF THE METROPOLITAN CLUB ARRESTED.

Enough Poison in the Soup to Cause the Death of Eighty Men—A Cook Supposed to Be the Guilty Party.

MONTREAL, Dec. 12.—After weeks of hard work the detectives having the poisoning case at the Metropolitan club in hand have succeeded in securing sufficient evidence around two servants of the club as to warrant the issuance of warrants for their arrest. Accordingly Emma Breen, second cook, and Mary Killaher, servant, were arrested on suspicion of being the perpetrators of the recent attempt to poison eight members of the club. They were brought up in the police court this morning, William H. Kerr, Q. C. appearing as counsel for the club, assisted by Crown Counsel Davidson. Both prisoners were in tears and inclined to faint. Before the closing of the evidence the charge that they were criminating themselves. Witnesses were examined and gave evidence as follows: Mrs. Margaret Bennett testified that two days after the affair at the club Emma Breen entered Mrs. O'Brien's registry office, on St. Antoine street, and stated that the cook at the club would have to go. Miss Margaret Murphy was also employed at Mrs. O'Brien's when Emma Breen came in. She heard her say that the cook would certainly have to leave the club's service, as they had fixed them up. Miss Minnie Bailey corroborated this evidence.

Mrs. William Cooper, the cook, was next called. She swore that she had made soup on the night of the 4th, which eight men ate. She had tasted it with Emma Breen after some wine from the bar had been placed in it, and both had pronounced it excellent.

Emma Breen was examined. She said that she was about to eat some of the poisoned soup, when Mrs. Cooper, the cook, advised her not to. She did not heed this injunction, however, and the soup she ate caused her to vomit shortly afterward. Mrs. Cooper then requested her not to speak of that fact, as the added matter to the soup. Witness did not see Mrs. Cooper taste the soup after complaints as to its strength had been made in the dining room, and in fact only saw her after wine from the bar had been poured into it.

Henry John Ward, the club's steward, deposed that Mrs. Cooper had been in the pantry of the club for the past three years. Emma Breen and Mary Killaher were employed in the club, but had been notified that their services during July 31st would cease on the 15th of this month. Mary Killaher was the last witness examined. She stated that she had gone out on the day mentioned and had only visited the house of Mrs. Donovan. She swore most positively that she was ignorant of everything in connection with the poisoning.

Dr. Ira Edwards and Girdwood filed a report on the result of the analysis they have made of the soup, showing there was sufficient arsenic in it to have killed eighty men.

The Oconto Survivors.

EAST TAWAS, Mich., Dec. 12.—Eight more of the passengers and crew of the propeller Oconto got ashore, being six passengers and the mate and steward. The latter came ashore from the wreck of the Joseph and reached the main land in four hours. They then waded half a mile through ice to the city, where they are now stopping at the Strong house. They report that all of the Oconto survivors living in a hut on the island, except the steward and mate, are now on the mainland on board the boat. They have provisions enough for a few days, but all are very despondent, as they have no means of knowing whether the tug Sweepstakes reached land or whether the fate of the vessel is known to their families and friends.

The Oconto Was Absent.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 12.—In the police court the cases of Oliver Dowd Byron, J. P. Johnson and Miss Lole Leigh, charged by the law and order league with participating in a theatrical performance on Sunday, were argued. Their attorney admitted that the defendants participated in the performance, but held that in the letter of the law they were not guilty, as the absence of the mouth between the word "the" and "Oconto" creates the word "the," a conjunction, and not "theatre," a noun. The attorney quoted such authorities. This fixes the guilt on the proprietors alone and not on the actors, who are participants without being exhibitors. The judge took the matter under advisement.

Arrested as an Accessory.

BOSTON, Dec. 12.—A Newport special to The Herald says that this morning Fall River city, Emily Burton will be arrested as an accessory to her father's murder. She will waive the preliminary examination, and be committed to jail until the next session, when it is expected that the aunt with whom Miss Burton is now residing pretended to be her friend until the confession was obtained, but that she is now anxious to have no further trouble's with her. The aunt was on unfriendly terms with the Borsey's, and has been instrumental in promoting the investigation which resulted in their arrest.

Held Down By an Eagle.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Dec. 12.—About 300 men are engaged in the work of driving piles across river, the temporary bridges that were swept away. The work will not be completed for several days, and meanwhile passengers, baggage and mails will be conveyed six miles by wagons from one train to another. The freight locomotive is still south out of sight in the river, with the baggage car and engine attached. The engineer was carried down with the engine, but managed to extricate himself and rise to the surface in time to save his life.

John L. Discharged.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 12.—A special from Olean, N. Y., to The Morning Herald says: Two days ago the wife of a merchant and Martin Muldoon, who were arrested, charged with committing an assault upon two men, were tried here. It was not proven that the assault was committed, and Muldoon was discharged. William Muldoon pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined $50. His brother and two friends in Olean then publicly horsewhipped the two men who had preferred the charges against him. It is said that the men contemplate bringing suit against the brothers for assault.

Mysterious Disappearance.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Mr. Edmund Randolph, age about 40, of H. Dana Randolph & Co., dealers in jewelry, from the Eagle hotel, Jersey City, where he has temporarily stopping, disappeared from the hotel yesterday morning, and has not since been heard from. He left his room at 10 o'clock, and had remarked to the clerk that he was going to New York. He left no baggage with him. It is feared that he has committed suicide.

The New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The bureau of buildings report that all the theatres in which the law had not been complied with as to exits, fireproof proscenium walls, automatic sprinklers, etc., have made the necessary additions.

AN INDUSTRIOUS SHOPLIFTER.

She Fills Her Rooms With Stolen Goods. An Astonishing Accumulation.

BOSTON, Dec. 12.—Last May a thin, ugly, middle-aged woman, who said she was unmarried and poor, and that she worked for a living, hired the rear rooms in a dwelling house at Everett, Mass., under the name of Smith. Every morning she went away empty handed and came back at night with some kind of a bundle.

The other occupants of the house entertained no suspicion of her other than that she was queer and not in her right mind. On November last she disappeared, and in a few days her landlord received a letter, signed Jane Weldon, saying that Mrs. Smith had started to visit a friend. A few days ago the landlord, wishing to move and ignorant of the lodger's whereabouts, notified the police to take charge of the property belonging to Mrs. Smith.

On going into the lodger's immense collection of miscellaneous articles convinced the officers that she was a shoplifter. A short investigation identified Mrs. Smith with Mrs. Jane Weldon, the defendant of the first mentioned letter, and who is serving a six months sentence in the house of correction. The stolen articles were found neatly packed away in a number of trunks. They were taken to the police station, where those that have been unpacked cover the table, chairs and floor of the chief's office, while those that remain fastened quite fill an adjoining room.

Nothing at all approaching this astonishing accumulation has ever been known here. An itemized account of all the articles would fill an entire page of a newspaper. By way of indicating its nature, The Herald prints a short list specifying seven pocket books, 50 pairs of gloves, 100 rings, jewelry, and "a great deal more," and 113 pieces of silver ware, and under the head of "miscellaneous" names about everything that Mr. Webster's dictionary characterized as being "property and portable."

GLOVE FIGHTS IN BOSTON.

The Crib Club Rooms Filled With Pugilistic Spectators.

BOSTON, Dec. 12.—A number of glove fights took place in the rooms of the Crib club, the swell organization of its kind in the city. Among those present were brokers, lawyers, and business men, and one or two men about town. George Labianche, "The Marine," and C. McManus fought four rounds in the regulation manner. "The Marine" had handled the best of the fighting, and McManus was badly shaken up at the close. Ryan and Cunningham, two amateurs, fought six rounds for a gold medal. Ryan was severely but badly punished, and at the end the referee awarded the prize to Ryan. The event of the evening was a six-round glove contest between Jack Dixon and Denny Harrigan. Dixon was pounded each other all over the ring for six rounds. In the last round Harrigan was very weak and his opponent took advantage of this, and put in a number of telling hammer blows. Harrington was knocked to his knees, but he was assisted to his feet and pushed into the center of the ring to continue the fight. Two blows were wild after this, and he received a number of cuts upon his face. The fight was awarded to Green. Jake Kilrain, the pugilist, was the referee.

THE PRESIDENT'S APPOINTMENTS

Not Likely to Suffer Much at the Hands of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—While the Republican caucus of senators failed to adopt a plan by which to dispose of the President's judicial appointments, it is quite evident that there is a disposition among senators to confirm all nominations, except those made to fill vacancies caused by dismissals resulting from charges preferred against Republican incumbents.

In these cases the persons removed will be afforded opportunity to meet the charges prior to the confirmation of their successors. Of course there will be a number of individual objections to confirmations, but the general sentiment prevailing among Republican senators does not indicate that the president is going to suffer much annoyance at the hands of the senate.

Stabbed in a Skating Rink.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 12.—This city was thrown into great excitement by the news that a murder had been perpetrated at the skating rink. A large crowd soon gathered about the building on the floor of which Thomas Bevard, aged 19 years, lay dead. A dying statement from a knife thrust in his back, received at the hands of Frank Cook, a companion, aged 16. The two boys, it is said, were not long fast friends, went to the rink to skate, but soon became involved in a quarrel. Cook drew a large clasp knife and stabbed Bibbert in the back, inflicting a fatal wound. He spoke to others and then made his escape under cover of the confusion and excitement. This is the second boy who has met his death at the hands of a playmate in this city within three weeks.

Patrons of Dog Meat.

BELLAIRE, O., Dec. 12.—Frederick Glatzer and Frederick Gruners are dog diggers and reside with their families up Indian run, a few miles from this city. What has made them somewhat notorious is the fact that their dogs are fat and fine, and on occasion when the average mortal buys a turkey to celebrate with, those people kill a dog and roast it. Glatzer's wife has not been in the neighborhood for a long time, and when she has lived here the family has had several dog roasts, and have made them very enjoyable occasions, and on Christmas expect to have another, at which a number of relatives will be present.

Murdered by His Neighbor.

HENDERSON, Tex., Dec. 12.—Particulars of a murder which occurred near Beckville, Panola county, were received here to-day. David Craig, a rich planter, while coming to town was shot from behind a fence, his body laid and shot by his neighbor, James Lyle. The assassin used a shot gun and discharging both barrels at Craig, one charge entering his head and the other passing through the region of the heart, killing Craig instantly. The killing is the result of an old feud. Lyle has escaped, and it is feared that he has such a start that the will never be overtaken.

Repair Shops Burned.

TOLEDO, O., Dec. 12.—The Toledo and Ann Arbor railroad repair shops located at the Junction with the Wheeling and Lake Erie and Michigan and Ohio roads, North Toledo, were totally destroyed by fire, which caught from an engine. A dying caboose, a passenger coach and a snow plow were destroyed. A frame transfer depot near by was also burned, but the loss was nominal. The loss on the shops and the Ann Arbor company is between $15,000 and $20,000. The buildings will be rebuilt at once.

Run Over by a Train.

ANDERSON, S. C., Dec. 12.—George Lourie, aged 60 years, proprietor of the marble works fronting the track of the New York Central railroad, was run over and killed by a train on that road as he was crossing the track on his way home. He leaves a wife and family.

SUCCESSFUL SWINDLERS.

TWO CONFIDENCE MEN'S CAREER IN AN ILLINOIS VILLAGE.

After Fighting Many People They Escape From the Town on a Freight Train—A Lively but Bloodless Battle.

IUKA, Ills., Dec. 12.—Two Chicago confidence men have been operating successfully in this town for the past few days. They introduced themselves hereabout as Charley Andrews and Frank Baldwin. They have employed many of the arts so old in the Chicago employment agencies, and when their intended victim was impervious to bunko blandishments, they skilfully relieved him of his purse at poker. Among the gulling lulls of the surrounding town the sharpers met with favoring smiles and romantic friendships. The visitors thus contrived to get entertainments at the homes of their dupes, and were expert gamblers, and when their intended victim was impervious to bunko blandishments, they skilfully relieved him of his purse at poker. Among the gulling lulls of the surrounding town the sharpers met with favoring smiles and romantic friendships. The visitors thus contrived to get entertainments at the homes of their dupes, and were expert gamblers, and when their pilot was easy of achievement. The majority of the victims failed to see that they had been robbed, while those who learned the deceit which had been practiced upon them remained silent to conceal their own shame. The crooks swindled a poker game at Laflin's store out of $140, and a comparison of notes partly disclosed the swindle. An indignation meeting was held, and the town police, comprised of a captain and two officers, were formally petitioned to arrest Andrews and Baldwin at sundown next day. The captain was one of the victims of the night's play, and quickly set out with his men to comply with the request.

Learning of this action in anticipation of trouble, had arranged to leave town on the next train. They were at the Ohio and Mississippi depot with two small satchels, when about fifty persons gave chase to them. Being the lead, came down the street. The confidence men ran down the track and climbed into an open box-car. The police followed them into the car, and when threatened by a pistol volley was the only reply. The police and several of the mob returned the fire, but the fusillade only served to disperse their enemies, and the confidence men took possession of the car, while the crowd discussed the problem of capturing the offenders at a safe distance. A freight train was standing on the main passenger, and pulled up at the station to make up with the side track cars. While it was coupling with the one in which the sharpers were fortified the latter made a dash and ordered the engineer not to pull out. At this critical moment Andrews fired upon the advancing crowd, while Baldwin took a shot at the engineer, but missed him. The engineer and the freight engineer opened the locomotive's throttle valve with all speed. Another exchange of shots occurred as the freight glided out of the yards, but without effect. Nobody was hurt, so far as known, although the freight car was perforated. It is supposed the desperadoes soon took to the woods.

The confidence men had several thousand dollars in this neighborhood.

The Quarantine Discontinued.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 12.—The New York state board of health has issued the instructions placed on persons entering the United States at Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge because of the smallpox wave. The services of inspectors who have been vaccinating passengers on the Grand Trunk and Michigan Central railways have been discontinued. All persons may now enter Canada and the United States from the cars or otherwise without presentation of certificate or without undergoing examination before crossing the line. Since the restrictions were established there has been an average of about fifty persons daily who have crossing the line on the two railways mentioned. The traveling public will hail with delight the discontinuance of the quarantine.

For Defrauding the Government.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The general land office has received information that a man named Lingard, of Chicago, has with six other persons entered 1,280 acres in the Omaha district court, at Omaha, Neb., for defrauding the government, by hiring people to take up land in Nebraska, under the public land laws, and then transferring the claims to him. Information has also been received at the land office of the arrest of several parties composing a syndicate of land speculators in Chicago, who has been engaged in similar transactions.

A Singular Action at Law.

MONTREAL, Dec. 12.—A man named Poitras was arrested some time ago in the Catholic church at St. Anne, Isle Perrot, for not using both knees in kneeling during prayer. Subsequently he was fined for disturbing the service. Poitras was ill, and could only use one knee. The charge was not sustained in the inferior court, and Poitras brought an action against prosecutors for damages. The first of these actions was disposed of by the superior court, which held that Poitrais had no case.

He Wanted to Preach.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 12.—Charles Weisberg was at the Central police station and related evidence against him showed that he got drunk and arming himself with a club entered a church at Seventh and Spring Garden streets and insisted upon preaching. The congregation, which had assembled for the afternoon meeting, were compelled to leave the place. After accomplishing his object Weisberg walked out singing in a high key. He was committed.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

ALTOONA, Pa., Dec. 12.—Mr. James Parks, his son, and another man whose name could not be learned, were struck by the fast line going west, near Elizabeth Furnace, about 7:6 o'clock this morning. Parks was killed outright and the boy received injuries from which he will die. The train was stopped and they were all brought to this city. The boy, whose neck is broken and who is injured severely otherwise, is in charge of the company's physician.

A Verdict for $134,000.

JOLIET, Ills., Dec. 12.—The jury in the long litigated case of P. J. Sexton, the well-known contractor, who built the Cook county court house, and who brought suit against the commissioners to recover $222,000 on a bill of extras, returned a verdict in Sexton's favor for $134,000. This result is considered a practical victory for Cook county, as the verdict is nearly $100,000 less than the amount claimed.

Revolutionists Sentenced to Death.

MADRID, Dec. 12.—Sentence of death has been pronounced by a court-martial upon four Spanish officers who were convicted of conspiring for a revolutionary outbreak in Carthagena immediately after the death of King Alfonso.

A Montreal Hatter Skips Out.

MONTREAL, Dec. 12.—L. J. Early, hatter and furrier, left this city last Friday night to return on the following day. He has not returned yet, and it is believed that he has absconded. The liabilities are fully $10,000.

VANDERBILT'S LAST CHAT.

He Gives Mr. Garrett Valuable Hints on His Staten Island Project.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—President Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, detailed to an intimate friend much of the conversation that passed between himself and William H. Vanderbilt, in the midst of which the great millionaire was stricken with the fatal dyspepsia.

Mr. Garrett reiterates his former assertion that there was not the slightest unpleasant word spoken by either. He says that the greater part of the conversation was devoted to the plans of the Baltimore and Ohio to complete its arrangements for gaining an entrance to the city, and he says that Mr. Vanderbilt, besides evincing a deep personal interest in the project, as being a large landed proprietor of Staten Island, he gave Mr. Garrett some valuable advice and suggestions.

Among the most important pieces of advice vouchsafed by Mr. Vanderbilt was that the Baltimore and Ohio should immediately proceed with the building of the road to Elizabethport and arrange for the transfer of its freight across the Kill Von Kull without waiting for the completion of the bridge. Mr. Vanderbilt's views upon this point are expedition, and said that while the cars could be transferred on heavily built boats the bridge could be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

He made other and valuable suggestions, but this was said to be among the principal.

THE FREEDMEN'S BANK.

Congress Again Urged to Reimburse Its Creditors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Comptroller Cannon, in his annual report on the affairs of the Freedmen's Savings bank, says the affairs of the bank are steadily approaching settlement. The total disbursements to the creditors of the bank amount to $1,729,305. The comptroller renews his former recommendation, as well as that of his predecessor, Mr. Knox, urging congress to give their unfortunate creditors of this institution. The great majority of them, he says, are of the poorest and most illiterate of our people. Many are in their graves since the bank closed. Thousands of them to this day believe that the dividends paid them by the commissioners are but the interest on or earnings of their deposit, and that some time or other the principal deposits will be returned to them. No explanation seems to convince them to the contrary, and calls are made daily, both orally and by letter, for "their money."

The comptroller estimates that $950,000 would cover the deficiency.

CAUSED BY WHISKY.

A Man Shoots His Wife and Himself While Drunk.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—James Murray, of 246 Loomis street, Brooklyn, came home crazy drunk and began to abuse his wife. The woman tried in vain to pacify him. Suddenly he drew a revolver and fired three shots at her, two of which took effect under the left temple, and the third passed through her throat. She ran down stairs and along the street, screaming for help. Before reaching the woman, Murray fired another shot into his own head, back of the right ear. He then ran out of the house, and ran through several streets until he fell exhausted. Both husband and wife were finally conveyed to St. Catherine's hospital, where Murray's wound was pronounced fatal, and Mrs. Murray's wounds serious. The physicians say her husband had no ill feeling against her, but often abused her when drunk.

Reduction in Money Order Fees.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The postmaster general has made an order fixing the fees on international money orders, on and after Jan. 1 next, as follows: Orders not exceeding $10, 10 cents; over $10 and not exceeding $20, 20 cents; over $20 and not exceeding $30, 30 cents; over $30 and not exceeding $40, 40 cents; over $40 and not exceeding $50, 50 cents. This is a reduction of one-third of the present rates paid by remitters for such orders.

$1,000 Damages for a Drowned Boy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—George H. Quinn, as administrator of Patrick Sarsfield Quinn, obtained a verdict of $1,000 in the supreme court, before Judge Andrews, against L. H. Hoyt, proprietor of a bathing establishment near Coney Island, Aug. 5, 1883, young Quinn went in bathing in front of Mr. Hoyt's pavilion and fell into a hole and was drowned. His father sued for $5,000. The defense was that Quinn lost his life through his own negligence.

The Walker Beats the Runner.

AUBURN, Dec. 12.—Gus Guerrero, of San Francisco, and A. A. Hoagland, of this city, were matched in a foot race, Guerrero agreeing to run one mile and Hoagland to walk seven miles square heel and toe. Hoagland completed seven miles in 52m. 19s., defeating Guerrero half a mile. The track was twelve laps to the mile, and each lap short, lacking only three feet on the entire mile. A large amount of money changed hands.

Beaten by Robbers.

ROCKFORD, Ills., Dec. 12.—William Foley, aged 60, was aroused by some one who knocked at his door and asked for matches. Supposing it was a neighbor he did not hesitate long before he opened the door, when he was felled to the floor by a blow. Two men leaped upon him, pounding and kicking him about the face and body until he became unconscious. They then went through the house, obtaining $100 in money.

Suffering in Open Tents.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Dec. 12.—A party of French Canadians, two men, two women and half a dozen children, came to the city on the Monday train and registered, and went away southward on Tuesday. They were discovered, encamped in open tents about six miles south of this city, where one of the women gave birth to a child, both the infant and mother lying on the bare and frozen ground.

Settling the Missouri Mining Trouble.

BUTTER, Mo., Dec. 12.—The peace negotiations which have been under way here for several days past seem now about to result in an amicable settlement of the difficulties between the miners employed by Mr. Loomis and the citizens of Bevier. An agreement has been drawn up and considered by both sides, and it is expected that it will be signed at a meeting to be held to-night.

Hanged for Cutting His Wife to Pieces.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 12.—John Alexander, colored, for the murder of his wife in February, at Stanton Plantation, seven miles below Algiers, was hanged in the parish prison this morning in the presence of witnesses allowed by law. He killed his wife with an ax, cut her to pieces, put the pieces in a sack and buried them in a field where they were found.

Dying in a Snowstorm.

WAUSAU, Wis., Dec. 12.—The body of Forest McKay was found in the northern part of the city only ten rods from a public thoroughfare. He had been hunting the day before and had evidently become lost in the blinding snowstorm of Wednesday night.

FROM OVER THE OCEAN.

REPORTED DEFEAT OF THE SERVIANS NOT CONFIRMED.

The Powers have Agreed to Recognize the Union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia—Conference of Liberals and Parnellites.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—No particulars of the reported defeat of the Servians' attacks on three Bulgarian outposts have yet been received, and the report is considered doubtful. It is certain that any such engagements have taken place. Bulgaria would have an object in reporting such violations of the armistice that at this juncture, in order to create a feeling against Servia while the conference of the ambassadors is discussing the settlement of the difficulty. An official dispatch from Belgrade states that the reported fights were mere accidental encounters between spying parties, and have no significance whatever. King Milan assures the powers that he purposes the union of Bulgaria and eastern Roumelia. The powers have also approved King Milan's proposal of a military commission to demarcate an impassable line between the frontiers of the two states. The commission has been appointed, and its labors will occupy a month. This insures the continuance of the armistice during that period, and that no other cause of war exists. The Times says editorially that the eastern difficulty may be regarded as virtually settled.

The French Treaty with Burmah.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The cloud that threatened to lower over the British Empire in connection with the Burmese affair has been removed by the positive denial of France that any treaty of mutual defense ever existed between France and Burmah. King Theebaw will therefore receive no support from the French government. It is announced that the brutal ex-monarch has been conferred a home in the Madras presidency. Upon receiving the French minister's assurance that France had only a commercial interest in Burmah, and that she would not interfere in the cause of fairness for the protection of French traders there, Lord Salisbury has promised that every guarantee shall be furnished to secure the rights of French subjects in Burmah laws. This removes the only obstacle that was even possible to England's absorption of Burmah, which is already an accomplished fact.

Mr. Gladstone's Policy in Ireland.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The announcement on behalf of Mr. Gladstone that he will soon submit his views on Irish affairs to his Liberal lieutenants arouses considerable interest. A meeting of the leaders of the Parnellite and Liberal leaders is expected. The substance of Mr. Gladstone's ideas on the subject in the past are well enough known, and the interest creates is due to the speculation as to how much he is willing to extend in order to obtain Mr. Parnell's hearty support.

Crazed by Grief.

HOBOKEN, Dec. 12.—Emilio Caffarata, an Italian woman, residing at No. 90 Adams street, attempted to throw herself into the river from the dock. She was arrested. She is the mother of Mrs. Caffarata and John Caferata, who were killed by the explosion of the tugboat D. Emory in the East river on Dec. 2. Since their loss the woman has been grief-stricken, and her reason has at last turned her brain. She declares that if she can jump in the river she can recover her son's body.

No Change in the Senate Rules.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Whatever may be the result of the effort on the part of the house of representatives to distribute among its several committees the annual appropriation bills, it can be authoritatively stated that there is no disposition on the part of the senate to change its present method of handling those bills, and that they will all be referred to the appropriations committee for revision and report.

Phil Armour Busy Stacking Pigs.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Phil Armour is mentioned in a dispatch from Texas as the probable financial backer of a project involving the extension of the Fort Worth and Denver railway to a point in New Mexico 700 miles distant. "I have nothing to do with the enterprise," said Mr. Armour. "I am too busy now sticking pigs, and shan't look for new worlds to conquer until I have subjected those I am now fighting."

Civil Service Reform Meeting.

BOSTON, Dec. 12.—In the Music hall to-night Carl Schurz, John E. Russell and others addressed a meeting, which included 500 ladies, upon civil service reform. Dorman B. Eaton was announced to speak, but was unable to be present. Letters of regret were read from Seth Low, William Crapo and several others.

Trial of a Murderer.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Dec. 12.—The trial of John M. Wilson, who was brought here from Chicago on his own confession of having murdered Anthony Daly, was postponed until March, owing to the absence of an important witness.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Measles of a malignant type is prevalent in Quebec. Oil and young are alike attacked.

Services are being shot in batches at Mona, for self-confessed murderers of military service.

The Lothian iron works in Harrisburg, Pa., have resumed operations after being idle over a year.

At Pine run, Pa., a body of striking coal miners attacked a machine shop where a companion man who went on their way to work.

The federal council of Switzerland has granted a credit for the purpose of fortifying the Saint Gothard pass. Gotthard tunnel.

Martin Vandervoet, a lumber merchant, has mysteriously disappeared from his home in Fort Plain, N. Y. Foul play is suspected.

Much uneasiness has been caused at the vatican by the pope's recent severe and long attack of his chronic disorder of the bowels.

The schooner Maria and Elizabeth, trading between New York and Norfolk, Va., was sunk in a gale between Capes Henry and Charles, Va.

The Fall Mall Gazette urges Mr. Gladstone to arrange matters at once with Mr. Parnell so that the Liberals may assume the reins of government.

Three-fourths of the members of the Carter club, the great Tory organization of Quebec, have seceded, owing to disagreement over the Riel affair.

W. C. Walker, a student at the Meadville (Pa.) Theological seminary, shot and killed himself because he could not keep up in his studies with his class.

MEN MADE TO REPRESENT LARD.

A Scheme by Which Four Scamps Committed Robbery.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—In a cunningly systematic robbing that has been going on for some time past, Jack Flattery, a teamster in the employ of Nicol, Hanshaw & Co., of Belleville township, Ill., was engaged by Thomas Parker, a butcher on West Taylor street, Harry Evans and John Curtis. Nicol, Hanshaw & Co. have a contract with the International Packing company of the stock yards, for 10,000 pounds of lard and tard a day. It has been Flattery's business to drive out to the stock yards and bring in the daily consignment of lard. The afternoon of last week the lard was weighed at the stock yards and reweighed on the city scales. Stopping every day on his way back from the yards at Parker's butcher shop, Flattery took on between 300 and 400 pounds. Evans and Curtin doubled themselves up in the hollows made in the load and were effectually concealed by the lard. Whenever teams drove across the top of the wagon. After the weighing the wagon was then driven around the corner and the men crept out of their hiding places and ability to obey their manifold duties to the peace pending their final decision. There is no news from the front, and, so far as known, no change in the diplomatic situation.

A dispatch from Constantinople to The Times announces that all the powers represented in the Balkan conference have agreed to recognize the union of Bulgaria and eastern Roumelia. The powers have also approved King Milan's proposal of a military commission to demarcate an impassable line between the frontiers of the two states. The commission has been appointed, and its labors will occupy a month. This insures the continuance of the armistice during that period, and that no other cause of war exists. The Times says editorially that the eastern difficulty may be regarded as virtually settled.

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CHINESE EMPLOYES.

INFORMATION CONCERNING TRADES UNIONS AMONG THE MONGOLIANS

The Wages They Receive—The "Family System" Among Wage Workers—Fraternal Features of Trade Organizations—Strength and Activity.

[Wong (this Pen) in Chicago News.]

Gung Hee, the president of the Chinese Laundrymen's Union of the United States, has been in New York attending the annual convention of the brotherhoods. He is a tall, well-built oriental, speaking excellent English. To a reporter who visited him and asked for information concerning trades unions among the Chinese he spoke as follows:

"The working classes of the United States do not fact, the entire American public—have not yet learned that the Chinese are better trades unionists than they are, and that the Mongolian workman receives better wages than his civilized colleague. This statement may seem strange to the average reader, but it is the truth. In a body that corresponds to the New York chamber of commerce we have a labor bureau in regard to almost every industry in which we are interested. On account of the anti-Chinese agitation we have compiled startling figures in regard to the wages paid to Chinese. In every instance the Chinese obtain larger wages. Besides this Chinese employers usually give board and lodging to their employes as well as wages.

WAGES AND SYSTEM.

"The mere manual labor many poor Chinese have worked for a small consideration, and are employed at the present time in factories in New York, Boston and other cities, and Slavonian fashion. Even these of my countrymen do not receive such low wages when it is taken up to their money and then send home other industry. Our cigar-maker invest of the same value as first-class Havana hands. They are employed in the great factories in Maiden lane and the Bowery. Not a Chinaman can be found who will work under the tenement-house system of the Hebrew in the large cities by thousands of pauper Europeans.

"So much for wages. In regard to trades unions we have a number of complicated systems. One is what we term the family system. The half-million population of this middle kingdom are divided into a few hundred families. These are indicated by the first or family name. Of this such names as Wong Lee, Yung Lum, and Moy are fair examples. A Wong who is in trouble goes to another Wong, whom he may never have seen or heard of, and obtains aid. The latter does not hesitate to loan the money, but gives it to him. The labeling of employment, information is free, or the like. It represents an honorable obligation, which at some time the person obligated is bound to repay. In this way I have known a poor man to travel from Chi-Li in the south of China to New York city.

FRATERNAL FEATURES.

"Each trade is locally organized with us as with Americans. Our organizations go further, however, and possess features that in no other country are known to bodies. A member who falls sick is nursed by his fellow-members, is provided with medicine and the physician's fee, and when destitute sought a lengthy sickness, is even supplied with food, raiment, and even funds. I question if a trades union in Europe has a feature like this. The pride I take in this there is with us a distinct recognition of the idea of duty. An Oriental employer is morally bound to look after the welfare—physical, pecuniary and spiritual—of his employes. He should admonish them when they go in wrong courses; teach them how to use money and acquire wealth; see that they are neat, clean and careful in person and dress. He is short stands in the position of a father.

"A similar relation is borne by a senior to a junior in a family union and by the others of a trades union to its members. Beyond family and trades unions are other great organizations for the benefit of those in different trades or callings have similar tastes, desires or needs. One of these is quasi political, and is the most powerful society in the world. The strength and activity of these organizations was shown in the Tai-Ping rebellion, when, without geography, and unacquainted with each other, they rose as one man and overthrew the Manchu dynasty. Chinese numbering 1,000,000 Europeans to crush the insurrection. When Americans understand and know our people and customs this anti-Chinese agitation will die out altogether."

No Wonder.

[Boston Herald.]

The New York Tribune says of Mary Anderson as Rosalind: "Every emanation of her heart is eloquent of innate royal supremacy." No wonder her manager charges $2.50 admission!

Tall Cornstalks.

Some tall corn was exhibited in Portland, Ore., a short time ago. It was six feet to the lower ear and eleven feet to the highest. The latter was pointed, the ear of six eighteen-inch pole.

Knights of the Birch.

Speaker Carlisle, Senators Camden, Ingalls, Frye, Cullom, Kenna, McMillan, Representatives Hurd, Randolph Tucker, L. L. Wilson and Reed of Maine have all been schoolmasters.

Wild Cuban Dogs.

Some wild coach dogs were recently captured near Yamhill, Ore. Some time ago a pair of that breed escaped from a circus and it is supposed that the animals are descended from her.

Willow-Leaf Tea.

It is said on reputable authority that more than 300,000 pounds of willow leaf were shipped from Shanghai last year as tea, but how large a proportion of it coming to America is not known.

Pudding Autumn Leaves.

Pudding of members of various family is now as much of a fashionable and luxury on the fashionable tables of New York as the ceiling of the Vatican.

Mining for Gems.

There are only two places in this country where mining for gems is systematically carried on—Corundum Hill, N. C., and Stony Point, N. C.

Chicago Ledger: If somebody would get up an elastic sense of humor that would be the same thing as doubling the missionary force for a month or so to come.

An authority on music says there are 5,000 professional and amateur piano players in the United States.

Horatio Alger, Jr., the story writer, is on a list of boys that he adopts until they are of age.

Fannie now circulate in Texas, business men being unable to longer get along without them.

AT LAST.

The bottom has been knocked out of Dry Goods in this city and the only ones who have done it and is still continuing it is the firm of

Bachman Bros.

Our entire stock of goods must be sold out, so as to enable us to rent the store and building. In consequence thereof we do offer to the public great and Special inducements from day to day.

Silks & Satins.

The stock of Silks and Satins consists of many colors, also several remnants and we are selling them off at half their real value.

Tarlatanes and Swisses

We have reduced these goods from 25c to 12c and 15c a yard and have them in all colors. Also a line of **Sun's Vellings**. Ladies will find these goods very appropriate for making dolls dresses for the Holidays.

Laces in Cream and White we are selling out at a great sacrifice, (especially remnants.)

Closing out our entire 22 line plain and ribbed **Jersey Buttons** at 5 cents a dozen. Former price 10 cents.

Call in the morning to avoid the rush great rush in the afternoon.

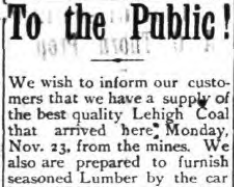
BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street,

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers that we have a supply of the best quality Lehigh Coal that arrived here, Monday, Nov. 23, from the mines. We also are prepared to furnish seasoned Lumber by the car load within two or three days after order is given.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

BOND'S PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.



This machine is a w in use in my yard. No 6 Per avenue. It thoroughly cleans the coal that passes through it, and delivers it in the bin through a screen, so that the coal one straight through. I invite the public to call and see it work. I have the Plainfield coal and lime always in hand. Also Kindling Wood, and A. Mitchell, Jr's Fertilizers and seed.

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First-class Work. Low Prices

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CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
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$3.50 Per Dozen
Specimens at the Door.

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LOANS NEGOTIATED
Office Opposite Railroad Station.
RESIDENCE NO. 29 E. SIXTH ST.

Dealer in
BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
P. O. Box 886.

Blue Stone Flagging
Curbing and Crossing at Lowest Prices. First-Class Work Guaranteed.
M. POWERS,
15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
KINDLING WOOD,
12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.
Yard, 28 Manning Avenue,
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S. J. NEAL,
THE
CARPET WEAVER,
has removed to
38 WEST FRONT ST.
in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtains, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

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Funeral Directors
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PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.
Office, warerooms and residence No. 14 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 101.

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MONEY TO LOAN
on Approved security, and has bargains in
Real Estate.
OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front aave and Park avenue. Residence 41 East Second street.

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9 PARK AVENUE.
The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for
HOLIDAY Presents
We have a full line of
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.
Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably
LOW PRICES.

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DEALER IN
BEST
QUALITY **Coal**
Yard and Office, Southern avenue, next to the Railroad.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 1402.

LARGE STOCK
OF
Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,
AT
U. B. Crane's,
12 PARK AVENUE.
Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,
25 North Avenue,
Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.
Raised Flock, Bronze Velvets, Leather Papers, Linoleums Wallcloths,
And all the New Novelties in Decorations
PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,
Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.
WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.
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Elliotts, Elliotts!

Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $3.50 up; Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $3.50.

Mens Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Mens Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Hawcocks very low.

Hats, Hats, Hats!

Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 50c up.

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 65c up.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet for pleated cloth, from 15 to 75 cents.

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, grass tips, &c., &c.

A big bargain, elegant dress pompoons or tips, latest style price 25 cents.

Hats, scarfs, tassel, trimmings of all kinds. Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 48 cents a yard.

Beautiful black silks and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons complete, from the maker of $4.50; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.

Elliotts shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open each week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

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18 East Front street, Plainfield.

J. P. Laire & Co.
W. Front St. Cor. Park Ave.,
HOLIDAY GOODS
VERY LOW.
Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors, in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets. Call and Examine.

H. S. BARNES
17 and 19 Front Street, East,
WALL PAPERS,
Philadelphia and New York Designs.
ATLAS MIXED PAINTS.
$1.75 Per Gallon, Warranted Satisfactory
BRAGDON'S LUSTRA PAINTS.
POOR MAN'S DYES.
Fast and Handy.
Artist's Materials, etc.
5 Per Cent Discount for Cash.

Headquarters for
VOEHL'S
Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc
15 West Front Street,
Confectionery of all Kinds.
Having purchased the entire business of A. Warnock, I would call the attention of the patronage to my stock of all varieties of first class Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.
NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.
The old stand at 628 Somerset street, will be in charge of my son, Frederick for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.
JACOB VOEHL,
Successor to A. Warnock, No. 15 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Photographs No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.
Instantaneous Pictured Views and Children.
Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.
Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.
Lowest Rates Consistent with First-Class Work.
F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer.

JOHN W. LAING,
HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF
Laing's Hotel Stables
would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.
HORSES
Taken to Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Good Horses on hand for sale or for livery. Open stable for the accommodation of the public.

PARK HOUSE.
PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.
A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 200 feet. Groundswell shaded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.
J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

Business Cards.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Park Ave. Grove Branch Road.
Dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

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Bobbins' Cigars
Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 10-5-y

A. I. Smalley North avenue.
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street,
Grocer & Seedman,
Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Produce. Good assortment of Rockingham Stone and Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,
Carpenters and Builders,
Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished.

Emmons Bros.,
Masons and Builders,
Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing promptly executed. P. O. Box 342.

P. P. VanArsdale,
Piano and Organs
For Sale or to Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. E. Front street and Elm Place.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Jeanette, Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. Plain stitching and Dressmaking. 16 East Front street.

J. Manning, Residence, Evans P. O. Box 130.
Carpenter & Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Room 27 Opera House building, entrance between Swain's and Dempsey's. Hours from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Ladies can have their measures taken and a
Perfect Fitting Cloth Cut
and basted waist and sleeve, over which they can make their own waist with the aid of Taylor's System. Material furnished. Also paper patterns.

TenEyck's Meat Market.
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Third street
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of All Kinds.

Somerset House,
Permanent & Transient Board,
at Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Madison avenue.

T. L. McVoy, Driven Wells,
Tubular and Well Driver. And tells cards to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop No. 3 West Front avenue near Front street. Shop 14 East Front. 1-26-1y

T. E. Morgans,
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Rudolph Laurent, 7 Somerset St., Plainfield
Watchmaker & Jeweler,
Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street near Front.
Boarding, Permanent or Transient
Stabling for horses by day, week or month Terms moderate. Jacob Blum, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,
P. O. box 256 Plainfield, N. J. Families, hotels, restaurants, saloons, and coal yards supplied at lowest market rates with
Clear Spring Water Ice,
Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

Notice.
Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,
thoroughly cleaned at per cent cheaper than anyone else. Sewer and soil pipes laid. Sewering, grading and contracting. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly attended to. John Barry, 3 Chatham street, next to Arnold's grocery.

James Q. Miles, No. 22 North avenue.
Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for
Adamant Letters & Numerals,
For agent on Glass, Wood, Stone or Metals, Sign Boards, Shields, Transparencies, Banners, etc., in any shape, made in the shop.

R. A. Ross, Second Floor, North Avenue.
Interior carpenters and builders that he has taken charge of the North Plainfield Moulding and Planing Mill, and can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turned Work at reasonable Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished (Closed Saturdays.)

R. B. Maynard, No. 12 North avenue.
Shaving & Hair Cutting
Four first-class artists in attendance. Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting and Shampooing a specialty Branch—74 Ingersoll street, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of
Kindling Wood for One Dollar,
At Howard Mitchell's Kindling Wood Manufactory, No. 11 Water street. 6-24-1y

John Wolf, P. R. C. P.O. Box 300
Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults
Deep and shallow as required. Prices reasonable.

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Somerset street, near Cor. Madison Road, North Plainfield. Under the personal supervision. Comfortable, convenient and healthful. Good accommodations.

Jules Boutes, FROM PARIS
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair Goods at New York Prices. Manicuring and Theatrical costumes to hire. 26 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Milk Dairy.
Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,
Address D. S. Coles, P. O. Box 700, Plainfield.

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19 DUER STREET, North Plainfield.
Agent for the following first-class companies: Orient, of Hartford, Conn.; Home, of New York; and Mercer City, of Jersey City. Insurance effected on all kinds of property furniture and dwellings at lowest rates. Money to loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt Returns. Also agent for North Western Life Insurance Company.

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7 & 9 SOMERSET ST.
Tinners & Practical Plumbers

Heater Work A Specialty.
We employ in this department none but the best workmen, men of many years experience in some of the leading houses in the trade. If your Furnace or Range does not work satisfactory give us a trial. We can give you satisfaction. Seventeen years practical experience.

E. C MULFORD
Real Estate Broker and Fire Insurance.
Office 35 and 37. Opp. P. R. R. Station,
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REPRESENTING
The North America Insurance Co. of Phila., Phoenix Assurance Co., of London
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RESIDENCE, NO. 69 EAST FIFTH STREET.
Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m

CRUSHED STONE
Is Now Furnished by
JOHN WILSON.
A good supply of stone it THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.
Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave

F. A. Pope's,
(Successor to M. VERMEULE.)
For Fall Hats,
CAPS, GLOVES
TRUNKS and VALISES,
Call and Examine the Elegant Stock at
NO 5 WEST FRONT ST

FOR BARGAINS
IN NEW AND
SECOND-HAND
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
AND FOR
First Class Cabinet Work
AND
UPHOLSTERING
CALL AT THE STORE OF
J. S. Powlison
48 West Front Street.

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

OPPOSITION.
JONES & CO.,
Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co

For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. Thorough and sanitary work guaranteed. Dead and injured animals removed in ambulances. Leave orders with D. W. Linell, City Hall, Sayre, Jones and Hoffman's grocery, Dunellen, or add ress, Jones and Co., P. O. Box 1430, Plainfield.
Telephone Call 29.

Thorn, the Artist,
gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.
The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

CARPETS!
AT
Low Prices
Our Fall stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of
Ingrains, Three-Plys, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, Tourney and Royal Wiltons.
All guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above good are
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE
SPECIAL
December Bargains
We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is the opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.
Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,
in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest cost.
Orders Carefully Executed
AT
SHORTEST NOTICE
John & Jas. Dobson
MANUFACTURERS,
46 and 48 West Fourteenth street, N. Y.

RAMONETTI'S
CELEBRATED
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Ice Cream
& Water Ices,
of all Choice Fruit Flavors.
FANCY PUDDING a Specialty
A Large Variety of
Individual Ice Cream Imitations.
ICE CREAM
For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at
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Telephone, No. 30. 6-29-1y

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DEBILITATED MEN.
You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt and Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, Loss of Vitality and Manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood guaranteed. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address as above, mentioning this paper. No risk is incurred, as we allow 30 days' trial. Write us at once.
VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

Where
Shall I buy my Winter Suit and Overcoat?
Before deciding this question call and examine my stock of
Domestic and Imported
Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

SUITS - to order from		$20.00
TROUSERS	"	5.00
OVERCOATS	"	18.00

Samples and Rules for Self-Measurement sent on application.
Nicoll
The Tailor
145, to 149 Bowery, and 771 Broadway
Opposite Stewart's.
New York

A. SWALM,
Wall Paper,
No. 6 North Avenue.

JAY GOULD LEAVES WALL STREET.

Portraits and Sketches of Himself, His Partners, Wicked and Otherwise.

(Special Correspondence.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—A ripple passed over the waves of Wall street at the announcement that Jay Gould would sever active connection with its speculations at the end of the year. "Never speak of Wall street except as 'the street,'" is the saying.

For the last nineteen years Mr. Gould has been a special partner in the firm of Washington H. Connor & Co. The late firm consisted of Connor, G. P. Morosini, Jay Gould and his son George J. The son also goes out with his father.

"I have been nearly twenty-five years in Wall street," said Mr. Gould, speaking of his retirement, "and it is about time. I think that I made way for younger and more active persons. I am nearly fifty years old and have earned a rest. My connection with Wall street, however, has been slight for a long time. I sold out all my speculative holdings during the summer and the change, so far as I am concerned, will be therefore hardly a change at all. A year ago I contemplated what I have now done, but was prevented by certain reasons from taking it. There might not be a better time than the present for me to dissolve absolutely all connection with stock speculation. Connor's health has been largely restored and the business of the country now rests on substantial foundations. It cannot be charged with having abandoned a client's cause owing to it through the storm, and pleasant weather now attends it."

JAY GOULD.

Jay Gould was born at Roxbury, Delaware county, N. Y., and is now 49 years old. His first business enterprise was exhibiting a patent rat-trap at the world's fair in New York in 1853. President Pierce passed it through the exhibition. The day following the boy shook hands with him. It made a deep impression on Gould, and after a moment's perfound thought he resolved that he would sell a machine or die. He intend to be president anyhow one day.

Republican ex-president of railroad and telegraph companies, Mr. Gould started in life as a land surveyor, gradually getting hold of valuable properties. He comes of a long line of Puritan ancestry, and of a father who was noted for his conscientiousness in business matters. Jay was not fond of physical sports as a schoolboy, but excelled in his studies, particularly in mathematics. He was not a great favorite with his schoolmates.

His first business partnership was with a Mr. Pratt, in Pennsylvania. The firm dissolved, and Mr. Pratt was ruined financially. Gould's next partnership was with George Loop, of New York. Loop committed suicide because of financial troubles.

Next Mr. Gould turned his attention to railroad business. His first railroad, the one on which he put his hand in, so to speak, was the Troy and Lansingburgh. Next came the Erie, in which Daniel Drew and Jim Fisk figured in the purchase. At first, Fisk figured. Jay Gould kept out of sight and maneuvered. He maneuvered to such purpose that now, at the age of 49, he retires from active participation in business as one of the rich men of the world.

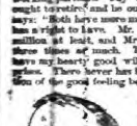
GEORGE J. GOULD.

The picture of Jay Gould shows at a glance to the favorable the nose, brow and chest of the great financier. That peculiar, long, strong nose goes with the money king. Jay, Jr., the other Jay's son, does not have it. Yet the young man himself is "no slouch" at a financier, with his millions to back him. George is vice-president of the organization of which his father is chief and still retains control, and is president. These are chiefly the Western Union Telegraph company, the Manhattan Elevated railroads of New York, and the Missouri Pacific. The elder Mr. Gould departs for a long cruise upon his yacht, the first of the year, and George will manage his business interests during his absence.

There is nothing of the dude about the young man. He is now 24 years old, very good looking and a manly, athletic youth. He has dark hair and eyes. He is a noted amateur boxer among the New York young men of his set. He is entirely devoted to his father, and regards him with as much respect and affection as if father and son were both poor people.

George Gould is one of the youngest members of the stock exchange before his retirement. He is modest and good-natured, and very popular. He has been under Jay Gould in training for business. He gave him the management of the Grand Opera house, and also bought The New York World for him on which to try his youthful powers of planning and directing. Jay Gould has six children, four sons and two daughters.

The firm of W. H. Connor & Co. will continue its business as usual. Connor and Morosini will perhaps retire from active participation in its affairs, and take into the company some of the young men about the office as working partners. Jay Gould thinks they ought to retire, and he ought to know. He says: "Both have more money than any man has a right to have. Mr. Connor is worth a million and a half, and Mr. Morosini two or three times as much. The new firm will have my hearty good will in all its enterprises. There never has been any interruption of the good feeling between me and



H. K. GOULD.

Mr. Morosini understood that he is no longer a speculator, only an investor. He will develop it to every one's satisfaction. He is one of the most talented and debonair gentlemen in this city, and his friends are legion."

G. P. MOROSINI.

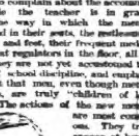
Gould's son-in-law, Mr. Hamilton, is a Southerner. He is a nephew of Gen. Hamilton, of Texas, and is a member of the swarthy Italian family, high tone, coat of arms and that sort of rot. When his daughter married the nobleman he fairly goes into convulsions about the disgrace to the family. When I am angry I know how to hate," he exclaims tragically and dramatically. Whereupon New Yorkers naturally ask: "Who's Hamilton, anyhow, that he should kick up such a thundering row?"

A. J. BOTHWELL.

THE FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

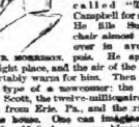
Its Open School—The Chairmen of the Prominent Committees of the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—These opening days of congress are, for all the world, like the first days in school after vacation. We all remember them, and how little was accomplished other than the making of acquaintances or the renewal of old friendships. It is just so here. And one could not help remark it when both houses, coming down from the crowded reporters' roost, back of the speaker, on the members of the house below. They would come straggling in, step for a while in the aisles, to shake hands or chat for a moment, then on reaching their desks many would unlock and raise the top of the desk, and pull out a book and look over it for a moment, then close it and leave. And one could not help remark it when both houses, coming down from the crowded reporters' roost, back of the speaker, on the members of the house below. They would come straggling in, step for a while in the aisles, to shake hands or chat for a moment, then on reaching their desks many would unlock and raise the top of the desk, and pull out a book and look over it for a moment, then close it and leave. And just as we used to do to see if any slate pencils or other relics had been left over from last term by ourselves or other occupants. The ink bottle and receptacle for pens is examined, a stretch is taken in the chair and the whole outfit is finally locked then and there, for every school boy knows that the first day is the one to complain about the accommodations, while the teacher is in gracious humor. The way in which the members twist around in their seats, the restlessness of their hands and feet, their frequent meddling with the host regulators in the floor, all indicate that they are not yet accustomed to the restraint of school discipline, and emphasize the thought that men, even though members of congress, are truly children of larger growth. The actions of the new members are most conspicuous. They try to appear at home at once, but their every endeavor seems to add to their embarrassment. The misdemeanor to the vivacious "Sunset" Cox is an example. His home is Campbell. In New York he is called "Tim" Campbell for short. He fills Speaker Keifer's chair almost twice over in avoirdupois.



SPEAKER CARLISLE.

WILLIAM E. MORRISON.



SAMUEL J. RANDALL.

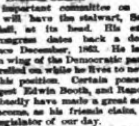
WILLIAM E. MORRISON, post. He appears to be in a tight place, and the air of the house is uncomfortably warm for him. Then there is another type of a newcomer: the Hon. William L. Scott, the twelve-millionaire representative from Erie, Pa., who is a rich man in the house. One can imagine him saying to himself, as he cramps himself before his school desk: "Well, I'm here at last, but I don't feel at all I'm such a blundering fellow after all. I don't know but I would just as lief sneak back home if the teacher would only let me go." But then there are old scholars, who have been here for many terms, who could have graduated long ago. They are at ease. Many of them have charge of classes, in the position of chairmen of the various committees. As the arranging of classes and the choosing of teachers in the various branches is the important business on hand, now let us look at the personnel that are retained under the old principal, Carlisle.

It was a fortunate circumstance for the Democrats that Mr. Carlisle was acceptable to the majority as speaker for it saved them dividing at a time when they need to present a solid front to their opponents. Since the Forty-ninth congress has organized its doors and begun to formulate history, it is looked upon here as likely to be one of the most interesting sessions since the war. There seems to be no positive line of action decided on by either of the great parties. Their positions are being changed explains it probably, the hegelian aphorism of the Democratic platform in the house is most plain and simple. Its good behavior, while the Republican members, who have so long been on the defensive, seem to be prepared to go to the best plan of attack. Both sides appear to be waiting to see which way the cat jumps first. Mr. Carlisle, the speaker, the chairman of the committee on rules, in his person and capable of much hard work yet. This is his fifth term in congress. He was elected speaker on Dec. 3, 1883, and at present occupies that position for the second term. He has conducted the affairs of the house in a party by his equitable management of the trying position. He is also geographically from the right section of country, Kentucky, being in the center of the Union, and thus has the majority. Furthermore, it is said that he is in the very best accord with the president. Now as to the chairmanships of the standing committees of the house, among the most important ones are those of the ways and means, the appropriations, coinage, commerce, rivers and harbors and public lands. Speaker Carlisle will retain the old chairmen of all these committees, as they have been re-elected. The chairman of the ways and means, William R. Morrison, "Hickenlooper Bill," as he is best known, walks in with the same determined, grim expression on his face. He suggests the late Gen. Grant slightly, only that the face has more lines in it. This is his eighth term in congress. He is not considered "any great shakes" as a speaker or debater, but in the quiet committee room or lobby he is a little Napoleon in the way he looks and organizes men. He is from Waterloo, Ills., a name which has not the significance in his case that it bore to the first Napoleon.

An excellent speaker in caucus is Richard P. Bland, of the committee on coinage. He will go into history as the sponsor for the silver dollar. Bland is another Kentuckian, though he left his native state at the age of 15 years and was a rolling stone for the following ten years, until 1865, when he settled in Missouri. He has been largely interested in mining operations in California and Nevada. He has an insinuating way of pronouncing the name of silver, which may not be "schillibins," but is always "Bland," like Bret Harte's "Heathen Chinee."

JOHN H. REAGAN.

ALBERT S. WILLIS.



THOMAS R. COBB.

The very important committee on appropriations is in the stalwart, Samuel J. Randall, at its head. His experience in congress dates back a dozen terms, or since December, 1863. He leads the majority of the Democratic party, and can be relied on while he lives to never flinch from his position. Certain poses of his head suggest Edwin Booth, and Randall would undoubtedly have made a great actor had he not become, as his friends claim, the best type of legislator of our day.

John H. Reagan, of Texas, is the chairman of the committee on commerce. Interstate commerce is his hobby, and to this question he has devoted his efforts since he left Texas. Reagan was from Tennessee originally. At the age of 21 he emigrated into the republic of Texas. Six years later the republic was annexed, and Reagan went into the state house of representatives and then senate and house alive. He followed his state into the confederacy, being postmaster general of their provisional government, which office he continued after their permanent organization was formed.

Albert S. Willis is still another Kentuckian and a warm friend of Speaker Carlisle. He is one of the young men of the house, being but 42 years of age. He has been eight years in congress, and is recognized as the first place in charge of the committee on rivers and harbors. The chairmanship of the committee on public lands is filled by Thomas R. Cobb, of Indiana. He began his career here in the forty-fifth congress with Willis. The old committee on naval affairs has lost four of its leading men, the most notable being "Sunset" Cox, who will, indeed, be missed, for it is too early, though, to say who shall be missed, for the present house has plenty of good material to develop new leaders, and may the best men win.

S. H. H.

President of the Senate.

John Sherman, the president of the senate and successor of the president, in case he dies in office, was born at Lancaster, O., May 10, 1823. His father was a judge of the supreme court of that state, who died when John was 7 years old, leaving a widow and eleven children. The family was scattered, and a brother of his father's, named John Sherman, took John to his home at Mount Vernon, where he stayed four years, going to the district school. When about 17 years old he went to the law office of his brother, Charles T. Sherman, and studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1844, and went into partnership with Mr. Sherman's brother-in-law, Mr. Mills, a successful lawyer.

JOHN SHERMAN.

In 1848 he was a delegate to the Whig convention at Philadelphia which nominated Gen. Taylor for president, and the year following he was a delegate to the Baltimore convention that nominated Gen. Scott. His position as a conservative Whig during the alarm and excitement consequent upon the attempt to extend slavery into territories secured his election to the Thirty-third congress. In 1854 he was again elected to congress.

In March, 1861, Mr. Sherman was elected to fill the vacancy in the senate caused by the resignation of Senator S. Chase, who had become Lincoln's secretary of the treasury. Mr. Sherman was re-elected senator in 1867, and again in 1873. In 1877 President Hayes appointed Mr. Sherman secretary of the treasury.

In 1880 Mr. Sherman was a prominent candidate for the presidential nomination. It was as the leader of the Ohio delegation, pledged to no man, that Garfield made a speech nominating Sherman, Garfield made the speech nominating Sherman's name, and Garfield was nominated.

In January, 1881, Mr. Sherman was elected as the senate for a fourth term, to succeed Mr. Thurman, this being the term for which Garfield was chosen, and which he declined just prior to his inauguration.

Boehm's

Closing Out.

$30,000 Sale

OF

Dry Goods,

At Cost Prices.

TO CONTINUE

Until Dec. 31, '85

Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our Immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.

1,500 Pounds of Western Goose Feathers, former price $1, reduced to 60c per lb.

4-4 Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Thousands in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Skirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at

Boehm's

7 W. FRONT ST.

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces Ranges and Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

FREE OF COST.

Call at once and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for Coughs and Colds. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully, E. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

The Bee Hive,

(3 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS,

WORK BASKETS,

TOILET SETS,

Smokers' Sets

Brass and Plush Ornaments,

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

GRAND DISPLAY

OF

FALL AND WINTER

Clothing,

MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS

All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed.

ALSO

A SPENDID LINE OF

Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,

MADE TO ORDER

Our Merchant Tailoring DEPARTMENT

Replete with every variety.

Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.

JOHN H. FRENCH

29 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

John H. Allen,

23 EAST FRONT ST.

Has the sole Agency for John B. Aldens valuable, reputed and low priced publications. A full line constantly on hand. We have at all times a full line of

Fine STATIONERY

and Fancy Papetries. Many lines of goods for the holidays have arrived and are now on our shelves; others are daily arriving. Call often and carry it off.

John H. Allen,

23 EAST FRONT ST.

DON A. GAYLORD

Depot 54

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 39

Go To **F. C. GREEN,**

(Successor to GREEN & CO.)

18 West Front Street.

FOR BARGAINS!

A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50
Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $28
Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

Comptons,

PURE Philadelphia

ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

COMPTON'S

CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

Electric Fire Alarm

Electric Thermostat so connected with battery (see above) as to prevent any low or high temperature in your store, dwelling, factory, office, conservatory, vault or safe, and the first sound you hear, on

REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS.

F. R. KINSMAN,

Successor to F. R. KINSMAN & CO.,

Manufacturer of Electric Gilders, New York, also P.O. Box 978, Plainfield, N. J.

Le Boutillier Bros.,

BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.

500 ENGLISH

Walking Jackets

$6.95

They are made from Bought Boucle Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $15 each. Also 200 rough cloth and

JERSEY JACKETS

$5, 6, 6.95. 7.50, 10, 12.

Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.

Goods delivered free to all reasonable points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,

Boot and Shoe Dealer,

6 PARK AVE.

Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that he can please them. Invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

PLAINFIELD

Steam Laundry

ESTABLISHED 1877

EAST THIRD STREET

A. G. Thorn, Prop.

Laundrying in all its branches.

Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.

Custom or Gloss Finish.

Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box, 970.

CAREY'S

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

The Prince Royal.

$3.50

Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and fine with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery, calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent,

23 W. Front.

B. T. BARNES,

4 East Front Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

PURE Candies,

Manufactured on the Premises.

Old Fashioned Molasses Candy a specialty.

Night Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned.

25 per cent Cheaper than by carts

[By the use of]

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.

The only one of the kind in the city

Which is so constructed that it is used in day time and no smell or annoyance to the neighborhood.

Orders left at Conover Bros., No. 21 Somerset St., or Post Office, No. 11 Somerset St., will receive prompt attention. Telephone Call No. 46.

JOHN BROWN

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Downing and Excelsior Safe Feeding Boiler.

Send for illustrated catalogue.

Repairing promptly executed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE, 60 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work!

JUST OPENED!

Retail *Department*

At 3 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear FOR Ladies, Misses and Children. FOR Men, Boys and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past year, and has superior facilities for making all his own goods both for stock and to retail order, either hand or machine made. He also will make a specialty of repairing shoes in all its many branches. The finest lady's dressed kid boot can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK,

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER unequaled for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place.

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MENS DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.

All wool medicated red Underwear at 75 cents each

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S

Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

35 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps & Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

FRANK DAY,

(Successor to E. & J. Coleman.)

LIVERY STABLE

North Avenue

Opposite Depot. Plainfield, N. J.

Carriages to Meet all Trains.

Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Vol. 4, No 167 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED to hire by March 1st, a single man. Address W. m. Southworth, Mount Arlington, N. J. 12-12

FOR SALE—A Second Hilly goat, a weather and 2 lambs; just the thing for a Christmas present for a boy. Address P. Brown, News office. 12-12

THREE or four pleasant rooms to let; also, 2 horses and 2 carriages for sale. Address George, Box 1, Dunellen. 12-7

TWO PLANOS for sale at Laing's Hall, Thursday, Dec. 17, at 10 a. m., and 2 o'clock p. m., and the other a square piano. 12-12

A COUPLE or small family can obtain a cozy home with a lady at a very moderate rate. Address 12-12

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale on account of ill health. For particulars apply to Mrs. C. Hubbard, real estate broker, 31 Park Row, opposite station. 12-7

LOST—A valuable seal pin, on Park avenue or Front street. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office. 12-12

FARM WANTED on shares by a good farmer with good references. Address J. M. E., Evening News. 12-12

HOUSE FOR SALE or to be furnished on the corner of Second and Leland avenue. Inquire of Mrs. Lucas, Leland avenue, next to Liberty and Second streets, Plainfield. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite National station. 12-12

FOR SALE—Single Wood Seat wagon, Kinderhook top, Kinderhook Top Buggy, etc. The above will be sold cheap for cash or for delight, at Terhune's Livery Stable. 12-12

GREAT BARGAIN—The John E. Everett residence, corner Front and Cherry streets. Apply to E. C. Mosher, real estate broker, 28 Park avenue, opposite depot. 12-12

WOOD LOT with immediately adjoining house and barn for sale. Apply to Mrs. Hubbard, 31 Park Row, opposite depot. 12-7

TWO LET with immediately adjoining house and barn for sale. Apply to Mrs. Hubbard, 31 Park Row, opposite depot. 12-7

TWO NEW HOUSES.

Four rooms to let. One on Tenth street, near Grant avenue. Five rooms to let on Grant avenue, near 10th street; many Liberty street. Inquire of Mrs. Lucas, Leland avenue, next to Liberty and Second streets, Plainfield. Apply to J. T. Vail's, real estate office. 12-5-tf

W. H. LUDLOW,

Carriage Trimming, Carriage Painting, Carriage Repairing, all kinds promptly and thoroughly done. Rear of Reform Club House, Park avenue. Call and see me at Reform Club House, Park avenue. Call and see me at Reform Club House, Park avenue. Call and see me at

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, Publisher.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement, Commencing Oct. 11, '85.

Plainfield and other Points.

Leave Plainfield at 12 25, 5 47, 6 22, 7 02, 7 33, 7 50, 8 25, 8 40, 9 53, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 20, 1 21, 2 25, 2 57, 3 51, 5 31, 6 52, 8 32, 9 22, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 3 27 and 11 30 p. m. Express trains, 1 07, 3 09, 3 33 and 11 57 a. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty Street at 4 00, 4 30, 5 45, 7 45, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m.; 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 3 45, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 8 00, 8 45, a. m.; 12 00 m.; 1 30, 4 00, 5 30, 7 00, 9 30, 12 00, p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 52, 6 32, 7 02, 7 33, 8 40, 9 53, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 52, 3 51, 5 31, 6 52, 8 32, 9 22, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 40 p. m. Sunday, 5 45, 10 30, 11 37, a. m.; 1 07, 3 33, 7 30, 9 22 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 23, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 53, 10 45, 11 05, 11 35, 2 40, 3 25, 4 00, 4 35, 5 05, 5 38, 5 51, 6 05, 7 05, 7 35, 8 15, 9 50, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 15 a. m.; 12 10, 3 00 p. m. 5 38, 7 10, 9 15 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 52, 6 32, 7 02, 7 33, 8 40, 9 53, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 52, 3 51, 5 31, 6 52, 8 32, 9 22, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 40 p. m. Sunday, 5 45, 10 30, 11 37 a. m.; 1 07, 3 33, 7 30, 9 22 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6 23, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 53, 10 45, 11 05, 11 35, 2 40, 3 25, 4 00, 4 35, 5 05, 5 38, 5 51, 6 05, 7 05, 7 35, 8 15, 9 50, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 15 a. m.; 12 10, 3 00 p. m. 5 38, 7 10, 9 15 p. m.

Passengers for Somerville change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5 52, 6 32, 7 02, 7 33, 8 40, 9 53, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 52, 3 51, 5 31, 6 52, 8 32, 9 22, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 40 p. m. Sunday, 5 45, 10 30, 11 37 a. m.; 1 07, 3 33, 7 30, 9 22 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 23, 7 00, 7 45, 8 45, 9 53, 10 45, 11 05, 11 35, 2 40, 3 25, 4 00, 4 35, 5 05, 5 38, 5 51, 6 05, 7 05, 7 35, 8 15, 9 50, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 9 15 a. m.; 12 10, 3 00 p. m. 5 38, 7 10, 9 15 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 7 38, 9 37 a. m.; 2 08, 3 16, 4 34, 5 04, 6 25, 8 08, 8 17 p. m. Sunday at 8 57 a. m.; 12 40, 4 30, 4 40, 7 00 p. m. Sunday at 7 00 a. m.; 1 00 p. m.

For outward connections.

5 10, [illegible] Plainfield, Dover, Mount Hope, Hackettstown, Delaware, Water Gap, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburg, Oxford Junction, Scranton, etc.

6 34 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburg, Oxford Junction, Scranton, etc. High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake House Stone House and Succasunna Plains.

8 05 p. m. For Easton, All stown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4 34 p. m. For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, etc. Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake House Stone House and Succasunna Plains.

5 27 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburg, Oxford Junction, Hackettstown, Hopatcong, Dover, Mount Hope, Scranton, etc.

8 08 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Renova, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4 34 p. m. For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, etc. Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake House Stone House and Succasunna Plains.

5 27 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburg, Oxford Junction, Hackettstown, Hopatcong, Dover, Mount Hope, Scranton, etc.

8 08 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Renova, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield 8 27, 9 12, 11 08 a. m. 2 08, 3 16, 4 34, 5 04, 6 25, 8 08, 8 17 p. m. Sunday at 8 57 a. m. (Ocean Grove 9 10) 4 30, 4 40, 7 00 p. m.

Plainfield and Philadelphia via Bound Brook Route.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1 25, 5 00, 8 20, 11 18, 11 59 a. m. 2 45, 4 30, 6 45, 10 05 p. m. Sunday at 1 23, 5 10, 8 45 a. m. 6 20 p. m.

ACCORDING.

Leave Plainfield for North and Green Brook, at 1 25, 5 00, 8 20, 11 18, 11 59 a. m. 2 45, 4 30, 6 45, 10 05 p. m. Sunday at 8 30 a. m.; 5 30, 12 00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Bound Brook at 5 10, 8 20, 9 00, 10 23, a. m.; 1 05, 3 30, 5 20, 6 05, p. m. Sunday at 8 30 a. m.; 5 30, 12 00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Somerville and Tucker Street, at 1 25, 5 31, 9 00, 10 38, 11 35 a. m.; 1 05, 3 31, 5 20, 7 30 p. m. Sunday at 8 30, 9 30 a. m.

Plainfield passengers for Trenton market change cars at Bound Brook.

G. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.

J. R. WOOSTEN, Gen. Manager.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1885.

Name and Their Signification.

[Youth's Companion.]

Pliny in speaks of the name as signifying the judgment, or the highest faculty of the mind. This name is also used by synonymous with sagacity; Marini, with mind, and anger; and Sonora, with wit. The Greeks had one word meaning "to mock," derived directly from the word "to drink," and another verb meaning "to deceive," derived from the word "nose;" so that they evidently regarded the habitative of more than one sense. The Romans had no less than Latin word nasus, or nose, directly with the Greek word noos, or mind. One of their writers says, "I am pursuing among ex- ples a man, 'every nose does not smell rose,' that is, every one has not mental ability.

Many great men have had large noses, as for example, Washington, Cromwell, Napoleon Bonaparte, the Duke of Wellington, Shakespeare, Oliver, John Hall, Brother Jonathan and Mr. Punch. Whether this fancy, as well as a so-called science, still associates certain types of nose with mental traits. That a convex nose is bold, or indicative of firmness, and a concave nose of servitude. Flexibility of the nose is put down as a mark of docility, while inflexibility warns one to keep at a distance. Such a theory certainly proves it of wise applied to the elephant and the rhinoceros!

The nose serves various important offices in connection with the face. Children, especially, find in it a convenient handle. To rub it violently suggests the person's perplexity or annoyance. To lay the finger on it signifies mystery, caution, or secrecy in questioning. To blow it very hard, while listening to affecting passages in books, or hearing a recital of wrong or distress, indicates sympathy and sympathy, because no one knows what the handkerchief employed upon the nose will do to furtively used to wipe away the tenderly tear.

The nose by the way, is a most dignified organ to ridicule. To pull or tweak it is always considered a grave insult, second only to the insult supposed to be dealt by eastern nations that of pulling the beard.

What Honors Cost in England.

[Chicago Mail.]

Honors come high in England, but people about here, though not complaining that they do not get them, feel they have a right to expect a little more than they do. Mr. Blaine had a right to expect at least a grant from Congress for passing at on their carriages. Nearly every person is derived from the source.

Voting Against Himself.

[Cincinnati Times.]

The most unique habit of Silverthorn is the distributing of great numbers of circulars of all sizes and descriptions at private houses. There is nothing that excites a housemaid or an apprentice, and to see a stranger work, at 10 find his front steps [illegible] with circulars of various sizes, is a common occurrence.

Mary Anderson, it is believed, has her life insured for $100,000, and the largest policy on the life of an American woman.

DIVIDING MILLIONS.

VANDERBILT'S WILL MAKES ALL HIS CHILDREN WEALTHY.

Cornelius and William K. the Residuary Legatees—They Will Perpetuate the Business Founded by their Grandfather — Other Bequests.

New York, Dec. 14.—A fully procession filed into the surrogate's office Saturday with copies of the will by which William H. Vanderbilt disposes of his millions. The procession was led by Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central railroad, and Henry H. Anderson, of the law firm of Anderson & Howland, 25 Wall street, and following them came the sons of William H. Vanderbilt—Cornelius, William K., Frederick W., and George W. Vanderbilt. The officials of the Central Trust company cleared off all others, and the petition for probate of the will was prepared by the clerks, and was duly signed and sworn to in turn by the four sons.

Chauncey M. Depew came forward to the office and declared his willingness to appear at the probate of the will on Dec. 30. The will may be produced in court on that day, but before counsel. This will be settled when Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard returns from Italy. The original will was not produced. Two type writer copies were in the paper and were correct, were filed with the clerk.

Briefly the terms of the will are as follows:

Cornelius Vanderbilt and William K. Vanderbilt are to be associated together, sharing equally between them more than one-half of the estate.

To the widow is left $200,000 a year, with power to dispose by will of $500,000 of the principal from which the income is derived. She is to use the house and its art treasures for life. They go to the son George for life after her death, and to him absolutely to a grandson in the male line.

To each of the four daughters is given the house in which she now lives.

Estimating the value of the estate at $60,000,000 and computing the market value of the securities [illegible] at the time of the testator's death, $9,000,000, when she shall be 30 years old;

Cornelius,	$60,000,000	$6,000,000	$36,000,000
William H.,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Frederick W.,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
George W.,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Mrs. Shepard,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Mrs. Sloane,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Mrs. Webb,	60,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Total,			$252,000,000

Each child has the power to divide by will property to her children as she sees fit. $2,000,000 left in trust for each.

Bequests: A million is given to Cornelius' son, William H., and there are one thousand legacies to grandsons which go with the house and art gallery. The income of over half a million is left to churches in Staten Island and others, $50,000 is given to other relatives and friends, $200,000 to Vanderbilt university, and $1,000,000 to public and charitable institutions.

Mr. Depew said that all the heirs desired to express their entire satisfaction with the will, and that if Mrs. Shepard were present it would be probated at once by common consent.

"The children," said Mr. Depew, "are all in harmony in one common understanding that the estate which represents the interest of the entire family in the roads of the Vanderbilt system will not be disposed of without a general conference and consent. Cornelius and William K. will be associated in the administration to pursue, as if uninterrupted, the business and career which their father devoted upon them three years ago when he retired. The boys have had a thorough training and experience are all engaged in the perpetuation in the third generation of the successful administration of this great business founded by the grandfather and enlarged and extended by their father. They are conservative, able and thoroughly equipped in their fortunes to continue the work, and admirably calculated to work it successfully together. It is not at all impossible that they can confidently count upon the co-operation and assistance of their brothers. I see no reason to doubt that the fourth generation, when it comes on the stage of action, will find a Vanderbilt system of transportation expanded and fitted to the needs of the period."

Trying to Save a Murderer's Life.

BUFFALO, Dec. 14.—Strenuous efforts are being made by Lawyer Hagen to prevent the hanging of Louis Otto on Friday next, for the brutal murder of his wife in November, Dec. 14. The case will be argued in the court of appeals on Thursday. If this fails Lawyer Hays expects to stop the hanging on another technicality. Judge Corlett is sentencing Otto to-day, and in passing sentence he says he will "name some day not long after this case," that is, every one but ministerial sanity.

Many great men have had large noses, as for example, Washington, Cromwell, Napoleon Bonaparte, the Duke of Wellington, Shakespeare, Oliver, John Hall, Brother Jonathan and Mr. Punch. Whether this fancy, as well as a so-called science, still associates certain types of nose with mental traits. That a convex nose is bold, or indicative of firmness, and a concave nose of servitude. Flexibility of the nose is put down as a mark of docility, while inflexibility warns one to keep at a distance. Such a theory certainly proves it of wise applied to the elephant and the rhinoceros!

The nose serves various important offices in connection with the face. Children, especially, find in it a convenient handle. To rub it violently suggests the person's perplexity or annoyance. To lay the finger on it signifies mystery, caution, or secrecy in questioning. To blow it very hard, while listening to affecting passages in books, or hearing a recital of wrong or distress, indicates sympathy and sympathy, because no one knows what the handkerchief employed upon the nose will do to furtively used to wipe away the tenderly tear.

The nose by the way, is a most dignified organ to ridicule. To pull or tweak it is always considered a grave insult, second only to the insult supposed to be dealt by eastern nations that of pulling the beard.

Wool Hosiery Good in England.

[Chicago Mail.]

Honors come high in England, but people about here, though not complaining that they do not get them, feel they have a right to expect a little more than they do. Mr. Blaine had a right to expect at least a grant from Congress for passing at on their carriages. Nearly every person is derived from the source.

Voting Against Himself.

[Cincinnati Times.]

The most unique habit of Silverthorn is the distributing of great numbers of circulars of all sizes and descriptions at private houses. There is nothing that excites a housemaid or an apprentice, and to see a stranger work, at 10 find his front steps [illegible] with circulars of various sizes, is a common occurrence.

Mary Anderson, it is believed, has her life insured for $100,000, and the largest policy on the life of an American woman.

FRIGHTFUL FIRE IN LONDON.

Twelve Persons Burned to Death and Two Others Missing.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—A fire which caused a fearful loss of life occurred at Plymouth. The fire broke out in a tenement house in the Love street, a narrow thoroughfare in the densely populated district, filled with sailors' lodging houses, cheap taverns, and tall and rickety tenements. Most of the occupants of the tenement houses were sailors' lodging houses. Those who were awake or were awakened by the tumult made frantic efforts to escape. In most cases their terror overpowered their reason, and they rushed into the burning building only to meet death on the pavement. One man was instantly killed and crushed beyond recognition by jumping from a fourth story window to the sidewalk. Many of the lodgers threw mattresses and other articles of bedding upon the ground, and jumped upon them from a height of forty feet. One child was killed in this way, and several men and women had legs and arms broken. The fire escapes were crowded with household goods and were useless. Many pitiful scenes were witnessed by the large crowd assembled in the street, but powerless to help. One lodger, a young man named Blackford, clung to a window sill for several minutes with his little sister under his arm. If he had been alone he could have dropped to the street in comparative safety; but the child's weight was more than he could sustain. Elliot F. Shepard returns from Italy. The original will was not produced. Two type writer copies were in the paper and were correct, were filed with the clerk.

Briefly the terms of the will are as follows:

Cornelius Vanderbilt and William K. Vanderbilt are to be associated together, sharing equally between them more than one-half of the estate.

To the widow is left $200,000 a year, with power to dispose by will of $500,000 of the principal from which the income is derived. She is to use the house and its art treasures for life. They go to the son George for life after her death, and to him absolutely to a grandson in the male line.

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A Wealthy Woman Arrested for Shoplifting.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 14.—Mrs. Eli Crum, a wealthy lady and the wife of a prominent county contractor, was arrested in one of our large dry goods stores this morning. In her satchel, which she had with her, were found fancy articles valued at $100, which were identified by Store detectives as having been stolen from their establishment. A large amount of unmarked goods had not been worn, but without the price marks, and they were could not be identified. It was about 10 o'clock when the arrest was made. She displayed an knowledge of his wife's pilfering, and was greatly shocked when the detectives told him of the charge, and gave bail in $1,000 for her appearance.

A Department of Labor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Congressman Weaver, of Iowa, intends to introduce a bill in the house, at the first favorable opportunity, to provide for the creation of a governmental department, to be called the department of labor, at the head of the department is to be a cabinet officer.

The duties of the department will be to acquire and diffuse useful information on the subject of labor, to assist in the settlement of disputes between employer and employe, and to report to congress annually. The official, said to be a cabinet officer, is to be called the secretary of labor.

Mr. Weaver proposes also to introduce a bill providing for the election of United States senators by popular vote of the people.

Southern Enterprise.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 14.—The art gallery of the Louisiana exposition was opened with a reception at which the attendance was [illegible] thousand. The opening address was delivered by General J. R. G. Pitkin, president of the exposition company. The collection of paintings on exhibition numbers about 400, and many of them from sixty to eighty feet long.

HENRY WARD BEECHER.

MAN'S FEAR OF DEATH THE SUBJECT OF HIS SERMON.

Misery, Not Poverty are not Sufficient to Make Man Seek the Tomb—You Cannot Prepare at the Last Hour.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The sermons of recent instances of sudden death were apparently the inspiration of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's discourse this morning. His text was: "Ye ye therefore ready also for the son of Man cometh at an hour when ye think not," (Luke xii, 40). Mr. Beecher said: God has planted in the soul of man a love of life, an organic shrinkage from death. It was perhaps necessary to hold men to the endurance of all the rude and perverse experience that comes to them in this world.

But for the most part, men undergo anything and everything rather than yield to death. Squalor, neglect, pain, are cheerfully borne. Misery, not poverty, is sufficient to make man seek the tomb. Both his legs are broken and his nose is injured, but he is not buried. He is buried about the face and hands by the flames which surrounded him before he fell. The child is badly burned, but will recover. Seventy wretched human beings, most of them were detailed to enter the building, which was then a veritable furnace of fire, and rescue the survivors. These life-savers plunged into the burning flames, followed by firemen, who kept playing the hose upon them and upon each other. In this way several lives were saved.

After the fire extinguished twelve bodies were found, burned to a crisp. Two lodgers are still missing.

S. GRATZ BROWN DEAD.

He Was Candidate for Vice-President on the Greeley Ticket.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—Ex-Governor B. Gratz Brown died at his residence in Kirkwood, a suburb of this city, Sunday morning of heart disease, after a brief illness. He was born in Kentucky in 1826, and in charge of the United States court, and was engaged on an important railroad case when he was taken ill.

After the first attack was over he thought the attack was only a slight one, but symptoms of heart disease developed, and his condition soon changed for the worse. The deceased was born at Frankfort, Ky., in 1826, and was the son of John Mason Brown, at that time secretary of state. He was a graduate of the Transylvania university, at Lexington, Ky. He moved to St. Louis in 1850, where he was part proprietor and editor of The Missouri Democrat. He was a strong friend of Benton's, and in 1856 became interested in a quarrel with Hon. Thomas C. Reynolds, at that time United States district attorney, on account of his vigorous pro-Benton sentiments, which resulted in a duel, in which Mr. Brown received a slight wound in the leg, while Reynolds escaped uninjured.

He was elected to the legislature as a Free Soiler, and served for a short time in the Union army. In 1863 he was elected to the United States senate, and in 1870 was elected governor. He was a candidate for vice-president on the Greeley ticket in 1872, and since then has been entirely out of politics. He leaves a wife and nine children well provided for.

PURSUED 4,000 MILES.

A Sheriff's Long Chase after a New York Forger.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 14.—Deputy Sheriff Carlton has returned from a four weeks chase over the west. He had in his custody having in custody David C. Jones, who is wanted here on the charge of forgery. It was only after persistent and long continued effort, working entirely alone and driving and traveling 4,000 miles, that Mr. Carlton was enabled to get his man, who was lodged in jail here. Jones ensconced himself in Western New York, and it is said defrauded farmers out of some $10,000 or $30,000. Last April he was located on his cattle ranch in Kansas, about fifteen miles from Hayes City, in that county. Deputy Carlton arrested him there, but Jones afterwards escaped, and the chase was temporarily given up. Jones, Larned, on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road, and landed here safely.

The State Fish Hatcheries Busy.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 14.—In an interview, Seth Green, the veteran fish culturist, states that preparations are being made for a busy season at the New York state hatcheries, at Caledonia and this city. The fish commissioners are ready to receive orders for spawn and young fish, and notices have been sent throughout the Adirondack region and other localities in which the brook trout streams are exhausted. Preparations are being made to send for the lake spawn, which are taken from fish in Georgian bay and Lake Superior. Mr. Green has started a number of trout and hybrid varieties artificially hatched all will to unusually large this year. So far 25,000 salmon trout and 100,000 white fish eggs have been shipped this season.

A Mad Elephant on His Hands.

MONROE, Ga., Dec. 14.—Sheriff Amoss, of this county, left for Quitman, Mr. Byers ordered to attack Gibb's dirt road items for debts amounting to $10,000. He waited until the performance was half over, and while the elephant was in the ring with the wagon, slipped in and read the attachment. The ringmaster simply said, "There's your elephant," and left the sheriff to take possession of the beast. Mr. Byers says that the elephant cost him $4,000 was an elephant, monkeys, sea lion, a leopard, and other creatures which no man in the county knows how to manage. Meantime the elephant is the property of and legal to the men who have a real elephant on their hands at last.

Sale of a Sporting Magazine.

BOSTON, Dec. 14.—A controlling interest in the well-known sporting magazine, Outing, published in this city the past two years, has been sold to Caspar W. Whitney, a young journalist of New York, recently an editorial writer on the New York Herald, and, formerly the Herald's London correspondent. The magazine will be removed to New York, beginning with the February number. Theodore Roosevelt and Clarence Hodge will be associated with Mr. Bigelow in the management.

Two Monster Whales Captured.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—Two monster whales were captured off Amagansett, L. I., by whalers on Saturday. Each measured about 60 feet in length and will yield from sixty to eighty feet long.

THE MEXICAN REVOLUTION.

Ex-Governor Sepulveda Allowed the Freedom of the City.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 14.—A special from Monterey, Mex., states that ex-Governor Sepulveda has been allowed the freedom of the city on parole. He is being closely watched, and the military governor proposes, Gen. Reyes, has given strict orders to the guards to see that Sepulveda complies with the provisions of his parole. All of the ex-governor's old guards are at liberty, which looks as if they will not be persecuted for their firing on the retreating troops under Gen. Reyes. The revolutionists, under the command of Gen. Gaslas, arrived in Monterey, and Gaslas placed himself at the service of his federal authorities. On account of illness Manuel Rodriguez remained behind.

The city is full of strangers, but no disturbances have occurred. Gen. Reye's appointment gives general dissatisfaction, but as it is only a temporary arrangement no open protests are liable to occur.

It is learned that President Diaz has appointed his former secretary of war, Gen. Ballecerra, permanent military governor of the state of Nuevo Leon, and that he is now on his way to Monterey. He will relieve Reyes from active duty.

Gen. Trevina and Governor Garcia are still in the City of Mexico, ostensibly for the purpose of deposing the civil authorities and declaring martial law, but really for other.

Gen. Reyes has two bullet holes in his clothing and a slight wound on his arm, which is received in Thursday's engagement. Four of the wounded soldiers have died.

News was received in the city that ex-President Gonzales and Gen. Marsanjo, with 6,000 pronunciados, will take the state of Guanajuato. Gonzales has a large following throughout the country, and his presence in Guanajuta looks threatening to the federal government.

The country is ripe for a general revolution, and the ex-president would have little difficulty in raising a large army to follow the banner of rebellion.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Corporations are Responsible for the Actions of their Agents.

BUFFALO, Dec. 14.—An opinion and decision in the demurrer interposed by the defendants in the suit brought by the Buffalo Lubricating Oil company against the Standard and Acme Oil companys for damage on account of an alleged conspiracy, were handed down by Judge Lewis, yesterday. Judge Lewis holds that insanuch as the action for assault and battery, libel and malicious prosecutions can be maintained against corporations, action for conspiracy can also be maintained. When the agent of a corporation, acting for that organization, enter into a conspiracy, the corporation is liable for the acts. Although the complainant fails to set forth the facts of conspiracy with as much clearness as might be desirable, yet it must be held to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against the defendants. The demurrer is overruled with costs against the defendants, with leave to serve answers within twenty days on payment of costs.

A FIGHT WITH INDIANS.

They are Surprised by Soldiers, After Murdering Two Men.

DEMING, N. M., Dec. 14.—News has been received from Silver City that Capt. Fountain, Troop C, Eighth cavalry, together with his scouts, Dan Kelly and Smith, the hostlers at Lillies' cabin, near Papinoos, on the 9th inst. Lillie and a old man named Prior had been murdered by the Indians, who were dancing around the burning cabin when the troops charged upon them. A lively fight ensued, and several Indians were wounded. It is believed that the wounded were killed. The soldiers captured fourteen of the Indians' horses, one mule and their entire supply of provisions. The hostiles, who scattered in every direction, are supposed to be on their way to Mexico in quest of winter quarters.

The weather is very cold, and the mountains are covered with snow and ice.

Shot While Trying to Escape.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 14.—A Picayune special from Meridian says: At 11 o'clock the prisoners confined in the county jail made a dash for liberty. They said it was a raid on jail, where they had been allowed to exercise. Seven of them made their way into the jail yard, and one of them escaped before they were discovered. Six others were attempting to scale the wall when the jailer opened fire upon them. Martin Stevens, a colored youth, was shot in the back just as he was about to reach the top of the wall, and will probably die. The others submitted and were returned to their cells.

Freak of a Glancing Bullet.

MIFFLINTOWN, Pa., Dec. 14.—William Musselman and Jonathan Caughman, of this place, went to Black Log mountain to hunt turkeys. After separating, Caughman encountered a flock of turkeys, and fired at a large gobbler. Missing the fowl, the ball struck a stone and glanced towards a tree behind which Musselman was standing. The poor fellow was struck in the face, the bullet passing through the left eye and descending through the liver into the abdomen. He died soon after reaching home. He was the only support of a widowed mother and family of brothers and sisters.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 14.—Fire broke out on the fifth floor of the building 135 and 147 Walnut street, shortly after 1 o'clock. The three lower floors are occupied by Rose, Robbins & Co., wholesale paper dealers, and the two upper floors by C. E. Jones & Bro., manufacturers of chemical apparatus. The damage by the fire is estimated to about $10,000. Rose, Robbins & Co. estimate their loss at about $75,000. They had an extra large stock of goods on hand. Jones Bros. loss between $15,000 and $20,000; insured for $8,000.

A Hendricks Monument Association.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 14.—At a meeting of representative citizens, held here, an association to be known as the Hendricks Monument association was formed, the object of which is explained by the title. A committee of over 5,000 citizens, representing every county and town in the state, was appointed, and active work in the matter of subscriptions will be immediately begun. The cash subscriptions at the meeting aggregated about $1,000.

What the London Standard Says.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The Standard, which is a Tory paper, and is supposed to reflect the views of Lord Salisbury, it outs-odes this morning for the benefit of the agitation in favor of Mr. Parnell's demands for Irish home rule. It says that to acquiesce would be suicide, and to compromise would be folly.

Killed by a Fall.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 14.—Matthew McClintock, aged 19, until a few years ago a heavy railroad contractor, died to-day of locomotor paralysis at the top of a flight of stairs in his residence, 205 St. North Broadway. The old gentleman fell the full length of the staircase. When picked up he was dead.

FIGHT WITH WHALES.

TWO MONSTERS KILLED AFTER A MIGHTY STRUGGLE.

The Leviathans Attack the Boats and Stave in the Bow of One of Them. Thousands of Pounds of Sperm Bodies on Shore.

EASTHAMPTON, L. I., Dec. 14.—The coast of Long Island was thrown into great excitement by the announcement that several whales were sporting in the south west from this coast and about five miles out.

Three boats crews were quickly recruited and at 8 a. m. dashed through the surf in chase of the monsters of the deep. At about 10:30 they came up with a bull and a cow whale and the greatest fight that ever took place on this coast was immediately commenced. The boat commanded by Joshua Edwards dashed after the bull, and Harpooner Gabriel Edwards plunged the deadly weapon into the whale, but, not striking a vital part, the monster suddenly sank, and afterward coming up near the boat started toward it, and striking the boat on the bow tore a hole in it and nearly killed Samuel Edwards, son of Joshua, but not seriously.

At the outset it was seen that the fight would be a long one, as each whale seemed to want to protect the other, and while the fight was going on with the bull, the men in the other boat, commanded by Jonathan Edwards, were having a hard fight with the cow whale that they had struck. The whales got together and crossed the lines from both boats, so that the crews were obliged to cut the ropes and go at the whales again.

After 30 hours of fighting the whales died, and soon both whales, after drawing the boats fifteen miles out to sea, were struck with the deadly lance and killed at 11:55 a. m. Sunday by lances from one of the whale boats and the one towing the smaller whale arrived off the beach at Amagansett at 8 o'clock and the other at 12 o'clock. The two boats were towed high and dry on the sand and were viewed by thousands of people from all over this section of the island.

The bull measured fifty feet and the cow whale forty feet in length, and they will give from 125 to 150 barrels of oil and 1,800 pounds of bone. The old whalers are happy over the prospect of a good haul this season. It is said that they are seen on this coast so early in the season. While the boats towing the whales were put out to sea, it was supposed by those on the beach that the men had been drowned, and a large force of men went out to find them. On discovering them it was found that four oars had been broken, and that the men were exhausted with their long struggle. As soon as the beach was reached willing hands were put out to help the wet, weary and exhausted adventurers. The whales were soon anchored securely to the beach.

As soon as the facts became known people rushed for the beach, where the two monsters were anchored. It is estimated that they will not be worth $10,000. A very hard southeasterly gale has been raging on this coast since 3 p. m., and many fears are entertained for the safety of the dead whales, thinking that they may be carried to sea in spite of all that can be done to prevent it.

The Bills Must be Paid.

TRENTON, Dec. 14.—When the Rockwell-Wainwright sandal trial ended last spring at Toms river, Counselor Lindaburg, who represented the attorney general in the prosecution, put in a bill for $2,000 for his services, and $1,000 for the use of the official stenographer also submitted his bill. The board of freeholders of Ocean county refused to pay the bills claiming that they were too large. The bills would have been promptly passed upon by the presiding judge, but his action in the matter was not considered. Lindaburg has gone to the mountains in the supreme court to compel the freeholders to settle, and Justice Van Sickle decided to allow the writ, holding that the bills are proper and should be paid.

Found Dead in a Cellar.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The body of an unknown man, clad in the uniform of the United States marine corps, was found in a cellar of an unfinished building at Seventy-seventh street and Third avenue by the police of the 67th precinct police station. He was about 30 years old. In addition to several cuts about the head his right leg was broken. It was thought that the man fell from the building and was killed in the cellar and received the injuries which caused his death. The watchman of the building, Eugene F. Buckley, of No. 108 East Nineteenth street, was arrested, and in the Yorkville police court was held pending an investigation by the police.

Gen. Toombs Dying.

WASHINGTON, Ga., Dec. 14.—General Toombs remains critically ill. He is scarcely able to swallow his accustomed milk punch. He is very weak, and helpless as a baby, and is extremely weak. Dr. Mulligan furnishes the following: "I have just left the bedside of Gen. Toombs. His temperature is normal, but his pulse is feeble and is very feeble. He is perfectly prostrated and unable to raise his head without assistance. He swallows with great difficulty. For the last forty-eight hours he has failed very rapidly, and it is my opinion that the end will come soon."

A Snowstorm in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—A heavy snow has been falling here. The ground is covered to the depth of eight inches, and the flakes are still falling.

Ford and Murphy Must Hang.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 14.—The board of pardons met to-day and refused to commute the death sentence of Ford and Murphy.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Countess of Chambord is ill. Her condition is critical.

Mme. Pauline Lucca, who has been making a concert tour to Russia, is seriously ill at St. Petersburg.

On account of the painters' strike at the Lippin mill, Woonsocket, R. I., the carding, drying, picker and dry rooms have been shut down, throwing out of employment 150 persons.

Henry Robertson, 19 years old, and James B. Palmer, 14, were drowned at North Reading, Mass., on Friday while skating. Palmer broke through the ice, and Robertson, in an endeavor to rescue him, was also drowned.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch printed a circular notice that on and after Dec. 14 its subscription price will be 10 cents a week. Circulation 150,000.

Mr. George Howe, of New York, and that it will be conducted as a union office.

A heavy explosion of sewer gas occurred on Blackstone street, Boston, throwing the iron cover of the sewer manhole over house tops and crashing the glass in a dozen surrounding buildings. Nobody was hurt.

A freight train on the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia railroad was wrecked at Pentville, N. Y. The depot platform was demolished, and several cars were smashed. One of the brakemen was badly injured.

A HORRIBLE REVELATION.

Selection Charged With Trying to Rid Of Paupers.

RUSSELL, Mass., Dec. 14.—For many months there have been rumors afloat of cruel treatment of the town paupers by Keeper Chipman

BRAZIL'S PROBLEM.

THE TROUBLE SHE IS LIKELY TO HAVE WITH HER FREEDMEN.

The Environments of the Emancipated Slave in Brazil Very Unfavorable to His Intellectual and Industrial Advancement.

[Rio Janeiro Cor. Inter Ocean.]

The great problem for Brazil to solve in the future is that of labor. With the gradual emancipation of the slave the labor system of the country is becoming disorganized and demoralized. It has been demonstrated over and over again in the mind of the most radical abolitionist that the emancipated negroes are neither disposed nor competent to take care of themselves. They are different in this respect from the freedmen of the United States because their ignorance is much greater. Their dependence is much more absolute, and they never received the kind treatment and instruction that was enjoyed by so many of the slaves in the United States.

From one end of Brazil to the other there is scarcely a negro slave or one who has ever been enslaved that can read and write. Their ignorance is so dense that they scarcely know anything of the mechanism of the cabin in which they live; and the policy of the slaveholders, aided by the priests, is to keep them in this condition as far as possible. So long as they have attended mass and said so many prayers a day the priests have been satisfied with their conduct, and their owners and masters have never thought of anything but to get as much work out of them as was possible for their strength.

Brazil's freedman, when delivered from the chains of slavery, are essentially children, and require to be taught how to use their freedom. They have simply been taught to perform a certain amount of work every day and eat as much food as they could get hold of.

There is, however, a small number of negroes in Brazil from Minas, a territory on the western part of Africa, who differ from all other blacks. They are of a powerful frame, capable of great endurance, display a remarkable degree of intelligence, are very cleanly, speaking a language among themselves, unintelligible to others, and practicing religious rites similar to those of Mohammedanism, from which they have never departed. They are the only negroes who keep the Ramadan, or fasting ceremonies of the Catholic church.

At slaves the Minas are valued at more than double the price of ordinary negroes, and at freedmen they are useful, industrious and valued citizens, and will work of their own accord. The other blacks exercise the Yankee ingenuity in saving their earnings and economizing their resources. They are ingenious as well as intelligent, and make excellent mechanics as well as laborers. Many Minas have frequently purchased their freedom and returned to Africa, but those that go invariably come back to Brazil. Several instances are reported in which they have returned wealthy for this purpose, and have even brought over friends and kinsmen of their own race to the Atlantic to settle in Brazil.

COLONIZATION SCHEMES.

The wisest thinkers of the country advocate the organization of immigration companies for the purpose of bringing negroes of these south from Africa, not as slaves, but as freedmen, to supply the demands for labor in the country. They are much preferable to the Chinese or the coolies as laborers, and are peculiarly adapted to the Brazilian climate.

Brazil will never be a place for white laborers to thrive in. There are a great many Germans coming into the country, forming colonies in the interior, opening up sugar plantations, planting coffee, gathering rubber, and engaging in all sorts of agricultural employment; but the climate is so enervating that after an experience of two years the foremost colonist will be found like his Portuguese predecessor, sitting in the shade of a fig tree and hiring a negro to do all work. Everywhere in hot climates where people have become enervated and found out how easy life is, and how cheap it is to live, they seem to lose all energy and ambition to better their condition. Even in other countries in the same latitude.

In the more southern provinces and on the high table lands of the interior, the enervated effects are nothing but climatic difference to oppose them. There has been a small number of Germans made to the United States to the southern provinces of Brazil, and after the war a great many Confederates flocked in there for the purpose of supplying plantations with rapidly coffee and sugar, but their success has not been great. Most of the colonies have been broken up and the members have scattered over different parts of the country. Some of them engage in one undertaking, some in another, but many have succumbed to the influence of the climate and died of fever.

NOTICE.

The finest and most desirable line of fancy goods that have probably ever been offered in this city, is that now displayed for the demands of Holiday trade, at Ellsell's. Christmas presents for all ages and both sexes are set forth in great variety at prices as low as possible.—Constitutionalist.

EDSALL'S.

R. WALDRON,

No. 9 East Front Street,

First National Bank Building, Plainfield, N. J.

MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

PICTURE FRAMES.

Gold Frames for Paintings

a Specialty.

OLD FRAMES REGILDED

to look like New.

First-class work. Low Prices.

FOR HOLIDAY GOODS GO TO MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

23 1-2 W. Front St.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS AT SWAIN'S

32 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials, Mirrors, Picture Frames, Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

L. M. FRENCH

Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs and

FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

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The Largest Stock

OF

HOLIDAY Presents

Ever in Plainfield at

COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

Established 16 years.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

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REAL ESTATE

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FIRE INSURANCE

LOANS NEGOTIATED

Office Opposite Railroad Station.

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BLUE STONE FLAGGING,

P. O. Box 1074.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossings at Lowest Prices. First-Class Work Guaranteed.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD.

12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for cooking purposes a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 29 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1337.

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S. J. NEAL,

THE

CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

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in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtaining, rags, &c., &c., by the yard. First class work constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

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PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, warerooms and residence, No. 31 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 102.

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INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

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MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has bargains in

Real Estate.

OFFICE Storey's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence at East Second street.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

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QUALITY **Coal**

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1497.

LARGE STOCK

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Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

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12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

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Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

Raised Flock, Gilded Velvet and Ingrain Papers, Decorative Wallpaper,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations.

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Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painters' Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

L. B. WOOLSTON, 211 E. FRONT.

P. O. Box 1074.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

Great Bargains this Week!

Look at the Newmarkets, Ulsters, Dreadnaughts, Russian Circulars, Cloaks, trimmed with Fur, from $5.50 up. Waterproof Coats $1.75, Jersey Jackets, $2.00.

Misses Elegant Suits in all styles at the cost of the dressmaker.

Mens' Newmarkets, Jersey Walking Coats, Plaid Havelocks very low.

Hats, Hats, Hats!

Ladies and Misses' hats and Bonnets in the latest shapes from 50c up.

Trimmed and untrimmed English Walking hats in Felt or Velvet from 60c up.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet plush cloth, from 50c to 75c.

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, &c each.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, latest style price 20 cents.

Hats, cards, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds. Look at our elegant chain in all colors for 80 cents a yard.

Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c per yard.

A full line, pattern in ladies' cloth, fur or flannel with basket lining, complete all complete for the dress maker of $4.50; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $2.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,

18 East Front street, Plainfield.

J. P. Laire & Co.

W. Front St. Cor. Park Ave.,

OFFER

HOLIDAY GOODS

VERY LOW.

Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Plated Ware, Fine Scissors in Plush and Leather Cases, Fancy Tinware, Children's Knives and Forks, Trays, Sleighs, Skates, Fancy Baskets, Call and Examine.

H. S. BARNES

17 and 19 Front Street, East,

WALL PAPERS,

Philadelphia and New York Designs.

ATLAS MIXED PAINTS.

$1.75 Per Gallon, Warranted Satisfactory

BRAGDON'S LUSTRA PAINTS.

POOR MAN'S DYES.

Neat and Handy.

Artist's Materials, etc.

5 Per Cent Discount for Cash.

Headquarters for

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Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.

15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Warner, I shall continue to supply the trade of all of variety of first class Cake, Pie, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at 69 Somerset street, will be in charge of my son, who is qualified for past patronage, to which I solicit the same.

JACOB VOEHL,

Successor to A. Warner, No. 15 West Front street Plainfield, New Jersey. 6-23-85.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken of Adults and Children,

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer.

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HAVING PURCHASED THE STOCK OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

HORSES

Taken by Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open stalls for the accommodation of the public. 11-18

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PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,

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A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 200 feet. Groundswell studied. Appointments first-class. Terms moderate.

J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

Business Cards.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Park Avenue, Corner Bound Brook Road,

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

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Dobbins' Cigars

Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 12-5-85

A. I. Smalley North avenue,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 60 Somerset street,

Grocer & Goodman,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Provisions. Good assortment, Rockingham Stone and Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,

Carpenters and Builders,

Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished

Emmons Bros.,

Masons and Builders,

Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing promptly executed. P. O. Box 926.

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For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. R. Front street and Elm Place.

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Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets, Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Hamburgh, etc. Plain stitching and Dressmaking. 12 East Front street.

J. Manning, Residence, Rahway P. O. Box 726.

Carpenter & Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Room at Opera House building, entrance between Swain's and Donnell's. Hours from 10 a. m. to 5 p.m. Ladies can have their measures taken and a **Perfect Fitting Lining Cut**

and basted in two hours. Ladies can also have their dresses made their own garments with entire success. Terms reasonable. Material furnished. Also paper patterns.

Ten Eyck's Meat Market.

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Third street

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

Somerset House,

Permanent & Transient Board,

at Pair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Liberty streets.

J. L. McVoy, **Driven Wells,**

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years, feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Office No. 8 Park avenue, near Front street. Shop on East Front. 1-26-86

T. E. Morgans,

Homeopathic Books, Stationery and Music. 27 1-2 Front street.

Rudolph Laurent, 7 Somerset St.,

Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street near Front,

Boarding, Permanent or Transient

Stabling for horses by day, week or month The true modern style. Jacob Grimm, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,

P. O. Box 238 and 238 Plainfield, N. J. Families, restaurants, saloons, butchers, etc., supplied at lowest market rates with

Clear Spring Water Ice,

Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

Notice.

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults, thoroughly cleaned by our new cesspool machine. New ones built and old ones repaired. Sodding, grading and contracting. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail or left at 148 Somerset st. (Mr. John Barry, 3 Chatham street, next to Arcole's grocery.

James Q. Miles, No. 22 Somerset street,

Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for

Adamant Letters & Numerals,

For signs on Glass, Wood, Stone or Metals. Sign Boards, Shields, Transparencies, Banners, etc., in any shape, made in the shop.

R. A. Ross, Steamer Plaindi, North Plainfield.

Informs carpenters and builders that he has taken the machine of the North Plainfield Moulding and Planing Mill, and can furnish

Mouldings Sashes Doors,

Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turned Work at Reasonable Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Seats(sic).

E. B. Maynard, No. 13 North avenue,

Shaving & Hair Cutting

Four first-class artists in attendance. Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting and shampooing a specialty. Razors put in Second-hand, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of

Kindling Wood for One Dollar,

At Grocer Duncan's Kindling Wood Establishment, No. 72 Water street. 6-29-85

John Wolf, P. R. C. P. O. Box 300

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults Dug and cleaned at reasonable prices.

J. A. Blatz, Proprietor,

Blatz's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Grove. Broad, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Comfortable, convenient and healthful. Board accommodations.

Jules Boutes, (FROM PARIS)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair Goods at New York Prices. Manufacturer and Theatrical costumes to hire. 16 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Milk Dairy,

Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,

Address D. S. Cozzs, P. O. Box 700, Plainfield

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Agent for the following first-class companies Germania and Hanover of New York; and Jersey City of Jersey City. Insurance effected on all kinds of property fixtures and dwellings at lowest rates. Money to loan on first class mortgages in Real Estate. House rentals and collections made. Deposits received and interest allowed. Agent for North Western Life Insurance Company.

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7 & 9 SOMERSET ST.

Tinners & Practical Plumbers

Heater Work A Specialty.

We employ in this department none but the best workmen, men of many years experience in some of the leading houses in the trade. If your Furnace or Range does not work satisfactory give us a trial. We will give you satisfaction. Seventeen years practical experience.

E. C MULFORD

Real Estate Broker and Fire Insurance.

Office 35 and 37. Opp. R. R. Station.

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REPRESENTING

The North America Insurance Co. of Phila.

Phenix Assurance Co., of London

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RESIDENCE, NO. 69 EAST FIFTH STREET,

Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m

CRUSHED STONE

Is Now Furnished by

JOHN WILSON.

A good supply of stone it THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave

Go To **F. C. GREEN,**

(Successor to GREEN & CO.)

18 West Front Street.

FOR BARGAINS!

A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50

Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $28

Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

CARPETS!

AT

Low Prices

Our Fall stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of

Ingrains, Three-Plys, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, Tourney and Royal Wiltons.

of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

DECEMBER BARGAINS.

We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest cost.

Orders Carefully Executed

AT

SHORTEST NOTICE

John & Jas. Dobson

MANUFACTURERS,

46 and 48 West Fourteenth street, N. Y.

RAMONETTI'S

CELEBRATED

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream

Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty.

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream Imitations

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

RAMONETTI'S

24 North Ave.,

Telephone, No. 30. 6-19-18

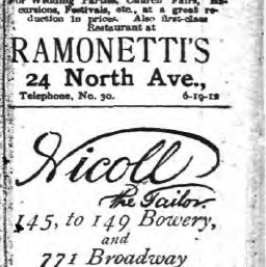
Nicoll the Tailor

145, to 149 Bowery, and 771 Broadway

Opposite Stewart's.

New York

BINGS PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.



This machine is a wide one as my yard. No 6 Fox avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Will be found in the rear of it. The coal is first dumped down upon the street, so that the cart can straight through. Then the coal is raised to the bins. If you want a ton of Stonyfish and other first-class coals always on hand, call on Abel Hollingshead and A. Mitchell, Jr's. Purchasers of Bing's Machine.

MORGAN BROS.

Park Avenue, Plainfield, N. J

FISHER and MONFORT

Photographers

15 EAST FRONT ST.

are making their best

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

FOR

$3.50 Per Dozen

Specimens at the Door.

A. SWALM,

Wall Paper,

No. 6 North Avenue.

FOR BARGAINS

IN NEW AND

SECOND-HAND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

AND FOR

First Class Cabinet Work

AND

UPHOLSTERING

CALL AT THE STORE OF

J. S. Powlison

43 West Front Street.

Electric Fire Alarm

Electric Burglar Alarm, Improved and cheap Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas Lighting,

Electric Front Door Bells, Electric Watchmen's Time Detectors.

Electric Thermostat so connected with battery (see above) as to prevent too low or high a temperature in your office, living apartment or conservatory, will notify when the fire is going out, etc.

REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS.

F. E. KINSMAN,

Successor to F. E. KINSMAN & CO.,

[illegible] Broadway—36 Liberty Street New York, and P. O. Box 1068, Plainfield, N. J

OPPOSITION.

JONES & CO.,

Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co

For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. The tanks and machinery are constructed on improved principles, and are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Orders left at Jones' Livery Stable, 12 and 14 East Second street, or at residence of W. Jones, C. Ray ave., Addis and Hall's grocery, practical plumbers, or P. O. Box 1068, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention.

Telephone Call 29.

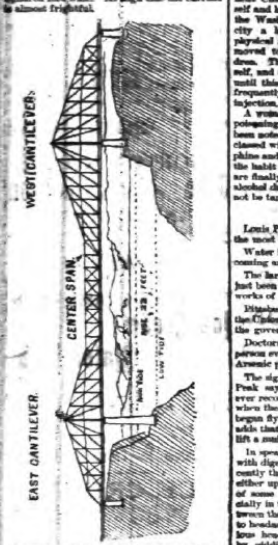
SCIENCE AND PROGRESS

New Cantilever Bridge at St. John, N. B.

One of the recent triumphs of science is the splendid new steel bridge over the St. John river, in New Brunswick. By its completion a new and shorter connection by rail from Maine to New Brunswick for the first time. The United States is thus connected with the Canadian provinces at its northeast corner.

The bridge was opened for traffic the 1st of October. The rapidity with which it was built is surprising. Work was begun April 1, and the first engine crossed July 3. The Dominion Government constructed it. Calculation was made for it to bear a weight of one and one-fourth net ton to the running foot in connection with two engines of forty-five tons each followed by tenders, with the usual strains per square inch in various parts.

The difficulties of building a bridge at this point were great. The river St. John flows into the Bay of Fundy. The tremendous tides in this bay are familiar to every school child. Their influence is felt for hundreds of miles up the St. John. Under the new bridge they rise and fall twenty-two feet twice every day. At this point the river is twelve hundred feet wide. At high tide the current is almost frightful.



But this was the best place for the bridge. It has been settled that the cantilever or bracket bridge is the best for railroad purposes. There is a high suspension bridge near the one the railroad has built. It appears in Fig. 2.

What is a cantilever bridge? The word cantilever is an architectural term, and signifies a beam-like support under a cornice or beam. The bridge to which the term is applied consists of a central span and two shore ends.

The shore arms are supported pivot fashion upon piers under their middle. The shore ends are built upon abutments and heavily anchored down, so as to exert upward at the river ends and bear the weight of the central span. The piers of the St. John bridge are granite. This is the first thorough cantilever bridge that has ever been built. The track goes straight across from pier to pier. Other bridges on this plan have the track laid upon the upper chord. The advantage of this style of bridge is the ease and rapidity with which it can be constructed.

The work was performed by means of a movable tower derrick 180 feet high. This bridge was designed by Phelps Johnson, civil engineer, of Toronto. The whole cost will be about $600,000, which is considered low. The bridge is 2,010 feet long. In considering the time of constructing a work just by breaking of hoisting apparatus should be remembered. It was built for the New Brunswick and International railway.

Reclaiming Sand Dunes.

A striking instance of man's triumph over nature is witnessed on the coast of Gascony, France. A sand dune is a shifting hill of sand, blown hither and thither by the winds, the direction and force of which are the drivers of acres of sand fields. The waves washed the sand up from the sea, the winds caught them up and whirled them inland. The sand hillocks form a habitable country, and their gradual, slight length they began to bury grain fields, villages, and even churches up to the steeples. The evil grew till it threatened to depopulate the district.

In 1789 one Brémontier began trying to see whether this devastation could not be stopped. He commenced by attacking the sand dunes themselves. Trying to forestall them, he built wattle fences at the sand edge of the shore. These caught the larger sand more than the finer, and in a few years a miniature hill formed behind the fence. Behind this hill he planted firmly the bent grass which the ocean throws up. Then he sowed seeds of trees and shrubs, and made to complete the work by the planting of forests. After the old hills were fixed, the next problem was to stop the forming of new ones. A wooden palisade was built along the shore, about 150 yards from the sea. The sand broke against it and fell through the railings. It thus formed a gentle slope on the inland side and a steep slope on the side next the sea. This was what was wanted. The woodwork was built taller as the sand rose, until now a height of thirty to forty feet is reached. The sand falls and piles heap up the seaside no more. The slope of the barrier inland was sowed with the plant arundo aconacta. The roots penetrate several yards, and the plant always keeps its head above the sand.

Thus the question was settled forever. In course of time the artificial dune, too, will be covered on its landward side with a forest growth. It is a splendid story.

Cocaine as a Poison.

When cocaine was introduced to the public as a marvelous anæsthetic, one of its chief virtues was its alleged harmlessness. If our scientific physicians had asked the South American Indians who chew the cocaine leaves, almost it time would have learned that coca is a poison. In violent doses it causes death with the symptoms of severe asphyxiation. But that is not all, or the worst. Like the habit of indulgence in opium or the alcohol or opium habit. Its victims' constitutions are undermined, and they sink into premature old age. A prominent Chicago physician has destroyed himself and his family by its use. He is now in the Washington lunatic asylum. The wife and children, physical and mental wrecks, have been removed to hospitals. There were five children. The doctor had used the drug himself, and experimented with it in his family until this melancholy result followed. He frequently administered it by hypodermic injection.

A physician in Kansas recently died of coca poisoning, and several such instances have been noted. On the whole, cocaine must be classed with such dangerous remedies as morphine and alcohol. It is a nerve stimulant, the habit of taking it grows, and its victims are finally as surely ruined as if they became alcohol drunkards or opium eaters. It must not be tampered with.

Facts of Interest.

Louis Pasteur says that quantities of carbon in the smallest state of division explode.

Water in connection with explosives is becoming an important aid to blasting.

The largest steam hammer in America has just been built by the Black Diamond steel works of Pittsburg.

Minneapolis, to be the only city in the Union where the large guns ordered by the government can be cast.

Doctors claim that no other wine healthy person ever really dies of cholera morbus. Arsenic poisoning is often mistaken for this.

The signal officer on the summit of Pike's Peak says the highest velocity of the wind ever recorded there was 110 miles an hour, when the instruments broke and cord wood began flying down the mountain. The guide adds that seventy-five miles per hour would lift a mule out of the trail.

In speaking of minor ailments connected with digestion Dr. Lander Brunton said recently that headaches were usually dependent either upon the presence of decayed teeth or of some irregularity in the eyes, more especially in the difference of focal length between the two. As persons who were subject to headaches in their youth grow older, bilious headache was very apt to be replaced by giddiness, and this change came when people needed spectacles.

Anecdote of Peter Cartwright.

[Chicago Tribune.]

During Senator Spooner's last visit here a little group gathered around him, and he began telling tales of revival times. "I remember hearing my father tell of hearing Cartwright once," he said. "The service had been in progress for two nights, and the counties around to see and hear the great exhorter. After the singing, which seemed to shake the very oaks, was over, Cartwright began: 'I hear there is a new religion started down in Boston, and its bulle ers are called Universalists. They think that everybody, good or bad, is going straight to Heaven, whatever he may have done on earth. All I'm going to say about them is to tell a story. You have all heard about Noah, and know how the world became so wicked that the Lord had to drown the people. Noah was a good man, and built the ark as he was told. All the living things of the earth were placed in that ark, and then Noah and his family got on board as the floods came. For forty days it rained, and all the land was covered, and then they landed on Mount Ararat. Noah was a good man. He lived so many hundred years in trial and trouble. His family, full of children, died when he died and he went to Heaven. As he stepped inside the pearly gates he fellowed his dog Rover, who had died years before, and before he knew they were so wicked, gathered around to look at the old man, who had been passing his life in tribulation, while they were enjoying the delights of Heaven. Finally one who had never liked Noah on earth hastened to his side and, mocking goodness, said to him: "Well, old man, you've got along at last, have you?"

"That story was a 'clincher' among the backwoodsmen," the senator concluded. "It was worth something to hear them tell all the arguments the revivalist would have profound."

Laughing Gas the Latest Fad.

[New York Letter.]

There is readiness enough in the ladies of New York to grasp at any fad, new idea that are frivolous, and it is a pity that their inclination in that respect can not be diverted into higher channels. Just now the other fad is to have a tooth pulled. New York has several places conspicuously for that jerky sort of surgery, wherein no other dentistry is practiced, and where great quantities of the laughing gas are used. The patient turned patient sits placidly down in the chair, breathes out of the bag, goes to sleep, and awakens to a sudden pain in the back of his gums. He has suffered neither dread nor pain. But the novice do not divert themselves of the fright of anticipation, and the waiting-rooms in the dentists' of two-dozen fears and trembling limbs, and the voice of persuasion is constantly raised. This time, however, I saw a busy dentist with a flock of girls on his hands, all of whom showed symptoms of nothing teeth or palpitating nerves.

"Now, ladies," said one of the speakers, "please don't all speak at once. Many years ago I had an experience, but were not so perfectly restored that I could not see what was done to them. Each in turn was led to a little room next to the operating room, and there given the gas. Each one, as she returned, told how she felt, and what she had seen. Most very pale at once spoke, and departed, looking very anxious indeed.

"Then came the one for whom she had come, and she, with a smile that showed her teeth, sat down in the chair, and in a few minutes was under the influence of the gas. Then she began to talk, and it has evidently become a settled thing to take. After a little sight at a time she was very other person to the one you've seen, and takes light doses of laughing gas. That is the latest swell fad, you know."

BOYS AND GIRLS

Fashions in Birds.

You would scarcely guess in a year what kind of birds there is in the pictures are. Give it up? Well, they are pigeons.

Nature can hardly be said to have made them. They are more man's work than hers. That is why they are so ridiculous-looking. The pigeon is a bird that can be greatly changed by breeding, and, the creatures you see here have been produced after a number of generations of fanciers. By selecting and hatching year after year eggs from the birds that had the largest crops, the longest legs and wings, for instance, the fancier has got Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 produced. It is all legs, wings and crop. There would not be room enough in a dozen of them to make one small pigeon pie. This pigeon is called the "Pouter pigeon." When a man shows and swells out his chest when he walks people say he looks like a pouter pigeon.

FIG 1. POUTER.

Yet there certainly is excellent skin and not of bad beautiful. At the pigeon fanciers' show in the Crystal Palace, at London, the fellow in the picture won a prize of a silver cup. The pouter pigeon is also a homely sort into regions over his long legs and over body. One would think even a bird would be very uncomfortable to be all legs and crop. But the pouter gets used to it. He goes around without fear letting the air out of that huge crop. If he does a wind, big, and can be inflated or held flat at pleasure. Those queer points produced him the "grand prizes and slender girth." His owner refused $25 for him and this model.

The pigeon in Fig. 2 is, if anything, yet uglier. It is known as the black mouthed trumpeter. In this bad-looking bird it is considered the chief beauty to have no head. Crop and body and legs has enough all been bred away. The little that is left is smothered in feathers. If there was nothing in the first bird but bones and a wind bag to make pigeon pie of in this one there is not much but feathers.

BLACK MOUTHED TRUMPETER.

The legs are so heavily feathered that the trumpeter looks to have no feet at all. The creature has scarcely more brains than a mosquito, apparently. Yet such strange tastes do men and women have that there were those who quite raved over the remarkable loveliness of this, too. It was owned in Ireland, was 3 years old, and won a first prize and a silver cup both. Some of these same people who went wild over the hideous pigeon probably would not have had a word of praise for the prettiest baby in Great Britain. It is all a matter of fashion.

If these two varieties of pigeon should go out of style, how monstrous they would look, to be sure!

School Savings Banks.

We mentioned a little while ago about the savings bank in Mr. Higgins' school in Brooklyn. You would like to hear something about how it is managed. It is like this: Deposits of from one cent to ten cents are received. His last report was for the first every Monday morning. The roll is called. When all is collected from the whole school the sum they have deposited is read aloud. When a pupil deposits as much as twenty-five cents he or she gets a bank book, just like a grown person. The principal of the school keeps the book proper and enters the money carefully. When a pupil's odd change amounts to twenty-five cents the sum is put upon his bank book again. The accounts are examined once a month.

The principal has charge of all the bank books. When a pupil leaves the school his book is returned to him, but he or his parents cannot draw out the money except in the presence of the principal. Sometimes bad and drunken parents want to take their children's savings away from them. Under this plan, in five years' time 400 pupils saved $120.

Try it in your schools, boys and girls. Your teachers will help you.

Nobility.

True worth is in being, not seeming;
In doing each day that goes by
Some little good thing—not in dreaming
Of great things to do by and by.
For whatever we say in our lifetime
And angels of the flowers of youth,
There's nothing so kingly as kindness,
And nothing so royal as truth.

We get back our mete as we measure—
We cannot do wrong and outright,
Nor can we give pain and find pleasure,
For both are reaped in the night.
The air for the wing of a sparrow,
The bush for the robin or wren,
But always the path that is narrow
And straight for the children of men.

'Tis not in the heights of story
The deeds of life that to beguile,
Though he who makes courtship to glory
Gives all that he hath for a smile.
For when from her heights he has won her
And lifts it to his head,
There's nothing so loyal as honor,
And nothing so royal as love!

We cannot make bargains for blisses
Nor catch them like fishes in nets;
And sometimes the thing our life misses
Helps others most sorely in fate.
We shall find out the thing which is good,
For good hath not to pursuing,
Nor gathering of gems or of wealth,
But just in the doing and doing,
As we would be done by, is all.

The number of plants known to botanists is 105,000. But there are many yet unclassified.

Boehm's
Closing Out.
$30,000 Sale
OF
Dry Goods,
At Cost Prices.
TO CONTINUE
Until Dec. 31, '85
Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!
The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.
Great Reductions in all Departments.
Gift handkerchiefs at Closing New purchase; Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.
1,500 Pounds of Western Geese Feathers, former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.
4 4 Oil Cloth at 22c per yard.
2nd or Three Cents selling at the reduced 5-5-25-per-yard.
Bedspreads Underwear, Corsets, Shawls, Shirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at
Boehm's
7 W. FRONT ST.

LEATHER GOODS.
We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,
Pocket Books, Bill Books.
Letter Cases, Card Cases,
Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases,
Dressing Cases and
PURSES.
Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.
A. W. RAND'S,
24 W. FRONT STREET,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Holiday GOODS
IN
GREAT VARIETY
FOR
Ladies', Gents. and Children
AT
POPE BROS.

The Bee Hive,
(Above Music Hall)
38 West Front St.
Holiday Goods!
WRITING DESKS,
WORK BASKETS,
TOILET SETS,
Smokers' Sets
Brass and Plush Ornaments,
PAPETERIE
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls.
Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
FALL AND WINTER
Clothing,
MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS
All made by us and the workman ship is guaranteed.
ALSO
A SPENDID LINE OF
Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting,
MADE TO ORDER
Our Merchant Tailoring
DEPARTMENT
Replete with every variety.
Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.
JOHN H. FRENCH
29 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

DON A. GAYLORD
Dealer in
LUMBER!
MASONS' MATERIALS
and
COAL.
Also keep in stock choice quality of
Cannel Coal.
Madison Avenue,
And
C. R. R.
Telephone Call 89

CALL AND EXAMINE
A. M. Griffen's
Stock of
Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces Ranges & Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.
13 EAST FRONT ST.
Telephone Call 6.

FREE OF COST.
Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully, E. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

Comptons
PURE Philadelphia
ICE CREAM
Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.
COMPTON'S
CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,
26 West Front St.

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.
Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,
Plainfield, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

Le Boutillier Bros.,
BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.
500 ENGLISH
Walking Jackets
$6.95
They are made from Rough Beaver Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $12 each. Also 500 rough cloth and
JERSEY JACKETS
$5, 6, 6.95. 7.50, 10, 12.
Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.
Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,
Boot and Shoe Dealer,
6 PARK AVE.
Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and PEBBLE GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and confident that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

PLAINFIELD
Steam Laundry
ESTABLISHED 1877
EAST THIRD STREET
A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Custom or Gloss Finish.
Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box, 201.

CAREY'S
FURNITURE EXPRESS
LARGE
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

The Prince Royal.
$3.50
Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made neatness and cut with genuine glove calf top of the best tannery calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best looking and best shoe alone in the market.
SHERWIN, Sole Agent,
23 W. Front.

B. T. BARNES,
4 East Front Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
PURE Candies,
Manufactured on the Premises.
Old Fashioned Molasses Candy
a specialty

Night Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned.
25 per cent Cheaper than by any other Cesspool
(By the use of)
Harris' Cleaning Apparatus,
The only one of the kind in the city
Which is so constructed that it is used in deep toilets and is guaranteed to clean them perfectly. Orders left at my residence, Somerset street, or addressed to P. O. Box 778, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention.
JOHN BROWN

S. W. Wakefield,
ENGINEER,
PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by steam or hot water.
Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Self-Feeding Boilers.
Dealer in Steam Fixtures, Engines, Boilers, Injectors, Pumps, Heaters, Belting, Packing, Gaskets, Rubber and Metallic Packing.
OFFICE, 30 SOMERSET STREET.
My Reference is my Work.

JUST OPENED!
Retail *Department*
At 8 West Front St., of
CAMPBELL'S
Boot and Shoe Manufactory,
For the Sale of all kinds of
Foot Wear
FOR Ladies, Misses and Children.
FOR Men, Boys' and Youths.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past year, and has superior facilities for turning out his own goods both for stock and to retail orders, and by buying in the manufacturing line will make a specialty of repairing. He also will make a specialty of custom work, and guarantee any and all. The finest lady's dressed kid shoe can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.
Call for particulars on
STANTON CLARK
17 and 19 East Front street.
THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER recommended for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 5-29-3m

OVERCOATS
Men's Serviceable Overcoats,
$4.00
MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $6, $8, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.
All wool undressed red Underwear at $1 50 each.
Schwed Bros.
Leading Plainfield Clothiers,
No. 7 E. Front St.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S
Charlotte Russe
40c Per Dozen
20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.
Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS.
40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.
Dixon's Ice Cream
675 Broad St., Newark
36 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.
Hanging Lamps & Gas Fixtures.
GAVETT'S,
15 E. FRONT ST.
FRANK DAY,
Successor to E. J. Coleman.
LIVERY STABLE
North Avenue
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.
Carriage to Meet all Trains.
Family Riding a Specialty.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 168 PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1885 Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

LOST—Saturday, December 12, C. A. R., back of No. 20. The finder will please leave same at Edward W. Mc'o, Front street, where I can be found at office hours of Central R. R. of N. J. 1p-2

LOST—A light red Irish setter. A suitable reward will be given on returning him to H. Hershey, 13 Third Place. 1p-2

WANTED to hire 5 March ox, a single and yoke. Address Wm. Southworth, Notre Dame. 1p-2

FOR SALE—A Boston Billy cart, a wagon and harness; just the thing for a Christmas present for a boy. Address P. Brown, Box 1581. 1p-2

TO LET—Two front rooms to let, also two rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire at No. 5 Somerset street. 1p-2

PIANOS for sale at Laing's Hall. Three—One 12, six feet 4 in., one a concert grand, over 8 ft. 1 inch long, and the other a square. Call and don't buy before sale. 1p-3

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale on account of ill health. Inquire at 144 West Second street, the Holly Tree, North avenue. For particulars apply to Edward Stafford, real estate broker, 31 and 33 Spruce street. 1p-3

LOST—A valuable scarf pin, on Park avenue or in High street, Saturday. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same. Address J. A. M., care N. E. office. 1p-2

FARM WANTED on shares by a good farmer with good references. Address A. W. S., Evening News. 1p-4

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Ninth street near Second Place. Handsomely finished hard wood floors and mantels. Modern conveniences. Address 11, Evening News office. 1p-2

FOR SALE—Second-hand depot wagon, Kitchener's, 18 Somerset street. Also, for sale, three K. Fletcher's, 18 Somerset street. 12-5-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John E. Kennett residence, 124 West Front street, Plainfield. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, 31 and 33 Spruce street, Plainfield. 11-20-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house or a part of it, if desirable rent. Centrally located. Address Post-shed, care Evening News. 10-0-tf

BOARD—Pastor desiring another board for the winter can find a pleasant home with private family in pleasant residence, very desirable location. Five minutes walk from P. O. Address "Pastor," this office. 11-30-tf

TO LET—Two connecting furnished rooms, Apply to 24 Central avenue. 10-tf

TO LET—Rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. F. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-tf

Special Notices.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

In order to accommodate those who find it inconvenient to call earlier, the Collector's office will remain open every evening, from 7 to 9 o'clock, until night o'clock, to receive taxes.

JAMES JOHNSON, Collector.

HOLIDAY GOODS
at H. S. Barnes'.

NEW HOURS.

For sale or to let. One on Tenth street, near Watchung avenue. The house will be for sale and rent on the premises. The lot will be for sale and rent at No. 21 Fifth street near Liberty street. Inquire of Dr. Cook, 21 Fifth street, or of Liberty street, or of S. T. Vail's, real estate office. 12-8-2p

H. LUDLOW,

Practical Sewer, Carriage Trimming. Carpeting of all kinds repaired and trimmings repaired in Factory, whose quality he was for ten years; the last ten with Mr. L. W. Prieck. On and after Jan. 1st, 1886, prices will be added to all repairs. Lessons given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1426. 12-7-3p

NEW YORK PRICES
at H. S. Barnes'.

WANTED

A good, smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a new Standard Medical Improvement. Liberal inducements to good, steady experience, but if better job satisfactory, will receive reference as to character and ability. For particulars, address, stating age, occupation, etc., Pilot, Box C, Newark, N. J. 12-12-3p

CALL AND GET PRICES

At the Home Chickering Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. Shirts, collars and cuffs done in the best manner. Also, a count per pair, Cobars, 2 cents. Yours Lov.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,

Penn street, opposite North avenue, now depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All who want are given on the premises. 10-30-3m

TERRALINE WARE

At H. S. Barnes'.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.

Fresh every day. Designs for wedding, parties and funerals a specialty. Also a choice lot of plants in flower styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue opposite North. 10-20-tf

ALBERT SMITH,

Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Colonnes, Cresting, Coverings for Roofs, Bolts, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing promptly attended to. 73 Rear Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 7-7-6m

MUSIC.

J. P. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 10-6m

THE REFORM CLUB HALL

Is now open for rent for night hundred, with platform; can be used for dancing, lectures, social entertainments, parties, etc. Also a number of rooms suitable to hire a hall for business or exhibitions.

Professional Cards.

DR. ANDREW MANNING

Office and residence corner of 5th street. Office hours before nine o'clock a. m. and from one to two p. m. 12-11-3m

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.

Architect, No. 29 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 12-28-y

CARL & JACQUES

Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office 27 West Front street, P. O. Box 1021, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Street Grades, and general Engineering work. Long experienced corps assist in any part of the country.

F. A. DUNHAM.

Civil Engineer, Counsel's Building. Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years experience in city surveying in Plainfield, will be pleased to receive orders for the same. Residence, 21 Park avenue. 9-29-3m

DR. CHAS. R. THIERS, DENTIST,

Has removed to 21 Park avenue, third yard as a local anesthetic. Gold filling a specialty.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,

Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal proceedings a specialty. Testimony taken in duplicate by typewriter if desired. Dictation taken. Typewriting done promptly. Terms moderate. Office, Room 3, Corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B MAXSON,

Real estate agent. Will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Office corner Front and Park avenue, second floor.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,

Office 5 Front street, corner of Front. Office hours from 10 to 12, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 8-30-6m

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,

Physician and Surgeon, Office and Residence, No. 2 Second street, Washington Block, Plainfield. Office hours 9 to 11 a. m. 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Solicitors of Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office in Chemical Bank building, corner Front and Somerset streets.

STUDAM & STILLMAN,

Counsellors at Law, Washburn's Block. Rooms 2 and 3, Plainfield, N. J.
WM. STILLMAN.
WM. P. STUDAM.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,

No. 5 East Front street, over Gilbert's Pharmacy. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m. Saturdays, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Chloroform administered. Gold fillings from $1 to $5. 12-10-3m

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best references. P. O. Box 1581.

ART SCHOOL,

Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 3 East Front street. M. E. Moore. 10-6-3m

E. HAZELI,

Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in theory, harmony, singing, and playing, piano and violin. 36 Dunellen street, North Plainfield. 10-10-tf

MISS ALICE SMITH,

Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Will receive pupils at her residence, 46 West Second street, corner Plum. 10-10-7p.

MISS M. A. BARIGHT

Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 608.

ELOCUTION

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert. P. O. Box 1581.

Post Offices.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 10.00 a. m.; 3.00 and 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—2.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 3.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.44 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Mail for Westfield closes at 7.30 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to accommodate R. R. men.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding day of last year, kept by Messrs. Sprague Store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
6 a. m.	29	8 a. m.	40
9 a. m.	32	12 m.	42
12 m.	36	12 p. m.	42
3 p. m.	36	1 p. m.	40

Almanac Almanac.

1885.	1884.
Sunrise.....7.15 a.m	Sunrise.....7.15 a.m
Sun Rises...4.56 p.m.	Sun Rises...4.56 p.m.
Moon Rises 9.16 p.m.	Moon Rises 8.31 p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it continues to be generally fair and slightly warmer.

JOTTINGS.

—Read Collector Johnson's Special Notice.

—Grand bazaar at the Park Avenue Baptist church to-night.

—Circle No 1 of the C. L. S. C., will meet this evening in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A.

—The City Hotel is undergoing repairs prior to being re-opened by Mr. Staats, the proprietor of the Sheridan House at Elizabeth.

—A solid gold chain and two wax dolls are among the many articles on exhibition in the window of Sherwin's shoe store to be voted for at the fair of Engine Co. No. 2, which opens in Cutter's Hall to-morrow evening.

—A young man in Plainfield who informed us that he with several other young men contracted the itch at a neighboring city through dousing imported masquerade suits, says that an excellent cure is sulphur and lard well rubbed in.

—The New Brunswick Salvation Army became engaged in a noisy quarrel at their meeting Sunday night and at a saloon a block away, a number of rowdies became involved in a drunken fight, in which, it is said, one of them stabbed a woman.

—Foreman Thomas Keller, Assistant Foreman Frank Day and Robert Skinner, Louis Lane, William Goeller, J. Howard Wilson, a delegation from Engine Company, No. 2, will attend the annual ball of Lincoln Hose Company at Perth Amboy this evening.

—It is often said Bartley Campbell exhausted his dramatic powers in writing "Siberia" and that he will never write another of the kind; however, the Union Square has serious is blended with the humorous. None verrons as the French say, there has never been a number two company of Siberia. One organization has been playing this most successful of dramas for three years. The success of business seems to be with it.

—Vice President Gowen of the Reading Railroad Company, states that there is no necessity for the Jersey Central to be separated from the Reading, and that he shall do all within his power to have the two properties kept together. Mr. Gowen claims to be of the opinion that the proposed route of the Reading and Ohio over the Kill von Kull, when the Jersey Central agrees to make a favorable contract with it, will be abandoned.

—Counsellor S. V. Lindabury of Elizabeth, who represented the Attorney-General in the prosecution during the Rockwell-Wainright murder trial at Trenton, where the former was acquitted of the charge of murder in the first degree, is to be counsel for the Board of Freeholders of Ocean County, who claimed that they were defrauded by the Supreme Court was applied to for a writ of mandamus to compel the Freeholders to settle. Judge VanDyke on Saturday decided to allow the writ and ordered the bills to be paid.

—There was an unusually large crowd of spectators at the Crescent Carnival last evening, for which extensive preparations have been made for several weeks past, but the membership was restricted to less than a dozen females, principally children, and to about 200 boys and young men in fancy dress. About nine o'clock the Plainfield Bicycle Club, most of whom were attired in their club costume, a few wearing fancy dresses, had a race, which was won by Frank, the son of Mr. Jos. W. Yates, carried off the honors, passing one after another of the excellent riders, and winning rounds of applause from the spectators. The Carnival was gotten up by a foreign company, who received as a consideration a large share of the proceeds, which it is estimated were between $200 and $300.

Lebbeus Lewis Compton Dead.—A Grand Old Man Gone.

When the editor of THE NEWS was a boy between fourteen and fifteen years of age, he, a tall sapling, entered the army, and became acquainted with a soldier in the same company, a private, who had formerly been a sea captain, and who was named Robert Dawson. Between the boy of fourteen and the man of forty a friendship sprang up, which to the then boy is to-day a most pleasant memory. No warmer and truer affection we believe ever existed between even father and son, than existed between us. Either would gladly have given up his life to shield the other from danger, and that each given repeated demonstration of this feeling. It was Damon and Pythias personified. We have never known a grander, nobler man than "Bob." Both of us often stood side by side in battle, each more anxious last harm should come to the other than concerning himself. We watched by each other's side during the three days' battle of the Wilderness. We were prisoners together, spending seven months in Libby, Belle Isle and Salisbury prison. One night on an order to send the prisoners North on cattle cars, they were divided up into squads, and one batch of several thousand was sent North via Richmond and the other via Wilmington, N. C. In the darkness we got separated from Bob, he returning via Richmond, while we returned by the sea route. On the way he caught a heavy cold. Pneumonia set in and he died on the way. We never saw his noble, handsome, kindly face again, but it is as vividly impressed upon our memory as if it was but yesterday that we were together, and glad indeed would we be, if when our turn comes to pass away, we could leave behind us a pleasant memory behind us, as did our loved friend, honest, noble, generous Bob.

We heard this morning that Lebbeus Lewis Compton was stricken with apoplexy yesterday afternoon about three o'clock and at his home, No. 26 West Front street, and was dying, and the feeling of sadness we felt at the intelligence, we have never known since Bob's death twenty years ago. In a life full of love of adventure, reckless of consequences, we had by chance met a man, whose influence over us was so great that at the news of his death we sobbed as a little child, so great was our grief. So like that man was old Mr. Compton, who was among the first of our acquaintances upon coming a stranger less than two years ago to Plainfield, as we were and have been, a kind, good and worthy his life, that now he is dying we feel that same grief to-day, that we felt twenty years ago for Bob, and we believe all who knew the old man will feel deeply grieved at his loss.

In the truest sense of the word the community loses in the death of Mr. Compton one of their oldest and worthiest merchants, a man who made no pretensions, but was the soul of honor and rectitude generally, a kindly and true husband and father, lacking in none of the old-fashioned virtues, and with his mourning family, a whole community will mourn his loss.

When this paper was but a few months old, we had occasion to attack a house of infamy and a married policeman found in unlawful relations therein, he retaliated a vile crew conspired to embarrass us by procuring our arrest on a charge of libel, which the Grand Jury threw out. Old man Compton came forward as the bondsman, with the words, "Well, I guess while the old man has a dollar left, he will stand by the boy." There was no sham about his friendship. It was the true metal.

Mr. Compton was born in Plainfield sixty-six years ago. He began business here about fifty years ago. He afterwards spent some years West, but he returned here and about a quarter of a century ago in Plainfield where he has since remained as a wholesale and retail confectioner and baker, building up a large business, extending for many miles around Plainfield, and which will remain as a landmark of his thrift and industry. He was a member of long standing of Jernasiem Lodge, F. & A. M., and had filled every office of honor in it up to the highest. He has been repeatedly honored by election to the Common Council, and in the record of the city he leaves it it names as a city, his name frequently occurs in positions of honor.

He married in his youth Miss Catherine Curtis of Washington Valley, and the couple have grown old together in our midst, never allowing the cares of business to divert their love and affection for each other. They have two sons and a daughter. Cornelius K., the oldest, age about forty, and Lewis, a few years younger, assisted him in his business, while his daughter, a few years ago became Mrs. Carrie Clark, the wife of Mr. J. Clark, who does a thriving business in Asbury Park.

At this writing Dr. Titsworth who attended Mr. Compton says it will be only a question of hours ere he is dead.

2.30 p. m.—We have just heard that the old man is dead. He died at half-past one this afternoon. We cannot look beyond the grave, but with hope, that on the other side we will see to greet us warmly the friendly face of Soldier Bob, and kind old "Citizen Compton."

We have paid this tribute to his memory on the impulse of the moment, moved as we have not been in years. For years the old man have often had together social chats, and were warm friends, and we loved him for the many noble qualities for THE NEWS and its founder, and for his many noble qualities of head and heart.

Seriously Injured.

A man named Snyder, employed as a machinist at the Scott Press Works, met with an accident yesterday morning which will confine him to the house for some time. He lives with his family in Elizabeth and, as was his usual custom, he passed Sunday at home. Returning to this city on the 7.14 train yesterday morning, and when near the Church street crossing, and while the train was yet in motion, he tried to alight. He was thrown violently to the ground, his head coming in contact with the stone ties on the opposite track. Several deep scalp wounds were found to have been inflicted by the fall, and he was otherwise severely bruised up. His injuries were attended, and later in the day he was sent home.

Ann Dunn's Murderer on Trial.

The trial of Olof Granquest for the murder of Ann Dunn of New Market on Nov. 9, was begun in the Criminal Court before Judge E. W. Scudder yesterday at New Brunswick. The large, square court-room was thronged, many of those present being farmers from that section of the county where the Dunns reside. Howard Macsherry, who had been assigned as counsel for the prisoner and who has successfully defended in three murder cases during the past five years, sat within the bar closely scanning the printed list of jurors. Near him was a Swede who was to interpret Granquest's testimony. In a retired quarter of the bar sat the widow of the murdered man, in deep mourning dress, closely veiled and apparently distressed. Beside her sat young Walter Dunn, the nephew, who witnessed the tragedy. Olof Granquest was brought in from the adjoining jail by two of the court constables. Whether real or assumed his actions were such that one might suppose him to be a lunatic. His pale blue eyes roved restlessly from side to side as he walked toward the bar, and he twirled a red cotton handkerchief about his fingers in an absent-minded fashion. His hair was closely cropped and his unkempt brown and iron-gray beard gave him withal a savage aspect. As he took his seat beside his counsel the latter reached out to shake hands with him, when he raised Mr. Macsherry's hand to his lips and kissed it in an affectionate manner.

For another hour the Court and counsel on both sides were engaged in selecting a jury. Out of a panel of forty-eight jurors the defense challenged seventeen and the State, represented by Prosecuting-Attorney Rice, challenged nine before the box of twelve was filled. Judge Scudder told the jury, after the members had been sworn individually, that until the verdict was given they were to have no communication with the outside world in reference to the important case to be tried, and also that they would not be allowed to see their families during the interval. The jury, composed, with no exception, entirely of countrymen, were allowed the privilege of this time to send word to their relatives, after which Mr. Rice opened the case for the State. He briefly outlined his case, stating that he would rely upon indisputable testimony for a verdict of murder in the first degree. The first witness called was David Sorsbie, a land surveyor, who testified to having visited the Dunn homestead in New Market after the crime, in company with Detectives Considine and Fourat of New Brunswick, in order to make a drawing of the barn where Dunn and Granquest met.

The only witness to the crime, Walter G. Dunn, a nephew of the murdered man, testified and fully detailed the circumstances of the case, which have heretofore appeared in these columns. His evidence was corroborated by Charles Brickhoff, a farm hand on the Dunn property.

The State will doubtless conclude the whole of to-day in placing its testimony before the jury.

Grand Bazaar.

The grand bazaar at the Park Avenue Baptist church opens this evening and will be continued to-morrow afternoon and evening. All the attractions of a first-class bazaar have been arranged for. Of course everybody gets hungry at an affair of this kind, and liberal arrangements have been made to supply all demands for refreshments. Supper will also be served to those who desire it, from six to nine o'clock each evening, so that persons can go direct from the train, store or office, obtain a good supper, and spend a pleasant evening.

Erecting the Electric Fire Alarm.

Men have been engaged for the past three or four days erecting the electric striking apparatus on the fire bell under the direction of President Jones of the Fire Board. Last evening the ropes were about completed and while testing it some part of the apparatus broke. The accident will necessitate a delay of three or four days, as the broken parts will have to be shipped to Boston in order to have the necessary repairs made. The testing previous to the accident gave entire satisfaction.

PERSONAL.

Bernard Brady has completed his new residence on Liberty street and now occupies it.

Joseph B. Jenkins has returned from Asbury Park to his home on Sixth street, corner of Washington.

Miss Stella Hazenbusk of Mt. Ayr, Iowa, is stopping with her aunt, Mrs. H. S. Barnes of East Front street.

Augustus Bernard, advance agent for P. T. Barnum, is stopping for a few days at the residence of his father-in-law on West Second street.

Mrs. S. B. Hope of West Fifth street, who has been confined to her home for the past thirteen weeks with rheumatism, is somewhat improved.

William Titus of Madison avenue this city, was one of the guests present at the ball of the Mystic bees ball club in Turn Hall at New Brunswick last night.

George Butcher, the driver of Steamer No. 2, who was so seriously injured while carrying baggage from the Music Hall last Thursday night, is rapidly recovering.

Charles Glasmier of New York and Miss Amelia Hoeft of this city are to be united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents on New street to-morrow evening at 7.30 o'clock. After the ceremony they will leave on a wedding tour.

Harry W. Lindsley of Crescent avenue, is about to relinquish the position he holds with W. H. Rooney's son, in the real estate business, having accepted the important position offered him by his father-in-law, Mr. C. M. Rutter, in the stock and bond business. Mr. Rutter intends to retire from active business next year, and the opportunity thus offered Mr. Lindsley is a most favorable one for a large and lucrative business, is considered a very desirable one, in which he hopes to win honor, friends and wealth.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Continued.)

The M. E. church is holding revival meetings every night except Mondays and Saturdays.

Wm. H. Reese of White Haven, Pa., has been paying a visit to his brother, S. W. Reese of Clinton Heights.

J. Warren Brown has been confined to his home for a week past, but is now recovering slowly, and hopes to be out next week.

The effort to attract our young men to the W. C. T. U. rooms on Saturday nights does not seem to meet with much success. The boys are everywhere else, but not at the temperance meetings.

The teachers of the Baptist Sunday School have decided to hold the Christmas entertainment on Christmas morning, as usual, and the Presbyterian Sunday School will give the children the usual Christmas treat.

On Sunday morning the 6th the Rev. Mr. Smith received into the Methodist Episcopal church ten members, two on probation and eight by certificate. Since his pastorate, which is now in its middle age, forty-five members have been received, twenty of whom were from probation and thirty-five by certificate. The Sunday School is also prosperous.

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society Meeting.

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society held their regular December business meeting in St. Mary's Hall at 7.30 o'clock last evening. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. A resolution favoring a semi-monthly meeting was read and adopted. Bernard Brady was elected Vice President to fill a vacancy, and John McNulty was elected a member of the Executive Committee. Resolutions of condolence, referring to the death of one of the members were read, ordered engrossed and published in the city papers. Five applications for membership were read and on motion accepted. The meeting then adjourned.

Civil Suits.

The case of the Plainfield Gas Light Company vs. Hoff, an action for debt, is to come up for trial before Justice Nash on December 21.

Justice Nash yesterday rendered judgment in favor of the plaintiff for $36.42 debt and $2.75 costs, in the case of Berry & Thorn vs. Miller.

The case of Berry & Thorn vs. Bogart, an action for debt, which was to have come up before Justice Nash yesterday has been adjourned for one week.

City Court.

Michael Splane was arrested by special policeman Flanagan yesterday afternoon for being drunk and disturbing the peace on Liberty street, by fighting. The officer arraigned Splane before City Judge Ulrich this morning, and although apparently he had got the worst of the fight, the Judge gave him the choice of paying a fine of $10 or spending the next thirty days in the County Jail. He took the latter.

—A country store under the management of a thoroughly competent young lady will be one of the attractions at the bazaar in the Park Avenue Baptist church. Five barrels of flour, a ton of coal, a box of buttons, Raven Gloss shoe polish, contributed by the manufacturer, and a great variety of other household necessities will form her stock in trade, to be disposed of strictly for cash.

—Weston and O'Leary arrived in New Brunswick Sunday, and the former delivered a temperance address to a large audience. At 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning the two men started on their 2,500-mile walk.

STATE NOTES.

Jersey City's revenue from taxes last week was $134,746.08.

Woolman Stokes' barn at Long Branch was burned yesterday; loss, $800.

Peter Flint, an insane patient who escaped from the Black wood Asylum, near Camden last week, has been captured.

Emma Hamble of Hackensack, who was accidentally shot on Friday by Lloyd Longstreet, will probably recover.

The Presbyterian and Methodist churches at Holt Beach, recently destroyed by an incendiary fire, will shortly be rebuilt.

President Cleveland yesterday appointed John F. Foran, postmaster at Jersey City, and Mary E. Simonson postmistress at East Orange.

A barrel of flour fell on Philip McDermott, a Jersey City longshoreman, and badly crushed him. He was sent to St. Francis' Hospital.

The President has re-appointed Harriet Cadmus to be postmistress at South Amboy. It is said this action was urged by ofitis me of that place irrespective of party.

Alfred Guyot nearly killed Bridget Purdier at Bayonne yesterday by beating her over the head. The victim is not expected to live. Her assailant was arrested and lodged in jail.

Thomas E. Jones was nearly killed yesterday by Dennis Reardon, a blacksmith, of No. 366 Thirteenth street, Jersey City. The latter struck his wife in the face with a knife and split his head open. Reardon was arrested.

Peter Sarotti, a wealthy shoemaker, is missing from his home in Bayonne. He left there on Saturday with a large sum of money in his pocket to pay some bills in New York. He has not been heard from by his friends since.

The Postmaster-General has appointed the following fourth-class postmasters for New Jersey: At Branchville, Jacob N. V. Dimon; at Hightstown, Benjamin Stout; at Shamong, Hope George T. Knight; at Ridgewood, J. Fred Crane; at Pleasant Valley, Andrew Bowne; at Port Norris, Joseph Ware; at Somerset, at Marlborough, J. C. Mayberry; at Lebanon, Lyman L. Gaunt; at Junction, Joseph Hall; at Hall's Bridge, Jacob Neighbor; at Columbia, Isaac S. Lowry; at Broadway, David G. Bilder; at Bloomsbury, George A. Bunting; at Andover, Nathan A. Stackhouse.

The Mercer County Court has reserved its decision in the case of Wilhelm Hanke, indicted for the murder of Conrad Bopp, between land owned by Stephen Hy and Charles Hanke, and Hanke pleaded guilty to manslaughter and Hanke's counsel argued that the case should be dismissed. The prosecution contended that both sides of the ground being private land there is a clear case of trespass and homicide.

MUSIC HALL
THURSDAY, DEC. 17 TH.

SIBERIA!

A Romantic Play in Six Acts and Seven Tableaux
BY MARTLEY CAMPBELL!!!
Next Thursday.

W. C. T. U. COURSE
AT REFORM HALL.

The Meigs Sisters'
VOCAL QUARTETTE AND
Mr. Charles F. Underhill,
READER.
Tuesday, December 15,
AT 8 P. M.

A Physical TEST
OF
Man's Endurance
AT THE
Casino
GRAND
O'Leary and Weston
CONTEST
OF
2,500 Miles,
for a purse of $3,000. Commencing the ninth day of their long tramp
Wednesday, December 16,
and continuing two days from 10.30 a. m to 10.30 p. m. each day at the
Grove Street
CASINO
General Skating every afternoon and evening as usual.
Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

A GRAND
BAZAAR
In the Chapel of the
Park Avenue BAPTIST CHURCH,
under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society
Tuesday and Wednesday Ev'ngs,
December 15 and 16.
A large and varied assortment of Useful and Fancy Articles will be offered for sale. SUPPER will be served on the European Plan to be Evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

ELY'S
Cream Balm
The effect is magical, giving instant relief. As a curative it is in advance of anything ever offered to the public.
Harmless, Agreeable & Thorough
Cures Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in Head. Price 50 cents.

To be had at the Park Avenue Baptist Church Fair, and thereafter at the shops.

FAIR
OF
ENGINE CO. NO. 2
AT
Cutter's Hall,
DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.
Season Tickets 25 cents. Tickets for one night only 10c.

Wax Dolls
Here is one with real fine eyes and hair, and stands 30 inches high on its feet; here is one marked only 25 cents. Another one equally as handsome and measures 30 inches is remarkably cheap at 81. There are two in the crowds at 98 cents each, which will not be much short an inch as to beauty, and they are quick sellers at 50c and 75c. The French Kid Dolls claim to be a little ahead of their sisters. They are really very pretty. The first one we mention measures 18 inches head size at 49 cents. It is a fashioned head size at 81.25. Her sister somewhat taller, no older, no younger, head looks specially killing to charm readily at 81.65, and one still larger at 82.75 - I am now offering the finest assortment of Christmas Goods that I have ever shown.
EDSALL'S.

An Extraordinary CONCERT
THE
PARK Sisters,
of Boston, will give one of their
Unique Entertainments
AT
REFORM HALL
under the auspices of the Reform Club
Saturday Evening, December 19.
The five sisters are highly accomplished musicians, playing various instruments with great facility. Miss Annie A. Park is called the Queen of the Banjo, and made her appearance in the Grand Opera House in New York she received a splendid ovation. Miss Annie, Georgie, Kellie and Nellie created a furore in Newark when they appeared in a quartette of silver cornets. The Crystal Chimes delightful music is evenly kept by Miss Georgie, and the other duets by Miss Annie and Nellie are nevertheless critically received. Miss Annie Thomas, Manager, who is also a professional, possesses a sympathetic voice, highly cultivated, and the concert throughout will give the Alpine Horn, a solo for cornet voice and piano. The programme is most attractive, and the sisters will make the appearance of the Boston favorites will prove the event of the season. The Boston Herald says: "The Misses Park and their Park Sisters show surprising versatility in their accomplishments on both brass and stringed instruments. Their singing is also well rendered, and the programme covers the ruts, and the home-spun and the."
The Brooklyn Bulletin: "The quartette of sisters is well suited to the concert platform, and was worth the price of admission. Their music is varied by the voices in delightful and effective manner, and it is not alone in their musical abilities that they excel, for their costumes are pretty and appropriate and elegant costumes pretty."
H. S. BARNES.
CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION
TO HIS
Carefully Selected Stock
OF
Holiday Goods
WHICH HE IS SELLING AT
STRICTLY
NEW YORK PRICES.
17 and 19 Front Street, East.

The Evening News,
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.
The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.
T. W. MORRISON, Publisher.
Office 7 somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield 21 30, 3 27, 5 43, 6 30, 7 09, 8 10, 9 03, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 53, 1 40, 2 30, 3 27, 4 57, 5 31, 5 53, 6 32, 7 01, 7 34, 8 40, 9 40, 10 48 p. m. Sunday, 3 27, 5 43, 7 09, 8 10, 9 03, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 53, 1 40, 2 30, 3 27, 4 57, 5 31, 5 53, 6 32, 7 01, 7 34, 8 40, 9 40, 10 48 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 5.00, 7.45, 9.45, 9.03, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 12.00, 1.45, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 6.00, 6.45, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.45, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.31, 7.03, 7.33, 7.55, 8.25, 9.20, 10.15, 11.08, a. m., 12.53, 1.40, 2.30, 3.27, 4.31, 5.53, 6.32, 7.01, 7.34, 8.40, 9.40, 10.48 p. m. Sunday, 8.45, @ 10, 11.37, a. m., 4.31, 7.01, 7.34, 9.40, 10.48 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.21, 7.03, 7.45, 8.45, 9.25, 10.05, 11.15 a. m., 1.05, 1.55, 2.40, 3.35, 4.00, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.40, 7.05, 7.35, 8.15, 9.50, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, at 8.50 a. m., 12.10, 4.10, 5.35, 7.10, 8.15 p. m.

Connections for New York change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 7.14, 7.55, 9.37, 11.40 a. m., 2.05, 3.45, 5.10, 6.34, 8.04, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 5.15 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.31, 7.05, 7.32, 8.15, 9.20, 10.15, 11.40 a. m., 1.30, 3.25, 4.30, 5.30, 6.05, 8.15, 8.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 5.05, 8.05p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 7.14, 7.55, 9.37 a. m., 2.05, 3.45, 5.10, 6.34, 8.04, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 5.15p. m.

Leave Boston at 6.00, 7.30, 9.00, 12.00, 1.45, 4.00, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.37 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

8.50 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Drifton, Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Plainfield, High Bridge, Bound Brook, Somerville, Lehigh Valley Railroad, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, etc.

12.53 p. m.—For Plainfield, Reading, Allentown, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, etc.

3.45 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Flemington, High Bridge and Somerville.

5.30 p. m.—For Plainfield, High Bridge and Somerville.

8.04 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 7.55, 9.37, 11.08 a. m., 2.05, 3.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.37 a. m. (for Ocean Grove) 5.10, 6.34, 8.04, 9.37 p. m.

Plainfield & Phi delphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Bound Brook, 5.30, 8.10,* 9.20, 10.19, 11.59 a. m., 2.16, 5.04, *6.00, * 8.17 p. m. Sunday, at 5.30, 8.10, * 9.20 a. m., 6.00, * 8.17 p. m.

EXCURSIONS.

Leave Plainfield for North and Green Brook, at 8.10, * 8.55, 11.09 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 6.00, * 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 8.10 a. m.; 6.00, * 8.17 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for 8.10, 9.12,* 9.00, 10.55, a. m., 1.37, 4.25, 6.00, * 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trust Co. for 8.10, 9.12,* 9.00, 10.55, a. m., 1.37, 4.25, 6.00, * 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trust Co. for Bound Brook and Tucker Brook, 8.10, 9.12,* 9.00, 10.55, 11.59, a. m., 1.37, 4.25, 6.34, 7.32,* p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 9.40 a. m., 6.45 p. m.

Plainfield and Bound Brook marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. SHEARMS, Supt.
J. E. WOOTTEN, Gen. Manager.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1885.

George William Curtis' Beginning.

[Joe Howard.]

I was reading but a day or two since of an interview between George William Curtis and Theodore Harper.

It seems that Mr. Curtis, when a struggling youth, had written with great care and considerable ambition a novel which he submitted to Mr. Harper, who in a oddly tone of voice, informed him that they had recently published a work on the same subject. Mr. Curtis left the office, but the manuscript and notice when Mr. Harper's eye fell upon its peculiar meritless. Turning the pages, here and there a sentence struck him, and he read and found that the author had struck upon a thought. "I will take this book," said Mr. Harper. The fact of George Ruddy is stamped upon the forehead. Ruddy is stamped the reader whenever in all time those blasterpieces have commanded respect and admiration. What a chance!

Extraordinary Inducements!

A great offering of DRY GOODS at closing out prices at

Bachman Bros.

We cordially ask the public to give us a visit and prove that our prices are positively the lowest of all competitors. We have exceptional bargains in all our departments.

TOYS, TOYS!

Holiday Goods!

We have an exceptional large stock of **Toys** and **Holiday Goods** on hand, such as dolls, games of all kinds, china dishes, tool chests, tin and wooden ware, etc., which we are selling at half their usual price.

Extra large size wax dolls have been reduced from $2.25 to **75c.**

Ladies' 6-4 black diagonal cloaking reduced from $1.50 to **50c** a yard.

Silk ribbons in all colors and widths, nice for fancy work for holiday gifts, reduced from 25c to 10c a yard.

As we are positively going out of the Dry Goods business in this place we propose to close out our goods at a great sacrifice.

BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

VERY **Suitable** FOR

CHRISTMAS

Presents

In fine lines of

SEALS

IN

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets. Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thorn.)

OFFER

Special Bargains

IN

ICE SKATES!

Skip Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

WILLIAM BARTHMAN,

Manufacturing Jeweler,

174 Broadway, Cor. Maiden Lane,

Directly opposite Cortlandt street,

NEW YORK

(Established 1873.)

Will Retail during **December** a First-Class Line of

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

FREE OF COST,

Call at our store and get Jones' Book of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the Throat and Lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large bottles 50c. Respectfully, R. L. KEMP, East Front street.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING A book of 100 pages, containing a catalogue of newspapers and estimates required for any proposed line of advertising, will be sent to any address for 10 cents in stamps. Every one who thinks of advertising in any way, either in newspapers or otherwise, should send for it. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, 10 Spruce street, New York.

LAING'S HOTEL

E. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

King's Patent Coal Elevating

This machine is a great labor saver and will do the work of from 6 to 10 men. It empties a car load in about 20 minutes, and will elevate coal to the height of 30 feet. It saves the cost of shoveling coal and it will work. It saves the cost of shoveling coal and it will work. It saves the cost of shoveling coal and it will work

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF FRYING—CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

A Treatment and Cure!—Power of Disease —La Femme du Peuple—Hard-Working European Women—Politics—Diseases—Home.

[J. R. Beckham in the Housekeeper.]

The object of cooking is to bring about sure chemical changes in articles of food when exposed to the influence of heat. Boiling, frying, roasting or roasting are all only so many methods of applying heat. The commonest, the most convenient, the cheapest and quickest of these methods is frying, which can be applied to almost all articles of food, which requires the least apparatus and the smallest fire, yet of all methods is the least understood, the one which destroys the most food. It is the reason of more indigestion and dyspepsia than all the other methods combined. The reason of this is, that in most substances the admission of fat into the pores is the first process of cooking from having their proper development.

The perfection of frying would be to have food fried without coming into contact with the fat at all. But at this is, of course, a self-evident impossibility, the next best thing is to have the food come in contact with the fat as little as possible. This is accomplished simply by having the fat hot. Grease of every description is capable of boiling, that is, of attaining a higher temperature than water; in fact, it can be made almost three times as hot as boiling water. When fat is at its boiling point it is so hot that any moisture it may contain in contact with it is instantly burnt, and this is precisely the reason why, for purposes of frying, fat should always be boiling hot. For any article of food, a doughnut for example, dipped into boiling fat, is immediately covered all over by a thin crust of dough through which no more fat can penetrate, and further it does not enable the rest of the doughnut to be exposed to a greater degree of heat than can be applied to it by any other method. In the case of cooking the fat with the fat, and the natural chemical processes go on inside with a greater degree of perfection than can be obtained by any other method.

Perfect frying is the perfection of cooking, but so soon as the fat is not sufficiently hot to create a steam between the surface of the article fried, it is fat penetrates it and absolutely prevents it from taking place at all. If the fat is not boiling, bubbling hot, the process fails in one of its most important points. Simply dropping the food with a tepid fat and rendering it totally indigestible. It makes no difference how hot the fat is afterward, the mischief done by the tepid fat penetrates inside. All perfectly fried food has a thin, crisp, brown outside crust (which has in itself a refreshing relish), and is perfectly free from even the suspicion of fat inside, except what was intentionally put there by the cook. All housekeepers know that to fry veal that it will be crisp on the first they do not attend to it half as scrupulously as they would if they understood the true philosophy of frying. Imperfectly boiling hot fat cannot penetrate anything, and seeks to penetrate tepid fat penetrates everywhere and does not cook at all but actually prepares cooking.

Any housekeeper who reads this, and chooses to profit by it, need never put any greasy, fried, indigestible food upon her table. Such persons will find no trouble in having the fat boiling hot before the things are put in. There is one other condition which must be observed when this first one, but which is almost invariably lost sight of even by good cooks, and that is that the fat should entirely cover the article to be fried. The reason of this is that the part not at once covered by the fat will remain cold, soon off the fat near it, and absorb it before it can be just the same as if it had never been hot. Frying pan should be deep, well-filled, and heated to the boiling point, and then it is easy to turn out fried food, crisp, brown, and dry on the outside, and perfectly soft, moist, and well cooked within. It is a peculiarity of the outside crust of things fried in boiling fat that one can tell a dripe or from a needle as water; hence, well-fried articles are neither greasy in appearance nor very greasy in reality. Frying ought to be as easy as boiling.

To Preserve China and Glassware.

[Hotel Register.]

One of the most important things is to season glass and china to sudden changes of temperature, so that they will remain sound after exposure to sudden heat or cold. This is best done by placing the articles in cold water, which must gradually be brought to the boiling point, and then allowed to cool very slowly, taking several hours to do it. The commoner the material, the more time in this process is required. The very best glass and china is all ware all seasoned, or annealed, before it is sold. If the wares are properly annealed in this way, they may be put in boiling water without fear of fragility, except in frosty weather, when, even with the best annealed wares, care must be taken not to place them suddenly in too hot water.

All china that has any gilding upon it should on no account be placed with a cloth of any kind, but merely rinsed first in hot and afterward in cold water, and left to drain till dry. If the gilding is very dull and requires polishing, it may now and then be rubbed with a soft leather or wash leather dipped in a little dry whiting. But this operation should not be repeated more than once a year, otherwise the gold will soon certainly be worn off and the china spoiled. White china, glass, etc., are put away in the china closet, pieces of paper should be placed between them to prevent scratches on the glass or gilding, as they are very apt to take off the little particles of hard adhering to it, picked up from the ovens wherein it was glazed. The china closet should be in a dry situation, for damp will in time tarnish the gilding of the best crockery.

In a common dinner service, it is a great evil to make the plates too hot, as it invariably cracks the glaze on the edge, and spoils the plate itself. We all know the smell—a sharp, quick, "cracky" broke it, "as the cook would say, "when I put the hot meat in times ago." The fact is, when the glaze is injured, every time the "things" are washed the water gets to the interior, swells the paste, and makes the whole service look rotten. In this condition they will also absorb such grease, and when exposed to further heat the grease turns the dishes brown and disagreeable. If an old, well-used china dish is made very hot indeed, fat will be seen to exudate from the minute fissures upon its surface. Such rubbish ought to be kept more particularly for common purposes.

As a rule, warm water and a soft cloth are all that is required to keep glass in good condition. Sometimes, however, it requires a little extra attention, in order to keep them bright. Just to finish out with a little moistened with powdered whiting, and then polished off with a soft cloth, will make the glass look as bright as new. Another method is to put a little "blue" which collects in "balls" for the laundry into the water, and, after it has been well stirred about, to dip the glasses in it, and then polish off with a soft cloth. This will make them look very bright indeed. Glass ought to be washed and polished with a soft brush, upon which a little fine chalk or whiting is put; by this means the luster and brilliancy are preserved.

Hard-Working European Women.

[Foreign Letter.]

At Stockholm the development of women is perhaps more thorough and complete than in any city of northern Europe. She here practically occupies the bench of barrister. And I am not altogether unfamiliar with woman's work in Europe. I have seen her around the pit mouth, at the forge, and barefooted in the brickyards of "Harris Englund," and among the turnpikes and handling rock ovens in "Sunny France."

I have sadly watched her bearing the heat and burden of the day in the fields of "Fatherland," and in Austria-Hungary doing the work of men and beast on the farm and in the mines. I have met her daughter, emerging from the coal pits of "Dear Belgium," merry little girls and young women graduate underground as hewers of coal and drawers of carts, for it is no uncommon thing in Belgium to see a woman and dog together that manufacturing may be done cheaply. Aged, bent and embruted, I have seen women, with pack saddle, bridle, and chain on the banks of canals and dikes in picturesque Holland.

Having witnessed all this, I was not surprised to find in a city so beautiful and seeming so rich and prosperous as Stockholm women still more debased. In Stockholm she is almost exclusively employed in the building trade bricklayer's work. She carries brick, mixes mortar, and, in short, does all the heavy work about the building. At the time when you see gangs of men sitting on the piles of wood and stone waiting their frugal repast.

These engaged making mortar and tending plasterers' morsels appear. They are paid for a day of hard work of this toil, lasting twelve hours, the munificent sum of 1 kroner (equivalent to 1 shilling and 3 pence). Of this amount she always buys a dinner, a drug hand-carts up the hills and over the cobble-stones, unload bricks at the quays, attend to the parks, do gardening, and, in short, all the filthy work in connection with the numerous ferries which abound at Stockholm.

The entire dairy business of the city is in their hands. They may be seen taking charge of horses and dogs, carrying on their shoulders the heavy cans of milk from door to door. While women thus serve in Stockholm, men are employed in the shops. Here is a sort of uniform in the market places, lounging all day "for hire" to run errands or to do light portering. However any light work that is fairly well is to be done there in the gutter men. On dress parade you see him as a soldier, swaggering about the garrison, loafing in the barrack yard, or fishing on the outskirts of the town. "In a city some of the showy subdivers of these little European powers could not be surpassed by expert bad-performers or skilful mortar-mixers, instead of weighing women down under the yoke of double burdens.

The Unnatural and Unreal.

[Dr. Chicago News.]

Do our young girls have a just introduction to life? Are they faithfully taught duties and claims in preference to vanities? Are they taught to be natural and real? The average girl in America has at 17 an all-absorbing passion—"flirtation." To accomplish this she trains herself to please the eyes by "looking lovely." Before she has reached her fifteenth year she begins to study how to enhance her charms in the eyes of all male beholders. She buries her hair into unnatural ringlets and curls; ranges her frowning cheeks, powders, rouges and paints, and all for what? For the slaying of the innocence and sweetness of her girlhood.

Such practices of self in its produce certain and positive results. Anything unnatural or unreal is, not at first, practised with comfort. When a child first begins to "look lovely" and she has her hair banged under her rouge and trembles at her bangs, but ere long a boldness comes and a hard look takes possession; a look tough, in some cases, and hungry, craving for advancement, a secret correspondence, a feast of unholy literature, and so on down, down, to marriage. Is this the girl which the world will rebel against in the very beginning. She has been in its our custom allowed to make a free selection of her life's companion, and, as a rule, nothing practical has governed her in her choice.

Nine times out of ten the accepted suitor is but modified promise of the world's good. "She is in love," and therein lies the alpha and omega of the whole matter. She does not stop to question what love is, or whether the idol she has set up is worthy of her worship. This, to her thinking, would be unmanlessly, and calculating, yet the wedding bells will scarcely cease to chime before the idol she has set up is worthy of her worship. This, to her thinking, would be unmanlessly, and calculating, yet the wedding bells will scarcely cease to chime in the strong light of life's real day and practical facts—such as debts, small income, and actual bread and butter—will prove the awakened dreamer in the face.

La Femme du Peuple.

[Boston Budget "Bonifacio."]

Of all the elements of French society the femme du peuple, at all events up to a certain age, is the most charming, though it is to be feared that she will not long remain what she is. It is not merely a combination of qualities, but a perfume, as it were, exhaled from a happily-arranged bouquet of flowers. Her manners, her speech, her ideas, her dress, her very walk, all combine to make a more tolful life than her English sister, but somehow without being either depraved or contaminated by it. In her dress she has the taste of a lady, and even when she condescends to hide her abundant and skillfully-arranged tresses under a workwoman's cap she does not forget to add for the puffed out monstrosities of the day a condescension to which she is, after all, more prone than of old—the contrive to let some of her hair escape in front.

She is rarely untidy in public, and never a slattern; she knows the advantage of being neat, genteel, if gloved at all, and short of all that is vulgar and coarse. In fact, she is, at present, pleasant to look upon, pleasant to talk with, lively, artless, womanly, and pleased to please; above all, capable of adapting herself in a moment to any situation, however pretentiousness and without awkwardness. Alone among Frenchwomen she has the privilege of strolling about the streets, and if in the exercise of this privilege brings her consequently life fault lies almost wholly on the man's side. No doubt there is a reason to be found for this in the fact that the gutters of the streets are less pleasant to her than to her English sister. But the fact, if it be one, does not detract from her merits, upon which, however, I am not competent to speak, and which, I am sure, will not be seen to exclude from the minute Bonapartes upon its surface. Her indoor romantic apply more particularly to common-places.

Politics.

[Boston Home Journal.]

The Administration at Washington is perhaps the one exception to the rule that politics is the curse of the country. In the States and municipalities it is the curse of the country. Men who are honest and capable in private business, when they enter the political field, become tricky, unscrupulous, and dishonest

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 171 — PLAINFIELD, N. J. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Entertainment Corner.

FOR SALE—Heavy, two-seat wagon, and sleigh; also two or a large stable. Address P. O. Box 1,000.

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE or two gentlemen—If First class accommodations, with private family, best part city. Home comforts, table of best quality. All conveniences. Terms reasonable. P. O. Box 1,000.

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT—A beautiful calendar, elegant, convenient, and useful, at a small expense, may be obtained of peddlers. No cards to mark. Can be sold. Will be sold through county with or without peddlers. Address Rare Bargains, P. O. Box 1,000. 10-17-tf

LOST—A light red Irish setter. A reliable reward will be given on returning John to H. C. Stevens, 13 Third Place. 17-2

WANTED to hire by March 1st, a sleigh and robes. Address Wm. Southworth, North Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A second hand sleigh, good, a wagon and a horse. Inquire of Wm. Southworth, North Plainfield. 17-3

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished, on Second street, between Front and Madison avenues. Handy locality for business men. Rented cheap to desirable tenant. Inquire of J. F. Vail, opposite Library. 15-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence, corner Front and Madison avenues, for sale cheap. Apply to E. C. Mosher, Real Estate Broker, 22 and 24 Park place, New York. 15-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at 4 Park place, with all modern conveniences. Address P. O. Box 1,000. 15-tf

TREES AND PLANTS—Pear, cherry and quince trees. Grapevines, maples, elms, etc. Hydrangeas, hedge plants and winter blooming plants for sale at Bon Ton Nursery.

BOARDING—One or two gentlemen desired by Mrs. Wilson, on Second street, between Front and Madison avenues. Terms reasonable. Apply at house. 15-tf

TO LET—Store No. 9, Block 10, West Front St., corner Madison avenue. Apply to Wm. Southworth, North Plainfield. 15-tf

Special Notices.

NOTICE.—Rocky Hill, having left my bed and board without just or legal cause all persons are hereby cautioned not to harbor or trust on my account, as I will pay no debts contracted by her after this date. Dec. 11, 1885. 16-3t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—In order to enable those who find it inconvenient to call at the Collector's office during the day, I will attend that office every evening during the present week, until eight o'clock, to receive taxes.

JOHN J. MORRELL, Collector.

HOLIDAY GOODS.—At No. 15 Second street, next to Mr. H. S. Norcross.

TWO NEW HOUSES.—For sale or to let. One on Terrill street, near Second, and one on Fifth street, near Liberty street. Inquire of Charles Ege, Fifth and Liberty streets. 15-tf

W. H. LUDLOW, Carriage Trimming, Carriage and all kinds repainted and trimmed to order. Second door from Somerset street, on Front street, Liberty, Jersey City. He was the first to introduce the Tufted Top Carriage in this city, and after Jan. 1st, 1886, painting will be added to all its branches. Estimates given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1,000.

NEW YORK PRICES at H. S. Barnes'.

WANTED—A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a Kitchen Specialty. Only a few hours each day required, and a large salary can be made. No canvassing or peddling. Address, with reference, box 1,000, Plainfield, N. J. 15-tf

CALL AND GET PRICES.—At the New Plainfield Laundry. Work guaranteed, at the lowest prices consistent with first-class work. Only the cheapest agent in the city for good pugilistic dogs. Cash or credit. Collections made. Your Lo.

CARL PETERSON & CO.'S Furniture, Bedding, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers on short notice. All my flowers are fresh. 10-29-tf

HERALDINE WARE at H. S. Barnes'.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.—Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals a specialty. Orders left at Bon Ton Nursery, Second street, or at my residence, Park avenue, will receive prompt attention. 10-29-tf

LEERY SMITH, Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Ornamental Work, Window Guards, Fire Escapes, Store Shutters, Counting for Rooms, Safes, Awning Frames, Iron Bedsteads, Stands of Every Description. Painting promptly attended to. 73 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 9-7-3m

J. P. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Graduate of the Royal Conservatory of Music, Dresden, Germany. Office No. 4 Fourth avenue, New York City. 10-3m

THE KEPLER CLUB HALL is still available for social dancing, and will be rented for private parties or balls. Apply to Wm. Southworth, North Plainfield. Parties desiring to hire a hall for meetings or exhibitions will find this hall suitable.

Professional Cards.

DR. WILLIAM H. MURRAY, Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 10-3-tf

DR. J. H. CARMAN, corner Somerset street and Craig Place. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 12-17-3m

DR. ANDREW MANNING, 77 Park avenue, corner of Fifth street. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, 10 Fifth street. 10-17-3m

J. A. OKELEY, Jr., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 108 East Front street, Plainfield. 11-18 y

CARL F. JACQUES, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office 20 West Front street, P. O. Box 1001, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Plans, Profiles, Estimates, Specifications, Reports and Surveys of every description. Railroad and Street Work a specialty. 10-3-tf

F. A. DUNHAM, Counsellor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Collection Agent, Office in City Hall Building, Plainfield. Will be found in the office on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock. 9-19-tf

DR. CHAS. E. THURBER, DENTIST, 46 East Front street. Consultation and all dental work done in a satisfactory manner. 9-19-tf

GEORGE C. CARPENTER, Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds, Office, 5 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Money to loan on bond and mortgage. Agent for the Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia. 9-19-tf

WILLIAM B. MAXSON, Counsellor at Law, will keep at mill over the office of Maxson & Sutphen, Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J., a full assortment of property, Official searches prepared if desired. 9-19-tf

DR. A. W. ANDERSON, Office, 5 Somerset street, Front. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 9-19-tf

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN, 107 Park avenue, Plainfield. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office hours at residence, 8 to 9 a. m. 9-19-tf

JACKSON & CORNELISON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Office, Corner of Park avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. 9-19-tf

CHAS. A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer and Commissioner of Deeds, Office corner Front and Somerset streets. 9-19-tf

SWIDAM & STILLMAN, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Equity, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office, Stillman's Block, Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J. 9-19-tf

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST, 5 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Gas administered. Office hours from 8 to 12 p. m. 9-19-tf

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano Forte, offers lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best references. P. O. Box 1,000.

ART SCHOOL.—Lessons in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 1 East Front street. M. E. MOODY. 10-1-3m

F. E. HAZELL, Teacher of Music, Class or private lessons on violin. Sight reading a specialty. Harmony and violin. 31 Door street, North Plainfield.

MISS ALICE SMITH, Teacher of Instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 66 West Second street, corner Dudley.

MISS M. A. BARIGHT, Teacher of Painting and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1,000.

ELOCUTION.—Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberta, P. O. Box 1,000.

Post Office.

New York Mails.
Close—7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.
Arrive—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 6.30 p. m.

Somerville, Raritan and Bel. Mails.
Close—8.45 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
Arrive—8.45 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Mail Office closes at 7.00 p. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open Sunday evening until 8.30 p. m. to accommodate Sunday boats.

Sunday Mails—Arrive at 9.12 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Close at 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record, at the thermometer factory of Dudley & Co., on Second street, corner Date of last year, as kept at Stokes Drug Store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
6 a. m.	35	6 a. m.	27
12 m.	38	12 m.	35
3 p. m.	41	3 p. m.	32

Almanac Almanac.

1885		1884	
Sunrise	7.17 a.m.	Sunrise	7.17 a. m.
Sun Rise	4.37 p.m.	Sun Set	4.37 p.m.
Moon Rises	6.31 p.m.	Moon Sets	9.46

Signal Office Prediction.

Tomorrow it is predicted, to be warmer and fresh fair to partly cloudy.

JOTTINGS.

—Kerosene burnable to-night. Admission free.

—We expect to issue an especially large and interesting Christmas number.

—J. F. Loire & Co. offer special bargains in horse blankets, robes, horse covers, etc.

—Owing to a dissolution of partnership, Boston Bros. are now having special sales in dress and rubber goods.

—The Rev. Dean Hodman, Captain Ostrander and Alexander Tilsworth will address the Reform Club on Sunday evening.

—To-morrow evening the Common Council will consider a proposition of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company in a special meeting.

—The sum required for the endowment of a bed in Muhlenberg Hospital is $500. This year a bed will be endowed by Trinity Episcopal Church.

—Olaf Granquest was found guilty last night at New Brunswick of murder in the second degree for killing Ana Dunn of New Market. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

—The pulpit of Trinity Reformed Church will be filled on Sunday morning and evening by the Rev. Dr. Hutton of Brooklyn. The pastor, Rev. A. V. V. Raymond, will fill Mr. Hutton's place on that day.

—Some thief or thieves entered a pigeon house on Orchard Place, belonging to Frank Frame, Tuesday night, and carried off ten of his choicest fan-tail pigeons, which he prized very highly. He says they cost him five dollars a pair.

—The most gratifying and the only satisfactory Christmas present is one that is useful, ornamental and will last as long as you can be reasonably. Presents of that sort is silver and gold can be obtained at Collier's, No. 3 Park avenue, in great variety.

—To-night and to-morrow night will be the last nights of the Co. of Eagle Co, No. 2. One of the features of to-night's attractions will be the deciding of the contest for the fancier gold watch, gold ring, rubber fire coat and rubber boots.

—The Presbytery of Elizabeth a few days ago dissolved the pastoral relation existing between the Rev. Alexander Miller and the church at Dunellen. The Presbytery appointed Rev. W. E. Honeyman moderator of the session during the vacancy.

—A meeting socialist was held at the residence of the Rev. Mr. Cuthbertz, pastor of the New Market Baptist Church, last evening. A large number of native church members were present in attendance and several hours of social intercourse were enjoyed.

—We extend our thanks to ex-Congressman Senn of Elizabeth for a copy of the "Internal Commerce of the United States," issued by the United States Treasury Department, and containing over 300 pages of matter and many valuable statistics.

—That Jody of Boston, the contortionist, juggler and skater, will appear at the Casino rink to-night and to-morrow afternoon, and evening. To-morrow afternoon a special attraction, in the shape of an orange party will be given the school children, in addition to Prof. Daly's exhibition.

—A letter to Mr. Thomas Gardner of this city, received this morning, informed her of the death of her brother, Mr. L. L. Compton, the conductor, of Plainfield, which occurred suddenly, of apoplexy, Tuesday afternoon. Deceased, who had been in good health, was well known in this city, and by all who knew him was regarded as an honorable business man and consistent Christian. His aged sister in this city has been an invalid for years, and will not be able to attend the funeral, which takes place Friday, this inst., at 2 o'clock.—New Brunswick Home News.

Evicting Objectionable Tenants.

For the past three or four years, the property known as the "Great Eastern," on East Third street, has been in litigation. During that time it has been occupied by people who are alleged to have kept there without authority and who have been paying no rent. On Friday last Wm. McClure, as attorney for the owners, notified the occupants to vacate within one week. The week was up Yesterday and Chief Dood and Mr. McClure went to the place and commenced emptying the goods out of the rooms on the sidewalk. Several of the ejected ones had the furniture carted away on trucks previously secured. About four o'clock, as the furniture of the Schneiderwind family was being moved out, Peter Schneiderwind appeared and seized a colored man engaged thereat. Chief Dodd tried to quiet Schneiderwind, but Peter would not have it and struck at the Chief several times. The Chief finally quieted him by threatening arrest, until the four families were ejected. The Chief had the premises carefully locked up. But Schneiderwind was not satisfied, and after the Chief's disappearance joined in one of the doors. Mr. McClure then ordered Chief Dodd to arrest him, which he did and lodged him in the station house, afterward going before Justice Nash and procuring and a warrant charging Schneiderwind with breaking and entering, assaulting an officer, and interfering with an officer in the discharge of his duty.

The property will now be repaired and put in first class order for other tenants.

The place has hitherto borne a most unsavory reputation, as an abode of disreputable characters, and the change is a most desirable one to the respectable people of the neighborhood.

The Weston-O'Leary Trump.

The tenth day of the Weston-O'Leary contest ended at the Casino rink in this city last night. The contestants plodded along all day yesterday, seemingly in the best of humor. At 4.44 o'clock yesterday afternoon O'Leary had completed his 450th mile and led at 7.12 o'clock, about two hours and a half later, Weston had passed the 450th mile post. As soon as possible O'Leary obtained a copy of The News and read it as he walked around. About eight o'clock quite a large crowd was in attendance and the walkers were frequently applauded. Weston kept the crowd laughing by his actions as he walked around. At 8.15 o'clock to the music of the band the pedestrians had a sprint which lasted five or six laps, O'Leary coming out ahead. At 10.30 o'clock the score stood:

O'Leary	471 miles, 8 laps.
Weston	464 " 0 "

The pedestrians left this city this morning on the 8.46 train for Elizabethport where they will walk to-day and to-morrow.

Local Option Law.

It will be remembered that a few weeks ago the Rev. Dr. Newman and a number of prominent temperance men from various parts of New Jersey in Reform Hall in this city to consider the advisability of asking the Legislature of this State to pass a Local Option Law. A committee of nieven was appointed to consider this matter further, and that committee, after careful deliberation, appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Dr. R. K. Carroll, ex-Mayor W. R. Maxson and Rev. W. E. Honeyman to draft a law. The full committee met yesterday afternoon in Reform Hall and went over the proposed law, section by section, and unanimously adopted it, and ordered it to be placed in the printer's hands that copies might be distributed. It will specially be put in print, and published throughout the State, and the secretary, Rev. W. E. Honeyman, will call for suggestions as to the best methods of carrying on the work.

G. A. R. Post Election.

Winfield Scott Post, No. 13, Department of New Jersey G. A. R. at their encampment on the 9th inst, elected the following officers for the ensuing year.

William Addis—Commander.
Charles H. Silvers—S. V. Commander.
Charles B. Stephens—J. V. Commander.
John E. Sandford—Quartermaster.
William Hand—Surgeon.
Samuel H. Moore—Officer of the Day.
William H. Moore—Officer of the Guard.
John A. Goodwin—Chaplain.
G. W. Moore,
H. C. Drake, Council
William R. Mattox, Administration.
S. C. Terry,
R. J. Wheeler—Drum Major
William E. Alpaugh—Delegate to State Encampment.
W. V. Corlell—Alternate to State Encampment.

G. A. R. Memorial of Gen. McClellan.

At the last regular encampment of Winfield Scott Post, No. 13, the following memorial was adopted:

The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away, and whereas he gave us General George B. McClellan, and has seen fit to take away who, as an organizer of armies had no equal and as a commander no superior; who in the year 1861 found the Army of the Potomac in a demoralized condition and by his genius and endeavors to mitigate its horrors, and in peace by his gentleness, his great ability, his brilliant statesmanship, the purity of his life, therefore be it

Resolved, That by the death of General McClellan the country has lost one of her best citizens and the G. A. R. one of its most worthy members, and be it

Resolved, That as a commander we love him, as a citizen we admire him and will revere his usual mourning for sixty days, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the bereaved family and also spread upon the Post minutes and sent to the newspapers of this city.

Plainfield, Dec. 14, 1885.

Industrial School.

To-morrow afternoon is the time appointed for grading the Industrial School. It is hoped that every teacher and scholar will be present, and in their respective places promptly at 2.30 o'clock. There will be several new classes formed, and any friends of the school who are willing to aid in this work, will be cordially welcomed on this occasion at the Warren Mission Chapel.

Governor Abbett's custody is considered by some physicians to be dangerous.

The Second Night of the Fair.

The fair for the benefit of Engine Co., No. 2, which is in progress in Cutter's Hall was largely attended last evening. Many of the articles which were on sale were quickly disposed of. The following ladies are assisting the fire ladies: Mrs. Thomas McCarthy, Mrs. Robert Skinner, Mrs. Benjamin Moore, Miss Kitty McCarthy, Mrs. Everett Marsh, Mrs. Joseph Stats, Mrs. William Grogan, Miss Vosselman, Miss Maude Cannon, Miss Stephenie Frame, Miss Mary Harding, Miss Kittie Day, Miss Mary Slattery, Miss Sadie Garthwait and Miss Maggie Longbine. A delegation from Lincoln Hose Co., No. 2, of Perth Amboy was present. The contestants for the various articles to be voted are as follows: Gold watch—Mrs. William Grogan and Mrs. Eugene A. Lane; baby contest—Messrs. T. J. Lyons, Michael Downing and John Morton; silver watch—Edward Harding; roller skates — Fred. Moore and James Mullen. The fair will continue this evening and to-morrow afternoon and evening.

The Park Matinee.

Who appear at Reform Hall to-morrow night form a quartette of the best cornet players in this country, Miss Anna was a pupil of the celebrated Levy, and is to be the best cornet player in the world. She and her sisters said he will be by no means behind her in proficiency equal to her teacher. The sisters have just finished a series of entertainments at the Academy of Music, New York, to crowded and enthusiastic audiences, and they are everywhere hailed with delight by the theatre goers of the cities. The crystal cabinet and the slither dust are particular features of the entertainment, and there seems to be no doubt that the concert will prove a first-class success. Tickets can be had at Wood's and Reynolds' drug stores. General admission 35 cents and reserved seats 50 cents. The following is a telegram from Madison, received to-day:

MADISON, Dec. 16, 1885.

Reynolds, druggist,
Plainfield, N. J.

The Park sisters harmonic. Largest advance sale ever known here. Hall packed. Every one enthusiastic.

W. T. BROWN, Druggist.

The Crime of Cruelty.

Within a thousand miles of this city, on the turnpike to New York, is a plot of land owned by one of our most wealthy and most benevolent citizens. It is a bit of waste on the earth, an insult to agriculture, for, like hundreds of his acres in other locations, it would seem the owner only possesses it to make the surrounding occupants condemn him for his penchy. This year the particular plot shorn mentioned has been leased or given to an old sinner who is related by marriage, if not by blood, to the curmudgeon who owns it. We passed the place a morning or two ago. Two wrecks of starved bovines had been cut all night in the bleak, cold autumnal atmosphere, a truly mournful sight. The few cornstalks and poor hay, which they should have free access to were fenced off, and though wistfully and hungrily imploring with their sunken and half starved eyes, they had to content themselves with the sticks of the field, over which in the fellow's great generosity and fullness of heart they were allowed to roam. God forgive the man—it is said he was a preacher once—and God help the two poor cows!—New Brunswick Home News.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. N. E. Kimball, Secretary of the Children's Home Association, is in Baltimore.

Henry Platt, son of Health Inspector Platt, has entered the office of Judge Ulrich as clerk.

William M Sandford has disposed of his property on Washington avenue, North Plainfield, and will remove to this city.

George Butcher, the driver for Engine Company No. 2, is able to be out of doors once more, having almost recovered from his recent accident.

Rev. W. A. Coale of Geneseo, N. Y., who has been visiting at the residence of Mrs. A. D. Smith of North Plainfield, preached in the Church of the Holy Cross last Sunday morning.

Mr. A. D. Shepard of Fanwood, president of the American Bank Note Company, is a brother of Elliott Shepard, a well known lawyer of New York, who married a daughter of the late Wm. H. Vanderbilt.

George Rickert, the driver of Gazelle Engine No. 1, who was so seriously injured about two months ago, by being thrown from the box while responding to an alarm of fire, has so far recovered as to be able to be around again.

Dr. Wm. H. Murray who has settled at the Park House is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, and of the House of Relief of the New York Hospital. Dr. Murray is a son of the Rev. J. O. Murray, the Dean of Princeton College.

Mrs. William Alberti is in town for a few weeks making arrangements for her classes in elocution during the winter. Her husband, who was seriously injured in a rail road accident last summer, is still at Alfred Centre, attended by his mother, and convalescent.

The "Gilberts" performances at Music Hall last evening was certainly deserving of a larger audience than was present. The numerous specialties under the title of "Gilbert" with the thrilling incidents interspersed throughout the drama, brought forth frequent and enthusiastic applause from the small but appreciative audience. Mr. McDonough, the genial and experienced manager of the company, accepted the situation philosophically, remarking that the week before Christmas was the worst week of the year for business in his line.

At Reform Hall last evening the meeting was addressed by Mr. A. F. Mosher of Newark, known as the blind orator, councillor Wm. B. Maxson, Judge Harpst and Mr. Senior of Newark. The singing was under the direction of Morris M. Dickson.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

A Nuisance.

(From South A. Boler.)

Editor Evening News:—I have been very much annoyed by fires built around the pond and other nuisances, and if the above persist in this course I shall forbid skating on the ice entirely. So it will be well for all to see to it that the practice be discontinued, and thus save me further annoyance.

Christmas at the "Home."

Editor Evening News:—A Christmas tree will be lighted at the "Home" on Tuesday afternoon, December 22, at four p. m. In answer to many kind inquiries I would say that donations of money, warm clothing, shoes, rubbers, handkerchiefs, fruit and toys, in short, any articles useful in a family of fourteen or eighteen children, a thankful, joyful Christmas time are most timely, will be most gratefully accepted by the ladies for the Executive Committee.

N. E. KIMBALL.

Sensible Firemen.

A few days ago a communication appeared in the columns of the New Brunswick Home News, over the signature of "Civis," reflecting on certain subscriptory members of a Hose Company in that city, whose conduct was earning a bad name for the organization. Umbrage was taken at the communication, which was laid at the door of the editor, and he was made the victim of much unmerited fire abuse, and whose office was seen dangling one fine morning from the telegraph wire in front of his office. When the excitement died out the more sensible men of the company examined into the matter calmly, and not desiring to endorse the action of those members of the department who had been guilty of such fun-y and unseemly conduct. The following explains itself:

A committee of Washington Hose Co., No. 1, waited upon the editor of the Home on Saturday evening and informed him that their company had, at a meeting on Friday evening, passed the following resolution, offered by the Board of Engineers in regard to the comment-aities signed "Civis," and had taken action thereon:

Before acquainting the editor as to what their action was the committee desired to be personally informed whether said article was written by a member of the Home News staff. They were told that it was not, but had been received from an outsider, who was accorded the use of those columns to give expression to his views on a public matter, the same as any of the Department would be. The committee did not ask for the name of the writer, nor did they desire to know who "Civis" was. They then assured the editor that the members of Washington Hose Co. were in the habit of thinking for themselves, and that they did not endorse the action of those members of the department who had followed the example of her partner in the city, and that the committee, which consisted of Messrs. William Gordon, Jos. P. Kelly, Nicholas Seyer, James H. Jenkins, expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with the editor's explanation, and handed him the following for publication:

THE GRIDDLE RESOLUTION.

At a regular meeting of Washington Hose Co., No. 1, on Friday evening, Dec. 11, 1885, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Firemen serving in the New Brunswick Fire Department, we believe that great injustice has been done Mr. Hugh Boyd, the Daily and Weekly News, in reference to the authorship of and responsibility for a communication signed "Civis," which appeared in the Home of Dec. 9, 1885, therefore

Resolved, That this company, after due investigation, does not believe that any part of said article which reflected on the volunteer fire department of this city was intended for them, but in regarding the said article in this light, we believe Mr. Boyd from all blame, and at the same time heartily testify to the fact that we believe the editor of the Home News has always treated the members of the Fire Department, and Washington Hose Co. in particular, with the utmost courtesy and fairness.

WM. GORDON,
JOS. P. KELLY,
NICHOLAS SEYER,
JAMES H. JENKINS,
Com. Washington Hose Co., No. 1.

WESTFIELD ITEMS.

(Contributed.)

The W. C. T. U. held what they called a "temperance tree and supper" on Tuesday evening, at Library Hall. The tree, loaded with all sorts of little articles made by the ladies or donated by their friends and sold to any one desiring to buy, was in the hall while supper was being served. The supper was also one of the features of the evening.

P. F. Randolph started on Monday afternoon for another of his long trips through the far North west.

J. E. Burtis is putting in additional stalls at his livery stable on Elm street.

Adam Miller has sold out his pool rooms on Central avenue to Theodore Williams.

Isaac Seager is building a handsome house on South avenue.

J. Warren Brown was able to leave the house yesterday after two weeks' illness.

The State Teachers' Association.

The program of exercises for the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the New Jersey State Teachers' Association, in the High School building, Newark, on Tuesday and Wednesday, December 29th and 30th, is as follows:

Tuesday—P. M.—9—Opening exercises. 2:10—Address of welcome by Edward D. Jay, President of the Board of Education, Newark. 2:20—Response by Superintendent. 2:30—President's address. 3:15—Address, R. M. Hunt, State Board of Health, Trenton. "Physical Education as Practiced in Our Public Schools." Discussion and remarks. 4—paper: "Teachers' Reading Circles." Principal E. C. Gregory, Bordentown. 4:30—Miscellaneous business. Adjournment. 7:30 p. m.—Address by Dr. Chauncey F. Cook, Newark.

Wednesday, 9 A. M.—Opening exercises. 9:10—Address of State Superintendent Charles Duncan. 9:30—Paper: "Physical Culture in Schools," Professor P. V. Austin, Rutgers College, New Brunswick. Recess. 11—Paper: "Physical Culture," Miss Emily Talbot, Principal Girls' High School, Jersey City. Discussion and A. W. Edson, Superintendent of Police, N. Y. M. Dickson, Superintendent Public Schools, Orange. 12—Paper: "Physical Culture," Professor Charles Scott, Newark. Discussion. 12:30—Report of Committee on Permanent Information. Report of Committee on Resolutions. Recess. 2:30—Report of Standing Committee. Election of Officers. 4—Adjournment.

Clayton will have a borough government.

FAIR

OF

ENGINE CO. NO. 2,

AT

Cutter's Hall,

DEC. 16, 17, 18 and 19, '85.

Season Tickets 25 cents. Ticket to for one night only 10c.

An Extraordinary CONCERT

THE

PARK Sisters,

of Boston, will give one of their

Unique Entertainments

AT

REFORM HALL

under the auspices of the Reform Club

Saturday Evening, December 19.

The five sisters are highly accomplished musicians, and have been heard in concert with great facility. Miss Annie A. Park is called the Queen of the Cornet. In a recent appearance in the Queen's Opera House in New York she received a splendid ovation. Miss Annie, Georgie, Hattie and Ada created a furore in Music Hall, Queen's Opera House, Charlotte of silver cornets. The Crystal Cabinet, or Slither Dust, is a feature of Miss Georgie, and the sister dance by Miss Annie and Hattie are enthusiastically received. Miss Alice Thomas, Banjo-Soprano Soloist, possesses a sympathetic voice, highly cultivated, and among selections will give the Spinning Horn, a solo for cornet voice and piano. The programs is most attractive and without doubt the appearance of the Park Sisters will prove the event of the season. The Boston Transcript, a musical authority says: "The Park Sisters show surprising versatility in their accomplishments on both brass and stringed instruments. Encores were the rule, and the house a crowded one."

The Brooklyn Bulletin: "The quartette of silver cornets stirred the greatest enthusiasm, and was worth the price of admission alone. The music evoked by the sisters is delightful and thrilling in effects produced, and it is not alone in their music that they win favor. Their modest bearing and very appropriate and elegant costumes gratify."

Casino

TO-NIGHT

AND

To-Morrow Afternoon and Ev'ng

Prof. DALY.

OF BOSTON.

Contortionist, Juggler & Skater

Wonderful Rope Performance,

Hat, Plate and Tub Spinning, Spade Dancing.

All Performed on Skates.

Prof. Daly has been with Barnum, Bailey and Hutchinson, their last shows, for the past four years, and has gained a great reputation in all the cities where that show has been.

Saturday Afternoon, Special attraction for the School Children.

An Orange Party,

In addition to Prof. Daly's Wonderful Performance. Afternoon Admission, 10c. Evening Admission, 15c.

The Gladiators,

GILFORT BROTHERS.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next week.

First Grand Concert of the Plainfield Conservatory of Music.

To be held in the Park Avenue Baptist Church, Monday evening, Dec. 21, 1885, at eight o'clock.

PROGRAM.

PART I.

1. Piano Solo, "The Last Idea of Weber."...Crame
Miss Tessie Dowling.
2. Vocal Solo Och sint son tander.....Mozart
Miss Mary Lander.
3. Reading, "Lasca"..... H. Edgar Moore, Esq.
4. Duet, "I will sit Your Sentry" Elliott
Mr. Henry Thompson.
Soprano { Miss Sarah B. Jones.
Tenor { Mr. Henry Thompson.
5. Piano Waltz.....Schulz
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
6. Soprano Solo, "Mignon".....Rinckel
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
7. Reading, "Mrs. Judge Peabody"..... Miss Emily R. Joyce.
8. Contralto Solo, "Lo Here the Gentle Lark"
Miss Emily R. Joyce.
Flute Obligato, Prof. Wyke.

PART II.

1. Piano Solo, "The Many Tints Glint, etc."...Pape
Miss Tessie Dowling.
2. Vocal Solo, "Ave Maria".....Mozart
Miss Mary Lander.
3. Reading, "Lasca" (continued)..... H. Edgar Moore, Esq.
4. Contralto Solo, "Ave Maria".....Gounod
Miss Emily R. Joyce.
Violin Obligato, Prof. Wyke.
5. Piano Solo, "Polonaise".....Weber
Miss Tessie Dowling.
6. Tenor Solo, "Sweet Bird".....Mozart
Mr. Henry Thompson.
7. Soprano Solo, "Ave Maria".....Meyerbeer
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
8. Reading, "Lasca" (concluded)..... H. Edgar Moore, Esq.
9. Duets, "Miserere"..... Misses Jones and Joyce.

Extraordinary Inducements!

A great offering of DRY GOODS at closing out prices at

Bachman Bros.

We cordially ask the public to give us a visit and prove that our prices are positively the lowest of all competitors. We have exceptional bargains in all our departments.

TOYS, TOYS!

Holiday Goods!

We have an exceptional large stock of **Toys** and **Holiday Goods** on hand, such as dolls, games of all kinds, china dishes, tool chests, tin and wooden ware, etc., which we are selling at half their usual price.

Silk HANDKERCHIEFS

25 dozen Silk Handkerchiefs which we have been selling at 35 cents reduced to 25c.

Ten dozen Silk Handkerchiefs reduced from 75c. to 75 cents.

All our Ladies' Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs reduced from 10c to 5c each.

We are closing out 125 pieces of assorted colors of Ribbons Nos. 9 and 12 (by the piece only) at 35c. per yard 60 cents.

Elegant Ribbons for fancy work and a great bargain for the public.

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

Quite a Stir!

Is made by the large display of Feathers and Mosses made and sold by us. The much admired beauties of the new designs, with the graceful and attractive manner in which they are made, are the features featured up in one of the pure Yankee styles, and brought to the front by the large variety of the assortment. The cost is with the most little book attachment on the outside corner 5c. to the favorite orange color at 5c. a bunch. The regular price is $1.87, but the holiday price will be $1.50. There are so many of them, and different, and hard to describe, that we cannot attempt to go into particulars. It is not probable that you will find such a fine assortment of these goods for a day's shopping any where. The prices are guaranteed RIGHT at

EDSALL'S.

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

H. D. Cook & Bro.

REMOVAL.

S. J. NEAL,

THE

CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

38 WEST FRONT ST.,

to the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtains, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding GIFTS AT SWAIN'S

39 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that has ever offered at Plainfield. Embracing the latest Novelties, Designs, Styles and Shapes in all Kinds of Jewelry, Silverware and Watches at New York Prices. Articles Engraving in Latest Styles.

The Evening News,
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.
The only Daily Paper in Plainfield.
F. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.
Office: Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty Street.
Commercial Ground Coffee Mills.
Improved Steel Burr Mills.
Plainfield and Send Mark.
Leave Plainfield at 2:37, 6:02, 6:53, 7:05, 7:55, 7:53, 8:02, 8:35, 8:40, 9:32, 10:37, 11:08 a. m., 12:01, 1:31, 2:20, 3:57, 4:31, 5:30, 6:02, 6:30, 7:00, 7:50, 8:41, 9:49, 11:20 p. m. Sunday at 2:37, 5:01, 6:42, 10:24, 11:57 a. m.; 1:37, 3:31, 5:31, 7:06, 7:50, 9:18 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6:40, 7:10, 7:45, 8:20, 9:00, 9:55, 10:30, 11:10 a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 2:24, 4:00, 4:34, 5:00, 5:35, 6:05, 6:34, 7:04, 7:54, 8:40, 9:53, 11:24 p. m. Sunday at 10:28, 12:00 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 8:30, 8:45, a. m., 12:10, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:30, 11:00 p. m.
Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.
Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 7:10, 7:55, 9:37 a. m.; 2:36, 4:34, 5:04, 6:30, 9:05, 9:17 p. m. Sunday at 5:30, 9:14 a. m.; 5:05 p. m.
Leave Boston at 6:10, 8:37 a. m., 12:40, 4:05, 7:00 p. m. Sunday at 7:00 a. m.; 12:40 p. m.

Westward Connections.
8:30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.
10:30 a. m.—For Bethlehem, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton, Penn Haven Junction, Lehigh, Scranton, etc.
4:37 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Morristown, Dover, Succasunna, Mount Arlington, Hackettstown, Water Gap, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Summit, Chatham, Madison, Convent, Morristown, Whippany, Hanover, Denville, Rockaway, Dover, Stanhope, Hackettstown, Port Morris, Netcong, Waterloo, Andover, Newton, Sparta, Lafayette, Franklin, Ogdensburg, Hamburg, Greenwood Lake, Warwick, Monroe, Middletown, Otisville, Port Jervis, Deposit, Binghamton, Great Bend, Montrose, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg

PARNELL'S VICTORY.

MR. GLADSTONE TO PROVIDE FOR AN IRISH PARLIAMENT.

The Irish Leader Wants the National Police Abolished—His Widow Gladstone, Condemns Fighting in the Balkans Stopped at Present.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The only topic discussed is Mr. Gladstone's position in regard to Irish affairs. Some statements of his views have appeared in print, and the wording is to be authentic, but it is probable that they are correct only in general outline. It may be taken for granted that he will in some way introduce a measure providing for a local Irish parliament. As to the minor details, they are unimportant as connected with this question at first. The most weighty of them is the question of Irish police. Mr. Parnell, finding himself in a position to demand something and then a local parliament, is making out the details of the national police in Ireland. In other words, he wants home rule in matters of police as well as in other municipal affairs. There is no doubt that Mr. Gladstone is willing to modify the coercive police system which has caused much bitterness in Ireland, but there is hardly a probability that he can bring himself to favor Parnell's request to place him in control of this force, and he is now endeavoring to impress upon Mr. Parnell the policy of not pressing the matter.

WILL PARNELL'S PLAN DO?

DUBLIN, Dec. 18.—The Freeman's Journal, in an editorial article inspired by Mr. Parnell, says it is now conceded that Ireland should require a guarantee for the protection of the legitimate interests of property in Ireland. The most hopeful feature of the Irish question at present is the fact that the Irish people are willing to be led, rightly, by Mr. Parnell. The Irish people are willing to deal with Mr. Gladstone's government in the most friendly spirit, and to pay their just proportion of the cost of the proposed Irish legislature. The independence of the empire is an imperative necessity to safeguard the interests which English legislation and the unfair competition of English capitalists have destroyed. The Irish people are willing to pay the cost of protection in order to assure England that her power is not hostile. The article concludes: "We are thoroughly united, and we demand all Irishmen to unite in this difficulties, and to be prepared to accept a reasonable compromise of our extreme rights if the sacrifice of principle be not involved."

No More Fighting in the Balkans.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—It is understood that the following points represent what has been agreed upon by the conference of ambassadors at Constantinople, who are engaged in an effort to settle the matters in dispute between the powers of Servia, Bulgaria and Turkey: The armies are not to advance beyond the positions occupied on Dec. 6. Upon the decision of this question the powers are to be requested to arrange definitive terms of peace, the respective armies shall at once retire within the boundaries allotted to each government by the conference. Until then no further military movements shall take place until the congress of the powers called to meet at Vienna in January shall have agreed upon the frontiers between the Balkan states of one another and to Europe. It is said that Austria is secretly opposing the first clause, and will urge Servia not to consent to it, in the hope that a more favorable strategic position may yet be assigned her than that occupied on Dec. 6.

1st Minister of Ireland's Destiny.

DUBLIN, Dec. 18.—The meeting of sympathizers with the Fenian agitators which was called to provide ways and means for erecting a monument to the martyrs of the cause in Glasnevin cemetery, was held in this city, but was slimly attended. Many complaints were made of the absence of prominent Nationalists. The subscriptions to the proposed monument amounted to £27. Mr. Michael Davitt delivered a glowing eulogy upon the Fenian martyrs. He said the men they laid out to honor were Irishmen who had dared the scaffold and the prison, and had made possible the coming triumph of Ireland. The late mayor of Dublin, Mr. Howard, said, amid applause, Mr. Davitt's tribute to the noblest sword of Ireland's liberators.

Two North Carolina Shootings.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 18.—Special dispatches from Wilmington, Lenoir and Wilkesboro, N. C., report shooting affrays in those towns. Dr. Bellamy was invited a gun at the latter and fired. The charge missed Bellamy and struck Mrs. Gosline, who was standing by, killing her instantly.

At Big Laurel James Gunter was shooting his wife, when his 5-year-old son shot him dead.

Powder Mill Blown Up.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 18.—The "Sharpe cartridge," mill of the Hazard Powder company, at Hazardville, exploded. The building contained about 500 pounds of powder, and the explosion shook the village so that many thought it was an earthquake. No one was seriously hurt.

Killed by a Policeman.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—Philip Carey, the young drunken fellow who struck Motorman Tyler with a car, and died some months after from his injuries at the Emergency hospital, The police officer was acquitted.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The bank of Montreal declared a dividend of 12 per cent.

A monument to Schiller, the prototype of Rodolphus Count Hapsburg, has been unveiled in his birthplace, the village of Largo, Scotland.

The works of the Allentown (Pa.) Rolling Mill Company will be put in operation on Monday next, and will give employment to many hands.

The two churches of the First Congregational church of Minneapolis have been consolidated with 600 members.

The police of Lockport, N. Y., raided a gambling house and captured a large amount of the plunder was proceeds of burglaries and robberies.

The coal regulators of the Lehigh & Chicago railroad have issued a circular from all the mining points except Pennsylvania, to go into effect Dec. 21.

Charles E. Faulter, a schoolboy, aged 15, years, was drowned at Bridgeport, Conn., while skating on the Pequonnock river. He had been missed since noon.

M. Melanchier, the French artist, contracted to paint a picture of the Niagara falls, and has completed it. The picture is 40 feet long and 8 feet wide, and is said to be a masterpiece.

Reports from Austin, Texas, say that an organization of the Farmers' Alliance of Texas has completed a mutual insurance plan, under which the members will insure their property against fire, storm and lightning, and establishing a deal or operative store.

FUNERAL OF ROBERT TOOMBS.

The Distinguished Georgian Quietly Laid to Rest by His Fellow-Citizens.

WASHINGTON, Ga., Dec. 18.—The funeral of Gen. Robert Toombs took place in the M. E. Church. The whole town is in mourning. The church was appropriately draped. On the communion table was a beautiful pillow of flowers, inside of which lettering 18, 71. In front of the pulpit was a floral cross. The casket was placed in front of the altar, and opposite this an exquisite floral anchor. Governor McDaniel and many prominent citizens of the state were present. Selections from the Scriptures were read by Rev. W. H. Lagrelle, pastor of the church, and prayers were offered by Revs. R. F. G. Hillyer and J. D. Brown. The funeral discourse was read by Rev. W. H. Lagrelle and Bishop Beckwith. Rev. Mr. Frank conducted straightforward, acknowledging the fruitless of God, Toombs, and requesting the late dead to witness that he himself will be the death of that Toombs joined the M. E. church three years ago. His integrity has never been questioned. His bravery was beautiful as he marched to the front. His forgiveness was beautiful as he extended it to his enemies. This place of the has always lived, mourns the death of a man who lived nearly a century and died white and black, in one common bereavement, followed by the last resting place of his father, beside Georgia's greatest orator and most majestic intellect.

IT WAS MURDER.

Market Gardener Knapp and His Wife Were Shot.

DETROIT, Dec. 18.—A post mortem examination of the remains of the victims of the fire at Woodmere has been made. It disclosed the fact that Frank Knoch, the young market gardener, had been murdered. A twenty-two caliber bullet was found in the left lobe of the brain, having entered through the left temple. A similar bullet was found in Mrs. Knapp's head, entering the left temple. It is impossible to trace the course of the bullet. The remains of the two children gave no trace of murder, and it is probable they were suffocated by the smoke. The theory that double murder was done. It is known that Knoch had a small sum of money in his house, although this can hardly be held to be any motive for murder. There is no clew to the perpetrator of the deed.

A Watch for Mr. Beecher.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The Grant eulogy committee has purchased a gold watch, costing $215, with chain to match, which is to be carried to Brooklyn by Councilman Rumous and presented to Gen. Fitz Hugh Ward and Beecher, in the name of the citizens who recently stood shoulder to shoulder and beat Mr. Beecher's messenger on the outside, and inside is inscribed, "Presented by the city of Boston to the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher in recognition of the eulogy of Gen. Grant, delivered by him Oct. 22, 1885."

In McCullough's Roles.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 18.—It is announced here that the Frohmans, the well-known theatrical managers, have routed Pope's theatre for a season of stock, to begin with the new year, and that Lawrence Barrett will star during the season, playing the Gladiator and other of McCullough's old roles. Mr. Pope will appear in light comedy and first class plays, and he has also secured some of Mc-Cullough's old companions.

The New York Club Wins.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 18.—The Louisville and New Yorks played the finest game of base ball seen here this season. Both nines showed magnificent play, and the batting was very light. Keefe and Buslong and Ramsey and Kearns were the batteries. Work and Richardson made great catches. New York 5, Louisville 4. The entire Chicago nine has been telegraphed for.

American Goods Superior.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—G. W. Griffin, U. S. consul at Sydney, N. S. W., reports a steady increase in the hardware trade with the United States. While the increase has not equaled with that of Great Britain, still it shows a gradual increase. The consul says that the quality of the American goods is superior to that of the British, and that this fact is being recognized by the trade.

Five Pastors in 200 Years.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 18.—Rev. Charles H. Dickinson satisfactorily passed the examination required by the Congregational church, and was installed as pastor of the first church of Wallingford. Mr. Dickinson is to be ordained to fill the pulpit of this church in the 200 years of its existence. He is 26 years old, and a graduate of the Yale Theological school.

Railroad Appointments.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—General Manager Jeffrey, of the Illinois Central railroad, has announced the following appointments, to take effect Jan. 1: Mr. C. A. Beck, general superintendent, with office in Chicago; Mr. T. J. Sidder, superintendent of the Illinois Central railroad, with office in Chicago; Mr. A. W. Sullivan, division superintendent of Chicago division, with office in Cairo.

Deputy Secretary of State.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 18.—Governor Beaver has appointed Frederick Cook, of this city, to succeed the deputy secretaryship to Diedrich Willer, Jr., of Berks county, who has become secretary of state, and the latter accepted the office. All the new appointments to the department named will take effect on the first.

Explosion of a Grease Tank.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 18.—A press dispatch from Hart & Hensley's pork packing establishment exploded from an excessive collection of gas, killing Henry Wheeler and severely injuring Thomas McWhether, tearing down the large shed and slaughter pen and scattering fire and burning grease in every direction.

Senate Dalzell's "Senators."

HURON, Dak., Dec. 18.—In the joint session of the legislature to canvass the returns of the election of the previous day's election was formally announced and the Hon. A. G. C. Moody and the Hon. A. J. Edgerton were declared elected senators from Dakota to fill the seats of South Dakota.

Fatal Fire in Spring Green.

SPRING GREEN, Wis., Dec. 18.—Early this morning Conrad Mathias' residence burned and Conrad Mathias' daughter, Pauline, aged 17 years, perished in the flames. Mrs. Mathias' injuries are dangerous, and Frank Dever probably fatally, crushed. As the Mr. Carpenter, Mathias' son-in-law, was running to the burning house he fell through a hatchway and broke his leg.

A Famous Racer Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 18.—Rocky Bellwin's famous 5-year-old colt Kismet, which figured in many prominent races in the east during the past season, died here on Dec. 14, of [illegible]

Why John Roach Quit Work.

(New York Tribune.)

I met John Roach a few days ago and found him restored to somewhat of his old time vigor. He happened to be in the mood to tell me something of his early life, and especially of the circumstances which induced him to quit work. I have no doubt my entire life written down, for it is of interested me at the moment. I happened to pick up one of them the other day, which was over forty years old, and I ran across the heading, "Why John Roach Quit Journey work." It is a curious reminiscence. I was at work on the dock, one day, when an idea about ship-building came into my head. I turned up a pail, sat down on it and began to trace the idea in the molding-sand at my feet. George Quilled, the foreman, came in and found me there engaged. He called me a loafer, and my blood fairly boiled. "You can't work any longer in this shop," he said to me angrily. "Very well," I answered by saying I could and I could, but that he should not discharge me. I threw off my overalls and ran ahead of him to the office, where I told the clerk that I had quit work and demanded my time.

"Within a week I had set up a little shop of my own. I hired two or three men. My capital amounted to $300. At the end of the first week I paid my men $27. Then I went home with a serious feeling. I said to my wife: 'Mary, I have paid my men. I have no money for you, and you will have to get trusted at the grocery.' She said, 'Never mind, John, I can do that. You have got a start, and you will soon get together to keep you so.' In all the years since," concluded Mr. Roach, with much feeling, "I have never had a more happy day than that when my men were paid off."

Thanksgiving Day in Ireland.

(London Truth.)

To the Editor: Sir—Your correspondent Young has evidently not been present at the church of St. Patrick's, Kilkenny, on a Thanksgiving service in the month of August, but that presumably was the first occasion on which the prayer following should was found posted in large letters on the portals on Sunday: "Wanted, 273 young men, to fill places in the army. Apply at the barracks." Shortly after the service, the congregation, on coming out, found the doors locked, and were told to be in attendance at the church-door at each Sabbath before and after divine service, to stare at the foreigner as they came out, and subject him to the gaze of the curious. Those who failed to attend were fined 5s. each on their persons and dress. All who were to collect in the above corps will appear at the Thanksgiving service in their uniform, and they will be fully inspected, and their names, personal appearance, etc., registered in a book kept for that purpose, and published in the newspapers. I observed a general rush. It will be well to state that none will be enlisted who possess more than ordinary intellectual capacities."

Sculpture Without a Chisel.

(London Truth.)

It is a commonplace of natural fact that the last coast station the German Atlantic shot twenty-one head of game "with his own breech-loader," which the obsequious chronicler of the event in the Times describes as a "mass of ice." It is not much of an "achievement" to butcher deer and chamois as the inspector of fisheries, as the emperor is fond of saying of chair and his ornaments are driven by him within a few yards, and on their approach being notified by the blowing of a horn a chosen number kill as many as they please, he has only to fire it into the mass of the quarry.

Sympathy in an Artist.

(New Orleans Times-Democrat.)

It has not been generally known that Mr. Longfellow added to his popularity the title of an artist. In the biography which is now being prepared will be found letters and diaries written by the poet while abroad, and charmingly illustrated by him with dainty little pen and ink drawings. These are to be carefully reproduced.

Joel Lotgran: The young man who has the stability to persevere at present would be one of the wonders of the world, and live to hurrah and carry off the deed.

On Mount Washington.

(Lewiston Journal.)

A peculiarity of Mount Washington, due to its rarified atmosphere, is the fact that it takes longer time and of course more fuel to do the cooking. You order a hard-boiled egg at the Summit house and it must cook just twice as long as at the Crawford. Meat keeps here a long time without spoiling. Futrefaction is so slow that yonder lies the body of a lamented dog who died months ago but is as well preserved as if stuffed with cigar of lead. The only thing that makes the dog is a splendid animal [illegible] from Newfoundland, weighing 150 pounds.

Weather in the signal station on Mount Washington must be serious business. Water will freeze hard by a red-hot stove. There are six men in the signal station. One of them is always looking for the weather. Certain combinations of weather indicate the day, and it is often a week before he can get a day to return. In the highest wind recorded on the summit is 186 miles an hour, and the lowest is 3 miles an hour. The highest temperature is 72 degrees above zero, and the lowest 47 degrees below zero. The signal station wires come up on the mountain beside. The wires and the poles are removed in the fall, as the accumulation of frosts on them would break them.

MAY'S Ideal Lamp
Burns common kerosene oil without chimney or globe. Positively not explosive. Agents wanted everywhere to handle it quickly. Exclusive Territory. Enquire of POR ET. A. CROWELL, Peoria, Illinois.

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HOLIDAY Presents
Ever in Plainfield at
COLLIER'S
No. 3 Park Avenue.
Established 30 years.

Le Boutillier Bros.,
BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.
500 ENGLISH
Walking Jackets
$6.95
They are made from Rough Beech Cloth and are cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $13 each. Also 500 rough cloth and
JERSEY JACKETS
$5, 6, 6.95, 7.50, 10, 12.
Special Bargains in our new Department of Ladies' and Gents' Custom SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.
Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express office, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,
Boot and Shoe Dealer,
6 PARK AVE.
Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted. Customers that can please others, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

Comptons
PURE Philadelphia
ICE CREAM
Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Fresh Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.
COMPTON'S
CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,
26 West Front St.

Thorn, the Artist,
gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.
The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM BARTHMAN,
Manufacturing Jeweler,
174 Broadway, Cor. Maiden Lane,
Directly opposite Cortlandt street,
FACTORY, 17 JOHN ST. NEW YORK
Will Retail During December at Factory Prices.
Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.
Instantaneous Pictures Taken at All Hours and in All Weathers.
Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.
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Lowest Rates Consistent with First-Class Work.
F. C. LANGHORNE, Proprietor.

JOHN W. LAING,
HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF
Laing's Hotel Stables
would say to the public and his old customers that he will now give it his personal attention.
HORSES
Taken to board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for hiring. Orders solicited for the accommodation of the public. 11-18y
PARK HOUSE,
PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,
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A first-class hotel for commercial and other guests; table supplied with the best the market affords; large parlors, billiard and reading rooms; also play room for children. Rooms located on the principal drive with beautiful views. Rooms, parlors and 200 feet Groundwork studded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.
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Dealer in all kinds of
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At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

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Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 30 Somerset street,
Grocer & Steelman,
Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Produce. Good assortment, Rockingham and Easton ware. Farmer Pot and Stewing Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,
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Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished.

Emmons Bros.,
Painters and Builders,
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Pianos and Organs
For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. 8 Front street and 108 Park place.

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Ladies' Dressing, Underwear, Bonnets, Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Trimming and Dressmaking. 10 East Front street.

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Carpenter & Builder,
Jobbing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting. Room at Opera House Corner Second and Somerset's. Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., and evenings from 7 to 9 p. m. and 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays.
Perfect Fitting Linings Cut
and basted either over muslin, or without, as they can also baste their own linings with cutting machine. Ladies' system. Also Ladies' Hair Dressing. Also Paper patterns. Miss Hopper.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

Somerset House,
Permanent & Transient Board,
at Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Stelle streets.

I. L. McVoy, Drives Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. Also an experience of fifteen years in setting Force Pumps. Shop in rear of 21 Somerset street. Orders left at Post office will receive prompt attention.

T. E. Morgans,
Housedoctor, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 East Front street.

Rudolph Laurent, 7 Somerset St., Watchmaker & Jeweler,
Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street
Boarding, Permanent or Transient
Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Simms, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,
P. O. box 236 Plainfield, N. J., Families, hotels, restaurants, cafes, butchers, etc., supplied at lowest market rates with
Clear Spring Water Ice,
Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

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Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,
thoroughly cleaned at 50 per cent cheaper than express rates. New cess built and old ones repaired. Bedding, carpets and furniture cleaned. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail or box 126 promptly attended to. Office, 129 Chatham street, next to Arnold's grocery.

James Q. Miles, No. 21 North avenue,
Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for
Adamant Letters & Numerals,
For signs on Glass, Wood, Stone or Metals. Also Stencils, Initials, Numbers, etc., for marking in any shape, made in the shop.

R. A. Ross, Somerset Place, North Plainfield.
Informs carpenters and builders that he has taken charge of the Planing and Matching and Planing Mill, and can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned Work at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed. (Closed Saturdays.)

E. B. Maynard, No. 23 North avenue,
Shaving & Hair Cutting
Four first class artists in attendance. Ladies and children's hair cutting a specialty. Open every day, Sundays excepted, from 7:30 a. m. to 7 p. m. Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of
Kindling Wood for One Dollar,
At Corwin Drummond's Kindling Wood Manufactory, No. 13 Watson street. 6-24-3m

John Wolf, P. R. C. P. O. Box 300
Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults
Are now cleaned at reasonable prices.

J. A. Blatz, Proprietor, Somerset street, near Grandview Grand, North Plainfield. Under the personal supervision of the proprietor. Open and handsomely fitted apartments.
Blatz's Hotel,

Jules Boutes, Union Square, Somerset street,
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair Goods at New York Prices. Manufacturer and Importer of Hair Goods. Hair to hire. W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,
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Office open all day Sundays. Residence, Somerset street, corner of Somerset Place. Money to loan on first mortgages. Agent for Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States. Prompt Returns. Also agent for North Western Life Insurance Company

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Tinners & Practical Plumbers

Heater Work A Specialty.
We employ in this department none but the best workmen, men of many years experience in some of the leading houses in the trade. If your Furnace or Range does not work satisfactorily give us a trial. We can give you satisfaction. Seventeen years practical experience.

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Real Estate Broker and
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Office 35 and 37 Opp. R. R. Station, Plainfield, N. J.
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The North American Insurance Co. of Phila.
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RESIDENCE, NO. 49 EAST FIFTH STREET.
Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

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JOHN WILSON.
A good supply of stone in THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.
Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave

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A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50
Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26
Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

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IN NEW AND
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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
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Electric Burglar Alarm, Improved and used Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas Lighting.
Electric Freight Lifts, Electric Servants Call Bells.
Electric Thermometer as connected with battery (not above) to prevent the too low or high a temperature in parlors, living apartments, or conservatory, will notify when fire is going out, etc.
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For cleaning and disinfecting cesspools, and privy vaults. The only and safest way guaranteed. Also a large and complete stock of Pumps, Lead and Iron pipe, Hydrants, Sewer Traps, Sewer Pipe, Lead and Hand Pumps, Hydrant or Solid rear. Removed Co., P. O. Box 1201, Plainfield.
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Ice Cream & Water Ices,
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FANCY PUDDING a Specialty
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WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,
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Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.
Relaid Floor, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Linoleum Waltons.
And all the New Novelties in Decorations.
PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,
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The Tailor
145, to 149 Bowery,
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Opposite Stewart's.
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No. 6 North Avenue.

IS HYDROPHOBIA CURABLE?

Newark Boys Who Are to Demonstrate the Value of Pasteur's Preventive.

Special Correspondence of the News.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Since the arrival of Bartholdi's "Liberty" no subject has attracted such international attention as the sailing of the four Newark boys, now on their way to France, that they may be treated in order to drive from their system the poison of hydrophobia, which they are supposed to have taken from an alleged mad dog. "Although" a Newark friend, Bartholdi had demonstrated the dog that hit the children reported "that he had found no special indication of rabies, but he was positive the dog was mad from the description of his savage nature.

We, like the French, are disposed that on these results. When the Bill was brought to the French people that Bartholdi had planned a statue the largest ever conceived by man, the thrifty Frenchman shook a dubious head and wanted to know "where the money" idea. Our people are told that this sympathy is to be the biggest thing on record. They hurrah over it, and while they are shouting there is no money. Then they hurrah for it while the unmanned that duty calls on them to erect to their army of the rebellion Commander gave a long ring, simply because the deed was done, and the statue which would enable them to accomplish most anything.

Four little Newark urchins are bitten by a dog. Some one suggests that they be sent to Pasteur and be experimented on. The idea is taken up. It is ripe for such an idea to "take." It becomes epidemic. Collections were started in the churches to defray the expenses of the trip across the Atlantic for the boys and their attendants. Suddenly money poured in such abundance to the doctor had to the matter that charges that the boys were not bitten by a dog or so to refuse any further assistance of that kind. Then the stockkeepers vied with one another as to whom should provide the boys with the handsomest outfit of clothes. The choicest delicacies of the season were selected for the children to eat, and a handsome carriage was provided to convey them about town. Further, an editor, and editor of the Newark ordering all dogs to be muzzled or shot, so that it became a mighty uncomfortable city, from a canine point of view, to say the least.

THE NEWARK BOYS.

The boys so suddenly famous were seized individually and photographed at different times for the newspapers. Their struggle streets were so much in demand that considerable difficulty that they were secured in a group. Patrick Reynolds, the stronger of the boys, was the only one who showed fight. He had to be put in irons before he could be sufficiently for him to engage in a hostile encounter with a neighbor's cur-dog, in which he came off victorious. "Pup" evidently does not hold any enmity toward dogs, for he dragged around with him up to the day of his departure a yellow cur about the size of a rat. Fitzgerald was most severely bitten about the hands, so much so that he was compelled to keep his left hand bandaged. He is the only one to have injured boy in the group. William Lane is a telegraph messenger boy, to whom dog bites are no new experience, he having always looked upon them as one of the necessary accompaniments of his profession. He is also badly bitten on the right hand. Willie Fitzgerald was only slightly injured, and that through his clothes. He is only four years old, so his mother accompanies him to Paris with the intention of looking after the other boys as well. Dr. Billings also accompanies them.

N. PASTEUR.

They sailed on Wednesday last in the French steamer Canada, and the way they were dined before leaving revolves it likely that their sufferings may be greater from sea sickness than they previously experienced from the dog bites.

If it be demonstrated by their trip that Dr. Pasteur has really discovered a remedy for hydrophobia, then this unbloodshed have resulted in proving one of the valuable discoveries of this century. Even among Parisian physicians there is considerable diversity of opinion as to whether the cure-has been accomplished which he claims. Henri Rochefort in his paper L'Intransigeant treats Pasteur as the greatest charlatan of the age. These harsh criticisms are not without their merit, as they stimulate the great savant to ponder his investigations until he proves without doubt the genuineness of his discovery.

The scare which this event has given Newark, may be judged from the following order of the authorities after this affair. Details of policemen armed with Jacobs started out and, after gaining the confidence of strange dogs, threw them lassos around their necks and dragged the unhappy animals struggling to police headquarters. A large wagon was transformed into a cage on which was colored the words "Mad dog." procured to follow with this infernal machine in the wake of the lassoing policemen and take the dogs on board. A policeman with a rifle brought up the rear of the city station, and his duty is to pour big bullets into the unhappy creatures as fast as their capture drag them in. Many dogs were destroyed, and it is not just to death, and has fore long a dog in the streets of Newark will probably draw a crowd.

Among the six dogs which were supposed to have been bitten by the first mad dog, and which were kept alive in cages to be studied, was a little black spitz. A few days after their imprisonment Dr. Runge, the city veterinary surgeon, who has been carefully watching the caged dogs, noticed that the black spitz acted queerly. Before supper it showed almost certain signs of rabies. Its eyes glared, muscles twitched convulsively, it bit nervously and at random at whatever approached, and refused water. Dr. Herold, president of the board of health, watched the dog with City Veterinary Runge, and both agreed that it would be rabid in a few hours. The five other dogs who are imprisoned with it have not as yet shown no signs of madness. The spitz dog was undoubtedly bitten by the dog that bit the children, and the result is full of the thought that little more than on the road way to Europe, where everything will be done to avert the calamity hanging over them. Later the pet dog must be killed to keep a supply of rabies virus with a piece of brain containing strychnine.

Dr. Pasteur is not an old man, being probably not over 50 years of age. His personal appearance is that of a healthy, good, but his hair is quite gray. He is about over five feet seven inches high. He is quiet and unassuming in his manner. He speaks no English. His speech is slow and distinct, and his bearing is dignified and reserved.

Entering his office one finds it filled with patients who have come from all parts of Europe to be treated by him for bites of mad dogs. His assistants are busily engaged treating ugly-looking wounds on the legs, arms and bodies of patients while he stands by and superintends the work.

The history of Pasteur's hydrophobia researches, and the opposition he has met with, is a duplicate of that which attended Jenner's discovery of vaccination ninety years ago, and both are due to the principle in medicine, that like cures like. It had long been known that the rabbits which had once had the cow-pox from their contact with cows, were not liable to take smallpox. This led Jenner to the idea of inducing the mild cow-pox in the human, and might escape the more dreadful smallpox. Pasteur's discovery differs from Jenner's in this way, that he is not necessary to inoculate every individual with mild virus that they may be proof against hydrophobia. He has found that if a victim of a rabid dog can be given a sufficient dose of mild rabid virus, the latter enters immediately into the circulation, producing a mild and almost imperceptible form of madness, which prevents the entrance of the more hydrophobia, which does not make its appearance for about six weeks, or sometimes years after the bite.

PASTEUR'S METHOD OF INOCULATION.

Mr. Pasteur injects the mild virus with a hypodermic syringe into the skin of the left breast of the patient, and that is the way the Newark boys will be treated. He obtains the mild or attenuated virus by inoculating a rabbit with the virus of a rabid dog. From this rabbit's virus is taken to inoculate another, and so on, each one showing less and less the hydrophobiac symptoms, thus he can produce virus of any strength. Why one of these rabbits should not be the means of inoculating, and one of our able surgeons perform the slight operation necessary on those Newark boys would not suit the dramatic French people. No; the mountain must come to Mohammed" in this case, and for the sake of humanity let us hope the results may be successful.

Many of the French papers notice Pasteur's researches facetiously. One suggests that he exhibit his skill by an operation on Rochefort. Ladies have patronized him to prevent the remainder of his life to the eradication of another form of madness which is most virulent in their country, namely, jealousy. What if Pasteur's preventive may accomplish, if he can but prove that death from hydrophobia can be prevented, then has he already immortalized his name.

S. H. HOMANS.

A Journalist's Home.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Dec. 16.—It has often been said of newspaper writers that they are a thriftless set, that they never provide for the proverbial rainy day. There have been notable examples of the contrary, one of whom lives just north of this city, in the beautiful Mad-river valley of Logan county. The place is called Mac-o-chee, and is the home of the journalist Don Piatt.

MAC-O-CHEE.

Mr. Piatt inherited his thrift from his Jacobin ancestry. John H. Piatt, an uncle of his, was a successful banker of Cincinnati, and contributed much to the early prosperity of that city. Mr. Piatt's grandfather was an officer who distinguished himself in the revolution. The Piatts have always been possessed of considerable family pride, and well they may. The owner of this beautiful house at Mac-o-chee has had a very varied career in distinguish any family. From a promising lawyer to a judge. Then from secretary of the legation at Paris under the administration of Harrison. Piatt was in charge of affairs. From a private in the war of the rebellion to a colonelcy. Then a member of the Ohio legislature, and afterwards from a newspaper correspondent, and the most brilliant of the time, to the proprietorship of the Capitol, a journal which George Alfred Townsend assisted him in founding, but which he served Piatt to change, because it was unprofitable. Col. Piatt inherited, with his Jacobin thrift, much of their self-reliance and also some of their cynical disposition, which no doubt has brought him at sword's points with those who dared criticism or restrain him.

President Lincoln well expressed this trait of Piatt's character when the latter was proposed as a successor to Gen. Schenck, who had been elected to congress. Mr. Lincoln said: Schenck and Piatt are both good fellows. If there is any one to whom in the barrel they can be counted on to hook 'em out; but, gentlemen, they run their machine on too high a level for me. I don't have much difficulty in there and they keep the boat going be found. They are Senators Harris, Beck and Voorhees, and a magnificent trio they make. Harris, the parliamentarian; Beck, the canny floor leader, and Voorhees the fiery orator. Much of the success of their party depends upon the ability of these three men.

It is amusing to see how senators who appear to be all sweet's palate in the chamber come together here in the most good-natured way. Only yesterday I saw Beck and Harris walk about with courtesy on the floor of the senate who do not speak as they pass by here. They are now two senators of entirely different parties, but they are the best of friends. But it may be just as well not to reveal them now.

FINLEY ANDREW.

THE SLUMBERING SENATE.

Not Fully Awake to Business Yet—A Few of the Lodgers.

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The usually dignified senate appears to be proceeding this session with unprecedented deliberateness. In fact, it has more the appearance of a sitting of the supreme court than the formality and solemnity of its company. The reasons for this are many; it is not in running order as yet, nor will it be until after the holidays. Besides, the majority of the senate feel it their chief duty to sit in judgment on the present administration. "The Democrats are sailing the ship this time," say they, "and we are in the safest position of the crew. Though we look upon the others as a lot of pirates, we want to see the craft kept afloat, but don't intend exerting ourselves very much. Of course, if the captain and his followers attempt any unusual piracy we are instead to mutiny." This explains, in a great measure, the inaction of the present session. Quite different was it when they were in accord with the men of the Republican party, in the hope of sharing the booty or glory. Then, again, the Democratic side has been greatly weakened by the president's action in calling Bayard and Garland into the cabinet, so that the party of action this time must depend for leadership on the "tall sycamore of the Potomac," Senator Voorhees, or the pugilistic Kentuckian, Senator Beck. The latter promises to be the real leader in the minority, and a redoubtable one he will be, provided, during the good horse racing this winter, for which Senator Beck is a great washington. Should the ceiling of the senate chamber ever tumble in on the heads of a great horn race there will be no danger of Stalling Senator Beck in it. Among the new men on the D to avoid the reputation of being a level-headed lawyer. Gen. Gifford, who succeeds Judge Lamar, does not appear able to quell all his shoes. Senator Henry B. Payne will make up in knowledge of democratic precedent and political law for what he may lack in other resources back. Senator Harris of Tennessee, who received the complimentary nomination by the Democrats for the presidency of the senate, is the authority on questions of rules and parliamentary precedents. He was first elected to congress, thirty-six years ago, so has undoubtedly had time enough to learn it all. Senator Voorhees' care is gone his age, though he must be about 70. He is not at all selfish in keeping the floor before he has gained it these years. It has become his hobby, so to speak, and in view of this fact the senators will know they are about to receive a lesson in parliamentary precedent or common sense.

Quite different is the elected president of the senate. Though 63 years of age, Senator Sherman is as active as many men of one-half his age. In appearance he seems to have aged considerably of late. He sits grim and stern looking in the vice-president's chair, but without the formidable frown that Senator Edmonds wore. Senator Sherman means business all the time, and if the present senate were not to play the part of obstructionists he could be depended on to handle things through lively. Don Cameron, whose wife is a niece of Senator John Sherman, treats the latter in every way as an uncle, and is, of course, delighted at his elevation.

SENATOR BECK.

Senator Ingalls is without doubt the most active fighter on the Republican side. His power of sarcasm in attack is the greatest of any speaker in America, and this session gives him an opportunity to display it in criticizing the administration. Senator Edmunds does not look well. He has let his forehead have become deeper. He is a martyr to dyspepsia, it is said. Senator Morrill looks fresh and agile as ever. He can be of great assistance to a party that might endeavor to clog legislation, for he can without any considerable effort continue speaking for a week, if necessary. On the whole, the Republicans seem to propose to let the Democrats hang themselves this time, though we may have to wait until spring before deciding the issue.

IN THE MARBLE ROOM.

It is in the Marble room, back of the senators' lobby, that most of the preliminary conferences are held. Here the senators greet one another in the forenoon. It is one of the most important rooms in the capitol. A clever artist has taken a group in there and called it the Boss group he found. They are Senators Harris, Beck and Voorhees, and a magnificent trio they make. Harris, the parliamentarian; Beck, the canny floor leader, and Voorhees the fiery orator. Much of the success of their party depends upon the ability of these three men.

It is amusing to see how senators who appear to be all sweet's palate in the chamber come together here in the most good-natured way. Only yesterday I saw Beck and Harris walk about with courtesy on the floor of the senate who do not speak as they pass by here. They are now two senators of entirely different parties, but they are the best of friends. But it may be just as well not to reveal them now.

FINLEY ANDREW.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

18 East Front Street.

Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, dressed and undressed, all sizes; Furs or Sets, Hobby Horses, Sleds, Dishes, Albums, Vases, and everything in the line at very low prices.

On our 5 and 10 cent counter will be found some very handsome and useful articles worth double the money.

Also our regular line of Dry Goods, Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Cloaks,

ULSTERS

Haydukes, Jerseys, $1.75 up. Ladies and Children's Heavy Black Shaker in all styles. Hats, Caps, Feathers, Tips, Tinsel Flowers, Fur Trimmings, Russia Goods, Heavy Underwear, Blankets, Hard-ware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below cost. Give us a call.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet for plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of glassware, tins, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, &c. &c.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel purposes or tips, 15 cents per 20 yards.

Hats, all the kinds, in the style of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Plushes in all colors, and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress assortment in Jersey cloth, trimmed or flannels with tinsel binding and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.50; also some patterns of gray poplin all complete for $3.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR,

18 East Front street, Plainfield.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing, Crossings, Coping, Flagging, Steps, Platforms, Sidewalks, Driveways, Etc.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD.

12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 20 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1327.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at reduce prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

Holiday GOODS

IN

GREAT VARIETY

FOR

Ladies', Gents, and Children

AT

POPE BROS.

Wm. A. Woodruff

Fire Association of Philadelphia, LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE, of England, Phoenix of Hartford, Connecticut, Merwick Union of England, North British Mercantile, of England, The Manchester, of England, The Queen, of England, The Hamilton, of Newark, The Washington Life, of New York, and other good companies, and process insurance at BEST RATES, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and for sale agent for

Real Estate.

OFFICE Barry's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence at East Orange.

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, a cents.

Eight Sold Removed. Composits Cleaned

25 Cents. Gloves done by new process. Plainfield, 28 E. Front street. Call and see us.

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus,

The only one of the kind in the city. Which is so constructed that it is used in any room in the house. Carpets cleaned on the floor without removing furniture. Satisfaction guaranteed or P. O. Box 1051, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

OFFICE, 80 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work.

JOHN BROWN

VERY Suitable

FOR

CHRISTMAS

Presents

a fine line of

SEALS

IN

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets. Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer In

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice Quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 19

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 150. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thorn.)

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Special Bargains

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ICE SKATES

Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

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INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

224 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. R. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

and

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, warerooms and residence No. 19 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 19.

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Steam Boilers.

Send for illustrated catalogue.

Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

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The Bee Hive,

(4 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS,

WORK BASKETS,

TOILET SETS,

Smokers' Sets

Brass and Plush Ornaments,

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

LEATHER GOODS.

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books, Letter Cases, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases, Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

FREE OF COST,

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully R. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

The Prince Royal.

$3.50

Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery, calf. Either broad or narrow toes. The best fitting, best bearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

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GO TO

MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

23 1-2 W. Front St.

B. T. BARNES,

4 East Front Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

PURE Candies,

Manufactured on the Premises.

Old Fashioned Molasses Candy a specialty

CAREY'S

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

JUST OPENED!

Retail Department

At 8 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear FOR Ladies, Misses and Children. FOR Men, Boys and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past 20 years, and has facilities for making all his own goods both cheap and to order. Please bear in mind the address, 8 West Front street, opposite Madison avenue, and call and inspect his stock of goods. The subscriber will make a specialty of repairing shoes without taking any order. The subscriber will make a specialty of repairing shoes without taking any order. The subscriber will make a specialty of repairing shoes without taking any order

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 178 — PLAINFIELD, N. J. MONDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1885 — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner.

LOST.—About three weeks ago, a gold bangle, engraved on both sides, a suitable reward will be paid for its return to Stelle's drug store.

MRS. E. BLAINE will do dressmaking at her home, 54 Door street.

WANTED.—An unfurnished house and stable, one or more years; must be good neighborhood; state rent, etc. P. O. box 1331.

A middle-aged, sober and industrious man, who is generally handy, and with the care of horses, is desired for employment. Address T. Z., care of Evening News.

EXCHANGE for a house and lot in Plainfield, a farm of the best residence in New London, Conn. Address John L. Branch, 102 Broadway, New York.

GIRL WANTED for general housework at 10 Park Place.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Fifth and Liberty streets. Plainfield. Immediately behind hard wood forests and accessible. Handsomely finished and contains 14 rooms. Apply on J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station.

STREET RANGE.—The John E. Bowne, for 30 inches 145 East Front st. Also, Parlor Stove, 145 East Front st. Mallory Real Estate Broker, 34 and 36 Somerset street, Plainfield.

TO LET.—A handsomely furnished house at a part of Plainfield. Inquire at this office. Also, a Parlor Organ, cost Evening News.

TREES AND PLANTS.—Pear, cherry and quince trees, grape vines, small fruits, shrubbery, etc., for sale at Randolph's Nursery.

BOARD.—Parties desiring summer board for the winter can secure it at 10 Park place. Fine surroundings, with modern conveniences. Address P. O. box 1331.

Special Notices.

FARMER'S Friend.—Ground Bone Meal. Call and get the Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant by Gen. Sherman. Also get their telephone number at Kelly's drug store, 107 Somerset street.

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.—A beautiful engraving, suitable to present to anyone, sent free to all those who send their address to Evening News office. Call and see them, or send your address at once.

NOTICE.—My wife, Emma Bird, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, this is to notify all not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts made by her. Dated this 17th day of December, A. D., 1885. G. E. Bird

HOLIDAY GOODS at E. S. Barnes'.

TWO NEW HOUSES To sale or to let. Door on Trenti street, near Front street, with all modern improvements, and one on Fifth street near Liberty street. Inquire of Charles Ellis, corner Fifth and Liberty streets, or at E. T. Smith's office, 107 Somerset street.

W. K. LUDLOW, 107 Somerset street, Corsets Trimming. Carries all kinds of stamped and trimmings required for fancy work. Also, Ladies' Hair Dressing Parlors. Hair cut, shaved and dressed in the latest styles. Shampooing will be added to all the above named goods. Your work is all done by ladies; 3 first class.

NEWYORK PRICES at E. S. Barnes'.

WANTED.—A smart, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a first class article which is in demand by every family. No capital or previous experience, but if large be satisfactory, will insure employment for the right party. Address, with reference, starting age, occupation, etc. Piano, Box 1331, Boston, Mass.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST, 24 Park street, Plainfield, N. J., has for sale Roses, Pinks, Violets, and Pansies now in bloom, and will furnish cut flowers at short notice. All my goods are grown by myself. 10-30-3m

FUNERALINE WAKE at E. S. Barnes'.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS, Fresh every day. Designs for wedding, parties and funerals at short notice. Store open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Miss T. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, near Depot. 10-30-1y

ALBERT SMITH, Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Coleman, Orange County, N. Y. Also, Cemetery Lots, Counters, Grave Coverings, Coverings for Roads, Rolls, Awning Posts, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 32 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 9-5-6m

MUSIC. J. F. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director. Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Balls, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York City. 11-6m

Professional Cards.

DR. WILLIAM H. MURRAY, 7 Park House, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 2 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m. 1-6-1y

DR. H. C. HOLMES, Corner Somerset street and Craig Place. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. 10 to 12 Sundays. 12-27-1y

DR. ANDREW MANNINO, 77 Park avenue, corner of 5th street. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 12-21-1m

J. A. OAKLEY, JR., Architect, 24 East Front street, Plainfield. 11 18 y

J. L. JACQUES, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office, 37 West Front street, P. O. Box 1331, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Plans, Estimates and Reports on Engineering work. Experienced corps sent to any part of the country.

F. A. DUNHAM, Counsellor at Law, Notary Public and Counsel's Building, Plainfield, N. J. Practice in the Courts of New Jersey. Money to loan on bond and mortgage. Collections promptly attended to. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Special attention given to the negotiating of the loan with building associations. 9-29-1y

DR. CHAS. E. THIERS, DENTIST, Office, 107 Somerset street, Plainfield. Consultation free on all branches of dentistry. Gives a call.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, Plainfield, N. J. The reporting of legal cases, the making and preparing of maps, plans, etc., will be done in a speedy manner. Agent for the celebrated Keuffel & Esser Co.'s Instruments. Office, Corner Park avenue and Somerset street.

WILLIAM P. MANSON, Counsellor at Law, Notary Public and will real estate and conveyancer, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Collections promptly attended to. Office, 107 Somerset street.

D. A. W. ANDERSON, M. D., 1 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 1-6-1y

J. V. GRIFFEN, Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Attorney for the Plainfield Building and Loan Association, Office, 107 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Chancery Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Office, Stillman's Block, Rooms 2 and 3, Plainfield, N. J. W. M. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST, 21 East Front street, over Grifen's, Plainfield, N. J. Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Office hours from 8 till 5. 12-22-3m

FREE OF COST,

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of CLEMENT'S BALSAM, for the cheek and hands. You will not use the article after using the sample one. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully R. J. SHAW, 5 East Front street.

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best references. P. O. Box 1561.

ART SCHOOL. Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, 3 East Front street. M. E. Moore. 10-1-6m

T. E. HAZELL, Teacher of Music. Class or private instructions in singing, piano and organ a specialty. Also violin and violin. 76 Door street, North Plainfield. 10-10-7

MISS ALICE SMITH, Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Terms moderate. Highest references. Residence, 66 West Second street, corner Dove. 10-10-7y

MISS M. A. BARIGHT, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class lessons. For terms address Box 1484.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, 10 terms, with Mrs. Elliott, P. O. Box 1331.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS. CLOSE—7.30, 9.45 and 10.30 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m. ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30 and 11, 45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m. SOMERVILLE, RARITON, ETC., MAILS CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. ARRIVE—11.45 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 a. m.

Post Office open at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays close at 8 p. m. Open for delivery until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

SUNDAY MAILS.—Arrive at 8.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for 24 days and for the corresponding days last year, kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
8 a. m.	32	8 a. m.	18
2 p. m.	40	2 p. m.	31
10 p. m.	41	10 p. m.	21
2 p. m.	42	1 p. m.	34

Signal Service Abstracts.

1885	1884
Sunrise.....7.19 A. M.	Sunrise.....7.19 A. M.
Sun Set.....4.36 P. M.	Sun Set.....4.39 P. M.
Mean Temp.....2 P. M.	Mean Temp.....2 P. M.

Signal Office Prediction.

Tuesday: It promises to be warmer and generally fair to partly cloudy, possibly followed by increasing cloudiness.

Jottings.

—Alien, 23 East Front street, has a large line of velvet and plush frames.

—Councilman-elect Dunham took his seat in the Council Saturday evening.

—Special meeting of the W. C. T. U. in Reform Hall to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

—Messrs. Mulmer & Son of Brooklyn are building an organ for Anchor Lodge F. & A. M. of this city.

—Preliminary steps have been taken for the organization of a Building Loan Association in Rahway.

—The choirs of the Episcopal and Catholic churches of this city are rehearsing special music for Christmas.

—The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company are setting poles prior to running their wires in this city.

—Mr. J. A. Hotaling is having a new and improved heating apparatus placed in the Park House, which has been released by Mr. Hopkins for the coming year.

—On Saturday evening or Sunday morning some person or persons broke two panes of glass in the factory of Miss A. R. Lincoln on Park avenue.

—The Park Sisters of Boston gave one of the finest instrumental concerts ever given in this city at Reform Hall on Saturday evening before a small but appreciative audience.

—By permission of the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps, Cook Bros. are erecting a temporary shed on the site of the recent fire to protect their lumber and coal from the weather.

—The furniture of Margaret Bosworth, who was ejected from one of the houses in the row known as the "Great Eastern" on East Second street, Thursday, occupied a prominent place on that street Sunday.

—On Christmas three Masses will be celebrated in St. Mary's Roman Catholic church. The first Mass will be at half-past six o'clock and the other two at half-past eight and half past ten respectively. The last will be a High Mass and special music has been selected for the occasion.

—The Society of Friends will assemble at their meeting house, corner of Third and Pusey streets, on Christmas afternoon, at which time the scholars of the Sunday school will assemble there with, will render various selections and partake of refreshments, as is their usual custom on Christmas day.

—Miss Fannie V. Rodrigues, formerly a Rahway belle, now of Woodbridge, Middlesex county, will be married on Wednesday evening next to Prof. Fitzgerald Tisdall of New York. The ceremony will take place at St. Thomas' Church, Fifth avenue and Fifty-third street.

—Articles of incorporation were filed in the County Clerk's office at Elizabeth on Saturday by the Jackson & Foote Manufacturing Company of Elizabeth. The new firm will at once begin the manufacture of hairpins, needles and other articles. The works will be located at Elizabethport.

—Mrs. G. S. Webb, aged eighty-five, wife of Rev. Gerardus Webb, who is ninety-seven years old and the oldest man in New Brunswick, died Saturday at her residence in that city on Nelson street. Mrs. Webb was a daughter of Rev. James McLoughlin, the first pastor of the first Baptist church of New Brunswick.

—Notwithstanding to be the order of the day. The Caskey has established the principle of offering only novelties. The Gilford Brothers who will show there tonight and the following two evenings, are said to be kings in their line, and the performance they give is entirely different from anything that has ever appeared in the city.

Council Meeting.

Pursuant to a call the Council held a special meeting in their rooms at eight o'clock Saturday evening.

Present—President Cortell, and Councilmen Bequelin, Cutter, Dunham, Gallup, Goddard and Marsh. Absent—Councilmen Dunn, Livingston, Simpson and Wadsworth.

A petition from the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company asking the Council for permission to erect poles and string wires in this city, the said company agreeing to give the Council the privilege of using said poles to place an alarm box on the same.

Councilman Goddard offered the following resolution in regard to the above petition, which was adopted;

Resolved, That the petition of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company be granted, provided that same person authorized by them for the purpose enter into the following agreement with the city:

1. That no pole shall be erected by said company until the written consent of the property holder in front of whose property the pole is to be erected on the same side of the street, be filed with the City Clerk.

2. That the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company do agree to allow the city to use one cross arm on their poles for city purposes.

3. That the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Co. agree to use straight smooth poles, the same to be painted if so directed, and that the poles are not to be stripped of their bark, in the streets of the city, unless all litter so made, be well removed to the satisfaction of the Street Commissioner.

4. That no pole is to be erected within fifteen feet of any street corner.

5. They agree to establish a tariff for Plainfield offices with that established with other cities in this State.

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be authorized to draw up the agreement to be executed by the Company on behalf of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company.

The meeting then adjourned.

—The annual catalogue of Rutgers College at New Brunswick was issued Thursday. It contains a large amount of general information to students and past graduates residing in various parts of the State. The present enrollment includes in the several departments 21 Seniors, 18 Juniors, 28 Sophomores, 26 Freshmen, 17 Special students and four grad uates, making the total in all the classes reach 130. Of these New Brunswick has 18, Jersey City 3, New York State 22, Newark 4, Mount Holly 1, Bound Brook 4, Brighton 1, Millstone 2, Middlebush 2, Matuchen 3, Montclair 1, Elizabeth 4, Orange 1, Rahway 1, and the balance from the various small towns in this State, Nebraska and Illinois, and two from Japan and India.

—The New York press says: "Every husband, every wife and every parent should see that charming play, 'Young Mrs. Winthrop.' Its tone is elevating, its moral is pure, and its lesson instructive. A great production, unchoosingly acted and exquisitely staged." The sale of seats is now progressing for this Christmas treat, which will be presented by the Madison Square Theatre Company Christmas night at Music Hall, and its excellent production can be readily conceived by reading the brilliant notices published in Saturday's issue. The names of Agnes Booth, not to mention Maud Harrison, Frederick Robinson or Annie Russel, should assure the sale in advance of every reserved seat.

—Mr. Gibbs of this city, who is the President of the Manhattan Temperance Association of New York, has started publishing Sunday quotations his latest being intended to be rather rough on the powers that be. It is as follows: "And it shall come to pass, that in all the land, saith the Lord, two parts [parties] therein shall be cut off and die; but the third shall be left therein. And I will bring the third [party] through the fire, and will refine them as silver is refined, and will try them as gold is tried: they shall call on My name, and I will hear them; I will say, It is My people; and they shall say, The Lord is my God."—Zech. xiii., 8, 9.

—At the meeting of the Rahway Reform Club on Thursday night officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, W. W. Branson; First Vice-President, Wm. Douglass; Second Vice-President, J. T. Moore; Third Vice-President, E. R. Fuller; Recording Secretary, H. O. Houston; Assistant Recording Secretary, A. E. Jewett; Financial Secretary, Ira Osborn; Treasurer, P. O. Campbell; Steward, W. H. Hughes; First Marshal, C. A. Grove; Second Marshal, I. F. Marsh; Sergeant-at-Arms, Ira W. Frazee; Inspectors, Wm. Young, C. H. Jackson, R. V. Compton.

—President Little of the Jersey Central Railroad, states that the betterments which the Reading claims to have made to that property were made without consulting him, and that he had no idea they were to be incorporated in the capital account. The impression is that the court will allow the Jersey Central what is due to it for defaulted dividends and interest. The matter will be ready for argument on December 28.

—There is no good and valid reason why the Baltimore and Ohio railroad should not get its charter through its State bill. The proposed route will carry the road from Bound Brook to Scotch Plains, and then from Scotch Plains through Willow Grove, and so on through the upper part of Mahway to Elizabethport. The road would develop a new section of country, and it should be built, and it will be built, despite the Pennsylvania railroad monopoly.—Westfield Independent.

—The Christmas entertainment of the Seventh-Day Baptist Sunday school will be held on Thursday evening of this week. The entertainment will consist of music, recitations and tableaux, after which refreshments will be served to the scholars and their friends in the basement of the church, admission to which can only be had by ticket. The Seventh-Day people intend to keep up their reputation of former years by presenting a very pleasing program.

Reform Club Meeting.

One of the largest gatherings ever witnessed in Reform Hall was present last evening. President French was in the chair and the meeting was opened by Rev. W. E. Honeyman, who read a portion of Scripture and invoked the Divine aid. The singing was under the direction of Fresholder Wanderbeek.

The Park Sisters of Boston, who kindly consented to be present, occupied seats on the platform and their excellent playing on the cornet captured the audience. The Rev. Dean Rodman was the first speaker, and in a logical and convincing address on self-reliance, showed the fallacy of the virtue so much lauded without a governing power about it. He was followed by Rev. Dr. A. St. Lewis, who spoke briefly and to the point.

Alexander Tilsworth spoke with all the ease and vigor peculiar to him, drawing apt lessons both from history and Scripture in substantiation of his points, and thought that every one present thoroughly much in his own way, provided the right spirit was there.

President French made a stirring appeal for signers to the pledge and stated that Rev. Dr. Vincent would preach there next Sunday.

The congregation, aided by the cornetists, sang "Hold the Fort," and the blessing by the Rev. Dr. Lewis dismissed the vast assemblage.

Resolutions of Respect.

St. Mary's Hall, Plainfield, Dec. 14, 1885.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed by St. Mary's T. A. B. Society at their meeting on last Monday evening:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to call from our midst in the vigor of his manhood, our brother, John Miller, who departed this life on December 9th, 1885, and

WHEREAS, By the death of Mr. Keefe, we have lost a true friend and a faithful benefactor, be it

Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to the will of Almighty God we sincerely deplore the loss of our esteemed brother, who, by his upright, generous nature and strict adhesion to the laws of our organization had the good will of all who knew him.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family in their great affliction which God in his just dispensation has seen fit to decree.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered on our minutes and a copy of the same be forwarded to the family of the deceased and published in our local papers.

PETER FLYNN, JR., A. E. KENNY, JNO. O'BOURKE, } Committee on Resolutions.

No. 2's Fair.

The fair for the benefit of Engine Company No. 2, which has been in progress in Cutter's Hall during the past week, ended Saturday evening. The following contests were decided: That for the gold ring was decided in favor of James McCarthy, and that for the baby carriage between T. J. Lyness, John Mowbun and Michael Sweeny was decided in favor of Mr. Lyness, he having obtained 496.55. The silver ice pitcher was won by Edward Mosher. The silver watch was awarded to Edward Harding. About 10.45 o'clock the Casino band arrived and added the occasion with their music. Nearly all the articles on the tables were disposed of, but the managers of the fair will auction off the remaining articles this evening. The fire laddies seem elated over the success of the fair.

Reception and Concert.

A reception and concert was given by Mr. and Mrs. Isaac C. Higgins, who are well-known in this city, at their residence No. 27 Scott Place, Elizabeth, on Tuesday evening, which proved one of the events of the season. An excellent program of vocal and instrumental music was rendered by a select number. Among those present from this place were Mr. W. R. Cock, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rockwell, Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Teale, Mrs. and Miss Boice, Messrs. O. T. Newman and C. W. McCutchen. After the musicale the guests partook of a tempting collation.

Advertised Letters.

Advertised letters remaining in the post office here Dec. 21, 1885. When called for please say advertised.

Adams, Miss Maggie	Kelly, Mary
Bailfore, N. W.	Lamborn, Carrie
Binger, Mrs. Annie	Morrison, Mrs. Allie
Dunn, Mrs. August	Oakes & Co. Thos.
Evans, Mrs. Jennie	Potter, Mrs. Vina A.
Green, Geo.	Runyon, L. W.
Hawkins, Miss Mary	Vanderbeer, Chas.
Jones, Ellis	Wheelwright, Mrs. F.
Woodruff, Mrs. L. D.	

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Patents to Jerseymen.

Patents granted to citizens of New Jersey for the week ending December 15, 1885:

J. E. Alexander, Bridgeport, sash fastener; William Reese, Newark, harness trimming; E. J. Brooks, Orange, hair crimper; Alfred Crew, Paterson, machine for finishing silk fabrics; W. L. Johnson, Hackettstown, filler; Frederick Kaselitz, Absecon, shaft governing mechanism for looms; C. B. Liddell, Bayonne, vulcanizable (re-form); F. De-borse, New York, skate fastener; D. S. Pope, Newark, plated hollow earthenware; J. M. Seymour, Newark, telescope; E. P. Wheeler, Montclair, surface condenser.

The G. A. R. Bazaar.

The bazaar for the benefit of Winfield Scott Post, No. 7, G. A. R., will commence in Reform Hall this evening. A number of articles are to be drawn and voted for as follows: A gent's fur coat and chief engineer's hat, two silver ice pitchers, two silver casters, gold and silver badges for the drum corps, gold and silver watches, two silver cake baskets, gold rings and numerous other articles.

Accident to an Aged Lady.

Mrs. Julia Halstead, aged 80 years, fell in the yard of her daughter, Mrs. T. F. Gambling, who resides on West Fourth street and New, on Saturday last and broke her arm. She was attended to by Dr. Tomlinson, who set the bone. Although the shock was a severe one to a woman of her years, nothing serious is anticipated.

The Secret Panel Touched.

Missing papers of great value to heirs of the immense Townley estate in England have just been found by Alderman Herbert of New Brunswick. Many people in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania are interested in the vast property. Alderman Herbert has had in his possession for years an old mahogany secretary, a gift from his father. While handling some family documents in the desk he dislodged a secret panel or slide in which was disclosed a bundle of old papers. Among them were the documents so highly prized. They consist of a marriage certificate and other papers having reference to the lives of Hannah Boone and Richard Lawrence, and affording the connecting link so long sought by the American heirs to establish their claim, and completing the full tracing of the genealogy of all the families interested. The marriage certificate fully proves that Hannah Boone and Richard Lawrence were married at the Flushing, L. I., meeting house, on February 6, 1727, and supplies the family history from Mary Townley down to Alderman Herbert. The discovery has been communicated to the other heirs.

PERSONAL.

James Van Middlesworth of Asbury Park *is visiting his father at Dunellen.*

William Kenny of Madison avenue, has almost recovered from his recent attack of rheumatism.

—Rahway is in doldrums over the action of the county in obtaining a mandamus against the city restraining them from paying out any money except to the county. The writ was granted by the Hon. Mr. and has not been vacated. In the mean time the school teachers and all others dependent on the city have received no salary. The appearance of Christmas time makes the prospect of its being a merry one rather small as no action is taken to remove the mandamus. The Common Council Tuesday evening, by a vote of 7 to 5, passed a motion to have warrants drawn for all claims against the city. This was in defiance of the Supreme Court order, and the warrants are in all probability worthless.

—An adjourned meeting was held in the District Court room at Elizabeth Saturday night to organize a Board of Trade. About fifty citizens were present, among them a number who formerly were members of the old Board, which proved a finale. After much discussion it was unanimously voted to form a Board of Trade and to select one person from each of the eight wards to perfect a plan of organization. It was also decided that this Executive Committee should consist of four Republicans and four Democrats. Dr. Charles Leaycraft and Merchant Hallretter were appointed as a committee to confer with the Chairman in selecting the eight organizers.

—The almanac for 1886 is out. New Year' Day for that year comes on Friday; Washington's birthday on Monday; Valentine's Day on Sunday; April Fool's Day on Thursday; Memorial Day on Sunday; Fourth of July on Sunday; St. Patrick's Day on Wednesday, and Christmas on Saturday; Easter Sunday will be the 25th of April; Lent begins March 10.

STATE NOTES.

The Sussex county grand Jury failed to find any indictment against the Newton postmaster, Thomas G. Rimmel of the Newton Herald, for his alleged libel of a Deckertown fire company.

Six persons died in this city on Monday and Tuesday, whose ages were respectively 69, 77, 64, 60, 67 and 90 years. Their united ages would be 427 years, or an average of 71 years. Trenton is well for our reporting city.—Trenton Times.

The Sea Beach Railroad, it is reported, will shortly stop running trains, owing to deficiencies in the treasury. *Rose & Stanford are pushing the company for* payment of their bills, and are suing out a mechanics' lien in the Ocean county.

Patrick Connell, an employee of the Newark Gaslight Company, was knocked down and robbed of $75 by four young ruffians in River street early yesterday morning. Barney Graham and Michael Castle *were arrested and identified by Connell.*

The yellow dog which created much excitement on Saturday night in this city, has been killed. It was found that Charles Miller of No. 174 Dwight avenue, was the only person bitten by the dog, and he was only slightly wounded in the hand.

Henry T. Colman of Philadelphia, the purchaser of Bonaparte Park at Borden town, it is understood is to preserve the Bonaparte name and traditions in restoring Point Breeze, the most beautiful part of the park, to its use as a residence and grounds for a wealthy family.

Phillip Lyons of Atlantic City, is one hundred years old. He also writes all twixt *words without a mirror. His intellect is* bright, but he is feeble in body, although he visited the polls at the last election and voted the straight Republican ticket. He has been an Odd Fellow fifty-six years.

The chief of engineers, in his estimates for the improvement of rivers and harbors, asks for New Jersey this year the following appropriations: Channel between Staten Island and New Jersey, $50,000; Newark bay, $35,000; Raritan bay, $10,000; Cheesequake creek, $5,000; Matawan creek, $5,000; Manasquan river, $35,000; Metuchen, $25,000; Passaic river, $130,000; Racoon river, $10,000; Rancocas river, $22,000; Raritan river, $20,000; Shrewsbury river, $20,000; South river, $25,000; Woodbridge creek, $10,000; examination of channel and reservoirs of the Jersey coast, $5,000.

Omniscient and Omnipresent.

By M. M. Thorn.

Tho' I take wings and thither fly
To utmost bounds of earth or sky,
Or seek the deepest sea to crave
Or greatest depth 'neath the wave,
Yet God is there.

Or when the sombre gloom of night
Lets down her veil, shuts out the light,
And to my humble couch repair
For rest and sleep, no mortal near,
Yet God is there.

And when the mind is ever brought
Into the depths of secret thought,
And he those thoughts for good or ill,
This self-same law will govern still,
That God is there.

This have I learned, go whither, where,
To height or depth, or near, or far,
As unto the one or farthest star,
Nor death or darkness will not bar
Him being there.

First Grand Concert of the Plainfield Conservatory of Music.

To be held in the Park Avenue Baptist Church, Monday evening, Dec. 21, 1885, at eight o'clock.

PROGRAM.

PART I.

1. Piano Solo, "The Last Idea of Weber," ..... Cramer
Miss Emma Bowling.
2. Vocal Solo Ouh ainl son tardon"..... Mozart
Miss Mattie Kohler.
3. Reading ..... H. Edgar Mason, Esq.
4. Tenor Solo, "If with all Your Hearts' Elijah"
Mr. Henry Thompson. Mendelssohn
Sextette { ..... Haydn
5. Piano Waltz ..... Schubert
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
6. Soprano Solo, "Marguerite" ..... Bischoff
Miss Maria B. Jones.
7. Reading, "Toby's Monument" ..... Tenni
Miss H. Edgar Mason.
8. Contralto Solo, "L'ho Perduta" ..... Campana
Miss C. B. Joyce
PART II.
1. Piano Solo, "The Harp That Once, etc." ..... Pape
Miss Emma Bowling.
2. Vocal Solo, Selected ..... Pope
Miss Maribil Kohler.
3. Reading, "Literary Nightmare" ..... Twain
Miss Maria B. Jones.
4. Contralto Solo, "I Tarry Here." ..... Tenni
Miss Carrie E. Joyce.
5. Piano Solo, "Polka de Concert" ..... Weber
Miss Sarah B. Jones.
6. Tenor Solo, "Up, arise ye mighty" ..... Mennet
Mr. Henry Thompson.
7. Soprano Solo, "Carnival de Venise" ..... Meyerbeer
Miss Maria B. Jones.
8. Reading ..... H. Edgar Mason, Esq.
9. Duette ..... Misses Jones and Joyce.

FIRST GRAND

Prize Bazaar

OF

Woman's Relief Auxiliary to the G. A. R.

REFORM HALL,

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

EVENINGS,

Dec. 21,22,23

Single admission 10 cents. Season Tickets 25 cents, entitling holder to one chance in grand drawing. Drum Corps Badges and Children's Rings will be awarded contestants. The sale evening at nine o'clock. Tickets to be in hands of Detail at 8 p. m. of same evening.

Xmas NIGHT

AT MUSIC HALL,

The Strongest Cast ever seen out of New York is the

MADISON SQUARE COMPANY,

will appear in

Young Mrs. Winthrop.

Agnes Booth, Maud Harrison, Annie Russell, Frederick Robinson.

To Star in the Great Cast.

Seats now on Sale.

Casino

TO-NIGHT

AND

Tuesday & Wednesday

EVENINGS,

DEC. 21, 22, 23,

Gilfort Bros.

The Classical Wonders.

Incomparable Gymnastic Acts.

Extraordinary Equilibristic Feats and almost incredible and novel achievements.

Gladiatorial Exercises.

They remind one of the pictures by the ancient masters of the Roman Games for the days of the Mighty Cæsars.

Ave Cæsar te Morituri Salutant.

BUY YOUR

Christmas Candy

OF

B. T. Barnes'

FRONT STREET,

opposite Post Office.

Manufactured on the premises.

Extraordinary Inducements!

A great offering of DRY GOODS at closing out prices at

Bachman Bros.

We cordially ask the public to give us a visit and prove that our prices are positively the lowest of all competitors. We have exceptional bargains in all our departments.

TOYS, TOYS!

Holiday Goods!

We have an exceptional large stock of Toys and Holiday Goods on hand, such as dolls, games of all kinds, china dishes, tool chests, tin and wooden ware, etc., which we are selling at half their usual price.

We are selling out our Ladies' Muffs at 98c former price $1.50.

Dr. Warner's Corset at 90c, former price $1.25.

Dr. Warner's Coraline Corset at 50c former price $1.

Gents' Best Linen Cuffs, reduced from 25 to 20c a pair.

Gents' Linen Collars reduced from 15 to 11 cents each.

Ladies plain full regular made hose at 25 cents a pair, former price 40 cents.

Toys and Holiday Goods in endless variety.

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

The Prince Royal.

$3.50 Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf top of the best tannery calf. Either broad or narrow toe. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

BIG BARGAINS

In Attractive

Holiday Goods

Is now in order at

EDSALL'S.

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

H. D. Cook & Bro.

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office: Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Trains leave New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 11, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 6.30, 7.03, 7.30, 8.08, 8.46, 9.40, 10.37, 11.08 a. m., 12.32, 1.30, 2.25, 3.07, 3.35, 4.33, 5.30, 5.52, 6.32, 7.30, 8.41, 9.42, 11.39 p. m. Sunday, 2.37 a. m., 12.32, 1.30, 2.25, 3.07, 3.35, 4.33, 5.30, 7.30, 9.39 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot of Liberty Street, 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday, 6.00, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 m.

Plainfield and Westfield.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.31, 7.08, 7.36, 8.00, 8.40, 9.10, 9.50, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.32, 1.30, 2.25, 3.07, 3.35, 5.33, 6.32, 7.01, 7.30, 8.40, 9.42, 11.39 p. m. Sunday, 8.37 a. m., 12.32, 1.30, 2.25, 3.07, 3.35, 4.33, 5.30, 7.30, 9.39 p. m.

Leave Westfield at 6.20, 7.07, 7.45, 8.07, 8.35, 9.15, 9.55, 10.42, 11.13, a. m., 1.08, 2.03, 2.40, 3.20, 3.48, 5.33, 6.32, 6.46, 7.06, 7.35, 8.45, 9.50, 11.44 p. m. Sunday, 8.42 a. m., 1.08, 2.03, 2.40, 3.20, 3.48, 5.33, 7.30, 9.44 p. m.

Trains for New York change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 7.14, 7.36, 8.27, 9.05, 9.45, 10.40, 11.15, a. m., 1.08, 2.03, 2.40, 3.20, 3.48, 5.04, 5.33, 6.06, 6.58, 7.05, 7.35, 8.17, 9.30, 11.43 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m., 2.45, 5.33 p. m.

Leave Somerville, at 6.05, 6.53, 7.05, 7.30, 8.10, 8.55, 9.30, 10.15, 10.50, 11.30 a. m., 12.05, 1.30, 2.15, 2.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.08, 9.15, 9.45 a. m., 1.00, 5.00, 8.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 9.37 a. m.; 1.30, 5.52, 8.54, 9.39, 11.39 p. m. Sunday at 5.19 a. m., 5.43 p. m.

Leave Boston at 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 4.30, 5.00, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westford Connections.

5.19 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.36 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc.

1.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.54 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Lyttleton, Shamokin, Tamaqua, etc.

5.52 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Sunday's Mauch Chunk. Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, etc.

8.54 p. m.—For Easton, All stops, Reading, Harrisburg, Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

Long Branch Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.02, 11.05 a. m., 1.30, 5.52, 8.54 p. m. Sunday at 5.37, 8.02, 11.05 a. m., 5.52, 8.54 p. m. Additional Ocean Grove Express at 9.37 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 9.37 a. m.; 1.30, 5.52, 8.54, 9.39, 11.39 p. m. Sunday at 5.19 a. m., 5.43 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, at 8.30, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 5.00, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berry Streets at 5.10, 8.9; 8.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Market Streets at 1.25, 7.00, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 6.24, 7.20 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 8.18, 9.40 p. m., 6.15 p. m.

Baggage checked through to destination from all principal points in Europe. For time, rates and through tickets apply at Company's Depot, Jersey City.

C. G. HANCOCK,
GEN. PASS. & TICKET AGENT.

W. W. STEARNS, SUPT.
J. E. WOOLTEN, GEN. MANAGER.

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1885.

LIVING AT SMALL EXPENSE.

How an Actor Manages to Save His Money and Still Have a "Good Time."

[Clara Belle's Letter.]

"I know an actor—an American," said a young man, with whom I was conversing, "who has a reputation of being quite a swell—some of his things resemble, and always dressing in the height of style—while in reality, he only has one decent suit at a time, and two boxes of paper collars, and on in the most fashionable style. He is a most slight sort of an actor, to be most gentlemanly in his deportment, and he lives at one of the most fashionable hotels. He has a suite of rooms, and breakfasts in the morning, and then sleeps until about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Then he drinks a lot of hot water, takes the smallest amount of the drumstick, and at 5 o'clock sits down to an elaborate meal, which is served in his room. If any persons happen to drop in on him he receives them in his dressing gown and slippers. Then he shaves himself, and puts on evening dress. He is very particular in the matter of gloves, and he has a fashionable cape coat. He has a number of his starts fixed, and drifts about Delmonico's, the Brunswick and other fashionable resorts, until it is time to go to the theater. There are always good enough who are willing to buy a drink for an actor, and as he is a pleasant and talkative man, he not only succeeds in keeping his three drinks consumed before the play, but is usually asked to supper afterward. Three is method in all this. He receives $125 a week, and his expenses certainly fall below $50. He has still a large margin for dressing a remainder, and more or less of a bowling swell, without any of the attendant expense, and he is laying by a pretty pot of money all the time.

"It's immoderate," he said, in discussing his system frankly with a man who happened to be his friend, "because I know I've got a head start by the time I get through a very considerable fortune in two years, and was obliged to take to the stage for a livelihood. I expect to be able to keep up swell connections, and who has the reputation of being in with society people, can always get an engagement from a New York manager if he knows how to play the part. Unfortunately he will get caught about the last summer, when I spend rather a large sum of money, and am obliged to lay low or five months. It also takes me a long while to learn what economy means, but I know now, and I'm going to practice it right straight along. All the money in the world would not atone for the intense weariness and the humiliation of last summer."

The public schools of New York opened with 141,000 teachers and 250,000 teachers.

The public schools of New York opened with 141,000 teachers and 250,000 teachers.

BEECHER ON "RELIGION."

HE THINKS THAT WORD IS LIABLE TO LEAD US ASTRAY.

Men Seek Religion Instead of Rectitude. They Think Only That It Will Make Them Feel Better—We Should Live in Righteousness.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Mr. Beecher spoke from the text "Blessed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled." He said:

I can hardly find a better commentary on this short beatification than is in the third chapter of Proverbs: "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom, and the man that getteth understanding." According to the philosophy or nomenclature that existed then, wisdom and knowledge are the summit of religion, so that to find wisdom is to be synonymous with our idea of religion. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." In that book we find, "Righteousness is the highest rule of life. "Righteousness" is only the old form for "rightness," and that is only another form for "rectitude." Living right is the highest style of character—the truest kind of right character—that is the completed man, the man after the similitude of God. By the by, "religion" is an improved word. It is much better than "religion," which has become evil over and over with so many misconceptions that we are constantly in danger of being beguiled by the use of that word.

Now for practical exhibition the simple principles embodied in the Old Testament, long ago, enriched and enforced by the authority of our Lord Jesus Christ, righteousness of life, manliest conformable to the highest rules of duty, and withal some toward God and toward our fellow men, is the best that we can have and the best we can do. And that is much higher than their heads, crying out to congregations: "Do you want to be saved? do you want to be saved?" And crowds of men rattled up to the anxious seat and wanted to be saved. But I never heard the call to the unregenerate: "Do you want to live a life of absolute rectitude?" There wouldn't be one in a thousand get up to the anxious seat on that call. They want religion that will make them feel better. They want religion that will make them feel better—an opiate that will *ease* their aches—a wonderful tonic that will brace them up and keep well all the time. That is what they were young. That's their idea of religion. It is altogether a superstitious notion—pitiable, but very widespread. Religion is right-conduct, and right-conduct is the result of conscience and love into the seat of empire in the soul, and then breaking down everything that seeks to revolutionize those forces; carrying it into the home, into business, into every walk of life, the purpose to please God and help men—righteousness. Men are not so much attracted to that as they are to "religion."

Telegraph Operators as Physicians.

KINGSTON, N. Y. Dec. 21.—A young girl named Ora Minner, daughter of a well-to-do farmer, residing at Big Indian, a village near here, was brought to town by taking tandamum. Dr. Schley, of Pine Hill, telegraphed for. The operator at the New York end of the wire overhearing the message, telegraphed to Dr. Schley to open for at Big Indian for further particulars, stating that he had studied medicine. On learning the situation of affairs he consulted with two local physicians, both graduates of a New York medical college, and they together prescribed for Miss Minner by telegraph. They ordered the administering of powerful stimulants, including cold water whipping with small pegs, and the result was very gratifying. Dr. Schley, who arrived an hour later, said the New York operators saved her life, as she would have have lived until he arrived. The reason for the girl's attempt at suicide is unknown.

Too Clever With a Pen.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 21.—During the past week checks of various denominations, some as high as $200, have been presented to and answered by Messrs. Reynolds & Arvin, Haworth & Dewhurst, and other prominent firms of this city, supposed to have been signed by John Cunningham, a broker on Liberty street. All the checks, which were cashed by Cunningham, who is also a notary, were forged, and the detectives have been at work on the case. Before the day closed it was learned that Cunningham had not endorsed any of the checks, and the detectives had secured. Andrews was formerly a clerk in the Robinson house, and has recently been a frequent visitor to a resort on Street suffered.

The Start of Guilford Dead.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Dudley Francis North, earl o G ilford, died from injuries received by being thrown from his horse while hunting. Lord Guilford was 54 years old, and was well known in the hunting field. He was a favorite among the sporting men of the country. He was also well known in London society, and was a favorite among the ladies. He was a member of the Prince of Wales' set, and was a frequent visitor at Marlborough House. He was a member of the Marlborough House. He was a member of the Marlborough House. He was a member of the Marlborough House.

Determined to Die.

XENIA, O., Dec. 21.—Mrs. Albert Manor jumped head first from a second story window of her residence here. She died from the effects of the fall in a few minutes. Some months ago Mrs. Manor lost an only child by death, and has since been despondent. She was said here by her husband with the idea that a visit among friends would do her good. Recently she slipped away from her friends and attempted suicide in a creek near by, but was rescued. Last night she left the party. Later she jumped from a window, breaking one leg in two places and sustaining other injuries from which she died.

GEN. GRANT'S JUSTICE.

His Sympathy for Porter After Being Convinced of His Innocence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Gen. Grant's supposed connection, in connection with Fitz John Porter and others, in efforts to secure Porter's vindication and restoration as major general of the United States army, is in the hands of Gen. Wheeler and Bragg, who have charge of the memorial to the next congress of representatives for Porter's relief. The letters cover a period extending from Sept. 8, 1880, to July 4, 1884, and while they constitute little that is not already known of the general's change of attitude in regard to the justice of Porter's conviction by court martial in 1863, the correspondence is chiefly interesting as exhibiting Gen. Grant's strong sense of justice, in earnestly laboring to remove a burden which he believed had been placed on an innocent man. Sept. 8, 1880, Porter wrote to Gen. Grant, asking him to aid in effecting a re-examination of the proceedings of the court martial, to which the latter replied, declining to interfere with the action of the administration occurring prior to his command of the army. In the correspondence which passed between Sept. 10, 1881, and Dec. 1, 1881, Gen. Grant appears not to have wavered in his belief that Porter's sentence was a just one; but on Dec. 9, 1881, he wrote to Gen. Sherman as follows: "I have been able to give some days to the reading of the papers which you submitted to me, but have not finished them. * * * I can say now, however, from what I have read, I believe I have been unjust to you in injustice, both in thought and speech, and if of the same opinion when through the examination of your case, I will regard it a duty to make the amend so far as I can for the wrong so far as I have any responsibility for it."

Dec. 23 Gen. Grant wrote to the president: "I have carefully reviewed his trial and the testimony laid before the Schofield court of inquiry held in 1879. * * * * * The more I read the more thoroughly I am convinced me that for these nineteen years I have been doing a gallant and efficient soldier a very great injustice in thought and sometimes in speech. It is incumbent upon me now to do whatever lies in my power to remove from him and from his family the stain upon his good name. * * * I am now more than ever a reader of his faithful, efficient and intelligent service. * * * I would ask that the whole matter be laid before the attorney general for his examination and opinion, and that he will be able to do this much for an officer who has suffered for nineteen years a punishment that never should be inflicted upon any but the most guilty."

FOUND BY A HUNTER.

A Negro Discovers the Body of a Man Buried in the Woods.

LEADVILLE, Col., Dec. 21.—Abram Swan, a colored man, was out hunting, when his dogs unearthed the feet of a human being. Papers found upon the body consisted of cards, permits and two letters signed with blood, two certificates of stock issued respectively by the Denver and Rio Grande and the Union Pacific railroads to Kuhn Kramer as traveling salesman for Fletcher & Co., wholesale boot dealers, No. 549 Holiday street, Denver, and there can be no doubt but these permits give the name of the dead man. They were dated in September, 1884, and indicate that at the time of his death the body had been buried a year ago. Other papers indicate that Kramer was a relegant of Henry Suess, who represents the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Co. That the man was murdered there can be no doubt. His locks were drawn and placed by his side in the grave, and his papers were all tucked under his vest.

Advance in Coal and Freight Rates.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—An informal notice of advance in coal circulated in the panic, states that prices and freights are to be advanced Jan. 1. The advance is to be twenty-five cents per ton—fifteen cents on coal and ten cents on freights. It is expected that fifteen or twenty blast furnaces in the Schuylkill and Lehigh valleys will be put in operation by the middle of January by the anthracite coal men to not make the proposed advance. It is estimated that the advance would result in a loss to the Reading and Lehigh Valley railroads of 800,000 tons of coal a year from furnaces which would go out of blast and from enterprises which would go into operation under the present rates.

The Brockton Lasters' Strike.

BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 21.—The arbitration board agreed upon to settle the dead-lock at the forty-two factories was completed by the selection of Charles C. Bixby as the third referee. The board consists of Mayor—James J. F. Whipple, representing the employers; W. F. Cleaveland, representing the manufacturers, and Mr. Bixby, chosen by the other two. Whipple, Cleaveland and Bixby composed the second board of water commissioners that built the works, and selected entire charge of the city's interests in the recently finished water mains. They are thoroughly familiar with each others ways and possess the public confidence.

R. D. Hubbard Found Guilty.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Benjamin O. Hubbard, the defaulting cashier of the late First National bank of Mendota, was on the stand at the county jail, where he will remain for a day or two, until Judge Blodgett imposes sentence upon him. After being out all night the jury agreed upon a verdict of guilty, and at 10 o'clock so informed the court, who thereupon thanked and dismissed them. Hubbard was found guilty on nine counts in the indictment. The punishment imposed will be over five and under ten years, but Gen. Leake, the counsel of Hubbard, will take measures on behalf of his client immediately after the court has passed sentence.

The Mets Must Be Allowed to Play.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—Judge Thayer has decided that the Metropolitan Baseball club must be allowed to play in the American association this season. The organization holds together as an aggregation of baseball clubs. The National club, of Washington, which was taken into the association in place of the Mets, has no legal claim, and the Metropolitan club who signed with clubs to play next season must, under the constitution of the association, return again, and the championship automatically falls to Philadelphia. Last night before the decision the Mets were dropped. No schedule of games can be arranged unless the Mets are awarded their share.

A Brute Kicks His Wife to Death.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 21.—David Lewis and his wife Rhoda have lived in an affectionate manner since their honeymoon ended. During the row Lewis knocked his wife down and kicked and beat her in a terrible manner. She managed to reach the street and ran terrified into James O'Hara's saloon, where she died at 5 o'clock. Mrs. Lewis had just been released from the workhouse.

THE IMPRISONED MINERS.

IT IS NOW FEARED THAT THEY HAVE ALL PERISHED.

A Chamber in the Mine Supposed to be Their Refuge Found to be Empty—The Rescuers Still Pushing Forward.

NANTICOKE, Pa., Dec. 21.—At midnight Saturday it was given out by the mine officials in charge of the fatal shaft at Nanticoke that the men imprisoned in the mine would be rescued before morning, but at 7 o'clock the men were still in the mine, with no hopes of their speedy release. An important discovery was made, however. The further the rescuers went on with the work of removing the debris which blocks the passage way, it was found that the fatal shaft through which accompanied the water into the mine were easier to remove. This allowed the men to make good progress, and inside of one hour they got through twenty-seven feet. As the quicksand is not piled up to the roof, the air has free circulation, which lends additional strength to the belief that the men may still be alive. Another important fact established is that the men must certainly have escaped to the highest part of the mine for safety, for had they been caught in the flood, which carried everything before it, they would have been drowned, and their dead bodies would have been discovered by the rescuers, who are now making a passage way through the gangway. The supposition is that the men were taken by surprise when the danger came, and that they did not have time to get out of the chambers where they were at work to run to the gangway to make their escape by way of the slope. Here they would have been blocked, the men sought the highest ground.

All day great crowds collected in the vicinity of the accident. The superintendent of the Susquehanna Coal company telegraphed to the officials of the Lehigh Valley railroad for money to get the missing men. The rescuing party now consists of 100 men—as many as can work in the place. The relatives of the imprisoned men have still hopes that they may be rescued alive. The ministers in all the churches referred to the terrible calamity Sunday and asked their people to pray that the unfortunate men might be brought out alive.

At 8 o'clock the rescuers knocked on the pipe which runs through the gangway, but received no response, which is bad omen. Had the imprisoned men heard the sounds they would have responded by striking the pipe. It is possible that they may be afraid of from the pipe, or they may be too weak to get to it.

At 8 o'clock the rescuing party struck a seam of wet sand, and forty-five additional as it may seem it to remove it with buckets as fast as it was thrown out.

At 9 o'clock an official report was received at the company's office here to the effect that the rescuing party were then within twenty feet of the fatal chamber, and were hoping to reach the imprisoned men by 11 o'clock. There was still no response to knocks on the pipe.

1 A. M.—The rescuers have just reached the place where the men were supposed to be. They are not there.

The rescuers are now pushing their way to another part of the mine. Great excitement prevails. It is feared all have perished.

Baptized in Freezing Water.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 21.—At Waterbury a crowd of nearly 2,000 people assembled on the banks of the Naugatuck river, near the West Main street iron bridge, to witness the immersion of five adults—three men and two women. The thermometer stood fifteen degrees above zero at 2 o'clock when Rev. Mr. Baker, pastor of the Second Advents society, led the subjects out in the water until a depth of four feet was reached, when one by one they were immersed, and hurried into a hack and driven away. The men wore a wrapper and a suit of woolen ers, and the women were dressed in loose, flowing garments. Rev. Mr. Baker was formerly of Philadelphia, and succeeded Rev. Mr. Temple about two months ago. He is creating considerable excitement, and it is thought that in a few years the society will erect a church.

Killed By Kentucky Whisky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 21.—Laid to rest in the potter's field were the remains of Professor M. D. Lynn, son of the Rev. A. Lynn, a Methodist minister, of Boston, Mass. The professor had been known for two weeks past to drink up all the superfluous Kentucky whisky, but the dose caused him to be a little death at the early hour of Sunday. He was once a member of the French importing firms of M. D. Lynn & Co., Manchester, and Lynn, Caskell & Co., London. He was also a church organist of great merit, having held that office in some of the most noted churches in England. He died without ever fully revealing his identity, but it was discovered by his effects. The history of his downfall is unknown, and his presence in the city is a mystery, as he had no relatives or friends here.

The Mexican Revolution Ended.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—Monterey, Mex., advices note the liberation from prison of Acting Governor Sepulveda, and the acquittal of the officer who gave the order to fire on the federal troops. About twenty of Sepulveda's privates, who fired on the federals and wounded or killed sixteen, have been sentenced to ten years enlistment in the fifth battalion of cavalry, stationed at Monterey. Governor Garcia was tendered a grand reception at Saltillo, Friday, on his return from the City of Mexico. Sepulveda and many friends greeted him and escorted him to his old home, Villa Garcia. He was elect immediately after the court has passed sentence.

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THE GHOST OF CLIFTON HEIGHTS.

An Indian Warrior's Spirit That Stalks About at Night.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—A ghost in Clifton's heights, and the inhabitants of the town speak of it in cautious whispers as something which might be stolen by their envious neighbors, were it known outside the town limits. Clifton is a suburb of Upton in the Medea branch of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, eight miles from the Broad street station. Last Monday Mr. Grady was on his way to the village from his mill. Just as he crossed Darby creek to ascend Clifton heights, a ghostly figure appeared before him. It was tall, and its bright armor flashed in the moonlight. It was dressed in a plain white sheet, which covered it from crown to toe. A small tomahawk or hatchet, Mr. Grady does not know which, was carried in the right hand, and from this fact the people said, as soon as they had heard the story, that it was a wandering spirit of an Indian warrior.

Tradition has it that Clifton heights was once the burying ground of all the Indians who inhabited the eastern part of Pennsylvania, from the Susquehanna to the Delaware, and that the ghosts of all the dead men in Delaware county, says a ghost has been seen on Clifton heights once every twenty years since he was a boy. The heights is a deep wood all but a hill, which runs a patch, and within the last five days the ghost has been seen by persons passing along there at least half a dozen times, according to the statements offered. Schofield has been vigilantly investigating the case. He said that he had been working very hard to unravel the mystery. He had a theory that one or a couple of clews and he is at work on another. James Dowling went into the woods on Thursday night and his dogs struck a trail which led them over the hills and down to Darby creek. Here the dogs lost the track. Dowling came up to them and urged them on. The trail was struck again, and the dogs and Dowling soon Clifton heights with Dowling close behind. But the dogs had not gone far when they returned, whining and trembling. Dowling had not heard the ghost of the night, but he felt it, and from by the way the dogs acted they had seen "something." He has not ventured into the woods since.

McCLELLAN'S MEMORY HONORED.

Chicago Admirers of the Soldier Pay a Last Tribute.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—The life and military record of Gen. George B. McClellan received their final tribute from the great soldier's Chicago friends and former comrades before being by them lovingly consigned to history. The memorial service was a thoroughly impressive and appropriate one. The Grand Opera house was filled to its full seating capacity. Gen. Schofield was called to the chair and assumed charge of the meeting during a short address, so clear and full as to reveal the character of the audience and their deep sense of the solemnity of the occasion. After a brief prayer by Bishop Fallows the Chicago quartette sang "Lead Kindly Light," and Gen. Schofield introduced the Rev. Arthur Edwards.

His address received the closest attention and was frequently broken in upon by applause evoked by reference to this or that episode which appealed to the memory of the veterans present.

The Rev. Thomas Green delivered the closing address. Bishop Fallows followed with a benediction and brought the meeting to a close.

SENATOR HAMPTON'S VIEWS.

He Intends to Present a Bill to Stop Office Brokerage.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Senator Wade Hampton called on the president his proposed legislation to prevent congressmen from soliciting appointments for friends and constituents.

Congressmen, he says, should be left free to attend to the business for which they are sent to Washington—legislation for the people of the United States—and not merely to look after the wants of a few. He has in view a remedying this evil that he introduced his resolution in the senate, and he hopes it will pass both houses of congress. The appointing power is annoyed, and even, too, are sick and heartily disgusted with the scramble for office, for nothing else can be attempted now in Washington with any certainty of success. All other business is blocked, and the time and attention of the people's servants diverted from their proper duties. The senator intends, as soon as congress reconvenes after the holiday recess, to press his resolution vigorously.

The Sloop Puritan Sold.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Commodore J. Malcolm Forbes has bought the sloop yacht Puritan of Gen. C. J. Payne. She will winter at Beverly. Commodore Forbes was chairman of the executive committee of the Puritan's original owners. Gen. Payne will build a new eighty-five foot sloop from design furnished by Edward Burgess, the designer of the Puritan. She will be of the same length as the Galatea, eighty-five feet on the water line, and will be designed for speed and seaworthy qualities, and it is expected that she will beat the Puritan. Lawley & Sons will probably build her.

Canada's Smallpox Scourge.

OTTAWA, Dec. 21.—The statement of the deaths during the month of November in the principal cities of the Dominion is as follows: Montreal, 207; Sorel, 9; Ottawa, 71; St. Hyacinthe, 15; Charlottetown, P. E. I., 27.

MONTREAL, Dec. 21.—The official returns at the health office show that there were no deaths from smallpox during the past week. There were three deaths at the civic hospital and three in the suburbs. It is reported, however, that there has been serious mortality in the Lorgue Valley settlements from smallpox which has never been reported to the central board of health.

John Keeler Arrested in Canada.

BUFFALO, Dec. 21.—A Richmond, Ont., special to The Times says: A man answering the description of John Keeler, who shot and killed James Devine in Buffalo, Nov. 26 last, and for whose apprehension a reward of $200 was offered, was arrested here by Chief Reynolds, of Guelph. A full fit of burglars' tools was found on the prisoner. Chief Reynolds first mailed on the night train from Guelph, but the prisoner was taken to Guelph, to await the arrival of word from Buffalo as to his identification.

Soldiers Killed By Indians.

DENVER, N. M., Dec. 21.—A fight occurred between a company of United States troops, under Lieut. Fountain, and hostile Indians near White House, in which Surgeon Maddox, Privates Collins, Gibson, Hulton and McMillan were killed. Lieut. Cahill and Corporal McFarland received slight wounds. The band is the one which attacked Lieut. Fountain on the 9th. Two Indians are said to have been killed.

A Sheriff Sued.

BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 21.—Hiram H. Gibbs has sued Deputy Sheriff Wheeler for $10,000 damages for false imprisonment. Gibbs had bought out on account of a claim against the former owners.

Dress Goods, formerly selling at 25c., are now sold for 10c per yard

Ladies' Rubber Circulars reduced from $1.49 to 49 cts.

Boehm's Closing Out.

$30,000 Sale

OF

Dry Goods,

At Cost Prices.

TO CONTINUE

Until Dec. 31, '85

Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.

1,500 Pounds of Western Geese Feathers' former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.

4 4 Oil Cloth at 29c per yard.

Lot of Drees Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls Skirts, Flannels, Cloakings, etc., at

7 W. FRONT ST.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

BEST

QUALITY **Coal**

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1467.

R. WALDRON,

No. 9 East Front Street,

First National Bank Building, Plainfield, N.

MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

PICTURE FRAMES.

Gold Frames for Paintings

a Specialty.

OLD FRAMES REGILDED

to equal New.

First-class Work. Low Price

H. S. BARNES.

CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION

TO HIS

Carefully Selected Stock

OF

Holiday Goods

WHICH HE IS SELLING AT

STRICTLY NEW YORK PRICES.

17 and 19 Front Street, East.

PLAINFIELD

Steam Laundry

ESTABLISHED 1877

EAST THIRD STREET

A. G. Thorn, Prop.

Laundrying in all its branches.

Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.

Custom or Gloss Finish.

Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box. 979.

Headquarters for

VOEHL'S

Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.

15 West Front Street.

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Hardtack bought out the business of A. Warnick, call the attention of my friends to my goods of all varieties of first class Cake Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at 66 Somerset street, will be a branch office for the present. Orders left there will receive prompt attention.

JACOB VOEHL,
Plainfield, New Jersey.

Successor to A. Warnick, No. 15 West Front, also

GRAND DISPLAY

OF

FALL AND WINTER

Clothing,

MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS

All made by us and the workmanship is guaranteed.

ALSO

A SPLENDID LINE OF

Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting, MADE TO ORDER

Our Merchant Tailoring DEPARTMENT

Replete with every variety.

Perfect fits guaranteed or no sale.

JOHN H. FRENCH

29 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

L. M. FRENCH

Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs

FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CALL AND SEE the Handsomest Amusement

F. A. Pope's

(Successor to M. VERMEULE.)

Hats, Caps and Furs,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Horse Blankets and Robes, latest styles. Large Stock. Low Prices. Polite Attention.

NO 5 WEST FRONT ST.

Opposite Somerset Street.

FISHER and MONFORT

Photographers

15 EAST FRONT ST.

are making their best

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

for

$3.50 Per Dozen

Specimens at the Door.

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces Ranges and Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

JOSEPH T. VAIL

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE

LOANS NEGOTIATED

Office Opposite Railroad Station.

RESIDENCE NO. 62 E. SIXTH ST.

Dealer in

BLUE STONE FLAGGING

P. O. Box 825

THE IRISH PARLIAMENT.

EXULTATION AMONG THE PEOPLE OVER THE BRIGHT PROSPECT.

Nationalist Leaders Not so Confident of the Early Fulfillment of Their Hopes.

Lord Martington's Statements—The Duke of Sarille Arrested.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—The people of Ireland were in a state of exhilaration over the prospect of an end to the struggle for an Irish parliament. Great crowds of the citizens, in their Sunday best out with lengthening faces, paused along College park, paying particular attention to the old John House of parliament as though it had not been a familiar object to them all their lives. The day when it would be patrolled by redcoated sentries they seemed to think not for off.

Among the newly elected Nationalist members, however, there is not such confidence manifested as to the success of the settlement. They all appear confident of final triumph, but it is wonderful how discreet they have become in public since the time until Mr. Parnell shall give them the word.

Dispatches from the north of Ireland report great apathy by leading Orangemen, declaring war to the knife on the Nationalists, and appealing to the Protestants of Ireland not to desert them by turning them over to the mercies of an Irish parliament. Mr. O'Brien, on being met by the reporters of these ferry and plaintive addresses, said:

"It is all nonsense. The Nationalists are not a party of revenge or ill-feeling. The Orange outbreak will have a very bad effect in England, but it will end in their being discredited when it is evident that their followers are unfounded in their voting enough has proved ridiculous to them. Thousands of Protestants all over Ireland voted for the Nationalist nominee, many of whom are Protestants, like Mr. Parnell."

Lord Martington, Member for Leitrim, Dec. 21.—The Earl of Martington, speaking to The Central News reporter, said he had received a telegram from Mr. Parnell, in which he informed him upon the part of the Irish leaders that he accompanied them in full accord with a statement that it should be published as widely as possible, both in England and he cabled to America. The public portion of his letter is as follows:

My name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the statement in reference to a scheme of Irish policy which is stated to be under consideration by the leaders of the Liberal party. I shall not, within the next few weeks, have an opportunity of addressing my constituents publicly, and I think that the respect I owe them justifies me in writing to you, for the purpose of giving a most emphatic contradiction to all such reports, so far as they relate to myself. No proposals of a policy to be adopted by the Liberals as a party, with reference to the demand of the Irish people for the right of legislative independence for Ireland, has been communicated to me. I see no reason to depart from the declaration which I have made on behalf of myself in my speeches during the late election in Lincolnshire and elsewhere on the policy announced by Mr. Parnell as the leader of the Irish parliamentary party.

The Duke of Sarille Arrested.

MALTON, Dec. 21.—The Duke of Sarille, a cousin of the late King Addosus and a partisan of ex-Queen Isabella, has been arrested for treasonable and seditious language, which, it is alleged, he used in consequence of being refused an audience by the queen regent, Christina.

Liquor Men on the Rampage.

SPENCER, Mass., Dec. 21.—Last spring the town voted against liquor license and appropriated money to prosecute illegal sellers. Many dealers were fined in October. During the last four weeks the Law and Order league have had four spotters at work, and the result was the complaints against thirty dealers. The latter received a week's continuance and mobbed the spotters. The latter were locked up for protection, and finally taken to Boston to save their lives. The mob followed them to the depot, rioting all the way.

Fatal Fight in a Tenement House.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.—At Sharonville, a small village fifteen miles from here, Frank W. Mullen, a boy, shot and almost instantly killed Winfield Scott Heffner, aged 20, who is a carpenter by occupation. Both men lived with their families in a two story frame tenement house. Mullen and the "Bon Hive." They have frequently quarreled. Heffner drew a butcher knife and slashed Mullen across the shoulder when the latter drew a pistol and fired, the ball taking effect. Mullen was arrested.

Parnell Dowses His Many Friends.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Rev. W. W. Downs preached to a congregation of some 8,000 souls at Mechanics' hall. After the sermon the audience listened to addresses by Mayor John Cadby, a Roman Catholic; Judge Marcus P. Norton, and Lawyer Keyes, all members of the syndicate of lawyers which is to defend Mr. Parnell, in his coming libel suit, declined him to be the victim of a foul conspiracy, and summoned their influence in vindicating and restoring him to Bowdoin square church.

A Messenger Boy Killed.

HALIFAX, Dec. 21.—John Hebber, a messenger employed by the American Electric Telegraph company, was knocked down and run over by a street car and instantly killed. The wheels of the car passed over the little fellow's head, crushing it in a horrible manner.

Death of a College Professor.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—John C. Draper, professor of natural history in the College of New York, died at his residence, No. 426 Lexington avenue, of pneumonia.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Eighteen thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars have been subscribed in New York for the Parnell fund to date.

It is rumored in Shanghai that the trouble in Corea has become serious. A Chinese squadron and a American and Japanese man-of-war have left Shanghai for Corea.

Hargrave & Hargrave, a prominent cotton firm of Liverpool, New York and Chicago, is reported to have suspended payment on Saturday, with liabilities of over $1,000,000.

The Cunard steamer Oregon has completed her passage across the sea Sunday in six days sixteen hours and forty-three minutes, which is very fast for this time of the year. She brought over a small number of passengers, among whom was Robert Hosmer.

Mayor Chamberlain has, at the suggestion of the board of councilmen of Detroit, who were appointed a committee to invite the mayor to go to New York, are in the Empire state. They will return home on Wednesday.

Oberon Hostick & Co.'s four-story and basement brick, tallow and wool warehouse on Forest street, corner of Lincoln avenue and Lincoln avenue, Chicago, was burned. There was a stock of tallow, wool, sheep, coal and four cows in the place to the value of $100,000.

DESPERATE FIGHT WITH A BURGLAR.

After Nearly Killing Mr. Pfiffner He Makes His Escape.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—A fearful encounter with a burglar took place just before daylight at the residence of Albert J. C. Pfiffner, a book binder, living at No. 821 South Seventh street. Pfiffner was aroused by the noise of a burglar in his dressing room pulled open, and to his surprise he saw a stout fellow rummaging through the drawer, as though looking for money. Without making a noise himself, by giving the burglar warning, Pfiffner leaped out of bed. In another moment the two had grappled, and were tumbling about on the floor. The burglar had his face bloody, but he was a white man and possessed of great strength. He soon got Pfiffner down, and then seizing him by the neck with his left hand began striking at him with a knife, drawing a knife commenced plunging it into his opponent. Mrs. Pfiffner, who awoke at first by the noise, but seeing that her husband's life was in danger, she leaped out of bed, seized a poker, and struck the burglar a heavy blow on the head as the latter was about to plunge the knife into Pfiffner's breast. The blow stunned the burglar, and he fell to the floor. The burglar tried to get it back, and, seizing the weapon by the open blade, cut his hand nearly off. While Pfiffner held to the weapon, Mrs. Pfiffner ran to the stairs and called to him, the burglar jumped out of the window and escaped. Pfiffner received cuts on the left hand, arm and shoulder, and in the struggle was cut elsewhere. The physician attending him pronounces his wounds dangerously serious.

NEW VOLCANO IN THE PACIFIC.

An Island Three Miles Long and Sixty Feet High Thrown Up.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—A new volcano, one of the largest and most interesting in the world, has recently been discovered in the Pacific ocean, near the island of Honga Tonga. Mr. H. Shipley, the consul at Auckland, New Zealand, reports the steamer Destruction the following account of it:

A large island has suddenly risen in the Pacific ocean. On daylight of Oct. 13 was observed dense volcanic smoke, which continued all morning. We sailed sufficiently near to see that it was a submarine volcano erupting, but considering it not prudent to approach any nearer than eight or nine miles. We then approached to about the distance of two miles. I have not words to express my wonder and surprise at the changing appearance of the eruption taking place every one or two minutes, changing its appearance every second, like a dissolving panorama, and at times like a huge globe of white steam. The sight was one of the most awefully grand sights I ever witnessed on the high seas. As near as able to calculate the position of the volcano, it is about fourteen miles from the northern coast of Tonga, in the site of the island of Honga Tonga. I am unable to state correctly, owing to the thick steam and clouds hanging over it, but I judge it is about three miles in length and sixty feet high, latitude 20 degrees 21 minutes, longitude 23 degrees 26 minutes."

Archbishop Purcell's Assignee.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.—It was discovered that John E. Murdock, late assignee of Archbishop Purcell, had withheld from his report the following statement of his:

I have also had withheld for action in the Probate court for daylight of Oct. 13 the

FARM AND GARDEN

United States Cattle Quarantine.

By law all foreign cattle coming into the United States from everyplace, except North and South America, must be quarantined ninety days before being forwarded to their destination. This is to avoid the spreading of contagious diseases. There are four quarantine stations along the Atlantic coast—one near portland, Me., one near Boston, another at Baltimore, and the other at Garfield, N. J., for the port of New York. The illustrations here given are taken from this station.

Cattle brought to the United States are imported for breeding purposes. The grounds at Garfield where they are detained in quarantine are on the Erie railway, fifteen miles east of New York and upon the banks of the Passaic river. They are located on a pleasant old farm of forty acres. The cattle sheds are built on both sides of a stream of water.

The quarantine station is now in charge of the department of agriculture. It was turned over to this management about a year ago by the treasury department. Th sheds at Garfield accommodate 650 head of cattle.

MAP OF CATTLE QUARANTINE GROUNDS.

There are several late compartments for the different herds. They hold ten to sixty head each. Every lot of animals is kept by itself. They are separated so rigidly that there is no danger of contamination from one to another. Here the $3,000 Jersey, the $2,000 Holestein, the large Shorthorn, the fine Ayrshire, the Hereford and Aberdeen-Angus must wait their allotted time. A veterinary surgeon, at present Dr. A. M. Farrington, is in charge. The surgeon and his assistants are provided by the United States government. The keep and care of the animal are at the expense of the owner. A breeder on must go with each lot.

Some interesting facts are furnished from the quarantine records. Just now more Dutch cattle, Holsteins, Dutch-Friesians, Holstein-Friesians and East Friesians are imported than any others. The Dutch cattle are popular for dairies, because they give such large quantities of milk.

INTERIOR OF CATTLE SHED.

Next in number come the Jerseys. The lowest number is from Normandy, France. More than half of 1 per cent. die in crossing the ocean, and 1 per cent are kept down on the voyage. The death rate in quarantine is very small, considering the process of acclimation in our extremes of weather which the cows must undergo. Cow manure still sells the manure from the stables, and it amounts to over $1,000 a year. The yards are sometimes crowded to their utmost capacity with cattle. Visitors are allowed to take a look at the stock on a written permit from the veterinary surgeon. They are conducted in regular carriages from the stalls of cattle that have been longest in quarantine to those that have just arrived. This is to avoid taking contagion from one herd to another.

When you go to New York on a flying vacation it will be worth your while to run down to Garfield and take a look at the choice imported blooded stock there. You will learn something.

A Call for the Pool Killer Again.

The papers are making merry over a rich Pennsylvania farmer who was swindled out of $7,000 at Monte Carlo by two pretended Texans in a skin game. Served him right for not reading the papers. This winter is especially prolific in skin games. One dodge is for a man looking thief to go among the farmers and ask for a dinner or a night's lodging. He infests on paying for his accommodation often, against the hospitable farmer's wishes. Then the fellow says he is agent for some benevolent association, or something of that kind, and is traveling at his expense. He must give money for all he receives to be paid out. Therefore will the farmer kindly sign a receipt for the 50 cents or $1 paid to him! The farmer kindly obliges. Behind the receipt or between the leaves is a promise to pay certain parties $100 or $500. The note has been discounted at the bank. The stamp has evidently been affixed to let a Canada thistle grow in Indiana.

Animals that die of disease should be immediately and completely burned.

Chicago and St. Louis are said to be the plague centers of pleuro-pneumonia.

Cabbages, roots, etc., are well packed for winter in boxes and barrels of damp sawdust.

Mrs. Mary Macumber, of Jonesville, Mich., raised a chrysanthemum that had 400 blossoms.

The annual yield of honey in the United States is estimated at 120,000,000 pounds, from 2,000,000 colonies of bees.

If you have not an ice house, build this fall. Some one will have the chance given to this colonist some time ago. Then pass it on.

Every country neighborhood should have its weekly literary and debating society in the winter. Most of all but babies should attend and take part.

An Englishman has invented an atmospheric railway milk cart. It is fitted to the brim of a pan of water, and is thus supposed to keep the milk cool. It can be used upon the pavements in England, where the breathing of a horse would not last long in America.

Pay a hundred times its value, and it will be worthless. This is the very newest abominable dodge. If any fellow wants to leave a patent churn or a roller coaster or a creeping machine, etc., on your farm free of cost, horse whip him within an inch of his life. The game is to get you to sign a contract of some sort which will undergo a transformation after he leaves your house and be something very different from what you suppose.

Finally, read the papers.

Farm Boys.

(Sir Morley Punch.)

Many a bright boy turned on a farm, is beginning to think about going to the city, and, generally speaking, his mother encourages him. She can't bear to have her son toiling in the field, when she is sure he would grace a profession. So she manages to crowd him through a college, and he commences his legal studies in a lawyer's office. Years pass before he can be admitted to the bar; and how long must he contend against fearful rivalry and difficulties before he finds himself favored with a tolerable practice! But allow he at length becomes established, a rising young man, preparatory to becoming a Hon. thete: then the incessant rounds of visits to the chambers of the sick and dying; the calls, the reading even upon reposes and sleeping repose, render the life of the physician less comfortable than the lawyer's.

There must be lawyers and doctors, I admit, but are there as many as are already? And is it not ill-judged in parents to encourage their sons to enter upon professions, to whom nature, perhaps, has denied the aptitude and talent that gives success, and the one in a line where competition is so formidable. But, unfortunately, the calling of the lawyer and the doctor is held to be genteel, and that of the farmer vulgar; and this it is to be feared, determines the choice of hundreds. How irrational, how ill-advised, let the disappointed and broken-down professionals themselves declare!

In mercantile pursuits one draws a prize while forty toil on unremunerated or become bankrupts. Why not, ambitious lady mother, give your boy a thorough good education, and make him a scientific, practical farmer! How much healthier, happier—aye, and more wealth in the end—will he be than those who toil in the poisoned atmosphere of counting rooms, courts or hospitals! Give the boy a good education, sending him to an agricultural college if you will, but don't send him with a love of rural life, with habits conservative of health and morals and promotive of virtue, economy and industry.

Albuminoids and Carb-Hydrates for Cattle.

(American Dairyman.)

The principle of mixing foods is a matter that most farmers know very little about. The general principle running all through the art of feeding is that there are two objects to be obtained—one to make bone and muscle and the other to make fat. The former are called carb-hydrates and the latter albuminoids. Then we have classed as carb-hydrate hay, straw, corn stalks, roots and cabbages, while the albuminoids are bran, oil meal and ground feed generally for making fat and forming the milk. A cow, for instance, then should be mixed in the ratio of 12½ pounds of the former to 2½ pounds of the latter. Hiram Smith, an excellent authority, says: "All animals of about 1,000 pounds in weight should have daily twenty-four pounds of dry organic food substance, which means thirty pounds in ordinary condition." From this formula the farmer can classify the stock feed he has on hand, and make up his ration in the proportions generally set out above. This is generally done correctly from long experience, but it is well to know something of the reason of things which may account for some errors that experience has not been able to explain.

Mixed Grains for Feed.

[Delaware Dairyman.]

Mr Henry E. Briggs, of Franklin, has had good luck with barley this year. From one acre he harvested thirty-six bushels, and the straw makes excellent fodder. He has also tried the experiment this year of raising mixed grain for feed, sowing three acres of oats, wheat and barley mixed in the proportion of four parts of oats to one of wheat and one of barley, and at the rate of two and one-half bushels of mixed grain to the acre, he harvested ninety-two bushels of the mixed grain which weighed forty-two pounds to the bushel. This makes a much richer feed for horses, than oats alone. Mr. Briggs will follow up this practice.

Straw.

Good bright straw may be used as a substitute for hay and corn-fodder when it is more plenty or cheaper than the latter. It needs a little extra grain to go with it, as it does not contain as much nutriment as the hay. It is better adapted to fattening stock than to milk cows or working horses. Colts and young horses thrive on it. The western jockey asserted that he had raised good colts on "nothing but oat straw, and that never was half thrashed at that." No doubt he did.

Potato Rot.

An exchange advises farmers who have been in the habit of drawing potato vines to their barnyards to be plowed under, believing that they had better omit the practice this year, especially in places where the potato rot has been prevalent. The rot is undoubtedly caused by a fungus growth which originates in the leaf, and carrying this to the manure heap is the most certain mode of spreading it over the farm.

Things to Do and to Know.

Hand-picked beans sell best.

Pullets for layers, hens for breeders.

Feed pumpkins to the cows gradually and they will not hurt the milk.

It is a feasible offense to let a Canada thistle grow in Indiana.

Animals that die of disease should be immediately and completely burned.

Chicago and St. Louis are said to be the plague centers of pleuro-pneumonia.

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BOYS AND GIRLS

THE CHRISTMAS STOCKING.

[By H. C. Bodger.]

"Dear Santa Claus," wrote little Will, in letters truly shocking, "I've been a good boy, so please fill a bargain box for me. I want a watch, a drum to make a racket and drive, my mamma crazy.

I want a dandy I can shake or pull apart to say I want a powder gun to shoot right at my father and I say who trumped. I can toot just for fun. I want a sword, I want a double big fiddle, to scare in her ears when baby. I want a top that can race around the parlor, and a knife. I want a little hatchet, too, so I can chop some chopping upon our ground floor, and I want a mamma goose a-squeaking. I want a little sister, but I want to smash it into pieces for the great big mirror in the hall, and a pair of slippers for daddy that'll make me sore as an old rabbit's tail when I'm sad and go to kingdom glory."

A Poet's Birthday.

Our boys and girls will see in their column this week the portrait of the very good and famous man, John Greenleaf Whittier. He was born Dec. 19, 1807, so that this month he is 78 years old. He is called the Quaker poet, because he belongs to the Society of Friends. His father and mother were Friends, too.

He wears the plain dress and uses the quaint "thee" and "thou" speech of his Quaker ancestors.

When a boy Whittier worked on a farm. Then he learned the shoemaker's trade. The man who makes the finest, strongest verses of any American poet made shoes in his boyhood. No doubt they were good shoes, too, for geniuses do their best at everything.

But a little bird began to sing in the boy's soul. It sang more and more loudly till at last young Whittier dropped last and awl, and began to write verses. From his Quaker mother and father he inherited a passionate love of liberty. It was in the days of slavery and he began to work in his way for "the abolition of human chains." He wrote lyrics of freedom that will live forever. During the war one of his strongest Union poems was "Barbara Frietchie," which so many of you know by heart. In the last fifty years he has written many poems. They are full of strength and fire and music. The names of some of his best poems are "Songs of Freedom," "Home Ballads," "Snow Bound," "Maud Muller," and "Ballads of New England." There are many others.

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Mr. Whittier is a fine example for all boys and girls to imitate. He has proved that people can rise from the poorest station to be honored and famous. He is not a rich man, but he is something far better. His poems have given peace to the troubled and hope to the despairing. They have been recited and sung around the world. Boys and girls commit them to memory, and. It does them good all their lives. This is better, far better, than to be rich. In every part of all over American Whittier's birthday is celebrated every year by bright-eyed children. In some schools the pupils have had real letters from the grand old poet, which are treasured and shown to visitors year after year.

Mr. Whittier, old as he is, still writes and gives the world from time to time beautiful poems.

He lives very quietly at Amesbury, Mass. He is a modest man and shy of meeting strangers.

The poet is a bachelor. Many of you have, no doubt, read his poem, "In School Days." It is about a little girl that spelled a word that a boy missed, and went above him in the class. The boy and girl were particular friends, and the girl was sorry that she had gone above him. In the poem, she creeps softly up to him after school and says:

"I'm sorry that I spelled the word,
I hate to go above you,
Because—the brown eyes lower fell—
Because, you see, I love you."

They say this little girl was a real one, and that the boy was Whittier himself. They were dear friends and child playmates. But the sweet little girl died, and the poet has remembered her and mourned for her all his life. He says:

"Still memory to a gray-haired man
That sweet child-face is showing,
Dear girl! The grasses on her grave
Have forty years been growing.

"He lives to learn, in life's hard school,
How few who pass above him
Lament their triumph and his loss
Like her—because they love him!"

Santa Claus.

[St. Nicholas.]

"Here's a state of things! How in the world can I ever going to get down there?"

But if Santa Claus cannot go down there, how will he ever get in through a stovepipe, which is all many city children have?

Elliotts, Elliotts!

18 East Front Street.

Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, (dressed and undressed, all sizes) Parlor Sets, Hobby Horses, Stoves, Dishes, Albums, Vases, and everything in the line at very low prices.

On our 5 and 10 cent counter will be found some very handsome and useful articles worth double the money.

Also our regular line of Dry Goods, Ladies' and Children's Newmarkets, Cloaks,

ULSTERS,

Havelocks, Jerseys, $1.75 up. Ladies and Children's Ready Made Suits in all styles. Hats, Caps, Gentlemen's Wear, Tinsel Plumes, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery Underwear, Blankets, Hardware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below cost. Give us a call

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet for plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, 9c each.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompons or tips, latest style price 20 cents.

Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with waist lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.98; also dress patterns of grey poplin all complete for $4.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTTS BAZAAR,
18 East Front Street Plainfield.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossing at Lowest Prices. First-Class Work Guaranteed.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD,

12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood cut to order a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 29 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1337.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the occasion

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

Holiday GOODS

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GREAT VARIETY

FOR

Ladies', Gents. and Children,

AT

POPE BROS.

Wm. A. Woodruff

Represents the following first-class insurance companies.

Fire Associations of Philadelphia, LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE of England, WESTCHESTER, of New York, Norwich Union of England, North British and Mercantile of England, Phoenix, Hartford, of England, The Queen, of England, The Manchester, of Newark, The Washington Life, of New York, and other equally good companies, on process insurance at BEST RATES, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has bargains in

Real Estate.

OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence 41 East Second street.

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

Night Soil Removed. Composts Cleaned 25 per cent Cheaper than by any other Process.

By the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.

The only one of the kind in the city and it can be seen at work in our yard any time. Orders left at my residence, 23 Somerset st., or addressed to P. O. Box 1,000, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention. Telephone Call, No. 47.

JOHN BROWN

VERY Suitable FOR CHRISTMAS Presents

a fine line of

SEALS

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets. Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer in

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice Quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 39.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thorn,)

OFFER

Special Bargains

IN

ICE SKATES!

Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

WINDOW SHADES

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

231 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

and

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, warerooms and residence No. 14 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 22.

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Dunning and Boyden Self-Feeding Boiler.

Send for illustrated pamphlet.

Residence, Dunellen Hotel. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE, 60 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work

The Bee Hive,

(3 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS,

WORK BASKETS,

TOILET SETS,

Smokers' Sets

Brass and Plush Ornaments,

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

LEATHER GOODS,

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books, Letter Cases, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases, Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

FOR HOLIDAY GOODS GO TO

MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,

23 1-2 W. Front St.

REMOVAL.

S. J. NEAL,

THE CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

38 WEST FRONT ST.

in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet sewing and sewing of silk curtains, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

The Largest Stock OF HOLIDAY Presents

Ever in Plainfield at

COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

Established 16 years.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS

AT SWAIN'S

32 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

CAREY'S

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

JUST OPENED!

Retail Department

At 8 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear

FOR Ladies, Misses and Children.
FOR Men, Boys' and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now in Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past 15 years and has constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock for stock and to retail orders by hand or machine made. He also will make a specialty of repairing done in a neat and prompt manner. The finest lady's dress kid boot can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK.

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM-COOKER unequaled for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 5-20-3m

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.

All wool undicated red Underwear at $1. each

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S

Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS.

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

36 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps and Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

FRANK DAY,

(Successor to R. & J. Coleman.)

LIVERY STABLE

North Avenue

Opposite Depot. Plainfield, N. J.

Carriages to Meet all Trains.

Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 174. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1885 Price Two Cents

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Notice is hereby given to the creditors of James S. Mellhenny of the City of Plainfield, Union County, that all claims against his estate must be submitted to the undersigned, for adjustment, at his office, corner of Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, New Jersey, under oath or affirmation on or before the eleventh day of January next, which time is limited by the court for their purpose; and he requests them to come in for a dividend of the assets. And all creditors are further notified that a list of the claims against the said James S. Mellhenny will be filed with the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Union at the expiration of the time when assignments may be filed by any person interested.

WILLIAM R. CODINGTON, Assignee.

Dated December 16th, 1885.

Special Notices.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS.

For private sale at the Prospect Hill Nursery, Plainfield, 1 and 2 year old Concords, Delaware and Pearl Vines. Niagaras and other grape vines, cut flowers, Hyacinths, Tulips, etc., for sale at Dunlap's Nursery.

HEALTH, GRACE AND DEVELOPMENT. Dancing School for Boys and Girls, Fourth and Front Street, Dramatic School for Young Ladies, Fourth Street, Plainfield. New courses of instruction in all the fashionable dances every Saturday afternoon, Dec. 19, 1885. Children at 2 p. m.; for ladies and gentlemen at 3 p. m. Terms for a course of ten lessons, Ladies and Children, $2.50. Gentlemen, $3. Reference: Rev. J. T. Duryea, the Governor, Union Square, New York; D. C. Hall, Esq., Plainfield, N. J.; Mrs. C. Mellhenny, 21 Dudley street, Plainfield, N. J.; Dr. Dodge, 30 Union Square, Mrs. Judge Hilton, 1 West 34th street, New York; Mrs. Judge Noah Davis, 58 West 57th street, New York; Mrs. Col. Fiske, Astor and Lenox, of the Troy Times. 12-16-3t

DERBONS Dancing
to-day at the Presidential Mansion of U. S. Grant Esq., Washington, D. C. Special subscriptions at W. Emley's Book Store, where tickets can be secured. 12-17-3t

NOTICE.
All dog tags, Jersey Bred, having left my yard between the 1st and 15th of December, 1885, will be found by the Police in Plainfield after the 15th of December, 1885, and will be killed. Any person finding dog tags will please return to the owner. Dated Plainfield, N. J., December 10th, 1885. G. S. Bird 12-15-1w

HOLIDAY GOODS
At No. 8 E. Front.
TWO NEW HOUSES
For sale or to let. One on Tenth street, near Park avenue, with all modern improvements, and one on Fifth street near Liberty street. Inquire of Charles H. Ludlow, Real Estate Broker, Plainfield, or at J. T. Vail's, real estate office. 12-8-tf

C. H. LUDLOW
Will open on Fourth street, Carriage Trimming Carriage of all kinds repaired and refinished in the latest style. Also Horse Clipping. Shop in the rear of Railroad, in which factory he was for ten years, the last two of which he was foreman. On and after Jan. 1st, 1886, painting will be added in all its branches. Estimates given. Fine work a specialty. Box 1476. 12-5-3m

NEW YORK PRICES
At H. S. Barney's.

WANTED
A middle aged lady to take charge of and keep house for a family of two grown people. Must be a good cook, housekeeper, etc. Wages no object to proper person, but if better to be satisfied with small wages and comfortable home. Only those of good references, address, stating age, occupation, etc., Plainfield, Box G. 12-8-tf

CALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Chinese Laundry just opened at the corner of Front street and Somerset street. The cheapest place in the city for good washing. Cards, 1 cents per pair, Collars, 1 cents.
Yfer Lov.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST,
Cut flowers, arrangements for every evening, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are my own, on the premises. 12-3-3m

TERRALINE WARE
At H. S. Barney's.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for wedding, parties and funerals. Work done in the most artistic and latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite depot. 12

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Cellarways, Fences, Window Guards, Settees, Lawn Mowers, Horse Clippers, Grass Hooks, Greetings for Mantle Bells, Awning Frames, Wire Screens, Sand Sifters, Wire Rods, etc. Jobbing promptly attended to. 29 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 9-17-3m

MUSIC.
M. J. P. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Concerts, Soirees, Balls, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 5 Fourth avenue, New York City. 11-6m

Professional Cards.

DR. WILLIAM H. MURRAY,
Park House, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 6 to 8 p. m. 12-6

DR. [illegible]
corner Somerset street and Craig Place. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 12-17-3m

DR. ANDREW MANNING,
77 Park avenue, corner of 4th street. Office hours from 9 to 10 o'clock A. M. and from one to three and after six p. m. 12-11-3m

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Real Estate, Box 407 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11-28-y

F. A. DUNHAM,
Jr., Civil Engineer, Counsel's Building, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Residence and office, corner Somerset street and Craig Place. Anything in the line of surveying in Plainfield, and he is prepared to do anything in his line with accuracy and dispatch. 9-29-y

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal cases, conventions, speeches, lectures, etc., a specialty. Satisfaction given. Moderate terms. Typewriting done by the Remington. Agent for the Caligraph typewriter. Office, corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired. Office, 5 Park avenue.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
Dentist, Office, corner Front. Office hours 9 to 12 m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 8-3-y

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,
Physician and Homœopathic Chemist, corner Second and Watchung avenue. Office hours will be as follows: 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 6 to 7 p. m. Residence, 6 Second avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors of Deeds, Conveyancers, Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, and Conveyancer, Money to Loan, Real Estate, Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block, Rooms 1 and 2, Plainfield, N. J.
W. M. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON DENTIST,
Is now located in the Park House, Plainfield, corner Park avenue and Second street. Office hours from 9 to 12 m. and 2 to 4 p. m. 12-11-6m

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano and Organ, Pupils either at her home or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Box 1476, Plainfield, N. J. 12-6-1m

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Pencil Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. Terms and call at Studio, Room 4, Rose Block, corner Somerset and Front streets.
M. E. Mosely. 12-5-6m

T. HASELL,
Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Night training a specialty. Studio and residence, 22 West Front street, North Plainfield. 12-12-7

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Teacher and teacher of instrumental music. Terms reasonable. Residence, 66 West Second street, Plainfield. 12-12-7t

MISS M. A. BARIGHT
Teacher of Drawing and Painting, Private or class instruction. For terms address for sale.

EDUCATION
In Elocution, class or private lessons. Address Prof. Curran, Amateur Music Albums, P. O. Box 1599.

Cent-a-word Corner.

FOR SALE—Jersey Cows, fresh, Heifers and Calves three months old. Cows from fresh, Heifers and Calves three months old. A. E. Bailey, Fanwood. 12-17-3t

WANTED—Fortunes in your spare or all time by lending, real audiences, full particulars. Home, Cox Exchange, Boston.

WE RECOMMENDED single men, used to horses, seven situations. L., Care Evening News. 12-16-3t

MRS. H. E. BLAINE will do dressmaking at her home, 34 Duer street. 12-9

WANTED—An unfurnished house near depot, with one or more years' lease; must state price; northside preferred. Address, P. O. Box 1211.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on North street near Second avenue. Inquire of Richard Ford, Fourth street, opposite. Heated throughout by steam. Contains 14 rooms. Apply to J. T. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 12-3-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John E. Everett residence, corner East Front street, Plainfield, is offered for sale at a great sacrifice. Apply to R. C. Mellhenny, Real Estate Broker, 21 and 23 Somerset street, Plainfield. 10-24-tf

TO LET—A handsomely furnished house at a very low rent. Centrally located. Address Furnished, Box 1476, Plainfield.

BOARD—Families desiring superior board for the winter, can obtain large, handsome rooms in a private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes to station. Address, R. O., Box 640. 12-9-tf

Post-office.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Close—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 8.00 p. m.
Arrive—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 8.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITON, ETC., MAILS
Close—7.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
Arrive—10.45 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Mail for Spicerville at 5 p. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m.

Money order office open from 8.30 a. m. to 5.30 p. m. Saturday closes at 8 p. m.

Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to deliver mail only.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail for delivery only.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at H. Sleicher's drug store, corner Park avenue and Cherry street.

1885.		1884.	
6 a. m.	35	6 a. m.	36
9 a. m.	37	9 a. m.	36
12 m.	44	12 m.	40
3 p. m.	44	3 p. m.	40

Weather Almanac,

1885	1884
Sunrise....7.19 a. m.	Sunrise....7.19 a. m.
Sun Sets....4.39 p. m.	Sun Sets....4.40 p. m.
Moon Rises 6.08 a. m.	Moon Sets.... p. m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow's promises to be generally fair, with slowly rising stationary, followed by higher temperature.

JOTTINGS.

—Bachman Bros. have a great variety in dolls, which they are selling below cost.

—Things are booming in the line of gents' kid gloves, scarfs, handkerchiefs and silk umbrellas at the Boe Hive.

—The streets of this city were crowded today with farmers and others from the country making purchases for the holidays.

—A midnight service will be held in Grace church on Thursday at 11.30 o'clock. All persons are cordially invited to be present.

—A miniature engine in the window of T. E. Morgan's book and stationery store attracts a large crowd to see it working, last evening.

—The Congregationalists will have their annual feast on Thursday evening, 24th inst. The regular Christmas entertainment will take place Sunday evening following.

—Officer Lynch rescued a little boy, apparently about five years of age, from being run over by a butcher wagon at the corner of Front street and Park avenue about ten o'clock this morning.

—An "Oyster Club" is what a number of young men of the Borough call it. Those bivalve consumers are the remnant of the defunct N. P. S. C., and call themselves "jolly good fellows."

—Rev. T. J. O'Hanlon, the pastor, will celebrate two High Masses in St. Joseph's Church, North Plainfield, Christmas morning at 6 and 10.30 o'clock. A sermon will be preached after each Mass.

—The police say if the parties who broke the windows in Miss A. E. Lincoln's conservatory on Park avenue, last night, they will be brought before the City Judge to answer to charges. They are all known.

—Martin Silver, the New Brunswick bigamist, whose wife refused to appear against him on his promise to go home and behave himself, has run away again with his second and illegal choice, and the detectives are after him.

—Certainly no prettier exhibition has appeared at the Casino this year than that given by the Gilfort Brothers last night. Their statuary imitations formed very pleasing pictures that are much better seen than described. They will be there to-night and to-morrow night only.

—Advices Saturday are to the effect that the Jersey Central Railroad Company will pay the coupons on the consolidated bonds which came due on October 1, on and after December 21. The amount will be paid from the consolidated earnings, which the Reading results at the rate of $10,000 a day.

—The annual meeting of the institute of the teachers of Middlesex county opened this morning in the Assembly Room, New Brunswick, at ten o'clock, and will continue until Thursday at noon. All the teachers of the county, numbering over 150, are expected to be present. The sessions, which are always very interesting, will be presided over by the County Superintendent, Rev. Ralph Willis.

—Mr. A. M. Palmer, sole manager of the Madison Square Theatre, will present Bronson Howard's charming society comedy—"Young Mrs. Winthrop"—at Music Hall Xmas night with a powerful cast of star actors. "Young Mrs. Winthrop" is a beautiful play, replete with human pictures, pathos and humor. Mr. Palmer informs us that the scenic effects and decorations will be presented here as carefully as when produced at the Madison Square Theatre. Sale of seats is now progressing.

Park Avenue Church Concert.

A select and appreciative audience gathered at the Park Avenue Baptist church last night, the occasion being the first grand concert of the Plainfield Conservatory of Music. Among the performers Miss Towle Dowling rendered a selection from Cranich, with a touch firm and clear and an execution *graceful and elegant*. Mr. Harry Thompson rendered "Un sur s amorous" with a pleasing effect, he possessing a fine tenor voice which promises to make him a success, especially in the upper register. Miss Jones, the soprano and Miss Jaffin, the contralto, captivated their audience with their respective selections, which were fully appreciated. Mr. Mason, the elocutionist, rendered a touching selection called "Toby's Monument." Miss Sarah B. Jones, the Directress, proved herself to be a true artiste in her recital of Haydn's Sonata in D. and Schubert's Concert Waltz, both of which were warmly applauded. She afterward gave a selection by Weber which was a miniature thunderstorm, imitating thunder rumbling and the bells ringing in such a way that one might imagine themselves surrounded by the genuine element. Her expression is full of sympathy and her touch unexceptional. This she obtained from her Alma Mater, the Grand Conservatory of New York, which teaches the Steinigert method.

The *many friends of the Conservatory* wish it success and recommend the instructors as thoroughly competent in their departments. Miss Jones has her rooms at 25 North avenue, where she invites our citizens to call and examine the methods taught. The concert was given that the people might judge for themselves of the quality of the instructors.

The following letter was read by Mr. H. R. Mason, during the evening, to the audience:

Grand Conservatory of Music of the City of New York, 46 West 23rd St., New York City, December 14, 1885.

Miss Sarah B. Jones, Directress Conservatory of Music, Plainfield, N. J.

RESPECTED MADAM:—

It is a source of great gratification that we hear of success in your enterprise and that the Plainfield Conservatory of Music is meeting with the proper appreciation of the people of your city. Such appreciation which your talents as an instructress fully deserve will do much to encourage you, and in providing the best instruction for those who come under your supervision and especially to convey to them a correct idea of right and proper ideas of the noble and ennobling influence of the art of music.

Your Alma Mater, the Grand Conservatory of Music, sends you greeting and her best wishes that your efforts may prosper, may your institution flourish and enjoy the confidence and co-operation of the best of your fellow-citizens.

Yours very respectfully,
R. EBERHARD, Mus. Doc., Pres.

Grand Army Bazaar.

The bazaar for the benefit of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R. commenced in Reform Hall last evening. The hall was artistically decorated. A fair attendance was present and a number of articles were disposed of. About seven o'clock the drum corps of the veteran post street, carrying a transparency announcing the bazaar, and upon arriving at the hall played several selections at various times during the evening. Two members of the Post were present in full uniform, for the purpose of standing distributed around the hall. In the center of the hall is the flower bower which is attended to by Miss Annie Moore and Miss Lottie Morse. At the south end of the room is the country store with Samuel Moore in attendance. In front of the stage all the gold and silver ware and other fancy articles are tastefully arranged. The little brass cannon is stationed on the stage. The following persons are assisting the veterans:

Novelette table—Miss Emma Corey and Miss Lillie Bird.

Confectionery stand—William Demarest and Mr. and Mrs. George Demarest.

Fancy table—Miss Ella Corey and Miss Snyder.

Refreshment stand—Mrs. David Pangborn, Miss Perry and Mrs. Robert Walker.

Ice cream and sodas — Mrs. Edward C. Morse and Mrs. William C. Smith.

Toy stand—Miss Delia Berthauer, Miss Julia Philpitt, Miss Lottie Terry, Miss Tillie Terry, Mrs. James Huntington and Mrs. W. R. Mather.

About 10.45 o'clock the Plainfield Cornet Band appeared and rendered some of their choice selections. The fair will continue this evening, when the contest for the gold rings and a number of other articles will be decided.

Hospital Sunday.

Next Sunday will be Hospital Sunday, and it is expected that the contributions of many of our churches will be devoted to assisting the Muhlenberg Hospital on that day. At this cheerful Christmastide our hearts ought to be much larger than usual, and that "touch of nature which makes the whole world kin" should have its meaning in the fullest sense. Let those who are blessed with a large portion of this world's goods give of their abundance in the way of money, provisions or otherwise, and thus help a worthy cause and reap a return of four-fold.

Re. Fire Auction.

The committee of arrangements of the fair for the benefit of Engine Company No. 2, had an auction in Cutter's Hall last evening and disposed of nearly all the articles which remained unsold at the close of the fair Saturday evening. While the hall was locked and the panels of swing doors were set up per some sneak thief entered and stole a number of articles, among them a small sled, a wall pocket, valued at $5, and several canes.

A Horse Race.

Yesterday afternoon Henry Goellar and Frank Hand, two Somerset st. business men, took their sturdy steeds and went out for a race for a small purse. The decision agreed upon was from the turn below the Park avenue Baptist Church to the Park avenue railroad bridge. The horses were finally started and amid much excitement Mr. Hand came in ahead, winning the purse. A number of sporting men were present and witnessed the race.

After Burglars.

A citizen passing along East Third street, at the corner of Church street, Sunday morning about one o'clock, discovered several men endeavoring to get into the store on the corner kept by C. McGinley. He overheard one of the men say in an undertone, "I wish I *theeze* it," and then disappear.

The citizen, thoroughly *scared*, hurried to Park avenue and told what he had seen and heard to officers Grant and McCue, who hurried to the scene to capture, if possible, the supposed burglars. When the police arrived the store was in light inside, and at once proceeded to shake up things generally, and Mr. McGinley in particular, whose feelings are best described in the communication hereunto annexed. The police found no one whom they could pounce on as burglars, and departed.

Saturday night there was a party in the neighborhood. After getting somewhat heated by dancing several young men about one o'clock Sunday morning, feeling thirsty started out in quest of something to drink. As McGinley's store was lighted and open for sale, to the young men went there and endeavored to arouse Mr. McGinley, who occupies apartments at the rear of the store.

While the young men were thus engaged the citizen referred to approached. One of the young men saw him, and was heard warning the others in a loud whisper as described. This was all there was of the "burglary," which caused such a sensation in the neighborhood, people awakened from slumber an d looking out of their windows to see what the trouble was.

The following is the communication referred to above:

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—As a citizen of this city I like to be protected and think that it would be well to have a police station and to patrol East Third street, but I do not like to be protected to such an extent that it runs into expense for me to have a policeman on Sunday morning at one o'clock, when Police Officer Grant and McCue came to my house and attempted to break into it by pounding with their clubs upon my door. I would say that if I am not mistaken, I the city cannot protect its inhabitants it should at least see that they are not annoyed by its officers. I do not like the impertinence of such a kind, and take this method of informing the officers that it will be at your own peril if they do not let me alone. If they are not by request I do not say, but if they have common sense they will not. C. MCGINLEY.

Railroad Accident.

Yesterday morning the train which leaves this city at 11.08 was a little late and running at a terrific rate of speed. When at Westfield both of the connecting rods on the driving wheels broke. The broken rods smashed the cylinder head and piston rod. Gravel and stones were thrown by the broken rods, and fell on the cars like hail. The engineer after going about a mile and a half finally got control of the engine and stopped the train. The cab was completely wrecked and the front end of the baggage car was stove in and the steps and glass broken by the flying stones. The men who were employed on the track ran across the fields to escape the flying stones. Another engine which had been telegraphed for arrived from Roselle and pulled the train to Jersey City, where it arrived two hours later. Drill engine No. 33, conveyed the disabled engine to the Elizabethport shops. The engine was 145, with Charles Houston of Somerville as engineer. The passengers speak of Mr. Houston in the highest terms and say that although very badly injured about the body and a terrible gash in his head, he stuck to his post until the train was stopped. Mr. Houston was then carried from his cab to the Westfield depot and sent to his home in Somerville on the train arriving in this city at 11.43. A number of passengers from this city were on the train, and are surprised that the engine did not leave the track.

New Jersey's Ownership.

(From the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record.)

If there were any other object to be obtained by the extension of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to New York than to convince the Pennsylvania Railroad Company that they do not own the whole country between Baltimore and New York, the work would be justified by that importance. When a corporation gigantic as the Pennsylvania, and as unscrupulous in its fight against competition, attempts to dictate what railroads shall or shall not have the privilege of entering Philadelphia or New York, it is full time that its managers be forced to see that there are other corporations and other people that have some rights, and which they propose to maintain. That the Pennsylvania Company will make a bitter fight against the Baltimore and Ohio, both in Congress and in the New Jersey Legislature, is freely admitted by its officers. The truth is, some of these officers talk as though New Jersey were merely a part of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. However liberal this company may be with its stockholders' money in attempting to defeat legislation favoring the extension of the Baltimore and Ohio to New York, it is quite sure that it will be money spent in vain.

Christmas Service.

There will be held a German Christmas *service in Warren Mission chapel*, Chatham corner, North Plainfield, on Thursday, Dec. 10.30 a. m. All Germans are very cordially invited.

F. KOECHLI, pastor.

—The Baltimore and Ohio and Jersey Central Railroad Companies are reported to be in negotiation and join in reference to an agreement for the latter company to carry the passenger business of the former from Bound Brook to New York. The agreement is only to last until the Staten Island facilities of the Baltimore and Ohio have been completed. It is understood that the Jersey Central will consent to include in the deal the passenger and freight business, and in this condition the negotiation stands.

—Neilson's Hotel at New Market presented a scene of gay festivity last night, the occasion being a variety wedding anniversary of Lloyd Neilson, the proprietor. Music, dancing, etc., was indulged in until midnight, New Market and vicinity were well represented.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

To the People of North Plainfield.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—I believe the citizens of North Plainfield promised to pay up their back Fire Taxes if Engine No. 3 was put in order. I understand from the Treasurer of the Fire Board, that the Taxes are still unpaid. Will you please call attention to the matter, that payment may be made by or before Dec 31, as legal steps must be taken for the protection of the interests of the Fire Department, to enforce the payment of taxes due and unpaid on and after that date. Prompt payment will save delinquents costs and interest.

F. KNOWLES.

An Appeal.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—Knowing that you are very much interested about everything in public, permit me to give you some information about the movement of the German Church in this place.

Since my arrival here we planned the building of a new church, but there were so many "buts and whens." At last we were able to sell the old property, corner of Fifth and Washington avenue, for a respectable price and bought a 140x175 on Craig Place, North Plainfield, and intend now to build thereon a neat church, about the shape of the new Episcopalian Church in Krous, only a little larger and with a basement.

We paid the old 14 dollars, paid for the new lot and have $600 as a foundation fund in hand. We are sure the Germans of Plainfield will do honor to themselves and in every way contribute to the rearing of an edifice suitable as place wherein to worship, as I besides, we are not ashamed if we think our American Christian brethren will be willing to support us in this Christian work, as we need it very much and will be thankful for any donations to that end. If you will be kin enough to notice the above in your paper, we will be very thankful to you. I intend to start with a list after New Year.

Very respectfully yours,
F. KOECHLI, Pastor.

Agricultural Meeting.

The Middlesex County Agricultural Society met Monday morning in the Quarter Session Court room, New Brunswick. There was a small attendance but the meeting was very interesting. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. A paper on potatoes was read by J. M. White, Secretary, and was discussed at some length by the members present.

J. Augustus Hardman of Bound Brook explained the merits of the artificial hatching of poultry. He illustrated his remarks by explaining the workings of an incubator of his own manufacture which he had present.

Dr. A. D. Newell exhibited some crops of Irish game, Wyandotte, Plymouth Rock and white game Bantam chickens.

The Society adjourned to meet on Monday, Jan. 4, at one p. m., when an exhibition of fowls will be given and Garret Conlyon will read a paper upon "*Raising wheat for profit*," and Capt. Samuel Black and Martin D. Nevius will read papers upon "Raising corn for profit."

The society is one for mutual improvement and aids the farmers throughout the county in furnishing the public with better crops than are obtained by personal information.

—The W. C. T. U. met in convention in Somerville Friday, Mrs. Ellis of Flemington, Mrs. Downs of Trenton, Mrs. Tunis of Raritan, and others of the State organization being present. The ladies held devotional services in the morning, meet in the Reform Club rooms, and in the afternoon held a business meeting and perfected a county organization.

STATE NOTES.

Rev. Charles D. Parker of Dorstown, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist Church at Flemington.

Mrs. Bonsi an aged widow who lived alone on Fifth street below Division, Camden, fell dead at her home on Friday.

Israel P. Deacon, a Burlington farmer, had his wrist crushed on Friday by being bitten by a hog he was in the act of killing.

Capt. James S. Robinson, who retired from the firm of the Atlantic City police force two weeks ago, died lately of consumption.

The New Jersey Enamel Paint Company of Raritan, Somerset county, has just shipped one thousand barrels of paint to Florida.

The Knights of Labor of Gloucester City have threatened to boycott all storekeepers who have dealings with non-union employes of the gingham mills.

The body of George Meron was found in the canal at Little Falls, Passaic county, on Tuesday. He had probably fallen off the bridge while intoxicated.

Mayor Garrett of Atlantic City, has directed the police to stop the loud calling of the newsboys on Sundays, particularly in the vicinity of the churches.

Aaron Strickland, an old man, was fatally injured at Port Republic on Monday night by the burning of his dwelling. His wife and daughter escaped in their night clothes.

Mrs. Reardon, a Paterson belle, whose husband is out of work, has created a local sensation by engaging in New York as a model to show off shawls, wraps, etc. She has a very fine figure.

Elijah Costello tried to kill his father at Mullica Hill on Thursday. The son made his father, at the muzzle of a gun, turn over all the money he had, amounting to $120, then robbed the house and fled.

Three of the five children of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hamley of Marlton, Hudson county, died of diphtheria between Wednesday morning and Thursday evening of last week. The other two are seriously ill of the same disease, and their recovery is doubtful.

Mayor Beckwith of Paterson has startled the old school doctors by appointing Dr. T. Y. Kinsey, homœopath, to membership in the Board of Health. Some curiosity is manifested to see whether the allopathic physicians on the Board will associate with their new colleague.

Wm. H. Garvin of Camden is mourning the loss of his wife, Annie, who, he says, eloped with a boy resident of that town. Before leaving she stripped the house of everything worth carrying away, including a large quantity and amount of money belonging to her husband.

FIRST GRAND
Prize Bazaar
OF

Woman's Relief Auxiliary to the G. A. R.
AT
REFORM HALL,
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
EVENINGS,
Dec. 21,22,23

Single admission 10 cents. Season Tickets 25 cents, including ticket to one chance in grand drawing. Drum Corps Badges and Children's Rings will be awarded contestants Tuesday evening at nine o'clock. Bazaar to be in basket of Detail at 8 p. m. of same evening.

Xmas NIGHT
AT MUSIC HALL,
The Strongest Cast ever that out of New York by the
MADISON SQUARE COMPANY,
will appear in
Young Mrs. Winthrop.
Agnes Booth, Maud Harrison, Annie Russell, Frederick Robinson.
To Star in the Great Cast.
Seats now on Sale.

Casino
TO-NIGHT
AND
Wednesday Evening,
DEC. 21, 22, 23,
Gilfort Bros.
The Classical Wonder,
Incomparable Gymnastic Acts.
Extraordinary Equilibristic Feats and almost incredible aerial achievements.
Gladiatorial Exercises.
They remind one of the pictures by the ancient masters of the Roman Games in the days of the Mighty Cæsars.
Ave Cæsar te Morituri Salutant.

REMOVAL.
S. J. NEAL,
THE
CARPET WEAVER,
has removed to
38 WEST FRONT ST.,
in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtain mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding
GIFTS
AT SWAIN'S
23 West Front Street.
The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

BUY YOUR
Christmas Candy
OF
B. T. Barnes'
FRONT STREET,
opposite Post Office.
Manufactured on the premises.

Extraordinary
Inducements!
A great offering of DRY GOODS at closing out prices at
Bachman Bros.
We cordially ask the public to give us a visit and prove that our prices are positively the lowest of all competitors. We have exceptional bargains in all our departments.
TOYS, TOYS!
Holiday Goods!
We have an exceptional large stock of Toys and Holiday Goods on hand, such as dolls, games of all kinds, china dishes, tool chests, tin and wooden ware, etc., which we are selling at half their usual price.
We are selling out our Ladies' Muffs at 98c former price $1.50.
Dr. Warner's Corset at 90c, former price $1.25.
Dr. Warner's Coraline Corset at 60c former price $1.
Gents' Best Linen Cuffs, reduced from 25 to 20c a pair.
Gents' Linen Collars reduced from 15 to 11 cents each.
Ladies plain full regular made hose at 25 cents a pair, former price 40 cents.
Toys and Holiday Goods in endless variety.
BACHMAN BROS.,
27 West Front Street.

The Prince Royal.
$3.50
Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery mill. Either broad or narrow toe. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.
SHERWIN, Sole Agent,
23 W. Front.

BIG
BARGAINS
In Attractive
Holiday Goods
Is now in order at
EDSALL'S.

To the Public!
We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of
LEHIGH COAL
Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.
H. D. Cook & Bro.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. ROBERSON, PUBLISHER,

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, Foot of Liberty Street.
Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.06, 7.54, 8.02, 8.35, 8.50, 9.02, 10.37, 11.05 a. m., 12.53, 1.23, 2.40, 3.13, 3.43, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.37, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m. Sunday at 5.27, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Leave New York, Foot of Liberty Street at 4.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 8.45, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.06, 7.54, 8.02, 8.35, 8.50, 9.02, 10.37, 11.05 a. m., 12.53, 1.23, 2.40, 3.13, 3.43, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.37, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m. Sunday at 5.27, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m.

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Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

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Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.06, 7.54, 8.02, 8.35, 8.50, 9.02, 10.37, 11.05 a. m., 12.53, 1.23, 2.40, 3.13, 3.43, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.37, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m. Sunday at 5.27, 6.47, 10.53, 11.57 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield 10 A.10, 7.14, 7.56, 9.27, 11.45, 11.59 a. m., 2.06, 3.54, 5.43, 6.45, 8.15, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m., 2.06, 11.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.07, 6.35, 7.05, 7.31, 8.33, 9.15, 9.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.55, 3.00, 4.35, 5.35, 6.05, 8.15, 9.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 11.35 a. m., 5.05, 8.15 p. m.

Plainfield and Elmira.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.28, 9.27 a. m., 12.15, 1.54, 3.54, 5.43, 6.25, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m., 6.45 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.37 a. m., 12.40, 4.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

8.35 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton Coal Mines, Hazleton, etc.

9.27 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Netcong, Dover, Hackettstown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Scranton, etc.

2.15 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

5.43 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Shamokin, Scranton, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Netcong, Dover, Hackettstown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin

JUSTICE AT LAST.

A CHICAGO PAWNBROKER SENT TO PRISON FOR EIGHT YEARS.

Convicted on the Evidence of a Burglar Whom He Tried to Poisonwith. Posed as a Moral Reformer.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 22.—Andrew Andrews, known to the crooks for years as "The Original," was sentenced to the penitentiary for eight years. Nearly all the pawnbrokers of the city visited the criminal, and protested that the punishment of Mabie chief was an outrage. Andrews broke down and sobbed like a child as the was being led to jail. All that money could do was done in his behalf, and a last effort will be made in an appeal to the supreme court. Andrews is the "Fortune of Chicago given-for-nothing." The police have failed for years in their vigilant endeavors to get him behind the bars, while he, pursuing his Mandelmann methods, amassed a big fortune. From his fellowing kind they took to cultivating his friendship, and for two years he has given many a customer into the clutches of the detectives to pursue his vocation as a moral reformer. One day last week James Murray, an ex-convict, who had been liberated only a week, was arrested for complicity in the robbery of a jewelry store. Sought at the station, Murray fatted on his proper. He confessed his guilt, and informed the police how Andrews had suggested the crime. The day he appeared before the police prisoner, Murray said, Andrews and his lead ridiculing his ragged appearance, offered him to make a loan somewhere. Murray showed the roll up to the store, and added, "You bring the plunder to me, and I'll take care of it for you." Another letter disclosing the scheme was discovered in Murray's pocket. Both men were arrested.

Then came a little boy, a friend of Murray's, and said he had been approached by Andrews respecting another robbery, and the latter had given him a letter to Murray. Shortly afterward Andrews was arrested. The case was changed with conspiracy, and a stomach-pump was required to save the prisoner's life. After investigation it showed that the boy who gave Murray the case with Andrews' nephew, but the detectives were unable to fix the conspiracy on Andrews. Murray was convicted of burglary, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, and mainly on his testimony Andrews was convicted.

A Standard Target Adopted.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—The question of adopting a standard target for pistol practice, which has been under discussion by the clubs of this country for many months, was settled and announced from the office of The Rod and Gun this afternoon. Letters have been received from the principal clubs of the country, and the result is that the Bisley target has been adopted by a majority of the votes received. The standard of ticket paid for the several targets are as follows: The Hinman target, 2; Bisley, 209; Bryan, 130; Massachusetts, 113; Massachusetts modified, 36; Creedmoor, 33; Rabbeth, 30; American Journal, 13. The vote by clubs was as follows: Number of clubs voting, 41; Hinman target, 24; Bisley, 9; Massachusetts, 8. Five other targets each received one vote.

Taken from a Drunken Mother's Arms.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22.—Officers of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children found at a tavern at Hope and Girard avenues, Sarah Somers lying in the yard helplessly drunk, while her boy, aged 18 months, was discovered wedged in between a number of whisky barrels, where he had fallen. The child was covered from head to feet with dirt and was crying with cold, although it had not eaten for many days. The drunken mother was sent to the house of correction and the child was cared for by the society.

A Drunken Policeman's Antics.

LANCASTER, Pa., Dec. 21—Police Officer Spence went down to Providence township a few days ago to arrest an alleged forger. He did not find the forger, so he got drunk and sometime in consequence, and a justice of the peace with his "blackjack." He was placed under bail to answer charges of felonious assault and battery preferred by his victims, who had their heads bound up, and he was also suspended from duty.

Desperate Fight in a Saloon.

ELLSBURG, Pa., Dec. 22.—Harry Fyle, a baseball player, and Louis Koch, an ex-policeman, met in a saloon in this city, where they had a personal encounter, the result of which, it is said, Koch has the skull of his head above the ear with a knife, the blade of which penetrated the skull. His condition is regarded as critical. Fyle escaped.

Skating Parties in the Dominion.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 22.—It is officially announced by Governor General Lansdowne that skating and tobogganing parties will be given at Rideau Hall every Saturday during the months of January and February, though, owing to the recent death of her father, the Duke of Abercorn, Lady Lansdowne will not be able to take part in these amusements.

King William Writes to the Pope.

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—Emperor William has sent an autograph letter to Pope Leo XIII thanking him for his promptness and fairness in mediating between Germany and Spain in the matter of the Caroline Islands.

The Newport Murder Case.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 22.—Acting Attorney General Gallagher states that he secured very convincing evidence against Dorsey, the alleged murderer of his father-in-law, Burton.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Creek Indians want a territorial government for the Indian territory.

Secretary Bayard has placed a memorial wreath on the tomb of Thomas H. Benton at Washington in memory of the great statesman.

The libel suit of Irving Bishop, the alleged mind reader, against Henry Ledercheve has been settled out of court, the latter paying $1,000.

The treasurer of the Irish National League of American states that since Oct. 1 $75,000 has been forwarded to Mr. Parnell by the league.

A message from Lieut. A. S. Kimpell, of Sidney, Neb., has been received in Council Bluffs, announcing that he is en route to Washington to tell President Cleveland.

Charles Miller, a boy who is thought to be supposed to be mad in Jersey City, when the animal sprang at him and bit his hand. The dog died of hydrophobia several days later, in the day the boy died.

By the unraveling of a strand in the traction cables of the Brooklyn bridge traffic was much delayed Sunday afternoon and evening. Trains were run by locomotives at intervals of fifteen minutes only.

The boys Patrick Ryan, Eddy Ryan, William Lane and Austin Fitzgerald, who were bitten by a mad dog in Newark, N. J., on the 16th inst., and for whom a search was made up by the assistance of the city for the purpose of sending them to M. Pasteur, the celebrated French chemist, have arrived at Haven.

LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS.

The 265th Anniversary Celebrated in Plymouth.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Dec. 22.—A large number of noted New Englanders, including James Russell Lowell, Lieutenant Governor Cargill, President Pillsbury of the senate, and George Washington, assembled here to celebrate the 265th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims. The morning programme included a reception by Governor Davis, John Davis, John Farquhar and the Rev. Malcolm Douglas, an invocation by Dr. Hale, the scripture reading by Rev. Brooke Herford, and the benediction by Rev. T. S. Robbins. A dinner was served in the old-fashioned guards, and interesting oratorical exercises followed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—The New England society of Brooklyn celebrated the 265th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims. An elaborate banquet was held at the Art Association rooms on Montague street, 300 guests participating. Flowers and fruit adorned the table, and among the well-known people present were Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, D. D., Rev. Dr. Storrs, Rev. Dr. Hall, Rev. W. Arthur, Henry Ward Beecher, George William Curtis, Mayor Low, Mayor-elect Whitney, Ex-Governor L. Washburn, Judge Calvin E. Pratt, Judge Joseph E. Newburger, Tracy, Gen. H. W. Slocum, Col. W. C. Beecher, Austin Corbin and many others. Among the toasts responded to there were Mr. Beecher, Rev. Dr. Storrs, Chauncey Depew, Mr. Astor and Mr. Curtis.

THE GAME OF "MORA."

A Pastime Which Causes the Death of Many Italians.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—In the Italian colony in Brooklyn and Williamsburg the game of "Mora" is played nightly for wine and beer, and on Aug. 24 last it led to the death of Tomaso Giordano, a barber. The game is played by holding up a number of fingers and quickly naming them. If two are held up the other player holds up, say three, and the first has to call out the total, five, very quickly. Mistakes often happen, and then the loser has to pay for the drinks. Giordano and Angelo Bandanza played the game that night, and Bandanza won. Angelo Angelo Bandanza was tried in the Kings county court of sessions for manslaughter in the first degree for shooting Giordano. The men were playing "mora" for wine at Giordano's business on the Bowery, Second street, and had a dispute. The quarrel was continued on the sidewalk, where Giordano, it was testified, struck Bandanza with a club. The latter drew a revolver to scare Giordano, he says, but fired three shots, one of which caused the barber's death. Senatore Bandanza, a brother of the shooting in self-defense. Five jurors were peremptorily challenged by the defense for supposed antipathy to the Italians, and a seventh. The case will be continued to-day.

A New York Lady Dies at Sea.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 22.—The steamer E. G. Irwin, Capt. R. H. Dodd, arrived here from New York with the dead body of a woman on board. Capt. Dodd says it is the body of Mrs. Hollis, wife of a New Yorker, that she took passage with him for Norfolk on Saturday afternoon. When the vessel was off Hog Island she began vomiting, and died after a few hours' illness. He says he can give her address or tell anything of her, and surrounds the affair in deep mystery.

Canadian Indians Swindled.

FOREST, Ont., Dec. 22.—George William Roberts, a Cherokee Indian educated by the United States government, visited the Indian tribes of this vicinity last week, representing himself to be an agent of the United States government with authority to settle Indians in this district. It is said he swindled about 200 Indians. The matter has been reported to the American authorities, who will endeavor to have Roberts arrested and prosecuted.

Well Received in Rochester.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 22.—W. H. Grosse, the colored officer of the signal service who has been appointed assistant in the Rochester station, assumed charge of his duties here. He comes from Pensacola, Fla., where Sergt. McGuiness declined to receive him as assistant on account of his color. The appointment of Sergt. Greene was placed in charge of the office. He is well received here, and will probably prove a popular officer.

Shot for Selling a Whore.

SHARONSVILLE, O., Dec. 22.—W. Heffner, a carpenter, was killed by Frank W. Mullen, a barber. The men lived in the same building, using the same hallway. Mrs. Mullen had just cleaned the hallway, when Heffner threw a bucket of dirty water which had to a quarrel between the two. Mullen took up the quarrel, and Heffner drew a butcher knife, whereupon Mullen shot him.

Furniture Burned in Ohio.

MARIETTA, O., Dec. 22.—A fire broke out in Malston & Shipton's hardware store. A strong wind drove the flames to the adjoining store of Thomas Hobson was speedily enveloped. The fire could not be checked until a dozen buildings on both sides of the street were burned. The hotel and postoffice were totally destroyed and a quantity of mail lost.

The Dolphin at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 22.—The Dolphin has arrived here. She went up the bay to test her speed after leaving Fall River. She will also test her speed over a measured mile before sailing. The Brooklyn also went up for practice. The trip of the Dolphin to this port was very satisfactory.

Cutting an Antagonist's Throat.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 22.—O. A. McFarland, a mechanic, and J. Wolfe, a tailor, both colored, quarreled in a saloon. McFarland drew a razor and slashed it across Wolfe's throat, nearly severing the head from the shoulders. Wolfe died almost immediately. McFarland was placed under arrest.

An Engineer Killed.

DAYTON, Dec. 22.—Frank Miller in F. G. Brehen's distillery, at Beavers Station, exploded with terrible force, badly wrecking the buildings. Engineer Potter was taken out of the debris in a dying condition, and Isaac Wolf, an employe, is missing.

Mr. Brayton Ives' Gift to Yale.

HARTFORD, Dec. 22.—Col. Ellis Adams, president of the Hartford Theological seminary, said it was voted to hold a reception in January. During the morning it was announced that Brayton Ives, of New York, had given $100,000 for Yale's gymnasium.

Dropped Dead at the Table.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 22.—George W. Sprague, a well-known resident of Wawayanda, while eating supper at a neighbor's house fell dead at the table. He was 62 years old and was the largest real estate owner in the township.

Killed With a Dumbwaiter.

N. YORK, Dec. 21.—Patrick Cosby (3d ad.) City Hospital here from the effects of a blow upon the head, inflicted by Henry Peters with a dumbwaiter on Tuesday night.

ON THE DECLINE.

EFFECT OF THE "SOCIAL" ELEMENT IN ATHLETIC CLUBS.

Features Introduced Which Are Death to Systematic Physical Training — Expense of Membership in Athletic Clubs—"Social" Pleasures.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

The close of the season for athletic club games calls attention to the fact that, as a rule, athletic clubs have not flourished this past season or two as they were wont to do. The cause of this is to be found not in any falling off in the taste for athletic games—which games comprise special trials of skill in walking, running, jumping, etc.—but in the effort to combine with the athletic features of such clubs what is known as the social element, that is, the introduction of dinner social entertainments, card parties, billiards, dancing and reception gatherings in expensively-kept athletic club houses. An article in The New York World on the decline of interest in athletics refers to the enervating system of combining social pleasure with athletic club work in the following language: The old style sport:

"The social element in clubs is the 'poison,' and eats into the vitals of athletic clubs and soon causes them to fall in the purpose for which they were organized. It was so with the New Jersey Athletic club, which produced the famous runners, and walkers from 1876 to 1880. It was so with the Brooklyn club of Prospect Heights, the Short Hills, and Ocean Hill clubs of more recent date, and it is fast becoming true of all to a greater or lesser degree. The Manhattan athletic club, which has produced the best all-round athletes in the country, and which has done more than any other club for the development of the wind as I mention all American records. About seven years ago athletic sports were at their zenith, since when they have gradually declined. The clubs which produced the best athletes, giving competitions, as a rule, can not afford to pay the salaries of trainers, and the latter, being skilled athletes, they refuse in favor of the wealthy young man, whose sole claim to athletic distinction is his connection with a 'high-toned' club."

HOW TO GO TO GOOD TRAINING.

The fact is the "social" pleasures which are thus introduced into athletic clubs are death to the system of physical training so necessary to be gone through with in order to excel in any athletic sport. Card and billiard rooms are, of course, essential appointments of social clubs of the so-called "high-toned" class; but they are absolutely out of place in athletic clubs. A young man is supposed to join an athletic club solely to improve his physique, and thereby to be fitted physically and mentally for competition to excel in such branches of athletic sports as he is physically competent to engage in, either as a fast walker, a swift runner, a good long jumper, an expert boxer, or to bear off the palm in the annual club games in such other specialty of athletics as he can. In order to achieve success in any of these, he must devote himself to systematic discipline. Great merit, and this training system is at war with the social companionship of the modern of club life, which include late hours in the card and billiard rooms, excessive smoking and drinking and often habits possibly to what is known as the "social element" of athletic clubs.

That clubs which try to include these opposite elements in their club existence should fail is not surprising. All the "social" pleasure that can be made consistent with a healthy existence of an athletic club, lies solely in the holding of special receptions to lady guests on occasions when displays of amateur skill in the various sports of the club are the attraction. To add card, billiard, smoking and drinking rooms to an athletic club is simply to offset all the healthful advantages the athletic exercises offer to young men with enervating habits and also to bring to the club the class of effeminate wealthy idlers who have no other aim in joining the club than mere social pleasure; and this class of members are death to all the best objects of the organization so far as athletics are concerned.

Iron and Steel Crystals.

[Scientific Exchange.]

The microscopic determination of the different qualities of iron and steel is now regarded as of the highest importance in the metallurgical industries. Thus the crystals of iron are double pyramids in which the pyramidal faces are isosceles triangles, and with the quantity of the iron; the smallness of the crystals and the height of the pyramids composing each element are in proportion to the hardness and brittleness of the metal, which are seen also in the fineness of the surface; and as the proportion of the carbon diminishes in the steel, the pyramids have so much the less height.

In pig iron and the lower qualities of hard steel the crystals approach more closely the cubic form. Forged iron has the pyramids flattened and reduced to superposed parallel leaves, whose structure consistence what is called the nerve of the steel, and the best quality of steel has all its crystals disposed in parallel lines, each crystal filling in the interstices between the angles of those adjoining, these crystals having their axes in the direction of the pressure they undergo during the working. Practically, good steel has the appearance, microscopically, of large groups of beautiful crystals.

Le Boutillier Bros.,

BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.

500 ENGLISH

Walking Jackets

$6.95

They are made from Rough Bouncle Cloth and cut in the latest shape, and are worth $15 each. Also 500 rough cloth and

JERSEY JACKETS

$5, 6, 6.95, 7.50, 10, 12.

Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.

Goods delivered *free* to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,

Boot and Shoe Dealer,

6 PARK AVE.

Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and to which he can call the attention of them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

Comptons

PURE Philadelphia ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

COMPTON'S

CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM BARTHMAN,

Manufacturing Jeweler,

174 Broadway, Cor. Maiden Lane,

Directly opposite Cortlandt street,

FACTORY 17 JOHN ST. NEW YORK

(Established 1875.)

Will Retail during December a First-Class Line of

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Photographs No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken of Adults and Children.

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer

JOHN W. LAING,

HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

HORSES

Taken to board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open stands for the accommodation of the public. 11-18y

PARK HOUSE.

PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests. Located throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 400 feet. Grandstand shaded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.

J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

Business Cards.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Green Brook Road.

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

TRY

Bobbins' Cigars,

Manufactured to North avenue, opposite the Depot. 11-25y

A. I. Smalley North avenue,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 82 Somerset street,

Grocer & Goodman,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Spices. Good Sweet Rockingham Stone and Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

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At Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Somerset streets.

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Male Goods at New York Prices. Manufacturer and Importer of Hair. 16 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50

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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

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CALL AT THE STORE OF

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Electric Fire Alarm

Electric Burglar Alarms, improved and new Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas Lighting.

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Electric Thermostat as connected with battery (see above) to prevent too low or high a temperature in your office, living apartment or conservatory, will notify when the fire is going out, etc.

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Our Fall stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of

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of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

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DECEMBER BARGAINS.

We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

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Orders Carefully Executed

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MANUFACTURERS,

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream & Water Ices,

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FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

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For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

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For Winter Wear.

Warm and Durable.

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SUITS to measure from $20 TROUSERS " " 5

Call and Examine,

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Opposite Stewart's.

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Wall Paper,

No. 16 North Avenue.

This machine is a, a in use on my yard. No. 2 Par avenue. It throws coal from the yard into any story of the house. The coal is not down through the street. The coal is not down through the street, so that the dirt, the smoke, the noise, the waste, and other annoyances of carrying coal in baskets and other methods are done away with. Persons desiring one can address or call on Ellis, Plainfield, N. J. Plainfield, March 1st, 1885.

MORGAN MEAD

Park Avenue, Plainfield N. J

WOMAN AND HOME.

WHY A [illegible] IS RUNNING ROUND NIGHTS."

Chat [illegible]—Reason Why—
De[illegible]—The Portiere—The
Su[illegible]—a Joking Subject—
Ov[illegible]—Over-Officious—Items.

[illegible] Philadelphia (Call.)

"What a shame it is when you are putting into that [illegible] wife to her very best friend as they sat talking over their fancy work.

"I know it," answered Kate good humoredly. "You see I bought it one evening and began to work on it by lamplight, and thought it looked pretty well. But some colors are so changeable; it looks frightful by daylight. I only wish I knew of something I can do with it—I'll give it to Ben."

Why—will he like it?"

"Oh, I don't know; I guess so. It'll help make a start out for Christmas, and that's soon enough for his room. We stuff everything in there;" and Kate gave a little short laugh, then flushed suddenly as she caught Hallie's blue eyes bent wonderingly upon her.

"Why," said the girl, and her fingers stopped in their busy motion, "I've just as open intention of putting anything ugly into the parlor as into brother Frank's room; he is so choice of it."

"Oh, well, boys are different," exasperated Kate in mortification. And Belle, feeling that she was treading on forbidden ground, adroitly turned the conversation. Yes, she knew that Ben was without a doubt a fine gentleman, and she thanked her fate for that difference, thankful that Frank was strong and manly, kept above superstitious worry for his great inferiority in her friend.

"You must all do something to try to keep Ben at home these evenings," said his father one day. "I don't like the way he is spending the time."

And Kate, as she heard the words, wondered what she could do.

That afternoon that's was great overhauling of fashion's specials, and Kate stopped quite a transformation had taked place in Ben's room. There were pretty, bright chromos and one or two choice engravings on the walls, the dingy shades had been made open the daylight, fresh muslin curtains draped back from the window, and everything as inviting as thoughtful hands could make it. "Now," said Kate, "I wonder if he'll notice it."

"Have you a headache, Ben?" she asked, as she found him upon their return sitting with his head bowed upon his hands. "Oh, no," he answered, only thinking of going home here, but it looks so natural and homelike up here, I guess I'll stay."

And he did stay; it wasn't the last time, either. Bye-and-bye he began to invite some of "the boys" to come and see him at the house, and with great satisfaction would ask them to "step up" to his room. Was it strange that from these little gratifications he came to have a real feeling that it was a grand, good thing to have a home and be worthy of it?

"Do you know," said Kate to her friend one day, "your plan has worked like a charm."

Try it, girls!

True Courtship and Marriage.

[Brooklyn Magazine.]

Marriage should be made a study, and every effort made to make it what it often is not at first—should be consider it. Courtship is too often looked upon as a season of mere pleasure, its chief objects to be wooed, charmed and caressed, rather than a period affording for a judicious selection of a life companion, a time when habits, tastes, opinions and modes of thought and feeling should be learned and truly developed. Refined courtship as a voyage of discovery or a court of inquiry to see wherein and to what extent there is a harmony existing between the two intervened.

And this is true courtship. Instead of sentimental moonshine and meaningless gush, let the youth endeavor to learn whether the young girl at his side, and vice versa, is the one whom, of all the world, is best adapted to make the journey of life with him. Love is good, but love only, so that no stumbling block may be left to become a torment after marriage. Ascertain well before marriage who and what is the person sold or upon whose your affections are centered. Employ calm and careful consideration.

To the young girl marriage is a world upon which she enters; let her then be careful with whom and under what circumstances she enters it. Let not hot haste or blind credulity bring for her a life of unhappiness and misery. As men and women prepare themselves for the different professions, trades and callings in life, so likewise let them prepare themselves for entrance into that great social institution of humanity whose laws and relations are of momentous importance to the race.

Bress the Children Properly.

[Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.]

Col. Will S. Hays, the Kentucky poet and song writer, gives the following advice to mothers:

"Say, mamma, if you care for the health, happiness and comfort of your little darling, put good, warm clothes upon its tender form such weather as this, and don't dress it up in short, fancy 'duds,' to make it look more like a monkey than a mortal. See to it that the cold, chilly draggable wind and the weather of winter don't harass its body, legs and feet, and study more as to how it feels than how it looks. Many a fashionable mamma puts about enough clothes upon her little one to keep the body of a Jaybird warm, sends it out in charge of a careless, ignorant nurse, to be looked at and admired, regardless of the weather, and when it is taken sick, with pneumonia, diphtheria, fever, or perhaps some other fatal illness, she looks into its pale, emaciated face, and upon its wasted form and wonders how it could have got such a cold!' Never mind what fashion decrees; see what life and health demand. It is the duty of every mother to see that her children are dressed neatly and comfortably, and when we see a poor little child, dressed in the very height of fashion and regardless of season, pitying it, and wishing we may help but feel sorry for it, and pity the weakness of its extravagant and fashionable mamma."

The Maiden Why.

["Amber" in Chicago Journal.]

I often think of the difference as to premature wrinkles, bent shoulders, and hollow eyes, in turn and opposite ways of the sexes. A man at 30 is little more than a boy, grown tall. His face is full, his physical powers at their best, his nerves unshaken. A girl at that age is often a prematurely old woman.

Did you ever think of how many threads and fibres the mother has to think of and plan for, while the father's mind is bent on only one thing. What money will be his income and lends over his accounts with visions of how his last year's purse can be stretched to cover the cost of the coming year? And soon is called upon to solve the problem of what in the name of Egypt to get to eat, three times a day for the 365 or the year! What man has to keep trotting up and down stairs, now to nurse a cross baby, now to find Tommy's ball, now to hound biscuit, or make jelly, or entertain callers, until his back and legs "go queer," and he comes his face with his coat-tail and weeps aloud?

The average man goes out of the house after breakfast, and meets half comrades on 'change, or sits and writes at his office desk, or sells this trade, one object in view only—the advancement of the family, which constitutes his legitimate business. The average woman has her hands full of nameplates of the tradesmen, the dressmaker, maybe, surrounded by a body in waiting, teacher, milliner, fewer of wood and drawer of water by turns. No wonder she grows old, and then she is "left on the shelf" because the husband fails to think and sympathize and help before it is too late!

Beware of the Portiere.

[Pittsburg Bulletin "Ramble."]

The possibility of the portiere is something to dread. If the millionaires were at hand and folks said nothing, at home, but the millionaires were not there, and folks in other folks to hear, then the portiere would be a harmless invader of the home. But the millionaire is not yet ripe enough to pull, and the portiere is a creature of disbelief. When I think of the conspicuous part which the nice-to-hide-behind curtain plays in novels, ancient and modern; the hues of mystery, and the shadows that fall on the heart; the mischief-makers who have found the folds of the noiseless portiere as a sure refuge for their eavesdropping, I feel a sort of horror at the prominence of the portiere. A wooden door gives forth an honest "Lookout!" sort of a bang, and the rattle of its knob is a fair notice to a young couple to have some sort of a chance in preparing against unwelcome intrusion. But the portiere is a snake. It's sinuous folds offer a welcome to any one that may be trying one. In absolute silence the cruel father, the stern mother-in-law, the suspicious husband, can part its treacherous folds and spend the day there, or the very person who has entered the house of another and substitutes the charming but treacherous portiere.

Not a Joking Subject.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

There is one very careless habit of a great many excellent married people. How often we hear a man joke his wife about getting angry, or a woman about her husband's temper the same sort of ghastly pleasantry at the expense of her husband. They would not do it if they were to stop and think: but a moment's time is required to hear a wife joke about the death of her child, or her mother, or her brother, sister, or father. No, no. Such delicacy is reserved even with those who joke about the death of their husbands. It is the most thoughtless sort of humor ever invented. It is trifling with the most serious subject on earth.

We every now and then run across passages in a play or a public address. It makes the blood chill to see rude hands laid on that which is the most sacred, sacred, marriage is sacred, death is awful. The one ever-painful thought to those who are happily wed is that death comes at last to take one away and leave the other a hungry survivor. Conceive, then the hideous flippancy of that wife's conversation who speculates in jest as to her successor. What violence does a husband do a gracious thing, when in his imagination jumps over the grave of his wife and dances like a clown into the arena of widowerhood, ready for another matrimonial engagement?

Air Beds Thoroughly.

[Chicago Inter-Ocean Hermes.]

Too much stress can not be laid upon the advisability of airing beds thoroughly. To carelessness in this regard may be attributed the close connection which frequently is met one, not alone in the houses of the poorer classes, but in the bed-rooms of the high-priced hotels. It is not enough to turn the bed-clothes back and let the air blow back half an hour later. The unsavory fact that the body actually loses weight during a night slumber shows clearly that more vigorous methods of treatment than these are required to free the bed coverings of the exhalations from the sleeper.

Counterpane, blankets and sheets should be stripped from the bed, well shaken and hung on two chairs to prevent their gathering dust by resting on the floor. The mattress should be fairly turned and propped against the foot-board, so as to allow the free access of air to both sides. Pillows and bolster should be beaten energetically. Then, even in the bitterest weather, the windows should be opened wide, if only for ten minutes, that the atmosphere of the apartment may be completely changed.

Punishment of Children by the Nurse.

[Marion Harland.]

In no circumstances whatsoever ought your child to be chastised by his nurse. This outrage may and does occur sometimes in nurseries where wise and affectionate espionage prevails. The suspicion of the deed ought to be the signal for strict investigation, and, should the fact be proved, summary dismissal of the offender. There are women who wink at such misdemeanors, as others, less in authority, condone drunkenness in an employe who is in most respects "invaluable." The mistress retains in her service the nurse who beats or slaps the baby she is hired to keep in safety and kindness, and by so doing sinks below the level of the ignorant creature whose own childish peccadilloes were visited by a leather strap or broomstick.

The stream cannot rise higher than the fountain; but the educated woman who, in Christian charity and amiable credulity, excuses the act on the score of "the invalid's" hasty temper, or affects not to be cognizant of it because "it is not convenient to change nurses," is the callous heart, reason, her conscience must deeply of all, against her child.

Over-Officious Brakemen.

[Pioneer Press "Voices."]

I want to protest, on behalf of the ladies, against the practice that prevails among the brakemen of assisting them in alighting with more or less freedom and elaboration every lady, whether she is accompanied or unaccompanied, who gets on or off a train. There are times when such assistance is certainly timely and appreciated, and there are brakemen who can render it without giving offense, but on the other hand, much of it is neglectful, rude and offensive, and their positions is purposely or unwittingly take undue liberty with ladies who may travel. I submit for the attention of brakemen in here and there to assist a lady on or off a car would not be a bad idea.

No One Makes in Mexico.

[San Francisco Chronicle.]

One never hears of "an old maid" in Mexico, and the reason however unmerited is not because the Mexican women are more attractive or regarded as the opposite sex in any country, but if for lovely qualities of heart and disposition, and for the practice of household duties they are pleased by the equal law universally treated with the greatest respect and every mark of deference. It is considered more courteous to address even elderly married ladies as Señorita (Miss) instead of Señora (Mrs.), and the lady of the house is always affectionately hailed by her servants in even the little girl, though she may have attained the mature age of 60. Beggars upon the streets and venders in the market place address all ladies, young and old, as "Señorita," and, what is particularly important to the more respectful and endearing term, niñita—dear little girl.

The Writer Is a Woman.

[The Argonaut.]

The writer who goes by the name of J. S. Winter, whose "Cavalry Life and Regimental Reminiscences" are the intimate acquaintance with lancers and dragoons, and the details of military life at home and in India, whose "Bootles' Baby" and "Hoops-La" are among the most universally popular of shilling volumes, is—a woman. Positively, the ingenious inventor of Bootles, and languid Lacy, and Effie Cardelle, and all the gallant company of the "White Lancers," is a woman, and one of the few women writers who can make men at all like men. Many women writers have taken men's names—Currer Bell, George Sand, George Eliot and George Sand—but few have worn their doublet and hose so skillfully as J. S. Winter.

An Effective Portiere.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

An ingenious woman whose lack of funds stimulated her inventive powers has made a most wonderfully effective portiere at small outlay of money. She procured a coarse blanket, the color of the greatwoods worn by our soldier boys during the war, upon which she proceeded to embroider disos, crosses, anchors and all sorts of curios, one formed with bright colored silks, and a sprinkling of gold and silver tinsel. It was suspended by rings upon gilded gaspipe, and equaled in appearance the rarest Turkish stuff.

The Corps of Amazons.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

The corps of Amazons is the most curious feature of the Balkan warfare. Twelve members compose the band, and the united ages of which are said to reach the number of the days in the year. Their costume consists of a loose hose fastened below the knee, and a short riding jacket with a red girdle and a Bulgarian fez, all worn as a band dress. The commander is the directress of an orphan asylum at Philippopolis.

Relentless Fathers.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

Judge Lumpkin, Supreme of Georgia, once remarked: "I have no sympathy with fathers who are cruel and relentless to children who choose partners for life different from those that would have been chosen for them. When I was young I, too, 'fell in love,' my heart against my father."

Horrible!

[Baltimore Sun.]

The latest outrage in silk stockings is to have snakes on them. The snake's tail begins at the knee and the reptile wriggles down the leg. His neck embraces along the middle of the foot, and his head points to toe. A scarlet stocking has the snake in white.

Women Journalists.

The women journalists of this country have a National Press association, and a New England branch has just been formed in Boston, of which Mrs. Sally Joy of the Herald is president.

Superintendent of Schools.

Mrs. L. M. Wilson, superintendent of public schools at Des Moines, Iowa, has under her charge eight buildings, eighty teachers and about 4,000 pupils. Her salary is $1,800 a year.

The Guitar Ahead.

The guitar has taken the place of the banjo in New York society, and it is said to be a pretty parlor ornament and to match well with the Spanish jackets now fashionable.

Women Under Ground.

The employment of women under ground is prohibited in Great Britain, but the British factory inspector reports that 4,400 are at work in mining operations above ground.

The Old Names.

Old names for girls, such as Gladys, Elfride, Wilfreda, Enid, Ethel, Clarice, Rosabel, Christabel, and Claribel, are again becoming fashionable.

The Servian Minister's Wife.

Mrs. Mijatovich, wife of the Servian minister to Great Britain, is an American lady. She is said to be the author of all the minister's state papers.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox: The chivalry of the average man consists in protecting a woman against every man save himself.

There are nearly 2,000 women voters on the lists in Toronto. They have full municipal suffrage.

Rev. Leo W. Cutter: A wife is the making or unmaking of the best of men.

Writing a Book to Order.

[Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

Maj. Ben: Perley Poore has done considerable literary work this summer. He wrote for a publishing house a life of Grant, which has reached the sale of 10,000 copies. The publisher came to him and said: "Maj. Poore, I want a life of Gen. Grant, to contain about 90,000 words, and I want you to write it for me. I want it in about two months, if possible. I will pay you as much for it." To this Maj. Poore assented, on condition that they would furnish him with biographical matter. They did so, and he dictated the work at an average rate of a chapter every day.

Each chapter comprised about 2,500 words. Grant's personal writing is perhaps some of the fastest literary work of the past year. Blaine consider 1,000 words a day good work. Frances Hodgson Burnett, when she was well, did from 1,500 to 1,800, and I am told that Bancroft considers that when he has written 250 words he has done a good day's work. Ben: Perley Poore is remarkably well. He weighs about as much as usual, perhaps 230 pounds, and his eye is as bright as that of any correspondent I know. He has been here for some paper work for daily publication of his own; and for many generations of public men, as the life of the average public man is very short.

Notes in Vera Cruz.

[Cor. New York Sun.]

The whole city of Vera Cruz is rich in ruins, and doubtless others remain to be discovered in the depths of unexplored forests or covered by lakes, like that submerged city of ancient antiquity which has recently been found at the bottom of the Laguna Tenoluhuc. There are the great pyramids of Tuxtla, forty-five miles southward from Alvarado; the wonderful temple called El Tajin; the extensive ruins of Cempoala, near the river Tecoluhi; crumbling cities hidden in the hills of Tenoxtic; the colossal statues of Chalchicomula; the ruins of Tlascala; the temples on the Rio Panuco; the pyramid of Whamila, thirty miles north of Jalapa, and number of surprising interest at Mapilap.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

18 East Front Street.

Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, dressed and undressed, all sizes; Parlor Sets, Hobby Horses, Stoves, Dishes Al Tones, Vases, and everything in the line at very low prices.

On our 5 and 10 cent counter will be found some very seasonable and useful articles worth double the money.

Also our regular line of Dry Goods, Ladies' and Children's Kewmarkets, Cloaks,

ULSTERS

Have[illegible], Jewery, $3.75 up. Ladies and Children's Hosiery in all styles. Hats, Caps, Feathers, Tips, Tinsel Plumes, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery Underwear, Blankets, Hard-ware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers; Our prices are below cost. Give us a call

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, cream tips, fic fic.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, latest style, only 39 cents.

Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings[illegible] all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin by all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful [illegible] silk and [illegible] in all colors for [illegible] yard.

A full dress pattern in ladies cloth, braid or flannels with satin lining and buttons all complete for the dress maker for $4.00; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $2.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace shoes 50 up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter, this will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTTS BAZAAR,

18 East Front street Plainfield.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossing at Lowest Prices.

M. POWERS,

KINDLING WOOD,

12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 20 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1327.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably

LOW PRICES.

Holiday GOODS

IN

GREAT VARIETY

FOR

Ladies', Gents, and Children

AT

POPE BROS.

Wm. A. Woodruff

Represents the following first-class insurance companies,

[illegible] of Philadelphia, LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE of England, [illegible] of New York, Merwick Value of Hartford, North British Mercantile, of England, The Northern, of England, The Queen, of England, The Manchester, of Newark, The Washington, [illegible] of New York, and other good companies, and procures insurance at BEST RATES, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has bargains in

Real Estate.

OFFICE Barry's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence 41 East Second street

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry, Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

Right Soil Rumored. Composite Cleared 25 per cent Cheaper than by any other Manufacturer

Use the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus,

The only one of the kind in the city which is guaranteed that it is used in day time without [illegible] Harris' Cleaning Apparatus [illegible] Orders left at Cornell Bros., 19 Somerset St., or at Harris' Residence, 15 Somerset St., or at the [illegible] Co., 41 and 43 Park place, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN BROWN

VERY Suitable FOR

CHRISTMAS

Presents

a fine line of

SEALS

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets, Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer In

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice Quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 39.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thorn.)

OFFER

Special Bargains

IN

ICE SKATES

Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

WINDOW SHADES

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

221 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave., Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

and

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, warerooms and residence No. 14 Rue Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 10

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Domestic and Excelsior Self-Feeding Furnaces.

Stand for Illustrated catalogue.

Repairing promptly attended to. Estimates cheerfully given.

OFFICE, 20 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work.

The Bee Hive,

(5 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS,

WORK BASKETS,

TOILET SETS,

Smokers' Sets

Brass and Plush Ornaments,

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

LEATHER GOODS.

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books.
Letter Cases, Card Cases,
Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases,
Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

FOR

HOLIDAY GOODS

GO TO

MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

23 1-2 W. Front St.

The Largest Stock

OF

HOLIDAY Presents

Ever in Plainfield at

COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

Established 16 years.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

25 North Avenue,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

Raised Flock, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Lincrusta Waltons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations.

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

L. B. WOOLSTON. J. P. BUCKLE

P. O. Box 1074.

FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size per. and $1. Respectfully, R. J. SHAW, 4 East Front street.

CAREY'S

FURNITURE EXPRESS

AND

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered in any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

JUST OPENED!

Retail *Department*

At 9 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear FOR Ladies, Misses and Children, FOR Men, Boys' and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has had manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past year, and has superior facilities for making all kinds of work. Also a good stock and to retail orders, either hand or machine made. He also will make a specialty of repairing and will guarantee all work done. The finest ladies' shoes and boots can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK.

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER unequaled for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 6-20-3m

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $13.

A full wool medicated red Underwear at $1 each.

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S

Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 3 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 50c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

36 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps

Gas Fixtures.

GAYETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

FRANK DAY,

(Successor to E. & J. Coleman.

LIVERY STABLE

North Avenue

Opposite Depot. Plainfield, N. J.

Carriages to Meet all Trains.

Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 178 | PLAINFIELD, N. J. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1868 | Price Two Cents

TO-NIGHT!

SPECIAL

Low Prices

will be marked on

Holiday Goods,

to ensure an entire closing out. A loss is preferable to carrying them over.

LOOK OUT FOR

Rare Bargains

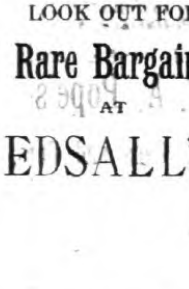
AT

EDSALL'S.

FIRST GRAND

Prize Bazaar

OF



Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R.

assisted by Winfield Scott Relief Corps No. 10,

will open on Wednesday Evening, Dec. 23d, 1868, and continue

REFORM HALL,

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, EVENINGS,

Dec. 21,22,23

Single admission 10 cents. Season Tickets 25 cents, entitling holder to one chance in grand drawing. Drum Corps Badges and Children's Rings will be awarded contestants Tuesday evening at nine o'clock. Books to be in hands of Detail at 5 p. m. of same evening.

Casino

TO-NIGHT

Gilfort Bros.

The Classical Wonders.

Incomparable Gymnastic Acts.

Extraordinary Equilibristic Feats and almost incredible and novel achievements.

Gladiatorial Exercises.

They remind one of the pictures by the classical painters of the Roman Games in the days of the Mighty Cæsars.

Ave Cæsar ite Morituri Salutant.

UP TO-DAY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS TO APPEAR IN THE SAME DAY MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY NOON TO AVOID DELAYING OUR FORMS FOR PRESS.

THE NEWS is delivered in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, Dunellen, New Market and Dunnellen, at ten cents per week, payable to regular collector every two weeks. Charles F. W. Whitley, corner of Elm and Broad streets, Westfield, is the headquarters for THE NEWS in that locality, and he will receive subscribers' and orders for and answers to advertisements.

Post Office.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30 and 11.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS

CLOSE—9.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.45 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office at 6.00 a. m. and closes at 7.10 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to convenience of lock box holders.

SUNDAY MAILS—Arrive at 9.17 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 2.00 p. m.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Dailies Drug store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1868.		1864.	
6 a. m.	24	6 a. m.	34
9 a. m.	37	9 a. m.	36
12 m.	36	12 m.	38
3 p. m.	44	3 p. m.	40

Miniature Almanac.

1868.		1864.	
Sunrise	7.30 a. m.	Sunrise	7.28 a. m.
Sun Sets	4.30 p. m.	Sun Sets	4.39 p. m.
Moon Rises	7.06 p. m.	Moon Rises	p. m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be generally fair, with nearly stationary, followed by higher temperature.

JOTTINGS.

—C. A. W.'s on last page.

—Auction sale announced elsewhere.

—Bachman has two advertisements to-day. Read them.

—Pupil Bros. are still on deck with Christmas presents.

—The Congregationalists will feast to-morrow evening.

—Beehm's winter cloaks make a desirable Christmas present.

—W. C. T. U. prayer meeting in Reform Hall to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

—A specially large edition of THE NEWS will be distributed in Westfield to-morrow.

—The ladies of the Park Avenue Baptist church realized about $600 from their recent bazaar.

—The articles which were missing from No. 8's fair Monday evening have been recovered.

—The promoters of the Railway Board of Trade will hold a meeting to-night for organization.

—The genial Moralers are happy with the demand for their wares in the jewelery line for the holidays.

—Everything in the jewelry line may be found at Carels on Park avenue to meet the holiday demands.

—The Crescent Avenue church will take up a collection for Mahl-uberg Hospital on Hospital Sunday.

—Christmas entertainment by the Sunday School of the Seventh Day Baptist church to-morrow evening.

—Ladies' boots, leggins and cashmere gloves are included in the list of useful presents at the Bon Ehre.

—Edsall announces elsewhere a special "mark down" in holiday goods to ensure an entire closing out of same.

—The Reformed church of Metuchen will hold their annual Christmas entertainment this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

—Herbert Hurlbut is having a new frame residence erected on the corner of Emily and Vine streets, North Plainfield.

—J. F. Laire & Co. are disposing of Carver's plated ware, chatane, sleighs, children's sets, etc., preparatory to '69. Don't defer if you want to secure good bargains.

—The North Plainfield young man who was recently arrested for seduction and settled the matter by marrying the young woman, has departed for parts unknown.

—A plank walk in front of Watts' property on Grove street was completed to-day, and other walks are to be put down in other parts of the Borough in compliance with an order of the Council.

—The new Common Council will organize a Board of Health, we understand, which will prosecute all persons found sewering into the brook, or who have already sewered therein, unless the sewers are stopped up.

—If you want to prove your esteem for a relative or friend, give a present that will never fade, but keep friendship and last as long as your affection. Many articles of that sort are displayed in the stock of holiday goods at Collier's.

—Last appearance to night at the Casino of the Gilfort Brothers in their impersonation of the Roman Gladiators; a living pictures of the ancient games that once drew all Rome to the Coliseum. For the remainder of the week Parker's dog and cat circus will appear.

—It is understood that the Fredonian newspaper of New Brunswick, for many years published by John F. Babcock, will be placed under the financial direction of a joint-stock company, of Mr. Babcock, formerly of Newark. Mr. Babcock will continue the editorial management.

—A good time to buy clothing at less than the cost of manufacturing. John H. Frazee, the President of the Reform Club, has decided to go out of the ready made portion of his business and to sell his merchant tailoring at a sacrifice. He will sell $5,000 worth of men's, youths' and boys' clothing at 30 per cent. less than the market price. See his advertisement.

Mrs. Franklin's Burglarious Fight.

Charles A. Spencer of Providence, R. I., a young man 17 years old, arrived about a week ago at the residence on Sixth street, in Reform Hall near Penns, of his aunt, Mrs. Sarah A. Franklin, to whom he is very much attached, and came to spend Christmas and New Years.

This morning about one o'clock he aroused his aunt with an alarm that burglars were endeavoring to get into the house. He desired to bolt the door and yell for help. Mrs. Franklin got up and said a gigantic dinner bell, raised the window and rang the bell lustily to arouse the neighborhood. This was signal agreed upon whereby Mrs. Franklin's neighbors would understand, if she at any time wanted help.

Shortly after this the young man heard thumping on the door and told his aunt the burglars were trying to get in that way.

Mrs. Franklin, who is by no means chicken-hearted in the presence of danger, bravely started armed with the dinner bell, to meet the wretch.

As Mrs. Franklin called to know who was there she was greeted kindly by one of her neighbors, William H. Stuart, armed with two bottles of something or other, which she did not comprehend. He explained that he had heard her alarm bell, and had hurried over with some medicine, supposing she was sick.

The young man couldn't help laughing at the supposed burglar invading the house with two bottles and his brave aunt armed to the teeth with the dinner bell, prepared to slay the invader.

Mutual explanations and much laughter followed, and an investigation of the premises for traces of the late disturbance it is to have been made by a rat which had got at an iron cooking pot in the basement, leaving a trail by which he was tracked to a hole.

Illustrated Y. M. C. A. Lecture.

Music Hall was well filled last evening by an audience composed mainly of some of our most prominent citizens, the occasion being the illustrated lecture by H. H. Rogan, "The Rhine and Switzerland," in Y. M. C. A. course. The lecturer brought his audience up the famed river, pointing out the historic spots and the legends connected with them; dwelt with enthusiasm on the grand cathedrals, and extolled the men whose genius and spirit raised them. From these he took his hearers to the land of William Tell, the grand and towering mountains of which drew frequent applause from the audience. The charming hills and fertile valleys were there, and placid lakes, upon whose silvery bosoms were reflected the rugged hills and verdant landscape stood out boldly in all their beauty; cataracts rolled down through the craggy rocks and huge boulders hundred down into the peaceful ravines below. The tour up the Rhine and through Switzerland last evening was very invigorating, and will no doubt be accomplished again should the lecturer favor us with his sure and guiding hand.

The Chautauqua Idea.

At the usual Monday meeting of the Baptist pastors at their room in New York on Monday, the Rev. Dr. Vincent of this city was present and spoke for nearly an hour on the "Chautauqua Idea." He said:

"We believe that an education which leaves out the religious element is a sham and fraud upon the age, and proclaim an adherence to a symmetrical education, which says, when you can, build up on all sides. We emphasize our belief in the universality of education, and believe that in pointing out the defects in our looking over a newsland, it is not only possible, but certain, that one can pick up something that will help in education. In fact, there is not, accord ng to the Chautauqua theory, a single element in life that has no fit in educational power. We teach that if a man intends his son to be a blacksmith, to give him a college education may do him good as a blacksmith; but he is a man, and as a man it will do him good, for no man is fitted for anything if he is simply a mechanical machine. It will teach him how to vote right, and that will lead to the permanency of free institutions. Ladies of Plainfield, you will be taught that an independent man will vote just as his conscience directs him."

Laying Out Routes in Union County.

The surveying parties who are laying out the routes for the proposed connecting lines of railroads for the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania Companies throughout Union county, are very actively pushing their work to completion. The proposed Baltimore and Ohio line, which will extend from Bound Brook to Elizabethport, will pass directly through the old homestead known in history as the residence of Abraham Clark, one of the signers of the American Declaration of Independence. The homestead is situated in Rahway township, and the people in the neighborhood are protesting against having the old house destroyed. The Pennsylvania Railroad people are endeavoring to head off the Baltimore and Ohio's new route to tidewater via Staten Island and Staten Island. The different surveys have been made, and at several places the line staked out are within one hundred feet of each other.

The Singer Factory Opened.

Mr. Henry Pfarrer, of the Singer Employes' Committee, delegated to George B. McKenzie, President of the Singer Company, the action of the Elizabeth City Council Monday night, and in reply received instruction that if he was satisfied the Council had done what was necessary to lift the levy, to inform Superintendent Miller, and notify him to have the wheels at 7.30 o'clock in the morning. Mr. Pfarrer did as directed, and called upon the engineer to steam up. The factory was opened yesterday morning, and many of the employes went to work.

City Court.

On complaint of James Connoly, Michael Burke appeared before City Judge Ulrich this morning to answer to a complaint charging him with violating Section 17 of the Peace and Moral Act. The defendant pleaded not guilty and the case was set down for trial on Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Ex-Judge Saydam appeared for plaintiff and Corporation Counsel Marsh appeared for the defendant.

The G. A. R. Bazaar.

The second night of the Bazaar for the benefit of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., opened very successfully in Reform Hall last evening. About seven o'clock the members of the Post, headed by their fife and drum corps met at the armory on East Front street and paraded down Park avenue to North, to Peace street, to Front, to Central avenue, to the hall and dismissed. The Post was under the command of Commander Addis. The drum corps played several selections at intervals during the evening and some of the members under the direction of Captain Hand went through a drill. At nine o'clock the contest for the badges was decided. Charles Schermerhorn was awarded the first prize, a gold badge, and Willie Addis the second prize, a silver badge. Frank Manchester, Harry Squires, Fred Walker and W. Townley, other members of the corps, were each presented with a German silver badge handsomely engraved. The contest for the gold rings was decided in favor of Miss Marin Dodd, Misses Lucy and Fannie Westphal.

The bazaar will continue this evening, when the contests for the gold and silver watches, the fire coat and other articles will be decided. The contestants for the gold and silver watches are Mrs. George Demarest, Mrs. Rittenhouse and Miss Anna Moore. For the fire coat, S. J. Robinson of the Zephyr Company and John Rickert of Gazelle.

Christmas Exercises at the Fifth Street Primary School.

To-morrow there will be Christmas exercises held in the Fifth Street School, commencing at 10.30 a. m., according to the following:

PROGRAM.

1. Chorus.....Hark! The Herald Angels.
2. Recitation.....King of Candy Land, Wesley Abbott.
3. Reading.....The Twelve Months. Ella Dunn.
4. Vocal Solo, Where did you come from, baby dear?.....Doris Stone.
5. Recitation.....The Organized Tramps. Royal Willis.
6. Violin Solo.
7. Recitation.....An Errand to Santa Claus. Sadie Hand.
8. Clothes pin doll.
9. Acrostic.
10. Recitation.....Boundary of Christmas.
11. Chorus.....Elmer Van Aken.
12. Motion Song.....Come Children.
13. Recitation.....Infant Class. Gingerbread Cat Julia Kenly.
14. Chorus.....Santa Claus.
15. Christmas Dialogue.

The public are cordially invited to be present.

M. E. HUMPTON.

A House Robbed and Then Set on Fire.

The house of Mr. F. C. Morris, near New Market, was burned to the ground early Monday morning, and the case was so suspicious that Chief of Police Fitzgerald and Detective Gregory of New Brunswick went to the place to find out the cause of the fire. While in the burning they discovered a quantity of jewelry, and this led them to suppose that the house had been robbed before it was fired. John C. Burton and Thomas and Susan Francisco, neighbors of Morris, were arrested, a search warrant having been procured, and some of the goods were found concealed on their premises. They were brought to jail in New Brunswick, and Francisco there confessed his guilt. The others deny that they had anything to do with the matter. Mr. Morris and his family had been away for a week, and during his absence the house was robbed.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Griffen, who resides on the corner of Second and Washington streets, the aged mother of A. M. Griffen, proprietor of the hardware store on East Front street, fell down a flight of stairs Sunday and seriously injured one of her arms.

The marriage of Mr. J. U. Fraley, Jr. to Miss Katherine Drayton, of corner of Seventh street and Park avenue, was solemnized in Grace Church yesterday afternoon by Dean Rodman, before a large assemblage of relatives and friends. The happy young couple amid the congratulations of all started on the half-past five train on their wedding trip, going first to New York, and intending to proceed therefrom to the South to remain away for several months, after which they will permanently reside here, the new Fraley cottage on Park avenue, being intended for them.

—Bronson Howard has written many plays, but none more beautiful than the society comedy drama "Young Mrs. Winthrop." As interpreted by the distinguished cast of star actors headed by Agnes Booth and Maud Harrison, it is receiving ovations nightly in Brooklyn. Those desiring to witness this performance at Music Hall on Christmas night, will do well to secure seats at once, as the diagrams are being rapidly marked off. See adv.

—Ex-City Treasurer Joseph T. Crowell of Rahway, has announced his intention to apply at the next session of the Legislature for the passage of an act to authorize a full examination of his accounts as treasurer from May 10, 1869, to June 4, 1872. There has been much litigation and charges of corruption against Mr. Crowell, and he claims there has never been a fair examination of his books.

—William Thomas, a young man of Cleveland, Ohio, while crossing the track at Syracuse, N. Y., Monday, was struck and instantly killed by a coal train. Mr. Thomas was buried yesterday in the Lutheran cemetery at that place. He was a relative of Judge Ulrich of this city who, with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Blatz, of North Plainfield, were present at the funeral.

—We are informed that Mrs. Evan Jones of Kensington avenue receives from her fowls between 60 and 70 eggs a day, and says that she expects to double that number very soon as the young pullets are just commencing to lay. She claims that her success is due to the manner of feeding the fowls, as it is difficult to persuade hens to lay at this time of the year.

—Owing to the G. A. R. fair, the temperance meeting will be held in the basement of Reform Hall to-morrow evening.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Warren Mission Industrial School.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—Last Saturday at the Sewing School the scholars were graded according to the kind of sewing upon which they were at work, and the change was made in an orderly and systematic way. The appearance of teachers from scholar, or of friend from friend, in some cases, was a trial, but effort was made to gratify members of the school in this respect as far as possible. When all become reconciled to the change, and feel that it is best for the interest of all concerned, and personal satisfaction, there will be more than one step accomplished in the progress of the Industrial School. As the scholars are prepared for the next higher grade of work they will be promoted.

There are now thirty-six classes in all. Last Saturday, and also on the Saturday preceding there were over two hundred scholars present. The Roll of Honor was read as usual last week, comprising the names of those who had been present four consecutive Saturdays, and for the first time this year handkerchiefs were distributed to those, fifty-one in number, who had been on the Roll of Honor three times since the opening of the school. The Industrial School will do rise during the holidays.

EMMA L. CARMEN, Sec.

A Faithful Clergyman.

On a recent Sunday morning the venerable ex-President of Rutgers College preached before the students at chapel. His sermon was resolved in five divisions and the first four were treated with the ability and clearness for which the ex-President is noted. When the fifth point was reached the topic had passed from the memory of the speaker, and he was obliged to consult his manuscript, which he always carries in his pocket. He is somewhat blind, he failed to read the writing in the darkness of the chapel, and he therefore descended from the pulpit and made his way to a window, where he managed at last to find the missing "thirty." Remarking that it was the most important division of his discourse, he returned to the desk and concluded an unusually powerful sermon. It is not often that men who have reached the age of Dr. Campbell continue their labors with untiring zeal, in the face of physical difficulties. Dr. Campbell although long past three-score and ten is the pastor of the Fourth Reformed Dutch Church of New Brunswick.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

Chicken Thieves at Work.

Some thief entered the chicken house of Warren Squires on Grove street about eleven o'clock Monday evening and stole four of his chickens. The family living in the house with Mr. Squires heard the noise, but thought it was some one of the family killing chickens for Christmas. Mr. Squires thinks it must have been some one who is acquainted with the premises, because his dog barks and makes a great noise when strangers come around, but that night it was very quiet.

STATE NOTES.

Vineland is soon to have water works. Chas. Keighley, a machinist, having contracted to put up the machinery and lay all the mains as a private enterprise. Work is also to be pushed on a system of driven wells, eighty in number, which have been sunk on the premises adjoining the factory.

Paterson Guardian: Every man unknown to the police that we stopped at night after 11 o'clock and asked his business and where he is going. If a stranger with a carpet bag or parcel, he is compelled to show the contents. This is right. No man should consider himself insulted by such an investigation in these times.

A track walker on the Pennsylvania Railroad on Thursday found in the water trough at Monmouth Junction three letters that appeared to have been put there by a thief who stroyed on the track at New Brunswick on Wednesday morning. The letters have been found at Adams, Doana and other points between Monmouth Junction and New Brunswick.

John Wismer of Philadelphia, has for years been conductor of a coal train on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, running between Philadelphia and Bound Brook. While working his train his mind was not idle and he invented a patent brake, somewhat after the Westinghouse style, only it is so much better that the Wharton Switch Company has just purchased it for $120,000.

The New York Savings Institution has sold the 34,000 shares of the Susquehanna and Erie stock belonging to it, at a good price, to a capitalist, who will hold it as an investment. This will enable Receiver Williams to declare another 10 per cent. dividend to depositors. Mr. Williams is receiving praise for his patient waiting, which now appears to result finally to the depositors receiving every dollar of their money.

An order has been issued by the Hudson County Board of Freeholders to change the boundary line between Bergen and Hudson counties, so that Van Nest will be in Hudson. The Hudson Board in exchange desire to give that portion of their county which borders on the Hackensack river. This movement is favored by the Fort Lee people, as by such exchange it will be a much easier matter to obtain ferry rights, and they have a much greater opportunity to reap a harvest during the summer season with their excursions. The Bergen Board is opposed to the change, and the two counties will soon have another meeting to determine the matter.

Mrs. Caroline Genter once owned the corner lot on Main street, Paterson, now held by what was known as the "King of Gutenberg." Sold many years ago and lately passed into other hands for $1,000. It has since increased considerably in value, and the widow would have been among the wealthiest women in New Jersey but for the unfortunate habit she has acquired since her husband's death. She is now 70 years old, poor, and a confirmed slave of rum. On Friday she was arraigned before Recorder Schlichter, and was found in a drunken condition and benumbed by cold, and would have perished but for the timely discovery of the officers.

Marriages.

FRALEY—DRAYTON—In Grace church, Tuesday, December 22, 1868, at 3 o'clock p. m., by the Rev. Dean F. S. Rodman, rector, John Urban Fraley, Jr., to Miss Katherine Drayton, both of this city.

Deaths.

LOVE—On the 23d inst. Albert Leslie Love, aged two years and two months.

Funeral from the house on Friday at three o'clock.

BACHMAN'S

The Greatest

ATTRACTION of ALL

Sweeping Special

Reductions

is Prom at

Bachman Bros.

Our great Closing Out Sale Consists of

Dry Goods, Toys, Holiday Goods, etc.

We hereby inform the public that our stock of goods which we have on hand, is just suitable for this time of the year. Special and important reductions, are going into effect in every department of our establishment, and continue up to the day we close out our store, which is rapidly gaining its way in that direction. We kindly ask the public to read these prices, and give them their special attention. We hereby enumerate only a few of our many special bargains.

TOYS, TOYS. We have a large variety of Toys and Holiday Goods for all ages. Suitable for boys and girls. You can find in our store dolls, tin and wooden ware, games of all kinds, china sets of dishes in all sizes, and qualities, wax candles and fancy ornaments for Christmas trees, fancy toilet sets, plush boxes, fancy boxes of writing paper, and many more articles suitable for presents. French Wax Dolls have been reduced from $1.50 to 75c.

Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs. Ladies' and Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs, in all colors, sold all over for 75c. Our price **50c.**

Ladies' fancy bordered Handkerchiefs, sold all over for 10c. Our price **3c.**

Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs, in fancy bordered and plain, sold all over for 40c and 50c. Our price 25c.

Rubber Goods. Ladies' best quality rubber gossamers, sold all over at $1.25. Our price **$1.**

Children's, in both Girls and boys, sold all over at 1.75 our price 1.00.

Gents' Rubber Coats, sold all over for 2.25. Our price **$1.50.**

Xmas NIGHT

AT MUSIC HALL,

The Strongest Cast ever sent out of New York, by the

MADISON SQUARE COMPANY,

will appear in

Young Mrs. Winthrop.

Agnes Booth, Maud Harrison, Annie Russell, Frederick Robinson.

To Star in the Great Cast.

Seats now on Sale.

Auction Sale

OF

FURNITURE,

AT LAING'S HALL,

THURSDAY, December, 24,

at One o'Clock.

A quantity of furniture removed from dwelling to hall for convenience of sale, and including bedstead suits, hair mattresses, spring beds, goose feather pillows and bolsters, extension, side and center tables, bouffe, hat rack, clock ry and glass ware, range and other stoves, and various other articles.

T. J. GILLIES, Auc'r.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS

AT SWAIN'S

32 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels, Christmas Souvenir and cards all at **New York Prices.** Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

BUY YOUR

Christmas Candy

OF

B. T. Barnes'

FRONT STREET,

opposite Post Office.

Manufactured on the premises.

Bachman's

GENTS'

Department.

We are making great reductions in this department and offer goods at the following prices:

Gents' suspenders, sold all over for 40c and 50c, our price 25c.

Fancy silk end suspenders, sold all over at $1, our price 50c.

Gent's Cashmere Cloth Gloves, sold all over at 50c, our price 25c.

Standard Linen Collars, in all styles, sold elsewhere at 15, our price 11c each.

Best pure Linen Cuffs, sold elsewhere at 25c, our price 20c pair.

We have a large stock of Gents' Underwear, in White, Scarlet, Silver Grey, Brown, etc., we have reduced 25 and 35 per cent.

Gents' Cardigan Jackets, sold all over for $1.75, our price $1.25.

Dressmaker's Trimmings.

Best soft finish Cambrics, sold all over at 6c, our price 4 1-2c a yard.

Best Dress Braid, sold all over at 6c a piece, our price 5c.

All kinds of Spool Cottons such as Clark's O. N. T., Brooks, and Coates, sold all over at 5c, our price 4c a spool.

Corticelli Sewing Silk, 100 yd spools, sold all over at 9c, our price 8c a spool.

Bustle Springs, sold all over for 10c a set, our price 6c a set.

By giving us a call you will find many useful articles for yourself and save money.

Ladies and Gents' Satin Handkerchiefs, sold all over for $1.25. Our price **75c.**

Ladies' fancy bordered Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, sold all over for 25c. Our price **15c.**

BACHMAN BROS.,

27 West Front Street.

FOR

HOLIDAY GOODS

GO TO

MORALLER'S

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

23 1-2 W. Front St.

Holiday GOODS

IN

GREAT VARIETY

FOR

Ladies', Gents, and Children

AT

POPE BROS.

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

The Largest Stock

OF

HOLIDAY Presents

Ever in Plainfield at

COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

Established 16 years.

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

F. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office: 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street.
Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.42, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.51, 8.07, 8.30, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08 a. m.; 12.53, 1.31, 2.05, 2.51, 3.14, 3.30, 4.02, 4.30, 5.00, 5.41, 6.11, 6.31, 7.21, 9.40 p. m. Sunday, 3.27 a. m., 12.23, 12.57 p. m.; 3.37, 3.51, 5.31, 7.06, 7.30, 9.25 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 5.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.15 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45 a. m.; 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 3.43, 6.23, 7.00, 7.32, 7.56, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08, a. m.; 12.53, 1.31, 2.05, 2.51, 3.14, 3.30, 4.02, 4.30, 5.00, 5.41, 6.11, 6.31, 7.21, 9.40 p. m. Sunday, at 8.40 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 1.00, 1.35, 3.40, 5.35, 6.00, 8.25, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45 a. m.; 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Newark at 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.15 a. m.; 1.00, 1.35, 3.40, 5.35, 6.00, 8.25, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 11.30 a. m.; 12.00, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.15, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 12.40, 4.54, 6.04, 6.40, 8.08, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 6.04 p. m.

Leave Boston at 6.10, 7.30 a. m.; 12.40, 4.45, 6.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Mauch Chunk.

7.15 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Delaware, Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Netcong, Dover, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

12.40 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.54 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Driftonville, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

6.40 p. m.—For Easton, All stops, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 7.27, 9.02, 11.06 a. m. 2.31, 4.30, 6.04, 8.11, 11.21 p. m. (Ocean Grove) 3.27 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.22, 5.10, * 8.20, 10.19, 11.59 a. m., 2.04, 4.31, 6.15, 8.27 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, * 8.45 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 3.30, 5.30, 7.15, 8.45, 9.47, 6.44, * 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 5.31, 12.01 p. m.

Trenton, Tindall Street, at 4.15, * 9.21, * 9.00, 10.30, a. m.; 1.03, 3.31, 7.21, 6.0, * p. m. Sunday at 8.16 a. m.; 4.21 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Tindall Street and Tucker Street, at 1.25, 6.21, * 9.21, * 10.0, 11.35 a. m.; 1.34, 4.22, 6.14, 7.22 p. m. Sunday at 9.25, 9.52, 11.37 a. m.; 4.22 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at South Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. STEARNS, Supt.
J. R. WOOTTEN, Gen. Manager.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23 1885.

SCENES IN THE BOWERY.

Packed with All Sorts and Kinds of People—Two Distinguishing Features.

[Joe Howard in Philadelphia Press.]

The Bowery has been well called the Champs-de-Mars of New York, and yet it is more cosmopolitan than any other portion of the metropolis. From Chatham square, on either side to the further extremity of the Bowery, the sidewalks are at all times packed with all sorts and kinds of human beings. Several lines of surface cars move, by continuously, make the middle of the street lively, while the cars upon the elevated road thunder along up and down, imparting a supernatural element to a scene of tumultuous already multitudinously noisy and distract.

From early morn until the vast procession homeward bound at nightfall crowds the street, the Bowery is the busiest part of New York, but when the evening shades prevail and night takes up her wondrous role the panorama is even more diversified, more picturesque, more unique and weird. The never ceasing tinkling of the bells gives a fairy-like tone to the picture, and the huge bells of the horses attached to cabs, three over and three on like the sudden coming of a ghostly apparition, needing no particularly lively imagination to endow it with all sorts of supernatural attributes.

The Bowery, from end to end, is one great glare of electric fire. Two hundred and eighteen electric lights blaze along the pathway. Every lineament of every human, every dive is made luminous by the novel flame of modern invention. No tailor is too poor, no grimy-fist store so impecunious that it cannot afford the electric light. The two distinguishing features, in fact, of the Bowery are brightness and misery. There are quarters in the Five Points, Mulberry Bend, Cedar Street, Italian hive, where Irish nest, but the Bowery is one great commonwealth of nationalities. Every language known to man is heard on the Bowery. South America sends its three companions, they were attacked by a party of colored men. Mackintosh is so tossed down and kicked, and another man made short work of the ring from its finger. He drew a pistol and shot Jones in the shoulder. The injured man was taken to the hospital. The police have arrested William Wade as one of Mackintosh's assailants, and he was committed in $1,000 bail.

opposed to be McGrath's Body.

Evanston, N. Y., Dec. 23.—A body was found floating in the Hudson near here which is supposed to be that of James McGrath, who has been missing since Nov. 4, when he had several hundred dollars on his person and was intoxicated. It is thought he was robbed, murdered and thrown into the river.

LEFT TO THEIR FATE.

THE RESCUE OF THE IMPRISONED MINERS ABANDONED.

The Second Fall of Coke Filling the Mine With Sulphurous Gases—Hopeless. Despair Casts Its Shadow Over the Village.

WILKESBARRE, Dec. 22.—It is now a settled fact that the 129 twenty-three men and boys who were imprisoned in No. 1 slope of the Susquehanna Coal company, at Nanticoke, on Friday last, met their fate by being caught in the flood, their bodies will be found in the gangways.

There was no zeal for Nanticoke. It is impossible to get a single man to go near the mines, the agony which spread through the village when it was learned after midnight that all efforts to get the men out alive had been abandoned, and the miners were in such a state as that witnessed from 2 to 4 o'clock. No one thought of rest. The whole population was out on the streets discussing in the silent manner of sudden and extreme emotions of despair, cries of agony and mutterings of discontent were heard on every street corner and in almost every household. Relatives of the unfortunate miners were in the wildest agony, and several were seized with convulsions. Fanny Sarver, sister of the two Sarver brothers, was prostrated with violent fits, and as 5 o'clock it was feared that she would die.

Mrs. Kivler, the aged mother of the three Kivler brothers, was at deathly door from weakness and grief, and her many relatives and friends were completely prostrated. The officials in charge of the work of rescue were forced to abandon their labors. An investigation showed that the mines were in the wildest agony, and several were seized with convulsions. Fanny Sarver, sister of the two Sarver brothers, was prostrated with violent fits, and at 5 o'clock it was feared that she would die.

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The only thing that remains is to recover the bodies of the victims, and restore them to their relatives for burial. The officials can done yesterday except to clear away the debris preparatory to beginning anew, and render the machinery and appliances more substantial. Some of the men who will be kept up, and all debris removed as fast as possible. The most practical miners are of he opinion that when the dead men are found it will be found that most of they have been caught in the fall of sand and culm, then the victims will be found one by one as the excavation continues, and it may be two months before the last body is recovered. The loss to the company is estimated at $15,000.

Michael Sarver, father of the two Sarver brothers, was among the last who came out of the shaft. He wept like a child. He is very old and a life-long toiler in the mines. "I had seven boys in the mine and I gathered lying down there," he said, "and as good a daughter as a man could wish lying dead at home. But it is the will of God, and 'His will be done.' It is a terrible affair, and others are suffering as much as I am. I will go down again as soon as they will let me, and I will work day and night to rescue them or die in the effort."

The miners, or most of them, will return to work to morrow. Last night, when the second fall of sand took place, the wild rush of debris carried fear and consternation before it, and drove the brave band of rescuers before it like chaff before the wind. Down the steep incline on which the rescuing force were at work they hastily scrambled. Foreman Warren, and Miners Lewis, Morgan and Abraham who were working in the deep, the others were in the night by it, and they would probably have been killed had they not, by almost superhuman efforts, torn themselves from the sliding mass. Some of the men were carried carried with bended forms through the long tunnel which they had opened through the debris. Then came a fierce blast of air down the incline, which recently, during its ascent and left them to grope their way through the darkness to the foot of the air shaft.

Important Meeting of Steel Men.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 23.—A highly important meeting of steel manufacturers of this city was held at the Hotel Anderson, at which there were present representatives of all the iron and steel firms in this city. The meeting had been called for the purpose of bringing about some organization of steel manufacturers in this city, and ultimately throughout the country, with a view to the establishment of a card rate of prices and the prevention of rate cutting. During the last few years the business has greatly demoralized prices, and manufacturers have been frequently cutting rates. Since prosperity has returned a desire for better prices has become, and it is proposed to revive the association which formerly existed. The meeting lasted two hours, and a number of resolutions on the price question were offered, but they were deferred until a future meeting. Meanwhile the secretary will communicate with manufacturers throughout the country, and arrange for them to attend in larger numbers at the next meeting.

A Minstrel Assembled by Negroes.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—While Thomas Mackintosh, a member of the Georgia Minstrel troupe, was passing through South street with three companions, they were attacked by a party of colored men. Mackintosh was tossed down and kicked, and another man made short work of the ring from its finger. He drew a pistol and shot Jones in the shoulder. The injured man was taken to the hospital. The police have arrested William Wade as one of Mackintosh's assailants, and he was committed in $1,000 bail.

THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

Members Deny That It Has Been Stripped of Its Power.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Members of the old house committee on appropriations deny that that committee has been stripped of any of its real powers by the distribution to other committees of a number of bills which have heretofore been compiled by the appropriations committee. They say that the bills which have been taken from the committee were made up solely from estimates submitted by cabinet officers; that they were simply to provide for expenses for the government which have long been established, and give those who compiled the bills no influence whatever. The bills which really carry power with them for their compilers are the legislative, executive and judicial, and the sundry civil and general deficiency. These three bills contain about all the new legislation, and provisions for private individuals and corporations. The gentlemen who have long held positions on the committee on appropriations state further that it is not expected that the new order of things will materially change the personnel of the new committee, but it would not otherwise have been. Mr. Randall is expected to go to the head of it again, and Messrs. Burns, of Missouri; Ryan, of Kansas; Cannon, of Illinois, and possibly Holman, of Indiana, will be retained upon it, while Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, it is thought, will go the head of postoffices and postroads. For a while it was believed that Mr. Holman would be made chairman of Indian affairs and Mr. Burns of foreign affairs, but Mr. Holman is reported as not anxious for either position, and Mr. Belmont, of New York, is accorded the latter chairmanship. Mr. Hewitt, of New York, it is said, is very desirous of securing first place on naval affairs, but the promotion is pretty general that he will get it.

DREADS AMERICAN IDEAS.

Germany Does Not Not Like Anything From This Country.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Consul General Anderson, at Montreal, reports to the state department that during the year ending June 30, 1885, there was an increase in the value of goods imported from the United States of $53,779. A decrease in the value of goods from Great Britain of $1,092 613 is noted.

Consul General Mueller, in his report as to the condition of trade in Germany, received at the state department, takes a gloomy view of the outlook. He explains that the ill will of the official and ruling classes against the United States operates to the commercial disadvantage. "They dread," says he, "American hogs, wheat and American import generally, but still more the importation of American ideas."

Mr. Mueller then proceeded to give figures bearing out the views above expressed and showing the condition of the country for the year ending Sept. 30 to have been less prosperous than during the year before.

SHOT IN THE BACK.

Two Prominent Cattle Breeders Fight With Fatal Results.

CYNTHIANA, Ky., Dec. 23.—H. D. Frisbie and J. K. Lake, prominent cattle breeders, had an altercation, which will probably result fatally to Mr. Frisbie. The latter was coming down and was riding past the warehouse, where he was accosted by Lake in some business matter. Frisbie replied, it is said, in a very unprofessionally manner, when Lake drew a pistol. Frisbie pulled his pistol, and Lake, seeing this, drew his own pistol, and they began firing simultaneously. After a few shots Frisbie ran behind a tree and Lake fled. Lake, standing in the middle of the pike, vigorously answered. Frisbie was shot once in the middle of the back, near the spinal column, and the wound is very dangerous. Great excitement prevails on account of the high standing of the parties.

The Knoch Murder Mystery.

DETROIT, Dec. 23.—The developments of the last two days have brought no new light to the solution of the mystery still hanging around the terrible quadruple murder of last week. They have only added to its horrors. A second examination of the few remains that were gathered from the ruins of the burned house in which the Knoch family were sleeping especial attention is now given to the skulls, show that at least one of the children was struck with a small hatchet and its headspilit open. The blade of this instrument has also been found, and is believed to have in possession of the officers, who cherish the faint hope that it may furnish the means of identifying the perpetrator of the crime. Beyond these no additional clews have been discovered. The inquest is still being diligently prosecuted.

Arrested on a Charge of Kidnapping.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Dec. 23.—E. Fellows Jenkins, agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, accompanied by two detectives, arrived here from New York and arrested Dr. J. A. Milne, a well-known physician, and John Nevagh, on a charge of kidnapping a child named Eugenia Mohan. The child's mother died recently, leaving it is claimed, $10,000, and Eugenia is the only known relative living. Mr. Jenkins came here with an order from Judge Donohue and demanded, as agent of the society, possession of the child, who was in the custody of Nevagh. The latter, acting on Milne's advice, refused to obey the writ. Judge Churchill admitted both the prisoners to bail in the sum of $1,000each. Dr. Milne is the same who recently refused to testify in a criminal case and was heavily fined for contempt of court.

Instructed Not to Accept Railroad Passes.

HARTFORD, Dec. 23.—There was a town meeting in Farmington a few days ago, and just as the meeting was about to adjourn one of the voters offered a resolution instructing the representatives in the legislature not to accept any railroad passes. There was but little discussion on the resolution and it was passed by a large majority. It is not known if the two representatives elected from the town will accept the instructions. The last session lasted fifty-four actual days and the fare from Farmington to Hartford is 70 cents each way. They would be $59.40 which the representatives would spend for railroad fare.

Changes in The Boston Post.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—The organization of The Boston Post is now completed, and it is announced that the new company has a large capital for publishing. The present will be ordered at once, and a change will soon be made in the form and size of the paper, together with the introduction of new features. Hon. William Warren Swan, of Mackinac county, Mich., and he was committed to jail.

A Steamboat Inspector Removed.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Maj. George A. Copeland was discharged from the office of clerk of the United States local board of steamboat inspectors, which he had held for eight years. The colonel was independent, has been appointed in his place.

PASTEUR'S PATIENTS.

THE NEWARK BOYS INOCULATED BY THE FAMOUS CHEMIST.

He Hopes Soon to Have Them Out of Danger—They Are All in Excellent Health and Spirits—Some Other Cases.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The four children from Newark, who were sent to Paris to be treated according to Professor Pasteur's system for the prevention of hydrophobia, were inoculated for the second time. The little fellows are lodged in a small hotel near the Pantheon, and are brought every day to M. Pasteur's laboratory by Dr. Billings and Mrs. Dean, the latter being the little patient, who accompanied them from Newark.

The Paris correspondent of the Cable News called upon M. Pasteur, and was received in the workroom of the great chemist, a plainly furnished apartment, not larger than a sleeping car. In answer to a question as to the condition of his little patients, M. Pasteur said:

"Everything in regard to their cases is satisfactory. Their general health is perfect, they have no morbid feelings, and I shall be able to pronounce them perfectly normal manner. I am very hopeful of being able to send the children home cured in the course of next week."

The correspondent assured that this would be the cause of great rejoicing in the United States, and that the gratitude of the American people would doubtless find expression in some substantial manner. To which M. Pasteur responded: "If, as you suggest, the Americans should desire to give me a reward, I hope it will take the shape of subscriptions toward the establishment of a special hospital for the treatment of hydrophobia. Nothing could reward me better or gratify me more. I have now had 100 cases under treatment, and my only source of regret is that the conditions for the treatment of these cases is not the most favorable. I would prefer to have the subjects under my direct observation from the beginning to the end of the treatment. But, as you see, I have no room."

When asked if such constant supervision would tend to enforce special dietary rules in hydrophobic cases, M. Pasteur replied: "No; special dieting is not necessary, and no rules of life need be enforced except such ordinary rules of prudence as may be indicated upon by any physician if the patient were in his own home. But the symptoms of hydrophobia in its incipient stages are subtle and mysterious. Many important changes are so slight in their immediate effects that they hardly attract the attention of the patient, and, if described afterward to a doctor, the description is apt to be too curate. Then the disease is so mysterious and variable in its development that the doctor is apt not to attach the true value to the symptoms as described to him. For these reasons, every case of hydrophobia should be carefully and continuously watched by experienced persons, not only for the benefit of the individual patient, but in the interest of medical science."

The professor was asked about the young Frenchman, Jean Alberte who died under his treatment. He replied: "You must understand that the degree of success which I look for, as well as the manner and extent of the inoculations necessary to produce it at the time that has elapsed since the patient was bitten. In the case you speak of, four little girls were bitten by a mad dog in Algeria. Three of them were sent to me forthwith, and were discharged, thoroughly cured, within fifteen days. The fourth was sent a month later, and she died of rabies."

Suicide of a Woman Hater.

READING, Pa., Dec. 23.—An eccentric character named Michael Reninger, aged 60 years, who had been missing since Saturday last, was found hanging to a rafter in his garret, at his house near Shanesville. He was suspended by a rope, his feet touching the floor, apparently dead several days. Mr. Reninger was a bachelor, and he did all his own work. He hated women, and would not allow any female in his house. He kept a cow and a lot of chickens, which were found in an almost starved condition, nothing having been fed to them apparently for several days. No motive can be assigned for the deed.

A Circular to Methodists.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—A circular has been addressed to the ministers and laymen in this country by Mr. Thomas W. Price, setting forth his reasons for opposing the management and methods of the Church Extension society, and in it he recites, with great fullness of detail, the arguments made during the recent session of that body in this city. His main charge is that this body is under the absolute control of the bishops, whereas under the act of 1855 all church property should be under the control of laymen.

Suffocated by Gas.

LANCASTER, Pa., Dec. 23.—Hugh R. Fitzpatrick, a well-known railroad contractor, was found dead in his bed at the residence of his brother-in-law. Fitzpatrick was ill, and the gas was left burning in his room. At 7:30 the odor of escaping gas attracted the attention of his brother-in-law to his room. He found the room full of gas and Fitzpatrick suffocated. It is supposed that he rose in the night to turn off the gas and turned the stop too far.

A Prize Fighter Knocked Senseless.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A prize fight between Ike Williams, of Bridgeport, Conn., and Denny Kelliher, of Boston, took place at Hunters Point, L. I. Williams weighed 135 pounds and Kelliher tipped the beam at 128. Kelliher punished Williams severely, and succeeded in knocking him out in three rounds, leaving the latter senseless for nearly an hour after the fight had ended. About 100 New York and Boston sports witnessed the fight.

Murder at a Ball.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—At a ball given at the residence of John Warren, near Columbia, Miss., a dispute arose between Thomas and Daniel Scarborough, brothers, and John and Bob Bayliss, about a game of cards. Pistols were drawn, and Thomas Scarborough fell dead, shot through the heart. Daniel was shot in the shoulder, and seriously wounded. The Bayliss boys left the county immediately, and their whereabouts are unknown.

The Tariff Attacked.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The Standard, commenting on Secretary Manning's report, makes a savage attack on the American tariff system. The tariff, it says, is a national evil, and the sooner the business dishonesty under which all forms of industry thrive is stopped the better. The Standard's article charges that all American exported manufactured goods are shoddy.

Fire in a Theater.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 23.—At midnight fire was discovered in the dress circle of the Monumental theater on Fayette and Baltimore street. The damage will be about $1,000. The proprietors think they will be able to have the place in sufficient repair to go on with their exhibitions by Thursday.

AN INDIAN AMBUSH.

The United States Troops Shot Down in a Rocky Defile.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 22.—Parties arrived here from Silver City, New Mexico, bringing additional particulars of the disastrous surprise of regular troops near Alma, New Mexico, last Saturday, by a band of Apache guerillas. Two officers and four troopers were killed outright, and two officers and seventeen troopers wounded. The detachment comprised thirty-five men all told, being a portion of Troop C, Eighth cavalry, stationed regularly at San Antonio. They were part of Fountain's command, and were quietly marching through a rocky defile in the mountains at about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when suddenly, without a note of warning, the report of a dozen rifles from the rocks above echoed along the mountains. The red devils had secreted themselves behind high rocks, and fired down at them from the unexpecting soldiers. The attack was so sudden, so well directed and timed, that the troops were thrown into a state of great confusion. The horses became unmanageable, and the little cavalcade got away from the spot as quickly as possible, leaving the dead behind. Scarcely an Indian was to be seen, and only the flashes of their rifles told where the Apaches lay hidden. Such a thing as dislodging them was clearly impossible with so small a force.

After riding a short distance and hearing for the wounded the troops dismounted and cautiously approached the spot where the attack was made. Upon scaling the mountain side on that side they found that the Indians had not succeeded and mutilated the bodies, as is their custom, but immediately after the soldiers retreated the Indians sought their position on the mountain trail going southward toward Mexico.

Surgeon Lieut. Thomas J. C. Maddux, one sergeant and four troopers were almost instantly killed by the first fire of the Indians. The names of the dead troopers have not yet been ascertained, as the company is a new one in these parts.

VIGNAUX DEFEATS SCHAEFER.

The Second Game of the Series for the Bait-Line Championship.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Schaefer won the bank in the second game of the series for the fourteen-inch balk-line championship, but "allied" to Vignaux after making 100, and slipped up on an easy draw. Schaefer followed with runs of 15, 21, 49 and 15, making his buttons at the end of the fifth inning count as 164. Vignaux, after the fifth inning passed Schaefer with a run of 96. Schaefer, however, in the seventh inning commenced to play his old-time dashing style and passed the Frenchman, leading at the end of the ninth with 53, leaving the balls together for Vignaux. The latter took advantage of the leave to the tune of 44 and passed Schaefer once more, leaving the score Vignaux 198, Schaefer 176.

The game continued dull and uninteresting until the end of the twenty-eighth inning, when the Frenchman had increased his lead to 300. Schaefer made a rally in the twenty-sixth and knocked out the biggest run of the evening, 105.

The applause for Schaefer as he passed the 100-point mark was deafening. In an uncontentatious way he added 80 in his thirty-second inning, and with a run of 48 in the thirty-sixth gained a lead of 38. Jacobs and his friends looked jubilant, but the stolid Frenchman broke the combination by running the game out to 500 in 400 points and victory, receiving unstinted applause. Schaefer's score was 698.

Knights of Labor Ignored.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Trouble is anticipated between the Knights of Labor and the Kilmer Manufacturing company, of this city. The firm employs 1,500 men. The police or protection. Mr. Packard, the labor representative, says that unless the company takes back the men made it has discharged the firm will begin a general boycott of the firm within two weeks. The Messrs. Kilmer say that they will not recognize the labor organization, and they add that they are filling up the vacant places as rapidly as possible with non-union men. The Knights of Labor are belogred to be 1,500 strong in the city, and the general opinion seems to be that the firm will have to yield eventually.

Murdered and Robbed.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—News reached here from Crystal City, forty miles south, that the dead body of Martin Thorpe, a glass worker from Belvidere, Pa., was found in the woods near that place with the skull crushed in. The crime was committed several days ago, robbery being evidently the motive, as a valuable watch of the deceased was gone and his pocketbook was found near by rifled of its contents.

The Capitol Deserted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Capitol is now almost deserted. In the house a dozen members are to be seen in small groups, and all the employes, but most of the freqenters of the place have gone for the holidays. It will take the clerks several days to get through with their work of the session. The great resolutions introduced, there being 1,003 of them. Not half a dozen senators were seen at the Capitol during the day.

A Whaler Supposed to be Lost.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 23.—The whaling bark Amethyst, San Francisco, is supposed to be lost. She sailed from this port in Arctic ocean about Oct. 7, bound out with five whales. She formerly belonged in this city and has been in the Arctic sealing for several years under agency of Wright, Browne & Co., San Francisco. Some of the officers and crew belong on Long Island.

Sam Johnson Committed for Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Samuel Johnson, who is accused of murdering John Sharpless, near Chester, was given a hearing, and was committed to jail to await the action of the Delaware county authorities. Carrie Lane and Mollie Stevens were the two principal witnesses examined, and were also committed to await similar action.

The Telephone Suit.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The report that Secretary Lamar would soon render his decision in the telephone suit is denied, but there are surface indications that when he arrives at a conclusion it will be in favor of a suit being brought, and it will probably be recommended that it be brought in Tennessee, as originally intended.

Commissioner Colman's Account Disputed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Comptroller Durham has disallowed $1,800 in the account of Agricultural Commissioner Colman, on the ground that the amount expended was not authorized by law. Colman has already spent for seeds, and the account is similar to the items disallowed in the accounts of Commissioner Loring.

The Madrase All Right.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The lighthouse board has a telegram announcing the arrival of the steamer Madrase at Aspinwall. Lieut. Paraiso, Lieut. C. H. West commanding, 28 days out from New York, en route for San Francisco, via straits of Magellan. All well on board.

Dress Goods, formerly selling at 25c., are now sold for 10c per yard.

Ladies' Rubber Circulars reduced from $1.49 to 49 cts.

Boehm's Closing Out.

$30,000 Sale OF Dry Goods,

At Cost Prices.

TO CONTINUE

Until Dec. 31. '85

Before taking inventory preparatory to dissolving partnership.

Presents for All!

The Holidays are coming and we would advise you to stop and look at our immense stock of Holiday Gifts before purchasing elsewhere. Prices Lower than Ever.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

Our immense stock of Cloaks, Newmarkets Children's Cloaks, etc., reduced 40 per cent.

1,500 Pounds of Western Geese Feathers former price $1, reduced to 69c per lb.

4 4 Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

Lot of Dress Goods selling at 25c reduced to 10c per yard.

Reductions in Underwear, Corsets, Shawls Shirts, Flannels, Cloths, etc., at

7 W. FRONT ST.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

BEST

QUALITY **Coal**

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1467.

R. WALDRON,

No. 9 East Front Street,

First National Bank Building, Plainfield, N.

MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

PICTURE FRAMES.

Gold Frames for Paintings

a Specialty.

OLD FRAMES REGILDED

to equal New.

First-class Work. Low Prices

H. S. BARNES.

CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION

TO HIS

Carefully Selected Stock

OF

Holiday Goods

WHICH HE IS SELLING AT

STRICTLY

NEW YORK PRICES.

17 and 19 Front Street, East.

PLAINFIELD

Steam Laundry

ESTABLISHED 1877

EAST THIRD STREET

A. G. Thorn, Prop.

Laundrying in all its branches.

Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.

Custom or Gloss Finish.

Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Laing's, 5 Park Avenue. Goods called for at residences. P. O. Box. 970.

Headquarters for

VOEHL'S

Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.

15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Warnick, all the members of my patrons to my stock of all varieties of first class Cake Pies, Bread, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at Old Somerset corner, will be in charge of my son. Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.

JACOB VOEHL.

Successor to A. Warnick, No. 15 West Front street Plainfield, New Jersey.

GRAND DISPLAY OF FALL AND WINTER Clothing,

MEN'S BOYS' AND YOUTHS

All made by us and the workman ship is guaranteed.

ALSO

A SPENDID LINE OF

Cloths, Cassimeres and Felting, MADE TO ORDER

Our Merchant Tailoring *DEPARTMENT*

Replete with every variety, Perfect fits guaranteed or No sale.

JOHN H. FRENCH

39 W. Front St., opposite Music Hall.

L. M. FRENCH Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs

FINE CARRIAGES ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CALL AND SEE the Handsomest Assortment

F. A. Pope's

(Successor to M. VERMEULE.)

Hats, Caps and Furs.

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Horse Blankets and Robes, latest styles. Large Stock. Low Prices. Polite Attention.

NO 5 WEST FRONT ST.

Opposite Somerset Street.

FISHER and MONFORT Photographers

15 EAST FRONT ST.

are making their best

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

FOR

$3.50 Per Dozen

Specimens at the Door.

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces Ranges & Stoves.

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

JOSEPH T. VAIL:

REAL ESTATE AND *FIRE INSURANCE*

LOANS NEGOTIATED

Office Opposite Railroad Station.

RESIDENCE NO. 29 E. SIXTH ST.

Dealer in

BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

P. O. Box 925.

FRANCE IN MADAGASCAR.

HE ASSUMES A PROTECTORATE OVER THAT ISLAND.

Probable Action of Great Britain in the Matter—Congress Democrats—Redpath Gladstone on the Irish Question—Parnellites will Wait.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The long standing warfare between France and the Horas of Madagascar is announced as having been terminated by the conclusion of a treaty of peace signed at Antananrivo. Such terms of the agreement as have been cabled to Paris give the following particulars. France assumes a protectorate over the island, and will retain the ports now there as an army of occupation pending the settlement of a war indemnity amounting to 10,000,000 francs, which has been assessed against the Madagascans. The queen of the Horas, the ruling race of natives, retains her sovereignty over the entire island, in name at least, but France supplies the advisers of the queen, and may select a cabinet and will have direction of foreign affairs. He will be protected by a permanent guard of French officers. It will thus be seen that the French influence is the supreme and that France has gained practically all that she has sought during the protracted and sanguinary conflict with the patriotic people of the island. It is probable that some of the half savage coast tribes, whose subsidiary to the Horas has hardly been more than nominal, will yet require to be subdued by vigorous measures before the French gain sufficiently complete control of the coast to prevent smuggling and piracy and enjoy the full benefit of the rich trade of the island which has been made by the war. With the news of the signing of the treaty in official, the guarantees thus far received are too meagre to form a basis of action, so to whether or not the real British opposition will permit its ratification, in view of this government's previous protests against the action of France in forcing a war of conquest upon the Horas, and in view of Great Britain's interest in Madagascar, while not so eminent by two centuries as that of France, is more tangible and valuable. It was under the auspices of England's agents and missionaries in 1830 that Madagascar first became a factor in international commerce and began to emerge from paganism, and there will be a great public disposition to see Britain get a rich island, second in size only to Australia, to slip entirely out of England's jurisdiction.

ORANGEMEN DENOUNCED.

They Must Submit to the Laws or Fight the Queen's Troops.

DUBLIN, Dec. 23.—Mr. T. D. Sullivan, lord mayor-elect of Dublin, addressing a meeting of the Irish National league in this city, denounced the Orangemen and their recent threatening against home rule as bigoted lunacies. He said the last question must be settled soon, and must be settled according to the immutable law of supply and demand. It was impossible to guarantee to landlords the ancient value or the ancient rental of their property in the face of the competition of the fertile prairie lands and the free lands of America and Australia. He warned the Ulster braggarts that resistance to home rule when that measure was once passed, would mean nothing less than treason, and would speedily involve them in fighting enough to satisfy them, but the fighting would be not with the National league but with the queen's troops. He expressed the hope and belief that Mr. Gladstone would persevere in pressing his scheme of home rule for Ireland, disregarding the clamors of a loyalist, unpatriotic and unsympathetic minority.

Herbert Gladstone's Opinion.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Mr. Herbert Gladstone writes to the United press that he fears the Tories will try to wash their hands of Parnell now that they have lost the hearts of the Irish voters in the elections. He believes that an active continuance of party warfare is the only method of getting justice for Ireland. Lord Rosebery, Mr. Gladstone's chief lieutenant in Scotland, writes to the United Press that he is willing to concede home rule to Ireland, on the condition that the unity of the empire is maintained.

Parnellites Will Play a Waiting Game.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Mr Parnell has informed his colleagues that he would be unwise to attempt to formulate their demands on behalf of Ireland. He believes that the proper policy now is to play a waiting game, and in that connection to carefully watch and study all political events affecting the cause.

The Father of Locomotives.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The "John Bull" locomotive, the ancestor of all the locomotives now in use on American railroads, has been placed on exhibition in the historical hall at the Smithsonian institute. It was built in England in 1829, by George Stephenson, and sent to this country. It was presented to the museum by the Pennsylvania Railroad company. For many years past they have had it in their possession.

The Gladstone's Challenge Accepted.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—At a meeting of the New York Yacht club the challenge of the English cutter Gelatea, to contend for the American cup, was accepted, and at the next meeting of the club a regatta committee a special committee will be appointed to arrange the details of the contest.

Mississippi Convicts Leased.

JACKSON, Dec. 23.—The convicts of the state were leased to the Gulf and Ship Island Railway company. The terms on their face are to begin immediately, and it is expected it will be soon completed from this city to the gulf.

Chess in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Arrangements for the chess match between Mason, Steinitz and Zuckertort have been perfected by the committee of the Manhattan Chess club. The play will commence on either Jan. 4 or 5.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Reuben A. Hill, Indian agent at the Hoopa agency in Montana, has resigned.

The Pennsylvania Coal company at Pittston has closed eight shafts, throwing over 1,000 men out of employment.

The secretary of the treasury appointed Edward Marsland to be inspector of boilers of steam vessels at the port of New York.

The boiler factory of the No-Name Hat manufactory in Orange Valley was gutted, and the contents and machinery totally destroyed. Loss, $30,000; covered by insurance.

Arthur Benjamin, proprietor of an immense manufactory in South Egremont, Mass., has failed. His liabilities are estimated at $27,000.

The priests in the Roman Catholic diocese of Montreal have received a letter from Bishop Fabre forbidding them to meddle with politics in any form.

Israel Traxler, aged 70, reputed to be worth $10,000, was run over and killed on the Lehigh and Susquehanna railroad, at Glenbrook, Pa., while picking coal.

THE MORMON CONSPIRACY.

Trial of an Eminent Saint for Conspiring to Defraud Gentile Officials.

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 23.—The trial of R. T. Hampton, charged with conspiracy, was commenced before Judge Zane. Hampton, who is one of the wealthiest and most influential saints, is charged with inducing Sato a conspiracy with disreputable women for the purpose of entrapping Federal officers and Gentiles. The only witness examined was that of Sato, who testified that she entered into a contract with Hampton; that he furnished a home for her; that the police paid her rent, and that Hampton sent them in the house or "spotters," that Hampton had paid her $400 altogether; that he took her past Governor Murray's residence in a buggy, pointed out the house, and told her to call on the governor and try to get him to call on her; that Hampton had promised her $3000 if she entrapped the governor; that Hampton and his associates hated him for the part they played in compromising the governor, in order to get his polygamists out of the penitentiary. From her testimony it appeared that the police took a hand in the matter, and that it was a conspiracy. The trial is exciting great interest, and will probably last several days. The saints are hopeful that they can overcome the mayor of this city and other officials.

Judge Zane impaneled the grand jury and gave them pointed instructions to investigate cases of polygamy. He referred to the numerous flagrant violations of the law made in this city, and said he would call on the grand jury to make a thorough investigation, and said he would excuse any one who gave evidence in the case. He told them they must defend themselves, even by shooting their assailants, if necessary.

CUT TO PIECES.

Horrible Death of Joseph Walsh—Supposed Fatal Effects of Liquor.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Joseph Walsh, 30 years of age, living at No. 18 Hamilton street, this city, and employed on the dock at the foot of South Second street, Brooklyn, nearly died, when into the Brooklyn Sugar house, near the dock at 7 P. M., and while reeling at some passers-by fell backward and was caught by the revolving mills and was literally chopped to pieces. The machinery was stopped as soon as possible and the remains of the unfortunate man were taken out and identified by a friend named Frederick Bird, of No. 57 South Fifth street. He carried the remains out to the dock and then went back to the sugar house where several people stood that he was very white, and great drops of perspiration rolled down his face. He could hardly walk, and upon reaching his workroom sank down in a chair. The sight had overcome him, he replied to inquiries, but he thought he would be all right in a few minutes after a short rest. He tried to rise to his feet and started to walk to the machine, but reeled and fell to the floor. Several fellow workmen rushed to assist him, but he was dead. A physician was summoned, who pronounced the trouble heart disease, caused by the shock sustained in picking the mangled remains of his friend Walsh from the cylinder knives. Coroner Messe will hold both inquests.

Killed His Father.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Dec. 23.—A terrible tragedy occurred from Madison county, on the Big Laurel. It appears that James Gunter and his son were drinking together and got into an altercation. The son struck into the air and then seized an ax and started toward the son, who remained in the house. The latter, seeing the danger in which he was, reached up over the door for a gun and shot his father through the bowels. The unfortunate man died in a few moments. Young Gunter has been arrested and is lodged in Asheville. His attorneys have made application for a writ of habeas corpus, so the plea of justifiable homicide. The prisoner is one of the best planters of his section, owns a fine farm, and is worth about $8,000.

No Hope of Finding the Orphan Boy.

ST. IGNACE, Mich., Dec. 23.—The Mackinaw Lumber company has given up all hope of finding the schooner Orphan Boy, and has ordered the tug Quick to return here. The captain of the Saugatuck telegraphed from Northport that nothing had been seen of the schooner at either Fox, Hog, Whitefish or Beaver islands. No wreckage or lumber had been found. It says the vessel could never get to Green Bay with the wind northwest, as she would be blown on the north shore. She passed the head of Beaver island at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Dec. 4. The telegram concludes: "We go south when the weather calls."

A Jersey Farmer's Fatal Fall.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Jacob A. Stivers, a farmer at Bensonville, Sussex county, N. J., fell while climbing over a fence and broke his neck. He and his son had been to a mountain wood lot two miles away. At 4 o'clock he started to walk home, taking a short route across the fields, while his son followed the road by way of the road. The deceased was found by his son two hours later. Mr. Stivers was a model farmer, and was noted for his strength. He left a widow, three daughters and two sons. He was 65 years old. He was an uncle of M. D. Stivers, editor of The Middletown Press.

"Gentleman George" in Jail.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 23.—Among the forty-five arrivals of prisoners at the Ohio penitentiary during the last quarter ever received at the institution in one day, was the notorious George A. Elwood, known as "Gentleman George," burglar, who is wanted for crimes in New York, Boston, Detroit and Chicago. Elwood comes on a two-year sentence for burglary, having robbed a house in Toledo. He was only left a few minutes unguarded as he was leaving met the recipient of the house on the plazza and relieved him of his money and jewelry.

Died for Their Religion's Sake.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 23.—Samuel Steinberg and wife, each 80 years old, died from the effects of suffocation by the gas which had escaped from a base-burner stove, the pipe of which had fallen. Friday being a holy day, and one religiously observed by the Jews in which they labored, all work being prohibited, they would not lift a hand to adjust the pipe. When found they were so nearly dead that it was impossible to resuscitate them, but the old lady vouchsafed the foregoing explanation.

New England Day.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—At the exposition New England day was celebrated with music, songs and speeches, and New England's sons and daughters sat down to a boiled cod. There were present many old men who hadn't seen their New England birthplace for fifty years. It was decided to have an annual banquet of the New England society, which has not met until now since before the war.

Robbed by a Masked Man.

CLINTON, Wis., Dec. 23.—William Graham, a bachelor, living five miles south of here, was confronted by a masked man, who compelled him at the point of a pistol to deliver up $4,000 which he had in the house. Henry Lawsie, a neighbor, has been arrested, charged with being the robber.

The Prince Royal.

$3.50 Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Balmoral or Congress. Made stanches and on with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery calf. Either broad or narrow toe. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

REMOVAL.

S. J. NEAL,

THE CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

38 WEST FRONT ST.,

in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk curtains, coats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer in

LUMBER!

MASONS' MATERIALS

COAL.

Also keep in stock double quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Yale boxe Call on

BURD'S PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.

This machine is a w in use in my yard, No. 46 Park avenue. It through it comes the coal that passes over it. The coal is not thrown against the screen, so that the dirt can straight through. I invite the public to call and see it work. Here the Honeybrook and other first-class coals always on hand. Also Kindling Wood, and A. Mitchell, jr's, Fertilizers and Bone Meal.

MORGAN BIRD

Park Avenue, Plainfield N. J

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

25 North Avenue,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.

Raised Finish, Brocade Velvets, Leather Papers, Linerusta Walltons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

L. B. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE

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FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

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LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,

Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

PARK HOUSE.

PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. House located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 200 feet. Grounded and shaded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.

J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

Le Boutillier Bros.,

BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.

500 ENGLISH

Walking Jackets

$6.95

They are made from Rough Beaver Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $12 each. Also 500 rough cloth and

JERSEY JACKETS

$5, 6, 6.98, 7.50, 10, 12.

Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, HOSE, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.

Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,

Boot and Shoe Dealer,

6 PARK AVE.

Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and desires the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

Comptons

PURE Philadelphia

ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard. Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

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CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken of Adults and Children.

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer

JOHN W. LAING,

HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

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Taken to Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open sheds for the accommodation of the public. 11-18y

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Thomas Kelna, Corner of Grove St. and Green Brook Road. Teaming in all kinds of

Ice, Lumber and Fixtures,

At wholesale N. Y. prices. All orders promptly attended to.

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Robbins' Cigars,

Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 10-27

A. I. Smalley, North avenue.

Meat Market,

Orders delivered free to all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 69 Somerset street,

Grocer & Confectioner,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Produce. Good Assortment, Rockingham Stoves and Earthenware, Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets.

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Piano and Organ

For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. R. Front street and Elm Place.

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Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets,

Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. Parlor stitching and Dressmaking. 16 East Front street.

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all jobs established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Rooms at Queen House, Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Lessons given from 9 a. m. to 3 p.m. Ladies or their dressmakers taken and a

Perfect Fitting Lining Cut

and basted under my direction, over which they can make their own dresses with entire success. Tailor system. Ladies can have their patterns cut at home.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season. 87 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Rubbard, Mailbox avenue and Third street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,

Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

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Permanent & Transient Board,

at Fair Rates. First-class stables and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Emily streets.

I. L. McVey, Prince Bella,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After 30 experience of 20 years I feel confident of giving satisfaction. Orders left at my store with satisfaction. Office, No. 4 Park avenue near Front street. Shop in East Front. 1-24-1y

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Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and jewelry a specialty.

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Stabling for horses by day, week or month Terms moderate. Jacob Blimm, Prop.

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Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

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Six Barrels of

Kindling Wood for Sale by Keller,

At George Dawson's Kindling Wood Establishment, No. 12 Water street. 6-29-3m

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Insurance

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Is Now Furnished by

JOHN WILSON.

A good supply of stone in THREE SIZES is kept constantly on hand, and orders for large quantities can be promptly filled. This stone is admirably adapted for ROAD BEDS on public thoroughfares, or for DRIVES and WALKS on private grounds. It is HARD and CLEAN. No clay and soft stone is mixed with it.

Orders can be sent through the post office or may be left with Robert Simpson, West Front Street corner Washington Ave

Go To F. C. GREEN,

(Successor to GREEN & CO.)

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FOR BARGAINS!

A FINE Parlor Suite - $38.50

Seven Pieces.

SOLID Ash Chamber Suite $26

Eight Pieces.

OAK OR WALNUT Extension Table - $6

A GOOD Lounge for - - $7

FOR BARGAINS

IN NEW AND

SECOND-HAND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

AND FOR

First Class Cabinet Work

AND

UPHOLSTERING

CALL AT THE STORE OF

J. S. Powlison

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Electric Fire Alarm

Electric Burglar Alarms, improved and new; Electric Call Bells, Electric Gas Lighting, Electric Front Door Bells, Electric Servants Call Bells

Electric Thermostat so connected with battery (see above) as to prevent too low or high a temperature in your office, living apartment or conservatory, will notify when the fire is going out, etc

REPAIRS TO ALL KINDS OF ELECTRIC APPARATUS.

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Successor to F. S. KINSMAN & CO.,

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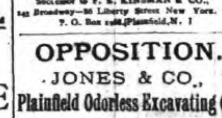
Plainfield Odorless Excavating Co



For cleaning and disinfecting Cesspools, and privy vaults. Thorough and satisfactory work guaranteed.

Small and isolated vaults cleaned at reasonable rates.

Leave orders with D. J. Lloyd, C. E. Bell, Adam and Hubbard's Hardware and Seed store, Josselyn Co., P. O. Box 1201, Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call 20.

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Low Prices

Our Fall stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited; comprising all grades of

Ingrains, Three-Plys, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, Tournay and Royal Wiltons.

of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishings. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above good are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

DECEMBER BARGAINS.

We are placing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at the very lowest prices.

Orders Carefully Executed

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SHORTEST NOTICE

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CELEBRATED

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream

& Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream Imitations

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursions, Festivals, etc., at great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

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DEBILITATED MEN.

You are allowed a Free Trial of 30 days of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances, upon the following: Young men (and old men) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality, lack of nerve force, and kindred troubles, resulting from abuse and other causes, are advised to write us at once. Illustrated pamphlet free. No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. Address as above. No C. O. D. humbug. Mention this paper. Correspondence solicited. Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

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Will Retail during December a First-Class Line of

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AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Nicoll

The Tailor

145, to 149 Bowery,

and

771 Broadway

Opposite Stewart's.

New York

A. SWALM,

Wall Paper,

No. 6 North Avenue.

SELECTIONS.

If little labor, little are our gains,
Man's fortunes are according to his pains.
—[Herrick.

When joy's gold and purple dies,
When her day is done,
Faith shines through the Arctic skies
Like a midnight sun.
—[German.

Quench the timber's fallest embers,
Quench the red leaves in December's
Winter rime on all chilly spray,
But the earth shall kindle nearer,
Household welcomes sound sincerer,
Heart to loving heart draw closer
—[Whittier.

A world-worn man, at fall of eve,
Sat by a year and I shall rest.
"It is not much," he said, "to leave
Then on the mountain's capstarred crest
Content shall come, Joy's flag shall wave."
The years and found him in his grave.

TYPES OF CARD-PLAYERS.

The Wordy Chatterer, the Silent Man and the Coroner—Their Traits.
[Exchange.]

Of the more obvious types of poker-players, only a few are large enough demand and deserve consideration. These are the chatterer, the silent man, and the coroner. The chatterer is the player who is persistent in talking, who is full of the gift of the gab of yarn, whose tongue runs on and rattles along in the presence of death or of four aces. But the chatterer is not always a bad player. He has a method in his garrulousness, and how and again he is not swept away by the flood of his own words. There may be a keen eye and a quick brain above the rapid talking; and not unfrequently the chatterer has prescience of the best time for closing out.

The silent man rarely opens his mouth save to put a cigar into it; he lets his money talk for him; he is always ready with his stake; he rarely bluffs, and he never shows his hand unnecessarily. He plays a card in it. More frequently than not he is a winner. He often takes a plain soda or a glass of sherry when others accept the fragrant julep or the seductive cocktail. His conversation becomes general all the game flags, when the chatterer is coming to the point of a good story, he is wont to wrap on the table impatiently and say, "Now, sir! he's play poker. What are we hear for, anyhow?" Then everybody comes in sedately and sorrowfully and the game settles down and they stand the raise and he stands pat with a full.

The coroner is the player who fusses on holding a pat hand from the very deepest hand. He is fond of talking, if over, at the latter call it, fighting one's battles o'er, is one of the best ways of learning whist; but in poker the habit of fighting the legend can detect it gone play is insufferable. The coroner is also given to congratulating himself on sympathetical victories on supposititious hands. If his opponent, who pulled pens, he'd always have the best of hands. When he is a dealer, the coroner is prone to look at the cards he might have drawn had he not been in his hand to himself the joy of winning many Barnacle pots.

Missionary Work in British Columbia.
(Our Pioneer Press.)

The full realization of the missionaries' dream of aboriginal restoration may be seen in the Methodist Indian Mission of British Columbia, some thirty miles from the Alaska frontier. This is a missionary station, about which are gathered fully 1,200 Indians, who are being taught many of the mechanical arts. They have a saw mill, barrel factory, blacksmith shop, a large co-operative store, a number of residences, with organ, choir, bell and stained glass windows, a fire and military company, a two-gun battery and a brass band of thirteen pieces. The church has belfry and spire, vestibule, grained arches and pulpit carved by hand, brussels carpet in the aisles, and all the appointments of a modern sanctuary.

The people occupy two-story houses of uniform size, 16x30 feet, with enclosed flower gardens and vegetable garden-walk, running, wide, in front of the whole of them. There is a large town hall or assembly-room of the same capacity as the church, communicating with the church by a gallery. It is used for councils, balls, meetings and for a drill-room. It is warmed by three great fire-places in the center of the building, and lighted by large lamps. There are but a half dozen white people in the community. The people dress very tastefully in modern garb, and I am not sure but they like the fashions. The women weave the cloth for all the garments, and there are gardens which afford vegetables and fruit in abundance. I think it is the cleanest and most orderly settlement on the continent.

Vagaries of a Crazy Billiardist.
[Baltimore American.]

The insanity of Joe Dean, the billiardist, makes him imagine that he is constantly playing important match games. His first crazy vagary was to fancy that he was engaged in a long-distance game, and went through the games in his billiard rooms, believing that he was in the Chicago hall, and that a big assemblage was watching his cleaner work. He was also under the impression of bolstering his mythical victories in front of the premises, and gave considerable money to friends to bet with on his winning the championship. On being taken to the Bloomingdale asylum the lack of a billiard table did not disabuse him of his delusion. He is constantly going through the motions of play without cue or balls. The gentlemans is a curious study of dementia, and the play-alians say that the case is a rare one in the records and persistency of the hallucination. It is probable that he can be cured.

What He Gave the Society.
[Philadelphia Call.]

English—We are about to hold a meeting to organize a sop society this winter.

Englishman—An excellent project—excellent.

"I thought you would be in favor of it. I am glad to see you on the society. I know you will give something."

"With the greatest of pleasure. You may put me down for a speech at the meeting."

To Prevent Mistakes.
[Western Druggist.]

To prevent the dispensing of morphine for quinine a strip of steel should be firmly riveted to the neck of the bottle containing it, the neck being first plugged with a terpedo so arranged as to explode and shatter the steel when the poison is taken in the mouth. If the cork survives it will know that the shock cannot morphine.

Fighting Artificial Heifers.
[Chicago Herald.]

The dairymen of Prussia—where farming seems to struggle under quite as great a depression as in some of our States—are fighting artificial butters and demanding that the government compel the makers to call their goods by their right names.

Mistaken Identity.

Miss Kilkenny—Were two members of the same church well liver up all the sparkle in a room fronds, and unless the edge of an 80-yr-old bent down to 9 without causing convulsions, does' hope for too much from any in a society of moderately composed of elderly.

SLAVERY IN BRAZIL.

FAILURE OF THE FIRST LEGISLATION LOOKING TOWARDS ABOLITION.

The "Free Birth Law"—Legislation Proposed by the Conservatives Who Have Come into Power—The New Bill—Immigration.

[Rio Janeiro Cor. Inter Ocean.]

The government of Brazil is a limited monarchy, and the emperor has about as much power and occupies a similar relation to the people as Queen Victoria. Events have given the change of administration was a favorable thing for the country, and is under the leadership of the new premier there is the prospect of the final final enactment of law looking to the extinction of slavery within the next ten years.

The first legislation directed toward the abolition of slavery was enacted in 1871, in what is known as the "free-birth law," which was framed by the emperor himself, and adopted by congress largely through his own personal influence.

THE LAW'S PROVISIONS.

This "laid the ax at the root of the tree" and provided that human bondage in Brazil should cease with the present generation. Every child born since the passage of the act is free, but the owner of the mother is required to educate it and support it until 21 years old, being entitled to the benefit of its labors during the same time. The law also provided that slaves should be credited with their labor, and all services performed during the day after the regular hours were considered as a surplus and credited against the value of the slave, in order that those who had energy and ambition might in this manner accumulate a little money and by a further provision all slaves reaching the age of 60 were free, but could look to their old masters for support in case they were in a condition of disability.

But this law, however well intended, proved impracticable, and could not be generally enforced. It threw many restrictions upon the records of births, both by the slaves and their masters. The latter refused to credit their slaves with extra labor performed, and as the high valuation that very few were able to earn their freedom; they neglected to educate the children as required by law, so that even if a young man passed his 21st year he was not qualified to enjoy it or exercise the right of citizenship. The old men and women were turned off the plantations to beg or find refuge in the public almshouses, and the planters, feeling no longer any interest in the health and welfare of their slaves, neglected their sanitary condition, and ill-treated them. The result of the law was to decapitate the laboring element of the country, and proved a disaster to the slaves as well as their masters, disturbing the political condition of the country.

THE PRESENT SITUATION.

Since the "free-birth law" failed to accomplish what was intended, the thoughts of the statesmen and leading men of the country have been directed to the adoption of new measures. The Liberal element advocated immediate and peremptory abolition similar to that which occurred in the United States. The Conservatives originally defended the slavery system, but were finally compelled to give in to the Liberals and fought for its extension. Thus, recognizing that the better policy was to secure gradual emancipation, they have been advocating measures looking to that end, and while apparently opposed to the Liberals, have the protection of the pecuniary interests of the slaveholders.

The Liberal party, in the meantime, split into two factions. One desired total abolition and the other deeming that impossible favored a compromise. The moderate men were in power, failing to secure the support of the advance wing of the party were compelled to seek the assistance of the moderate Conservatives, and finally failed utterly. Then the next time the new congress appropriations were refused for the support of the government; legislation was blocked. The Radicals declined to support the ministry and the opposition wing of the Conservative party did not propose to let their political opponents have the credit of the reform. Failing to accomplish anything, they got hold of the bill in the senate, Dr. Saraiva and his colleagues of the ministry resigned.

THE NEW BILL.

The emancipation bill of the new ministry resembles in it general features the measures which have been so earnestly advocated by the Liberal, but contains some modifications demanded by the Conservative element, and will undoubtedly become a law. It provides first for the immediate emancipation of all slaves over the age of 60 years, and this will release about 200,000 old men and women from bondage. Their owners are, however, compelled to make suitable provision for such as are infirm or crippled.

The second provision calls for a registration of all slaves under the age of 60 years, with no record of the number to be fixed by the enumerators. Those between the ages of 10 and 50 are to be valued at a sum not greater than $300; those between 50 and 60 one-fourth less, and those between 40 and 50 one-half less, and those between 50 and 60 three-fourths less. Females are valued at 25 per cent less than males of the same age.

The third provision of the law sets aside 5 per cent of the revenue of the government as an emancipation fund, for the purchase of such slaves as their masters are willing to sell at the government valuation. Such persons as are freed by the use of this fund are, however, obliged to work for the government at the regular wages of freedmen until they have earned an amount equal to the cost of their freedom. At the end of five years all the slaves belonging to the nation will be made, and at the end of thirteen years all persons in bondage become free. Those who have made a study of the subject believe, however, that with 5 per cent slavery will cease to exist in Brazil as slaves will then practically cease to be valuable.

BOUNTY ON IMMIGRATION.

Another important feature in the bill is that which provides that planters who import free laboring men are to receive a bounty of so much per capita from the government, and that a tax is to be levied to pay the cost of the transportation of the emigrants from Europe to Brazil. There is a great scarcity of labor in the country, and several planters have already imported Chinese coal coolie under contract, as has been done for some years in Peru. But it is absolutely necessary to secure a large amount of foreign laborers in order to keep down the utter demoralization of the agricultural system of the country.

A Sugar-Refining Process.
[Philadelphia Call.]

The inventor of a process for refining sugar by electricity at a expense of 45 cents a ton, has applied for and on July 28, 1885, 323,601 for the patent. It is said that the process is to be tested in England.

Inventing the "Inexpensive."

New York brokers make a very good thing by producing weekly young financial publications, which are filled with light in the "red" quarters.

LIFE EVERLASTING.

[M. Sears Brooks in Springfield Republican.]

By the roadside it grows,
Lifts its white orgies
Where the blushing wild rose
Was trampled down.

To-day, I met my love
Long ago;
Her hair was silvery white, and yet, the low
Sweet voice that charmed me
In the olden days
Still spoke in softly modulated ways
Of books, and art, albeit wrinkles lay
Where once had been the smiles
And dimples play.

My love—and yet 'twas not.
How was it time
Had spared to eye and voice their gracious prime?

How laid his touch on cheek
On lip, and brow,
Saying, Thy flower is vanished, buried now—
Yet never reached that inner, sacred shrine
Save to enrich, adorn,
An I make more fair?
Go learn the secret. Changed we all must be;
Life from within is immortality.

A BRIGHT SCOTCH TERRIER.

A Worshiper of His Mistress and a Connoisseur of Piano Music.

[New York Commercial-Advertiser.]

Walking out one day a New York gentlewoman met a bright little Scotch terrier which she knew to her, showing the most genuine expressions of delight. Never having seen the dog before, the lady was surprised at his actions. He followed her during her walk and returned home with her. The lady was at pains to find out who owned the terrier and the dog was sent home; but in a few days he returned to her, and the family sent out and bought her four-footed lover. When the dog was admitted to the house he was frantic with delight, and after his actions of fondness had subsided would sit by his mistress gazing at her with the adoration of a worshiper. During this time there had been no music. The mistress, however, on the lady opened the piano and played and sang, the dog manifesting his appreciation in the most approved canine manner through nervous taste. "Vedrai carino" she had sung, and I shall never forget the feeling of the dog. He behaved like a creature demented, howling as though his very heart was in the music. With each succeeding scale he would howl in unison in so fearful a manner that there was an end to all music and the dog was sent out of the house where he could not hear. He also disliked "Vedrai Carino," and would bark most vociferously whenever he heard it. The only air which he did admire at all was the Italian barcarolle, one of the lesser lights of the Academy of Music and a fine accompanist. The sight of this man would fill the dog with evil temper. At a large musical party Rosina's song was sung, when, to every body's dismay, a rapid ascending scale of howls was heard. At the end of the song the dog burst into the drawing-room and rushed at the accompanist. A scene ensued, and the unfortunate animal was removed. He has been shut in the lower part of the house but had in some way escaped from his confinement. Hearing the airs of Rosina, which all sing, he howled himself hoarse, and rushed with that unconfutable impulse that belongs of a higher order known to give forth his voices of disapproval in an unmistakable manner.

Swells of High Degree.
(Georges Parvenu Lathrop.)

The swell of to-day, though unworthy of commendation or even of serious thought, is an improvement on his predecessor. Nevertheless, he will be a great many years before he can evolve himself into a veritable swell of high degree. For there are and have been in this world men who obtain by a certain degree of consideration on account of their "swellness," no matter how vicious their mode of life may be. The late Prince Demidoff of Russia was a splendid, dissolute fellow. The late Duke of Orange, heir-apparent to the throne of Holland, and known in Paris and every European capital as "Citron," was a roisterer which he won by his rather piquant mode of life. The Orangs princes are swells by reason of their ancestry, education, breeding, and the position which they fairly have always maintained in France. It is scarcely necessary to mention the prince of Wales as a type of modern English swelldom, so widespread is the ambition in almost every society to belong to the "Prince's set." Our swells owe their claim to the title—at least the most prominent of them do—to their money.

What He Might Have Said.
[The Argonaut.]

Some days ago a young lady was walking with a gentleman rather older than herself. Suddenly he saw upon her satin neck a black object. It might—it was—an insect—grape puker. Taking the advantage to which men with gray hair are so prone—a younger man would have been more timid—he, at once, removed it with his fingers of the finger and thumb. The young lady turned at the touch, inquiringly. "Pardon me," said her companion, "but you had a flea on your neck." The young lady shook with displeasure. "Should I not have removed it?" asked he, anxiously. "Ye-e-s," she replied, hesitatingly, "but you might have called it a mosquito."

The Serpent and the Peasant.
[Detroit Free Press.]

One day while a Peasant was Working in the Field he saw a Serpent Approaching in a Stealthy manner, and the Man Seized a large Stone and Mashed it with Such true aim that the Snake was Fatally Injured.

"If you had only Waited a moment Longer," gasped the Serpent, as he writhed about, "I was coming to ask you to let me be your Friend."

"Then I have no Regrets," replied the Peasant; "your good Will would have been more Burdensome to me than your enmity."

Moral.—You Probably know Several Such Chaps.

The House Where Shakespeare Died.
[Chicago Times.]

All that is left of the House in which Shakespeare resided during the latter portion of his life, and in which he died, is a part of the foundation. The last owner, a clergyman named Ward, pulled the house down, because he thought he was being taxed higher than he considered was due. He also cut down a mulberry tree which was planted by Shakespeare himself to rid himself of the annoyance of people coming from all parts of the world to look at it.

Chock Full of Testimony.
[Life.]

Judge (to small witness)—Little boy, do you know the nature of an oath?

Small Witness (doubtfully)—N-no, sir!

Judge—Do you know what you are to tell?

Small Witness (double cleared away)—Oh, yes, sir. That big blackbird, old lawyer over there told me what to tell.

Furnished Six Dining-Rooms.

A New York merchant in a fit of economy, one night recently, varnished his dining-room. In the morning he discovered, to his disgust, that he had daubed the walls with maple syrup.

Centennial Corner

WANTED—Two second hand parlor stoves for wood and coal; in good order. Price must be reasonable. Address G. H. U., box 225.

FOR SALE—Jersey Cows, fresh, Heifers and Calves registered, also Jersey Cows, fresh, Heifers and Calves unregistered. A. E. Bulkley, Fanwood. 20-3

WELL RECOMMENDED woman must depot out one or more years; medium size; good neighborhood. Call at 19 Grove street.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Location Ninth street, near Second Place. Handsomely finished. Modern conveniences. Heated throughout by steam. Contains 12 rooms. Apply to J. Y. Vail, opposite Railroad station. 19-3-tf

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett property for sale on East Front street. Possession immediately. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, 15 and 17, opposite station, Plainfield. 19-6-tf

TO LET—A handsome furnished house at a very reasonable rate. Centrally located. Address Furnished, care Evening News. 19-2-tf

BOARD—Parties desiring superior board for the fall and winter months can be accommodated in private residence, very desirably located. Five minutes to station. Address P. O. Box 1,227. 19-2-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 14 West Front St. 8-2-tf

Special Notices.

GOOD PRICES PAID for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing, also for gold and silver and old jewelry. Dealer in Main street, Rahway. Letters promptly attended to. 20-2-tf

A CARD.
We have now on hand the largest and most complete assortment of Holiday Gifts, Toys, Games, Christmas Presents and Fancy Goods ever kept, that can be found in this city. We wish to announce, during the next 10 days we will commence to carry out a single article of Holiday Goods over to 1886. We mean what we say. Holiday Goods in this town must be sold, and the price we offer them is, will sell them. As we have made arrangements to purchase of the Dry Goods house of this city, we can afford to sell out our stock at a great sacrifice, and all we ask is a call with us and will be impossible. With many thanks to the public for past patronage, we remain, respectfully, Bachman Bros. 2-tf

JERSON'S Dancing
to get the Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant for $3.50. Persons can leave their subscriptions at M. Earle's Book Store, where samples can be seen. 20-1-tf

NOTICE
My wife, Emma Bird, having left my bed and board without just or legitimate cause, this is hereby notified not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her's after this date. Plainfield, N. J., December 1, 1885. 2-3-3wd

HOLIDAY GOODS
at H. S. Barnes'.

W. H. LUDLOW,
Practical Carpet, Carriage Trimmings, Carriages for Repairing, Painting and Trimming. Carriages for Sale. Shop on Somerset street, near Second. Residence on Front street, opposite Park. Entrance to shop on Somerset street. Residence of Robert Ludlow, deceased. Carriages for sale, the last two with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Dec. 1st, 1885, I will be found at the above location. Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I hope to receive a share of their favors in the future. Yours truly, W. H. Ludlow. 17-3-tf

NEW FOR HOLIDAYS
at H. S. Barnes'.

WANTED,
an active, energetic man or woman to open an agency in this place for the sale of a a Standard Musical Instrument. We require no capital or previous experience, but if desirable will furnish pleasant references as to honesty and ability. For particulars address, inclosing self-addressed stamp, Box G. Newark, N. J. 17-3-tf

CALL AND GET PRICES
At the New Domestic Laundry just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. Work done in first-class style and good washing. Cuffs, 4 cents per pair, Collars, 2 cents. 16-1-3-tf

CHRISTMAS CARDS, FLORIST.—
Fence street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Cut flowers, Floral Designs, etc. Store supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises. 10-30-3m

TWEEDS FOR SALE
at H. S. Barnes'.

CHUCK CUT FLOWERS—
Bouquets every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the most approved cut. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, North. 10-29-tf

A GREAT BARGAIN—
Is now being offered at Mrs. Hallings' Calumet, wrought Iron Gliders, Rock Safes, Doors, Shutters, Iron Fencing, Coverings for Roofs, Beds, Awning Frames, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Black-smithing. Jobbing promptly attended to. 73 New-ark St., Hoboken, N. J. 9-2-3m

MUSIC.
Mr. Fischer, Violinist, Pianist and Musical Director, Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc., Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, New York. 9-2-3m

CHARLES JONES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office 31 West Front street, P. O. Box 1081, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Estimates and general Engineering work attended to in any part of the country. 9-2-3m

DR. CHAS. K. THIERS, DENTIST,
28 West Front street. Cocaine used as a local anesthetic. Gold filling a specialty. 9-2-3m

Professional Cards.

DR. WILLIAM H. MURRAY,
Park House, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. 6 to 8 p. m. 1-2-6

DR. J. H. LARKA,
Office, 19 Park place, corner of Somerset street and Craig Place. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m. 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 12-17-3m

DR. ANDREW MANNING,
77 Park avenue, corner of 5th street. Office hours before nine o'clock a. m. and from one to two o'clock p. m. 12-17-3m

J. A. OAKLEY, Jr.,
Architect, No. 42 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 11-28-3m

F. A. DUNHAM,
No. 3 Park avenue, Cornett's Building
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Having had twelve years' experience in city surveying in Plainfield, I can now do anything in that line in a workmanlike manner and promptly. 9-23-3m

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Expert Typewriter. The reporting of legal arguments and sermons a specialty. Practical lessons in Shorthand given. Dictation taken. Typewriting done. Circulars, Addresses, Envelopes, Calligraph type-writer. Office, corner Park avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, loan money, rent and take charge of property. Official searches procured if desired without extra charges.

DR. A. VANDERVEER,
No. 1 Peace street, corner Front. Office hours until 10:30 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 1-30-6m

DR. A. ANDERSON,
Homœopathist and Electrician, corner Second and Washington street. Office hours till 9 a. m. 1 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m. Diseases of women a specialty.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters-in-Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices 5 and 6 Arcade, corner Second and Second street.

CHARLES MARSH,
Counsellor-at-Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

SUYDAM & STILLMAN,
Counsellors at Law, Stillman's Block. Rooms 3 and 4, Plainfield, N. J.
George P. Suydam, W. M. Stillman.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST,
21 East Front street, over Gilbert's Hatter's. Nitrous Oxide gas at the East Second street. Gas administered. Office hours from 8:30 a. m. to 4 p. m. 11-19-tf

Educational.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Music, Class or private instruction in singing. Sight reading a specialty. Her theory and violin. 17 Dove street, North Plainfield.

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Graduate and teacher of instrumental music. Specialties—Piano and Organ. Highest references. Residence, 16 West Second street, corner Plum.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

18 East Front Street.

Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, dressed and undressed, all sizes; Parlor Sets, Hobby Horses, Stoves, Dishes, Albums, Vases, and everything in the line at very low prices.

On our 5 and 10 cent counter will be found some very handy and useful articles worth double the money.

Also our regular line of Dry Goods, Ladies' and Children's Newmarkets, Cloaks,

ULTER

Havelocks, Jerseys, $1.75 up. Ladies and Children's Knitty Made Suits in all styles. Hats, Caps, Feathers, Tips, Tinsel Primes, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Blankets, Hardware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below cost. Give us a call.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet fur plush cloth, some for 15
Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortment of plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, aigrette tips, fly ends.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, latest style price 20 cents.

Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmings of all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful back silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, tricot or flannels with trimmings and buttons all complete for the dress maker of $4.99; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for $3.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted for its good shoes and low prices.

Children's long cashmere hose.

We will open next week with a 5 and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTT'S BAZAAR.
18 East Front street Plainfield.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossings at Lowest Prices. Plain Cross Walk Contractor.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD.

20 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best wood in the city.

Yard, 28 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1327.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at low prices.

LOW PRICES.

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER,

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Self Feeding Boiler.

Send for illustrated catalogue.

Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE, 80 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work

Wm. A. Woodruff

Represents the following first-class insurance companies:

Fire Associations of Philadelphia, LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE of England. WESTCHESTER, of New York. Norwich Union of England. North British Mercantile, of England. The Northern, of England. Queen, of England. The Merchants, of Newark. The Washington Life, of New York, and other equally good companies, and procures insurance at BEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has bargains in

Real Estate.

OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence at East Second street

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

Night Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned

25 per cent Cheaper than by any other Means

By the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus,

The only one of the kind in the city

Which is so constructed that it is used in day time and so small is perceptible during the operation. Orders left at Harris' Bakery, 19 East Front St. or addressed as P. O. Box 796, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention. Telephone connection.

JOHN BROWN

VERY Suitable FOR CHRISTMAS Presents

a fine line of

SEALS

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets. Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

The Bee Hive,

(2 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS, WORK BASKETS, TOILET SETS, Smokers' Sets -Brass and Plush Ornaments.

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls, Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

LEATHER GOODS.

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books, Letter Cases, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases, Dressing Cases and

PURSES,

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thom,)

OFFER

Special Bargains IN

ICE SKATES

Stop Skates, Germen, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully R. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

JUST OPENED!

Retail Department

At 2 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear

FOR Ladies, Misses and Children.
FOR Men, Boys and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past few years and has superior facilities for making all his own goods both for stock and to order, either hand or machine made. He also will make a specialty of repairing shoes without using any nails. The finest calf or kid boot can be half-soled without the use of any nails and made quite new.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK.

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER compasses for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 8-20-3m

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $5, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.

All wool medicated red Underwear at $1 each

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

DIXON'S Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 80c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

35 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps & Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

FRANK DAY,

(Successors to W. & J. Coleman.

LIVERY STABLE

North Avenue

Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.

Carriages to Meet all Trains.

Family Riding a Specialty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 176 | PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1885.—8 PAGES | Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

LOST—December 23d, going to or at the 5th C. A. College, Finder please leave at Evening News office.

FOR SALE—At a bargain a three story French roof house, 11 rooms, lot 100x233 feet, grounds nicely laid out with trees and large out of sight of Broadway, at both large and small fruit of all kinds, with Delaware, N. J. Terms easy. Inquire of Mrs. Seth Pittsfield, N. J. 12-24-6

FOR SALE—Jersey Cows, fresh, Heifers and calves, registered, also Jersey Cows fresh, Heifers and Calves unregistered. A. E. Holsley, Fairmount.

WANTED—An experienced house maid. Apply at once or send by mail. Mrs. Wm. Cook, Plainfield, N. J. 12-24-6

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let, furnished or unfurnished. Located on Watchung avenue, corner of Madison avenue. Inquire of Mrs. Dr. Hall, Madison avenue, Plainfield. 12-24-6

GREAT BARGAIN—The John R. Everett residence, No. 7 East Front street, Plainfield, is offered for sale. Apply to R. C. Maltbie, Real Estate Broker, 21 Park pl., opposite station, Plainfield. 12-24-6

TO LET—A house of 7 furnished rooms on a very desirable location on Watchung avenue. Inquire of Mrs. Dr. Hall, Madison avenue, Plainfield. 12-24-6

BOARD—Parties desiring permanent board for the winter can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board at No. 5 Somerset street, Plainfield. Free use of bath, hot and cold water. P. O. Box 194. 12-24-6

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Apply to Mrs. P. Dunn, 24 West Front St. 12-24-6

Special Notices.

HEALTH, GRACE AND DEVELOPMENT. Classes for Ladies, Misses and Children, at the Y. M. C. A. Building, Plainfield, under the direction of Prof. Dr. Dowd, from the Normal School of Physical Education, Boston, Mass. Ladies' class will begin on Tuesday, Dec. 29th, 10 o'clock. Children at 4 o'clock. Terms for ladies, one or 3 p. m. Terms for children, 50 cents per month. Children and ladies can join at any time. Refer to Rev. C. L. Tilney, Rev. Geo. H. Miller, Rev. Paul Lee, Rev. Wm. Hoppin, Rev. Wm. Rankin, Rev. Wm. Rankin, Jr., Dr. Theodor Bernheim, Dr. Unden, Spencer Hon., Judge Edward McAdam, and 200 others. Dr. Dowd's Book, "Health, Grace and Development," for sale by Rev. Wm. T. M. Francis, editor and proprietor of the Troy Times. 12-24-6

GOOD PRICES PAID for second hand gents' cast-off clothing, also for ladies' and gents' boots and shoes. Call or send postal card and I will call. Daniel Cleary, 311 Main street, Rahway. Letters promptly attended to. 12-24-6

A CARD. We have now on hand the largest and most complete assortment of Holiday Gifts, Toys, Games, Christmas Cards and Goods of every kind, that can be found in this city. We wish to mention a few of the articles we have for sale, although we carry not a single article of Holiday Goods that we do not keep. We have a large stock of Dolls, Goods in variety and must be sold, and the price we sell them at, sold and these. As we have made up our mind to close out our entire stock of Holiday Goods before Christmas, we are going to sell out our stock at a sacrifice. Remember, we are not going to keep them, we will be responsible. With many thanks to the public for their past patronage, we remain, respectfully, 12-24 BACHMAN BROS.

PERSONS Desiring to get the Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant for half price can leave their subscription at M. Kent's Book Store, where samples can be seen. 12-24-6

NOTICE. My wife, Emma Bird, having left my bed and board without just cause or legal excuse, I forbid anyone to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no bills contracted by her after this date. Plainfield, N. J., December 17, 1885. G. S. Bird 12-17-6

HOLIDAY GOODS at H. S. Bonnell's.

H. LUDLOW, 19 Somerset street, Carriage Trimming. Carriages of all kinds retrimmed and trimmings repaired. Rollers by permission to Horsfield & Jackson of Rahway, who are implemented by me for years, the last two with Mr. L. M. French. On and after Jan. 1st, 1886, I will work by the day only. Shop light. Entrance street. Fine work a specialty. Some light. 10-7-3m

NEW YORK PRICES at H. S. Bonnell's.

CALLS AND GILT PRICES at 10 Somerset street, Plainfield, just opened at the corner of West Front street and Madison avenue. Calls and gilt prices in all sizes and styles, reasonable. Calls, 1 cents per pair, Collars, 1 cents. Your Lov.

CARL PETERSON, FLORIST, Front street, opposite North avenue, near depot, Plainfield, N. J. Bouquets and Floricals gilded with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are on the premises. 10-30-3m

TUBERALINE WAKE at H. S. Bonnell's.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS, Floral Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park Place, near Somerset. 10-10-1y

LESLIE SMITH, Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Wrought Iron Garden, Bank Safes, Doors, Shutters, Chain Hangings, Gratings for Roads, Bulks, Area Fronts, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Shop rear of No. 173 New Jersey R. R. avenue, Newark, N. J. 7-3-1y

MUSIC. Mr. Pinkney Vollmer, Pianist and Musical Director, Music furnished for Concerts, Weddings, Parties, etc. Office No. 6 Fourth avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey. 7-3-1y

EARL S. JACQUES, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, office 34 West Front street, P. O. Box 1001, Plainfield, N. J. Maps, Drawings, Plans and general Engineering work promptly executed. Terms moderate. Correspondence solicited.

DR. CHAS. R. THEBUS, DENTIST, 18 West Front street. Gas administered and a local anesthetic. Gold filling a specialty.

Professional Cards.

DR. WILLIAM H. MURRAY, Park House, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m. 12-17-3m

DR. J. D. LARMA, Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 12-17-3m

DR. ANDREW MANNING, 71 Park avenue, corner 5th street. Office hours before 9 o'clock a. m. and from one to three and after 8 p. m. 12-17-3m

J. A. CASEY, Jr., Counsellor at Law, 21 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. 12-18-y

J. A. DUNHAM, Park avenue, Council's Building, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Surveying and Engineering in all its branches. Will be pleased to be employed to do anything in his line with satisfaction guaranteed. 12-17-3m

GEORGE C. CARPENTER, Expert Stenographer. The reporting of legal proceedings a specialty. Office, Room 3, Council's Building, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, corner Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM H. WATSON, Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate, collect rents, pay taxes, manage real estate, and take charge of property generally. Office, corner Somerset and Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON, Medical Examiner Prust. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. 9-30-3m

DR. J. J. GRIFFIN, Physician and Surgeon, corner Second street and Park avenue. Office hours 12 to 1 p. m., 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, Second street, Plainfield, N. J. 9-30-3m

JACKSON & COLEMAN, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers and Real Estate Brokers. Office, Council's Building, Plainfield, N. J.

LEWIS C. COLEMAN, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Conveyancer and Real Estate Broker. Office, Council's Building, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM ARTHUR, Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer and Real Estate Broker. Office, Bonnell's Block, Room 2, Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. W. M. Arthur.

DR. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, DENTIST, 18 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Gas administered. Gold fillings a specialty. Office hours from 8 to 12 m. 12-17-3m

Educational.

MISS M. A. BARRIGHT, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 208.

MISS E. Elsegina, class or private lessons on Guitar, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1593.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano, Class lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Address, Matteson, P. O. Box 1593.

ART SCHOOL. Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Pencil Drawing. Classes now forming. Call or address, Miss Ida Hall, 5 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. For terms call at Studio, No. 7 East Front street. M. E. Moody. 10-10-6m

T. E. HAZELL, Teacher of Music. Class or private instruction in singing. Night reading a specialty. Residence, 5 Liberty Place, corner street, North Plainfield. 10-10-1y

MISS ALICE SMITH, Concert pianist and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Address, 12 West Second street, Plainfield. 10-10-3m

Telegraphic Brevities.

The News is delivered in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, New Market and Dunellen, at ten cents per week.

Subscribers will confer a favor by reporting promptly every two weeks. Charles F. W. Wittbeck, corner of Elm and Bond streets, Plainfield, N. J., P. O. Box 194.

For Ten News in that locality, and he will receive subscriptions and orders for and answer to above the same.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day and for the corresponding day last year, at the office of Philip Brug, store, corner of Front and Cherry streets.

1885.		1884.	
6 a. m.	35	6 a. m.	39
2 p. m.	42	2 p. m.	52
9 p. m.	42	9 p. m.	37

Sixteen Minutes.

1885		1884	
Sunrise	7.30 a. m.	Sunrise	7.30 a. m.
Sun Sets	4.40 p. m.	Sun Sets	4.40 p.m.
Moon Rises	8.18 p. m.	Moon Rises	

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be colder and generally from fair to clear.

Our Christmas Gift.

We will send The News free for one year to every people who shall marry in Plainfield, North Plainfield, Westfield, Bound Brook, Dunellen or New Market, before July 1, 1886, and also a year for every child born within twelve months, and will send it for two and three years for twins and triplets.

As our Christmas greeting, we wish you good health and your family good health, and may you all live long and prosper.

JOTTINGS.

—No paper to-morrow—double number to-day.

—James Brand of West Third street is having his house painted.

—Midnight service at Grace Church commencing at 11.30 to-night.

—Grace Church Sunday School will have their festival on next Monday.

—The Philadelphia and Reading pay car passed through this city to-day.

—Royal Arcanum Council of this city will elect officers next Monday evening.

—The Common Council will hold a meeting in their rooms on Monday evening next.

—The First Baptist Sunday School will have its Christmas entertainment next Thursday.

—Edsall's line of scarfs, silk handkerchiefs and kid gloves astonish the natives. His advertisement will be out Sat.

—The Sunday school of the Congregational Church will give a Christmas concert next Sunday evening at 7 p. m.

—Peanut shells, lace fichues and kid-gloves at the Bee Hive. Open to-morrow morning until ten o'clock.

—Miss Clara Scott of Elizabeth, is spending a few days at the residence of Miss Annie Moore on Plainfield avenue.

—Frank Green has just concluded a contract with Mr. Staats, the new tenant, to furnish between $2,000 and $4,000 worth of flies furnished for the City Hotel.

—Tuesday afternoon at 3.30 Olaf Swenson Grangeat, convicted of committing murder in the second degree upon the body of Asa Moore on Plainfield avenue.

—Sweet little pins for sweet little babies; charming memories for the charming girls, and all the lovely line of goods for the lovers, may be found in varied assortment and at varied prices, at Collier's jewelry store to-day.

—Monday was what is termed the shortest day of the year. Nine hours and ten minutes constituted the time between daylight and twilight. The sun arose at seven o'clock and 28 minutes and set at four o'clock and thirty-four minutes.

—The fair for the benefit of the Roman Catholic Church, which closed in Somerset Hall, Somerville, Wednesday night, was quite a success, clearing about $800. The gold watch realized $126, and was won by Patrick Toomey of Plainfield.

—A Rosary service was held in St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church at eight o'clock last evening, after which service Rev. T. E. Smyth, the pastor, delivered a lecture on the "Virtue of Charity." The congregation was dismissed with the benediction.

—The Somerset House, North Plainfield, is a favorite resort of frequenters and employees of the Central R. R. of New Jersey. Good board there, with good accommodations. When entertaining guests Landlady Thompson is to be warmly commended. Manager.

—The venerable Abraham Runyon, whose mental vigor at the age of 85 years is remarkable, left on Tuesday for Florida, where he will spend the Winter with his son, Chancellor Runyon. About 50 years ago Mr. Runyon was married in this city to Miss Sutphen of Somerville. The Chancellor was born while his parents resided in Middlebrook, near where is now being erected the Somerville Court House.

—On the roll of teachers present at the Middlesex County Teachers' Institute, which was held in the Presbyterian church on Tuesday morning, after the singing of Miss Lizzie C. Bogardus of Dunellen, Mrs. M. F. Tompkins and Miss Phoebe Nelson of New Market, and Miss Lizzie Bogardus of Dunellen, Miss Lizzie

The Evening News,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, Publisher.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 7.40, 6.31, 7.02, 7.34, 8.04, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.37 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 7.37, 8.40, 9.40, 11.39 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 8.40, 10.39, 11.37 a. m., 12.39, 1.39, 2.39, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 4.40, 4.45, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.43, 7.23, 7.02, 7.39, 8.03, 8.43, 9.32, 10.27, 11.27 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.27, 3.54, 5.33, 6.30, 7.27, 8.40, 9.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 10.10, 11.37, a. m., 3.27, 7.27, 9.25 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.45, 11.15 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.05, 6.30, 7.35, 8.15, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, at 8.30 a. m., 12.10, 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.10, 8.15 p. m.

Connects for Newark change cars at Rahway.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 7.56, 9.23, 11.45, 12.59 a. m., 2.06, 3.16, 4.36, 5.45, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 9.06, 10.17, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m., 7.25, 9.45, 10.46 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.35, 7.05, 7.30, 8.30, 9.15, 9.50, 10.15 a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 4.06, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 9.15, 10.15 a. m., 1.00, 5.05, 8.50 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.56, 9.37 a. m., 2.06, 3.16, 4.36, 5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m., 6.43 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.07 a. m., 12.40, 1.35, 4.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

6.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Pottsville.

7.56 a. m.—For Flemington, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Budd's Lake, Netcong, Hackettstown, Hampton, Musconetcong, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mt. Pocono, Scranton, etc.

2.06 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

3.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

4.36 p. m.—For Easton, West Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

7.00 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

8.00 p. m.—For Easton, West Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.17 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

Eastward Connections.

6.10 a. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Elizabethport, Perth Amboy, Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bay Shore, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City

JOHN ROACH'S WAY

OF SAVING MEN AT THE BEGINNING OF WRONGDOING.

20,000 Workmen He Has Found Best Twenty Guilty of Criminal Conduct—Of These He Was Able to Save Sixty.

[N. A. Crofut in Pittsburg Press.]

"Whatever happens," said JOHN ROACH to me the other day in the course of a conversation, "I shall always have one thing to comfort me as I think over the years that's gone—I never put a man in jail." I said that putting a man in jail was sometimes the best thing that could be done. "Yes," he went on, "at the last extremity. But offenders are generally put in jail in the infancy of their wrong-doing, and so made criminals for life. That's the time to do something happened to me once that made me cautious."

"I employed more than 25,000 differ ent men," he went on to say. "Those men have built for me more than 100 iron vessels, and my annual pay roll has often been above $1,000,000. I have forgotten the other day, and find that, out of 20,000 men, I have discovered more than seventy in crime—offenses against the law which would have sent them to the penitentiary. I have not only kept them out of it, but in almost every case the courts I have addressed have saved them—reformed them entirely and preserved them to their families. How that story I have been able to keep permanently in my employ, and some of them have worked for me almost a generation, I cannot tell. I suppose it is because I treat workmen. All of them are devoted to me; some have told me they would lay down their lives for me."

THE SECRET OF IT.

I asked him to tell me the stories. "The stories!" he said; "oh, they would be too long. Love and tenderness are the key to all reform, though. I have proved that. All these cases of which I speak were somewhat like the very first I met. It was a man without skill, who came to me for work, bringing a character from his previous employer. Finding he had a family, I shoved off an unmerciful man and hired him as night watchman on board a vessel at the wharf. In two or three months I discovered that he was stealing junk and selling it. I went for him. He came to the office, looked sullen him by my side. 'You miserable, grateful, wicked thief, you!' I said. 'Leave you work, and you are robbing me!' At first he showed bravado, and dashed it. 'I know it is wrong,' I said, 'but if you lie to me you shall repent behind prison bars!' I asked him about his family. He had a good wife, he said, and two daughters.

"'Are they good girls?'

"'Yes; we live in a bad street, but my girls are good girls, and they are fond of their daddy, sir!'

"'How old are they?'

"'The oldest is 17.'

"'Sweetest! Is any young fellow coming around pay long?' I asked.

"'Yes, sir; Johnny McFarlane, and he is a clerk in a Grand street store, and they are to be married next month—if things go right like.'

"'Will it make any difference if her father goes to state's prison, and your wife and girls are driven from their home and the neighborhood and say: "There goes the wife and children of Andrew Gwynne, the jail bird?"'

"At that he broke down. He burst in tears, fell on the floor and cried: 'O, my God! Kill me, Mr. Roach! Kill me! I don't want to live any longer. I'd rather die than go to jail. I'm guilty; the thought of myself as a thief, till now, I'd rather die than face it.'

A SOLEMN OATH.

"I made him sit still and I sent for his wife. She came and sat down by him in amazement, and I told her the story. He cried that it was true, and he wanted to die. It came, I told him, to a choice of jail for days in the bear shop under the house, where he threw for the drinks and then for money. What he lost he took from junk to pay his debts. He thought it was the rich John Roach, and he'd never miss it.

"'Does your wife care anything for your?' I asked him. And she jumped and gave him a hug, and said she loved him above life, and she would go to jail with him. 'If I let you off, what will you promise me?' I asked him. 'Never to steal again,' he said. 'That's not enough,' I said; 'you must swear on the Bible that you will never drink again.' And he swore it. Then I said to her, 'You, too, must promise me something.' 'Yes, sir,' she said. 'I do most promise sir,' I said, 'never to tell anybody in the world of this, and never to throw it up at him—never to remind him of it, or to hint at it when you feel cross and fretful toward him, for that will make him desperate.' And she promised she never would. Then I went with him to the door, and told him he could go and find another place. They bade me good-bye, and went off quite quietly—almost happy. I used to be standing near the door, and the man shied off as if he was come for. When they were six or eight rods away I called him back. He came and I had changed my mind and was going to give him to the officer, but he came, and followed me into the office, and I told his wife. 'You came here with a recommendation from a respectable man,' I said. 'I can't give you one. How are you going to get work?' He said he could get work, and said he would have to earn another character or and he might as well begin with me as anybody. I sent him back to his work. He was on full pay and employed as a pantler at the forge. His wages went up. For twenty years he was one of my most valuable and trusted men.

ANOTHER CASE.

"I could tell you twenty stories pretty nearly like this—though, of course, each has its own features. I had a man who came to me once in great distress. She was dead her husband, who worked for me, was going crazy. He had lately become religious, and I feared that his mind had been too much wrung, she said. He couldn't sleep nights. He got up and paced the floor and groaned aloud. 'Tell him,' I said, 'if he has wronged anybody to go to that person and confess it.' Next day he came into the office when I was there, and told me he had killed a child—that he had been robbing it and a boy then, and could not be satisfied till he had confessed it all and I had punished him. He had run away and stolen a child's clothes and sent them to it. I seized him with both hands and told him I would punish him by forgiving him and keeping him at work. He could get $150 for one article in an English shop, he said, if he would make it. As his wants are simple, it doesn't take much to satisfy him."

Thought It Was Republicanism.

[Pearson's Weekly.]

In a rural assembly lately held in the common pleas court a motion for a new trial was made. A colored juror approached the bench after the jury had retired. Chief Justice Gibson was presiding. "Please, sah, don't mention it to your good colleagues," said he, "but I'm gwine to vote for a new trial, it was granted," replied the attorney. "Was it? Dat gwarnt. I listened and listened and didn't hear nobody second dat motion."

BOYS AND GIRLS

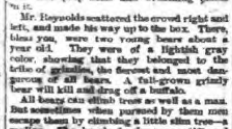
Grimly Humor for a Christmas Gift.

J. Reynolds is a newspaper editor. His wife is called Forest and Stream, and tells of Reynolds fishing and hunting, and birds and animals. Mr. Reynolds went down to his office one morning last week, and found a letter crowded pushing and struggling in front of his door. They were trying to get a box into a strange-looking box that stood there. It was pierced and supplied with two small peep holes and breathing places on its side.

Mr. Reynolds scattered the crowd right and left, and made his way up to the box. There, bless you, were two young bears about a year old. They were of a lightish gray color, showing that they belonged to the tribe of grizzlies, the fiercest and most dangerous of all bears. A full-grown grizzly bear will kill and drag off a buffalo.

All bears can climb a tree as well as a man. But sometimes when pursued by them men escape them by climbing a little slim tree—a sapling. The bear's forelegs are stiff and clumsy, and he cannot reach around and bring a sapling with them, and thus succeed it. So he cannot go up after the man.

The grizzly is the largest kind of bear. A big one is sometimes nine feet long. Mr. Reynolds looked rather wild as he thought of it.



BABY GRIZZLIES.

He looked closely at the box and found his own name and address. Who had sent him such a Christmas gift? It was the most awkward present he had ever had in his life.

However, he made the best of a bad job. His first care for the two orphan grizzlies that lay huddled together shivering and whining the cold air. The crowd were tormenting them. He wrote upon a piece of paper in large letters the words:

"DON'T BOTHER THE BEARS."

He tacked this upon the box, and then went to get something to feed his unwelcome pets. He ordered at a restaurant near by some bread and milk for them. He had probably heard or read somewhere that this was the proper thing to feed baby bears. He guessed just right, for the cubs ate it with a great appetite. While they were eating their breakfast Mr. Reynolds went up-stairs to see if any letters had come for him explaining this inconvenient present. He found one from an Indian trader in the west, saying that the cubs were for him, and that they had come all the way from Montana in the box.

AT PLAY.

Grizzly bear cubs are not easy to catch, because their mother is so fierce, and a Piegan Indian had captured them. The Indian was out hunting, and met one of the cubs alone. He threw a rope over its head and lassoed it, and it set up such a crying in its baffle that its mother came at once, shortly trotting to the rescue in a moment. He fired at the old grizzly. Fortunately for himself he was a good marksman, and he killed her at the first shot. Just as she fell dead two other young bears ran out of the bushes to ward her, like the child's story of the big bear, the little bear and the middle-sized bear.

The Piegan instantly lassoed these also. Then he had three young grizzlies. He dragged them, howling and whining to his wigwam, and tied them up. After that he went back to secure his game, and got one. He dressed the meat, loaded himself with the skin, claws and teeth of the animal as a trophy of his skill as a shot, and returned home.

But there he discovered that the cubs had broken loose and got away. He tracked them and got them two, three miles off to the trader for stores. The trader sent them to Mr. Reynolds, in return for some kindness.

But Mr. Reynolds is in the greatest pickle about what to do with his unconfortable pets. He can't take them home and let his children play with them. One of them might bite. The look of rest was upon his disordered wife, the sinking away of lineaments and life into merciful and nondescript oblivion.

Burmah's Ministers of State.

The Kin Woongyee is the prime minister of Burmah, and he is otherwise called the Kin Woon Mingyee. He is much more than prime minister. He is the whole cabinet and parliament for, when the king of Burmah is not present, he got himself raised to the august rank of Thayet Woongyee That makes him commander-in-chief, Alaghee Woone and four Woondauks. In addition to these one or two generals may be taken from the military ranks. The number of Atwuns is, in plain language, that the bearer of it is marshal of the army, that he is infallible and that the king has no power over his person, property or family. That is all.

The Burmese state council consists of twelve ministers, who are of three ranks, to-wit: Four Woongyees or Mingyees, as they are indifferently called; four Akgrim Woone and four Woondauks. In addition to these one or two generals may be taken from the military ranks. The number of Atwuns is indicated by the height of the seats or cushions on which the ministers sit, the elevation of a seat being in Burmah a sign of honor.

Walt Whitman's Peculiarity.

[Philadelphia Press.]

An acquaintance of Walt Whitman says: "I never knew a man to be more popular with the ladies than the poet, and especially with the colored ladies. He is always certain to get a warm welcome, and frequently in receipt of spittoons from them pending his visit. The old man, by the bye, is very retiring in wealth. I will mention an instance of this characteristic. He is still steadily, if small, income from his books. His royalty from England are larger than from this country. A few years ago he got $150 for one article in an English magazine. As his wants are simple, it doesn't take much to satisfy him."

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Lichthyological Puzzle.

In the shadow of the hilltop, out under the trees, sat a pretty miss. Hark, pray, to this word of description. She had on a coal scuttle, perched on her head, her rings of gold, her dress pongee. The miss was a sucker apron, tied with a blue ribbon, in her hand a fan for cool and the pond about a pasha on energy. The words mulled slowly away, when a boy's terrible shout startled her. He was floundering in a swampy over the lots, and in his hand a bullhead, and went into a barn, a clear-looking bullhead ing not far away.

Find in the above the names of fish and other water animals, to the number of twenty-two.

Look through it carefully. You will find the names sometimes all in one word, sometimes in couple of parts from them pending his verses. The old man, by the bye, is very retiring in wealth. I will mention an instance of this characteristic. He is still steadily, if small, income from his books. His royalty from England are larger than from this country. A few years ago he got $150 for one article in an English magazine. As his wants are simple, it doesn't take much to satisfy him."

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ON THE DEATH OF A FRIEND.

[Boston Courier.]

One man the lion to look upon the sun,
One man the more to lie beneath the ground.
This is the sum of all the earthly round
That man call life; and when the strife is done
Let only this be written of each one.
Victor and vanquished, thus we all are crowned.
And after epitaph could not be found
For Cæsar's self, his last fight lost and won.

And as for others, so my friend, for thee
We have none hopefuller. Above thy name
We trust it, and all bitter though it be,
At least it hath not any hint of shame
And turning from thy tomb unfaltering,
We do not weep—for ours shall be the morning.

ATLANTA'S MANUFACTURING BOOM.

Enterprises Confessed by the Government and by Individuals During the War.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

The Confederacy established numerous shops in Atlanta employing thousands of hands. These workmen with their families soon constituted a fourth of the city's population. Refugees from Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana also moved in, and in 1863 Atlanta had between 30,000 and 40,000 inhabitants. Under such conditions it was easy to get up a manufacturing boom.

In these days every new industrial development was hailed with a whoop. When a quiet old German got up a factory and commenced making brass and kettle drums every Atlanta man felt in his heart of hearts that the cause of the war was settled. The awful "rub-a-dub-dub" of those home-made drums was enough to terrify men of stone. A similar thrill spread through the community when another enterprising German opened a button factory and turned out every day several gross of Confederate military buttons, perfect beauties, glittering like gold. It was impossible to examine a card of those shining buttons without feeling that the success of the Confederacy was assured. Envelope factories sprang up. Men commenced making clothing, hats, shoes, soap, hard-tack, candles, beer, lard, ink, wagons, boats, etc.

There were soon tremendous enterprises conducted by the government and by private individuals. Our foundries and rolling-mills turned out cannon until scores of them lay by the railroad awaiting shipment. Heavy iron plates for gunboats were made here. An immense wooden building on Decatur street was used as a first-class arsenal of navy revolvers. Bombshells, cartridges, percussion caps and swords were manufactured in apparently inexhaustible quantities. The whole town looked like an arsenal.

Even the lighter and ornamental industries flourished. Fake teeth were made by millions. Silver wire was spun for surgical purposes. Jewelry was made, fans, ornamental feathers for plumes, etc. Cigars, candy, perfumery, lampwicks and pictured books were among the manufactures. Some of the factories, and all the big flour-mills were kept running night and day.

She Waited a Bit.

[Detroit Free Press.]

The other day a dog-wagon was following a carriage turned aside and ran into a yard on Park street. He might have expected to pick up a fall and winter stock of bones, but in fact he got a big surprise. He was about turning a way when a dog owned in the house flew out and rushed upon him in the most reckless manner, and in the course of ten seconds the two were in a blue-and-tan contest of the fiercest description. A woman considerably past the prime of life came out with a broom, the dogs rolled around, picked up a club on the grass near by, and seemed about to enter the struggle. She raised the club two or three times, but let it fall as she saw a family relation in interested spectator of the fight. Among the dozen pedestrians halting at the gate was a man who called out: "Say! stop 'em—stop 'em!"

The woman raised her club, but hesitated to strike.

"Why don't you stop 'em?" shouted the man.

"I'm waiting, she replied.

"For what? Don't you see they'll kill each other?"

"I'm waiting to see how it comes out. If my dog can lick him, it's all right. If he gets the bulge on Rover I'll even up the score with his owner."

Rover got a neck-hold and shook the stranger until his yells were heard a block away, and when he was finally permitted to sneak off the woman flung down her club and mounted the steps with the remark:

"Nobody nor nothing has been killed that I knows on, and every one of you could see that it was a square fight, and victory for the best dog. Please don't rub the paint off that gate."

The Burlesquers of New York.

[Cor. Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Worth studying as exhibits of New York humanity are the burlesquers. There is absolutely no end to their variety; but the average specimen of them is by no means that of former years. To "load a bar in a popular saloon or cafe at one time meant a very liberal, if not conscientious, income, provided one was possessed of business. Balls of fabulous friends, political preferment, and wages varying from $80 to $200 per month. Mixed drinks were the rage, and required a mean of skill to achieve much success as a concocter and mixer.

These old time barkeepers were elegant gentlemen, worthy of study, as the opportunities were concerned. They usually wore curly hair, which shone with bear's grease and pomade, and their diamonds and watch-chains were massive. Such men as these are never seen now in New York. The present fashion is that the bartender be about 50 years old, of a blonde type, quick, short and to respond to orders of all sorts. He is no longer himself a servant, is never familiar with his customers, and wears a shorty white coat, as much like a "bum" waiter's as white as a woman's, and if the loss he chances to meet him with a pair of soiled cuffs there is the deuce to pay.

These are the days of the mean. A concert in their forerunners were, but they are always polite, never familiar, and they work for less life than their predecessors. Behind the bar of style, or the appointments renders thirsting a matter of extreme difficulty, hence the proprietor has more of a chance for his financial life.

A Detroit Farmer's Method.

[Cooperstown Courier.]

If he have any chickens to sell just harrest," said a Michigan farmer, "and I never bothered a cent. I used to kill 'em by rounds into 'em and then pick 'em out in the field, when I was ready to sell, rig—more—the bull have got beat for 'em. We would pick 'em all nobbin' and hopped, and then we'd take 'em to town. Some of them horses would come back with their heads up. Look out for a fight. Why, I've seen 'em chasing you over the fence, and never pretended to care if I did. Put a little

Take twelve cards; number them as above. Now, the idea is to place them in the circles, that the sum shall be forty cards every time, as shown in No. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

9	2	4	6	8	1	3	5	10	11	12	

Motto for Christmas Card.

You know that I love you,
And love you truly, dear,
Or why should I trouble
To send you this card.

A TRIP TO THE MOON.

INCIDENTS OF THE THE JOURNEY TOLD A LA JULES VERNE.

The Criminal Lawyer—Bad Hair—Escape—Full Moon—A Much-Hearie Father—A Discovery—"Tricy Are Mad"—Horrors—"Saved."

[Robert D. Brain in Texas Siftings.]

CHAPTER I.

Jacques Courbeaudorq was a lawyer. He was a criminal lawyer. It is something difficult to distinguish which is the criminal and which the lawyer, but let that pass.

Lawyers are men who collect claims on a $ five per cent basis. You get five $ per cent.—the lawyer gets the rest. Lawyer get more rest than any other class of professional men. Jacques had red hair. It was so fiery that the building inspector ordered him to wear a fire escape down his back. The foregoing statement is poetic license—that is, it's a lie.

Jacques loved a beauteous maid name Jondrette.

Jondrette's papa was a retired ragtag manufacturer from Chicago. He had been knighted by the New York Genealogical bureau on payment of $40. The trinity of life to him was pie, cheese, and beer.

Love for Jondrette's sake filled Jacques' heart to beat wildly from morn to night. It beat so loudly as to annoy the rest of the boarders, but by all means let us avoid having this original romance into a bore.

"I will ask for her hand," said Jacques.

CHAPTER II.

A glorious full moon throws her splendid radiance o'er the palace of Jondrette's papa in Fifth avenue. The family bulldog is pouring forth his soul in the back-yard. A young man kneels at the feet of Jondrette's papa. His hands are clasped in the lily-white flipper of Jondrette.

Jondrette is weeping. In a short space of time she had shed four quarts of tears. To be more explicit—a gallon.

Nothing would soften the heart of the old man. In vain they threatened to commit suicide and kill each other.

"Will nothing move your hard heart?" gasped Jacques.

"Yes, monsieur, she is yours—"

A wild cry of joy broke from the lips of the happy pair, and rang and re-echoed through the awful silence of the dark dungeon—no we mean through the richly-furnished apartment. (The fact is we are getting this story mixed up with next week's romance, and beg the reader's pardon for the mistake.)

"On one condition," continued the old man with a scornful laugh.

"Name it," said both in a breath.

"That you bring me a chunk of the green cheese from which the moon is made, to eat with my beer," said the old man with a hideous leer.

Jondrette gave a low moan and fell fainting o'er a King Anne rocking-chair.

"I will do it," said Jacques.

CHAPTER III.

For days Jacques did nothing. He pored night and day over works on astronomy. Memory and appetite alike failed. He even forgot to charge a client $5, under the head of error, for asking the time on the steps of the city hall.

One day the title of an old book on an old bookstall caught his eye—"The Moon, by Bjorn Jug Skiljaglogg, the great Norwegian astronomer." He purchased the book and fell to devouring it like a madman.

Suddenly a cry of joy broke all to the ground. It bore the following cipher:

Noom elit ot yaw sih sildag dna seapmun mivs nam elit ylwonk ot yaw a stegin evif dna syad evif ot slgnal olw eno yeh.

Jacques spent weeks over the riddle.

One day when on the verge of madness he happened like Archimedes of old. All was clear in a second. The riddle read:

"Any one who laughs for five days and five nights will be insane. He can swim in space and paddle his way to the moon."

"I shall succeed," said he.

CHAPTER IV.

At noon of the 17 Fevrier two figures were seconding on the roof of the high elevator at Coney Island. They were Jacques and a friend. The friend had had a little preliminary drink, given to him by the bank of which he was cashier, and gladly consented to a tour for the health.

The two men had provisions, a huge cheese and a bottle of beer, and a few humorous papers. When they reached the top of the elevator they looked straight up and commenced to laugh. They read and laughed, and laughed and read. People said "They are mad."

For five days and five nights they laughed. Then, for the first time they had no weight. Their gravity was completely overcome. They could float in space.

With a glad shout they sprang out into the ether, and began to paddle like mad man for the moon. On and on they sped, paying their respects to Big and Little Bear, the Seal, the Walrus, and other animals in the celestial menagerie. They said to a huge star, "Who are you?"

"Taurus," was the reply.

"You're another," said they.

At which the stars in their course groaned in chorus.

The journey is at last over and with a glad cry the voyagers strike the moon. In a trice Jacques cuts a huge fragment from the surface of the moon and wraps it in a silk handkerchief.

"Let us depart," says he.

They try. Horrors!!! They can not descend.

Who can describe their horrible situation, hunting for days on the moon's surface for rocks to put in their pockets to give them weight. At last their powers fail and they fall fainting in the sand.

Suddenly a cry rings on the air. "Saved! Saved!! Saved!!!" exclaims Jacques in a paroxysm of joy. "I have found it."

"What?" gasped the other.

"A copy of an English comic paper in my vest pocket; we have nothing to do but read the jokes."

In a few minutes more the adventurers are falling through the air at a frightful rate of speed.

CHAPTER V.

The foreman is yelling for copy, and we shall have to conclude this last chapter.

Jacques—glad—my—green cheese—bear—Bjorn jug, my children—Do you take this woman?—I do—superb collation, elegant—$ $—5—per cent—mortgage—Jondrette—Ecarcerate, beautiful—accomplished a. c.—38 corner brackets—36 silver-plated butter dishes.

[THE END.]

A Prolific Nut Tree.

[Chicago Tribune.]

There is a chinquapin tree at American Ga., from which over 16,000 nuts have been gathered this season, and it is estimated that between 5,000 and 6,000 remain on the tree. The chinquapin resembles an acorn in appearance and a chestnut in taste.

Post's Sun: The new 10-cent delivery postage stamps are gradually becoming known as the 3 d. q's.

Chamber of French statesmen grow ugly in long to the nobility of France.

GROVE ST. CASINO

The Popular Resort.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Dec. 24, 25, 26

AND

Christmas Afternoon,

Prof. H. M. PARKER, and his Wonderful new Mastodon

Dog and Cat Circus!

Best Trained Dogs on Earth.

10 Large Handsome Dogs.—Introducing large English Greyhounds, Setters, Spaniels, French Tans, Russian and Italian Poodles.

GRAND FANCY DRESS

AND

Floral Carnival, FRIDAY EVEN'G, December 31st.

Special Attractions and Music by the full Casino Band. Skating until 12.15 a. m., Jan. 1, to welcome the New Year.

500 New and Elegant costumes to select from at Jules Boutes, costumer, 16 West Front street

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS AT SWAIN'S

32 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK.

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER unequaled for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 8-20-3m

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

BUY YOUR Christmas Candy OF B. T. Barnes'

FRONT STREET,

opposite Post Office.

Manufactured on the premises.

DIXON'S Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

32 West Front Street.

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 200 and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

375 Broad St., Newark

35 W. Front Street,

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps and Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

RAMONETTI'S

CELEBRATED

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream and Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of Individual Ice Cream Imitations!

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Receptions, Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also Brooklyn Restaurant at

RAMONETTI'S

24 North Ave.,

Telephone, No. 30. 6-19-1y

FARM AND GARDEN

Future of Wheat.

The price of wheat has declined again. It is nonsense abroad about fears from Russia and India have flooded the market with their surplus. The Russian wheat is of surpassing good quality, too.

Plainly, American farmers will never have the wheat market all to themselves again. There are formidable competitors from the other side.

There is only one remedy. It is that which the cotton-growing states are beginning to comply with in the case of their staple. When cotton has become so cheap as to be a drug in the market they are learning to produce less of it. They vary their crops to their own advantage.

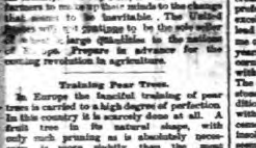
Let farmers in future raise less wheat and more something else. There will always be a profit in good wheat, but there will be no profit for one costs seventy-five cents in city restaurants. Moreover—you won't like to believe it—but somehow there cannot be at present a decent Cheshire cheese made in the United States. Maine cheese is rank poison. Ohio is not fit for a bag to eat. Made of skim milk and hard, you know.

Now, why not gradually work into stock and dairy farming? We should not have to touch beef or good cheese made in this country for a number of years to come. Try diet mixed farming, suited to your particular locality. It is the only way left for small farmers to manage their minds to the change that seems to be inevitable. The United States will still continue to be the sole wheat or large quantities, for the number of people in advance for the coming revolution in agriculture.

Training Pear Trees.

In Europe the training and pruning of pear trees is carried to a high degree of perfection. In this country it is scarcely done at all. A fruit tree in its natural shape, with only such pruning as is absolutely necessary, is more sightly than the most scientifically pruned one. But still a pear arbor, like the one in the illustration is not an ideal. In good situations certain varieties fruit largely thus trained. It has the advantage that the training over the arch brings all the branches and fruit to the sun equally.

There are various styles of training—as, pyramidal—upon arches, espaliers, or trellises, and cordon fashion, which stretches the limbs each way upon frames, either horizontally or diagonally, as may be most obliquely. But there is something painful and unnatural about all these methods, except, perhaps, that of the arch. Any tree rails it is never quite fashionable. For trees to be trained in this manner select the low growing varieties. Graft them upon the quince stock. That is to say, buy from the nursery-man small pear trees, two or three feet high, already grafted upon the quince stock.



ARCH OF PEAR TREES.

Make the arch about eight feet high. The trees should be set two feet apart in the ground. They must be supported in the beginning by a framework.

The way they are trained is this: Cut each tree back to a few buds. Let only one shoot grow from the strongest bud. Train this in the way that is desired, towards the arch. Where it throws out side shoots, pinch them back to five leaves. Thereafter there will be a pleasure in thus watching the growth and shaping of a pear arch. The varieties that will train among the best are the old fall varieties—Bartlett, Seckel, Lawrence and Duchesse d'Angoulême.

CLAIGREAU ESPALIER.

Fig. 2 shows the method of training a pear tree upon a palisade. Set the stake a foot three above the bud or *limb* before the tree is made to bear very early. In the espalier or paling system of training only a single limb is allowed to grow from each bud, planted about eight feet apart. Inch state are nailed to the posts above the bottom rail, and upon these the pear branches are trained. They are tied to the stakes. The stake may be put on diagonally, and the branches trained in that way. There may be any number of stakes to the tree. Which is the most pear, especially adapted to this kind of culture.

The main point about the staking is to keep off all the side branches until the tree is sufficiently old and up to take the long ones.

Tobacco in Tennessee and the Carolinas.

"There is no sort of doubt that sugar and tobacco will be the staples of that region," said Secretary Wilson, when the polls are closed from the gunboat rocks and the Potsdam sandstone, ready for the planting of the seed. So fine tobacco can be grown in the world.

"Nothing has ever occurred in the history of agriculture in America that has wrought such changes in the prosperity of a section as the introduction of yellow tobacco to South Carolina. It has developed pretty fully its growth, ignorance and intelligence rapidly. Every dollar invested in the tobacco culture is an investment. Its business can also easily seen. It has done more to arouse the lethargy of the old Rip Van Winkle state than all the orators of the civil war. Indeed, we do not know of any section in the United States, with the exception of California, where there is more thrift, more prosperity, more energy and more money in proportion to agricultural investment than in the yellow tobacco growing region of North Carolina."

We clip the above from The Nashville American. We have already given the statement of The Wilmington Star as to the possible future of tobacco culture here in North Carolina. The Charleston Courier has information from the farmers of South Carolina equally encouraging.

As this region proper is itself to be more general favor, we are sure our farmers will be hearkened. The indications are in the cessation of the rust in all other crops, has destroyed our thrift, and there are grounds to hope that from yielding a diversity of money crops, so that none may be secured, even though some of these crops should fail.

Advantages of Cutting Fodder.

A. M. Maconber informs The N. E. Homestead that he has been cutting for the last seven years, and is satisfied that it pays. The cattle eat them butter and there is less waste. Besides, there are no long stalks to bother when drawing out manure. When cut and fed it with the cut stalks. It will go much further. It does not matter by both ways as to the economy of the matter. It pays when to cleans out his manure pit, and it pays when he spreads his manure and plows or harrows it in the field. Last winter he cut all his fodder, including the corn, husks and his stalks one-fourth of an inch long with a cutter driven by a one-horse power, and the results will induce him to do so again this winter.

Cheap Paint for Outbuildings.

Ex-Commissioner of Agriculture LeDuc writes to The Husbandman, in reply to inquiries of the method of preparing skim-milk paint, as follows:

"Skim milk, sweet, sets the thickness of cream with the consistency of cream. Grain is preferable—and laid on with a brick is an excellent paint—more enduring than white lead and oil, as commonly sold. It stood for me on a rough board fence for twenty-four years, and I repainted it with a portion of the carrots, doors, and other ironwork, painted with pure oxide of iron and oil, had faded. The color of the oxide and iron is yellowish ochre color, and may be changed by the addition of any of the usual earthy pigments without injury to the paint. The lime in the cement and the casein in the milk form an insoluble compound. The ingredients would seem to be that Holstein and other cattle, whose milk is rich in casein, would furnish skim milk better suited to the purpose than Jerseys or butter-making cows."

Abyke Clover.

In localities where alsike clover is scarce, Abyke as a honey plant is just perfection. If the apiarian can afford to raise any crop for honey alone, it would be this; but it is rarely it can afford the space for it. I keeping owns much land, and there is the barrier in the way of its general cultivation by farmers, and that is its lack of any attractiveness for stock. Many have also complained that Abyke could be cut two or three times, but I have grown it several years and find it essentially the same as mammoth clover in this respect. It is evidently a cross between white and mammoth red clover, and what we now want is a cross between the small red clover and Abyke. Who will give it? Abyke is in my opinion, to produce the best hay of all known grasses, but it lacks rapidity of growth. If it could be crossed with something that would start quickly after cutting, like Alsike. Alsike farmers would take hold of it with a vim and bee keepers would be happy.

The Wood Ash.

[American Cultivator]

Cut the wood lots between the fall of the leaf in autumn and the start of the sap in the spring. If it is designed to have the trees sprout up again quickly, and cut them clean as you go. The practice of leaving small trees for longer growth has also largely been are cut in one that usually defeats its own end. Those which are left crowd out or destroy by their shade the young sprouts which should be left to grow up for the next cut [we are speaking now of hard wood, and the gain by the growth of the trees left is more than balanced by the loss in the next growth. If it is desired to permanently clear land for the purpose of cultivation this may be accomplished by allowing the brush to remain on the wood lot until after the young sprouts are well started in the spring, and then burn them.

Japanese Persimmons.

To a slight extent the Japanese persimmon has found its way to this country. It is good and handsome beyond any fruit of the kind heretofore known. It is the result of extraordinary persimmons, but as large as a rather small orange. One store has a basket full of particularly fine ones in the window with the label, "Fruit of the Gods" upon it. Well named. This fruit grows in the southern states, particularly in Florida.

If You Find a Dead Sheep.

[Orange County Farmer.]

If a farmer finds a sheep dead, killed by the northern dog in the vicinity, let him leave the carcass in the field and sprinkle it liberally with strychnine. The dogs will eat the mutton just as well and they never will kill sheep again.

Things to Be and to Know.

Keeping and raising live stock is the salvation of impoverished soils.

Western ranchmen are beginning to feed their cattle in winter. They had to come to it.

Quinces and sweet apples mixed and together are delicious—excellent quince to two-thirds apples.

The fruit trees in South Berkshire, Col., are being dug up, and English walnuts planted in their stead.

The best supply of the country is falling off. That is fodder. Next year farmers should have a host to sell and some to feed.

In Iowa every acre planted to timber, with trees not more than twelve feet apart, accounts $100 worth of property from taxation.

Horse breeding in France is not a success. Breeders are particular about the stallion, but pay no attention to the points of the mare.

It is said that one acre of grass will support one individual, and that five acres will keep a family. They live on less than that in Ireland.

Farmers' appeal by a government boom that they are not getting rich fast enough, and they rush extensively on their wife plans, and with considerable.

A farmer thinks he has discovered that the common lockjaw is fatal to the potato bug. His proposition next year to plant it extensively to convey potato vines.

A GLIMPSE OF THE ORIENT

ARTISANS FROM THE LAND OF THE RISING SUN.

Interesting Sketches In a Japanese Village—The Occupation of Each Inhabitant—Their Habits—They Excel—What We May Learn from Them.

[Special Correspondence.]

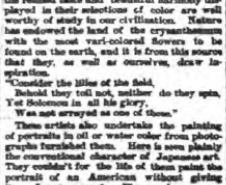
NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Our Madison Square Garden is a veritable bookkeeper in the small, the illustrations of sound and color there exceeds anything in the continent. You enter it at one time to listen to the grand exhortation or solemn high mass of Moody and Sankey; the next week P. S. Gilmore's superb band may be discoursing sweet music, or Mr. J. L. Sullivan, of Boston, may be striving further laurels in the prize ring. Walking matches and dog shows, circuses and horse shows take their turn in appearing there. The latest move of the ingenious scene has brought us a corps of Brobdingnag entertainers and beauty. It carries us over the seas to Japan the "Land of the Rising Sun," though to us it is of gorgeous plenty and materiality the land of the setting sun. We find ourselves, in fact, in the garden now, in a Japanese village of about seventy inhabitants, men, women and children, and should we step out we would be were they at home in the orient. The object of the manager, Mr. Harry Deakin, of Milwaukee, was to transport to our midst a veritable Japanese village so that we may study the people and their arts without the inconvenience of a trip to their land. The experiment is a most interestingly valuable in an educational way.

SKETCH BY JAPANESE ARTIST.

The various occupations take place in booths, as in a fair, the floor of each one being covered with matting. The artisans perform their various occupations sitting with their legs doubled up under them, the luxury of a chair being unknown in Japan. The first booth that attracts our eye contains the lightning sketch artist Aoki, a specimen of whose work is given for our readers is reproduced in fac-simile here-with. It was drawn with a brush in less than three minutes. This is lightning work, but the artist under conditions that make a sketchee to this article could make a more life-like sketch in one-half the time. So much for Celestial versus Yankee expertness at sketching. In this same booth are the Kakemono painters. Kakemono is the Japanese for "hanging thing," and refers to pictures, panels and window decorations. Here we may see the hand from the superiority of the "Japs," but in their arrangement of colors only. Their designs are of course quaint and fascinating to us, but the refined and beautiful harmony displayed in their selections of color are well worthy of study in our civilization. Nature has endowed the land of the chrysanthemum with the most vari-colored flowers to be found on the earth, and it is from this source that they, as well as ourselves, draw inspiration.

"Consider the lilies of the field,
Behold they toil not, neither do they spin,
Yet Solomon in all his glory,
Is not arrayed as one of these."

These artists also undertake the painting of portraits in oil or water color from photographs furnished them. Here is seen plainly the contrast in character of Japanese art. They couldn't for the life of them paint the portrait of an American without giving it a Japanese cast. The eyebrows are darkened, the eyes are slightly elongated and the skin an olive hue at the hands of the Kakemono painter. The same thing may be noticed in European wood engravers. Let a French, German or Italian wood engraver be given a copy each of the same photograph of Farnell, for instance, and each will incorporate his nationality so unmistakably in his work that the portrait of Farnell as Farnell as a Frenchman, German or Englishman. So this failing is not confined to the "Japs."



THE GAMBOLING.

You may have seen "intertitulists," who shot themselves up like a single bladed pocket knife in order to amuse a crowd. The Japanese carpenter also requires no exceedingly flexible hinge to his back to reach the attitude necessary in using the saw. All who work he performs in this manner. Both saw and plane [illegible] the wood in place with his left foot, that hold good and his face almost touches the object. He is never seen bent over his work, but always in the position shown in the sketch. The planing he draws the plane towards him instead of pushing it as we do. In fact the "Jap" does everything the reverse of the way many things. The Japanese carpenter's tool is the shortest way home appears to be his motto. And how well the carpenter performs his task because of short cuts. The difference in the lower extremities produced by the constrained positions of his legs, while [illegible] him when he sits. The knee joints are large and the legs and feet small and shapely. Added from being so much in the only accurate for the carpenter in pursuit of the whole Japanese trade. Their method

JAPANESE WOMAN AND CHILDREN.

An evidence of how many others, we are all this is found in the attention paid to the Japanese mother who walks up and down the village street with her babe in her arms and a youngster clinging to her narrow skirts. The baby's counterpart is seen in the Japanese dolls "of commerce," as Nye would say, only that this babe is bundled up in layers of clothing over its head, but our American babies are inflicted with. Every American mother sees that baby's costume as if they were anxious to see how it looks on the child. These artisans, by the way, were of dark colors and not the traditional white of our savage. What you see represented, then, has had some experience with babies, wondered at was whether the Japanese variety possessed the faculty of turning sight into day, or whether its mother ever subjected its Japanese father to the complaint of the rachet it was making in its Japanese way that he "should have more patience with it while it was cutting its teeth." The latter being more of the baby the writer concluded his hands to take it. The mother politely granted his dumb request as to the last the privilege of holding in his arms for a time. The only thing peculiar about it was a feeling that it was without bones, as least without any backbone. It had also a decided resemblance to the Jap Humpty Dumpties that we have seen. The foot in all men are covered with a little sandal.

According to the oriental custom the wooden sandals are always left outside the door on entering the house. The artist has caught one of the inmates of the tea house in the act of stepping into her shoes. The costumes of the women in the two civilizations are here brought into contrast. The latter is left to judge which is the more sensible. In a small box in this booth honor is a fire of charcoal, on it, in a fancy teapot, is "drawing of the tea" for the guests dispensed in diminutive cups to the visitors without a trace of milk or sugar. The women perform all their work kneeling, with their feet only bent under them, while the men sit tailor fashion.

A LADY OF THE TEA HOUSE.

In the tailor's booth next door the dexterity with which the needle is propelled through the cloth is astonishing. Not a stitch can be seen, though the interposition of the sewing machine, a lost art among us, few of the young misses who use it will believe that it is not a contrivance to aid in the sewing of the needle. The Japanese slide the needle through the cloth much as our seamstresses put in a drawing string, but their method is different from ours. It is accomplished by another queer fancy of the Japanese tailor is to retain the white basting threads; these they consider an ornament. The Japanese tailor's trade, shoe, awl and pocket, needle and the scissors had an unmistakably familiar appearance.

The barber is in Japan must occupy the most place in their social economy at all times that our plumber does in winter. Nearly inhabitant in the village is prime that must be kept in order. Their children have their eyebrows shaved off in order that when they grow up they will be shaved, and so on. The boys have the hair shaved, and so on. The boys have the hair shaved, and so on. The boys have the hair

TO A VASSAR GIRL.

[A. E. F.]

Turn, turn those eyes where deep dewy light
Spreads tender languor o'er my soul;
Where color, like a morning cloud, is bright
And changeful as the rainbow's varied hues.
Ah! turn those eyes, for now they dart
Restless lightning through my heart.

Hide, hide those lips that smiling meet,
Parted and warm as sunny fruits
Through which thy breath, sinlessly sweet,
Cahlly flashes my ardent suit.
Hide, hide those lips, for they're naked
They tempt the kiss I dare not take.

CHRISTMAS SONNET.

HERE the high Son of God would come to
To overcome the sin-
ther of its woe,
And find in sin its fit
He sought not robe of
stake the throne of
wealth.

But since its unabiding home, since birth,
Else babe is laid where cattle bleat and low;
Pleased it the gracious Lord of Heaven so
To charge the world with Heaven's holy
mirth.
Whoever were first hear, whose eyes first gladly
saw
The tokens of a god within our race!
They are not monarchs, proud in heart and
flaw,
But shepherds, listening to the harmony
Of angel voices. This same humble be
Whom God will visit and his kingdom bless.

HOWARD CROSBY.

A FOOL'S CHRISTMAS

A TRUE STORY. BY MRS. ALEXANDER SKINNER.

Everybody said that the Carson children had "done very well with themselves since their parents died. Indeed, there were those who considered it quite providential that they had been thrown on their own resources, since their father had been anything but a provident manager of his affairs. He was a Scotchman, who had never thrived in the genuine eastern garden into which she had been transplanted.

Both died in the same week, and the children at once set about the business of life with great good sense. They had not a dollar left when everything was settled. Even the household furniture was sold. Then they decided to hold together and get their share of the world's chances. There were five of them—George, Catherine, Julia, Annette and Davy.

Nobody ever mentioned Davy who did not speak his name softly and with an accent of gentle pity, for he was simple minded. He was a fool. Though the year had long since turned, at sixteen his face was as vacant as a baby's. But there was "no harm in him," the neighbors said. He was just a big lad, first, pleased with the trifles that delight the very least of children, and of as little use, as worthless is reckoned in this blind old world, as the useless plant grown on the hillsides or the wild vines that choke the grain.

Yet he wasn't a disagreeable figure to look at. His appearance never excited repulsion, only pity. He was large and well formed, and the yellow curls that covered his big head like a fleece were always brushed and shining. Though his vacant brown eyes were uncommunicative, they were free from a look of anger. He had a laugh for every one, body and was invariably happy. He could not understand in the smallest degree the responsibility of life, and therefore knew no superior enjoyments. His world was so little and so comfortable, so simple and so beautiful, so entirely free from distress or dread, that he was absolutely happy.

Matches of bright boys just beginning to make places for themselves in the world sighed as they looked at Davy Carson and recalled his wonderful "luck" when they saw him, a clumsy baby toddling by his mother's side.

Everybody felt what had often set by Mrs. Carson's words to all who would listen, that her words of pity for poor Davy were "enough to express his feelings." The day and the rain, the cruel wind that blew their roofs about the roof of the old house, the discovery that the mattress floated through the yard, the bathtub and even the best knew Davy. He would not talk fully healthily to be out in the storm. Catherine eager to protect him from possible consequences.

In the last two things did he advance—kind and thoughtful he always was, though he showed still his spiritual sense seemed somewhat to grow. Instinctively he understood that all living things were entitled to kindness, and he was pretty sure to be kind. He was forever trying to help the helpless. His mind was not divided power. Higher than the intellect also lies the heart. Through the opaque veil that covered his mind the simple, loving soul looked out clear and beautiful. Literally and absolutely did he fulfill the golden rule—he who could not understand its law, who knew not a line of Inspiration, who had no idea of reward or punishment, of heaven or hell, of God or devil. Yet he did all that the wisest of us are ever able to do.

And so he grew up—big, simple, kind and loving.

When his father and mother died—both were married in the connection in the same day—Davy was dazed by the arrangements of it all; but he could not understand that any one was dead. He looked at a corpse but once. The ghastly sight filled him with terror. He shrieked over the dead as he had done in childhood, not because he was awed by the presence of death, but for fear a noise would disturb their sleep.

When the new things to more he called them other, wondered for them again and again and waited for them always with a patience that was more than mortal, and a longing that made his children fear at times both old and sick.

There were days when he was so sure they would come back that he was on the gate from morning until night, taking down the road over which the long dark wagon had driven, when it carried them away asleep—at there hopeful and happy, eager to be the first to see them.

One day Reverend Winthrop walked by and was touched by the longing in the boy's face. The hunger of the heart had temporarily extinguished the light of intelligence in his eyes, and they burned with a pathos that was inscrutable. He sat rocking a worn-out doll by the big arm, and slowly kissing and holding it up to the light as if he waited for while they were still far off.

"What are you doing, Davy?" said the minister kindly.

"Waitin' for mother's father," answered the big child, his face breaking into a laugh at the mention of their relation.

Mr. Winthrop had a kind heart, but was not considered a judicious man in the matter of giving instruction. He revered the truth, and thought he ought to bring it within the comprehension of all. He looked at Davy; and, with the best intentions in the world, he began by trying to rob him of his sweet hope.

"They will never come, Davy; never, never in this world again."

"Yes, they will," said the momentary look of hope gone, was to one of bewilderment. He did not understand.

The minister continued: "They will never come, Davy. Dead people don't come back. Your father and mother are dead, my boy, dead and buried. Never! never! They cannot come. They are dead."

"Dead?" repeated the child, looking into the minister's face with a look of mingled fear and bewilderment. "Dead like the birds that can't fly or sing; like the dog that kept as still and was put into the ground; like the apple's dead when he ate on the old wintry tree? No, they couldn't die. My mother couldn't die. *My father couldn't die.*"

He said this with such calm assurance, such perfect faith in his own belief, that he looked abashed and rebuked. Here was the perfect faith he had vainly tried to instil into greater minds; the faith of all his teasing. The only one he had tried to implant was so rudely dashed that he. It flashed on him. He repeated over and over the boy's words, "They couldn't die," as he walked away, deeply chagrin than ever what is meant by the scriptural assertion that out of the mouths of babes comes wisdom.

Yes, the children—they had always been called so—and Davy, the biggest of them all, were left to themselves. They were left to grow up—had done so, and their characters already pervade child. The four who constituted the working force developed a genius for the management of affairs. They were as ambitious, practical and worldly as their father had been dreamy and unworldly. They reached out after the success of life with hungry hands. The prizes he had passed by with indifference they strove for and gained.

They held together, and in a year or two brought back the old home and brought it out of dilapidation into smiling companionship with its modern neighbors. They liked to smile on the old house, and to point to the dear circle within calls their society.

"What are you doing, Davy?"

George decided that money was the best thing to devote himself to, and making rich. Catherine managed the housekeeping; Julia made music her profession, and Annette, the youngest and by privilege of the sisters, married very young.

For awhile Davy was not neglected. His brothers and sisters, remembering their mother's tenderness, and their father's unvarying patience towards his helplessness, did their best to make him happy. He was their one great charge, a holy one had they only known it. Though he grew large and his superior endowments. His world was so little and so comfortable, so simple and so beautiful, so entirely free from distress or dread, that he was absolutely happy.

But the days went on and their cares increased and their interests widened. Each had something to do, and the circle of Davy's Contact with the world, extended contact, began to do its work. It was touching them to value the timid gifting of life higher than the animal. It was touching them to set a standard of worth. It was inculcating them with the distinction sin of selfishness, and of ugly thoughts and to be ashamed of Davy's simplicity. Each of him, and tried to help him hidden, and assumed to have forgotten his existence. They were never unkind to him; but by and by there seemed to be no place for him.

He didn't notice the change. In his simple soul there was neither suspicion nor discontent. He reached his dolls, talked to the birds and dogs, and wandered about the old house for his mother and father, and still loved all the world.

They could never afterward tell who suggested it. Perhaps it was Catherine, who had given her kind of late, or perhaps it was George, whose pocket-book was always open for the asking every day; or it might have been Julia, who was constantly bought after by what they were pleased to call "society."

They had all thought of it, but just who had dared to speak of it first they could not remember. Instinctively he understood that all living things were entitled to kindness, and he was pretty sure to be kind. He was forever trying to help the helpless. His mind was not divided power. Higher than the intellect also lies the heart. Through the opaque veil that covered his mind the simple, loving soul looked out clear and beautiful. Literally and absolutely did he fulfill the golden rule—he who could not understand its law, who knew not a line of Inspiration, who had no idea of reward or punishment, of heaven or hell, of God or devil. Yet he did all that the wisest of us are ever able to do.

And so he grew up—big, simple, kind and loving.

When his father and mother died—both were married in the connection on the same day—Davy was dazed by the arrangements of it all; but he could not understand that any one was dead. He looked at a corpse but once. The ghastly sight filled him with terror. He shrieked over the dead as he had done in childhood, not because he was awed by the presence of death, but for fear a noise would disturb their sleep.

When the new things to more he called them other, wondered for them again and again and waited for them always with a patience that was more than mortal, and a longing that made his children fear at times both old and sick.

There were days when he was so sure they would come back that he was on the gate from morning until night, taking down the road over which the long dark wagon had driven, when it carried them away asleep—at there hopeful and happy, eager to be the first to see them.

One day Reverend Winthrop walked by and was touched by the longing in the boy's face. The hunger of the heart had temporarily extinguished the light of intelligence in his eyes, and they burned with a pathos that was inscrutable. He sat rocking a worn-out doll by the big arm, and slowly kissing and holding it up to the light as if he waited for while they were still far off.

"What are you doing, Davy?" said the minister kindly.

"Waitin' for mother's father," answered the big child, his face breaking into a laugh at the mention of their relation.

Mr. Winthrop had a kind heart, but was not considered a judicious man in the matter of giving instruction. He revered the truth, and thought he ought to bring it within the comprehension of all. He looked at Davy; and, with the best intentions in the world, he began by trying to rob him of his sweet hope.

"They will never come, Davy; never, never in this world again."

"Yes, they will," said the momentary look of hope gone, was to one of bewilderment. He did not understand.

The minister continued: "They will never come, Davy. Dead people don't come back. Your father and mother are dead, my boy, dead and buried. Never! never! They cannot come. They are dead."

"Dead?" repeated the child, looking into the minister's face with a look of mingled fear and bewilderment. "Dead like the birds that can't fly or sing; like the dog that kept as still and was put into the ground; like the apple's dead when he ate on the old wintry tree? No, they couldn't die. My mother couldn't die. *My father couldn't die.*"

He said this with such calm assurance, such perfect faith in his own belief, that he looked abashed and rebuked. Here was the perfect faith he had vainly tried to instil into greater minds; the faith of all his teasing. The only one he had tried to implant was so rudely dashed that he. It flashed on him. He repeated over and over the boy's words, "They couldn't die," as he walked away, deeply chagrin than ever what is meant by the scriptural assertion that out of the mouths of babes comes wisdom.

Yes, the children—they had always been called so—and Davy, the biggest of them all, were left to themselves. They were left to grow up—had done so, and their characters already pervade child. The four who constituted the working force developed a genius for the management of affairs. They were as ambitious, practical and worldly as their father had been dreamy and unworldly. They reached out after the success of life with hungry hands. The prizes he had passed by with indifference they strove for and gained.

They held together, and in a year or two brought back the old home and brought it out of dilapidation into smiling companionship with its modern neighbors. They liked to smile on the old house, and to point to the dear circle within calls their society.

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For awhile Davy was not neglected. His brothers and sisters, remembering their mother's tenderness, and their father's unvarying patience towards his helplessness, did their best to make him happy. He was their one great charge, a holy one had they only known it. Though he grew large and his superior endowments. His world was so little and so comfortable, so simple and so beautiful, so entirely free from distress or dread, that he was absolutely happy.

Matches of bright boys just beginning to make places for themselves in the world sighed as they looked at Davy Carson and recalled his wonderful "luck" when they saw him, a clumsy baby toddling by his mother's side.

Everybody felt what had often set by Mrs. Carson's words to all who would listen, that her words of pity for poor Davy were "enough to express his feelings." The day and the rain, the cruel wind that blew their roofs about the roof of the old house, the discovery that the mattress floated through the yard, the bathtub and even the best knew Davy. He would not talk fully healthily to be out in the storm. Catherine eager to protect him from possible consequences.

In the last two things did he advance—kind and thoughtful he always was, though he showed still his spiritual sense seemed somewhat to grow

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE ROCK OF SHIPWRECK ON WHICH MANY MARRIAGES SPLIT.

Rubies the Salt of the Earth—Mrs. Frank Leslie—A Literary Courtship—Sixteen Which Sit Uneasy—Notes, Items, Paragraphs.

The popular idea has long prevailed that the first year of married life is apt to be the most trying period. Those who have lived through it and those who get through this probation successfully are pretty sure to cheer to one another for the rest of the journey. Alas, how often a prize theorist is thrown by, to cope of grief when they run, hull against stubborn fact! So far from the tabulated columns of statistic infidelities showing that the first year of married life is over the danger line, the reverse unquestionably that only about 1-6 touch your dress the regular line storm, rage, and the skies get strewn with wreck and ruin. Why this is so, no one can ought to have convinced any thoughtful man of the practicality of this, without resort of statistics. An attractive young woman can get him a yet a good many times and still retain charm enough to seem adorable. A handsome fellow of a husband, too, can keep within a few yards and triumph to a young girl's heart, even though a man of sixty years of lack of dignity or chivalrous devotion.

The real test of happiness when the couple have thoroughly used up their stock of love, and seemingly offer no new spurs of novelty. When each can unconsciously predict of the other, with all the accuracy of an astronomer calculating a comet's orbit, just what he or she will especially think, say or do. How it is all said, enough for fellows to make them want to shoot. It is in just these natures to and they ought to be. Light to lark and life. Navigators and whoever else knows would be put out if they left this, and why chicks would be of no more use than a last year's bird's nest. Let us have all the aggravations of life. *Love has no superseding to the man*, or woman who can't stand it, or who can't get over it. Let us have old scrapping. Ah! if, by way of change, it were only for once acute colic instead of chronic headache!

And just then comes in the real rock of shipwreck, upon which so many marriages split. Nature abhors monotony, nature cries out for variety, and will have it by book or by crook, by fair means or foul. Even if people must have tantrums, so that they can at least indulge in a variety of tantrums, so that you can never be sure beforehand what form the evil cross will take. There is at least something fresh and piquant to be in the look out for. Naturally and rationally a man who is in the habit of quarreling at 40 wants to marry another of 40, and another of 50, and to live happily with each. Not that any Mormon doctrine is advocated here. The fact is that the average American woman every time, only with a gold deal of addition to her at each decade. Indeed, the only consolation that it is utterly intolerable is that it is what it is. Many a man has to be "married for life" on the strength of the sole physical, mental and moral capital that originally stood up in the bridegroom's shoes on the day of the bride's satin slippers at the wedding ceremony.

Polygamy with one wife, then, is an institution that has its legitimate claims. Every man nature's process ought to be able to find back upon a beautiful series of studied scenes, first with a blooming light hearted young creature, taking life on trust, often unconscious of her own charms, and then with a surprising, heaven inspiring being, who has stood with him all the grimaces of childhood, and with it strong enough to be his helpmeet when higher companionship is needed, and who at last shall be with him on the day of resurrection. It is because such matters of open and avowed as not grow higher and richer with the years that so much is left to secret love. Hence the constant fresh, new gifts of heaven when life's various vicissitudes open up, stale, flat and unprofitable to one another. This explains the mania for divorce. This, that, and many choice show, prevails so disastrously about the tenth year of married life, when the discovery of living with a husband who is the same old dreary man you've had to do with for the same long years without a variation, grows utterly intolerable, and the two wander for a breath of relief.—Boston Herald.

Raising the Wind in the Month.

Saturday is the day for the week's wages. There are 5,000 in Atlanta if there is one. They are little, but they are mighty important, and you ever notice how they disappear in many a hurry? The babies are up and with the sunshine. Let a balmy day happen along and the green leaves are decked over with the babies. Their chubby legs trudge the streets, as they think, for the first time, and their faces look out from very red hoods and seem to rebuke the world for being so bad! Can you ever see a woman pass a baby without giving it at least a smile? Can you ever see an inexperienced man try to make peace with an ineffective and unsoothing baby? Did you ever see a baby that didn't know a policeman when he saw one? Did you ever see any eloquence like a baby's wonderful smile? And how clear and silvery is the laugh of a little girl! Her laughter is like a tinkling shower of sunlight on the skies.

There is no doubt about it, the babies are the salt of the earth. A man is not fully up to the mark until he has a baby. A baby who can coax or bite sleeping baby and not be on terms as a man is not good for much this side of the cemetery and the other side either for that matter.

Did you ever notice the little painted-faced ladies that look out of the dark, damp rooms that fall to the lot of the poor? They betray the fact that they have a love for flowers by painted their low windows. There is a little child on a back street in the business part of Atlanta who may be taken as a specimen of a child of the poor. Her mother is a washerwoman. There is no yard to the house, no corner where even "frog houses" can be made. No soil pure ever looks on broken ranges, and not one pot painted flow ever graces the passer-by that a little child Hope there. But a small, pale face, ever so much, presses against the dusty pane and little eyes look out upon the world. Flowers are dear to rich and poor. It is a comprehensive child. In spring with invigorating, it rides so fiery, unbridled joy. A well-fed dog dashing by with a bone in his mouth, a rich leather trunk on heavy cart, the sidewalk to a negro.

Did you ever notice how tight a baby holds when it is sick? There is hardly enough of it to get a grip upon. A wasp

It is so hard to shut the door on a baby. It is so easy to let the outside.—Atlanta Constitution.

Letters at Evening.

The Duchess of Orleans is a great lover of flowers, and is much in the habit of receiving bouquets from her admirers. Many of these bouquets contain letters which show their recipient a purity and charm that is not elsewhere found. But letters, they reach princesses, like all friends, have their good and their bad. Some of them are full of the most delicate flattery, and others are simply vulgar. The Duchess, who has her full share of humor, has a habit of reading the letters aloud to her friends, and they have great fun over the bad ones. Not long ago she received a letter from a man who had seen her at the opera, and who wrote her a long letter, telling her that he was madly in love with her, and that he would die unless she would meet him. The Duchess read the letter aloud, and then threw it into the fire, saying: "Ah! if by way of change, it were only for once acute colic instead of chronic headache!"

Short-Hair Cross to Washington.

The short-hair craze is striking Washington, and Pennsylvania avenue, of a bright afternoon is filled with the daughters of noted men who walk along the sidewalk dressed in sacks and derbies. Their hair is nobby hats, under which the hair, cut like that of a boy, shows forth. Some look bet- ter for the change; others are made horrible by it. A pretty girl with a well set-shaped head, and her plump, rosy cheeks, round, full, soft, white neck and jauntily poised head on a pair of good straight shoulders can afford to cut off her hair, for she will then add increasingly to the attractions of the most fascinating types. She receives her callers at her office usually sitting at her desk. She walks with them, and extends her hand with charming hospitality and motions you to an upholstered easy chair at her side.

Not since Mrs. Leslie is on her feet is she seen at the best advantage. Her fine, erect, graceful figure attracts attention at once; the shoulders are perfect, the neck a model for a sculptor. She walks with that free, unconscious gait that marks not only good breeding, but how vital to a lovely woman her personal grace should be. There is no useless carriage of the arms, and what is worn and there of a bustle; no hitching on one foot and twisting of hip, or manner of the body and shoulders, but an even, firm step and graceful swing of the limbs. She is always set off in clothes of the best taste as to fitting and style, is an example to the majority of lady pedestrians on the street. Mrs. Leslie does not dress in New York as she did at the office; she is generally in black, either silk or cashmere. She wears a little jewelry of the very best, usually diamonds, and her petite feet are to be seen in the best fitting boots. —Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

Led for an Hour Married Life.

Years and years ago a young lady and a young gentleman who were supposed to be very much in love with each other agreed to break off the match, for what reason a disinterested spectator was never known. Both of them indited letters to the papers, and in the course of time their heated correspondence was transferred to the columns of the New York home-making. The young lady suspected the identity of the person who wrote in answer to herself, and the young man believed that he had penetrated the secret of her pen de plume.

The contributions to the papers took on the character of love letters. They did not appear to be for the public, but for each man and the young woman, each writing with the other in mind, imagined he only a good deal to say. It would have been said in ordinary conversation. Points upon which they differed were discussed, and each expressed himself or herself frankly. Matters of a more delicate nature which would have been mentioned in courtship were brought forward in these letters, and in the end the acquaintance was resumed, and their wedding was the result of their correspondence. The circumstances of this acquaintance were understood only by the editor into whose hands the letters for publication were put, but he was the only one who could with the strong-minded gentleman whose higher courtesy prompted him when the day of reunion came. It is because such matters of open and avowed as not grow higher and richer with the years that so much is left to secret love. Hence the constant fresh, new gifts of heaven when life's various vicissitudes open up, stale, flat and unprofitable to one another. This explains the mania for divorce. This, that, and many choice show, prevails so disastrously about the tenth year of married life, when the discovery of living with a husband who is the same old dreary man you've had to do with for the same long years without a variation, grows utterly intolerable, and the two wander for a breath of relief.—Boston Herald.

Matrimony Over in China.

They never have any breach of promise cases over in China. Matrimony is over there. It isn't three days' old before her parents have betrothed her to some acceptable scion of a neighbor's house. When she is old enough—old she is there by the very old, for if she were in this country she would be playing with her doll yet—she goes to the house of her affianced and marries him. She wraps a bright red veiled ring and goes to the house of matrimony wasn't exactly a cheerful one. There is always mourning at a Chinese marriage, while at a funeral the bands play and there is feasting and rejoicing. It is queer, I think, the Chinese idea in the respect one. When a person marries his troubles begin. Why should he rejoice? When he dies his troubles are over. Why should any one mourn.—New York Sun.

Some of the Causes of Dandruff.

Prominent among the "causes" are grease food, particularly the flesh of the swine, with too hard, coarse, indigestible vegetables; partially relating to the care of the head, sudden changes in the temperature, too much brain labor, grooming or oiling the hair, too much head clothing, keeping the head too warm, without sufficient ventilation, using perfumed or highly scented hair dressings, general debility by scalp diseases, or from no inflammatory tendencies. The dandruff is really the scales of the skin, and is the result of a disease of the sebaceous glands. It is a symptom of baldness by washing the scalp in tepid soft water, by which it is speedily dissolved. It is not necessary to have it very strong, a teaspoonful to a half pint of water.—Dr. Hasselford in Western Plowman.

Rooms to Rent—Typewriter Girls at Home.

An individual signing himself "Young Bachelor," sends the following inquiry to a recent article entitled "Rich Husbands Out West." "I have spent the past ten years in the principal cities of the west. I have long a close observer of everything, particularly the subject referred to above, and I believe I have given more money to assist people to go back east than for any other worthy purpose. The story of the farm reads well and looks nice on paper, but in all human probability the thing that told it was a "Boston drummer," and that settles it.

"Girls, don't go west. If you are in a position to earn your living here don't give it up for a prospect of earning it in the west. The western cities are overrun with female help of all kinds, every thing that of domestic, kitchen girls and servants. They get good wages, and there seems to be a demand for them always ahead of the supply. In Rapid City, S. Dakota, an "ad" for a scientific brought forty-four in person to answer it, and among them some of the most attractive and apparently refined young ladies I ever saw.

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The short-hair craze is striking Washington, and Pennsylvania avenue, of a bright afternoon is filled with the daughters of noted men who walk along the sidewalk dressed in sacks and derbies. Their hair is nobby hats, under which the hair, cut like that of a boy, shows forth. Some look better for the change; others are made horrible by it. A pretty girl with a well set-shaped head, and her plump, rosy cheeks, round, full, soft, white neck and jauntily poised head on a pair of good straight shoulders can afford to cut off her hair, for she will then add increasingly to the attractions of the most fascinating types. She receives her callers at her office usually sitting at her desk. She walks with them, and extends her hand with charming hospitality and motions you to an upholstered easy chair at her side.

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Muffs of French Fashion Plates.

The muffs in the newest French fashion plates are eccentricity itself. Some are gathered full at the top, and they look like small pillows; some appear to be drawn together in the center and flare open so as to appear like two fans fastened together under a ribbon; some are looped like a barrel, and one other wise simple is ornamented by a bow of ribbon from which depends a shield with armorial bearings.—Chicago Journal.

How Silver Ware Is Tarnished.

Nothing tarnishes silver more quickly than rubber, the ring around the neck of a fruit jar being often the cause of a whole closet-full of silver in one night. Coal-gas is also inimical to bright silver or plated ware, and a close fitting canopy to a china will do much to protect the goods. Silver spoons, discolored by contact with cooked eggs, are easily brightened by rubbing with common salt.

Miss. Medjeska's Handsome Doll.

Miss. Modjeska had dressed with her own hands for the doll exhibit in Louisiana woman's work at the New Orleans exposition, a little image in the character of the Heroine of the play. Here is the costume: "The dress is a faithful copy of my own dress in the last act of 'Mary Stuart,' and was taken from the British archives and the most authentic portraits."—Inter Ocean.

Something To Be Proud of.

It is a fact of which Great Britain, a country especially jealous of the reputation for home life, may justly feel proud that no more devoted husbands could have been found in it than the last seven prime ministers. Viz., Palmerston, Russell, Aberdeen, Beaconsfield, Gladstone, and Salisbury all meet on common ground in this respect.

A Favor to American Women.

The high-priestess of dress, the princess of Wales, did the American women a favor when she encircled her own fair throat with a beaded velvet ribbon and closely fit piece of matrimony wasn't exactly a cheerful one. There is always mourning at a Chinese marriage, while at a funeral the bands play and there is feasting and rejoicing. It is queer, I think, the Chinese idea in the respect one. When a person marries his troubles begin. Why should he rejoice? When he dies his troubles are over. Why should any one mourn.—New York Sun.

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CLERKS IN STORES.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE FOLKS WHO STAND BEHIND THE COUNTERS.

The Miscellanea Not a Weakly Class, but the Feminines a Drawback to the Mutual Benefit Associations—Early Closing.

[Washington Star.]

"There are between 25,000 and 30,000 clerks employed in the establishments in this city," said the secretary of the Clerks' Mutual Benefit and Protective association, in answer to an inquiry made by a reporter. "I mean by that all persons employed in stores or private business establishments as clerks, male and female. About one-half of this number are females. At least one-half of the clerks, both male and female, are under 25 years of age."

"What becomes of the clerk when he gets old?" asked the reporter.

"He may become one of the proprietors, or own a share himself," said the secretary; "but, to use a popular phrase, the clerk 'gets left' when he is old. There are as many active young men ready to take his place—young men living at home, perhaps, and able to subsist on half the salary that would support a clerk with a family. The young man of 25 or 30 is at the height of his usefulness as a clerk. Then he either secures for himself a place in the firm, or gives up hope of a position for which his training and experience has fitted him, or he begins to retrograde. That's one thing we are trying to do in our association—to check this retrogression. We want to fire the young men with ambition, and at the same time do what we can for the old men.

FEMALE CLERKS EXCLUDED.

"We do not admit female clerks into our association," continued the secretary, in answer to a question, "for the reason our association is a benefit association. Female clerks are not fitted for the labor they have to do. It is our experience that in a force of male and female clerks four-fifths of the sickness is among the females. In one large store here, where a benefit association was started among the clerks, it is languishing because the females, or a large portion of them, become sick, and the male clerks have to pay. The proper and only seemingly remedy appears to be the establishment of a separate benefit association among the female clerks, with a higher ratio of dues, etc., which could be easily accomplished, and would result in untold advantages; for with them their working is often compulsory on account of circumstances, and they can ill afford to lose their wages on account of sickness, though all firms do not require them to forfeit their pay during sickness. We require a clerk to pass a rigid physical examination. He has also to be not only socially acceptable, but physically qualified. We have a very high standard."

"It is generally supposed that clerks, owing to long confinement in-doors, are not very healthy," suggested the reporter.

"JUST THE REVERSE IS TRUE. As a general thing, I think our medical examiner will tell you, that they are stronger than is the rule among men—above the average. The clerks, you see, have a great deal of active work to do, and have to keep it up. They become hardened. In the case of one of our members recently admitted, the doctor told me he had never examined a person in better condition. The class of clerks we have are members of boat clubs and bicycle clubs, young men fond of base ball and other out-door pastimes, and members of gymnasiums. Why, during the past summer we made up two base ball nines out of our own clerks alone, though they did not have much chance to play."

"No," the secretary went on; "though it is to-do-re, the employment of a clerk is not conducive to ill health. It is unsatisfactory that the clerks are not expected to sit down. They are expected to be on the go all the time."

"Aren't the hours long?"

"The hours are pretty long," said the secretary. "This has been brought about by a combination of the proprietors, or competition among some of the smaller establishments, under the belief that it is an accommodation to the public to keep open late. That is a matter now being agitated now. During the last few summers in Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, and all the larger cities, while many establishments close at noon or at 3 or 4 o'clock in the afternoon, a goodly number closed one day in the week at 12 or 1 o'clock, showing that the public could get along. Did it injure their trade? No, they found it the best kind of an advertisement for them. The mere fact that their clerks were out having recreation in the afternoon was the best. And then it not only makes the clerks take more interest in the business of the firm, but the fact that the proprietor takes an interest in the welfare of his clerks gives the clerks an incentive to work."

Chief Hole-in-the-Day's Son.

[Chicago Tribune.]

The Chippewa chief, Hole-in-the-Day, visited Washington in 1855 on business for his people, and stopped at the National hotel. He was regarded as a rich Indian king, the owner of the greater part of the lands of the northwest. He was the lion of the newspapers and feted by society. A pretty Irish girl took care of his room at the hotel, and the two fell in love. He proposed, she accepted, they were married, and she went back with him to Minnesota as Indian queen. Hole-in-the-Day's marriage with a white woman excited the jealousy of some of the chiefs, who attributed the loss of their land, and they assassinated him.

The fruit of the marriage was a male child, who has now arrived at the age of 17 years, bears the name of his father, and is king of the Chippewas. He has lately visited Washington, and while here applied to Cleveland for appointment as cadet at West Point. He is over seven feet tall, of splendid proportions, and has an eye like that of an eagle. It is thought he will secure the appointment. His mother still lives.

Manitoba Filling Up.

[Chicago Herald.]

Manitoba is filling up with people. The number of schools there in 1871 was 16 in 1881 it had risen to 138 and in 1885 it reached 259. The school attendance was 619 in 1871, 4,919 in 1881 and 13,041 in 1884.

Cutler's Night Schools.

Nearly all the towns in the anthracite coal regions have opened night schools, in accordance with law, which are well patronized by the colliers.

Douglas Jerrold: "The cold how folks will force disagreeable knowledge upon us. Like crab apples, we must eat them and defy the stomach-ache.

Jed Lafagan: The only way to unsteadily get a start by the horse is to let him get by. He is master of the situation. The same with men.

Douglas Jerrold: Make your bed as a noble, and your noble will lie on a bed. The grave is the true purifier.

THE LITTLE GOLD CROSS.

[Philadelphia News.]

Here, on my heart, still I keep it,
The little gold cross which you gave me
one day;
Twas years, years, ago, and yet I still
keep it,
And I'll keep it, to-night, in the shy girl's
own way.

Yes, years, since then, years have sped over
me, heart's one!
Blossoms and dead petals I have gathered
and left,
Hope and despaire, too, I've trodden
through, heart's one!
Been happy, exultant, and been, love,
bereft!

Yet you have never known aught of it,
darling!
Not not even a dream of what o'er me has
passed;
You have lain so quiet, strong, tenderest
darling,
Where the joy's dark leaves upon marble
lie mossed.

How strange that, to-night, when bleak
darkness is the
The little gold cross, love, should awake,
just the
In my withered heart, love, while the north
wind is calling,
That door, timid, sweet, girlish, ineffable
flame!

THE MANUFACTURE OF POISON.

Extraordinary Quantities Made—Mystery of Their Employment—A Question.

[Chambers' Journal.]

Not the least interesting of many curious features connected with the production and consumption of certain poisons is the extraordinary quantities that are in some instances manufactured. What becomes of them? Is it necessary to suppose that they stand what is implied by 1,000 Winchester quarts of chloroform and 1,000 or even 10,000 ounces of morphia; but what of a poison like chloral?

It has already been stated that chloral is at present being manufactured by the hundredweight. This, however, as a matter of fact, falls far short of the truth, for one German manufacturer recently admitted the production of half a ton weekly in his laboratory alone. There is no recognized outlet for the consumption of this, for instance saving that of internal administration, and we confess the imagination quails before the shuddering sensation for the hundreds of thousands of pain-stricken weary mortals who must swallow an immense number of half tons weekly, in doses of twenty or thirty, or at the most forty grains each.

A number of years ago something little short of a panic was occasioned by attention having been called to the fact that strychnine was being manufactured in enormous quantities, 1,000 ounces having been known to be purchased at one time. What became of this extraordinary quantities was the question that not unnaturally raised the public mind. As a medicine its use is reasonably restricted, and the indiscriminate sale or employment as a destructive agent for vermin—the only other legitimate purpose to which it is known to be applied—is strictly forbidden by Government. The mystery of the quantities in which it was being manufactured was only partially solved by the suggestion that it was probably used for the colonies, to assist in exterminating vermin there.

31st Day Void Around.

[Outing.]

In the account of Mr. Stevens' ride through Germany, on his wonderful tour of the world on a bicycle, the following incident occurs:

Rolling over fair roads into the village of Oberkirch, I conclude to remain for the night, and the landlord of the hotel, to add to the pleasure of the colonies, to assist in exterminating vermin there.

Muffs of French Fashion Plates.

The muffs in the newest French fashion plates are eccentricity itself. Some are gathered full at the top, and they look like small pillows; some appear to be drawn together in the center and flare open so as to appear like two fans fastened together under a ribbon; some are looped like a barrel, and one other wise simple is ornamented by a bow of ribbon from which depends a shield with armorial bearings.—Chicago Journal.

How Silver Ware Is Tarnished.

Nothing tarnishes silver more quickly than rubber, the ring around the neck of a fruit jar being often the cause of a whole closet-full of silver in one night. Coal-gas is also inimical to bright silver or plated ware, and a close fitting canopy to a china will do much to protect the goods. Silver spoons, discolored by contact with cooked eggs, are easily brightened by rubbing with common salt.

Miss. Medjeska's Handsome Doll.

Miss. Modjeska had dressed with her own hands for the doll exhibit in Louisiana woman's work at the New Orleans exposition, a little image in the character of the Heroine of the play. Here is the costume: "The dress is a faithful copy of my own dress in the last act of 'Mary Stuart,' and was taken from the British archives and the most authentic portraits."—Inter Ocean.

Something To Be Proud of.

It is a fact of which Great Britain, a country especially jealous of the reputation for home life, may justly feel proud that no more devoted husbands could have been found in it than the last seven prime ministers. Viz., Palmerston, Russell, Aberdeen, Beaconsfield, Gladstone, and Salisbury all meet on common ground in this respect.

A Favor to American Women.

The high-priestess of dress, the princess of Wales, did the American women a favor when she encircled her own fair throat with a beaded velvet ribbon and closely fit piece of matrimony wasn't exactly a cheerful one. There is always mourning at a Chinese marriage, while at a funeral the bands play and there is feasting and rejoicing. It is queer, I think, the Chinese idea in the respect one. When a person marries his troubles begin. Why should he rejoice? When he dies his troubles are over. Why should any one mourn.—New York Sun.

Some of the Causes of Dandruff.

Prominent among the "causes" are grease food, particularly the flesh of the swine, with too hard, coarse, indigestible vegetables; partially relating to the care of the head, sudden changes in the temperature, too much brain labor, grooming or oiling the hair, too much head clothing, keeping the head too warm, without sufficient ventilation, using perfumed or highly scented hair dressings, general debility by scalp diseases, or from no inflammatory tendencies. The dandruff is really the scales of the skin, and is the result of a disease of the sebaceous glands. It is a symptom of baldness by washing the scalp in tepid soft water, by which it is speedily dissolved. It is not necessary to have it very strong, a teaspoonful to a half pint of water.—Dr. Hasselford in Western Plowman.

Rooms to Rent—Typewriter Girls at Home.

An individual signing himself "Young Bachelor," sends the following inquiry to a recent article entitled "Rich Husbands Out West." "I have spent the past ten years in the principal cities of the west. I have long

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(3 doors below Music Hall)

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Toys, Dolls,
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ICE SKATES

Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. One dose will use the most distressing cough in the first dose. Large size put. and $1. Respectfully, R. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

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Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed
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MASONS' MATERIALS
And
COAL.

Also keep in stock choice quality of
Cannel Coal.
Madison Avenue,
And
C. R. & P.
Telephone Call 39.

REMOVAL.
S. J. NEAL,
THE
CARPET WEAVER,
has removed to
38 WEST FRONT ST.
in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and sell rags of all colors, cotton, mats, etc. Also a line of first-class rag carpet constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

BIRD'S PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.

This machine is a w ld to my need. Its simplicity and strength commend it to every one who has coal over it. The coal comes down against the wall and not against the window. I take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to call and see it at work. I have the Plainfield agency for the sale of this valuable article on hand. Also Kindling Wood and A. Mitchell, Jr's Fertilizers and Bone Dust.
M. BIRD,
Park Avenue, Plainfield N. J

The Prince Royal.
$3.50
Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Bals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove cut tops of the best kangaroo calf. Extra heavy soles. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,
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And all the New Novelties in Decorations.

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PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,
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J. A. HOSKINS, Proprietor.

AT TEA-CUP TIME.

[Abbie F. Judd.]

At tea-cup time, when day is done,
And softer light of setting sun
Shines through the room with dimsy gleam,
Lighting fair faces with its beam,
A little while and time is gone.

When shadows deepen and the dim
Chill mirk of night creeps slowly on,
There comes to man a joy supreme,
At tea-cup time.

Forgotten are his dog and gun,
Each game of tennis he has won,
He muses o'er the fragrant stew
Prom hungry day that's now gone—
And down the cares just leap
At tea-cup time.

GIVING AND WITHHOLDING.

[Contist.]

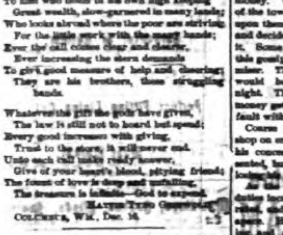
To him who sits on the heights of wisdom,
And looks on the throngs who grope below,
Lost in the dark and dusty morasses
Of doubt and ignorance, want and woe;
Ever the call comes high and higher
To shed his light on the dark below.
No man liveth, and no man dieth
Unto himself, as his soul must know.

To him who holds in his own high keeping
Great wealth, slow-garnered in many lands;
Who looks abroad where the poor are striving
For the bread of life in their hands;
Ever the call comes clear and clearer,
Ever increasing the stern demands
To give good measure of help and cheering;
They are his brothers, these struggling bands.

Whatever the gift the gods have given,
The law is still not to hoard, but spend;
Every good increases with giving,
Trust to the giver, it will never end.
Unto each this world's ready answer,
Gives of your heart's blood, pitying friend;
The fount of love is deep and unfailing,
The treasure is infinite—God to expend.

HAVEN TRIP (Copyright).

COLCHESTER, Wis., Dec. 16.



(Continued.)

Floodgate is not a large town, but it prides itself on the excellence of its society. However, the only one of its people I care to talk about at present is the sexton, Uncle Adam.

He was known as "Uncle Adam." He had a surname, but as persistently was it ignored that all were a very few forgot it completely. He was the sexton of the Church of the Puritans. Besides performing all the regular duties of that office with his own hands, he managed the organ. He was not required to do this, but he insisted on it, not for the sake of increasing his salary, for he stipulated particularly that he would no extra pay in consequence, but because he adored music and had theories with regard to organ pumping.

The organ, he said, should be something of an artist as well as the organist. He should put his soul into the work and it would be felt in the music. This he surely did. Such energy and enthusiasm were never before applied to an organ pumping. When the music gushed from the tall pipes, rose high and then softly died away, Uncle Adam, in the little dim room that concealed him, exulted. When he emerged from the organ loft, after services, instead of his usual beam from his nervous exertions, his face was invariably bright and beaming. Often and often he was in a state of spiritual exaltation quite incomprehensible to the less people who spoke to him kindly and patronizingly. His eyes burned with an unaccustomed light, and his voice was full of tones of things greater and grander than the old church contained.

The music wrought this change, thought the few who noticed it. Not entirely. Uncle Adam was dreaming of things they knew not of. He lived, at such times, in another world, the world of the invisible and the eternal. He believed that that world was shut out from this by the veil of flesh only, and that at times glimpses of it were swept aside and the spirit in the flesh saw the spirits "who are as the angels of heaven," without flesh.

"I know there are spirits about us, because I see them," he said. "I know they are the spirits of men and women who have lived in this world, for my own people are among them—my wife, my children, my mother, and my friends of long ago. I know that we are immortal, for I find that I shall never die. I am sure my soul can never perish, for I believe it to be a part of God."

The old man grew eloquent when talking on the subject. His soul was aflame and his thoughts came forth in the strong and simple language of inspiration. His listeners smiled with pitying incredulity, or gave ear out of curiosity to what they called his harmless craze. Here and there was one who possessed a vein of poetic sentiment which was kindled by the talk of "the cloud of witnesses" continually near; but all were too much afraid of ridicule to say that faith in the unseen was a source of strength in Uncle Adam's life, a part of his honest and earnest soul.

Sometimes he told of the sights he saw in the organ loft, the radiant spirits that came to him there. The dim little room that shut him away from the sight of others was the very door of heaven to him. It was a privilege that he enjoyed if with delight recalled in it as long as possible, and emerged from it with a transfigured face. He believed that he there talked with angels.

I have spoken of Uncle Adam as an old man. He might better be described as one who had never been young. In years he wasn't really old; but he seemed far away from everything youthful; long past all the joys of life.

Cheerful was he always, unhappy never, though there was nothing in the outward show of his life, save pleasure or beauty in it. Poor and hard as it appeared to them, it held joys they might well have been envied; but they were joys of the spirit only. They belonged to "the peace man did not make and cannot mar."

Uncle Adam lived alone in a tiny house close beside the church of his care. His small front room was a workshop, where he made and mended shoes every hour of the day and evening when off duty at the church. The remainder of his house contained the machinery of his domestic economy. He was his own cook, laundress and chamber-maid, and was suspected of being his own tailor and shirt-maker. His garments gave color to this suspicion. They had no affinities with the prevailing mode whatever. Comfort and Freedom had gold of the sheers when they were cut. Cheap as well as behind the times were they, but clean.

Even as unobtrusive a person as the sexton of the Church of the Puritans cannot escape impertinent comment. There were people in Floodgate who bothered themselves over his private affairs. They kept a sharp eye on his slender purchases, and decided that he was starving himself in order to accumulate money.

He was never idle. Early every morning, the light in his window was to be seen, and the lamp burned in his workshop every night till 10 o'clock or later. All this brought in money. What did he do with it? The idlers of the town, having no industrial demands upon them, figured up Uncle Adams' income, and decided that he didn't exhibit a sight of it. Some of the better class hearkened to this gossip, and concluded also that he was a miser. They soon expressed a fear that he would be murdered for his hoard some night. They piloted him for his pastor for money, and he was not to be blamed for this fault with him.

Course years ago, he had opened his little shop on certain days in the week to display his concealed wealth. This he never repeated, but worked away in silence and obscurity, as it seemed to his neighbors.

As the years went on, the sexton's parish duties increased. The church was to be decorated, and extra work without extra comp on space. He was always cheerful and obliging. But the day before Christmas, the Sunday school was to have a Christmas tree, with appropriate services on Christmas eve. The ladies of the congregation, grateful to the sexton for his faithful services, made up a purse to get him a nice present, to be delivered from the tree. They decided on a suit of clothes, as the greatest novelty for him, though some argued strongly in favor of giving him the amount in money, as more likely to gladden his avaricious old heart.

The Christmas tree was to be the great event of the season in Floodgate. Everybody was talking about it. The services were to be unusually fine. Mrs. Duxbery Wickersham, the wealthiest lady in the place, had promised the Church of the Puritans a great musical treat for that occasion. On the afternoon coming home from Boston she had become acquainted with the new singer, Miss Judith Starling, and had engaged her to sing.

This was, indeed, something splendid to look forward to. The newspapers were full of praise of Miss Starling's beauty and genius. Floodgate was on tip toe with interest.

When Mrs. Wickersham's carriage rolled away from the depot, bearing the famous singer, women peeped at it cautiously from behind their curtains, men stared openly, and children boys followed it in a disorderly procession.

Uncle Adam was as much interested as anybody. He had put the finishing touches to everything in the church, with a view to making a favorable impression on the beautiful young girl who, he had no doubt, leaves greater honors and comes to Floodgate to sing for the Church of the Puritans.

"Is she very pretty?" he asked tentatively, as the troop of boys who had followed Mrs. Wickersham's carriage rushed into the church during the afternoon preceding the eventful evening.

"Oh, awful purty," answered the boy, with the reddest face, "and she wore a whole lot of fur off'n some animile I never saw nor heard of."

The old man's eyes glistened. "Can't you tell how she looks?" he asked eagerly.

"Like them pictures of angels down in the book-store windows, on the Christmas cards," said pallid boy, "only purtier'n ever, and she hain't got no wings, neither. She's just a girl, that's all. She has a hat that beats 'em all."

Uncle Adam listened with eyes and ears, as childishly curious as any of them. Thus encouraged, their imaginations grew lustful for such one added some graphic tribute to the singer's beauty, until the old man knew something more than mortal to all of them, the sexton included.

"We'll all hear her sing, boys! We'll all hear her sing," he said excitedly.

The church was ablaze with light early, and the sexton, in his Sunday best, crept softly and the spirit in the flesh saw the spirits "who are as the angels of heaven," without flesh.

"I know there are spirits about us, because I see them," he said. "I know they are the spirits of men and women who have lived in this world, for my own people are among them—my wife, my children, my mother, and my friends of long ago. I know that we are immortal, for I find that I shall never die. I am sure my soul can never perish, for I believe it to be a part of God."

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CEDAR AND HOLLY.

[Original.]

COME, Jean, with your cedar and holly;
Oh, the scent of the woods is sweet,
I'll tell you a bit of a story
As you sit on the rug at my feet;
I'll help with the wreaths you are twining,
Of the beautiful running pine,
And I'll tell you a bit of a story,
A story of Auld Lang Syne.

Sit here, if you please, my darling,
In the hearth-fire's ruddy glow;
Yes, I like the glance of the holly,
In wove with the mistletoe;
Oh, why do you drop your eyes, dear?
And why are your fingers cold?
Is it only the chill of the night, love,
And the sweep of the wind from the wold?

'Tis the blessed Christmas eve, Jean,
And a young heart should be gay,
When the world is clasping hands, dear,
And all in the dawn of day
The angels will come singing,
And the vaulted skies will ring
Once more to the heavenly music
That greets the Infant King.

But you've had a quarrel with Robin—
Bend lower, golden head—
I was half-way down the stairs, child,
And I heard the words you said:
"Henceforward, we meet as strangers!"
Yes, I'm afraid you did,
Who have given each other troth-plight
To be ever fond and true.

Think of it, Jean, my darling;
Here it is Christmas eve,
And Robin is somewhere fretting,
And here you are, let to grieve;
Though hiding the heart-ache proudly,
And wearing a resolute face;
We women have learned that art, dear,
'Tis a part of our womanly grace.

This isn't my bit of a story;
And I'm helping you not at all;
Pardon me, Jeanie, darling,
If the help I'm giving is small.
But I had a lover once, dear,
And I sent him far away;
And of all the tears I've shed, dear,
The bitterest fell that day.

'Twas the eve of the blessed Christmas
Many a year ago;
I hear the chimes of the bells, dear,
Coming across the snow;
And I see my Jasper's look, dear,
As he pealed my cheeks' soft glow,
And kissed me twice and thrice, dear,
Under the mistletoe.

Oh, dearly I loved my Jasper,
And dearly he had loved me;
Perhaps that was why we quarreled;
For this is the mystery:
That just where we love most truly
We are quick with our words of flame;
And love dies a lit by anger
Burns with the fiercest flame.

My old cheek blushes, Jeanie,
When I think how slight a thing
Gave me the ire of Jasper
And a life-long suffering.
'Twas Fanny, my cousin, caused it,
A little coquette like Fan;
But 'twas touch and go with me, then,
And Jasper was only—a man.

So, up I blazed on a sudden,
Then coldly turned away,
And met with Martin Seldon,
And hadn't a word to say,
Though my own true love was pleading,
With all his heart in his eyes;
And I wouldn't bid him good-night, dear,
Though I saw his pained surprise.

So was then on "waiting orders,"
They came on Christmas Day,
And the first I knew was that Jasper
Was gone for a year, and away.
Away to the tropic seas, Jean;
I have never see him more
Since he turned and left me standing
Mute at my father's door.

Old he marry? Yes, Jeanie, darling,
A sweeter woman than I;
It wasn't Fanny Raymond,
And love has passed me by;
But make up your quarrel with Robin,
No ifs nor buts nor "whys"—
'Tis way of evil and sorrow—
Darling, on Christmas Day.

The beautiful cedar and holly,
Oh, the scent of the woods is sweet,
And sweet is the face before me,
And the dainty form at my feet.
Don't borrow a grievance, honey,
Don't buy for yourself a pain,
But, early to-morrow, my dearie,
Send for your Robin again.

Then the sound of the Christmas carols,
When the little children sing,
With mind yet, my love, of the struggle,
And their praise of the Infant King.
Then the star that guided the strangers
To the place where the Christ-Child lay,
Will shine in sweetest beauty
Over your happy way.

MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.

"Dead in the Organ Loft."

A worldless wave of feeling went up from the people, as before a sudden, received himself enough to make a movement, they were startled by another curious thing. Miss Starling, the singer, reached out her arms, as though unconsciously entreating help, and wailed out, "O, my father!"

The shock, the horror, the surprise, all coming at such a time, created in the staid old Church of the Puritans an emotional panic not to be painted by words.

Yes, it was true, the beautiful singer was his daughter. She was only 5 years old when her mother died. As soon as England took charge of her, and at her father's wish educated her abroad for a musical career. She had never supposed her father to be rich, or ever dreamed that he earned, by hard work, the money she regularly received. He traveled, she thought. Her aunt had been dead five years, and she really knew very little about her father. It was evident at last that he never intended her to know his true circumstances. All her letters to him had been sent in the care of a lawyer at Pembroke, thirty miles away. He had written her that he would be at Floodgate to hear her sing, if possible. Her welfare had been the object of his life. For her he had toiled and saved and borne the reputation of a miser.

The lawyer from Pembroke came and told the pathetic inner history of Uncle Adam's life. And they noticed that his dead face wore a look not usual to dead faces. It was an expression of rapture. No wonder. He had died of joy, his spirit floating out on the glorious strains of the Christmas hymn.

One thing the Floodgate people can never explain: How did the sexton walk past the pulpit, down the aisle and out at the door of the church, when he was lying dead in the organ loft? No, they cannot explain that, though they talk of it to this day, and tell the story over and over at Christmas tide. Three or four daring ones ventured to say that as the sexton's last thought had been of his daughter's voice, it was not unlikely that his spirit, released from the body, at once unconsciously hurried to a point whence it could see her. They were unmercifully derided, of course, and talked about terribly. Intimated that they would be put out of the field for holding such extraordinary opinions closed their mouths at once, and have kept them closed ever since. ERNEST OLIVER.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.

"I heard the bells on Christmas day
Their old familiar carols play,
And wild and sweet
The words repeat
Of peace on earth, good will to men."

TO-NIGHT!

SPECIAL

Low Prices

will be marked on

Holiday Goods,

to ensure an entire closing out. A loss is preferable to carrying them over.

LOOK OUT FOR

Rare Bargains

AT

EDSALL'S.

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $6, $8, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $15.

All wool medicated red Underwear at $1 each

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

H. S. BARNES.

CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION TO HIS

Carefully Selected Stock

FOR

Holiday Goods

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STRICTLY NEW YORK PRICES.

17 and 19 Front Street, East.

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Steam Laundry

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Custom or Gloss Finish.

Central Branch Laundry office at E. M. Ludwig's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for and delivered. P. O. Box 695.

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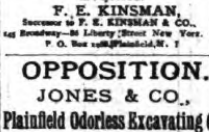

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No. 61 North Avenue,

A CHRISTMAS MESSAGE.

[Original.]

I know years ago the person who tells the following story. The facts were conveyed to me by letter, with the request that I should put them in readable shape and publish them after I heard of the narrator's death. I have complied with the request to the best of my ability.

My name is Margaret Latham. My more intimate friends used to sportively call me "Peg" for reasons which will shortly appear. For the last ten years I have resided in a far away South American city among a people whose customs are very different from my own.

Christmas is here also a season of festivity. But it is all very different from the New England Christmas of my childhood. As this season draws near I feel an irresistible yearning to send to my own country some thing which may possibly remind certain friends I left at my departure. I thought I had shut them from forever; I find I cannot. Year after year in this strange land, as this season draws near, have I felt the same impulse. It is as if then I would migrate to my northern home, like a bird of passage. Something ties me with ever growing strength and strangeness. As I cannot come with my body I send my thoughts—my story—which I hope and pray may meet some old friend's eye. I desire to tell a woman's story—my own—a story involving faults, follies and inconsistencies, but real, none apparent, and involving also what I think I may call a certain good quality; for I hold that self-depreciation is as great a fault as an over-appreciation. Indeed, whenever I hear a person persistently "run down" himself, it seems to me as if it was accompanied by an underlying moral quality of which he is unconscious to its full extent from his listener more praise than he really deserves.

I was born and bred in the hard, narrow, rigid life of a family in straitened circumstances, in a New England village. I had a brother a girl two dissimilar brothers. One to be got through my people, the other to become a physician. The love of healing was labored in me—I mean to heal as I think only a woman can heal—and to heal principally women.

If I don't say this as a man later—quite the reverse. I state it only as my peculiar individuality.

One of my besetting sins, and which injured my prospects in life, was an irresistible tendency to "cut up," and generally at the very time and in the very place where, of all others, I should have acted decorously. Be sure if there was a wrong thing to do in company or in any public assemblage, it seemed to me as if a very imp of mischief kept at my ear, whispering, urging, tempting me to do it, until at last I could resist the irresistible no longer and did it.

When I was fifteen I told my parents I wanted to be a doctor. Women physicians were little heard of in those days. My family adopted the idea and threatened to send me to bed for an indefinite period if ever I mentioned it again. But I was in dead earnest, thought and intent in secret. It grew stronger and stronger. One day I read in a newspaper of a woman who had commenced a medical practice in a western town. She was the first female physician of whom I had ever heard. It gave a renewed strength to my determination.

At the age of sixteen I commenced keeping the books of a village merchant on the meagre salary graciously allowed a girl for performing a man's work. I worked him five years; I saved a thousand dollars. With this I went to Boston, applied at a certain noted college and stated my desire to the principal of entering on a course of medical study. He told me that I could manage to "pull through" on a thousand dollars, but that it would be hard work, involving much deprivation and relative hardship. On fifteen hundred dollars he said I could get through properly, and advised me strongly against making further effort unless I had that sum.

I went from the college, and at the first retired spot in which I found myself, leaned against a wall and cried for half an hour. I terminated my cry with a laugh, went back to my native village, kept the merchant's books for two years and a half longer, received the remaining fifteen hundred dollars, and commenced my medical studies.

I went to Boston very full, indeed, of good intent and resolution to abandon my madcap pranks, and be a sober, solemn and decorous young woman.

I made in Boston one very dear female acquaintance—the loveliest, most gentle, most considerate nature I ever met. She seemed to accept my odd make-up, though, poorly, she did not understand it; but, for the first month neither did I them, nor did I care.

The years that I spent in the earning of money to pay for my education and those occupied in attaining that education were years of close, hard, chaste paring living. I deprived myself of many things my nature craved. I denied myself gayety, and fed on self sympathy. I was obliged to deny myself amusement and recreation. I loved dress, rich and expensive dress. I appreciated and craved food much above the quality of twenty-cent meals in crazy restaurants. I positively starved in fact for dress. I enjoyed all the elegancies and luxuries of life. Wanting all these and as I now believe needing them, my life was a continual starvation. I tried to comfort myself by the belief that in all this necessary denial and in pressing forward toward the main object my whole mind was doing the right thing.

Was it? I answer, as now I see life and its necessities. No! Then, all the current sentiment of our time endorses self-denial, when the end to be attained by it is a creditable one. But it seems often to forget that this right thing is a relative one, and that the starvation of tastes and appetites may beget peculiar evil results, which may haunt much of the good attained.

As now I see in my case, I longed for the years to draw as I saw other women drew. I longed for choice food, cosy apartments, and the gratification of my tastes. I looked fault with loathing on my hard, narrow, plodded and relatively spare life. I made certain friends, some of them wealthy. At my situation became known to me. Their sympathies were enlisted to my behalf. Offers of pecuniary assistance were made. I declined. I would be all alone gratefully. I declined it at the end of a long sum night dutch at some choice viand when him which he found the others, starving, might snatch from him—I am in it a road more pleasant leading out of the barren, high-walled, moss-grown lane of Poverty, trod by so many weary feet that almost every flower that grew in spring up therein is trampled down in its bud. I took it as one starved may take any gift, thinking it was the last ever to be received. I became covetous. I hoarded away these gifts. While I would not beg for more drive by, I did so indirectly. I let things be seen by my friends in situations instead of asking them openly. Though having them many enough to stop the pinch of the hour more in accordance with my tastes and desires, I did not so greatly thank. I continued still to deny, daily and steadily to make and keep friends. I was willing to be among them with my mouth ever wide open to receive whatever was dropped in it, and to attract their gifts to my powers of pleasing.

I found when I had sufficient means that I had not the courage to spend them. I thought I had so narrowly wanted. The saving, calculating, cost-to-a-penny habit of years clung to me.

Anything beyond my old plane of expense frightened me. I was cursed with a constant fear of poverty. I had a good deal, a middle, of any sort, and paid for it a good price. I would be pained for days at the thought of parting with so much money. *The money brought me no relief*—only the more distress. The reason was, I had trained myself to miserliness and could not escape. My mind on that point was diseased. Had a million been placed in my possession I should have felt the same. In thought I should have been no richer.

Besides, I'd had that villainous maxim, "Save when you're young that you may spend when you're old," dinned into my ears, and I had practiced it out of your spending, drilled and drummed into my ears from my earliest childhood, until I had come to think every cent expended over and above what was necessary to keep life in one's body a sinful sin, if not a whole one.

I had said I planned a trip to England together. I wished for a course of study at one of the great London hospitals. We arranged the trip and set a time for our departure.

But when I came to think the matter over by myself it presented itself to a very different light. I told them while glad to accept my gen rous would be for both of us unbeknown that I should be ever leading her into trouble through my whims and humors, and that her gentle and sensitive nature was not able to endure the strain that would be put upon it through my peculiarities. I feared, also, leaving her under my own influence, her permanent and love of change, that the time might come when I should tug at my chain, however dear. So firmly did I believe that such would be the case, and so averse was I to the stating of this opinion in fanfare, that I went to Boston to be rejected. She was delighted and intent in secret. It grew stronger and stronger. One day I read in a newspaper of a woman who had commenced a medical practice in a western town. She was the first female physician of whom I had ever heard. It gave a renewed strength to my determination.

At the age of sixteen I commenced keeping the books of a village merchant on the meagre salary graciously allowed a girl for performing a man's work. I worked him five years; I saved a thousand dollars. With this I went to Boston, applied at a certain noted college and stated my desire to the principal of entering on a course of medical study. He told me that I could manage to "pull through" on a thousand dollars, but that it would be hard work, involving much deprivation and relative hardship. On fifteen hundred dollars he said I could get through properly, and advised me strongly against making further effort unless I had that sum.

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A BRILLIANT EXPLOIT.

THE DARING OF LIEUT. CUSHING AND HIS BRAVE VOLUNTEERS.

Blowing Up of the Confederate Ram Albemarle at Plymouth by the Intrepid Officer—The Encounter—The Confederate Commander.

[Our San Francisco Chronicle]

The Confederate ram Albemarle had driven the wooden gunboats out of the Roanoke. Plymouth had fallen into the hands of Confederates, and had been fortified, with its rifled guns and grim, yawning ports, was a standing menace and terror to the wooden vessels opposed to her. Volunteers from among the officers in the fleet were called for to lead parties having for their object the destruction of the ram. Hundreds were anxious and eager for the undertaking, but those who had been selected were secretly decided and determined upon. Lieut. William B. Cushing was the man. He had a certain amount of such popularity as comes with the sportsman in the field or brook could not have been excelled. A steam launch, floating low in the water, fitted with pole torpedo, and manned by a picked crew, had been built and prepared especially for the purpose of destroying the great object of the hatch on the end of a spar, and was fired by pulling a lanyard, which allowed a small gunpowder to roll down against a fulminate-cap.

[Philadelphia Times.]

Cushing and wrested Plymouth from the Confederates, driven the fleet from the river, sinking one of them (the Southfield) in the channel, and had captured seven squadrons in the open waters of the sound, steamed leisurely back to her wharf in front of Plymouth, and for some inaccountable reason left the night of October 26 without launch she had won in the spring. Every precaution had been taken to guard the ram against attacks from the enemy. On the wharf at the time was stationed a large detachment of soldiers were stationed, keeping watch and ward day and night, in addition to the regular crew and lookouts on board the ram.

From the mouth of the Roanoke to the town of Plymouth, the river, the night was dark, the air was still, and the water was like a placid pond. On the right hand and over the yards wide, was narrowly guarded by detachments of the Confederate navy. About one and a half miles Plymouth was the wreck of the Southfield, jutting half-way across the turbid stream. On her sloping deck a battery had been established, barricaded, with cotton bales, while the guns, calibre 9-inch, were grouped together, ready to be utilized at the first note of warning. Piles of timber-wood, and fronts, tar barrels, and cans were piled at intervals on the river banks, ready to aid, with their blinding glare, in defeating any attempt on the part of the enemy to ascend the river.

Such was the condition of affairs.

Cushing selected a force of thirteen officers and men from the best of volunteers, and spent a little time in drilling them on board the torpedo launch. The launch was a buoyant and symmetrical as a fairy's creation, worked perfectly. Her sharp bows parted the waters with hardly a ripple, while the long, low hull, painted of the slight fabric would glide through the yellow, dirty expanse of the inland sea, making scarcely more noise or disturbance than the drifting of a cloud across the sky. Even with a slender but stout spar running over the bow, to which was attached a torpedo containing 100 pounds of powder, the locking-string coming from the end of the launch. The torpedo and spar could be raised and lowered at will.

On the afternoon of the fatal launch turned her prow toward the Roanoke, and, amid the fervent God-speeds of the anxious hearts left behind, departed on the desperate mission of blowing up the ram. The inner line of guards, boats, and pickets was passed in safety. A huge fire of pine knots had been kindled at one station, for the night air was chilly, and the forms of men, with their rifles glinting in the firelight, were seen by all on board the launch. The brief glare of the fire partially dispelled the darkness, resulting in a strange and fascinating array, and even in that moment of peril and excitement was not lost upon the imaginative minds of the steamen. The Southfield was left astern; the few scattering lights of Plymouth glinted out one by one, and the vessel neared the ram. Cushing grim and excited in the pilot-house, upon the whispered directions of Cushing, who in a whisper directed the gear of the torpedo should be ready for prompt action.

[RECOVERED BY THE FOE.

Out flashed from either side a broad belt of light, lighting up the broad bosom of the river, in the midst of which the launch, with its human freight, floated. The entire length of the Confederate ram was revealed to the keen gaze of the guards on the shore. "Who goes there?" Launch ahoy!" hailed a sharp, clear voice, followed by the rattle of musketry. Cushing, realizing at once that concealment was no longer possible, allowed his natural daredevil spirit to gain the ascendency. Throwing his head back, he laughed loud and derisively, as though to say: "Yankees, d—n you!" and laughed recklessly as he fastened his eyes upon the ram.

A shower of bullets whistled around the ears of the daring crew, the smooth sides of the launch being instantly pierced through and through, splintering and tearing the frail boat in many places. Cushing, with a steady hand, guided the launch straight for the ram, and when within a few yards of her ports, which were closed, he gave the word to fire. The torpedo was lowered, and with a shock that shook the launch from stem to stern, and that was heard for miles around, the torpedo exploded, and the launch was blown to atoms. The explosion was followed by a column of water, which rose to the height of fifty feet, and descended in a perfect shower upon the deck of the Albemarle, together with the fragments of the launch. Cushing, who was thrown into the water, was picked up by the Confederates, together with Aaron Stellen, who was crushing a fearful din on the launch circled about the boat, striking in vain to force an entrance through the iron plates. Taking a sharp shoot, Cushing headed the launch for the opposite direction from the Albemarle, and, with a speed that would have been terrifying, the fleet little craft came down on, intent upon only one result, the destruction of the ram.

The air was now full of bullets, the clothing of the men was pierced in numerous spots, but all those charmed lives. "Leave the ram!" he shouted, "Jump for your lives! I'm going to run her up high and dry!" The men, with the exception of Cushing, jumped into the water, and struck out for the shore, the bullets of the dazed rebels. With a heavy thud and sharp crash the launch struck the ram, and Cushing, with a bound, leaped upon the deck, and pressed their forms down by pulling away from the ram.

[Capture of the Commander.

To complete the picture of the scene that illustrate the situation: "In a moment" we had struck the logs, breaking them in some feet, and our bows rolling on them. The gangway boards were thrown open and by a vigorous spell I succeeded in driving the torpedo under the overhang, and exploded it, at the same time that the Albemarle's guns were fired from stem to stern. I was thrown up through my boat, and a dense mass of water rushed in from the torpedo, filling the launch and completely shaking her.

A scene twenty-five feet in length and five inches wide had been opened in the ram's side, which was her death-wound, and the Albemarle, with the shattered remains of the little launch, sank to the cozy bed of the river, side by side.

Cushing refused to surrender, and, ordering the crew to save themselves, jumped headlong into the river, followed by the hiss and dip of a torrent of bullets. Finding himself in the middle of the stream, he started a shipmate who was all but exhausted, and finally reached the opposite bank, faint and weary, creeping into the woods of the swamp until daylight.

Cushing refused to surrender, and, order-

Cushing began to swim down stream, and when daylight began to dawn. The balance of the party, unable to make good their escape, surrendered, and were at once surrounded by the infuriated rebels, who would have killed them on the spot had it not been for the commander of the Albemarle, Cook, who rushed to the scene, ordered it, and, by forcing the mob back right and left, until he stood between the prisoners and the mob. Facing the angry crowd, he swore he would shoot the first man who dared to molest the prisoners. "I have been thirty-five years in the United States navy," he said, "and this is the bravest deed I have ever known or heard of."

Cushing rested in the secure depths of the swamp, and finally commenced the task of working his way back to the Federal fleet. He was fortunate enough to find a dug-out with a paddle, by which he managed to gain the advance picket-boat of the squadron, the Valley City.

PECULIARITIES OF WRITERS.

Some of Their Odd Ways During Working Hours—Eccentricities.

[Philadelphia Times.]

Quida works dressed in the style of the noble ladies who compose exclusively the fashionable world of Florence, and is surrounded by all the luxuries of a princess' apartment. George Eliot wrote the descriptive portions of her stories while walking about her garden, and described the dialogue-sketches almost as accurate as photographic views. She was, strange to say, a methodical woman. Her ideas about the best time for work were that the early morning was most conducive to intellectual activity. Hence she wrote at early morn.

Dickens composed most of his books lying on a sofa, and smoking and dictating to his secretary. He had a fondness to be surrounded by fancy little bronzes. Scott used to plan his stories during the long rides he took over the Scottish hills. He wrote them in the open air also, when the weather permitted. His study was a sort of rude hermit's cell amid the splendid apartments of Abbotsford.

Thackeray could write better in a railroad train than in his room. He said that hustle and noise made him feel that he was in the world in which his characters were moving. Charlotte Bronte never felt in the mood for working unless she was in her own little dark chamber, imbedded in the gloomy hills about her native town. Fielding liked to write behind a rampart of half-filled wine bottles. Richardson was footbut heigh-ho! if we pass backward any further we shall get into letters—as Horace Walpole and Gray and such eccentricities as Ben Johnson composing his learned tragedies in full stage attire and Lord Bacon receiving his client by objective investigations outside of a box-like room impregnated with the odor of rotten apples—the small room to concentrate his thoughts and the smell of the rotting apples to keep down luxuriant verbiage.

A Good Illustration.

[Cor. Atlanta Constitution.]

The charge of Judge Branham to the grand jury was surprisingly terrible, and particularly so in expounding the duties of working the public roads. In regard to breaking up the practice of carrying concealed weapons he cited an illustration that came under his observation while a practicing attorney in Rome. He had a clerk in his office who was in the habit of carrying a derringer pistol in each of his pantaloons pockets. This he tried to persuade the clerk not to do, but he was persistent in his purpose. One day he called the clerk to the desk after he (Branham) had lost his case that he made no effort to do his duty in the matter. On accosting the client about it he denied having the pistol.

The clerk and the client and Judge Branham all met in the law office, when the clerk wanted to know of the client if he denied having pulled out his pistol. The client emphatically denied it, when the clerk, who was seated at a table writing, looked up and simply remarked: "Well, you have lied, that's all." The client, a burly, muscular fellow, picked up the tongs and was intending to brain the clerk, when the aforesaid clerk pulled his fingers in his vest pocket and pulled out a derringer, and, without getting up from his seat, rested his hand on the table and exclaimed: "You put up those tongs, or the next thing I'll suddenly put down the lungs. Where he had left the clerk said to Judge Branham: "You have always insisted that I should not carry a pistol, and I would do so no more and it. Now, suppose that I had not had that weapon that fellow would have killed me with those tongs." "Not at all probable," replied Judge Branham, "for you had two pistols." "Because," replied Judge Branham, "if you had been without a pistol you would not have called the client a liar." Here was a revelation to the clerk, and he abandoned the practice of carrying concealed weapons.

How to Keep Out the Noise.

[The Argonaut.]

There are a multitude of sufferers from the noise of their neighborhood who endure what amounts to agony, enabling their nerves to abnormal action and their pulse to fever heat, when it would be easy by the use of a simple means of obviating the whole thing. The clangor of machinery, the ringing of bells, the cries and laughter, the yells and shouts of the children playing in the yard or at ball-playing, the passing of heavy drays—all or any of these, and other things, are continued fatal to the health of the invalid and to the comfort of the well. Often it is utterly impossible to move into a region where no heavy drays pass, no ball-ringing is allowed; and that there is hardly to be found a spot not invaded by the whistle of the steam-engine, or where boys do not shout at their games; and even where there are no cocks to crow, or dogs to bark, or cats to wail. But for many years before dawn, there is always some other sound to torture the sensitive ear.

If now, the sufferer will take a ball of cotton, such as is used for sewing, and tear it up, tie it up in a small square of fine linen, and place it deep in the ear, working it round till it takes the shape of the orifice, leaving the end to be pulled out at pleasure, all sound is heard; the atmosphere is sweet and serene, the nerves are quite at rest, all evaporation is subdued, and when the noise is over, or the sufferer is called to quiet breakfast, the little plug can be removed, the miseries of the world allowed to return, and no harm is done.

The Sunny Valleys of Arizona.

Southern and eastern Arizona is cut up by valleys, in many of which cattle graze. Some of these valleys are large enough to contain the state of Rhode Island.

Elliotts, Elliotts!

18 East Front Street.

Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, Stemwind and Universal, all sizes; Parlor Suits, Rolling Horses, Stoves, Dishes Albums, Vases, and everything in the line at very low prices.

On our 5 and 10 cent counter will be found some very handsome and useful articles worth double the money.

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Havelocks, Jerseys, $1.25 up. Ladies and Children's Fancy Hats in the all styles. Hats, Caps, Feathers, Tips, Tinsel Plumes, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery Underwear, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below cost. Give us a call.

Children and boys' elegant caps, in velvet for plush cloth, some for 10

Jersey caps, 15 in all colors.

Look at our elegant assortmentof plumes, tips, feathers, wings, birds, crown tips, 6c each.

A big bargain, elegant tinsel pompoms or tips, in the style priced at 7 cents.

Hats, scarfs, tinsel, trimmingsfor all kinds.

Look at our elegant Satin in all colors for 40 cents a yard.

Beautiful black silk and in all colors for 50c a yard.

A full dress, pattern in ladies cloth, trimmed or flannels with waist lining and all complete for the low make of $4.98; also dress pattern of gray poplin all complete for 98c.

Elliotts' shoe department is noted forfine good shoes and low prices.

Children's lace collars 5c up.

We will open next week with a 5c and 10c counter which will contain some beautiful and useful articles.

ELLIOTTS BAZAAR,
18 East Front street Plainfield.

Blue Stone Flagging

Curbing and Crossing at Lowest Prices. First-Class Work Guaranteed.

M. POWERS,

15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

KINDLING WOOD,

12 Large Barrels for Two Dollars. Wood for open grates a specialty. Guaranteed the best in the market.

Yard, 28 Manning Avenue.

P. O. BOX 1337.

Clare's Jewelry Store

9 PARK AVENUE.

The Holidays are here again and to meet the demand for

HOLIDAY Presents

We have a full line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVERWARE.

Also, a full line line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses at various prices. Please call and examine. We will convince you that we have good goods at remarkably.

LOW PRICES.

S. W. Wakefield,

ENGINEER,

PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER,

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam.

Agent for the Dunning and Excelsior Boiler Feeding Boiler.

Send for illustrated catalogue.

Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE, 80 SOMERSET STREET.

My Reference is my Work

Wm. A. Woodruff

Represents the following first-class insurance companies,

Fire Association of Philadelphia,
LIVERPOOL, LONDON and GLOBE of England, WORCESTER, Mass.
Norwich Union of England, North British Mercantile, of England, The Northern, of England, The Queen, of England, The Manchester, of England, The Washington Life, of New York, and other equally good companies, and promptly insures at BEST RATES, but

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security, and has begun to

Real Estate.

OFFICE Berry's Building corner of Front street and Park square. Residence, 21 East Second street.

LARGE STOCK

OF

Winter Gloves, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc.,

AT

U. B. Crane's,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Agency Empire Steam Laundry. Collars and Cuffs, 2 cents.

Right Soil Removed. Cesspools Cleaned 25 per cent Cheaper than by any other Process.

By the use of

Harris' Cleaning Apparatus.

The only one of the kind in the city which is so constructed that it is used in any town and is equal to a steam engine. Orders left at residence of P. O. Box 1337, Plainfield, N. J., or addressed to P. O. Box 1337, Plainfield, N. J., will receive prompt attention.

JOHN BROWN

Le Boutillier Bros.,

BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.

500 ENGLISH

Walking Jackets

$6.95

They are made from Rough Boucle Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $15 each. Also 500 rough cloth and

JERSEY JACKETS

$5, 6, 6.95. 7.50, 10, 12.

Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and Gents' Underwear, CLOAKS, DRESS GOODS, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.

Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,

Boot and Shoe Dealer,

6 PARK AVE.

Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and GOAT and GENUINE BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted. Gentlemen's and Children's BOOTS and SHOES, also RUBBERS. Please call and be convinced that I can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

Comptons

PURE Philadelphia ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

COMPTON'S

CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken of Adults and Children.

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work.

F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer

JOHN W. LAING,

HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time people that he will now give it his personal attention.

HORSES

Taken to Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open stands for the accommodation of the public. 11-tfg

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

WINDOW SHADES

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

221 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

&

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, storeroom and residence No. 2 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, No 15.

Business Cards.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Green Brook Road.

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

TRY

Dobbins' Cigars,

Manufactured on North Avenue, opposite the Depot. 12-1 y

A. I. Smalley North Avenue.

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer 24 Somerset street,

Grocer & Provisions,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Produce. Good assortment Kerosene Stoves and Kerchewave. Flour For and Hanging Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,

Carpenters and Builders,

Plainfield, N. J. Shop—Somerset Furnished.

Emmons Bros.,

Masons and Builders,

Orchard Place, Plainfield, N. J. Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. P. VanArsdale,

Piano and Organ

For Sale or To Let. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. 18 Front street and Rim Place.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dressing, Underwear, Bonnets, Patterns, Ribbons, Dies and Hemstitching, Tucking, Stitching and Dressmaking. 16 East Front street.

J. Manning, Engineer, Essex Street, Plainfield.

Dress Cutting, Fitting & Tailor,

10 years established. Engagements promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Room at Queen House, Milton, commences September 1st, 1885, and continues to 5 p.m. Ladies can have their dresses cut and fitted.

Perfect Fitting Dress Cut

and basted, ready for the machine, for $1.00, or they can make their own dresses with perfect success by our system. Material furnished. Also paper patterns.

TenEyck's Meat Market.

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield.

Spicer & Hubbard, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in

Sporting, Leather Belts, Hose, Mill Packing and Tubing. Glove of all kinds.

Somerset House,

Permanent & Transient Board,

At Fair Rates. First-class stables and shed attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Front streets.

J. L. McVoy, Drive Well, Cistern and Pump Maker, Plainfield, N. J. Pumps for sale at wholesale and retail. Cisterns and wells cleaned. Repairing promptly attended to. Shop and residence, 19 Somerset street, near Front street. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

T. E. Morgans,

Housedecorator, Tinter, Stattooing and Marbleizing,

Rudolph Laurent, 7 Somerset St.,

Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street, near Front.

Boarding, Permanent or Transient

Terms moderate. Jacob Blum, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,

P. O. box 236 Plainfield, N. J. Families, hotels, restaurants, steamboats etc., supplied at lowest market rates with

Clear Spring Water Ice,

Also dealers in Wood, Feed and Grain.

Notice.

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,

thoroughly cleaned at 25 per cent cheaper than anyone else. Also Cisterns and Sinks cleaned. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail to box 1 will be promptly attended to. Residence, 73 Chatham street, next to Methodist church.

James Q. Miles, No. 21 North avenue.

Kough Cast Iron and Stone Sewer Pipe

Bricks, Shingles, Terra-cotta, Roofers, Plaster, Hair, Lime, Cement, Sand, Stone for Mason's use always in stock, made in the city.

R. A. Ross, Jersey Place, North Plainfield.

Mantels and Stone Work,

Made out of Kinds of Marble and Furnished at reasonable Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Drawn Saturdays.)

E. B. Maynard, No. 13 North Second street.

Shaving & Hair Cutting

Parlor—Ten chairs, attended to accordingly. Ladies and children's hair cutting a specialty. Ladies' Hairdressing Parlor—Up stairs. Branch—73 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of

Floating Wood for One Dollar,

At Groves Dennen's Retailing Wood Establishment, No. 11 Water street. 6-4y-tf

John Wolf, P. R. C. P. O. Box 300

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults

Dug and cleaned at reasonable prices.

J. A. Blatz, Proprietor,

Blatz's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Somerset Road, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Comfortable, convenient and reliable. Good accommodations.

Jules Boutet, Opera House Block,

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair Goods at New York prices. Shampooing and Hair Dressing a specialty. Residence No. 3 Mott st. W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Milk Dairy,

Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,

Address Box C. Care P. O. Box 700, Plainfield.

Isaac Brokaw

REAL ESTATE AND

Insurance

12 DUER STREET, North Plainfield.

Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania and Home, of New York; and Jersey City. Insurance effected on all kinds of property for all terms and dwellings at lowest rates. Money to loan on first class real estate. Houses rented and collected. Real Estate Bought and Sold. Agent for North Western Life Insurance Company

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No. 178 PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1885. Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

$98. FOR SALE CHEAP: Horse, two-seated phaeton, and harness. Also, good second-hand sleigh. Inquire, Plainfield. 2dec

COACHMAN—Wanted a Protestant man to take care of horses and cows; one generally used to fall. Apply to W. E. Lum, Park ave.

SECOND hand to let, four or five rooms, also barn. Enquire. Terms moderate. Address J. K., P. O. box 1586.

WANTED a neat young girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply at No. 37 Scott, Franklin place, between Broadway and Somerset. 10-tf

SITUATION WANTED—A man of experience wishes a position as bookkeeper or salesman; best reference as to character, ability, etc. Address H. M., West Somerville, Mass.

PRIVATE family have pleasant rooms to let with best class board for the winter. Box 286, Plainfield. 10-tf

A BARGAIN—For Sale the tables and fixtures of the billiard parlor, 32 West Front street, as it is discontinued at the present. H. A. Yeisley, 68 Somerset st. 10-tf

A vacation has come to my pupil Sorrels, Wandering no more. Wednesday the forget-me-nots have to spring up again.

FOR SALE—As a bargain a three story French F. roof house, all in good repair, and rented to reliable collector every two weeks. Charles P. W. Winter's, corner of Elm and Second streets, Plainfield. 10-tf Address Box 1586.

FOR SALE or to let Brookside cottage on Somerset street, between Second and Third streets. Inquire of Mrs. Sarah Hall, 20 Somerset st. 10-tf

TO LET—A handsome furnished room in a very pleasant location; centrally located. Address Franklin, care News office. 10-tf

BOARD—Parlor floor, with or without board for the winter. Whole or part of house. Also, a few private rooms; very desirably located. Five minutes to station. Address P. O. Box 635. 10-3p-tf

Special Notices.

PROPOSITIONS will be received by the undersigned, at his residence, in Plainfield, until 12 o'clock, noon, on Monday, December 28, 1885, for the erection of a dwelling house for Mrs. Mary Hall, on Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J., according to plans and specifications prepared by Charles Hall, Architect, 39 Nassau street, New York. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Address, Mrs. Mary Hall, Plainfield, N. J. 10-3t

HEALTH, GRACE AND BEAUTY. Dr. Scott's Electric Corset, Health and Waist Combined, New York and Boston. Corsets, Bustles, Skirts, Dress Shields, Waists, Hose Supporters, Underwear, Etc., Etc. Ladies and Children fitted to Dr. Scott's Electric Corsets and Waists by Mrs. Dr. Scott, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Chase, Mrs. Dr. Clark, Mrs. Dr. Dunham, Mrs. Dr. Dudley, Mrs. Dr. Dickerson, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Cook, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Cox, Mrs. Dr. Vliet, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. C. Van Vliet, Personal attention. Mrs. Dr. Scott, Mrs. Dr. French, Office and Parlors, 1 and 2 Arcade, Plainfield, N. J. Mrs. Dr. Scott, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Hall

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

F. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 25, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.40, 6.33, 7.03, 7.36, 7.59, 8.07, 8.36, 8.40, 9.32, 10.32, 11.06 a. m., 12.31, 1.51, 2.37, 3.17, 3.51, 4.32, 5.05, 6.02, 6.40, 7.45, 8.43, 11.36 p. m. on Sunday, 3.37, 5.40, 8.47, 10.32, 12.37 a. m.; 1.37, 3.31, 5.31, 7.05, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty Street at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.40, 9.30, 10.20, 11.15 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.45, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.00, 8.45, a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 7.00, 10.00, 12.00 Night.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.03, 7.30, 8.03, 8.08, 8.15, 8.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.31, 1.51, 2.37, 3.17, 3.51, 4.32, 5.05, 6.02, 6.40, 7.45, 8.43, 11.36 p. m. Sunday, 5.45, 10.32, 11.37, a. m., 1.37, 3.31, 7.53, 9.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 8.45, 11.15, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 4.30, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.45, 10.30 p. m.

Connects at Jersey City with Pennsylvania R. R. at 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35 a. m.; 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 9.35, 10.35 a. m.; 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 9.35, 10.35 a. m.; 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 8.55, 9.37, 11.45, 11.59 a. m., 2.06, 3.16, 3.43, 4.54, 5.04, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.45, 10.30 p. m.

Connects at Elizabeth at 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.15 a. m.; 12.35, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.05, 10.05 a. m.; 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 2.06, 3.16, 4.54, 5.04, 6.10, 9.05, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.45, 10.30 p. m.

Leave Boston at 6.00, 8.37 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 5.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 12.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 8.55, 9.37, 11.45, 11.59 a. m., 2.06, 3.16, 3.43, 4.54, 5.04, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10, 12.10 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.45, 10.30 p. m.

Connects at Elizabeth at 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, 8.05, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.15 a. m.; 12.35, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.05, 10.05 a. m.; 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.58, 9.37 a. m.; 2.06, 3.16, 4.54, 5.04, 6.10, 9.05, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 6.45, 10.30 p. m.

Leave Boston at 6.00, 8.37 a. m.; 12.40, 4.30, 5.40, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 12.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

Add a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Middle Coal.

7.50 a. m.—For Birmingham, Easton, West Chester, Kennett Square, Tuscarora, Drifton and Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9.37 a. m.—For Easton, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Columbia, Reading, Harrisburg, Manheim, Scranton, etc.

11.45 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manheim, Scranton, etc.

5.04 p. m.—For Easton, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

6.10 p. m.—For Easton, All points, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, etc.

9.05 p. m.—For Easton, West Chester, Mauch Chunk, Scranton, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.02, 11.06 (9.22 Asbury Park, 5.55 Ocean Grove, Sunday) p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 5.37 7.42 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook Route.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1.21, 5.18, 6.20, 10.19, 11.50 a. m., 2.34, 5.04, 7.47, 9.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.18, 9.24 a. m., 6.39 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Sts., at 6.45, 8.45, 11.40 a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.45, 6.45, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m.; 5.25, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton at 5.10, 8.21, 9.00, 11.30, 1.01, 3.30, 5.23, 6.00, 9 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 4.20 p. m.

Tickets and Baggage Checked Through. Tucker Scranton, 4.1 25, 6.2.1, 9.00, 10.05, 11.25 a. m.; 1.34, 4.22, 6.24, 7.39 p. m. Sunday at 11.25 a. m., 7.39 p. m.

Parlor and passenger cars on all through trains. Dining cars at Broad Street, Camden Junction and Bound Brook.

GEN. PASS. & TICKET AGENT

W. W. SHEARMS, Supt.

J. E. WOOLTEN, Gen. Manager.

NOVEMBER, DECEMBER 6, 1885

SHE HAD THE TOOTHACHE.

Hadn't the Courage to Face the Dentist—The Small Boy's Plan.

(Detroit Free Press.)

She was a pretty girl of nearly 23 years old, plainly dressed, and she sat in a dentist's office on Monroe avenue with her head tied up and a sad look on her face. She had been in a long time, and several others noticed if she was crying because she had lost her husband.

"Now! If it was only that I should be a happy woman," she replied.

"Should you like your leg, or had money in a bunch of rags, or come to town for a divorce?" he continued.

"Now! The trouble is that I've got an old tooth here which has been trying to jump out of my head for a week. I've been here three times and I'm not well. I don't go up-stairs to the dentist."

"I'll imagine your feelin's, ma'am. I've got the right there my self. Let's see the tooth?"

She opened her mouth very wide and he peered and poked and finally pulled his finger out and said solemnly:

"It is a stiddy ache, ma'am?"

"Yes, very stiddy."

"Kinder keen, sin't it?"

"Yes, it is."

"You don't want the dentist to pick up a brass knife and jab the gum around the root—right for a minute or two and get a long string of gas in the old thing, and pull it to the top of your head over the roof? Madam, are my surmises correct?"

"Sorry! but don't talk that way! I'm all in a cold sweat now!"

They he whispered, as he pulled a quarter from his pocket and made a big show of tossing up for it: "I'll bet a half to a dime, sir, that'll have you out eaten half of the string."

It took five minutes to coax her into it, but when the money was slipped into his hand and down he went. She was on the fourth step in the second.

"Now—just your mouth as big as a house, and your eyes as much as of round coals," he said as all was ready.

He obeyed. Next moment he jumped from over in off the stairs—there was a yell—a groan—a whoop, and he held the tooth up and cried out:

"I—I—I—behold the penitent!"

She rose up, spat out the blood, cried a little and then looked around for the boy and presented him fast to the wall and kicked him down the stairs. Then she paid the dentist and went out, and the boy was waiting for her on the sidewalk. He got a quarter right for "Paul" and a quarter into his paw, grabbed the dime, and, with a whoop and a yell, the joyful exclamations:

"Oh, good night! I'll be happy for twenty-seven days!"

DECLINES WITH THANKS.

JOHN SIGELOW DECIDES NOT TO ACCEPT THE OFFICE.

His Reasons Stated in His Letter to the President After His Confirmation by the Senate—A Cabinet Surprise.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Mr. John Bigelow has declined the office of assistant treasurer of the United States in this city to which he was nominated by President Cleveland on Dec. 12. It was understood at the time of his appointment that he was ready to take charge of the office on Jan. 1, 1886. On Thursday he forwarded the letter declining the appointment, that he was all

CUTTING DOWN WIRES.

THE WESTERN UNION RAIDS THE UNITED LINES COMPANY.

Thawing Christmas Day for the Work—Injunctions to Be Issued—The Workmen to Be Arrested.

New York, Dec. 28.—Notwithstanding the barred injunction which followed the raid of the Western Union Telegraph company upon the wires and other apparatus of the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph company this morning, it was reported, Thursday, that done in the open street, in full sight of the police. Not quite, it was when were cut or torn from the poles of the United Lines company on Church street and taken away by a gang of Western Union linemen. The company, the United Lines, belong to the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph company. When the latter company failed to carry out its financial obligations to the Western Union company, the Western Union company issued the lines in his charge to the Western Union company. The question now is, not whether the rail fast was properly transferred, but whether the sale by the receiver of the Rapid American company to turn over the property of that corporation to the Western Union company. Without any warning the Western Union sent a gang of men into the streets of this city and cut down two miles of the wires of the United Lines company. The men employed by the Western Union company in cutting them off in wagons. The lines had been strung from the roofs of the United Lines building to the poles in the street. It was the Continental Telegraph company's stock traded, which, complain with the Western Union's gold and stock tickers.

On Centre street the wires to the Hoffman house and Inforced President Edward Stokes, of the United Lines company, that robbery going on in the street. Mr. Stokes visited that the Western Union company had chosen a holiday for the outrage so that no injunction could be procured from a court to stop it. His next struggle is here in Tennessee and Kentucky, from all the wires up to Twenty-fifth street had been taken and the raiders had disappeared. The police were at once notified and the lawyers of the company were also at work on the case. One of the raiders is well known to the foreman, and it is expected that the whole party will be arrested.

The Anthracite Coal Combination.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—The present anthracite coal combination, according to agreement, went into effect on the 1st of March. Joseph S. Harris, president of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, and Samuel Sloan, president of the Lackawanna, who are the leading spirits in the present combination, have informed the people of other companies in it that a new schedule for 1886 will be made. It is said that the present president of the Reading Railroad company has been elected. It is conceded that ex-President Gowen will be elected to the position, and he states that he will endeavor to sustain the combination as strong as the present one, but will insist upon a reduction in the price of manufacturers' sizes of coal.

A Jug of Whisky On the Bank.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 28.—The latest developments in the case of Mary McCarthy, whose dead body was found in the millpond of the rubber shop in Newtown, strengthens the belief that the woman, while intoxicated, fell into the water and being unable to extricate herself was drowned. It has developed that the woman had gone to the shop and purchased a jug of whisky containing about two gallons and a half. Coroner Holt, of this county, is making a rigid investigation of the so-called mystery.

Boycotting a Packet Company.

CORK, Dec. 28.—At a meeting of public dealers and other tradesmen it was held here to take action upon the Cork Steam Packet company's withdrawal of its penny fare. The speakers denounced the alleged bad faith of the packet company, and urged that the boycotting of its steamers should be renewed with greater vigor than before. It was resolved to send a formal protest to the company and trust its proprietary and invite merchants generally to support the company which will not transport boycotted cattle or goods.

Best News All the Presidents.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Hon. W. W. Corcoran has attained the great age of 87 years. He was about six when Washington died, and he has seen and remembered every president of the United States. To each he expressed a friendly hope that he might outlive the century he said: "If I do I shall have lived to three centuries."

Greece Ready to Fight.

ATHENS, Dec. 28.—The chamber has adopted the budget and sanctioned the raising of loans for war purposes. Premier Delyannis, in a speech in the chambers, said that the political aspect of the country was critical as regards both the present and the future.

CONDENSED NEWS.

A moonshine distillery has been discovered in New York county.

Hudson river navigation is about to close, on account of the ice.

Penny Dreadful went her check for $150 to the sufferers from the Monticello disaster.

The Weston-O'Leary walking race closed at New York with O'Leary six miles in the lead.

A train load of cigarmakers left New York for San Francisco to take the places of Chinese workmen.

Roscoe Conkling was invited to address the G. A. R. at Hartford, Conn., on the 30th of Gen. Grant, but declined.

A fight occurred at Taunton, Mass., between a crowd of striking workmen, in which several were severely wounded.

The prohibition movement in the south is causing opprobrium among whisky dealers. Even Kentucky is taking part in the crusade.

A dynamite bomb was found in the courtyard of Judge Tree's palatial residence at Chicago. The fuse had been fired, but went out before it reached the explosive. No one was injured.

THE TURBULENT TIDE.

Hotels Damaged and the Streets Obstructed with Debris.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—Much damage was done along the south shore by the high tide. At Cohasset a number of small boats were dashed upon the beach and destroyed and both bridges were washed away. The water flooded the streets and great is in the vicinity of the beach. Along Nantasket road the beach is strewn with immense quantities of ice and rubbish. The sea broke over the drive length of the sandy beach between Green and Old Colony roads, totally destroying the wooden breakwater which guards the south front, washing the sand and gravel across the street of the beach and into the road. The damage to small cottages on Atlantic avenue will aggregate $1,000.

At Nantasket beach the damage is extensive. The supports of the hotel Nantasket piazza were washed out and the piazza was badly wrecked. Buildings connected with the Rockland cafe were flooded and the Crockets house suffered considerably. The piazza on the water side was swept away and the basement, used as a barroom, was submerged, the floor being lifted up and the counter smashed. The foundations of the building are partially started, and the house has settled several feet. The carriage house adjoining is entirely destroyed. The house will reach nearly across. The Nantasket railroad track was washed away in several places, and notwithstanding the work done by the force of laborers, it will be two or three days before the cars will be able to run. The Nantasket railroad track was washed away in several places, and notwithstanding the work done by the force of laborers, it will be two or three days before the cars will be able to run. The Nantasket railroad track was washed away in several places, and notwithstanding the work done by the force of laborers, it will be two or three days before the cars will be able to run.

NO VIOLENCE FEARED.

Governor Stoneman Replies to Secretary Bayard's Dispatch.

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 28.—Governor Stoneman received a dispatch from Secretary Bayard, in reply to one sent by him, which had been mailed by the Chinese minister to the government in different cities of California, the governor of the state requesting the minister to advise the Chinese to stay in San Francisco, as he could not be able to prevent violence then to repress it. In reply to Secretary Bayard, Governor Stoneman replied as follows:

"There has not been a single act of violence towards the Chinese in this state, nor do I anticipate any trouble which cannot be controlled by the local authorities. There is a determined feeling against the Chinese that will manifest itself in boycotting, prohibition of the employment of Chinese, etc., which will be unable to obtain a livelihood, owing to their presence." In conclusion he says: "Referring to yourself, as to the best method of preserving good order in this state I would say that I have no suggestion to offer, but will be pleased to receive any without gratuitous suggestions from that quarter."

Smallpox in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Smallpox has made its appearance in a virulent form on South Halsted street. Dr. Bluett, by the latest official died to-day and a third was removed to the county hospital in a dying condition. A detail from the health department of the city was ordered to the scene, and the neighborhood and the infected house were closed. Grave fears are expressed by the medical men as this quarter of the city is thickly inhabited by poor people, whose sanitary condition is bad. If the contagion secures a foothold it will spread rapidly.

The Townhouse Whites to Blame.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 28.—A dispatch from Townsend, W. T., says that the revenue cutter, which was sent to Quillayute to quell a reported Indian outbreak, has returned and reports that no insurrection occurred. A few settlers tried to drive Indians off the land on which the latter lived and were resisted. The offenders are white men. The Indians are badly imposed upon and that reservation should be set apart for them, where they would be protected from the troublesome whites.

Wm. Read Alexander.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—In all the Protestant churches of Dublin the clergymen delivered eulogies on the late primate of Ireland the Most Rev. Marcus Gervais Beresford D. D., archbishop of Armagh, who died, aged 84 years. In addition to the formal eulogies there were universal expressions of sorrow by both clergy and laity.

Frozen to Death.

ALTOONA, Pa., Dec. 28.—Mrs. Jane McGarty, of rather unsound mind, was found dead on the roadside near Glenwick. She started out for a walk, and is supposed to have fallen and injured herself so severely as to be unable to get up. Exposure to cold caused death. No marks of violence were found on her person.

The Chicken Was Diseased.

OMAHA, Dec. 28.—A few days ago the family of ex-Mayor Murphy was poisoned by some chicken pie eaten at dinner. The symptoms were those of cholera. The physicians denounced the alleged bad faith of the packet company, and urged that the boycotting of its steamers should be renewed with greater vigor than before. It was resolved to send a formal protest to the company and trust its proprietary and invite merchants generally to support the company which will not transport boycotted cattle or goods.

Mr. Murphy Out in Two.

ALTOONA, Pa., Dec. 28.—Orvis Crosson, a laborer, while walking on the Pennsylvania railroad tracks near Allegrippis, was knocked down by a passenger train. When picked up his body was found to have been cut in two pieces. A watch and chain and $215 in money were found on his person.

Servians Attack a Bulgarian Village.

SOFIA, Dec. 28.—Servian troops made an attack upon the frontier village of Slivnitza, seven miles from Sofia. Three Bulgarian soldiers were wounded in the engagement. The Bulgarian government has sent a note regarding the attack to the Servian cabinet, which considers the attack a violation of the treaty of armistice.

Public Printer Rounds to Boston.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Public Printer Rounds says that he has decided to engage in private business in Boston, and will resign his position in April next. There is no understanding between the president and Mr. Rounds that the latter shall complete his term of office.

Soldiers' Monument at Paris.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Senator J. Hampden Dodd, of New York city, a member of the delegation from the United States, has arrived in Paris. The French government has granted him every facility for the study of the practical operation of the laws affecting forestry in France.

Public Schools Closed.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 28.—Mrs. Jane Hunt, a middle aged woman, a resident of Ridgebury, this state, died in Trinity M. E. church very suddenly of congestion of the lungs. The public schools were closed this afternoon on account of the funeral.

Northern Counties Judgments.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Bush & Bushee, hatters and fur dealers on Market street, confessed judgment in favor of Joseph Ullman for $26,000. The liabilities of the firm include about $50,000 additional, due to outside parties.

HORACE B. CLAFLIN'S GENEROSITY.

Rue Merchant Prince's Liberality Towards His Debtors.

["Visitor" in New York Times.]

A. T. Stewart and H. B. Claflin were as widely different as it is possible for any prosperity business men to be different. Their business methods disagreed; their very natures were notable contrasts. Trade tradition is strong on the point that Stewart established curious stories illustrative of it. Their systems of giving credit were totally at variance. Claflin gave larger credits and longer time than Stewart ever did, and no misfortune overtook a customer Claflin was always liberal to the utmost degree; so generous, indeed, that friends in trade used to gauge his weakness in this direction as such for humor.

Mr. Stewart did not believe in importing any sentiment into business. One of the features of the cash-iron policy up to which he lived prohibited his signing releases to bankrupt debtors. His theory was that if he were paying fifty cents on the dollar indulgence would be granted, no bills would down, but the last legitimate farthing demanded, debtors would take good care to settle beforehand, and last of all, without out wasting time and inflicting bother by trying to beg off or compromise. But when Horace Claflin was convinced that one of his debtors was honestly unfortunate, he was never known to make a cruel exaction. Instance on instance is summoned where the creditor has generously remitted the debt he were further urged, persuaded that his customer was deserving, and by his credit, optimistic other to speedy efforts to retrieve his fortunes, in order to give the unfortunate a chance to make a fresh start in life.

Apropos of Mr. Claflin's characteristic liberality the story goes the rounds in which the dry goods houses which supplied the western merchant walked into his office one day with the announcement that he had "struck it." He had come to New York to sell, to try to make a settlement with his creditors, of whom Mr. Claflin was chief. The merchant listened to the story, and asked, finally:

"Well, Mr. ——, what think you will be a fair settlement?"

"What!" quoth the astonished merchant, "do you mean to say that you will not prosecute me?"

"Why, Mooster Claflin, what for the pays a-payin' this money?"

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced in the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, and that the same was referred to the Committee on Ordinances, and that it is the intention of said Committee to report the same for action at the regular meeting of said Council to be held on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1885.

O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 7, 1885.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide Means for the Prevention and Suppression of Fires.

Whereas, It is represented to the Board of Managers of the Fire Department of the City of Plainfield, and duly presented to the Common Council, December 7th, 1885, that by reason of insufficient water supply in the mains of the Water Company in its critical danger from fire; and that the said Fire Department is not provided with the proper apparatus for the extinguishment of fires in the city; and

Whereas, The City Charter provides that it shall and may be lawful for the Common Council to pass such ordinances or by-laws as to them shall seem meet for the prevention and suppression of fires; and

Whereas, The proposition of the Plainfield Fire Department, as submitted by its Board of Managers is reasonable and just and presented to the Common Council on the seventh day of December, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, behind the same is hereby in all things accepted; that Steamer No. 1 be purchased for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars on the conditions named in said proposition.

To the Public!

We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

Holiday GOODS

IN

GREAT VARIETY

FOR

Ladies', Gents, and Children

AT

POPE BROS.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.

Call for particulars on

STANTON CLARK.

17 and 19 East Front street.

THE CELEBRATED SYRACUSE STEAM COOKER manufactured for cooking anything that can be boiled, baked or roasted is also sold at the same place. 9-20-3m

JUST OPENED!

Retail *Department*

At 8 West Front St., of

CAMPBELL'S

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

For the Sale of all kinds of

Foot Wear FOR Ladies, Misses and Children, FOR Men, Boys' and Youths.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mr. J. O. Campbell has now his Retail Department open to the public. He has been manufacturing in the upper part of the same building for the past year and has superior facilities for selling all his own goods both for stock and to retail order, either hand or machine work. He also will make a specialty of repairing shoes without delay. Any lady or gentleman's dress shoe can be made quite new.

GREAT SLAUGHTER

IN

Men's, Youths' & Boys' Ready-Made CLOTHING

Having decided to make Merchant Tailoring a specialty, I will sell my entire stock of Ready-Made Clothing at less than the cost of manufacture. The stock must be sold in the next thirty days. 200 Boys' Suits from 4 to 15 years. 100 Men's suits. 100 coats, Men's and Boys'. Do not fail to call. Two Wheeler and Wilson Machines will be sold cheap.

JOHN H. FRENCH,

West Front St.

Crockery, Glassware, China.

Hanging Lamps & Gas Fixtures.

GAVETT'S,

15 E. FRONT ST.

The Largest Stock

OF

HOLIDAY Presents

Ever in Plainfield at

COLLIER'S

No. 3 Park Avenue.

Established 16 years.

WILLIAM BARTHMAN,

Manufacturing Jeweler,

174 Broadway, Cor. Maiden Lane,

Directly opposite Cortlandt street,

FACTORY 17 JOHN ST. NEW YORK

Established 1873.

Will Retail During December a Full Line of

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

R. WALDRON,

No. 9, East Front Street,

First National Bank Building, Plainfield, N. J.

MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

PICTURE FRAMES.

Gold Frames for Paintings

A Specialty.

OLD FRAMES REGILDED

Like New.

Picture Work of Every Description at Low Prices.

CALL AND SEE the Handsomest Assortment

F. A. Pope's

(Successor to M. VERMEULE.)

Hats, Caps and Furs.

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Horse Blankets and Robes, latest styles, Large Stock, Low Prices. Polite Attention.

NO 5 WEST FRONT ST.

Opposite Somerset Street.

DON A. GAYLORD

Dealer in

LUMBER

MASONS' MATERIALS

And

COAL.

Also keep in stock choice quality of

Cannel Coal.

Madison Avenue,

And

C. R. R

Telephone Call 807

REMOVAL.

S. J. NEAL,

THE

CARPET WEAVER,

has removed to

38 WEST FRONT ST.

in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving and weaving of silk, curtains, mats, etc. Also a large assortment of rags always constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

BURG'S PATENT COAL ELEVATOR.

This machine is a ... to use on any coal. No ... Perfect in every respect. It elevates the coal ... over it. The coal comes down ... with the dirt ... the dirt ... Has a ... Horsepower and other ... Send for ... Purchasers can have ... MORGAN MFG. Park Avenue Plainfield, N. J.

The Prince Royal.

$3.50 Shoe

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe made, in Button, Kals or Congress. Made seamless and cut with genuine glove calf tops of the best tannery calf. Kinder to corns or toes. The best fitting, best wearing and best shape shoe in the market.

SHERWIN, Sole Agent, 23 W. Front.

WOOLSTON & BUCKLE,

25 North Avenue,

Painters, Paper Hangers & Decorators.

Raised Flock, "Brocade" Velvets, Leather Papers, Linenette, Wallons,

And all the New Novelties in Decorations.

PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,

Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painter's Supplies.

WHITE LEAD at WHOLESALE.

L. E. WOOLSTON. J. F. BUCKLE.

P. O. Box 1074.

CAREY'S FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE

JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. R. Miller and Bro., Prop.

Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,

Plainfield, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

PARK HOUSE.

PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

A first class hotel for permanent and transient guests, heated throughout by steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play-room for children. Home located on the principal drive with veranda promenade of 300 feet. Ground well shaded. Attendance first-class. Terms moderate.

J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

DIXON'S

Charlotte Russe

40c Per Dozen

20 cents per half dozen. 5 cents each.

Dixon's Celebrated OYSTERS

40 Cents per quart. Dixon's Count Oysters 50c and $1.25 per hundred.

Dixon's Ice Cream

675 Broad St., Newark

35 W. Front Street,

CALL AND EXAMINE

A. M. Griffen's

Stock of

Fire Place Heaters, Furnaces Ranges & Stoves

Plumbing and Sheet Iron Work.

13 EAST FRONT ST.

Telephone Call 6.

JOSEPH T. VAIL

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE

LOANS NEGOTIATED

Office Opposite Railroad Station.

RESIDENCE NO. 62 E. SIXTH ST

Dealer in

BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

P. O. Box 828.

L. M. FRENCH

Carriage Manufacturer.

Sleighs and

FINE CARRIAGES

ALL STYLES.

CHEAP FOR PROMPT CASH.

REPAIRING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

AT SHORT NOTICE.

No. 18 Somerset St.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

DEALER IN

BEST

QUALITY **Coal**

Yard and Office, South avenue, next to the Railroad.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 1467.

BUY YOUR

Christmas Candy

OF

B. T. Barnes'

FRONT STREET,

opposite Post Office.

Manufactured on the premises.

FRANK DAY,

(Successors to E. & J. Coleman.)

LIVERY STABLE

North Avenue

Opposite Depot. Plainfield, N. J.

Carriages to Meet all Trains.

Family Riding a Specialty

CARPETS!

AT

Low Prices

Our Present stock is the largest and finest assortment of carpetings ever exhibited, comprising all grades of

Ingrains, Three-Plys, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvets, Moquettes, Tournay and Royal Wiltons.

of guaranteed quality and suitable for all kinds of house furnishing. It is a well known fact OUR PRICES for above goods are

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE

SPECIAL

DECEMBER BARGAINS.

We are closing out many patterns at less than cost of manufacture; this is an opportunity that should not be neglected by careful buyers.

Canton Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Druggets, Rugs, Mats, etc.,

in great variety, can be purchased from us at lowest prices.

Orders Carefully Executed

AT

SHORTEST NOTICE

John & Jas. Dobson

MANUFACTURERS,

46 and 48 West Fourteenth street, N. Y.

NERVOUS

DEBILITATED MEN.

[illegible] for trial of thirty days of the [illegible] celebrated Voltaic Belt with [illegible] Appliances, upon the human body, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Manhood, and kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

RAMONETTI'S

CELEBRATED

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Ice Cream & Water Ices,

of all Choice Fruit Flavors.

FANCY PUDDING a Specialty

A Large Variety of

Individual Ice Cream Imitations

ICE CREAM

For Wedding Parties, Church Fairs, Excursion Festivals, etc., at a great reduction in prices. Also first-class Restaurant at

RAMONETTI'S

24 North Ave.,

Telephone, No. 30. 6-19-1y

For Winter Wear.

Warm and Durable.

Our New

Kerseys, Meltons, Beavers, Chinchillas, Whitneys, Elysians, in every conceivable shade,

For Overcoats to measure from $18.00.

Foreign & Domestic Cassimeres, Cheviots, Worsteds, &c of every known style and quality.

SUITS to measure from $20

TROUSERS " " 5

Call and Examine,

Or, write for samples and self-measure chart.

Nicoll

The Tailor.

145, to 149 Bowery, and 771 Broadway

Opposite Stewart's.

New York

A. SWALM,

Wall Paper,

No. 6 North Avenue,

BUILDING A HOUSE.

USEFUL HINTS FOR THOSE WHO WANT A HOME.

A House Should Have Individuality—Our Buildings Too New—Halls and Fireplaces—For the Children—Useful and Ornamental.

[Home Topics Grit-weld.]

A house should have some individuality, should give to some true idea of its owner, should bear him. All should not be cast in one mould. Some will there be solid, substantial, plain, but well-built and excellent in their way. Some will have lightness, elegance, grace. Some will be a little fantastic, but charming because character-ist. Some will be precise, elegant, every thing polished. Some will have surprises, revelations, and breath an air of romance. But this individuality will never be attained if you give your architect carte blanche and tell him to build you a house. A man must put his own stamp on his house if he would have it seem beautiful and harmonious to him.

And it is not a matter of small importance, either, to think what kind of houses we build and live in. Exterior beauty gladdens and refines the hearts of our neighbors, is perhaps of more importance to them than to us, but in our health is of the first importance not only to the pleasure of ourselves and families, but really to their refinement and improvement. One beautiful cottage in an ugly and commonplace village is really valuable as an educator and as a source of gratification to the aesthetic taste of the people. This house which shall so gladden a whole street may be either large or small, according to means and taste. A great many of those which I have myself seen have been simple, dainty, delicate, complete, but real cottages, made for the simple needs of small families of moderate means.

THE GREAT TROUBLE.

The great trouble with all our houses in this country is that they are all so new. Built as most of our buildings are, we shall always be dissatisfied in the way of modern taste, for few of ours are well enough built to be of any value after the first generation. We need to learn to build for the children rather than for the present time, and to put some strength and solidity into our houses.

But let us not have a hodge-podge of all styles, if we are once men and women.

Certainly many houses which we see look as if they might have been built by men of disciplined intellects who flung in a little of every existing style, just as the spirit moved them in different moods. The windows are of the first importance. All the learning of the interior will depend upon the light. Let us glorify cross lights torment sensitive eyes and tear all pure effects of everything. Have them large, modernly large. There is a reaction now in favor of low walls, many houses having been built with walls high enough for a church, while the walls of the houses of to-day will be too high in three modern days.

HALLS AND FIREPLACES.

But middle ground in this, as in most things, is the safest for ordinary mortals. If the house is to be one of any pretensions it should have a large hall with a fireplace at the end. The larger the hall and the fireplace the better, and I would advise people of moderate means to do without almost anything else except the absolute necessities of a dwelling to get the hall and the fireplace. If one of moderate means has a hall can be furnished and used as a reception room for all casual guests. Have as many rooms as possible on the first floor. In the large cities land is so valuable as to be practically out of the reach of all but the rich, however, houses are a necessity, and will continue to be so; but the tendency in the right direction is somewhat borne in the country. In cities life becomes a burden to the mistress of the family from this cause more than any other, and much of the ill health of women is due to this cause alone.

All houses where land is cheap should have a large sleeping-room on the first floor, in addition to the usual number of other rooms. All who omit this important consideration regret it as soon as they come to occupy the house. Large closets and a bath-room should form a part of the suite. The house should be large, cheerful and roomy if possible on the south side of the house. It should contain a room for the maid, and other small comfortable furnishings and may be used also for a sewing-room if the house space is limited.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

Where it is at all practicable, it is desirable that each child, as it grows older, shall have a room to itself, where individual taste may be indulged, and where nobody is permitted to meddle with the treasures there collected. Does one like flowers and plants, and has not a room? Persuade it can't be encouraged to raise them for her own pleasure. Does another want birds, let his room contain them and let him there attend upon them himself. Does a third want nothing but books, give him some shelves and a pretty desk, a dictionary-holder, and a waste-basket, and let him keep everything to his heart's content, with the assurance that, if there's boy who wants a workshop, do your best to improvise one in garret or wood-shed and encourage him to make anything and everything he may be moved by mastery, and feels the original tester with no fear of the Roundmast before his eyes.

A pleasant and, if possible, a roomy dining-room should occupy the sunny side of every house. Let there be vines and plants here. Let the light all come in from one side; let the walls be of some of the medium colors which are the best for the purpose of cool and dark, and the furniture heavy and solid. Have one or two bits of bright color here, in pictures or hangings, and give everything plenty of light.

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL.

I have not left much space either in my article or my house for the parlors. But if we can afford it let us have one or two handsome rooms where we can collect all that we have of best and richest, and not only keep them for the benefit of our friends but of our families. If we have the means, let us furnish one for a library and music-room, and sitting-room, too, for there is no greater mistake made in the ordering of a home than that of piling all the books and music, and pictures of a house into a room and then shutting that room up, except to pay it an occasional visit. Let no books, or very few, be scattered around the room, if we have so many to be; if not, on one or two sides have an upright piano in a corner, hang one or two pictures, and put there one or two books.

Let us have an open fire, too, by all means. Hang rich, heavy curtains here in winter at doors and windows, and have this for our reception room, that we may enjoy it during the day. The parlor proper is of more formal character, and, in fact, there should be shown an individual taste, and a carrying out of a following of existing methods. Otherwise the two rooms may be happily combined in one large room, if space will permit, with only a curtained alcove at the back, where the shrine of the family can be placed, and where one may sit apart from the rest if he or she wishes.

MARGARET OF NEW ORLEANS.

Whose Memory will Be Revered By Generations to Come on Christmas Day.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Every celebrating Pilgrim Fathers' day in New Orleans! It sounds like the millennium, when the lion and the lamb shall lie down together, and the lamb not be inside the lion, either. It is enough to make Gen. Robert Toombs, rest his fiery soul! come to life again.

But that celebration is just what is going on here to-day. It comes always through the Industrial exposition. Pilgrim Fathers' day, Dec. 22, was set apart for New England day in the New Orleans exposition.

It is not as if Pilgrim Fathers' day in New Orleans that I am going to write to this letter, though. It is of something connected with industries, indeed, but of industries that will count in the centuries. A friend has given me a picture. It is before me now. Our artist has reproduced it for you here before your eyes.

MARGARET HAUGHERY.

It is simply a photograph of a plain, stout old woman. The face is broad, lit up withal by an expression both shrewd and kindly.

Margaret Haughery was a poor girl of Irish parentage, who could neither read nor write. Yet she made a fortune of half a million of dollars. That of itself was enough to make any woman famous. Few women could do it, but few could do it. But how what she did with this nobly earned money.

At this time of the year she comes back to the memory with special vividness, for now hundreds of orphans will be enjoying the festive season which she gave them. Duly for her love and labors.

[illegible] poor fatherless ones would have been spent in want and misery. Blessed are they who make the children happy at Christmas time.

Margaret, the orphan's friend, had herself been sorely orphaned. She began life as a thousand girls do. But she was unlucky enough to come to the attention of human suffering. She was a devout Roman Catholic, and under the direction of the sisters of charity she became a hospital nurse. She is serving in this field one of her patients noted what good care she took of him, and made up his mind that he would leave her all to himself. He married her. But she was unlucky! But the husband died in their first years of married life. Her only child died, too, and Margaret was left alone to do her life work.

She began it by the dedication in an orphan asylum awhile. Then she opened a little eating house. But one feature of her career is singular. While she made money she never entered on any enterprise without a benevolent motive at the back. She had postal have the Mississippi steamboat laborers. Which they are now well. They were swindled out of their money, and how they imposed themselves with whisky and then lay about bossing here till they were pushed out.

Margaret thought she could do them some good. So she opened the little shop where river laborers could get a cup of good coffee, and a roll for the price. It is not on record that she ever succeeded in reforming the dock hands to any great extent, but she did build up in time a great manufacturing bakery, a building several stories in height. Her wagons supplied bakers' goods to the city. I have seen them myself. On the outside were the words, "Margaret's Soda and Crackers." At first she drove her own bread cart about the city. Money rolled in, and she might easily have died a millionaire.

MARGARET'S MONUMENT.

But most of all the orphans had her care. She knew what it was to be left without father or mother, and got no education, not even enough to read. In the course of her life she either founded or aided eleven orphan asylums, Catholic and Protestant, black and white alike.

In February, 1882, this good woman died. Never was there such a funeral in Louisiana. So far as I know she was the only woman in America that has ever been buried with public honors. The governor and an ex-governor of the state were among her pall bearers. Delegations from her sisters of charity were present in full force. The New Orleans fire department were in the procession. The bells all over the city tolled as the carriage moved along the streets. When it reached the cathedral a solemn mass was heard of thing happened. The members passed in their gabble, and with one accord came down to the sidewalk, and stood reverently as the procession passed. And while the body of Margaret Haughery rested there in its rest. She is buried in St. Louis cemetery.

The day after her death the building of the orphan asylums in the city, founded by her, ceased. It has been erected by the contributions of all classes of people in Louisiana and New Orleans, even to the newsboys. All alike reverenced Margaret. It was unveiled July 2, 1884.

The statue stands in the square, opposite the orphan asylum that she founded. It represents her as she looked when in the full vigor of life. It is a noble and beautiful figure, but far more worthy, broad, plain and with the common dress she wore, her arms encircling one of the orphans whom she loved.

"And so she died, and all the people sorrowed for her, and carved upon the monument, 'She fed the poor.'"

BAKER KNOX.

CLUBS OF THE CITY,

THE POPULAR IDEA BOTH ASSURD AND UNJUST.

Their Management and Entertainments—Expenses, Rules, Regulations and Discipline—Penalties Carefully Considered and Enforced.

[New York Times.]

The popular idea of a club seems to be that it is a symposium where wicked men gather to play cards and billiards, drink and be merry, and escape from their wives or their creditors (as shown in a recent trial in a local court) as the club door is a portal that none but the privileged can pass. Even ladies as a rule are particularly suspicious about the inner life of clubs, excepting possibly those who have been favored with invitations to the ladies' receptions at the Union league or the Lotos club or Travers' annual reception at the Requette club. It is apparent that the life of a club life is more or less dissipated and fast. It is thought that a membership of a fashionable club entails large expenditures. From the fact that a club is a place into which a lady can not enter except during a ladies' reception (when it is whispered everything is prepared for a favorable impression), it must be a place that will not bear inspection.

ABSURD AND UNJUST.

How absurd and unjust, and at the same time amusing, all these popular ideas of the uninitiated are shubmen know the same as members of lodges are aware how much the outside world misunderstands their favorite institution. The secrecy which gains from the perversity of a disappointed nature, which has its curiosity piqued by, or cause it is not possible to gratify it, to club-house and a lodge room seem really the only places in the world a lady or an outsider can not enter, and so they are forbidden ground, and not pass the portals of a club door or the altar of a lodge unless under exceptional cases.

Clubs, indeed, are rigorously governed bodies and there is no more or no other in them than the outside world for a moment imagine. Otherwise clubs would not have prospered as they have. The club is indeed a resort for men to meet between the members, whose eligibility is first determined by a board elected for the purpose, and any violent language, disorderly conduct, or any proceeding unworthy of a gentleman is promptly punished either by suspension or expulsion. The riotous gatherings that the outsiders imagine occur in the club-house never do take place except on private dinning occasions, and then not often. There is little gambling in the club for high stakes. In many of them "poker" and high play are prohibited. Nearly every club has its coterie of regulars, but they always go outside of the club and play in private quarters.

It is generally supposed that, before each of these dinners, members get their "supplies" liquors, cigars, and meals cheaper in the club-house than outside, but this is generally a mistaken idea. The club is necessarily conducted. It is the men in those clubs that run their own affairs, and they employ men to attend to them, and selling at about the actual cost to the members, the daily food money of the superintendent, and the deficiency is made up by the general funds. In the clubs which grant the privileges to stewards to sell liquors and cigars to their private visitors is not much, if any, difference from the outside places; for the steward, who, of course, takes the place for the purpose of making money, claims that, while he is free from rent and sundry expenses, he is at the same time limited to the patronage of the club, which generally settles down to a fixed number of visitors.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

As a rule, talking in a club-room is considered in a conversational tone, and any boisterous or rude conduct is observed, excepting, of course, among intimates. Any offense or insult in a club-house is "attended to" by the governing body and not by the members. It is remembered that as long as a member is in good standing his rights are equal to any and everybody else's in the club, and no one has more influence may be. The rules and regulations are numerous, though all based on common sense, and the penalties are carefully considered and enforced. Indeed, the good administration of clubs is a model of good rules for government.

The rules in most of the clubs are so rigorous that no members are ever allowed to introduce any outsider, excepting (1) that he is a correspondent, (2) to the private dining room of the club, and (3) to the parlors therein. The rules at the Union League and the Union are so rigorous in this respect that at the former a member is under censure if he takes a friend to the bar, etc., while at the latter two of the members can not invite some Lotos men to a return game of billiards without special permission from the governing committee. The only exception for the members of the Lotos and the League to introduce a resident twice during the year. It is this rigid enforcement of members' club membership attractive to a large degree, in addition to the social relations and the comfortable dinners served, and to strengthen the ability and social election establishes, according to the position occupied by the club.

In nearly all the clubs of large membership there are members who have no speaking acquaintance with each other, and though they have met in the club for years only bowed to each other. It is proper to say, as stated that this is the case in all the clubs in the city, excepting the Lambs and the Lotos, where the social etiquette is that all members shall be on speaking terms, and always some member offending one or the other of the rules, and there is always a number of delinquent debtors in all the clubs. A list of delinquents are posted once on a list conspicuously displayed, the limit of indebtedness varying in the several clubs, as well as the period of outstanding accounts before suspension. Excepting in the Union club it is seldom that any personal encounters take place between members in the club-house, and when they occur scandals never get into print. How these club scandals ever do get out is a mystery to the members. The truth is that so many members believe in keeping all disputes about from one to the other and naturally indulging in the current gossip with their friends in the clubs, the scandals of the matters are discussed and so soon become common talk.

Disposition of Cocoa.

[Nature.]

M. Witz suggestsjthat the destruction of cocoa in towns may be partly due to the presence of sulphuric acid. As flower it is found that phosphoric subsalts with ammonia when exposed fully to the air become pale, and on treating them with reagents the presence of nitrites is detected. Now, as sulphurous acid exists, too, in the air of all towns where coal is burned, and its gas once notably diminishes cocoa and leads to the formation of sulphuric acid.

The total number of varieties of grapes now raised in this country is 300 to 350, and new ones are appearing every year.

GENT'S

Silk Handkerchiefs,

LINEN

HANDKERCHIEFS,

TIES,

Scarfs Mufflers

KID GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS,

HALF HOSE.

Collars, Cuffs, Scarf Pins, Sleeve Buttons,

All at our Usual Low Prices.

EDSALL'S.

OVERCOATS

Men's Serviceable Overcoats,

$4.00

MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS, $8, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $12.

All wool unshrinkable red Underwear at $1 each.

Schwed Bros.

Leading Plainfield Clothiers,

No. 7 E. Front St.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Holiday, Birthday and Wedding

GIFTS

AT SWAIN'S

32 West Front Street.

The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

Headquarters for

VOEHL'S

Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.

15 West Front Street,

Confectionery of all Kinds.

Having bought out the business of A. Wagner, I call the attention of my friends to my stock of all kinds of fine cakes, Pies, Pastry, etc.

NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.

The old stand at 69 Somerset street, will be in charge of my son. Thanking for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same.

JACOB VOEHL.

Successor to A. Wagner, 15 West Front Street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

H. S. BARNES.

CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION TO HIS

Carefully Selected Stock

OF

Holiday Goods

WHICH HE IS SELLING AT

STRICTLY

NEW YORK PRICES.

17 and 19 Front Street, East.

PLAINFIELD

Steam Laundry

ESTABLISHED 1877

EAST THIRD STREET

A. G. Thorn, Prop.

Everything to all its branches.

Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.

Custom or Glove Finish.

Central Branch Laundry office at E. D. Lafaugh's, 5 Park avenue. Goods called for at residence. P. O. Box. 970.

Le Boutillier Bros.,

BROADWAY and 14th Street, N. Y.

500 ENGLISH

Walking Jackets

$6.95

They are made from Rough Bouele Cloth and cut in the latest shapes, and are worth $15 each. Also 500 rough cloth and

JERSEY JACKETS

$5, 6, 6.95, 7.50, 10, 12.

Special Bargains in our new Departments Ladies' and and Children's SUITS and CLOAKS, SHOES, UPHOLSTERY and CURTAINS.

Goods delivered free to all accessible points having express offices, within a radius of 100 miles of New York City.

A. WILLETT,

Boot and Shoe Dealer,

6 PARK AVE.

Has just received from one of the best city manufacturers, a full line of LADIES' FRENCH KID and STRAIGHT GOAT BUTTON BOOTS, made by hand and warranted, and considered that he can please them, invites the ladies of Plainfield and vicinity to give them an examination before going to the city to buy.

Comptons

PURE Philadelphia

ICE CREAM

Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick. Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.

COMPTON'S

CONFECTIONERY & BAKERY,

26 West Front St.

Thorn, the Artist,

gives a finely Colored Photograph with every dozen pictures sold during the month DECEMBER.

The best work and moderate prices. Call and see new specimens, opposite Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

Photography No. 3 and 5 E. Front St.

Instantaneous Pictures Taken

Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged.

Crayon, Water Color and Oil Work.

Lowest Rates consistent with First-Class Work,

F. C. LANGHORNE, Photographer.

JOHN W. LAING,

HAVING RESUMED CHARGE OF

Laing's Hotel Stables

would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.

HORSES

Taken to Board by DAY, WEEK or MONTH. Horses always on hand for sale or for livery. Open stalls for the accommodation of the public. 11-18y

G. F. & C. E. Brown,

Wall Paper

WINDOW SHADES

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

221 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

FORD & STILES

Funeral Directors

AND

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

Office, warerooms and residence No. 14 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call, 60.

Business Cards.

Thomas Kenna, Corner of Grove St. and Green Brook Road,

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

TRY

Bobbins' Cigars,

Manufactured on North avenue, opposite the Depot. 12-7

A. I. Smalley North avenue.

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city.

H. N. Spencer, 80 Somerset street,

Grocer & Goodman,

Specialties—Fine Butter, Cheese, Lard, Teas, Coffees and Produce. Good assortment, Rockingham and Parlor Earthenware, Flower Pot and Hanging Baskets.

Naylor and Smalley,

Carpenters and Builders,

Plainfield, N. J. Estimates Furnished

Emmons Bros.,

Masons and Builders,

Orchard Place, near Front street. Jobbing prompt; by contract, P. O. Box 120.

P. P. VanArsdale,

Piano and Organs

For Sale or to Rent. Pianos and organs Tuned and Repaired. E Front street and Elm Place.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets,

Feathers, Ribbons, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. Plain stitching and Dressmaking. 18 East Front street.

J. Manning, Residence, Evans P. O. Box 320.

Carpenter & Builder,

All jobs established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Dress Cutting, Room 21 Opera House building, entrance between Smith's and Dunn's. Hours from 10 a. m. to 5 p.m. Ladies can have their measures taken and

Perfect Fitting Lining Cut

and basted waist and sleeve, over which they can make with the utmost success by the simplest system. Material furnished. Also paper patterns

TenEyck's Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Spicer & Hubbard, Madison avenue and Second street

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,

Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

Somerset House,

Permanent & Transient Board,

At West Bound. First-class stabling and sheds attached. Meals at all reasonable hours. Corner of Somerset and Emily streets.

I. L. McVoy, Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Gas wells made in Plainfield and vicinity. Also Artesian wells. I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to me; ones with satisfaction. No. 1 Park avenue, corner Second street. Shop 14 East Front. 1-26-1-1

T. E. Morgans,

Housedoor, Sash, Stationery and Wood, 27 1-2 Front street.

Rudolph Laurent, 7 Somerset St., Practical

Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Repairing of French and American clocks, fine watches and Jewelry a specialty.

Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street near Front.

Boarding, Permanent or Transient

Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blimm, Prop.

J. W. and H. Coddington,

P. O. box 256 Plainfield, N. J. Families, hotels, restaurants, saloons, butchers, etc., supplied at lowest market rates.

Clear Spring Water Ice,

Also dealers in Flour, Feed and Grain.

Notice.

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults,

Thoroughly cleansed at per cent cheaper than anyone else. New ones built and old ones repaired. Soiling, Disinfecting and removing Satisfactorily done. Orders by mail to box 1482 promptly attended to. John Barry, 3 Chatham street, next to Arnold's Grocery.

James Q. Miles, No. 21 North Avenue, Artist Sign Writer and State Agent for

Adamant Letters & Numerals,

For signs on Glass, Wood, Stone or Metals, Rigs, Boards, Shields, Transparencies, Banners, etc., in any shape, made in the shop.

R. A. Ross, Second Floor, North Front Street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all Kinds of Scroll and Turned Work to Manufacturers Prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished Closed Saturdays.)

E. B. Maynard, No. 13 North Avenue,

Shaving & Hair Cutting

Four first-class artists in attendance. Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting and shampooing a specialty Branch—24 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Six Barrels of

Kindling Wood for One Dollar,

At the Plainfield Kindling Wood Establishment, No. 21 Water street.

John Wolf, P. R. C. P. O. Box 92

Cesspools, Wells & Privy Vaults

Dug and cleaned at reasonable prices.

J. A. Blatz, Proprietor,

Blatz's Hotel,

Somerset street, corner Grant and Road, North Plainfield. Under his personal supervision. Comfortable, convenient and healthful. Good accommodations.

Jules Boutes, Troon, Paris

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair Goods at New York Prices. Shampooing and Manicuring a specialty. Also agent for Howe Sewing Machine. 16 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Milk Dairy,

Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,

Address D. S. Coles, P. O. Box 310, Plainfield

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REAL ESTATE

AND

Insurance

12 DUER STREET, N. Plainfield.

Agent for the following first-class companies, Hanover, of New York, and Jersey City, of Jersey City. Insurance effected on all kinds of property for three years and all risks lowest rates. Money to loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Conveyancing done. Also agent for North Western Life Insurance Company

The Bee Hive,

(3 doors below Music Hall)

38 West Front St.

Holiday Goods!

WRITING DESKS,

WORK BASKETS,

TOILET SETS,

Smokers' Sets

Brass and Plush Ornaments,

PAPETERIE

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls,

Toys, Dolls.

Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc., Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

VERY Suitable FOR CHRISTMAS Presents

a fine line of

SEALS

Agate, Brass, Bronze and Polished Wood Handles.

Sealing Wax Cabinets. Candles that will not smoke. The wax and everything used in sealing letters at

ALLEN'S

23 EAST FRONT ST.

LEATHER GOODS.

We have a very fine assortment of Leather Goods of all Grades and Varieties, including,

Pocket Books, Bill Books.
Letter Cases, Card Cases.
Cigar Cases, Scissors Cases,
Dressing Cases and

PURSES.

Come and you can find a gift suitable for anyone among them.

A. W. RAND'S,

24 W. FRONT STREET,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

J. P. Laire & Co.

(Successors to Berry & Thorn.)

OFFER

Special Bargains

IN

ICE SKATES

Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.

Examine Before Purchasing.

FREE OF COST.

Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM, for the throat and lungs. Few with use the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully R. J. GRAY & Co., 2 East Front street.

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed

P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

Vol. 4, No 179 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1885. — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

A BARGAIN—To be sold at a sacrifice, a Singer Sewing machine almost new. Apply to A. W. Titsworth.

A PARTMENTS wanted by a lady and family, of 3 rooms, for light housekeeping. Address, with particulars, Box 1, Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED by a man and wife situation on country place. Would take charge of horses and cows. Would work in family. Address H. S. Care Evening News.

$90 FOR SALE CHEAP. Home, lot and carriage. Apply at 1 Somerset street, Plainfield.

SECOND-HAND sash and blinds for sale cheap. Inquire of Thomas Sutton, corner Somerset and Madison avenue.

A BARGAIN—For sale the interest of a partner in a paying grocery business. Good reason for selling. Address, with full particulars, Box 1, Plainfield, N. J.

FOR SALE—In a location of three city fronts and two avenue fronts, a two-story and basement dwelling house, with bath and all modern conveniences, and a stable on rear of lot. Price low, and easy terms of payment. Address Box 1, Plainfield, N. J.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let furnished by the month. Modern conveniences; desirable location. Address, Housekeeper, Box 1, Plainfield, N. J.

BOARD—Parties desiring permanent board for the winter can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good table board at No. 5 Somerset street. Terms reasonable. Inquire as above.

BOARD—Parties desiring permanent board for the winter can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good table board at No. 5 Somerset street. Terms reasonable. Inquire as above.

Special Notices.

HOLIDAY GOODS
at
H. S. BONNELL'S.

IT IS REQUESTED—
That all persons having any claims against the estate of Mary Ann Hall, late of Plainfield, deceased, present the same for settlement within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
HENRY C. HALL, Executor.
Plainfield, N. J., December 29, 1885.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Harriet Bell.
JOHN BELL.
Plainfield, N. J., December 17, 1885.

W. B. LUDLOW,
Dealer in Coal, Lumber, Timber, Coal Tar, Pitch, all kinds of Building Materials, Cement, Lime, Etc. Kitchen by-products for Manufacturers & Jobbers of Chemicals, for refined coal tar, for all kinds of paints, for tar and for soft coal. Office, planning will be added to all its departments. Office: Yard south of Depot.

COAL AND COKE PRICES.
Coal delivered in Plainfield, your ton, capped at the cheapest place in the city for good weighing. Coke, 4 cents per pair. Coleman, 4 cents. YOST LOT.

C. PETERSON, FLORIST,
Plank street, opposite North avenue, near depot. Parties, Weddings, and Funerals supplied with cut flowers at short notice. All my flowers are grown on the premises.

TERRALINE WARE
at H. S. BONNELL'S.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals furnished at short notice. All the latest styles of ar. Miss J. R. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North.

ALBERT SMITH,
Manufacturer of Iron Railings, Columns, Window Iron Guards, Iron Sinks, Iron Settees, Flower Iron Stands, Coalbox for Stoves, Iron Fences, Fire Escapes, etc. All kinds of Repairing promptly executed. Shop, 72 North Second St. avenue, Newark, N. J.

MUSIC.
J. P. Fisher, Violinist, Musical and Musical Director, has removed his Conservatory of Music to 108 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J. Office No. 4 French avenue, New York City.

EARL & JACQUES,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors, office in West Front street, P. O. Box 201, Plainfield, N. J. Municipal, Topographical and Commercial Engineering work. Experienced corps always at the service of the community.

DR. CHAS. S. THIERS, DENTIST,
Office at his residence, Cedarcroft, Grant Block, West Front street.

THE REFORM CLUB HALL
with modern capacity for eight hundred, with ladies' and gentlemen's dressing rooms, is now ready for letting for balls, parties, weddings, or lodge meetings. Apply to A. Ball, Jr.

Professional Cards.

DR. J. H. CARMAN,
Residence, Somerset street and Craig Place. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. ANDREW MANNING,
Park avenue, corner of 4th street. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. Office and other tel. 29.

A. OAKLEY, Jr.
Architect, 304 or East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Real Estate, Counsel's Building,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Will attend to all business in connection with Real Estate, Engineering or Surveying in the best and most careful manner.

GEORGE C. CARPENTER,
Counsellor at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Real Estate and Insurance Agent. The securing of legal titles and searches a specialty. Practice in the Courts of this county. Office, Cedarcroft, Grant Block, West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM B. MAXSON,
Counsellor at Law, will buy and sell real estate and mortgages, collect money, rent and sale of property. Office at residence, Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

DR. A. W. ANDERSON,
Office and residence, 111 West Front street. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays 9 to 10 a. m.

DR. J. F. GRIFFEN,
Physician and Surgeon, Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, 5 Somerset street. Office and residence telephone.

JACKSON & CONOVER,
Counsellors at Law, Solicitors of Patents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Offices, Cedarcroft, Grant Block, West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Money to Loan, Cedarcroft, Grant Block, West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM STILLMAN,
Counsellor at Law, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Bonnell's Block, Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

DR. MARY W. ANDERSON, OSTEOPATH,
Office and residence, 111 West Front street. Office hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Educational.

MISS M. A. HARRIOT,
Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Private or class instruction. For terms address Box 1, Plainfield.

ELOCUTION.
Mrs. Mary Wood-Allen, Graduate of Boston School of Elocution, will receive pupils at her residence, 5 Arlington avenue, Plainfield. Terms moderate.

MISS NETTIE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of Music, Piano, Organ either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to church. Best references. P. O. Box 1251.

ART SCHOOL.
Instruction in Oil, Water Colors, Crayon and Drawing from Life. Painting of Portraits a Specialty. For terms call at Studio, No. 5 East Front street.
M. E. MOONY.

T. E. HAZELTON,
Teacher of Music. Classes private lessons at residence. Night reading a specialty. Has removed to 5 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

MISS ALICE SMITH,
Graduate of Boston and teacher of instrumental music. Special terms for classes. Highest references. Residence, 16 West Second street, Plainfield.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer kept by Mr. Ellis Drake, corner of Front and Cherry streets:

1885.		1884.	
9 a. m.	39	9 a. m.	30
12 m.	41	12 m.	32
3 p. m.	41	3 p. m.	40

Signal Service Abstract.

1885.		1884.	
Sunrise	7.29 a.m.	Sunrise	7.28 a.m.
Sunset	4.46 p.m.	Sunset	4.46 p.m.
Moon Rises	6.45 p.m.	Moon Rises	p.m.

Signal Office Prediction.

To-morrow it promises to be slightly warmer and generally fair, followed by [illegible]

Our Christmas Gift.

We will send The News free for one year to every people who shall marry in Plainfield, South Plainfield, Dunellen, North Plainfield, Bound Brook, Dunellen or New Market, before the 1st of April, and who shall thereafter settle, the only condition being that the recipients shall be subscribers at the time of their [illegible] localities.
OCTOBER, Dec. 29, 1885.

JOYNINGS.

—Christmas entertainment at Children's Home this afternoon at 4 p. m.

—Mr. Cornelius Bergen, Jr., was thrown about twelve o'clock to-day and kept ringing at intervals for about half an hour.

—Cliff. Wilson, late of the New Brunswick Fieldsman, entered upon his duties on the New York Journal of Commerce Monday.

—The Sunday school of the Trinity Reformed church will hold their Christmas entertainment in that church to-morrow evening at 7.30 o'clock.

—The case of the City vs. Hugh O'Donnell, charged with selling liquor on Sunday is to come up for trial before City Judge Ulrich to-morrow morning.

—George Forman, Principal of Columbia School, Rahway, received a present of a handsome Judge calabat size photograph album from his classes last Wednesday.

—A meeting of the Elizabeth City Council was held last evening, but contrary to expectation nothing was done in regard to the late Singer trouble on the city debt question.

—Preparations are now being made at the Casino for the grand fancy dress carnival which is to take place on New Year's Eve. Some very pretty and fancy decorations are already in place.

—What with the Methodist watch night services, and the attractions at both rinks, there will no doubt be many in this vicinity who will see the Old Year out of existence and the New Year in.

—James McManus, the young man from Somerville who was run over while trying to board a train at Elizabethport station Christmas Day, died at 8 o'clock Saturday morning in the Elizabeth City Hospital.

—Cornelius Bergen, Jr., a young sailor, was accidentally injured yesterday by falling from the new Young Men's Christian Association building on New Jersey avenue. This is the second man who has been thus injured.

—The little three-year-old daughter of Mr. Ward Mosher of West Seventh street died on Sunday. She had been afflicted with the hives and took a heavy cold on them, which resulted in her death. The funeral takes place to-morrow morning.

—Coroner Sutphen of Somerville viewed the remains of the late Mrs. Sheppard who committed suicide yesterday, and after hearing the testimony of Mrs. Stevens, her mother, and Marshal Weaver, deemed an inquest unnecessary and gave a permit for burial.

—Harry Herbert, a brother of Alderman Charles H. Herbert of New Brunswick, died suddenly on Saturday at his home on New street Sunday morning. Harry was a bright and intelligent youth, of a warm and sunny nature, and a great favorite with all who knew him.

—The following cheerful and pertinent paragraph we find in the Philadelphia Press: "The snow storms of last week, by filling the streets, block the farm roads and proved the shops to suffocation tell their own story of prosperity returning and an increasing traffic. Cheap food and fair wages have kept the market busied full all the year, and now the Christmas stocking is filling its turn."

—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah C. Bloomfield, who was killed at White House Station, was buried Saturday, at 1 p. m., from Christ Church. Blanchard Lodge, No. 126, I. O. O. F., of which deceased was a member for nineteen years, acted as the funeral escort. The services was preached by Rev. H. R. Church. The funeral took place to the family plot in the First Presbyterian Church yard.

COUNCIL MEETING.

President Corbett Welcomes Mr. Dunham to a Seat in the Council.—Sundry Claims Ordered Paid.—Other New Business.

The Common Council held an adjourned meeting in the Council chamber at eight o'clock last evening. Present—President Corbett and Councilmen Degnelis, Duncost, Dunham, Goddard, Livingston, March and Wadsworth. Absent—Councilmen Cutler, Gallup and Simpson.

The minutes of the two previous meetings, regular and special, were read and approved.

In behalf of the Council President Corbett welcomed Mr. Dunham to his seat. He said: "The reason that I did not do so at the previous meeting was because I was ignorant of the fact that you were entitled to it. I have consulted the Corporation Counsel and received his opinion in the matter and I am now satisfied. I congratulate you on taking the seat which has heretofore been so ably filled by Myers, West and Wilson."

A petition from the manager of the District Telegraph and Fire Alarm Co., asking the Council to secure for them the right of way to string their wires for the public fire alarm boxes on the Telephone and Telegraph poles, was read and referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

The following claims were read and referred to the proper committees:

Milford Bedell	$ 12 80
Thos. W. Morrison	16.20
John Wilson	496.11
Jas. Mitchell	15.00
James Maynard	6.00
Amos Drake	12.00
J. F. Hall	15.00
J. J. Sharp	45.00
Wm. Plunkett	60.00
R. MacDonald	3.00
O. B. Leonard	60.95
O. M. Leonard	60.95
J. H. Flatt	25.40
O. S. Leonard	27.50
T. Hoagland	27.50
A. D. Cook & Bro	19.51
D. J. Baker	31.60

The final report of the City Judge from September 1 to date was read and ordered filed. It showed that 45 persons in all had been arrested and the fines collected amounting to $226.70. The expenses of the Court were $36.85.

The opinion of the Corporation Counsel in reference to the purchasing of No. 6's steamer was read and ordered filed. It stated that the Council had the power to purchase the steamer provided it was worth the amount claimed by the Fire Board, and counsel thought it was fairly worth that price.

The Committee on Rooms reported correct the bills referred to them.

On motion the rules were suspended to enable one member of a committee to report.

Mr. Goddard, from the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps, reported on Mr. Packard's petition asking for permission to erect a corrugated iron awning in front of his store. He said the committee did not consider the erection of permanent awnings over sidewalks advisable. Report received and ordered filed.

Mr. March, from the Committee on Laws and Ordinances, reported *in the matter of* the alleged trespass of James Connealy on West Third street. He said the committee were about ready to make their report, but that some points which needed further investigation had been discovered and moved that the report be laid on the table, to be taken up by the new Council. Carried.

It was moved that the bonds of G. F. Smith and Amos Moffett as Constables be referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances. Motion carried.

On motion the rules were suspended to enable one member from the Printing and Stationery Committee to report.

The committee reported correct all bills referred.

The Committee on Salaries, Officers and Elections reported correct all bills referred.

Mr. Wadsworth from the Finance Committee offered a resolution that warrants Nos. 4,086, 4,087 and 4,088 be Passed. They having been defaced by the lithographer in copying. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Wadsworth moved that when the Council adjourn it be to meet again Saturday evening next. Carried.

Mr. Dunham moved that the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps be authorized to advertise one year as possible, rates or Electric Light No. 2, and report at next meeting. Also that the committee be given the power to employ counsel if necessary to get the desired information. Carried.

The Auditing Committee reported all the bills referred to them correct, and they were ordered paid and warrants ordered drawn. Adjourned.

PERSONAL.

Miss Maggie Carlton of Poughkeepsie N. Y., is visiting friends on East Fifth street.

The talented Miss Alice Dunning of this city was formerly Principal of one of the New Brunswick public schools.

Mr. J. L. Anderson of this city expects to return to China to make another fortune, in which effort he has, we know, the best wishes of our readers for success. Mr. Anderson is to open a branch house for a wealthy London syndicate. He starts next March and returns in October.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Cunard steamship Servia was Elliot P. Shepard, brother of A. D. Shepard of this city, and cashier of the Central Bank Note Company. Mr. Shepard was accompanied by his wife, the daughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt, four daughters and his son, Elliot P., Jr. The family left Paris as soon as possible after hearing of the death of Mrs. Sheppard's father, and have been fourteen days on the way. They were conveyed immediately to their residence on Fifth avenue, New York.

Christmas Festival of the Sunday School of the Church of the Holy Cross.

The Christmas festival of the Holy Cross Sunday School was held last evening. The attendance was large, filling the building. After the opening exercises by the rector, the Christmas carols were sung by the whole school, the children having had a thorough drill in them several Sundays previous by their instructor, Miss Julia Addy. Then followed the distribution of presents, each scholar receiving a gift and package of candy. After this a stereopticon exhibition was given by Mr Geo. Bayer, which was both instructive and amusing. All went away satisfied, and feeling that they never had a better time at any former festival given for the entertainment of the school at Christmas-tide.

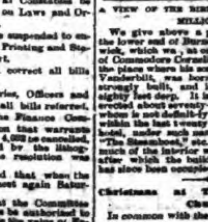
Christmas Festival of Grace Church Sunday School.

Last evening Grace church presented an animated scene, the building being packed with the Sunday school children and their friends who were there to participate in the Christmas exercises which are held yearly and looked forward to with great expectation by the young people of the parish. Last evening the church was clothed in beauty—festoons of evergreens were hung from pillar to pillar, emblems wrought out of green and the chancel, while five bells, the work of some master hand, hung over the main aisles and added greatly to the attractiveness of the "place where His honor dwelleth." In front of the chancel stood the Christmas tree, from whose branches were suspended all the alluring things peculiar to this season of the year, and which seemed the main attraction to the future hope of the country. The day for the celebration was also an appropriate one—it being what is known on the Church calendar as Holy Innocents' Day. The recent of the church, Rev. Dr. Rodman, presided over the exercises, which were opened by an organ voluntary, after which the carol "Hark! the herald sound!" was sung by the school, at the conclusion of which prayer was offered up by the rector. Carols and responsive lectures readings followed, when the rector made a very happy Christmas address to the children, in which he held forth the joys of the season and reminded them that when they had come to maturer years they would look back to the time they spent in Grace church as the happiest period of their lives. At the conclusion of the address the gifts were distributed—and they were many, varied and handsome. Useful books, toys, dolls and almost everything in the category of that which delights them in particular, and in addition each scholar received a box of confectionery. All in all, it was a happy occasion, at least to those in youth's springtime, and will be remembered among the many pleasant occasions in the life of this working parish.

The services were brought to a close by the singing of the carol, "The snow lay on the ground," and the benediction by the rector.

The Old Vanderbilt House.

(From New Brunswick Home News.)



A VIEW OF THE BIRTHPLACE OF THE DEAD MILLIONAIRE.

We give above a picture of the house on the lower road to Bergen Point, New Brunswick, which was, as can be seen, the residence of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt, and in the room on the left of the front door, to the left of Vanderbilt, was born. It is a frame, very strongly built, and is about forty feet by eighty feet deep. It has been for 50 years erected about seventy-five years ago, but by whom is not definitely known. It was until 1869 the family residence for a number of years, after which the building was repaired, and has since been occupied as a tenement house.

Christmas at Trinity Reformed Church.

In common with the other churches of the city Trinity Reformed church gave special prominence last Sunday to the Christmas theme, the decorations of which not elaborate were exceedingly chaste, and the music, rendered by a double quartette, under the leadership of Mr. T. B. Brown, satisfied ear and heart alike. The morning service was largely one of song, and seemed to be thoroughly appreciated by the many present. The pastor, Rev. A. V. V. Raymond, preached a sermon, designating some of the forces that entered the world at Christ's birth, gathering them all up finally under this one—"A Divine personality that could be appreciated by man."

The evening service blended the Christmas feeling with the more sober thoughts that belong to the last Sunday of the year.

Annual Election of Officers of the Royal Arcanum.

The Royal Arcanum held a meeting in their rooms last evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Regent—E. E. Anthony; Vice-Regent—W. J. Leonard; Orator—W. L. Tilsworth; Secretary—S. A. Thorne; Collector—L. M. Shaver; Treasurer—T. Cox; Guide—W. R. Simonson; Chaplain—A. V. V. Raymond; Warden—William Randolph; Sentry—R. C. A. Wellman; Trustees—John H. Cuthbert, Albertus Swain, and William Stewart; Representative to the Grand Council—Albertus—W. E. Lyons; Organist—Karl T. Palek.

NEW MARKET NOTES.

[From Jay.]

The Helping Hand Society received from their sale $14.85. Nearly every thing was sold.

The Episcopal church held their usual Christmas services Friday morning at 10.30 o'clock.

Mr. H. Gastell, Miss Storms, Mrs. Gastell and Mr. Dayton constituted the quartette at the First Baptist church Christmas exercises.

Miss Allie Ayres, organist of the Seventh Day church, received a present in the shape of $20 in cash for faithful services rendered for the past year. Mr. C. T. Rogers, superintendent of the Sunday school, was presented by him $5 toward the purchase of a bible. It was a present from the school.

Thursday evening the First Baptist church held their Christmas exercises. Opening exercises by the pastor. Then followed Scripture lessons by different members of the school interspersed with singing. After this program the heavy laden table was relieved of its burden and the children made happy.

On Saturday evening the Seventh Day Baptist church Sunday School held their Christmas. The children's exercises were well received, but the principal thing was the oil derrick laden with presents. A load was given at the front door, and the announcement that a load had arrived by the superintendent, set everybody on the tip-toe of expectation. The box was brought in and opened by the superintendent. When to I from it came forth the old fellow himself, rigged in the true style of Santa Claus. He made a much fun with little people that the presents in here were quite acceptable. One little girl said: "You can't fool me, that is not Santa Claus, he is too small."

Patents to Jerseymen.

Patents granted to citizens of New Jersey for the week ending Dec. 22, 1885:

John C. Brooks and Wm. H. Bell, Paterson, take-up mechanism for looms; V. H. and G. V. Grisman, Bonnieville, flower-rack support; Jacob Haines, Bridgeton, refrigerator; M. W. Ledwig, Hackensack, fruit jar for preserving liquid and solid matter; G. C. Lewis, Newark, fruit jar; Jesse Long, Paterson, loom for weaving; Wm. Mackenzie, Jersey City, fire kindler; Peter Murray, No. Hilesdale, spring bed bottom; Wm. Nelson, Paterson, loom for weaving; Jas. Nightingale, Paterson, hot-off smoothing iron; Wm. Nugent, Paterson, machine for doubling and twisting; Wm. F. Prall, Woodbridge, horse harness; R. W. Smith, Jersey City, car coupling; Jas. Thurston, Hoboken, machine for testing fabrics; A. W. Wheaton, Newark, cartridge-loading machine (two patents).

—There was a spirited rivalry between the Orange Music Hall management and that of Plainfield in the matter of securing Templeton's "Mikado" for New Year's Day. The same company had already performed in Orange and been the cause of so many persons to soon spend a million in its praise. This company will be the attraction at Music Hall, Jan. 1, matinee and evening, and the sale of seats is now progressing. The Brooklyn Union of Dec. 15 says: "The 'Mikado,' as presented by John Templeton's company, is the finest work that has produced this opera in America, at the Union Square Theatre at the Lee Avenue Academy of Music last evening was a complete triumph, both vocally and artistically. The cast includes many more fine voices than are usually heard in comic opera organizations. The piece was beautifully mounted and the costumes rich and appropriate. The chorus was large and showed the result of careful training in both acting and singing. Every number was encored, and it was after 11 o'clock before the curtain fell upon the finale."

—A man named Jacob Oney, employed as a laborer about the farm of B. M. Farnham, at Metuchen, returned to his employer's place after a protracted spree yesterday, and when remonstrated with for his conduct, made a savage attack upon Farnham with a knife. Help arrived just as the infuriated inebriate was overpowering his employer, and Oney was secured and handed over to Constable Soper. The latter succeeded in subduing the man sufficiently to take him to New Brunswick, where Justice Ford committed him to jail.

—Howard Garretson of Bound Brook visited East Millstone on Wednesday and left his horse standing while transacting some business at the distillery, when the animal became frightened, ran away, threw out his young lady companion, her life being seriously, and bruised her otherwise in quite a serious manner. The wagon was a complete wreck.

—William K. Gaston, forty years a resident of Somerville, died on Friday morning. The deceased was eighty years of age and was highly esteemed for his excellent qualities. He was buried yesterday in the cemetery along the banks of the Raritan river, at Somerville. He leaves a widow and a son and daughter to mourn his loss.

—H. S. Barnes, believing numerous and well pleased customers to be one of the best means of publishing by his advertisement and establishing for himself a record for liberal dealing has reduced the price of his holiday goods and artists' materials from 10 to 20 per cent.

STATE NOTES.

A post office has just been established at West Orange, to be kept by Mr. McClellan.

It is said that a party of Philadelphians will erect a hotel on the beach front at Ancignes, at a cost of $60,000.

William Hagate of Hancock Bridge, Salem County, has raised the champion turnip—weight six and one half pounds.

There is trouble over the appointment of a janitor at Trenton. Col. Mulford Moore, of Governor Abbett's staff, is one of the applicants, and is opposed by Senator McPherson, who deems him too much a friend of the Governor to be fair.

Secretary Manning has appointed Joseph W. Whitehurst to be acting keeper at Horseshoe Range Lightkeeper, East Orange;

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON.

The Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 2 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.42, 6.32, 7.05, 8.00, 8.50, 9.05, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 a. m.; 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.15, 3.45, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 3.27, 5.42, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30 a. m.; 1.30, 3.15, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, Liberty Street, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m.; 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m.; 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 6.40, 8.23, 8.46, 9.08, 10.02, 11.08, a. m.; 12.08, 1.08, 2.08, 3.02, 3.51, 5.03, 6.32, 7.01, 7.34, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.23, 9.08, 10.02, 11.08 a. m.; 1.08, 3.02, 5.03, 6.32, 7.34, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.52, 7.07, 7.40, 8.45, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m.; 12.35, 1.35, 2.40, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m.; 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.

Trains leave Plainfield at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 7.14, 7.55, 9.37, 10.45, 11.39 a. m.; 2.39, 3.10, 4.45, 5.34, 6.34, 8.33, 9.00, 10.07, 7.25, 8.00, 8.17, 9.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m.; 2.45, 4.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.23, 7.05, 7.26, 8.00, 8.40, 9.00, 10.15 a. m.; 12.30, 2.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.17, 9.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 8.00, 9.30, p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.38, 6.07 a. m.; 4.30, 4.45, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.17 p. m. Sunday at 5.37 a. m.; 5.43 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.10, 8.57 a. m., 12.40, 4.30, 4.45, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00 a. m.; 7.00 p. m.

Washington Connection.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Leave at 7.07 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, West End, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Driftonville, Shamokin, etc.

8.07 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schuyler's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Netcong, Hackettstown, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Great Bend, Binghamton, Syracuse, Rochester, Suspension, etc.

4.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6.30 p. m.—For Easton, West End, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Elmira, Watkins, Geneva, etc.

8.01 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schuyler's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Netcong, Hackettstown, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Great Bend, Binghamton, Syracuse, Rochester, Suspension, etc.

4.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 7.07, 8.40, 10.08, 11.30 a. m.; 1.15, 3.54, 6.45, 10.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.08, 11.30 a. m.; 1.15, 6.45, 10.00 p. m.

Trains at Bound Brook connect at 8.10, 8.21, 8.40, 10.08, 11.30 a. m.; 1.15, 3.54, 6.45, 10.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.08, 11.30 a. m.; 1.15, 6.45, 10.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 6.24 a. m.; 10.38, 12.35 a. m.; 4.00, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 8.15, 6.45 a. m.; 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by train marked change cars at Bound Brook.

C. H. HANCOCK,
GEN'L PASS. & TICKET AGENT

W. W. ATTERBURY,
VICE PRES. AND GEN. MANAGER.

DATED N. Y. DECEMBER 28, 1885.

Phases of Life in Paris.
[Max O'Rell.]

The insolent in Paris now is to attend regattas and gatherings of the different fashionable and aristocratical societies. The heroes of Parisian life are now all croupiers and sportsmen. They may be more respectable than the heroes of the Empire, but they are certainly not more gay. There is a painful gravity gloomy. In media veritas et virtes.

Yes, Paris d'emoule! Such is the verdict to which every one comes on visiting France. The rich and lovely capital is getting dull and provincial. Parisians are leaving it, and but the rich stay away in their country seats, foreigners do not come, and trade is in a fearful state. With Gambetta in office—Gambetta, who is the idol of the bons—Paris was lively. With M. Brisson, the present prime minister, a man as dull as a lawyer's deed, Paris will soon be jealous of London.

There is no denying that the Paris of the poor quarters is a very dull place. Nothing will bring it to life but a war, which is not provoked by be Boulangists. Let us hope no one will. By nothing is the fall from the luxury and display of the imperial regime it has reduced the mechanic to a state of misery more than by the sight of the eyes to feast upon. The shop windows are full of grounds for complaint. Paris is the city of work for fair a wage is what he and his family want. So the government has appointed a committee to organize a series of fêtes for the coming winter, principally with a view to giving an impetus to trade, and Paris is to be illuminated from one end to the other.

Profession of a "Field Pilgrim."

A man suffering in his feet has been advised to a friends hospital, and has answered that his profession was that of a "field pilgrim." He thinks he would do well living by making pilgrimages for others for people who wanted to propitiate this or that particular saint, and could not go to the shrine themselves. It does not appear that he had ever practiced upon this idea, but the idea was ingenious, and he would have been willing enough.

Process of Enameling.
[Iron, Ind., Intelligencer.]

One of the most important processes in enameling is the preparation of the iron to receive the enamel. The iron must be perfectly clean, which is done by the process of pickling, which is effected by the use of sulphuric acid and water. This is the art known as cleaning the method pursued being to bathe the article in a furnace until the enamel exhibits a perfect glossy surface, when it is withdrawn and allowed to cool.

UNDERGROUND RAILWAY.

A COMPANY ORGANIZED TO BUILD A ROAD UNDER BROADWAY.

Electricity to be the Motive-A Possible Fight-No special Legislation Required-The Stock Placed at Three Millions Per Mile.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The articles of incorporation of the New York District railway were filed in the office of the secretary of state, at Albany. The company proposes to build a four-track underground railway from the Battery up Broadway to Fifty-eighth street, and Eighth avenue, and up that avenue to the Harlem River. A branch road will start at Madison square, and run up Madison avenue to the Harlem.

The system by which the new company proposes to operate their roads is known as the Haupt system. It is the patented invention of Mr. Rowland R. Hamet, and has been recommended by M. de Montgolfier, the French engineer, and adopted by the Paris municipality.

Mr. Hamet says: The great difficulty with the subway hitherto proposed for a railway road is found in the fact that the necessity of excavating the whole width of the street. We have avoided this by making the roadway in two parts, one on each side of the street, of sufficient width to accommodate the required number of tracks. The excavation will be on the average only 15 1-2 feet deep, and will require room for four tracks. Second Avenue, for instance, is 100 feet wide. The roadways will be constructed of concrete, two feet thick, carrying the entire structure, and carrying the passenger and freight trains at the earth line as well as the surface. Each roadway will be 30 feet wide, giving ample capacity

CAPITOL COMMENTS.

CHANGES TO BE MADE IN THE CIVIL SERVICE RULES.

Making It Easier to Get Rid of Obnoxious Appointment-holders.

Ready for the City Where No Service Is to Be Rendered.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The attempted contest now going on in the civil service of the Government is to end in a reform. It is started almost upon a one-sided petition appeal, by reason of the opposition developed against the present civil service rules by the heads of the executive departments. The heads of departments, who have accepted the rules as an interesting fact, naturally, that inspectant modifications of the civil service rules, especially in the matter of removals from office, are necessary, and they have made their views known to the President and to the Civil Service Commissioners. The result of the controversy is that the President is to call a conference of the Cabinet officers, which he has approved; then the secretary of state proposes to submit the modifications and forwards, and then make a report to the President, who, on receipt thereof, orders its promulgation.

Among the rules likely to be modified are the following: The local boards of examiners shall in future only certify three names to the appointing officer, and no names can be certified to the appointing officer who have not been examined by the local boards, except on special request of the appointing officer. Under the old rules the names were sent to the appointing officer, and the appointing officer could call for any number of names, and the seven names certified to him, while now he will appoint three out of six. This makes it easier to get rid of persons thought not fit for appointment. Rule 3 requires the appointment of two of the persons vouching for the applicant must be residents of the city in which the vacancy occurs, and the object of this rule is to prevent the appointment of persons residing outside the place of appointment. Quite a number of other interesting changes of detail are made. The changes will be promulgated [illegible]

CHRISTMAS.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Annie Durkin, of 149 West York street, was arrested on a charge of murdering her husband Christmas night. She had been drinking and quarreled with him, and after turning all the gas but one out of the room, and that on going to the bed she found the child dead and its throat torn by the cat's claws. She did not tell the until Monday, when she told a story of the child's death. This she accounts for by saying that in her excitement and grief she first washed and dressed the child's body. The fact that no blood was found upon the bedclothes, that the door of the house is blood stained, that a bloody knife was found secreted in the outhouse, and that the wounds in the child's throat are not such as could be believed to have been produced by the tearing of claws, are held by the police to point clearly to the fact that the child was murdered. An inquest will be held.

Striking Miners Hold a Meeting.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—About 1,000 miners, representing all the Pikes in the Monongahela district, comprising the general convention on the Hilltop, in the Allegheny district, Thursday next when the ratification of the time, but that had no effect in lessening the manifest enthusiasm. Several of the leaders of the new move present and made telling speeches, and the feeling was that the miners on the basis of contributing the strike for the three cent rate. The indications are such, however, that the miners can be induced to accept the proposition, and it is probable that a definite action will be taken. There is a feeling of irritation among the men owing to the Monongahela valley, asking that the operators, in conjunction with the miners, arbitrate some of the differences between the operators and miners. This petition will be laid before the members of the coal exchange in this city.

A New Executive Mansion.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Among the measures which will be introduced and probably considered by both houses will be one providing for the erection of a new executive mansion. A syndicate of real estate dealers are trying to induce the president to recommend such a measure. The offer will be made by the syndicate to the government the property on Columbia Heights on suitable terms for the site at very low figures. The scheme will probably be laid before the President-elect. The land in question, which was to buy the block bounded by H, I, Sixteenth streets and Connecticut avenue, on which Mr. Corcoran's house stands, and erect on new executive mansion. The Corcoran property is valued at [illegible] and the idea, although it took no definite shape.

To Be Interviewed again.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—The receivers of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company—Messrs. Gowen, Ashbridge and Williams—have offered to purchase the mills of the Burson manufacturing company at Bridgeport, on the line of the Lehigh Valley railroad, and the Bridgeport mills are to be leased and the mill is of a capacity of 675 looms and 30,000 spindles. The water privilege is probably not surpassed in Eastern Pennsylvania. Governor William Bross made probably $150,000 while running the Lehigh mills, and there is money in Amasa's family; but they doubtless would have outside aid in an enterprise like that.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The state of New York has realized from tax sales of land $215,000.

The war between the Cattle-dealers and the Chicago Live Stock Exchange has broken out with renewed vigor.

Thomas Jenkins, the slayer of Jesse Pomeroy, in his bed in the Albany penitentiary, is dead from late in Paralysis.

Senator Barrett presented Victor Hugo's petition for amnesty for the Communists in the French chamber of deputies.

Jesse D. Bright, stage carpenter at the Park theatre, died of pneumonia after an illness of three days.

Henry K. Goodwin, an electrician, is on trial at Salem, Mass., for the murder of Alderman D. Bacon. Both Butler witnesses.

The Pennsylvania railroad company has for week ended Dec. 26, amounted to $741,981, an equaling $16,467 during the corresponding period last year.

A Wagon dropping from car standing on the Pittsburg railroad yard at Cheltenham, Mass., struck the front of the residence of Mrs. Hall, and was entirely demolished. Loss, $6,000.

A. T. Stewart & Co., Chicago; Marshall Fields, Chicago; Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston; Bartle, of that city, and Cleary, of Philadelphia, are said by the former to have quitted.

Philadelphia detectives are working on the Harrington murder, and claim to have found a heavy piece with which the murder was committed.

A large number of cigar-makers at Chicago and other points, all their goods completed, proposed to go to California to take the places of Chinese workmen, were left stranded in Chicago and will be sent to their homes by the mine.

ALABAMA JUSTICE.

Burned at the Stake, but Not as a Martyr.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 29.—On Friday evening, Miss Carrie Boyce, a local belle of Jacksonville, Clark county, Ala., started to go on a visit to friends in Mobile to spend the Christmas holidays, but just as she was getting aboard the train she found she had forgotten some small article, and turned home for it. On her way there she encountered a negro man, who she knew by sight, but never before was face to face with his negroship. She was found by her relatives and servants to be insane, but died early afternoon. When the news of the fiendish deed reached the Clark county backwoods it spread like wildfire, and the negro's cabin was surrounded by a mob of a similar character to Monday.

When the news of the outrage spread through the surrounding country, the negro terrorized into submission, about 200 men assembled around the house in which the negro was imprisoned, after [illegible] and [illegible] the negro from the house, dragged him to the spot where he had murdered Miss Boyce, which was a short distance from [illegible] and in a lonely and deserted wood. [illegible] the negro, screaming and [illegible] to the stake, [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE SNOW STORM.

(From Dear Litchfield in St. Nicholas.)

Lightly and whitely
As a sweet from the grain,
Thickly and quickly
As thoughts through the brain,
So fast and so dumb
Do the snowflakes come;
Swift, swift as the fairy drop
From glad poet lips,
Soft, soft as the days drop
From Time's finger tips
Oh, so many, so many!
Yet no sound from any.
Oh, so fast, oh, so fast!
Yet no track where they passed.
Oh, so fragile, so frail!
Yet no force can prevail
To speed them or stay them.
No conjuror can out-weigh them
They fall where they come,
Through the fathomless grey,
And bring to earth's dust
What of heaven they may

A RUSSIAN DANCE IN OREGON.

An American Quadrille—The "Ring Dance" and a Song in Russian.

(Cor. Overland Monthly.)

Alas, the society has no instrumental music, nor even the poorest squeak of a fiddle. In this strait the toughest throats announced that a dance was given as a benefit. Kind-hearted fellows—A and B and C and D—arranged against the wall to chant for hours the strains of la, la, la, with all the changes of time and air necessary to guide the steps in a waltz, the polka, and the quadrille. The particular favorite of the people seemed to be the American country quadrille. This was danced again and again, with, it seemed to me, every possible variety of figure, the bridegroom acting as leader of the dance, calling the figures, tearing his hair like a Frenchman at the mistakes of his friends, and shouting out his despairing instructions with a rolling Russian R, for all the world like an Irishman with a little whisky in him.

Altogether, the ball was a very rude affair, with hardly a graceful assent in it, except a few waltz by the two pretty girls, sisters of the bride. It was relieved, however, by one round in the ring dance, in which the little children, and the bride's two pet girl singers, and all children's song is Russian. However, by rude I do not mean rough, for there was any breach of good manners, for social courtesy and delightful sense of consideration is remarkable, but simply that there was an entire want of grace. Under similar circumstances of poverty and no model to base upon, the people in a French community took a ball and display all the charm of measured movement. But on the other hand, the social bond with the French was entirely artificial, an entire no bond at all, but the presence of a band; whilst with the Russians all was genuine and sincere, and though there was no harmony in their dance there was harmony in their hearts.

Flooding the Victims of Coffee.

(Kansas City Journal.)

Dr. Bock, of Leipsic, says: "The nervousness and peevishness of the times are chiefly attributable to the use of coffee."

The equally eminent Dr. Henry Segur, of Paris, says: "I can not agree that the nervousness and peevishness of the times are to be attributed to coffee. Other causes may be found, arising from the customs and habits of society, much more likely to produce such a state of things than this poor harmless article of diet."

Jerrold says: "An infusion made with 33 ounces of coffee enables me to live without other food for five consecutive days, without impairing my celebrated capacity, and to see more and more muscular exercise than I was accustomed to, without any other physiological effect than a slight degree of fatigue, and a trifle less of flesh. It has well been called the intellectual beverage, because of its mental exhilaration, physical activity and wakefulness, which it induces. It is the regard of poets, scholars and men of science. It supported the old age of Voltaire, and was imbibed by Fontenelle for a century. It is opposed to all malaria and noxious vapors. Coffee is the only alleviation for certain forms of headache, produced by an exhausted brain, and half and half a cup of coffee drinkers usually enjoy good health. As an antidote for morphine in every form it is invaluable, and in whooping cough, spasmodic asthma, and hysterics, it is unequalled. The Bedouin notion of a hot coffee counter thrive and spreads. As Colley Cibber apostrophizes tea, so would we say to coffee: Thou sober, sage, nerve-ruffling, heart-opening, venerable liquid."

The Dog and the Bell.

(Chicago Herald.)

Miss Catherine Rae explained in a recent address on science in Aberdeen, over the sea, the way to make a dog, or any other little snake, to ring a bell. She began by telling "Tiny" smell the bone of a mutton chop, and then tied the bone to the string of the bell. At first "Tiny" was in a great manner, but by taking her very kindly and stroking her, she found that she could induce her to get at the bone and so ring the bell.

After that she tied a small piece of wood to the string, but the dog would not pull it. At last she pulled her gently hard until the bell rang, and then let her have the bone. Some of three weeks, with not more than one or two lessons a day, the dog would go and ring the bell by being told—"Tiny, go and ring the bell." As at the end of the time she gave an evening party, and during the evening they were all electrified by the sudden and violent ringing of the bell. "Tiny" had been neglected to be indulged with any old bit, and had taken this means of receiving attention.

Selling Poison Without a Label.

(Philadelphia Ledger.)

Dr. Ribon, of New York, has discovered an ingenious method of defending himself in court the dealers in stockings poisoned by Spanish. There is no law, it appears, directly applying to such cases, so the druggists cheer proposes to have the dealer charged with selling poisons without a label. It is a very "taking" scheme, but would hardly hold if a Philadelphia lawyer should be engaged for the defense.

Strength of a Steel Ship.

(Scientific Journal.)

The extraordinary strength of steel by the Bessemer process has, it is said, been so greatly reduced in cost in England that steel ship and iron ships of the same class have come to be of nearly the same price. The great possibility, it is remarked, arises largely from the fact that a steel ship of a given strength can be made of much lighter weight than one of iron.

A Premium on Large Families.

(Paris Letter.)

The French minister of public instruction is doing all he can to put a premium on large families. An old law of the convention has already been revived, whereby every sixth child of a family is educated free, and it has been decided that in the case of the poorer, or high schools, the fee should be reduced when several brothers attend.

Paris is less populous by 125,000 than it was four years ago.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS

Life Three Miles Under Water.

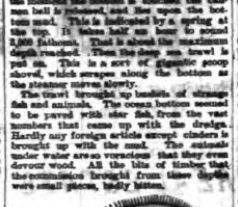
Mr. Ralph S. Tarr, connected with the United States Fish commission, has been writing some very interesting papers on the deep-sea dredgings. The commission's steamer Albatross spent many months in exploring the ocean bottom south of the New England coast. The school of fish in this section ranged from a depth of 18,000 feet—over three miles. At this depth there are no rocks and sand. Mr. Tarr says: "Researches have shown that the ocean bed in all water deeper than 1,000 fathoms is composed of globigerina ooze, so called from the fact that it is readily made up of the living and broken shells of a species of minute foraminifera, called scientifically globigerina. It is a thick, blue, sticky mud, containing but little matter besides the calcareous shells, which are so abundant as to make up nearly 100 per cent. of the whole. The total absence of sand and rocks is well marked. Ice or floating mud from the shore, no more as it strikes the Gulf stream, is immediately carried away and deposited, and this serves as an effectual barrier to all such foreign matter."

A fathom is six feet.

EFFECT OF EXPANSION OF AIR BLADDER OF A DEEP SEA FISH.

The pressure of the water at such a depth is something tremendous. It is so great that when a fish is brought up from a mile or more deep, and the weight is removed the moment he reaches the surface his air bladder expands till it forces itself out of his mouth and distends his body to bursting.

It is interesting to know how these deep sea soundings are taken. The water is so dense that no ordinary plummet would pass through it. A cannon ball is used for the purpose. It is so nicely balanced that the moment the bottom is touched the cannon ball is released and thrown over the boat's quarter. This is followed by a string at the top. It takes half an hour to sound 2,000 fathoms. That is about the maximum depth reached. When the deep sea trawl is hauled up with the sounding line. The animals under water are so voracious that they even devour wood. All the bits of timber that are thrown overboard from these depths were small pieces, badly bitten.



FISH TWO MILES DOWN.

The illustration shows a strange fish taken from an ocean bottom rather more than two miles below the surface. Observe its huge mouth, adapted to swallowing everything. This monster seems to belong to most of the deep sea fish. They have their voracious jaws and swallow great quantities of the blue mud. The infinitesimal creatures in it nourish them.

Another remarkable fact about the fish is that they have eyes. Therefore, there must be light at these vast ocean depths. It comes probably from a bright, phosphorescent matter if the fish themselves. Indeed, some of them retain this luster after being brought to the surface.

A bit of the blue mud under the microscope showed some curious facts. The mud is made up of millions of tiny shells, beautifully colored. It is shells like this that remained together from the flood. The chalk cliffs of England are composed of myriads of such. The speck of a creature that lives in them is a specimen of the smooth. The shells creatures live in the lowest form of life. It has neither head, foot nor stomach, but any part of its body can serve for any or all of them. How it is done Mr. Tarr neither knows.

"When they wish to move they send out a pseudo pod or little foot, which may be any part of the elastic cell wall, and then the body actually begins to flow from itself into its foot. If the foot touches a digestible object another smaller one is sent out, and the two surround the object, join together, and then the amoeba-pod becomes one, with the object within. The ease with which they can dispose of the cell wall to accomplish this is one of the most remarkable things in magic. It is in these animals that we see the first formation of temporary organs. As we go higher these become first set organs, and eventually the mouth, stomach and anal life has one part of the body fixed as a permanent mouth, another as a stomach, while other definite parts afford locomotive power. Although such low forms of creatures are wonderful because of their very simplicity of structure, accompanied by such complex powers."

POACHED EGG FISH FROM THE OCEAN BOTTOM.

Another sublimely ugly creature is the poached egg fish with its grotesque shape and color. Here, they say, is a specimen of fish, in the aphrodisiac, a deep sea monster. The live and let live doctrine is curiously illustrated in its case. The writer says:

"In the center a nearly naked body is the body walls. After the fish swimming must is always attached itself to the back of a fish, seized by a tentacle, and soon began to absorb the shell. The crab now moves about the ocean from place to place, but in return it is furnished with a comfortable, transportable house, which grows as it and the same rate the hermit grows, and in time an accommodating house. If the shell was not shorted the hermit would outgrow it and leave it, and the unfortunate would be obliged to remain in one place. This is a remarkable case of division of labor among the lower animals, entirely different kinds being employed for the common good. One furnishes the house for a crab with a very delicate, unprotected abdomen, while the crab returns the favor by transporting the coke from place to place, and keeping it upright.

The labors of the Albatross crew have added to our knowledge of submarine life unusually never seen before. It also proved that many fishes supposed to be extinct, and to belong only to a former age, are yet living at tremendous sea depths. Among these may be mentioned the crinoids.

New Under-Water Torpedo.

Capt. Howell, of the United States navy, has submitted to the Navy department several submarine torpedoes which have already been put upon an unoffending world. Capt. Howell's torpedo, if it is a success, will run under water, and will carry forty pounds of explosives. Twenty-four trials have been made with varying speed. The aim in view was to launch the torpedo from a vessel in motion, and to propel itself at good speed in a direct line as pointed at a consistent depth. A speed of eighteen miles an hour for 800 yards was obtained, with an extreme range of 1,000 yards. While the perfect direction has been combined with great regularity of submergence.

The torpedo is cigar-shaped, and weighs 285 pounds. The extreme length is 9 feet; diameter, 15½ inches; shell of galvanized iron, one-thirty-second of an inch in thickness. The machinery consists of a 4-fly wheel with axes transverse, geared to two screws. The submergence is effected by the relative action on the horizontal rudder of a vertical and a vertical rudder working with the depth. The device by which the torpedo is steered is, however, the most interesting. The automatic steering and diving apparatus weighs five pounds, and is placed in the forward part of the torpedo, to which the water has access. The steering apparatus is on the principle of a gyroscope, which being solicited to turn about its axis, by the action of the vertical rudder, resists the resistant axis. So the torpedo, solicited on by a tendency from the vertical rudder, of the helm, is forced to be to the right or left. As the rolling of the torpedo through the intervention of a pendulum actuates as a rudder, the torpedo is rolled back, which is equivalent to steering in a direct line. The depth at which it has to be followed by an equal opposite rudder force. This is opposed by a weight only perfect direct line.

Hints of Interest.

Dr. Albert Thompson, a young Irish physician, has been prompted with the Albert medal for researching poisons in a case of diphtheria by sucking it away.

It is predicted that, in the course of the next five years, the steel rail will have accompletely supplanted the iron rail as the steel rail is of more precious.

The Standard Oil company have a scheme to pipe natural gas from Pittsburg to Buffalo for fuel. The lack of pressure through friction in the pipes will be overcome by pumping the gas.

A peculiar accident occurred recently at South Abington, Mass. The Brockton express train, when it reached the Bridge street curve, jumped the rails, ran quite a distance on the sleepers, and then, striking a patent switch, took to the rails again in good style, without doing the slightest damage to the train, merely giving the passengers a good shaking up.

Professor Wagner publishes analyses in support of his conclusion that steamed potatoes are more nutritious than boiled ones. In the process of boiling the vegetables give up considerable portions of nutritious salts, while they also take up more water than when steamed, and become proportionately weaker

To Be Gobbled Up by the Czar.

In one of Charles Reade's novels there is an elaborate diagram of a machine for the derangement of the nervous system—an ingenious contrivance distinctly seen in operation by a gentleman incarcerated in an asylum for the insane. This gentleman was of course perfectly sane, but was in the power of a villain of wicked machinations. Every bar and lever in the infernal contrivance is depicted, and we are shown the operator at work directing its mechanism to stimulate the nerves of sight, hearing, etc., upon an odd assembly in imagining such things; but we doubt if ever any author drew a character capable of concocting a machine of more fiendish kind that now proposed by the head of Russia towards the United States.

From this circular, which fills four closely printed pages, it appears that there are regions of Siberian space not served against in the United States and Europe, in which the health and happiness of its people, in order that it may more readily be gobbled up by the czar. Not only has Russia corrupted the public press, gained over the janitors of public buildings which are to be used as fortresses, enslaved our seamen and fooled the country with a secret agency, but it has taken possession of the principles of the Queen Anne architecture. The circular says—"In the Queen Anne style of dwellings, the principle of over all is wholly ignored, and plasterers' hair is used for filling in spaces with pasteboard between the ceiling and floors above. They (Russian spies) may enter from the roof, or from the basement in or close buildings, they pretend to be other foolish, interested or insane.—Exchange.

Facts and Statistics.

The conversion of cattle-ooze at St. Louis, a short time ago, developed a number of very interesting facts and statistics. In 1850 there were 15,000,000 cattle in the country. In 1860, 36,000,000; in 1865, 46,000,000. It put in a line, twelve abreast, they would stretch twice around the earth. Their value is $1,500,000,000. To keep pace with the growing population of the country the stock of cattle must be increased 70,000,000 within twenty years, and 140,000,000 within twenty-five years. The tanneries of the country consume $5,000,000 worth of hides every year. Various remedies are suggested to reduce this low consumer beauty, the brands, shoes, saddles, and harness, on cows and all of the animal. Our exports of leather amount to $5,000,000 per year, mostly low grade stock. The imports of fine kid and calfskins exceed the value of the exports.

The Great Men of History.

Nearly all the great historic characters are remarkable for their physical vigor, for energy, or by calmness deformed. We know nothing of their peculiarities, or nothing but their prominent traits.

Shakespeare is not a great reporting. Alone the real man who lived and loved and hated and schemed we know but little.—Robert G. Ingersoll.

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Silk Handkerchiefs,
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HANDKERCHIEFS,
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KID GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
HALF HOSE.
Collars, Cuffs, Scarf Pins, Sleeve Buttons,
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Men's Serviceable Overcoats,
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MEN'S DRESS OVERCOATS $6, $9, $10, $12, $14, $15, $18.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS in large variety at prices ranging from $1.50 to $15.
All wool medicated and Underwear at $1 per garment.
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28 West Front Street,
The most complete and varied assortment that he has ever offered of Paintings, Engravings, Etchings, Photographs, Artists' Materials and Easels. Christmas Souvenirs and cards all at New York Prices. Artistic Framing in Latest Styles.

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VOEHL'S
Bread, Cake, Pies, Pastry, etc.
15 West Front Street,
Confectionery of all Kinds.
Having bought out the business of A. Warnick, will the attention of the public to the fact that I manufacture of fine Cakes, Pies, Pastry, etc.
NEW ENGLAND BREAD A SPECIALTY.
The old stand is to be conducted same, will be in charge of my son, JACOB VOEHL, Successor to A. Warnick, No. 15 West Front street Plainfield, N. J. 6-20-1m

H. S. BARNES,
CALLS SPECIAL ATTENTION
TO HIS
Carefully Selected Stock
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Holiday Goods
WHICH HE IS SELLING AT
STRICTLY
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A. G. Thorn, Prop.
Laundrying in all its branches.
Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Customers or Glens Visited.
Orders through Laundry office at E. M. Ledge's, Park Avenue, Goods called for and delivered. P. O. Box 978.

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PURE Philadelphia
ICE CREAM
Parties, Weddings and Receptions served with individual Harlequin Brick Ice Cream, Frozen Custard, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits delivered promptly, well packed in Ice.
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Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.
Stained Finish, "Decorado" Velvets, Leather Papers, Linenette Wallens,
And all the New Novelties in Decorations.
PICTURE MOULDINGS, HOOKS, ETC.,
Also a large and complete stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, and Painters' Supplies.
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Laing's Hotel Stables
would say to the public and his old-time patrons that he will now give it his personal attention.
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Perfect Fitting Living Cut
and basted, or cut and fitted. They can make their own dresses with entire success. Tailor system. Material furnished. Also paper patterns.

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Hair Goods at New York Prices. Shampooing and Theatrical work a specialty. 16 W. Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Pure Fresh Milk Delivered Daily,
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10 DUNN STREET, North Plainfield.
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania and Hanover, of New York; and Jersey City, of Jersey City. Insurance effected on dwellings and property. Premiums and dwellings at lowest rates. Money to loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Rents collected and all business promptly attended to. Prompt Returns. Also agent for North Western Life Insurance Company

The Bee Hive,
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WRITING DESKS,
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Brass and Plush Ornaments,
PAPETERIE
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls,
Toys, Dolls.
Useful Presents, Worsted Goods, Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Leggins, Nubias, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets, etc. Handkerchiefs, Silk and Linen. Silk Mufflers.

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FOR
CHRISTMAS
Presents
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SEALS
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Photographers
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CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
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Stop Skates, German, Acme, Eureka, Plain and Nickel Plated.
Examine Before Purchasing.

FREE OF COST.
Call at our store and get a Sample Bottle of KEMP'S BALSAM for the throat and lungs. This will use the standard effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50c. and $1. Respectfully K. J. SHAW, 3 East Front street.

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Mason and Builder.
Jobbing or day's work promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
P. O. Box 350. Residence Hillside avenue, near Prospect avenue.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Vol. 4, No. 181 — PLAINFIELD, N. J. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1885.—8 PAGES. — Price Two Cents

Cent-a-word Corner

WANTED—A party of three adults will rent a house of seven or eight rooms; state terms. Address "Rent," box 1,000, Plainfield, N. J.

HOUSE FOR SALE—A small, tidy and pretty cottage; rent cheap. Inquire Mrs. L. Lewis, Somerset street.

FOUND—Two valuable dogs. Owner can have same by calling at 1,000 P. O. box, pay and paying charges.

HOUSE FOR SALE or to let furnished or unfurnished, on Leland avenue, Grant Hill. Apply to Mrs. Hankinson, Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

GREAT BARGAIN—The John E. Everett property, corner of Somerset and Grant streets. Apply to E. C. Hull, Real Estate Broker.

TO LET—Store and dwelling house, No. 1,000 Park avenue, corner of Watchung avenue. Apply to Mrs. Abbott, 1,000 Park avenue.

BOARD—Rooms and board can be had for the winter at No. 1,000 Park avenue, by applying at once. Terms reasonable. Four persons wanted. Five rooms to let.

FOR SALE—Two lots on Somerset street, Plainfield. Apply to Andrew P. O. Box 630.

Legal Notices.

DIVIDEND.—First National Bank, Plainfield, December 4, 1885. The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of four (4) per cent. out of the profits of the past six months, payable on and after the 5th of January, next.

BANK ELECTION.—First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J., December 4, 1885. The annual election for seven Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1886, between the hours of one and two o'clock p. m.

C. Frank Cushier.

Special Notices.

CARD OF THANKS.—The husband of Frederick Bogue Company No. 1, of Plainfield, desires to thank the members of the company for the kindness shown to him during the illness of his wife.

HOLIDAY GOODS.—Fancy Goods, Toys, Dolls, Games, Books, Stationery, Cards, Albums, Pocket Books, Portfolios, Work Boxes, Odd Goods, Novelties, Etc., Etc., at 1,000 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

I AM REQUESTED—To call attention to the facts of impossibility of a successful competition with my prices for Boots and Shoes, and quality considered. Jules Boutes, 16 W. Front street.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.—Persons desiring to buy or sell property in Plainfield, Grant Hill, North Plainfield, Dunellen, Fanwood, Scotch Plains, Westfield, Rahway, Elizabeth, New York or Brooklyn, will find it to their interest to call on or address Wm. H. Ludlow, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Plainfield, N. J. Mr. Ludlow has been in the business for 15 years, and is thoroughly posted in the values of property in the above towns. Mr. Ludlow is also Agent for the Travelers' Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn., the largest accident insurance company in the world. Call or address Wm. H. Ludlow, Plainfield, N. J.

GOOD PRICES PAID—For old gold and silver, jewelry, coin and clothing. Also for old gold and silver, jewelry, coin and clothing. Also for old gold and silver, jewelry, coin and clothing. Also for

The Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

Is the Only Daily Paper in Plainfield.

T. W. MORRISON, PUBLISHER.

Office 7 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J.

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

New Jersey Central Division.

Stations in New York, (foot of Liberty Street. Arrangement Commencing Oct. 12, '85.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5:27, 5:43, 6:22, 7:03, 7:32, 7:52, 8:02, 8:36, 8:49, 9:32, 10:37, 11:05 a. m.; 12:01, 1:31, 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:05, 7:55, 9:40, 11:36 p. m. Sunday, 3:27, 5:01, 8:43, 10:38, 11:57 a. m.; 1:37, 3:31, 5:31, 7:05, 7:35, 9:10, 10:37 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4:00, 6:00, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:15 a. m.; 12:00, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:30, 12:00 p. m. Sunday 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, a. m.; 12:00 m.; 1:30, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 10:30, p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5:43, 6:22, 7:03, 7:32, 7:52, 8:02, 8:36, 8:49, 10:01, 11:05 a. m.; 12:01, 1:31, 2:30, 3:57, 5:30, 6:30, 7:01, 7:55, 9:40, 9:50 p. m. Sunday, 5:43, 10:33, 11:57, a. m.; 1:37, 5:31, 7:05, 9:10 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6:00, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:15 a. m.; 1:05, 1:35, 2:30, 3:35, 4:00, 4:35, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:35, 7:35, 8:15, 9:00, 10:30, 12:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, a. m.; 12:00 m.; 1:30, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 10:30, p. m.

For Passenger Rates and Tickets, change apply at Stations.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5:10, 7:14, 7:55, 9:27, 11:07, 11:58 a. m.; 2:43, 4:56, 5:35, 6:33, 7:05, 8:06, 9:55, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 5:10, 9:14 a. m.; 2:45, 6:44, 10:45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6:05, 6:30, 7:05, 7:35, 7:50, 8:15, 8:30, 10:15 a. m.; 12:20, 2:03, 3:30, 4:05, 4:35, 6:05, 8:15, 8:45 p. m. Sunday at 8:15, 11:30 a. m.; 1:00, 5:00 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5:10, 7:55, 9:27 a. m.; 2:08, 3:14, 4:56, 5:04, 6:33, 9:05, 9:17 p. m. Sunday at 5:10, 9:14 a. m.; 2:45, 6:44, 10:45 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6:10, 8:37 a. m., 12:40, 4:30, 4:45, 7:00 p. m. Sunday at 7:00 a. m.; 7:00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5:10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk.

7:55 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, White Haven, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton Upper Lehigh, Scranton, etc.

9:27 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Hackettstown, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Northern, Scranton, etc.

2:08 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, etc.

4:56 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

6:33 p. m.—For Easton, West Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9:05 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, etc.

9:17 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 5:27, 8:02, 11:08 12:28 a. m., 2:54, 5:04, 6:30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 5:30 p. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, at 1:22, 5:10,* 8:39, 10:19, 11:59 a. m., 3:44, 5:04, 7:00 p. m. Sunday at 1:31, 5:10,* 9:15 a. m. 6:30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Broad and Green Streets, 2:45, 6:45,* 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:45, 5:40, 6:45,* 12:00 p.m. Sunday at 8:30 a. m.; 5:30, 12:00 p. m.

Leave Trenton for Plainfield at 5:10, 8:34,* 9:00, 10:30, a. m.; 1:01, 2:30, 3:03, 6:05,* p. m. Sunday at 8:15 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.

Trenton, Morrisville and Tucker Streets, at 1:25, 5:21,* 9:01,* 10:08, 11:55 a. m.; 2:54, 4:22, 8:24, 7:20* p. m. Sunday at 8:30 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.

*Plainfield passengers by train marked change over Bound Brook.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

W. W. SIEARNS, Supt.
H. P. WORTHEN, Gen. Manager.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1885

TELEGRAPHIC TRAIN SIGNALS.

A Conductor Discharged and an Engineer Whipped in the Interest of Science.

In 1850 the little road was in operation between Harvard and Shiloh. The track was laid on the old Indian trail, which in many places could be seen from the train. Two years before, after much discussion and opposition, a telegraph wire had been put up along the line. Superintendent Thomas Wells, who owned a ranch a few miles out of the town, was a strong believer in the practicability of the telegraph as a facilitator of transportation, and when the line was completed in the summer of 1849, he was a passenger one day on a west-bound train over the road. The train, he was on, according to the speed time table, was to meet the east-bound train from the west at Turner's Station, forty-seven miles from New York. When Mr. Wells's train reached Turner's it discovered that the east-bound train had not arrived, and it waited there for two hours late, owing to some mishap.

Under the system of railroading then governing employes the west-bound train had to wait there until the east-bound train had passed the station. In fact the whole business then there went on at a standstill, owing to the non-arrival of the train from the east. Superintendent Wells, after the delay had continued for two hours, decided that the telegraph could be used to advantage in such a dilemma. There was a telegraph office at Turner's, and he then and there sent a message to the station agent at Port Jervis, that he desired to run the train of the day on from Turner's to Port Jervis on the time of the belated eastbound train. He ordered the agent not to let the train leave the station at Port Jervis until the train he was on arrived there. He also ordered the agent to telegraph to him how he had received the message.

The answer was satisfactory, and the superintendent went to the conductor of the train and told him to start on with his train. The conductor refused to do so, declaring that he was responsible for the safety of the passengers entrusted to his care, and he would not take the risk of the arrangement that had been made. Mr. Wells ordered the engineer to pull out. The engineer said he would not take the risk of the arrangement that had been made. The superintendent ordered the engineer to take his rail, gave him an elegant drubbing and then ordered the fast-bound himself. Reaching the train at Port Jervis, he said it was not as far as Narrowcross before he reached the train, thus saving the passengers five hours, and setting forever the question of the practicability of the application of the telegraph to trains. It is a common thing now to move as many as twenty trains in opposite directions over one division of a railroad.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PASTEUR INTERVIEWED.

WHO IS THIS MR. BERGH ANYHOW?

The Globe Correspondent Visits the French Doctor—His Name Not so Obscure—Saving the Silk Industry—Farmers' Gratitude.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Its representative has called to The Boston Globe as follows: Your correspondent visited M. Pasteur's laboratory in Paris. M. Pasteur was too busy to do more than extend a cordial greeting to the reporter, and refer him to his chief assistant, Dr. Grancher, for information in regard to the details of the treatment for rabies. These you have doubtless already been informed of by the general press dispatches. M. Pasteur's force consists of assistants regard their chief with the devotion inspired by a great leader. I was somewhat amused when M. Grancher referred me a newspaper which had been sent him containing a communication by Henry Bergh championing the cause of the Newark dogs, and describing Pasteur as "an obscure struggler, laboring under his obscurity and seeking notoriety."

"Who is this Mr. Bergh?" inquired the doctor, "and is it possible that such ignorance concerning M. Pasteur exists in America?"

I answered the offended gentleman that while the American people might not know Pasteur as the originator of vaccination ideas, they would hardly regard him as a safe guide in scientific matters. The assurance somewhat appeased the doctor's wrath, and he continued: "I received much, he replied, "but still, we who have so long known M. Pasteur as one of the benefactors of the race, and as one of the leading scientists of the age, are surprised to find that many people seem to hear of him now for the first time. I suppose it is because he has turned his attention to a subject which appeals more directly to the common people. Unfortunately few persons are afflicted by hydrophobia, yet in proving that even this horrible danger can be averted he unequal are to revealed the secret of the cure for many diseases which have won a wider reputation than by all the previous and far more important applications of the profound principle elucidated by him."

"To what principle do you refer?" inquired the reporter.

"To inoculation, commonly so called," responded the doctor. "Pasteur objects to the word 'inoculation,' because it has been limited to certain things. It was really by inoculation of silkworms that Pasteur saved the silk industry of France. The disease was threatened, 3 years ago, I have heard M. Pasteur assert, that Pasteur's service in this matter alone saved enough wealth to France to enable her to pay the five milliards of war indemnity to Germany in such an incredibly short time. It was the opinion of that great scholarship that by this prompt reward to the scientist France saved herself a crushing domination over us, and our defeat was protected of half its sting. This, I mention, is a fact in his favor, he says with enthusiasm, "this is the man that you Mr. Bergh says is 'wanting under his obscurity.' Why, eleven years ago our government appointed Pasteur to study the disease, and the French people for his distinguished services to mankind."

"In what other way has the inoculation principle been applied?" asked the reporter.

"Using the word in its widest sense," replied the doctor, "it is applicable to the treatment of virus, by which the ravages of the pig cholera have been checked, and the diseases of France saved annually to our wine producers. At one time this industry seemed likely to die out. It was largely through Pasteur's discovery that such a catastrophe was prevented. "By the way," interjected the doctor, "look at this document." He handed the correspondent a long roll of manuscript. It was an address to M. Pasteur, signed by several thousand of the farmers of France, thanking him for the preservation of his method of cure for the ravages of the malignant disease which a few years ago decimated the flocks and sadly depleted the income of the sheep raisers.

"Do you remember the case-one who which Dr. Perron treated the cholera patients during the terrible epidemic in Spain?" continued M. Pasteur. "Perron openly ascribed to Pasteur the origination of the principle of vaccination, which he was putting into practice. I could go on for an hour, but I have already said enough to explain why we, his disciples, regard the question of hydrophobia as one of his least achievements."

As I took my leave, after an interesting conversation upon M. Pasteur's methods, the doctor suggested that the Globe reporter ought to know more about Pasteur, for the first public recognition of his services in this country came from a prize established in the Globe's own city, Boston. This was three years ago. If Pasteur had visited Boston under the auspices of the Globe, he would have been the guest of the Globe's editor-in-chief, and by it most have been before that time," and the doctor laughed heartily as he bade me adieu.

A Telegraph Decision.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 31.—Judge Fisher, in the circuit court, delivered an opinion in the case of Day versus the Postal Telegraph and Cable company, in favor of the latter. The Telegraph company, of Baltimore city for the purpose of the use of the Western Union Telegraph company, of Baltimore city for the use of its wires and poles, and

A CLASS OF WORKERS.

DESCRIPTIONS OF PRIVATE NEWSGATHERS IN THE CAPITAL.

How Another Information and Not Private Individuals—A Matter for this Kind of Talent—Sharp Practice.

[Boston Cor. Boston Traveler.]

The class of writers in Washington, known as private newsgatherers and yclept by the calling, while some times suspected, is never known for an absolute certainty. One can go through the department from day to day, and gather information of various kinds and sell it to whoever will purchase it. Take class does not include the men who are perambulating Hiring by soliciting outside information for the purpose of disposing of it to the newspaper correspondents for a pecuniary consideration, but is a distinct set, whose interests are antagonistic to the correspondents. They sell information to for the private and not for the public use. Nearly every day a man with a heavy grey beard, usually dressed with extreme neatness, even approaching to elegance, comes down street and enters the department. He is universally known, but there is probably not one man in 100 in Washington who knows his business.

GAINING INSIDE INFORMATION.

He is suave, polite, and genial, but he permits no one to penetrate the sacred circle to gain his confidence. Some people look upon him with suspicion, but persuasive. He is every body's gentleman. His business is collecting information. He has various methods of securing documents. He is methodical and in good style, a fact which shows that his affairs are profitable. He never goes, and it is said that he has become quite wealthy. At any rate, he keeps a good deal of money in Washington and some of it is invested in real estate. Others look out for the interests of the people, and a few of the luminaries of this nation do their work for the public good, but they are in the minority. The great majority look after their own interests, and they work hard for the money they get. They are always on the alert for information, and they watch the departments with a sharp eye. The writer describes one of this class who has been in the habit of living at the rate of $10,000 a year at the least calculation. He has been in business in this city for the past ten years, and has made a fortune by these people. Anything affecting the interest of the people is a matter from which he can make money. He is always on the alert for such information, and they watch him as he has watched others. The writer knows of one case where he knew of a bill before Congress. The matter stood in such a shape that he thought it would be for his interest to keep it from coming to a vote. He therefore went to work and worked against the bill, which would be disastrous to his employers. This is a contract for this kind of work, and it is certainly profitable. It is one of the many ways employed by this class of men to secure money. Another method is a matter from which he can make money. He is always on the alert for such information. The writer knows of one case where he knew before hand the report

RM AND GARDEN

days begin to lengthen, could begins to elongthen.
—[Old New.

A New Chemistis.

much to be said in this column the strictly utilitarian that there ion for thing; whose justifica- is their beauty. It is useful ies, you now are sure of that. beautiful in the imperfect could not be made the most of

Electricity Has Its Dangers.

days ago a heated lamp chimney York elevated railway car snapped pieces or more, which fell upon Fortunately there was but little range of them, and no Not many months ago, chib's ladies' waterproof, ed to a white heat- as a pen, fell upon the a lady guest who was electric light. Then Sunday, in Berlin. This the first public demonstra- Siemens, Dr. Johr Jamin Gerlach (Capital, although ly 31 twenty-five thou- Tuesday, Tuesday, of age, is described as a man in his own words he is fellow) moved to hard- child. I can be twenty-four without food, and then sing with all strength."

An Unfortunate Man.

[Duxbury Chronicle-Telegraph.]

Rhinitis Dr Wiggs, I don't see why you could go and engage your self to that old rhinoceros. Why, she hasn't a tooth in his head," exclaimed Miss Wiggs' dearest friend when she heard of the engagement.

"Well, dear," was the reply, "you mustn't be too hard on him as that screwed, for he was born that way."

"Was he? I didn't know that, or I wouldn't have said anything about it," was the sympathetic response.

Unique Presidential Chairs.

[Exchange.]

Old Seth Kinman, the famous California hunter, who presented unique chairs to Presidents Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson and Grant, will next week present President Cleveland in a similar manner. The chair is made of chamois, and is curiously and elaborately constructed.

Spelled by Education.

[Robert G. Ingersoll.]

You have no idea how many men are spelled by what is called education. One of the most part colleges are places where part fits are polished and diamonds are dimmed. If Shakespeare had graduated at Oxford, he might have been a spellbinding schoolmaster or a hypocritical parson.

Fattening Bears for Market.

A man in Nicholas county, West Virginia, has seven wild bears in a pen and is fattening them for market. One of them already weighs five pounds.

As to potato rot, from which the crop has suffered so severely this fall, the cause of that, too, is something "no fellow can find out," as yet. Some say it is owing to the cold; very eminent writers find the potatoes in which the soil has been too powerfully enriched with fresh stable manure take to rotting. There are those who claim that it is a sort of vegetable parasite, which is produced by the growth upon the tuber of a fungus. This much is certain: it will pass away in course of time or cease to destroy the crop, as the potato beetle, the Hessian fly, grasshopper and so the pest blight is commencing to do.

Last of all, hog cholera, concerning which there is absolutely nothing new, and for which there is no known remedy. When one stops to think of it he is astonished at how much there is that people don't know. Here are a few questions on the subject. Answer them to yourself, and we shall certainly tell you.

Hoistein Cattle.

A farmer should know all sides and all opinions! A writer in Our Country Home says:

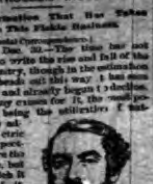
The writer has known something about Holsteins for at least a dozen years in a well-nigh distinctively dairy locality. In which farmers are compelled to breed for the production of wonderful cows. The Holsteins were introduced under favorable auspices and were tried as a dairy breed under average management in a hilly, rocky, stony dairy farming section, by farmers who wished grades could get them without cost, and even thoroughbreds appreciated in estimation until they were thought a cheap gift. Many of the original importations are remembered. The cattle were found to be great eaters, raw-boned and difficult to fatten. The cows were large milkers, but the milk was thin and poor in quality that native stock kept them, out of sight as butter makers, both in quantity and quality; even farmers who skimped their cows in the city got a better article. It discredited the cattle. That is the plain, unvarnished truth as it relates to the Holsteins in our vicinity. I have no grudge against any breed of cattle. But I think the new sensation will give us a better practical dairy animal in this class than we have known heretofore, or known to know now. We have seen a great deal of better stock in fine grounds, and it requires about forty pounds of milk to make a pound of butter. Other breeds and their grades do nearly twice as much, and the Holstein-Friesians are breeding private dairy experience, to our certain knowledge. We wish the Holstein-Friesians no harm; on the contrary, we hope they will come up to their claims, and we think they will. We shall watch their work with interest for several years' breeding for them to catch up to our common stock.

Fruit Orchards.

Fruit orchards should receive a generous top dressing at least once in every two years. Moderate applications of lime and gypsum once or twice a season are always beneficial. Ashes and other phosphates are useful if turned beneath the surface; also Peruvian guano, if slightly covered, late in the fall, so as to become thoroughly divided by the spring rains. Coarse manure should not be used in contact with the roots of young trees, but chip-dust, fish, fresh and not decomposed, dry animal matter, pine tree tops, bark, hair and old plaster, and all like articles, are good for growing trees. Pear trees that have not borne fruit for twenty years or more, may be induced to fruit freely by yarding two shoats beneath the trees in August and September, in an inclosure a rod square, having the trees in the middle of the yard. The whole yard below were made with a crowbar, into which kernels of corn were dropped, and the whole yard was rooted over and over to the depth of eight or ten inches, and many of the roots were torn up. The next season every branch was filled with plump, luscious fruit, and for many years the trees continued to yield bountiful crops.

Mart.

Professor Kedney, chemist of the Michigan Agricultural college, has published an interesting bulletin on this topic. He says when at the bottom of muck beds and shallow ponds, a white or yellowish white substance is found. Provided that a specimen of sight or less, of lime and magnesia, and in proportion as these are large in quantity it is will be its value as a fertilizer. It is different from the ordinary marl, and is of equally fine effervescence, then it is composed largely of these constituents; if not, not so much. The analysis of a specimen of marl from 1884, under the name of the Rock Oil company, to gather this oil and subject to refining it and coupled with the coal oil, which had then become an important industry. The company did not prosper, and the property fell into the hands of Mr. Rowe, one of the owners of the Standard Oil company, which soon Old Drake, an old railroad conductor, out to examine the property and report. The latter is said to have reported favorably, and the company was reorganized with Drake as president. Drake's fortune was made. He was a lucky man. In 1859, the year of the first well, and on Aug. 28 1859, the first artesian well, and on Aug. 28 1859, after boring sixty-nine feet, struck a flow of the distinctive product, petroleum or coal oil. During the progress of the boring he was troubled with



COL. E. L. DRAKE.

rocks which he could not penetrate with his tools, and which he could not remove. This was at length overcome by driving a pipe through which the drill worked. This sort of thing is now done every day, but it was a new thing in 1859, and Drake was in fairyland. His fortune was secured and the power of refining them secured from the start has continued ever since. Property the possession had been sold in tracts of one hundred acres was now sold by the square foot. Drake's name is forgotten in the oil region, and the same property is in the market "for a song."

The extent of the trading done in this city may be judged from the appearance of the streets on Saturday, when the business in transacted. There are many handsome buildings elsewhere devoted to the oil trade, but in which the business is carried on. The most notable of these are at Bradford, Titusville and Oil City. The New York Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange has its office at Bradford. The exchange has a membership of 1,000, and in this year of 40,000,000,000 barrels. There are so many clerks in this region that here goes up and down the street a perpetual rocket, and which hardly is considered risky business to invest one-cent cash because he is as a reliable investment as the insurance which building devoted to the business were

THE STANDARD OIL BUILDING.

The stained hill of Pithole City illustrates the point. In January, 1865, it had a population of 15,000 souls, was gathered there, forty wells were pumping 3,000 barrels a day, and everything ever connected with the oil business was in full blast. With these people came banks, hotels, churches, school houses and the inevitable saloons. During the fall of that year its population began to decrease, and in 1866 it was a deserted village. Other towns in Pennsylvania outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Within one year its richest showed signs of giving out and its people, like those of Pithole, left it. Titusville is a deserted settlement, and to-day one can scarce find a building of any kind to mark its site.

The accompanying map shows at a glance the line of pipes through which oil is pumped through from the wells in the oil region to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Buffalo and Cleveland. These pipes are owned by the United Pipe Lines, a corporation controlled by the National Transit Company, a corporation of which the Standard Oil company is the principal stockholder. This method of transporting oil in bulk is carried to the extent that in many of the principal cities connected with the oil region by pipe lines no field is required, as the oil is delivered over having been held in a barrel in New York city and neighborhood is a common thing for consumers to have their oil delivered in consuming houses drawn through the streets from which the consumers buys the oil. This tank has been filled from the pipes, and the oil has been forced them through pipes direct from the wells. This plan it should to be carried out in Liverpool and other foreign ports. Ocean steamers are being built with tanks in Ocean of tanks, into which the refined oil is pumped and emptied into tanks on the other side of the ocean. From these pipe lines the oil is distributed to the consumers in the country, thus bringing the labor and in the handling of this product down to the minimum.

MAP OF PIPE LINES.

Those who reason why the oil business may be said to have reached its highest development as to supply, transportation and cost. Every thing from this forward will be in quantity and less labor. And this fact has received further impetus by the application of natural gas for illuminating purposes. This gas is given away with the handling of coal and ashes, so that to all the benefits derived in the way of cheap oil must be added the value of another value to the duties of the engineer.

Now the old gusty departed from the oil fields. Where once it was all smoke and smoke, and great columns of inflammable gas shot skyward and illuminated the heavens, while the oil leaped flowing on in a larger stream than ever.

A. J. BOTSWELL.

Senator Hoar's Successor.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—John W. Daniel who will take Gen. Mahone's seat in the senate, arrived here on the 4th of March. He is but 44 years of age, a native of Lynchburg, Va. He is not known, of West Virginia, is only 37 years old. Strange that the two youngest men in the senate should all come from "old Virginia." It is the youngest member of the state bodies upon Mr. Daniel's own words to a friend, Patrick Henry. He JOHN W. DANIEL. delivered the oration at the dedication of the Washington monument, and he was chosen to do this on account of his eloquence. Senator Daniel served three years in the Confederate army, rising to the rank of major. He was wounded in the leg and spine at the battle of the Wilderness. He walks lame and with the assistance of a stout cane. Personally, this senator is a very handsome man. He is six feet two inches in height, and is finely proportioned. He has a fine head, with a profusion of dark hair, which he suffers to grow rather long. He has a heavy mustache, and his eyes are dark and piercing. He is a magnificent specimen of physical manhood. He is a fine speaker of great power and magnetism. He is a very able lawyer, and has a large practice. He is a man of wealth, and owns a fine residence in Lynchburg. He is a democrat of the Virginia school, and is opposed to the civil service reform. He is a strong protectionist, and will be found voting with the democrats on the tariff question. He is a man of fine social qualities, and will be a favorite in the senate. He is a man of great energy of character, and will be a hard worker. He is a man of fine personal appearance, and will be a handsome addition to the senate. He is a man of great energy of character, and will be a hard worker. He is a man of fine personal appearance, and will be a handsome addition to the senate.

JOHN W. DANIEL.

THE GREAT DESTROYER.

HOW THE VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES DIED.

The Deaths and Funerals of George Clinton and Elbridge Gerry Many Years Ago—William R. King's Death —Henry Wilson.

["Clarp" in Cleveland Leader.]

The first vice presidential death was that of George Clinton, in office place here at Washington, and his death was the first occasion of the great destroyer's entering the list with the vice presidents. He had been the vice president for nearly eight years, serving once here under Madison and once under Thomas Jefferson.

Beginning life as a sailor in a privateer, he had risen to the highest ground of the revolution, a member of the provincial congress, and for eighteen years governor of New York. He died here in Washington on the 20th and was buried here in the Congressional cemetery on the 31st of November. In 1812 such a thing as burying a corpse for weeks was unknown in the country, and both Mr. and Mrs. Clinton were buried the next day after their death.

The time Clinton died Washington city contained under 10,000 people, and the funeral could not have been a very grand one. The body was taken on its way to the grave from the city to the capitol, and here it remained in state while the usual funeral ceremonies were performed. A company of militia preceded the hearse, and the eight pall-bearers who carried the coffin from the house to the grave were all soldiers of the revolution. The militia were all assembled in a body, and on their return to the capitol they received that the vice president's death is to be announced in the senate by the chancellor in his capacity during the session of congress then assembled, and that each senator should wear mourning in the shape of a band of crape on the arm for thirty days.

THE SECOND GERRY.

The second vice presidential death occurred two years later, and Madison's administration was then in power. The death of Elbridge Gerry, vice president, dying during its continuance. Mr. Gerry had presided over the senate on the day of his death, and had breakfasted at Mrs. Wheaton's boarding-house that morning as usual, appearing in good health. He was taken ill soon after and fell, but had a slight opposition of the chest. After breakfast he proceeded to do some business at the office of the secretary of state. He then returned to his room, and began to feel more unwell. He was then advised to go to bed, but refused, and took a carriage to return. When the carriage arrived at his lodgings he was found to be insensible, and on being taken from it he expired without a struggle or groan. This was at 5 o'clock in the morning. The senate at once adjourned, but the house continued its session, though it adjourned for the funeral next day. Mr. Gerry was buried from the house, and from the Intelligencer of that date I see that the Rev. Obediah Brown pronounced the funeral service. Gerry was buried like Clinton in the congressional burying ground, though in his day he was one of the greatest men, not a dozen statesmen in this Capital city have seen his monument or know that he is here. He was a graduate of Harvard college, a delegate to the continental congress—a signer of the Declaration and one of the makers of our constitution, though the latter he opposed in the state of several times in congress, once governor of Massachusetts, and also minister to France, before he was elected vice president, and the whole career had been a most stirring one.

During his early days in congress he narrowly escaped from the British by hiding in a corn-field, and a body of soldiers came to the house where he was staying and were searching for him. He was the first to inaugurate as governor of Massachusetts the system of gerrymandering, or redistricting a state's congressional district for political purposes, and it is from Elbridge Gerry that the term "gerrymandering" comes.

VICE PRESIDENT KING.

Vice President King did not die in Cuba, as some papers state. He was in Cuba for his health at the time of his death, and had left the island for the senate some time before on account of ill-health. He had consumption, and at the time he was sworn in before a notary in Cuba he was very low, and had to be carried upon and upon to take the oath. He was too feeble to stand alone at the time, and had to be supported by friends. He called for American and gave water during the voyage. When he landed in Alabama it was evident that he would not get to Washington. He died the day after he landed. The departments were not closed here in honor of his death, and he did not have a public funeral. He was the first senator, having served for more than ten years as president pro tem. of the senate, to be elected vice president. Like Hendricks, he had been a member of a constitutional convention of his state, and he was elected to the senate in the same year. In the year in which Vice president Hendricks was born. He was for thirty years a United States senator, and had twenty-four years of uninterrupted service in the senate. In addition he served five years in the lower house, and two years as minister to France. He was six feet tall, and very erect. He was a splendid talker, and probably the most remarkable man of his latter days.

MICKY WILSON'S LAST SCENE.

The last vice presidential death before that of Hendricks was the death of Vice President Wilson, who died in Washington just about ten years ago. He had been sick for some time, and at New York had undergone a surgical operation in which his spine was severed. Returning to Washington after the operation he judiciously took a warm bath and died of hemorrhage from the wound. He was the most remarkable man of his latter days.

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HENRY WILSON.

Lieutenant-Governor Ellen Men.

[Boston Herald.]

There is no class in the country so narrow-minded and so selfish as rich men. They imagine that the world revolves for their benefit, and that the whole object of human existence and of state government ought to be to enable them to retain what they have and to obtain what they have not. To worship the golden calf of wealth is their religion. But what is to be expected of a country in which the legislature is composed almost exclusively of golden calves?

New York Telegram.

Throughout Paul Morphy's entire chess career he never received any remuneration for his services nor accepted a stake after he had won it.

WHO KNOWS WHY IT IS?

Who Grew in Everything Except Mental Grasp and Social Understanding.

In the box circles of the opera house are men of money, men of influence, men of social worth. There are also men of both to be found with the forward of their kind. Men of their families, ministered in their two-decades, harsh, cruel and contemptible, but they believe in public just as well as the upright and honest. They are all rich in common. The figuration would run theirs far up toward the billion if accurately measured so that the little difference are chiefly between millionaires who have had a million for years, but the women and the young members of these families are those in whom the contrasts are marked and the differences pronounced.

Why it is I don't know, but there are instances within the last of every one who reads these lines where men and women have started low but higher together, poor together. Together they have striven, worked, saved, grown in everything, but mental grasp and social understanding. Mental development in a hundred the rich men and the rich women attract attention by the grandeur of the vices. Many will be found in a theatre the Monte Cristo night, and in a theatre the Monte Cristo night, and in a theatre the Monte Cristo night. Why, why is it? Is it because the women don't read, doesn't study? doesn't have the attentions of life that do not attach toward something else? Is it that the husband is a fool, or is it that he is a fool? Is it that he is a fool? Is it that he is a fool?

STREETS OF NEW YORK.

WHAT THEY ARE LIKE BEFORE AND DURING THE HOLIDAYS

The Street Venders and Their Wares. Their Stereotyped Cries. Their Encounters—Dangers of the Streets.

The Big, Big Basket.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The holidays in New York come with blare and blazonry. The decorating works are noisy and overbearing. Santa Claus drives early, unloads his pack in temporary booths on the street and his agents begin the par-splitting and the tearing-off their merchandise on the hapless public.

The city and suburbs are in operation for into the night. Every saloon, every dance-house and theatre owner's pocket-cave, if possible, does more business than in daylight. The crowd surges and struggles and tramples without discipline. Everybody goes mad. Then everybody goes broke and stays so more until daylight, when the whole thing is repeated, and so on until after the New Year has begun quite as every-day affair. Then, with only the silence of the Arabs, but with many a loud and angry word, the crowd veers, folds their tents and steals away for a long time.

By that time, Sir [illegible] at hand, Christmas and New [illegible] will be but memories, [illegible] exist-ence will have taken [illegible]

MAY MILTON.

LOVE IS ETERNAL.

[Original]

Love is eternal, so the strong souls say,
But seeing how hard life doth give the lie
Unto the mighty words, with moan or sigh,
The weaker ones are tempted [illegible]
[illegible]
Holding with faithful grasp the [illegible]
It can not shake the [illegible]
And in the heart of man abide always.

Not every heart is great enough to hold
A great immortal [illegible]. Love hath fled
Always from [illegible] weak and cold.
Know, when by sordid [illegible] hear it said
That Love is traitor; that the truth is told
Not of dear love, but of that soul tainted.

CARLOTTA PERRY.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 20.

THE DISTINGUISHED DEAD.

Some of the Eminent Who Died in 1884.

Eighteen eighty-five has [illegible] Many of [illegible] Death. His arrows have [illegible] unusually large number of shining marks. Many brave gems over to the silent majority from places of distinction, from useful lives, from fame and distinction. The list is largely made up of men and women who had passed beyond the corner of the half century. Yet but few of them were really aged.

First in importance comes General Grant. A year ago on Christmas the public learned for the first time that he was ailing. In the following June he passed away, having lived 63 years.

In May another great mind disappeared. That was Victor Hugo, who died in Paris, aged 83.

Vice-President Hendricks, in his sixties, left us but recently.

Ex-Senators Ferry, Paddock, Sharon and Toombs all departed for the land we name Eternity.

They say that he is pleased to call "Great Scott," to whom Grant's memoirs are due, died in Mentone, in May, aged 53.

Richard Grant White, eminent in magazine literature, died in New York, in April, aged 69.

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Bayard Taylor, author of the "Wide, Wide World," "Quechy," and other books, died at Highland Falls, in March. She, too, was the last half of the century.

Queen Kapiolani, of Sandwich Islands, aged 59, was one of Death's victims.

The mother of General Grant died in Jersey City in May.

King Alfonso, of Spain, was the youngest of the long list of the year's distinguished dead.

F. J. Fargus (Hugh Conway) was the next youngest. He was only 37.

General Gordon is believed to be among the dead.

Horace Clafin, one of New York's best known philanthropists, is among the number of the absent.

Senator Frelinghuysen, ex-Governor H. Grata Brown, famous as the candidate for vice-president on the Greeley ticket; Cardinal McCloskey, Dr. Stephen H. Tyng, Dr. I. Peire, Dr. Henry Ward Beecher, Prince Monidikoff, Dr. Nachtigal, African explorer; Franz Abt, the composer; William Page, artist; Alphonse de Neuville, painter of military pictures; Generals McClellan, McDowell, Sherman, Sheridan and Hancock are among the distinguished military dead. Schuyler Colfax, too, has gone, and John McCullough has left the stage of life forever, aged 52.

Henry W. Shaw (Josh Billings) will make no lecturing tours in the year 1885.

William H. Vanderbilt, the richest man in the world, was suddenly called from his material possessions to a world where dollars are unknown.

Helen Hunt Jackson will never charm us with her poetic pen again.

Dr. Josiah Gibbs, Elisha Mercan Harper, and Dr. John C. Draper are no more.

Perhaps the saddest story of all is that in the death of Jennie [illegible] the lovely and charming 21 girl in California, who died, old and poor, at Kelsey, Cal., on the 20th of August.

Mr. Beecher, in a recent sermon on death, says: It does not seem fair by which they could calculate with certainty on long life there ought to be some excuse for the young in the midst of their days to be cut off. The thought of death from their minds, saying, "It will be time enough by and by." But we do not die by general resolution. We are taken, as every side, and in the midst of life. Literally, we are in death. Not in full healthy pulse, in full possession of their faculties, cover up with gayety and pleasure, as for an unexpected hour, and before they can speak—they have gone.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

OLD-TIME CALLING IN NEW YORK CITY ILLUSTRATED.

How It Was Done in Three Different Generations—An Old French Custom, Begun in 1497—New St Is Dead.

[Copyrighted.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—In the year of our Lord 1626, Manhattan island, on which the whole of New York city now stands, was bought from the Indians for $24. Immediately after the purchase Peter Minuit, governor of New Netherlands, and his council established a city government, called on the president, and congratulated him on the success of his bargain. Then they went over to Amsterdam, in the old country, and spent nearly a year in telling all their friends, thirty-four of whom had also taken land and made fish and hickory timbers. They were sure of getting their money back, therefore they were glad to see Peter. They went home in 1627, there was an old Dutch municipal custom established their first New Year's day. They called at the houses of the citizens on the first day of New Year's, and in the afternoon and evening of the 2d. Each one of their fellow-councilmen had his day, and they called on him in the same manner. Then, with many a bold and angry word, they went to their ships and sailed away for a long time.

By that time, Sir [illegible] at hand, Christmas and New [illegible] will be but memories, [illegible] exist-ence will have taken [illegible]

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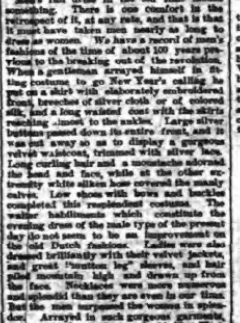
NEW YEAR'S DAY IN NEW YORK, 1690.

It is one merry New York, however, to be praised! At least, wherever it comes from, it is not English, and for that we are duly thankful. Perhaps, come to think, that is the very reason the good old fashion of calling has fallen into disuse so much of late.

The illustration shows New York's calling as it was in New Amsterdam (New York) in 1690. The costume of the young lady and the aged Dutchmen are very quaint and picturesque.

In this society the first day of the year was more of a holiday than Christmas itself. It was so still as a New Sunday. Sunday in the streets till afternoon. Then New Amsterdam shook herself and [illegible]

Most's full dress in the old time meant something. There is one comfort in the retrospect of it, at any rate, and that is that it must long ago have been nearly as long to dress as women. We have a record of men's fashions of the time of about 100 years previous to the breaking out of the revolution. Then a gentleman arrayed himself in fitting costume to go New Year's calling: he put on a shirt with elaborately embroidered bosom, a waistcoat of flowered velvet, a coat of silk, and a long waisted coat with the skirts reaching almost to the ankles. Large silver buttons gamed down its entire front, and it was open so as to display a gorgeous velvet waistcoat, trimmed with silver lace. Long curling hair and a moustache adorned the front part of his face, while the other extremity white silken hose covered the sturdy calves. Low shoes with bows and buckles completed this resplendent costume. The waists' habiliments of the stylish dressing dress of the male type of the present day do not seem to be an improvement on the old Dutch fashions. Ladies were also dressed brilliantly with their velvet jackets and great "mutton leg" sleeves, and their gilded mountain high and drawn up from the face. Nicholas Knickerbocker was resplendent that they are even in our time. But the man surpassed the women in splendor. Arrayed in such gorgeous garments, about noon the good old New York gentleman called his beauty, yet rich, and sherry cobbler of the time, and rolled in state from house to house. Those who had no carriages walked, and all ended in a big dinner. This was peculiar to New York alone, of all the old colonies. From that city it spread in more modern times all over America.



NEW YEAR'S DAY, 1776.

Thursday was observed as a day of fasting and humiliation, save only a single break, to be mentioned later. When Washington was president he received New York's calls, 1st at Fraunces' tavern, and 2d at his own house.

But President Washington received calls in New York, for that was the capital of the nation then. The custom of calling on the president on New Year's day went with the capital to Washington, along with the capital.

It was a Dutch novelty to Washington. We have a picturesque account of the receptions of 1790. That was the year relative to the [illegible] of the capital.

The president himself went much into society, and there are charming pictures of him in his glory, while he was in the mood for it. He was not always in the mood, by any means, but he was human.

It was etiquette then for a president to ship about freely among the citizens, just as he pleased, and just as though he was made of flesh and blood like them. Washington could walk, driving, or on horseback with a friend, go to balls and parties and do anything in short in a social way, however informal, but presidents nowadays can't. Neither is that an improvement on the old time. On one occasion we find that "G. W." dined with Chief Justice Jay, and that his journal says: "After which went with Mrs. Washington to the [illegible] meeting. We remained there till 10 o'clock." Funny it! Coming home from a ball at 10 o'clock—just the hour when modern New York is going to bed. Then, it is to be hoped, the sherry and, also, one must be permitted to say that the general fashion is not an improvement on that old one.

New Year's day, 1790, between 11 and 3 o'clock, the vice-president, the governor, members of both houses of congress and of foreign legations, and the [illegible] and council of the city, called on the president.

Later in the day large numbers of ladies and gentlemen called to see Mrs. Washington. Friday was a day of rest, and the old New Year fell on that date. Evening found some of the guests still there. There were assorted, and refreshments were served them. Saturday evening the [illegible] would have been composed of bolder and other adults, champagne and the most expensive drinks known. The President was [illegible] to have had two wines to dine, and two kinds of cake. Washington was in good spirits, fond of fun, and fond of [illegible] and may, for aught we know, have been to a New Yorker near him, "in the payday visits on New Year's day merely a casual observance or is it one of the regular usages of your city?"

The New Yorker replied that it was the steady thing and had been ever since the first year. Then the president observed in his [illegible] Christian Government:

"The highly favored situation of New York will, in the progress of years, subject numerous families, who will be induced to remove to it from motives of business, pleasure or curiosity, and consequently but whatever changes take place, never forget the cordial and cheerful observance of New Year's day."

Hence George's injunction was obeyed will be seen from the pictures. New Yorker's calling of 1690 and of the former set. All there is left of it is [illegible] hasket, but on the outer vestibule door, which is outside the [illegible] the caller sends a message there with his card, the [illegible] drops it into the [illegible] and the call is accomplished. He may go in person, but he only leaves his card. He may send his card by a messenger

WOMAN AND HOME.

A SHOP-GIRL'S PROTEST AGAINST RUDE MANNERS OF CUSTOMERS.

One Trick of Old People—Care of the Bed-Chamber—Ethics of Women's Rest—Girls in Training—Infant Life—Notes and Items.

A lady with heightened color and angry eyes swept into the private office of the proprietor of a big retail store on Fourteenth street the other day, with the complaint that one of the young people in the store had been rude to her. The merchant smiled wearily, and, promising to inquire into the matter, bowed the lady out.

"Now, there's a case in point," said the merchant to an inquiring visitor.

"It may throw some light upon the subject of young errand—the insolence of clerks," Mrs. Joker—you perhaps—that Miss Black to come up."

Presently a well-appearing but tired-looking sales-girl came into the private office, with tears in her eyes. She began:

"Well, Miss Black"—and his voice was like the cold gray day out of doors—"what is this complaint I hear about you?"

"Mrs. Bender has been in the washing; auburn hair?" asked the girl in a slow, even voice.

The merchant nodded.

"She was rude to me," continued the girl. "Insulting, I should say. She has an idea that shop girls are slaves. She and I are old friends. We worked at the same counter for two years before she married Bender, the builder."

"That will do, Miss Black; I am satisfied. There, you see," he continued when the girl had gone, "that Mrs. Bender has no idea that one can not bring herself to business and be a machine incapable of feeling, nor can the customer leave the impression of social distinction in her dealings outside. America is a free country, and laboring is honorable," says the clerk; and if there is obedience and subordination in the store, both are right, and both are wrong. We never shall come to that point where customers are kind and reasonable and clerks invariably polite and attentive. Human nature is human before it can be done. I have tried all sorts of ways for improving my counter we could with very little success. Discharge wouldn't do; there were a failure, and standards defeated the very object in view."

"Did you ever try kindness?" was suggested.

"Once. Of course, I got a better grade of clerks and better service, but it cut into my profits so materially that I had to give it up. I had a young girl who was very kind to my wife; and my customers left me and went to cheaper places. Competition keeps prices low. I do the best I can. I'm not here to educate clerks in the elementals of mankind, but to make money."

The young woman whose attendance had been complained of by the lady in sealskin took a chair at the end of the counter when questioned about rude manners in clerks. "If lady customers would treat clerks as human beings," said she, "there would be no trouble at all. Why a lady should fix in an overbearing and domineering manner toward shop girls it stores is more than I can explain. She doesn't treat her own servants in that way. Mrs. Loftus has a special position, I have none. Is that any reason why she should look upon me with contempt across the counter? There is a great deal of that in it, I think; but I don't know for that. I have other things to think of. Mrs. Loftus and her carriage are nothing to me. She is simply a customer, and I am trying to sell certain goods. It's a plain business transaction with no social sentiment about it."

"Why don't we conduct the transaction from a purely business standpoint, as men do? Mrs. Loftus is not satisfied to bring her carriage up to the door; she must needs bring it inside and set it up, footman, fog dog and all, in my counter. I am so situated that she gives this special chaos material form, and spreads it out between us. She brings lonely into the store with her, and literally sets them down on the counter. I appeal for an invitation to her 5 o'clock tea. I treat her from a business standpoint, neither cringing nor bending, and she, short-sighted creature, thinks that I mean to be impertinent. That's all there is to it. Women are so unreasonable. A man goes into a store, tells his purchases from a male clerk, and he out with his money. There is of course no difference between him and the clerk. Such a thing never enters his head. He treats the clerk politely, and the clerk does his best to get what is wanted in the shortest possible time. The clerk tries to keep the man's custom, so that the man to the store may be satisfied. If women could be more like men in their business dealings there would be small room for complaint on the part of either clerks or customers."—New York Mail and Express.

The Diet of Old People.

"Have fast that oft with gods doth diet" should be the motto of old people, who eat much more frequently than it does, since, as an unfortunate rule, they are very abstemious eaters. We say as an unfortunate rule, because the habits of the aged should indeed eat sparingly and very slowly in order to insure perfect mastication and digestion, should really eat quite often, certainly now in every three or four hours of each day.

One of the bad habits of the old is the debasing of too great quantities of tea and coffee, which seems to persist as a desire for food that can afford more nourishment. Coffee, if they are able to take it at all, is much better for them than tea, as it prevents waste with tissues to a greater extent, and is more satisfying. They do not really need much meat, but in its place milk and soft boiled eggs will serve admirably, and a pint or more of rich cream daily is desirable. Milk is the most valuable food agent for giving the old alike, wherever it can be digested.

To those that are quite aged a cup of coffee and a slice of toast should be brought before they have their beds in the morning; they should have a little fire to cheer the sight of the fireplace, part of which may be to advantage a weak milk punch; they should eat their heartiest dish in the middle of the day, and if they are much exhausted by a little sherry and water, or a couple of cups of whisky and water, it will be well for them, speaking physiologically, for the alcohol is a potent stimulant to the failing vitality of the old, but a good deal being just as injurious as a benefit. A cup of milk at the last afternoon prevents waking, and although there should then be a light repast at the supper hour, and before going to bed some food again to occupy the attention of the stomach, and break up the long interval hours of the "dead and middle of night," when all things have a tendency to chill. If, in addition to all this, a glass of milk is left beside the bed, for sleep if needed, it will do good rather than harm.

Of course, the quantity of food taken in its give everything a good flavor, a little sherry, it may be, that the dullest nerves of the palate may more readily perceive it, often afforded by a dash of red pepper, a pinch of luscious spice or preserves, etc. A teaspoonful of glycerine in the entire one eating, during the place of part of the sugar there, is a very excellent thing, not only adding its own warmth and sweetness to the food, but actually assisting digestion, and preventing the formation of those troublesome gases which are so apt to disturb the old and worn stomach.

In Training for the Campaign.

"We are most of us in training for the winter campaign," said a well known belle the other day, "whereas I rise about 10 o'clock and breakfast with my maid because my hair. Then at 1 I am off to luncheons, and only leave to attend three or four receptions. Home again at half past 8 to dress for a dinner party, and then to the opera, and frequently a ball after the opera. At 3 or 4 in the morning I am ready to go to bed, and this is the life I have led for the past two seasons.

"Of course, it is very delightful for the debutante, and she can dance all night and eat chicken salad with champagne, and next day her head aches and her digestible mothers do not permit their daughters such liberty during their first season.

"What do I do now, by training? Well, all the balls I have are preparing for their first ball. They get to bed early, say at 9 or 10 o'clock and rise until 7. They also are given a bowl of beef tea before arising, and after they are dressed they must take a walk, a ride or drive in the open air. Cream oatmeal forms their chief diet for breakfast, and after that hour they are free to go to the dressmaker's shopping or calling, but must lunch at exactly the same hour every day and wear a veil to protect their complexions from contact with the cold air.

"A low necked dress is worn for a while every evening," continued the belle, with a sigh, "to accustom the arms and necks to it, and after that they are allowed to go to a dancing class for the first time in a ball-room to get to catch her death of cold, and the arms gradually get so pink fretted of white.

"Girls who are going to make their debut have to practice walking in high heeled shoes, as many a young girl has appeared on a room and all that sort of thing. One grandma tries cures after a dinner of bouillon, toast and butter and roast beef. Our mothers have been there or get nothing. Our arms and necks have to be rubbed with cream, and another hour brushing our hair.—New York Journal.

The Ethics of Women's Rest.

Let every woman who finds her vital forces failing, who is growing nervous, irritable, sensitive, who is losing her grip on her rest of mind and body, who begins to feel that life is not worth the living, stop now and here. Cut off all superfluous of engagements; let go everything unessential, and curtail that necessity as much as possible. Do not mean that you should give up your worthy aims and purposes, but be sure that you do forego the unworthy and the useless.

Remember this: It is as important that you should keep a reserve of physical power on hand, for future drafts upon it, as that you should portion it out in a penny way for children, accident and declining years.

So long as youth lasts you do not greatly feel the exhaustion of the physical forces; but that is, your powers of recuperation are greater, yet every time you draw upon your strength to excess, you are robbing it to be deeper and deeper. Sooner or later reaction in order to make repairs. And you can not do get quite back to the old place, even though you are not conscious at the time of the failure. You can not make up a night's sleep, does not make you as good as new again, after "overdoing," but it takes another day of rest and night of sleep to enable you to get back your usual vigor.

You can not help it! I know that is true of some of you, that there are duties so absolute in their demands that you are compelled to do them, that you are able to bear the strain, but by far the greater part could, an' ye would, diminish your burdens by a third. Social ambition is sometimes the cause of this wrong. Sometimes household dose—a false idea of duty in others, a desire to accomplish much that would be pleasant to be able to do, the inability to say no to importunity—these and many other cases, all of these things, singly or together, cause women to apply the task where they find their physical powers flagging, and on they go until they fall down in their tracks. —Emily Bouton in Toledo Blade.

Suggestions for the Bed-Chamber.

Sleep is subservient to its surroundings. This is truer than humanity generally supposes. Sleep can not come after carelessness in living, uncomfortable surroundings, bad food, etc. With a bed exposed during the day time must be exposed to the full glare of daylight; the purifying influences of the sun must be allowed to act equally with country to have as little as possible to do with artificial light. It is a mistake then (where it can be avoided) to convert a sleeping-room into a reading-room, and to have the gas or lamp is left burning in a bed-room the better. Neither must it be granted "that any room will do for a bed-room." It is a mistake to fancy that a room in the attic where the cast-off clothes are stowed away, or a dark hole or corner or big closet will do to store a bed in for the children. If you or your children are allowed to sleep in a room in which the sun never shines, or which is damp, or is a sink or a closet, do not be surprised at the approach of typhoid fever and its fatal results.

People spend a great deal of money repapering the showy parts of the house, but too often forget that the bedroom paper needs changing more frequently than other, and that the bedroom should give its walls a good fair scrubbing; that especially country to have as little as possible to do with artificial light. It is a mistake then (where it can be avoided) to convert a sleeping-room into a reading-room, and to have the gas or lamp is left burning in a bed-room the better. Neither must it be granted "that any room will do for a bed-room." It is a mistake to fancy that a room in the attic where the cast-off clothes are stowed away, or a dark hole or corner or big closet will do to store a bed in for the children. If you or your children are allowed to sleep in a room in which the sun never shines, or which is damp, or is a sink or a closet, do not be surprised at the approach of typhoid fever and its fatal results.

People spend a great deal of money repapering the showy parts of the house, but too often forget that the bedroom paper needs changing more frequently than other, and that the bedroom should give its walls a good fair scrubbing; that especially country people should be careful to have the bed-room well aired and sunned, and that the bedding of the day time must be exposed to the full glare of daylight; the purifying influences of the sun must be allowed to act equally with country to have as little as possible to do with artificial light. It is a mistake then (where it can be avoided) to convert a sleeping-room into a reading-room, and to have the gas or lamp is left burning in a bed-room the better. Neither must it be granted "that any room will do for a bed-room." It is a mistake to fancy that a room in the attic where the cast-off clothes are stowed away, or a dark hole or corner or big closet will do to store a bed in for the children. If you or your children are allowed to sleep in a room in which the sun never shines, or which is damp, or is a sink or a closet, do not be surprised at the approach of typhoid fever and its fatal results.

Sure Test for Impure Air.

Take a pint bottle full of water into the room and shake it well; pour out the water. The bottle is of course filled with the air of the room. Then put in a spoonful or so of lime water and shake it. If the lime water remains clear, the air is fit to breathe, but if the lime water becomes milky, there is too much carbonic acid in the air, and you had better heat the window or open the door, or in some other way.—Brattleboro Household.

Heat Up the Old Stove Thin.

Young lady, if there be an old buffalo robe lying anywhere about the stable, one of the genuine old-fashioned curly bleak skins, used before these days of luxury, as a robe for the cutter, just give it away as good for nothing; but guard it tenderly, and from it you may have a fashionable bonnet muff. Every London has gone as far as stove-pin, buffalo seems to be the next step. —Boston Transcript.

The Crown of India Order.

The order of the crown of India, conferred on Lady Randolph Churchill, was instituted in 1878. It includes some twenty-six ladies, besides the wives of Indian princes all of whose husbands have held appointments connected with India, and is conferred almost as a right on the wife of the secretary of India, which Lady Randolph now is. It is always conferred in England by the sovereign in person.—Exchange.

A Training School in Japan.

Miss Linda R. Richards, late superintendent of the training school for nurses of the Boston City hospital, is going to Japan for five years to establish and conduct a similar institution in Tokio. It will be partly under missionary and partly under government patronage.—Inter Ocean.

Bread and Butter Dinner Parties.

It is "quite the thing" in New York for a gentleman to entertain his or a lady to entertain friends at dinner at his residence, and have his wife or the only one of her sex present. These are called "bread and butter dinner parties."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Woman Suffrage in Paris.

The Paris municipal council, by thirty-seven votes to eleven, has declined to support the extension of women to the franchise. One speaker urged that women in business must at least be entitled to vote at elections for the tribunal of commerce.

An Owl as a Hall Ornament.

Something new in hall ornaments, to stand on shelf or hat-rack, is an owl perched on a rock in which is inserted a rustic clock and brass candlestick. Where will it be possible for an owl to be on time?—Exchange.

Be Careful of Home-Made Ink.

A London medical paper says: "Be careful in your dealings with home-made ink. It irritates the stomach for more than spite, and an occasional drop of it being on an apple and mastica for days."

BOYS AND GIRLS

What a Boy Three Years Old Did.

Little Fred's mother was left without a girl to do her work, so she undertook to do it herself and cook dinner herself, and four children, the eldest 8 years old. All wanted to help mamma. They were in the kindness than help, and said: Indeed a great nuisance to anybody but a mother. But she was glad that they were helpful and mightily, when they were right busy. Fred was the youngest, and he was too big to go to school and too little to help mamma in the least bit or make any errands. You may be sure, dear Fred and bring me down the baby's table cover," said the mamma.

She was at her wit's end to find something for him to do, to make believe he was helping her.

Freddy toddled off, and mamma, up to her eyes in work, forgot all about him.

In about ten minutes the little fellow came down stairs. His mamma saw that he was pale and rather scared-looking.

WHAT FRED SAW.

"Mamma," said the boy, "mamma, mamma!"

"What's the matter?" asked mamma.

"Why, mamma," said he again.

"Why, what is it, Freddy?"

"Why, your kitchen stove," exclaimed the child, "you've got no rats upstairs."

Still mamma was very much puzzled and disturbed. Mamma called his sister Kitty, next older than Freddy, to see what the matter was with him. Kitty came out and he had to let the matter be explained to her. But while Kitty was trying to understand him a strange thing happened. A man came running in the back door. He was a Negro. He snatched a dipper full of water from the table and dashed water in without a word. Another man in a coat and black pale and mustache came in full of fire and water. The dipper was taken from him like a flash of lightning. The next instant the kitchen was full of men who had rushed in from all directions. "Where's the fire?" "Where's the fire, fire," cried one. The flames are bursting out the windows."

It was quite true. One side of the room up stairs where Fred had been was a sheet of flame. The fire alarm was sounded, the engines thundered up and there was a great noise and commotion in five minutes.

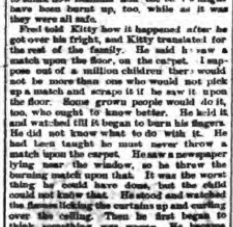
But the gentlemen who had got there first worked bravely, and had the flames well subdued before the engines reached the pot. The lace curtains and carpet were destroyed, the light in the large window fixtures, the woodwork about it destroyed, and the ceiling and walls ruined. That was a large piece of work for a boy to do in ten minutes. But the paper cannot have been very dry in the evening as was greatly so prized to find mamma and the children had had a real fire. It cost him a pretty tidy sum, to repair the room and get new carpet. But we did not mind that so much, when he came to think how mamma and the rest might have been burnt up, too, while as it was they were all safe.

Fred told Kitty how it happened after he got over his fright, and Kitty translated for the rest of the family. He said he saw a man coming in the back way. He supposed out of a million children there would not be more than one who would not pick up a match and scrape it if he saw it upon the floor. Some grown people would do it, too, who ought to know better. He held it and watched till it began to burn his fingers. He did not know what to do with it. He had been taught to put out a burning match upon the carpet. He saw a newspaper lying near the window, so he threw the burning match upon that. It was the worst thing he could have done, but the child could not know that. He stood and watched the flames licking the curtains up and curling over the ceiling. Then he first began to think something was wrong. He became frightened and ran down stairs. He tried to say "mamma" to his mamma, instead of "mamma," but he could not talk plainly.

Altogether papa and mamma were glad it was no worse. It was a new lesson to them and the children never to let matches drop upon the floor or anywhere. If they ever do, pick them up at once. There is a kindergarten rhyme about matches, which is very good. It says:

"Do not scrape them on the wall,
Or on the carpet let them fall."

T. and T.



TIME AND TIDE (TIRED) WAIT FOR NO MAN.

Gone.

I think upon the children whom love no more could keep,
Gone with the careless laughter, their sweet forms laid asleep;
I think upon the children, and yet I ever know
They are but pillowed on the Thrush-cot of the Day.

For them, in their sweet beauty, the world for them, beneath the morning, the future hold no pain.
Oh tender mother, our children, your sweetness gathered in,
Knew not one day of sorrow, knew not one thought of sin.

GEORGE H. COOMER.

Children of the Day.

Fear not the wintering shadows,
Oh children of the day!
For brighter still and brighter
Shall be your heavenward way.
Beautiful as the morning
Shall be your every hour,
Shall be your sunset song.

FRANCES RIDLEY HAVERGAL.

THE ROAD TO CHATTANOOGA.

How Grant Opened a Second Line of Supplies During the Siege.

[Gen. Grant in The Century.]

Gen. Dodge, besides being a most capable soldier, was an experienced railroad builder. His hand was ready with the tools of the pioneer—axe, pick and spades. With these he was able to intrench his men and protect them against surprise by small parties of the enemy. He had no lack of supplies until the road could be completed back to Nashville, the first fruits of which was to work repairing the locomotives and cars. Where bridges were destroyed, he built them, making tools to work with, and supplying the workmen with food, was all going on at once, and without the aid of a mechanic or laborer except what the command itself furnished.

But rails and cars of the same could not make up the deficiency. There were not enough rolling stock to keep the road we already had worked to its full capacity. There were no rails except those in use. The supply from Louisville was cut off by the fact that the engines Gen. McPherson had at Vicksburg to be sent to Nashville, and all the cars he had except ten. I also ordered forward from Memphis all the cars on the river and the Memphis & Charleston road, and the cars, locomotives and rails from other railroads to be sent to the same destination. The Nashville & Chattanooga railroads also was directed to furnish more rolling stock, as far as he could, bridge men and tools to the bridges he was working, and furnished within forty days after receiving his order. The number of bridges to rebuild was 182, many of them over deep and wide chasms. The length of road repaired was 102 miles.

Spectacle Legislation in Italy.

[Pall Mall Gazette.]

Medicus-laus is not yet quite satisfied in Italy, and occasionally the fine old attitude of intelligent criticism is exhibited. For instance has just covered at Viterbo, near Rome. A Sicilian named Calvagno and several of his accomplices were charged with murder. Some of them confessed their guilt; but a sympathetic jury acquitted all the prisoners. The president of the tribunal naturally protested, certain publics, against the verdict, whereupon the spectators in the court burst upon a little murder on its own account, the object of its intentions being the president and the public prosecutor. A regular row of the best kind followed, which takes a paternal interest in the welfare of the murderers, has retained by demanding the president's dismissal. The affair naturally causes great excitement in Italy, the more so that the proceedings against Calvagno and his accomplices have already lasted over nine years. They have engaged the attention of six different juries, and the records of the case fill 120 volumes.

One Way of Rocking the Cradle.

[Kingston (N. Y.) Freeman.]

George Hauck, the brewer "On-the-Hill," spent a week last summer at a hotel in Hunter, Green county, rusticating, and "drinking in the mountain air," of course. One day, on his way to the hotel after a long ramble through brush and briar, he stopped at a rank-looking farm-house for the purpose of getting a fresh glass of milk. The kitchen door stood open. Mr. Hauck, after knocking walked in. He saw no sign of life except a baby in a cradle, which was being rocked to and fro by some unseen power.

A closer examination revealed the fact that the cradle was fastened to the ends of two rockers and ran through a hole in one side of the room. Mr. Hauck resolved to follow up the cord and see what the other end of it was fastened to. He found that it led out to a small barn connected with the house. In it stood three cows, to the tails of which was tied the cord. It being by time the autumn days began to grow short, the cows had their tails, thus accounting for the rocking of the cradle in the kitchen. It was a novel means of getting the baby to sleep, but it worked well. Mr. Hauck finally went to the hotel in a field about a quarter of a mile from the house.

Bones by the Car-Load.

[Boston Letter.]

Since the 1st of last May twelve car-loads of bones have been shipped from Cincinnati, Ford county, averaging 22,000 pounds to the car, and aggregating 1,320 tons, or 264,000 pounds. These are principally the bones and horns of cattle, but there are also some bones of domestic animals which have died. They have been bleaching on the broad prairies for years, and are gathered up by citizens and farmers. They average twenty-five and sometimes 100 miles. They sell for $10 per ton here, are shipped east, where they are manufactured into handles for cutlery, knife-handles, rings and ornaments for harness and various other purposes, while the refuse is ground into dust and used as a fertilizer for the worn-out soils of the older states.

A Thanksgiving Dinner a la Mode.

[Boston Beacon.]

Much hilarity was occasioned at a Thanksgiving dinner party by the cook serving the turkey with pudding sauce around it. Ma and mother of Elizabethan proportions round the long table, on which she had fastened an impervious lead, composed of vegetables. There was also a "festive" bouquet of parsley and a rosebud "carved" in beet. The gallant gentleman's health was drunk in some "extra dry," of which the cook duly received her share, in the kitchen.

Ending a Local Epidemic.

[Medical Journal.]

As an illustration of the fact that school attendance during epidemics largely contributes to the spread of infectious diseases it is stated that during the late serious outbreaks of diphtheria in the ironstone villages of England the closing of a school proved in every instance an effectual measure of bringing each local epidemic to an end.

Eating Away Our Ancestors.

They are eating Count monkey in Paris. Frenchmen it seems, if we are to accept the Darwinian theory, are not too proud to eat upon their parents.

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HANDKERCHIEFS,
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A TALK ABOUT CAR HOGS

DON PIATT DISCUSSES THESE OBJECTIONABLE ANIMALS.

[illegible] Suppressed in Other Countries Actively American Privileges Cave for Tobacco Worship Car Outsiders With Car Hogs.

[illegible] Special Correspondence.

MANCHESTER, O., Dec. 30.—Why the people of the United States are spoiled as by many, and wondered at by all from abroad for what they call our cowardice in submission to public and private encroachments upon our rights as citizens.

The American tourist in Europe is struck and somewhat amazed at the [illegible] respect given all rights respect, and he ponders his free habit to discover why these should be such difference.

A knowledge of a few facts, and the reason for them, soon solves the mystery. It is not that we are more timid, tame, and [illegible] fore submissive, to imprudent [illegible] The American is as quick [illegible] and outrages as his brother [illegible] But the circumstances [illegible] are so widely [illegible] can be made.

Under [illegible] rounded [illegible] an ove [illegible] party, but [illegible] all seeing, it is quick to [illegible] its action. The [illegible] merely as a whim; [illegible] the [illegible] the state have been infringed on and punishment is prompt and effective. The result in a sense of security is curious to an American.

I landed at Londonderry, Ireland, for instance, and started on foot for the interior of the country. I made that journey [illegible] and so got a draft cashed. He told me that was not necessary, that I had merely to go to the nearest bank and the money would be given me. I did so and the money was promptly paid. I marveled exceedingly at this, asking myself what protection could the stranger have. The answer was the police. At home the cashier is his own police, and must guard himself accordingly.

Again, at London, I missed one piece of my baggage. I was just in a vast with the others at Liverpool. It should have been given me at Euston station, London. I had no check, no evidence whatever of my possession, when I made complaint to the proper officer. This impolite official took me at the outset with quiet indifference that was exasperating. He told me to call next day. I did not call, for the trunk was delivered to me from the railway station at my hotel that night.

I said to an English friend that I could not see a carrier take my trunk ten miles at home in that way without loss, and I explained the [illegible] of checking that insured no safety.

"Oh," he said, "we leave all that to the company and their police. If your box had been lost the company was responsible, and the world would have seen that they did not get far with his plunder."

With us the company is a poor recourse. If not insolvent its use of money is potent, and after you have paid a lawyer more than the lost luggage is worth "the law's delay" will, in the end, make you its debtor.

I was visiting in a café one night, at Paris, with a few friends, French and American. The little party drank more than was good for it, and in consequence became rather noisy. The room was well filled, and no one seemed to take any particular interest. At last a dispute developed, and one of my compatriots threw a glass of wine in the face of another, and the insulted person drew a revolver from his hip pocket. In an instant, almost simultaneous with the clash of the wine and the flying of the nickel-plated pistol, the room was seized by the police. Where they came from appeared a mystery. They seemed to start up from the very floor. Then, for weeks we were striving to save our friends from prison, the man insulted by the wine and the man threatened by the revolver joining in prayers for forgiveness. Only by the intervention of the American minister, after the only diplomatic business he was ever called onto perform had been exhausted, did the two lucky men escape with a heavy fine imposed by the tribunal.

I might multiply examples without limit. This jealous and sleepless guardianship of private rights pervades all classes at all times, and insures peace and comfort to the humblest by the sense of power felt by the would-be criminal.

Of course, crimes are as common to Europe as they are to the United States, but they are not of the cool, impudent, open sort practiced upon our people. And it is when we compare convictions that the difference is most apparent. Comparatively, speaking, we seldom convict.

How different, however, in character, is our condition to that of our much-pitied, downtrodden citizens of the effete despotisms! With our law-crowded statutes, we are the most lawless people under the sun. With every right secured, save the right to one's life, liberty and property; with the most beautiful government ever devised, each citizen is his own police, and the how and finally are [illegible] Take most striking instance of this is to be found in a purely American product, whose name gives title to this paper. It is the car hog.

The American people are migratory. Restless, [illegible] they are ever [illegible] Take a ride in any direction, in an American car, and [illegible] people. English flunky [illegible] call it—and for a few hours one will note all there is to be seen of our people socially, politically or in a commercial way. Then one will see all the beauties and defects of our life, and form conclusions that [illegible] of observation.

[illegible] car hog! He is a hog in human shape, [illegible] down two to four seats of [illegible] He is not [illegible] to take in [illegible] as an [illegible] With a chest [illegible] he is [illegible] with [illegible] but his head [illegible] and his [illegible] while his tongue and umbrella are of a [illegible] and to disturb him or any of his [illegible] involves a quarrel, perhaps a fight.

A female car hog is, if possible, more exasperating than the male. He will give way to a female, [illegible] and [illegible] in one side with air, and calm and dignity the window by her, with an authority really irresistible. He [illegible] by insulting her, if such an animal can [illegible] any one.

The female car hog [illegible] has no exceptions. She will, with cool impudence, [illegible] other passengers to stand without compunction, and if any one presumes to interfere with her, she will drop into falsehood with easy grace and cool impudence really remarkable.

"Is this seat taken?"

"Yes, sir; my gentleman friend has just stepped out."

When a woman says "gentleman friend," you may rest assured that she is capable of any infamy.

I [illegible] this [illegible] from a young woman, and [illegible] instantly removed her box. Sitting down, I said I would occupy the seat until the "gentleman friend" appeared. Of course, he was a [illegible] quantity, and the female car hog [illegible] looked daggers. The [illegible] was [illegible]

Yet another [illegible] appeared, and as the woman turned her back on me, well as she could, gazing out at the window, I thought her embarrassed. Not a bit was she troubled in that way. She was evidently studying how "to get even" with me, for, in a cool, [illegible] she turned, as if she had felt for her [illegible] of relief. [illegible] pinned [illegible] station [illegible] my [illegible]

[illegible] off [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PASTEUR, THE SAVANT.

THE GREAT FRENCH CHEMIST AND HIS EXPERIMENTS.

How He Prevents Hydrophobia—The First Practical Application of His Discovery—The Little Alsacian.

The Inoculated Menagerie.

[Special Correspondence.]

PARIS, Dec. 17.—The great French chemist, Pasteur, has, as you know, been busy in laboratory and hospital for years trying to discover a remedy for canine madness. He thinks that he has now succeeded. He states publicly before the Paris Academy of Medicine that his scientific method has only to be rendered more practical, more easy of universal application, in order to protect mankind, as well as the lower order of animals, from that terrible and heretofore incurable disease known as hydrophobia.

M. Pasteur thus describes the wonderful process by which he arrives at this grand result: "I inoculate under the skin of a rabbit, a rabbit whose skull has been trepanned, with a fragment of the tissue taken from the marrow of a rabid creature. The incubation of the disease lasts two weeks. In a like manner I take from this dead rabbit some marrow with which I inoculate a second rabbit, and so on until I have a score or more. It is noticed that in proportion as you advance there is a progressive disturbance in the duration of the incubation, so that by knowing the number of the rabbit in the series from which you took the inoculating matter you can tell beforehand with precision the very hour when the subject on which you are experimenting will be affected. The rabid virus which I obtain by this means is perfectly pure and always the same. The eighty-first inoculated rabbit is virulent throughout its whole extent. I next take strips of it and suspend them in the dry air of phials filled at the bottom with potash.

"Now here is the way in which I render dogs refractory to the inoculation of rabid virus, whatever its energy or quantity may be. It will be remembered that I have at my disposition a series of phials containing the pieces of rabbit marrow, gradually according to the length of time before they showed signs of being affected by inoculation, so that the oldest are the least virulent and the more recent very energetic. I then insert every day under the *dura-mater* a small rabid inspirum at one to-hand by a Pravaz syringe, beginning with the oldest specimens and ending with the newest. A dog treated in this way is absolutely proof against hydrophobia. Fifty times in succession I made this experiment, without ever once failing, and I was then convinced that the animal would be proof against in the case of a mad animal."

M. Pasteur had reached this stage in his labor when he was suddenly called upon to attempt a practical application of his discovery. He gave an account of this unlooked-for case in the communication, already referred to, which he read before the Academy of Sciences. A writer in The Paris Temps has added some embellishments to the remarkable story. It is from these two sources that I take the following account of this latest history, which is unique in the annals of science.

On the 4th of July last Joseph Meister, the 9-year-old son of a poor baker living at Alsace, in Alsace, was tending sheep in the neighboring village of Meissengott. He was sauntering along a narrow foot path when a big dog sprang at him and threw him on the ground. The little fellow, terror stricken, made no effort to defend himself, but covered his face with his hands and shrieked at the top of his voice. The fierce animal had his victim completely in his power, and when a mason, who was working near by, came to the rescue, and drove off the dog by the repeated blows of an iron bar, the boy, covered with dust and mire, was found to have not less than fourteen terrible bites on his body. The parents at first thought that their child had been attacked simply by a bad dog, but when they learned that the animal was mad, and had been shot by his master, they were plunged into despair. The country doctor was called in and, after doing what little he could for the suffering boy, advised them to start immediately for Paris and to put the case in the hands of M. Pasteur.

The owner of the dog offered to accompany the afflicted mother and her son to the capital, and on the morning of July 6 the little party knocked at the door of the great scientist's private laboratory in Rue d'Ulm. M. Pasteur listened to the story and examined the disfigured boy. Troubled in mind, touched to the core by the misfortune of this poor Alsacian family, full of confidence in his last experiments, but also wavering at the idea of making this child the subject of a terrible operation, and of exposing a human being, the master of science demanded a few moments of reflection, and hurried away to consult with two of his colleagues, distinguished Parisian physicians, and to ask them what he ought to do under the circumstances. The two doctors looked at the wounds and pronounced death inevitable unless the fatal result could be warded off by the new discovery. So M. Pasteur went to work with a heavy heart but a clear conscience.

A portion of his laboratory was converted into a bedroom and mother and boy were made to feel at home there. The child amused himself by looking at the dogs and chickens and rabbits and Guinea pigs—a small inoculated menagerie—that gave such a unique air to this scientific workshop. It is very heart of this great city. Perhaps he imagined himself on some farm in his native Alsace. At 9:30 in the evening one of the aids came to take him into the laboratory proper, where the first operation was to be performed. The reader, the last taken from the unfortunate dog, and the mother watched with a strange sight to him and he grasped his mother's hand much tighter. The doctor stood ready with a Pravaz syringe containing the first inoculation. When the little fellow saw the sharp-pointed instrument he began to cry. The mother, too, could not hold back her tears as she maternal heart ached.

M. Pasteur had decided upon the following treatment: Each day one injection of virus was to be given under the skin below the ribs, or, according to the theory, nearer to the seat to render [illegible]

[illegible] knows that it takes some time for the Surplus Chemor to show itself after the victim has been bitten. This period, in the case of a human being, may be as long as a month, six weeks, or, as M. Pasteur stated the other day, seven or six months. As time wore on and the fatal date arrived M. Pasteur was a prey to the most intense anxiety. Many a time he lay awake almost all night thinking of the probable success or failure of his experiment, of the death of his patient or of the triumph of his theory, and, consequently, of the escape of the boy.

Being obliged to leave Paris on the 18th of July, after the thirteenth inoculation had been administered, M. Pasteur decided that in case he died, his colleagues who kept him fully advised of the progress of the trial. Every morning and evening telegrams and letters were sent to the absent savant, the soul of the experiment. According to his opinion the crisis would occur during the first days of August if, this period were passed without any signs of madness showing themselves the boy's life was saved and the cornerstone of the theory proved. Young Meister had, in fact, received the last inoculation, which was of so virulent a nature that if the victim were to declare its presence, this would happen within a very short time. "The child is very well," was the text of one of the telegrams received, by M. Pasteur during these anxious hours. The next day came the telegram, "He drinks, eats and sleeps perfectly well." Another read: "There is no change; don't be worried."

But the time had not yet come to disdain all inquietude. On July 27 Joseph Meister returned to Alsace. He had remained behind to undergo the twelve days' treatment with the fragment of the tissue taken from the marrow of a rabid creature. The incubation of the disease lasts two weeks. In a like manner I take from this dead rabbit some marrow with which I inoculate a second rabbit, and so on until I have a score or more. It is noticed that in proportion as you advance there is a progressive disturbance in the duration of the incubation, so that by knowing the number of the rabbit in the series from which you took the inoculating matter you can tell beforehand with precision the very hour when the subject on which you are experimenting will be affected. The rabid virus which I obtain by this means is perfectly pure and always the same. The eighty-first inoculated rabbit is virulent throughout its whole extent. I next take strips of it and suspend them in the dry air of phials filled at the bottom with potash.

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FOSTER THE MEDIUM.

Charlatan, Wonder Monger and Mystery. He Died of Softening of the Brain.

[Special Correspondence.]

BOSTON, Jan. 2.—The Individual was a very strange person. In manners he was wholly ordinary. He mortals perhaps were by nature of that kind, and yet he would be considered what is termed by his fellows a genius. He was born in Boston 32 years ago. He attended the Phillips school in the city, and was particularly bright in his studies. His strange power began to develop itself in school. Long raps were heard from time to time near his desk. Before the boy had quite begun to speak words of a child's size the mystery the furniture of his room would be scattered from every. Then objects in his room would be heard moving about when nobody was present, as though spirits invisible were performing a devil's dance.

CHARLES FOSTER.

Soon after this he left school, and was taken in charge by a Boston manufacturer. Thence he developed into a spiritual medium. He was always successful in his business, but not man. It may be interesting to know that when in England he was the guest for days of Lord Lytton, who existed him for a time as the "psychic man" in the novel "A Strange Story." At the age of 40 he was "psychic man" still in his own country, but he had failed. He was impartial, and like charity, failed great egos." While performing his wonders he had a rightly fortunate and regular life. Then the great spiritual power left him, and he himself with the rest of the boys. While the ill healed he indulged in any dissipation he chose. But during this time were developed his powers of healing diagnosis of his peculiar gifts for the time.

These powers were many-sided, and some of them inexplicable by any known laws. Then would be seen in the room at Three Hearts, Ind., an old man from Illinois came to see him.

"I don't know him," said the old man.

"You do," returned Foster. "He used to have a sore eye and is a politician; may-be is a daughter or sister."

"I don't know any such person," said the bewildered old man.

Foster rising to his feet and pacing the floor. He stamped, gesticulated, and was strongly excited.

"I tell you you do know her," he said, angrily. He looked much as though he was about to order his visitor and shake the knowledge into him. His business half with in his excitement.

"Here, stop," he exclaimed. "Why can't I think of her name! Oh, yes: I have it. It's Laura, that's what it is."

In his excitement he shouted the word "Laura" in a high key.

The old man was in his turn excited now. "Oh, yes, I see," he said, quickly. "Why couldn't I think of that before! Laura is my sister. She died many years ago, very suddenly, and we never knew what caused her death. I now see she died of—"

The medium explained that it was power brain trouble, of such a nature that death came suddenly.

Here was a case which must be put quite beyond the pale of thought reading or thought transference. The dead woman was not only not in the visitor's mind, but it was with difficulty that Foster recalled her to his memory.

Foster made enormous sums of money, which he gave away as fast as it came in. Europe and Egypt he visited, and he called him "The American Fraud." Once he suddenly became lunatic, when he was carrying $500 a day in American gold. After this all ever and came home in the next day.

A brain trouble overtook him years ago, since which time he has been not quite sane, nearly and always under guardianship. He died at last of softening of the brain, at the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Call, Salem, Mass.

He was half charlatan and half mystery. The question is one incidentally asked in this: With all his abnormal power, what good did he do?

ELIZA ARCHARD.

"I Fights Me Figst."

GEN. FRANZ SIGEL.

Not only those who fought their fight last and old soldiers, will be interested in another new Gen. Sigel finds new that he has been appointed pension agent at New York in place of Mr. Jones, the resigned. The life and services of this hero of the war has endeared, it will be seen, into the mind and there expression of the whole country. Gen. Sigel was born at Sinsheim, Baden, Germany, but had to flee the country when a young man for treasonable offenses. Being in this country he became a teacher, and a teacher on his arrival in New York. From there he went to St. Louis, Mo., and entered the law of the rebellion. He enlisted as a private, but was soon promoted to a high command. He was active during the campaign in Missouri and Missouri. He afterward fought with distinction at the battle of Wilson's Creek and at Pea Ridge. In 1862 he was made a major-general of the United States Army, and from there on his career was one of brilliant success. He commanded a corps at Chancellorsville, and at Gettysburg he was in command of the Eleventh Corps. He also took part in the national Red River Expedition. He resigned from the army in 1865, and has since been in one of the [illegible] offices, city and local quietly with his family.

TRAINING WORKMEN.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO'S SCHOOL FOR WORKMEN.

A Scheme Put in Operation by the Late John W. Garrett—Provisions Made for Employes—The Spanial Feature.

[New York Times.]

The opening of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad school for the training of its apprentices took place in January, 1885, and is consequently in a formative state, but as a development of a work already so successfully carried on in future as a power in the system of industrial training for the youth of this country is already secured. The objects of the school is to promote the higher industry and technical education of the apprentices, with a view to their occupying positions of trust and responsibility in the service of the company, foremen of shops, engineers, draughtsmen, etc. In January of the present year, in pursuance of this object and as a preliminary measure, the apprentices in the various shops at Mount Clare were subject to an examination in order to ascertain their qualifications for the proposed course of instruction. Eighty-four were declared eligible and appointed by Mr. Robert Garrett. Only forty-two passed the examination satisfactorily, the remainder of the 150 failed through the want of the requisite knowledge. It is stated that at least one-half of the boys under the old system of apprenticeship had attained higher positions in the service and already exhibited a much greater intelligence in the minds of the officers, whether the lack of a better literary training, as a means of awakening the powers of thought, or from the fact that it prevented the apprentices from reaching a higher standard.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

The thought that interest on the part of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company for the school. Dr. Barnard, the superintendent of the relief association, was placed in charge of the foundation of the school. He selected as instructor Mr. Charles H. Smith, a graduate of Harvard Institute, Hoboken, and who had already achieved much success as a teacher in the public schools, and who is specialist in technology. A new set of regulations relating to the appointment, admission, and removal of apprentices was also framed by the company, and published for all persons to know and considering many new and valuable features. It was made one of the conditions of the admission of apprentices to the school, and also that he should sign a paper agreeing to abide by the regulations of the school, and also agreeing the age of admission from 17 to 18 years, and also an opportunity for 4 to 5 years' course of instruction.

The students are required to wear in the school and shop a uniform, which is furnished by the company, which is furnished by the company upon the first suit free and all renewals at the expense of the student. As a guarantee, however, for the proper care of the uniform, a deposit of $5 is required. At the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company contribute the whole expense of education, the apprentices who are required to pay for their own text books. Annual examinations, it stands, the privilege of awarding prizes to the service of such as are found to be proficient at their studies, and for all boys of their age and position. The apprentices are graded, according to ability and intelligence, into three classes, and are paid on the following rates per day for their services:

Year.	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class.
First.....	90	$1 00	$1 00
Second.....	90	1 10½	1 00
Third.....	90	1 25	1 00
Fourth.....	90		

APPRENTICE STUDENTS ADMITTED.

As an incentive to efficiency, industry, and the care of its property the company will give to each of its apprentices at the end of each year, if his conduct and work has been satisfactory and praiseworthy, a sum equal to 25¢ cents per day for each full day he may serve in that year, but not 125¢ per day for a period of 300 days in the year. A part of the first class would thus receive $110.50 if no days were lost and in the second class $103.75. Students who are afterwards admitted outside of the service, will under the same pay from the company as the other apprentices, are charged full tuition with monthly fees for the course of instruction. The apprentices are graded, according to ability and intelligence, into three classes, and are paid on the following rates per day for their services:

Each of the apprentices who have been satisfactory, a sum equal to 25¢ cents per day for each full day he may serve in that year, but not 125¢ per day for a period of 300 days in the year. A part of the first class would thus receive $110.50 if no days were lost and in the second class $103.75. Students who are afterwards admitted outside of the service, will under the same pay from the company as the other apprentices, are charged full tuition with monthly fees for the course of instruction.

Sons of wealthy men have already made application for admission, as the benefits of a system of technical education which combines practical with theoretical knowledge, and a shop practice in the magnificently appointed shops of the Baltimore & Ohio company, when all that is needed and best in practical knowledge is always in use, is certainly one not easily overlooked. On the completion of their course of study the apprentices receive diplomas, which will entitle them to the preference over all other applicants for positions of responsibility in the gift of the company. The apprentices are also required to become members of the relief association, and are entitled to all the benefits of its savings fund.

THE SPECIAL FEATURE.

The special feature of the Baltimore & Ohio Technical School is in the fact that an instructor accompanies the boys into the shops and remains with them for a period at Mount Clare that this is not done in any other school of technology. The technological instructor exercises a general supervision over all the apprentices in the shops, and sees that they are kept at such work as to become skilled, that they do their work in such a way as to make them efficient and good mechanics. Having charge of the boys in a particular shop, he there performs his work under the joint direction of the instructor and foreman.

A certain number of hours are set aside in which an instructor examines the apprentices for the purpose of explaining and illustrating the scientific principles that are involved in the work on which they are actually engaged or in suggesting the most economical methods of work, showing how and if the latter can be improved upon. He gathers and publishes all the ideas of each part. He also gives instruction in the use and care of the steel, drawing, and the principles of the mechanical powers. The boys are at present trained to machinists, brass finishers, carpenters, moulds and gas pipe fitters, painters, boiler makers and engineers.

Re-Ended Flipper to Mexico

[Rochester.]

A Mexican journal says that H. G. Fliphen, a resident of the colored citizen at West Point, who has been engaged in engineering pursuits in Chihuahua for the last two years, has gone to Mexico as one of the engineers of the Southern Pacific railroad company, which has the contract for surveying the north-eastern portion of the state.

A High-Priced Ticket.

A single ticket from Boston to Denver and return was recently sold by a Boston railroad for $1,000. It covered a party of nine in a special car with appropriate privileges.

Just Lightning. The luckiest man has at least one good trait of character—he is generally contented.

DON A. GAYLORD
Dealer in
LUMBER
MASONS' MATERIALS
And
COAL.
Also have in stock choice quality of
Cannel Coal.
Madison Avenue,
And
C. R. R.
Telephone Call 84

REMOVAL.
S. J. NEAL,
THE
CARPET WEAVER,
has removed to
38 WEST FRONT ST
in the basement next to the Music Hall, where he is prepared to do all kinds of carpet weaving, and weaving of silk or cotton, etc. Also a line of first-class rugs constantly on hand at the very lowest prices.

To the Public!
We wish to inform our customers, and the public generally that we have on hand the best quality of
LEHIGH COAL
Fresh from the Mines. It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.
H. B. Cook & Bro.

COFFEE

MADE IN ONE MINUTE.
Call for particulars at
STANTON CLARK.
17 and 19 East Front street.
THE ARNOLD AUTOMATIC STEAM COOKER accomplishes more work and better work in less time and with less fuel than any other cooker in the world. Also cooks by gas. Call and see it at 17 and 19 East Front street.
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Holiday GOODS
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GREAT VARIETY
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Ladies', Gents and Children
AT
POPE BROS.

CAREY'S
FURNITURE EXPRESS
—AND—
JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

LAING'S HOTEL,
J. B. Miller and Bro., Prop.
Front St., Opposite Madison Ave.,
Plainfield, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates

PARK HOUSE.
PARK AVENUE AND EIGHTH STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.
A first-class hotel for permanent and transient guests. Located throughout 1871 steam, large parlors, billiard and reading rooms, also play room for children. Rooms heated on the principle of dry air with warm air pumped in from the outside. Omnibus to and from the house on the arrival of each train. Terms moderate.
J. A. HOPKINS, Proprietor.

Elliotts, Elliotts!
18 East Front Street.
Big Bargains in Holiday Goods, Toys, Dolls, Stockings and Underwear, all sizes; Fur Sets, Bodys, Hoods, Gloves, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Knitting, Hardware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below that. Give us a call.
Children's [illegible]
Jersey [illegible]
Look [illegible]
[illegible]
A [illegible]
Hose, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
ULSTERS
Havelocks, Jerseys, [illegible] ...ades, and Children's Fancy Mode. Suits [illegible] all sizes. Hats, Caps, Hosiery, Ties, Thread, Needles, Hat Trimmings, Worsted Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Knitting, Hardware, Shoes, Boots, Rubbers. Our prices are below that. Give us a call.
Children's [illegible]
Jersey [illegible]
Look [illegible]
[illegible]
A [illegible]
Hose, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
good shoes and low prices.
Children's hose 5cts per pr.
We will open next week with a [illegible] ...ment, which will contain some [illegible] ...ties not found in the city.
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